

In compliance with the provisions of Article 227 of the Securities Market Act, approved by Royal Legislative Decree 4/2015, of 23 October, and its complementary regulations, NH Hotel Group, S.A. (hereinafter, "NH Hotel Group" or the "Company") hereby notifies the National Securities Market Commission (*Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores*)

OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

The Board of Directors held today, has approved, among others, the following agreements:

- 1. Draw up of the individual and consolidated Annual Accounts and the Director's Report of the Company, including the report of non-financial information, related to fiscal year 2021, that have been duly submitted to the Stock Market Commission (CNMV), together with the Audit report.
- 2. Approval of the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Directors' Remuneration Report of the Company related to fiscal year 2021, that have been duly submitted to the CNMV.

The Company encloses Press Release, Results Presentations and Analyst's Note, as well as dial-in numbers for the Results Conference Call.

Madrid, 24 February 2022

Carlos Ulecia Palacios General Counsel



















2021 Results: net loss decreases 69.4% year-on-year

NH HOTEL GROUP POSTED IN THE FOURTH QUARTER POSITIVE CONSOLIDATED NET PROFIT AND EBITDA FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE THE START OF THE PANDEMIC

- Second-half revenue of \in 618 million tripled the \in 216 million of the first half, predicting a sharp and swift recovery once Omicron wave is surpassed
- The strong activity reactivation translated into revenue growth of 54% in 2021 to €834 million, underpinned by the Group's strength and positioning in the leisure segment in southern Europe, as well as a gradual recovery in business travel after the summer months
- The Group's solid pricing strategy throughout the second half drove the average daily rate (ADR) from ϵ 73 in the first half of the year to ϵ 91 in the third quarter and ϵ 98 by the fourth, very close to pre-Covid levels. The average for the year was ϵ 89
- Reactivation of the business, coupled with strict cost controls, enabled the Group to generate €29 million of cash in the second half, not including the capital increase. Net debt decreased by €118 million in 2021

Madrid, 24 February 2022. NH Hotel Group reported consolidated net profit of €41.5 million in the fourth quarter of 2021, marking the first quarter with positive result since the start of the pandemic. Between October and December 2021, recurring EBITDA, excluding the impact of lease accounting under IFRS 16, was €54.0 million, compared to a loss of €81.0 million in 4Q20.

The recovery is gaining momentum quarter after quarter. The Group reported second-half 2021 revenue of €618 million, which is nearly triple the €216 million earned between January and June. Full-year revenue totalled €834 million, up 54.6% from 2020 (€540 million). During the second half, the revenue recovery was stronger in the south of Europe thanks to fewer restrictions; there, momentum in the leisure travel business was joined by a gradual recovery in business travel with a significant impact across the main city destinations.

In 2021, NH Hotel Group's reported consolidated loss decreased by 69.4% to €133.7 million (compared to loss of €437.2 million in 2020). Reported EBITDA amounted to €216.4 million in 2021, compared to just 4.6 million in 2020. The business upturn in the second half, coupled with strict control over costs, also allowed the Group to stem the cash drain, generating €29 million of cash in the second half of the year. In addition, the rights issue and asset rotation during the year enabled a reduction in net debt from €685 million at year-end 2020 to €567 million at 31 December 2021. The company has liquidity of €511 million, of which €244 million is held in cash. The liquidity

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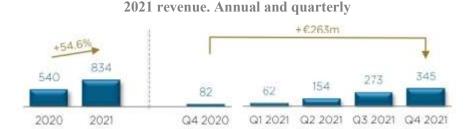


reinforcement achieved in 2021 has allowed the Group to start to reduce its gross debt without impacting its liquidity. Accordingly, it repaid the €236 million drawn under the RCF in full in 2021.

Ramón Aragonés, NH's CEO, believes that the "significant effort" during the past two years will increase the Group's value as the recovery gains traction. "In 2021 we managed to reduce our losses by 70% and resume cash generation in the second half by focusing on cost control and pricing strategy as the business began to pick up. We are well on our way back to profitability. We expect to complete that trajectory this year, leveraging our unique value proposition in the leisure segment, preferred urban locations in emblematic cities and the gradual recovery unfolding since the summer in the MICE and business travel segments. Omicron has had a significant impact but limited in time to the months of lower activity. The data we have so far this year points to a recovery from one week to the next, inviting optimism and leaving us convinced that the good news will start to arrive with greater speed".

Hotel occupancy averaged 34% in 2021, up nine percentage points from 2020. Note that over the course of the year, occupancy more than doubled, from 19% in the first half to 49% by the third quarter and 50% in the fourth, despite the dip sustained during the final weeks of the year. It was in the second half of the year, when activity started to further recover, that the Group's solid pricing strategy translated into stronger growth in the ADR: from ϵ 73 in the first half of the year to ϵ 91 in the third quarter and ϵ 98 by the fourth, very close to pre-Covid levels. The average for the year was ϵ 89, compared to ϵ 84 in 2020.

The revenue breakdown by quarter reveals the clear-cut upward trend, for full-year growth of 54.6%.



Strong domestic demand and the gradual recovery in intra-European demand played an important role in the trend observed. The number of hotels in operation increased from 60% at the beginning of the year to 95% by September. The Omicron variant drove a reduction in occupancy in Europe from 62% in October to 37% in December. January continued to be affected, with occupancy in Europe at just 26%; however, the market began to recover during the initial weeks of February 2022. The company views the impact of Omicron as a transient phenomenon which is already giving way to an intense and swift recovery in all segments of the business.

Revenue per available room - RevPAR - recovered more intensely in southern Europe thanks to the lifting of restrictions. In Italy, RevPAR increased by 97% in comparison to 2020; in Spain, by 83%; in LatAm by 54%, in

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Benelux by 15% and in Central Europe, by 2%. In Spain, RevPAR in the secondary cities surged by 91%, compared to growth of 72% in Madrid and 68% in Barcelona. In Italy, RevPAR growth was particularly buoyant in Rome (+120% from 2020) and Milan (+96%), compared to growth of 89% in the secondary cities.

Regarding revenue recovery by region, in Spain, it increased by 71.6% in 2021, with growth in the main city destinations in the second half particularly noteworthy. In Italy, annual revenue increased by 83.9%. Revenue was stable year-on-year in Benelux and 59.9% higher in Central Europe, largely thanks to direct state aid in those markets. Lastly, revenue in Latin America increased by 64.5% in constant-currency terms, with Chile and Colombia (+70%) as the strongest markets, followed by Mexico (+52%) and Argentina (+46%).

About NH Hotel Group

NH Hotel Group is a consolidated multinational player and a benchmark city hotel operator in Europe and the Americas, where it operates more than 350 hotels. Since 2019, the Company has been working with Minor Hotels on integrating all of its hotel brands under a single corporate umbrella with a presence in over 50 countries worldwide. A portfolio of over 500 hotels has thus been articulated around eight brands - NH Hotels, NH Collection, nhow, Tivoli, Anantara, Avani, Elewana and Oaks - to forge a broad and diverse range of hotel propositions in touch with the needs and desires of today's world travellers.

NH Hotel Group's Communication Department

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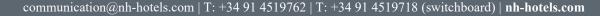
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2021 RESULTS **PRESENTATION** Anantara The Marker Dublin 11 HOTEL GROUP PART OF MINOR

















Message from the CEO



"Dear Shareholders.

The **lifting of restrictions in mid-2021** meant the beginning of the recovery. After the summer, the improvement was also supported by the **gradual reactivation of business travelers and small business groups**, resulting in a significant upturn in key cities. The performance achieved during the second part of the year despite the slowdown in December due to Omicron, makes us predict a strong rebound in 2022 with a high level of requests for meeting and events.

Revenues grew +55% reaching €834m compared to €540m reported in 2020. The second half represented 74% of the yearly revenues, implying €618m in H2 and €216m in H1.

Occupancy rate more than doubled from 19% in H1 to 49% in Q3 and 50% in Q4, despite lower occupancies during last weeks of the year. The earlier easing of restrictions in Southern Europe allowed a faster recovery, reaching occupancy levels in H2 above 60% in Spain and more than 50% in Italy. Central Europe and Benelux reinstated earlier restrictions in mid-November due to Omicron, reaching occupancies in H2 between 50% and 40% respectively. The solid pricing strategy during the second half has allowed ADR to increase from €73 in H1 to €91 in Q3 and €98 in Q4.

Business reactivation since mid-2021 and a strict cost control through-out the year resulted in a **recurring EBITDA improvement of +€201m** (ex-IFRS 16), from -€290m in 2020 to -€90m in 2021, also positively supported by direct state aid subsidies in Central Europe. **Recurring Net Income progressed by +€216m**, reaching -€155m compared to -€371m in 2020.

Business reactivation has endorsed to end cash drain during the second half of 2021. Net financial debt decreased by €19m in Q3 (excluding €106m capital increase) and by €10m in Q4. The proactive strengthening of the capital structure in 2021 with the capital increase and asset rotation transaction, has allowed to report a decline in Net financial debt from €685m in 2020 to €568m in December 2021. Additionally, debt refinancing achieved until 2026 and covenant holiday for the entire 2022, displays a relaxed debt maturity profile for the turnaround.

The Group closed the year with an available liquidity of €511m (€244m of cash). The liquidity reinforcement during 2021 has permitted to start reducing gross debt preserving liquidity. As such, the €236m drawn amount of the RCF was fully paid down in 2021 and now the RCF is fully available with a limit of €242m.

Since the last week of January, a pick-up in reservations has been observed, meaning that worst weeks of Omicron are behind. Nevertheless, Q1 is traditionally the smallest contribution period of the year due to seasonality. The strong turnaround seen in H2 last year allow us to foresee a fast recovery once restrictions decline."

Strong recovery after summer period due to corporate demand but fell in December due to Omicron variant



Reopening

- Portfolio status: 2021 started with ~60% of the portfolio open, ~90% in June, peaking in September to ~95% and ending the year with ~85%
- Average occupancy rate of European hotels impacted by Omicron variant since mid-November: 62% in October, 54% in November and 37% in December
- January 2022 also impacted with an average occupancy of 26%.
 Since the last week of January, a pick-up in reservations has been observed reaching 37% in February (20 days)

Open Hotels 322 325 335 337 337 199 213 229 244 Jan-21 Feb-21 Mar-21 Apr-21 May-21 Jun-21 Jul-21 Aug-21 Sep-21 Oct-21 Nov-21 Dec-21

Recovery

- The Group will benefit from:
 - o Strong market positioning in the European countries
 - Excellent locations and high brand awareness
 - High domestic demand (2019: Germany 70%; Spain 60%; Italy and Benelux 50%)
- Recovery phase driven initially by:
 - Domestic + intra-European demand (2019: c.70-75%), as international mobility remains low
 - o **B2C segment (c.65%).** B2B (c.35%) will take longer to recover due to macro and initial lower size of events

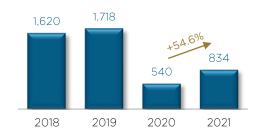
Weekly Occupancy trend (European open owned & leased hotels)



Key Financial Indicators: 2018-2021

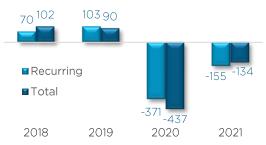


Revenues (€m)



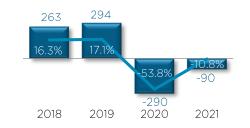
 In 2021 revenue increased +54.6% (+€294m) reaching €834m

Net Income (€m)



- Recurring Net Income in 2021 improved +€216m
- Non-recurring activity in 2021 (+€21m) is mainly explained by net capital gain from asset rotation partially offset by one-off refinancing impacts and severance costs

Recurring EBITDA⁽¹⁾ (€m) % margin



EBITDA improvement of +€201m in 2021, due to business reactivation since mid-2021 and cost control throughout the year. State aid direct subsidies amounted to €83m in 2021

Net Financial Debt (€m) / Recurring EBITDA(1)



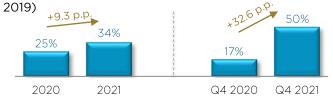
- Strengthening of the capital structure in 2021 with capital increase, asset rotation and debt maturities extension until 2026
- Net financial debt declined €117m in 2021

Relevant recovery in H2 supported by the return of business travelers THI HOTEL GROUP Since September

Occupancy (%)

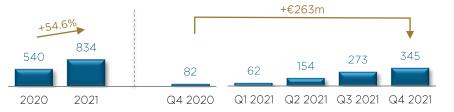
 2021: occupancy reached 34% (+9 p.p. vs 2020). More than double from 19% in H1 to 49% in H2. Compared to 2019, LFL occupancy is -37 p.p. lower (72% in 2019)

Q4: 49.7% in the quarter (+33 p.p. vs Q4 2020) and very similar to Q3. Vs 2019, LFL occupancy is -21 p.p. lower (72% in Q4 2020)



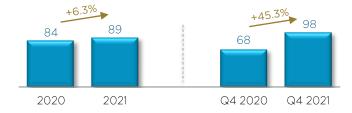
Revenues (€m)

- 2021: €834m (+€294m or +54.6% vs 2020). However, -51.4% below 2019 levels. In H2 revenue increased +€388m reaching €618m
- Q4: €345m including €40m of subsidies (cash in Q1 2022).
 Excluding these subsidies, the figure is higher than in Q3



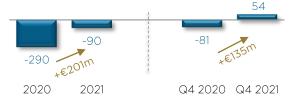
ADR (€)

- 2021: +6.3% increase in prices (+€5.3) reaching €89 due to the return of business travelers since September (H1: €73; H2: €95)
- Q4: €98 in the quarter vs. €91 in Q3 2021 and €68 in Q4 2020.
 Compared to 2019, LFL ADR is down -9.8% (€106 in Q4 2019)



Recurring EBITDA⁽¹⁾ (€m; excluding IFRS 16)

- 2021: improvement of +€201m (+€12m in H1 and +€188m in H2) boosted by business reactivation, cost control all over the year and direct state aid subsidies (+€83m)
- Q4: EBITDA improvement of +€135m compared Q4 2020 reaching €54m. Excluding €40m of subsidies, positive EBITDA was reached in the quarter compared to -€7m in Q3



⁽¹⁾ Recurring EBITDA excludes capital gains from asset disposals, IFRS 16 and rent linearization accounting impacts and for comparison purposes applied to 2020 figures

Business reactivation in H2 and cost control resulted in an EBITDA improvement of +€201m in 2021



- The EBITDA improvement of +€188.2m in H2 2021 vs H2 2020 (+€53.3m in Q3 and +€135.0m in Q4) is explained by revenue growth (+€387.9m) and strict cost control during business reactivation, reporting a flow through ratio of 49%
- Despite the low activity in the first half of the year, revenue increased by +€294.5m and EBITDA by +€200.6m EBITDA in 2021, due to cost discipline:
 - Total Operating cost including rents: +€93.9m or +11.3% excluding IFRS 16
 - Excluding perimeter changes and IFRS 16, fixed rent savings amounted to €45.9m in 2021 compared to €63.6m in 2020

€ million (2021 vs 2020)	H1 2021	H2 2021	20	21		
€ 1111111011 (2021 VS 2020)	€m	€m variation vs 2020				
TOTAL REVENUES	(93.4)	387.9	(294.5)	54.6%		
Staff Cost	58.0	(70.1)	(12.0)	3.9%		
Operating expenses	34.2	(86.8)	(52.6)	21.7%		
TOTAL OPERATIONAL COSTS EXCL. RENTS	92.2	(156.9)	(64.6)	11.8%		
Lease payments and property taxes (1)	13.5	(42.8)	(29.2)	10.4%		
TOTAL COSTS (1)	105.7	(199.6)	(93.9)	11.3%		
RECURRING EBITDA (1)	12.4	(188.2)	(200.6)	-69.1%		
CONVERSION RATE OF REVENUE TO EBITDA (1)	n.a.	49%	68%			

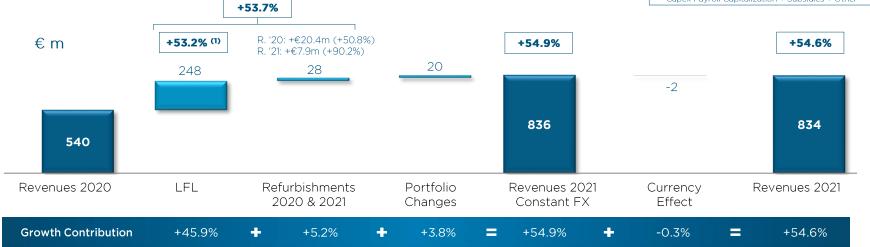
Payroll	Downsized workforce by means of furloughs and collective dismissal implemented in Corporate Services
Leases	Continued negotiations with landlords for temporary rent reductions

Revenue improvement since May with the easing of restrictions



- Total Revenue grew +54.6% or +€294m to €834m compared to €540m reported in 2020. The second half represented 74% of the yearly revenues, implying €618m in H2 (+€388m) and €216m in H1 (-€93m), as countries started to lift restrictions since May
 - Revenue Like for Like ("LFL"): +53.2% with constant FX (+53.0% reported):
 - Higher growth in southern European countries: Italy (+83.9%), Spain (+71.6%), Central Europe (+59.9% including €79m of direct state aid subsidies) and Benelux (+0.0%)
 - Perimeter changes contributed with +€20m: mainly Boscolo portfolio, NH Collection Copenhagen and NH Hannover

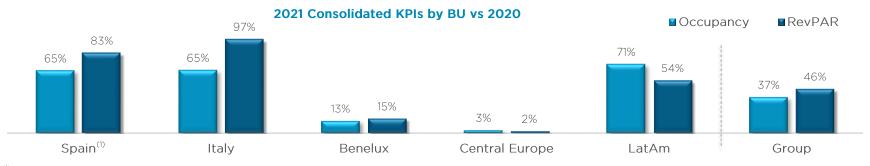
Revenue Split	Var. 2021					
Available Rooms	-0.1%					
RevPAR	+45.3%					
Room Revenue	+47.4%					
Other Hotel Revenue	+24.7%					
Total Hotel Revenue	+40.0%					
Other Revenue*	+€83.1m					
Total Revenue	+54.6%					
* Capex Payroll Capitalization + Subsid	ies + Other					



Higher RevPAR growth in Southern Europe



- RevPAR increase of 46% in 2021 (€30) compared to 2020 and -59% vs LFL 2019 (€74)
 - Substantial better RevPAR performance in those countries with lower restrictions or were previously lifted: Italy (+97%), Spain (+83%), LatAm (+54%), Benelux (+15%) and Central Europe (+2%)
 - Occupancy: more than double within the year, from 19% in H1 to 49% in H2. In FY 2021, occupancy grew +37% or +9.3 p.p. to 34.3% (25.0% in 2020). Compared to LFL occupancy in 2019 (71.7%), the fall is -51% or -36.9 p.p.
 - ADR: the solid pricing during the second half has allowed ADR to increase from €73 in H1 to €95 in H2. In FY 2021, ADR grew +6.3% or +€5.3 vs 2020, reaching €89.0. Compared to LFL ADR in 2019 (€104), the drop is -16.5%
- LFL RevPAR performance by region: more substantial recovery in southern European countries. Key cities improving since September due to the return of business travellers
 - Spain (+82% vs 2020; -48% vs LFL 2019): Madrid +72%, Barcelona +68% and secondary cities +91%
 - Italy (+92% vs 2020; -52% vs LFL 2019): Rome +120%, Milan +96% and secondary cities +89%
 - Benelux (+3% vs 2020; -72% vs LFL 2019): Brussels -17%, Amsterdam -10%, congress centres hotels +24% and Dutch secondary cites +15%
 - Central Europe (-2% vs 2020; -66% vs LFL 2019); Munich +16%, Berlin +10%, Frankfurt -31% and Austria +22%
 - LatAm (+56% with real exchange rate and -63% vs LFL 2019): Buenos Aires -35%, Mexico DF +62% and Bogota +54%

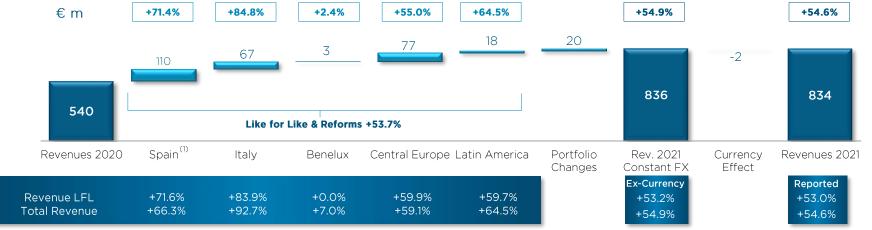


62% of the revenue increase coming from Spain and Italy



- **Spain:** +71.6% LFL growth, being Barcelona (+61.8%), Madrid (+57.5%) and secondary cities (+77.4%). Including refurbished hotels and perimeter changes total revenue grew +66.3%
- Italy: +83.9% increase in LFL with a positive performance in Rome (+109.8%), Milan (+84.3%) and secondary cities (+83.9%). Total revenue grew +92.7% including changes of perimeter (openings of 1 hotel in Verona and 4 from Boscolo portfolio and exits of 1 hotel in Florence and 1 in Venice)
- Benelux: stable LFL performance (+0.0%) with Brussels (-17.1%), Amsterdam (-13.2%) and congress centres hotels (-8.7%). Better performance in Dutch secondary cities (+6.5%). Total revenues including the opening of 2 hotels (1 in Amsterdam and 1 in London) grew +7.0%

- Central Europe: +59.9% LFL growth including the positive impact of direct state aid subsidies (€79m). Berlin (+12.1%), Frankfurt (-29.8%; also affected by higher supply), Munich (+8.6%) and secondary cities (-10.7%). Including refurbished hotels and perimeter changes (opening of 1 hotel in Copenhagen) total revenue increased +59.1%
- LatAm: +64.5% in LFL&R with constant exchange rate (+60.8% reported). By regions, Mexico revenues grew +52% at constant exchange rate and including the positive currency evolution (+2%) reported revenues increased +55%. Argentina revenues grew +46% while reported figure is +29% including hyperinflation and currency depreciation. Colombia and Chile revenue increased +70% in local currency and including the currency evolution (-3%) reported figure grew +64%



Total Net Income improved by +€303m due to business reactivation and the contribution of non-recurring items compared to 2020



€ million	2021	2020	VAR. Reported			
Reported Figures	€m	€m	€m	%		
TOTAL REVENUES	834.2	539.7	294.5	54.6%		
Staff Cost	(318.5)	(306.4)	(12.0)	3.9%		
Operating expenses	(295.5)	(242.9)	(52.6)	21.7%		
GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	220.2	(9.6)	229.8	N/A		
Lease payments and property taxes	(3.8)	14.3	(18.1)	N/A		
RECURRING EBITDA	216.4	4.6	211.8	N/A		
Margin % of Revenues	25.9%	0.9%	- 4	25.1 p.p.		
Depreciation	(107.5)	(112.3)	4.8	-4.3%		
Depreciation IFRS	(172.8)	(184.6)	11.8	-6.4%		
EBIT	(63.8)	(292.2)	228.4	78.2%		
Net Interest expense	(33.3)	(35.9)	2.6	-7.3%		
IFRS Financial Expenses	(83.0)	(94.1)	11.1	-11.8%		
Income from minority equity interest	(1.1)	(7.5)	6.3	-84.6%		
EBT	(181.3)	(429.7)	248.4	57.8%		
Corporate income tax	2 4.0 ₆	55.5	(31.5)	-56.7%		
NET INCOME BEFORE MINORITIES	(157.3)	(374.2)	216.9	58.0%		
Minorities interests	2.3	3.2	(1.0)	-30.2%		
NET RECURRING INCOME	(155.0)	(371.0)	215.9	, 58.2%		
Non-Recurring EBITDA	55.9	(8.7)	64.6	N/A		
Other Non-Recurring items	(34.5) 8	(57.5)	23.0	-40.0%		
NET INCOME INCLUDING NON- RECURRING	(133.7)	(437.2)	303.5	69.4%		

- Revenue reached €834.2m (+54.6% or +€294.5m) as countries started to lift restrictions allowing to accelerate the recovery since end of Q2
- 2. Payroll cost increased +3.9% and Operating expenses +21.7%
- 3. Reported lease payments and property taxes grew by -€18.1m mainly explained by the higher fixed rent concessions achieved in 2020. Excluding perimeter changes and IFRS 16, fixed rent savings amounted to €45.9m in 2021 compared to €63.6m in 2020
- Reported EBITDA improved by +€211.8m reaching €216.4m. Excluding IFRS 16, Recurring EBITDA improved by +€200.6m reaching -€89.8m
- 5. Financial Expenses: decreased +€2.6m explained by non-cash accounting impacts (exchange results and embedded derivative from shareholder loan conversion) more than offsetting by the higher gross financial debt compared to 2020 (mainly ICO Covid related loan, new Bond and shareholder loan)
- **Taxes:** Corporate Income Tax of €24.0m, -€31.5m vs. 2020 mainly explained by the better EBT compared to last year
- 7. Reported Net Recurring Income improved by +€215.9m reaching -€155.0m compared to -€371.0m in 2020
- 8. Non-Recurring Items: reached €21.4m mainly explained by the net capital gain from the sale & leaseback of NHC Barcelona Calderón (€47m) partially offset by the one-off refinancing impacts and severance costs. 2020 affected by a significant impairment provision
- 9. Reported Total Net Income improved by +€303.5m reaching -€133.7m compared to -€437.2m in 2020

Cash flow generation in H2 permitted to reduce Net Debt by €19m in Q3 (excl. capital increase) and by €10m in Q4





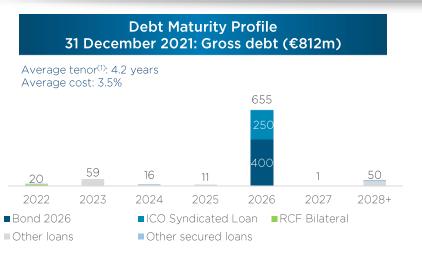
- (-) Operating Cash Flow: -€69.8m, including -€7.9m of credit card expenses and corporate income tax of +€5.5m due to a refund received in January 2021 from fiscal year 2019
- (+) Working Capital: +€32.6, mainly explained by the supply chain management, improvement in receivable balances, increase of business with high "non-credit" component (payment at check out) and subsidies to be received in 2022
- (+) VAT & Public Admin.: +€24.9, due to the timing effect of the business improvement and some postponement facilities of taxes in Benelux
- (-) Capex payments: -€36.8m paid in 2021, vs -€102.6m in 2020. Capex will continue limited in the coming quarters

- (+) Acquisitions & Disposals: +€127.3m, mainly from the S&LB of NH Collection Barcelona Calderon (+€117.2m net of taxes)
- (-) Others: mainly due to financial investment pledges for bank guarantees in reference to lease contracts, payment of provisions and debt FX effect
- (-) Net Financials & Dividends: -€47.3m, out of which -€32.7m relates to debt interest expense and -€14.4m to refinancing fees and expenses
- (+) Capital Increase: +€106.3m, from the capitalization of the Shareholder Loan and the capital increase addressed to minority shareholders

⁽¹⁾ NFD excluding accounting adjustments for arrangement expenses €12.7m, accrued interest -€9.5m and IFRS 9 adjustment -€4.6m. Including these accounting adjustments, the Adj. NFD would be (-€569m) at 31st Dec. 2021 and (-€677m) at 31st Dec. 2020

Financial position: strong liquidity with no relevant debt maturities until 2026





- Extension of maturities to 2026 of main debt facilities: ICO loan, Bond and RCF
- Reinforcement of capital structure has allowed the €236m repayment of RCF in H2 2021 not impacting liquidity
- Financial covenant holiday for the entire 2022

Liquidity⁽²⁾ as of 31st December 2021:

- Cash: €244m
- Available credit lines: €267m
 - €242m RCF (fully available)
 - €25m of bilateral credit lines



Rating									
Rating	NH	2026 Bond	Outlook						
Fitch	B-	B+	Negative						
Moody's	В3	B2	Negative						

FitchRatings

- In June 2021, Fitch affirmed 'B-' with negative outlook
- The affirmation reflects NH's satisfactory financial flexibility and deleveraging capacity
- NH's Standalone Credit Profile remains at 'B'. It reflects satisfactory liquidity with leverage metrics expected to return in 2022-2023

Moody's

- In December 2021, Moody's affirmed the 'B3' corporate rating of NH Hotel Group with negative outlook based on that a meaningful recovery has not yet happened
- NH has a significant pool of fully owned unencumbered assets which increases financial flexibility

⁽¹⁾ Excludes subordinated debt (2028+)

⁽²⁾ Excludes €7.5m escrow account pledge for a bank guarantee in reference to 2 lease contracts

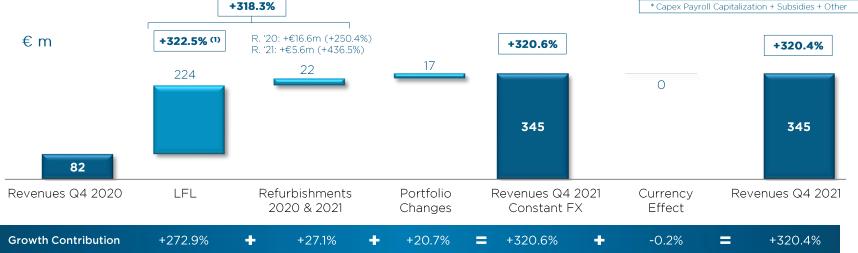


Business reactivation continued in Q4 despite Omicron



- Revenue increased by +€263m to €345m in the fourth quarter despite the slowdown in December.
 Still -25.2% below 2019 reported figure. This figure includes €40m from direct state aid subsidies (cash in Q1 2022)
- Excluding these subsides, Q4 revenue figure is higher than the one of previous quarter (Q3: €273m).
- Revenue Like for Like ("LFL"): increased by +€224m or +322%:
 - Strong growth among all countries despite slowdown since mid-November: Spain (+€74m),
 Italy (+€34m), Central Europe (+€72m; including €36m of subsidies) and Benelux (+€31m)

Revenue Split	Var. Q4 2021					
Available Rooms	-0.2%					
RevPAR	+323.7%					
Room Revenue	+336.1%					
Other Hotel Revenue	+200.8%					
Total Hotel Revenue	+286.2%					
Other Revenue*	+€40.2m					
Total Revenue	+320.4%					
* Capov Bayroll Capitalization + Subsid	lies + Other					

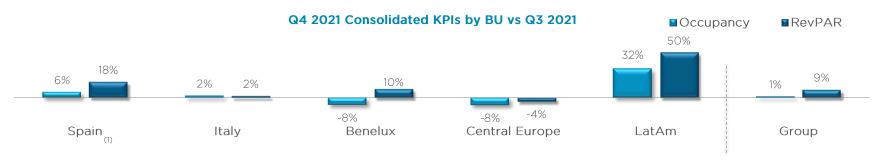


⁽¹⁾ On its 2020 own base. With real exchange rate growth is +322.5%

RevPAR in Q4 grew +9% compared to Q3 2021 due to the strong recovery in key cities



- Higher absolute RevPAR in Q4 2021 (€49) compared to Q3 2021 (€45), but sill -37% against LFL Q4 2019 (€76)
 - All regions, except Central Europe, reported higher RevPAR in Q4 compared to the previous quarter despite slowdown in activity business since mid-November
 - Occupancy reached 49.7%, very similar to the 49.1% reported in Q3 2021. Compared to 2019, LFL occupancy is -21 p.p. lower (71.7% in Q4 2019). October was the month with higher occupancy (60%, being Spain 74% and Italy 63%)
 - ADR: solid pricing in the quarter reaching €98 compared to €91 in Q3 2021, meaning an improvement of +€6.8 or +7.4%. Against 2019, LFL ADR is down -10.2% (€106 in Q4 2019). In the month of October ADR reached €103 (€134 in Italy and €105 in Spain and Benelux)
- LFL RevPAR performance by region compared to Q3: Spain continues to outperform within Europe
 - Spain: +15% vs Q3 2021 and -19% vs LFL Q4 2019. Occupancy reached 64% (61% in Q3) and ADR €101 (+9.3% vs previous quarter)
 - Italy: +4% vs Q3 2021 and -23% vs LFL Q4 2019. Strong pricing resulting in same LFL ADR as in Q4 2019 (€119)
 - Benelux: +4% vs Q3 2021 and -55% vs LFL Q4 2019. Occupancy was 38% (43% in Q3) and ADR €103 (+17.6% vs previous quarter)
 - Central Europe: -5% vs Q3 2021 and -55% vs LFL Q4 2019. Occupancy reached 45% (50% in Q3) and ADR €83 (+4.4% vs previous quarter)
 - LatAm: +47% vs Q3 2021 and -19% vs LFL Q4 2019. Occupancy reached 48% (37% in Q3) and ADR €57 (+12.7% vs previous quarter). Colombia was the country with higher occupancy (62%), followed by Mexico (50%) and Argentina (32%)



⁽¹⁾ Includes France and Portugal

Q4 is the first quarter with positive Net Income since 2019

€ million	Q4 2021	Q4 2020		AR. orted
Reported Figures	€m	€m	€m	%
TOTAL REVENUES	344.9	82.0	262.9	N/A
Staff Cost	(103.6)	(56.4)	(47.2)	83.7%
Operating expenses	(103.5)	(43.8)	(59.7)	N/A 2
GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	137.8	(18.2)	156.0	N/A
Lease payments and property taxes	12.4	33.8	(21.4)	63.2%
RECURRING EBITDA	150.2	15.6	134.6	N/A
Margin % of Revenues	43.6%	19.0%	-	24.5 p.p.
Depreciation	(26.9)	(28.8)	1.9	-6.7%
Depreciation IFRS	(42.8)	(44.7)	1.9	-4.2%
EBIT	80.6	(57.8)	138.4	N/A
Net Interest expense	(8.1)	(12.1)	4.0	33.2%
IFRS Financial Expenses	(19.3)	(23.8)	4.5	18.9%
Income from minority equity interest	(0.2)	(7.0)	6.8	-96.5%
EBT	52.9	(100.8)	153.7	N/A
Corporate income tax	(8.5) ₆	5.5	(14.0)	N/A
NET INCOME BEFORE MINORITIES	44.5	(95.3)	139.8	N/A
Minorities interests	0.5	0.5	0.0	1.7%
NET RECURRING INCOME	44.9	(94.8)	139.8	N/A
Non-Recurring EBITDA	2.8	(6.2)	9.0	N/A
Other Non-Recurring items	(6.2) 8	(41.1)	34.9	-84.9%
NET INCOME INCLUDING NON- RECURRING	41.5	(142.2)	183.6	N/A

- Revenue reached €344.9m (+€262.9m) including €40m of direct sate aid subsidies (cash in Q1 2022). Excluding these subsidies, the figure is higher than in Q3
- Payroll cost increased +83.7% and Operating expenses +136.2% compared to Q4 2020 due to higher activity
- 3. Reported lease payments and property taxes grew by -€21.4m mainly explained by the higher fixed rent concessions registered in Q4 2020. Excluding perimeter changes and IFRS 16, fixed rent savings amounted to +€6.3m in Q4 2021 compared to +€26.6m in Q4 2020
- 4. Reported Recurring EBITDA reached €150.2m. Excluding IFRS 16 accounting impact, Recurring EBITDA is +€54.0m. Excluding €40m of subsidies, positive EBITDA was reached in the quarter compared to -€7m in Q3 2021
- 5. Financial Expenses: decreased +€4.0m mainly explained by non-cash accounting impacts and lower arranging expenses. Lower financial expenses due to RCF repayment in H2 2021 are offset by higher financial expense related to new Bond and ICO loan
- **6. Taxes:** Corporate Income Tax of -€8.5m, explained by the positive EBT performance
- 7. Reported Net Recurring Income reached €44.9m compared to -€94.8m in Q4 2020 due to the business reactivation. First positive quarter since 2019.
- 8. Non-Recurring Items: reached -€3.5m mainly explained by the tax rate change in Argentina
- 9. Reported Total Net Income of €41.5m, compared to -€142.2m in Q4 2020

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SALES AND RESULTS 2021

24th February 2022



























Madrid, 24th February 2022

Executive summary

The **lifting of restrictions in mid-2021** meant the beginning of the recovery. The improvement was also supported by the **gradual reactivation of business travellers and small business groups**, resulting in a significant upturn in key cities after summer months. The performance achieved during the second part of the year despite the slowdown in December due to Omicron, makes us predict a strong rebound in 2022 with a high level of requests for meeting and events.

Revenues grew +55% reaching €834m compared to €540m reported in 2020. The second half represented 74% of the yearly revenues, implying €618m compared to €216m in the first half.

Occupancy rate more than doubled from 19% in H1 to 49% in Q3 and 50% in Q4, despite lower occupancies during last weeks of the year. The higher easing of restrictions in Southern Europe allowed a faster recovery, reaching occupancy levels in H2 above 60% in Spain and more than 50% in Italy. Central Europe and Benelux reinstated earlier restrictions in mid-November due to Omicron, reaching occupancies in H2 between 50% and 40% respectively. The solid pricing strategy during the second half has allowed ADR to increase from €73 in H1 to €91 in Q3 and €98 in Q4.

Business reactivation since mid-2021 and a strict cost control through-out the year resulted in a **recurring EBITDA improvement of +€201m** (ex-IFRS 16), from -€290m in 2020 to -€90m in 2021, also positively supported by direct state aid subsidies in Central Europe. **Recurring Net Income improved by +€216m**, reaching -€155m compared to -€371m in 2020.

Business reactivation has endorsed to end cash drain during the second half of 2021. Net financial debt decreased by €19m in Q3 (excluding €106m capital increase) and by €10m in Q4. The proactive strengthening of the capital structure in 2021 with the capital increase and asset rotation transaction, has allowed to report a decline in Net financial debt from €685m in 2020 to €568m in December 2021. Additionally, debt refinancing achieved until 2026 and covenant holiday for the entire 2022, displays a relaxed debt maturity profile for the turnaround.

The Group closed the year with an available liquidity of €511m (€244m of cash). The liquidity reinforcement during 2021 has permitted to start reducing gross debt preserving liquidity. As such, the €236m drawn amount of the RCF was fully repaid in 2021 and now the RCF is fully available with a limit of €242m.

Since the last week of January, a pick-up in reservations has been observed, meaning that worst weeks of Omicron are behind. Nevertheless, Q1 is traditionally the smallest contribution period of the year due to seasonality. The strong turnaround seen in H2 last year allow us to foresee a fast recovery once restrictions decline.



















Madrid, 24th February 2022

2021 Main Financial Aspects (1)

- ➤ Revenue in 2021 rose by +54.6% (+54.9% at constant exchange rates) reaching €834m. 2021 revenues are still -51.4% below 2019 levels.
 - In the Like for Like ("LFL") perimeter, excluding refurbishments and perimeter changes, revenue was up +53.0% (+53.2% at constant exchange rates):
 - Higher growth in southern European countries: Italy (+83.9%), Spain (+71.6%), Central Europe (+59.9%, including €79m of state aid) and Benelux (+0.0%).
- RevPAR grew +45.7% in the year to €30.5, -59% below 2019 LFL levels (€74.4) due to the low occupancy level, with better performance in countries with fewer restrictions: Italy (+97%), Spain (+83%), LatAm (+54%), Benelux (+15%) and Central Europe (+2%).
 - Occupancy increased by +37.1% (+9.3 p.p.) to 34.3% (19% in H1 21 and 49% in H2 21) and ADR by +6.3% (+€5.3) to €89.0. With the increase in activity in the second half, prices grew from €73 in H1 to €95 in H2.
- Reported lease payments and property taxes increased by -€18.1m, mainly explained by the higher fixed rent concessions achieved in 2020. Excluding changes of perimeter and the accounting impact of IFRS 16, rent savings amounted to €45.9m in 2021, compared to €63.6m in 2020.
- > Excluding IFRS 16, the recurring EBITDA⁽²⁾ improved +€201m to -€90m, due to the business reactivation in the second half of the year.
 - Including IFRS 16, reported EBITDA improved by +€212m reaching €216m.
- Reported Net Recurring Income in the year reached -€155m, an improvement of +€216m vs prior year.
- ➤ Non-Recurring items reached €21m mainly explained by the net capital gain from the sale & leaseback of NHC Barcelona Calderón (€47m) partially offset by the one-off refinancing impacts and severance costs. 2020 additionally affected by a significant impairment provision.
- ➤ Reported Total Net Income improved by +€303m to -€134m (-€437m in 2020) due to business improvement and the positive contribution of non-recurring impacts compared to last year.
- Financial position: The reinforcement of the capital structure in 2021 with the capital increase and asset rotation led to a reduction in net financial debt from -€685m in 2020 to -€568m in 2021, with an available liquidity of €511m (€244m in cash and €267m in available credit lines) at 31 December 2021. Cash generation in the second half of the year helped to reduce net financial debt by €19m in the third quarter (excluding the capital increase) and €10m in the fourth quarter.

⁽²⁾ Recurring EBITDA excludes capital gains from asset disposals, IFRS 16 and rent linearization accounting impacts

















Madrid, 24th February 2022

Main figures of Q4 2021 (1)

- Revenue grew by +€263m in the quarter reaching €345m despite the slowdown in December. Revenues of the quarter are still -25.2% below the reported figure of 2019. These revenues include €40m of subsidies (cash in Q1 2022).
 - Reported LFL revenue growth was +€224m, with increases across all countries despite the impact of the Omicron variant since mid-November: Spain (+€74m), Italy (+€34m), Central Europe (+€72m, including €36m of state aid) and Benelux (+€31m).
- > RevPAR reached €49 in the fourth quarter despite the slowdown in business in December.
 - Occupancy increased by +32,6 p.p. to 49.7%, similar to the 49.1% reported in the third quarter.
 - ADR reached €98 due to the business reactivation (€91 in the third quarter). Compared to the same perimeter of 2019 was -10.2% lower (€106 in Q4 2019). In October, ADR reached €103 (€134 in Italy and €105 in Spain and Benelux).
- Excluding IFRS 16, the recurring EBITDA⁽²⁾ grew +€135m to €54m which implies a conversion rate of the revenue increase to EBITDA of 51%, reflecting strong cost control discipline amid business recovery. Excluding €40m of subsidies, positive EBITDA has been reached in the quarter compared to -€7m in Q3 2021.
 - Including IFRS 16 reported EBITDA amounts to €150m.
- ➤ Reported Net Recurring Income in the quarter reached €45m vs -€95m in the same period of last year thanks to the business rebound. It is the first positive quarter since 2019.
- > Reported Total Net Income of €41m, vs -€142m in the fourth quarter of 2020.
- (1) IFRS 16 and Hyperinflation (IAS 29) accounting impacts included in business performance figures unless stated
- (2) Recurring EBITDA excludes capital gains from asset disposals, IFRS 16 and rent linearization accounting impacts



















Madrid, 24th February 2022

2021 RevPAR Evolution:

Note: The "Like for Like plus Refurbishments" (LFL&R) criteria includes hotels renovated in 2020 and 2021

NH HOTEL GROUP REVPAR 12M 2021/2020											
	AVERAGE	ROOMS	00	CCUPANCY	%	ADR			REVPAR		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	% Var	2021	2020	% Var	2021	2020	% Var
Spain & Others LFL & R (1)	11,608	11,422	46.0%	27.7%	66.2%	90.1	81.9	10.0%	41.4	22.6	82.8%
B.U. Spain Consolidated (1)	12,041	12,220	46.0%	27.9%	64.7%	89.2	80.3	11.1%	41.0	22.4	83.0%
Italy LFL & R	7,265	7,272	37.8%	22.7%	66.7%	109.6	94.2	16.3%	41.4	21.4	93.9%
B.U. Italy Consolidated	7,844	7,658	36.6%	22.2%	65.0%	114.4	95.8	19.4%	41.9	21.3	96.9%
Benelux LFL & R	8,480	8,484	26.6%	24.6%	8.1%	92.0	92.4	-0.4%	24.5	22.7	7.7%
B.U. Benelux Consolidated	9,635	9,799	25.6%	22.8%	12.6%	96.6	94.4	2.2%	24.8	21.5	15.1%
Central Europe LFL & R	11,809	11,808	29.6%	29.0%	2.3%	79.9	82.4	-3.1%	23.7	23.9	-0.8%
B.U. Central Europe Consolidated	12,459	12,353	29.5%	28.6%	3.0%	81.3	82.0	-0.9%	23.9	23.5	2.0%
Total Europe LFL & R	39,162	38,986	35.3%	26.5%	33.5%	91.7	86.2	6.4%	32.4	22.8	42.1%
Total Europe Consolidated	41,978	42,029	34.7%	25.9%	33.9%	93.4	86.2	8.4%	32.4	22.3	45.2%
Latinamerica LFL & R	5,495	5,495	31.2%	18.2%	71.3%	51.4	57.1	-9.8%	16.1	10.4	54.4%
B.U. Latinamerica Consolidated	5,495	5,495	31.2%	18.2%	71.3%	51.4	57.1	-9.8%	16.1	10.4	54.4%
NH Hotels LFL & R	44,657	44,481	34.8%	25.4%	36.9%	87.2	83.6	4.4%	30.4	21.3	42.9%
Total NH Consolidated	47,473	47,524	34.3%	25.0%	37.1%	89.0	83.7	6.3%	30.5	20.9	45.7%

⁽¹⁾ Includes France and Portugal

- ➤ RevPAR growth of +45.7% in the year reaching €30.5, -59% below 2019 LFL levels (€74.4) due to the low occupancy rate. Better performance of Southern Europe thanks to fewer restrictions, with significant improvements in key cities driven by the return of business travel after the summer.
- > Occupancy increased by +37.1% (+9.3 p.p.) to 34.3% and ADR by +6.3% (+€5.3) to €89.0, with the sound pricing strategy in the second half of the year pushing ADR up from €73 in the first half to €95 in the second half of the year.

LFL RevPAR growth by region:

- Spain: growth of +82.4% (-48% vs LFL 2019). Madrid (+72%), Barcelona (+68%) and secondary cities (+91%).
- Italy: +92.4% (-52% vs LFL 2019). Rome (+120%), Milano (+96%) and secondary cities (+89%).
- **Benelux**: +3.3% (-72% vs LFL 2019), with a decrease of -17% in Brussels and -10% in Amsterdam. Conference hotels grew by +24% and Dutch secondary cities showed a solid growth of +15%.
- Central Europe: -1.7% (-66% vs LFL 2019) with Munich (+16%), Berlin (+10%), Frankfurt (-31%) with an increase in the hotel supply and Austria +22%.
- LatAm: +56.2% (-63% vs LFL 2019) with an ADR decrease of -9.3% and an occupancy growth of +72.3%. Buenos Aires (-35%), Mexico DF (+62%) and Bogota (+54%).

















Madrid, 24th February 2022

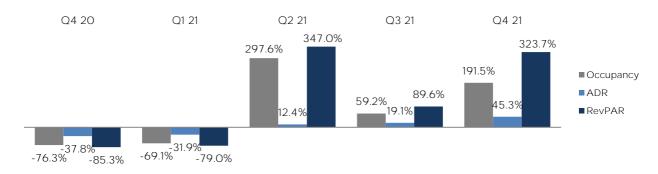
Q4 RevPAR Evolution:

NH	HOTEL GF	ROUP RE	VPAR Q	4 2021	/2020
	00	CCUPANO			

					,1010						
	AVERAG	EROOMS	00	CCUPANCY			ADR			REVPAR	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	% Var	2021	2020	% Var	2021	2020	% Var
Spain & Others LFL & R (1)	11,710	11,422	64.0%	21.4%	199.7%	102.5	63.9	60.4%	65.6	13.7	380.6%
B.U. Spain Consolidated (1)	12,033	12,150	64.1%	21.8%	194.2%	101.9	63.1	61.5%	65.4	13.8	375.2%
Italy LFL & R	7,264	7,271	54.5%	19.2%	183.9%	118.9	80.0	48.6%	64.7	15.3	321.8%
B.U. Italy Consolidated	7,823	8,003	52.8%	18.3%	188.7%	123.9	83.3	48.8%	65.5	15.2	329.5%
Benelux LFL & R	8,479	8,485	38.0%	11.4%	232.5%	102.8	73.0	40.7%	39.0	8.3	367.9%
B.U. Benelux Consolidated	9,896	9,611	37.3%	10.5%	257.0%	109.6	75.4	45.4%	40.9	7.9	419.0%
Central Europe LFL & R	11,808	11,809	45.2%	17.3%	161.6%	83.6	68.3	22.3%	37.8	11.8	220.1%
B.U. Central Europe Consolidated	12,421	12,500	45.2%	17.0%	166.2%	85.2	68.8	23.9%	38.5	11.7	229.7%
Total Europe LFL & R	39,261	38,987	51.0%	17.6%	190.3%	100.8	69.8	44.3%	51.3	12.3	319.0%
Total Europe Consolidated	42,173	42,263	50.2%	17.1%	192.8%	103.1	70.6	46.2%	51.7	12.1	328.0%
Latinamerica LFL & R	5,495	5,495	46.2%	16.4%	180.8%	57.0	43.5	31.0%	26.3	7.2	268.0%
B.U. Latinamerica Consolidated	5,495	5,495	46.2%	16.4%	180.8%	57.0	43.5	31.1%	26.3	7.2	268.0%
NH Hotels LFL & R	44,756	44,482	50.4%	17.4%	189.2%	95.8	66.7	43.6%	48.3	11.6	315.3%
Total NH Consolidated	47,668	47,758	49.7%	17.0%	191.5%	98.2	67.6	45.3%	48.8	11.5	323.7%

- RevPAR grew +€37 in the fourth quarter reaching €48.8, despite the slowdown in business in December.
- Occupancy increased by +32,6 p.p. to 49.7%, similar to the 49. 1% reported in the third quarter.
- ADR reached €98 due to business reactivation compared to €91 in the third quarter of last year. Compared to the same perimeter of 2019 was -10.2% lower (€106 in Q4 2019).

Evolution of Consolidated Ratios by quarter:



Consolidated Ratios			Occupan	ісу				ADR					RevPAR	ł.	
% Var	Q4 20	Q1 21	Q2 21	Q3 21	Q4 21	Q4 20	Q1 21	Q2 21	Q3 21	Q4 21	Q4 20	Q1 21	Q2 21	Q3 21	Q4 21
Spain (1)	-71.0%	-57.3%	420.8%	91.6%	194.2%	-40.8%	-32.7%	12.7%	27.2%	61.5%	-82.8%	-71.2%	486.8%	143.7%	375.2%
Italy	-73.7%	-54.2%	587.7%	77.4%	188.7%	-30.9%	-25.6%	27.4%	29.6%	48.8%	-81.9%	-65.9%	776.4%	129.9%	329.5%
Benelux	-85.5%	-83.5%	187.0%	32.9%	257.0%	-36.1%	-28.7%	6.7%	12.5%	45.4%	-90.7%	-88.2%	206.3%	49.6%	419.0%
Central Europe	-77.0%	-83.5%	84.5%	16.8%	166.2%	-36.3%	-29.6%	2.8%	12.9%	23.9%	-85.4%	-88.4%	89.8%	31.9%	229.7%
TOTAL EUROPE	-76.5%	-70.6%	263.5%	49.8%	192.8%	-36.9%	-30.5%	12.1%	22.0%	46.2%	-85.2%	-79.6%	307.5%	82.8%	328.0%
Latin America real exc. rate	-74.2%	-58.2%	n.a.	n.a.	180.8%	-44.8%	-34.1%	-211.7%	63.7%	31.1%	-85.7%	-72.5%	n.a.	n.a.	268.0%
NH HOTEL GROUP	-76.3%	-69.1%	297.6%	59.2%	191.5%	-37.8%	-31.9%	12.4%	19.1%	45.3%	-85.3%	-79.0%	347.0%	89.6%	323.7%

(1) Includes France and Portugal

















Madrid, 24th February 2022

RECURRING HOTEL ACTIVITY *										
(€ million)	2021 Q4	2020 Q4	DIFF. 21/20	%DIFF.	2021 12M	2020 12M	DIFF. 21/20	%DIFF.		
			-	21/2			-			
SPAIN (1)	104.6	25.0	79.6	N/A	264.2	154.1	110.1	71.4%		
ITALY	57.8	15.6	42.2	N/A	146.1	79.1	67.1	84.8%		
BENELUX CENTRAL FURORE	47.7	12.4	35.3	N/A	114.6	111.8	2.8 77.0	2.5% 54.9%		
CENTRAL EUROPE AMERICA	94.2 19.0	19.6 4.7	74.6 14.2	N/A N/A	i 217.2 45.9	140.2 28.5	17.4	60.8%		
TOTAL RECURRING REVENUE LFL&R	323.2	77.3	245.9	N/A	787.9	513.7	274.3	53.4%		
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	21.7	4.7	16.9	N/A	46.3	26.1	20.2	77.6%		
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	21.7	4.7	10.5	IN/A	40.5	20.1	20.2	77.0%		
RECURRING REVENUES	344.9	82.0	262.9	320.4%	834.2	539.7	294.5	54.6%		
		02.0								
SPAIN (1)	63.3	31.6	31.7	N/A	188.0	156.9	31.1	19.8%		
ITALY	33.0	17.5	15.4	88.2%	103.0	79.9	23.1	29.0%		
BENELUX	33.5	17.4	16.2	92.9%	99.5	113.6	(14.0)	(12.4%)		
CENTRAL EUROPE	45.0	26.0	19.0	73.2%	137.8	142.5	(4.7)	(3.3%)		
AMERICA	15.5	1.3	14.2	N/A	44.8	26.9	17.9	66.5%		
RECURRING OPEX LFL&R	190.3	93.8	96.6	N/A	573.1	519.7	53.4	10.3%		
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	16.7	6.4	10.3	N/A	40.9	29.6	11.2	37.9%		
	i			<u> </u>	<u>i</u>					
RECURRING OPERATING EXPENSES (2)	207.1	100.2	106.9	106.7%	614.0	549.4	64.6	11.8%		
SPAIN (1)	41.3	(6.5)	47.8	N/A	76.2	(2.8)	79.0	N/A		
ITALY	24.8	(2.0)	26.8	N/A	43.1	(0.8)	43.9	N/A		
BENELUX	14.1	(5.0)	19.1	N/A	15.0	(1.8)	16.8	N/A		
CENTRAL EUROPE	49.2	(6.4)	55.6	N/A	79.4	(2.3)	81.7	N/A		
AMERICA	3.4	3.4	0.0	1.0%	1.1	1.6	(0.5)	(33.9%)		
RECURRING GOP LFL&R	132.9	(16.5)	149.4	N/A	214.8	(6.1)	220.8	N/A		
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	4.9	(1.7)	6.6	N/A	5.5	(3.5)	9.0	N/A		
RECURRING GOP	137.8	(18.2)	156.0	N/A	220.2	(9.6)	229.8	N/A		
CD4111 (1)	25.0	47.0	7.0	45.00/		75.0		10.70/		
SPAIN (1)	25.2	17.3	7.8	45.3%	89.4	75.3	14.1	18.7%		
ITALY	10.9	8.7	2.2	25.8%	47.3	43.0	4.3	10.0%		
BENELUX	11.6	9.2	2.4	26.2%	51.4	48.0	3.4	7.1%		
CENTRAL EUROPE	24.7	21.6	3.1	14.5%	84.8	93.1	(8.4)	(9.0%)		
AMERICA	2.7	0.8	1.9	N/A	7.4	3.7	3.7	99.0%		
RECURRING LEASES&PT LFL&R	75.0	57.5	17.5	30.4%	280.2	263.1	17.1	6.5%		
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	8.8	5.3	3.5	67.0%	29.8	17.7	12.1	68.6%		
	<u> </u>									
RECURRING RENTS AND PROPERTY TAXES (3)	83.8	62.8	21.0	33.4%	310.0	280.8	29.2	10.4%		
CDAIN(1)	16.4	(22.0)	40.0	N1/A	(12.2)	(70.4)	640	02.40/		
SPAIN (1)	16.1	(23.9)	40.0	N/A	(13.2)	(78.1)	64.9	83.1%		
ITALY	13.9	(10.6)	24.6	N/A	(4.1)	(43.8)	39.6	90.5%		
BENELUX	2.6	(14.2)	16.7	N/A	(36.4)	(49.8)	13.4	26.9%		
CENTRAL EUROPE	24.5	(28.0)	52.4	N/A	(5.4)	(95.4)	90.0	94.3%		
AMERICA	0.8	2.6	(1.8)	(69.6%)	(6.3)	(2.1)	(4.2)	N/A		
RECURRING EBITDA LFL&R	57.9	(74.0)	131.9	N/A	(65.5)	(269.2)	203.7	75.7%		
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	(3.9)	(7.0)	3.1	44.0%	(24.3)	(21.2)	(3.1)	(14.7%)		
RECURRING EBITDA EX. ONEROUS PROVISION (3)	54.0	(81.0)	135.0	166.6%	(89.8)	(290.4)	200.6	69.1%		
MECONTRING EDITOR EN ONEROUS PROVISION "	34.0	(01.0)	133.0	100.0%	(03.0)	(230.4)	200.0	05.1/0		

^(*) IFRS 16 not included in business performance figures

















⁽¹⁾ France and Portugal hotels are included in the Business Unit of Spain

⁽²⁾ For the allocation of central costs, the distribution criterion used is the LFL GOP level of each business unit

⁽³⁾ Rents and Recurring EBITDA exclude capital gains from asset disposals, IFRS 16 and rent linearization accounting impacts

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Recurring Results by Business Unit (LFL&R basis) (*)

Spain B.U. (1):

- Q4: Occupancy reached 64% (60% in Q3) with an ADR of €103 (€93 in Q3) driven by the return of business customers, especially impacting Madrid. As a result, revenue amounted to €104,6m, a year-on-year increase of +€79,6m.
- ➤ 12M: RevPAR was €41 (+82.8%) with occupancy of 46% (+66.2%) and ADR of €90 (+10.0%). Madrid and Barcelona showed considerable improvement in the second half of the year.
 - Revenue grew +71.4% (+€110.1m) in the year driven by increased activity and higher prices. Barcelona (+61.8%), Madrid (+57.5%) and secondary cities (+77.4%).
 - Operating expenses rose by +19.8% (-€31.1m) explained by growth in activity.
 - GOP improved by +€79.0m reaching €76.2m and rents grew by +€14.1m (+18.7%).
 - Thus, EBITDA showed an improvement of +€64.9m or +83.1% to -€13.2m.

Italy B.U.:

- Q4: Excellent performance of ADR that reached €119 (€118 in Q3) with an occupancy level of 54% (52% in Q3). Rome and Milan delivered particularly good performance. Revenue amounted to €57.8m, implying a growth of +€42.2m vs Q4 2020.
- > 12M: RevPAR of €41(+93.9%) with an occupancy rate of 38% (+66.7%) and ADR of €110 (+16.3%)
 - Revenue for the year increased by +84.8% (+€67.1m) driven by growth in Rome (+108.8%), Milan (+84.3%) and secondary cities (+83.9%).
 - Operating costs rose +29.0% (-€23.1m).
 - GOP increased by +€43.9m to €43.1m and rents grew by+€4.3m (+10.0%).
 - EBITDA in the year improved by +€39.6m or +90.5% to -€4.1m.

Benelux B.U.:

- Q4: Good ADR performance reaching €103 (€89 in Q3) despite lower occupancy (38% in Q4 and 42% in Q3) due to new restrictions since mid-November. Revenue improved vs the same quarter of 2020 by +€35.3m reaching €47.7m.
- 12M: RevPAR growth of +7.7% with an occupancy level of 27% (+8.1%) and an ADR of €92 (-0.4%).
 - Revenue grew by +2.5% (+€2.8m) in the year despite decreases in Brussels (-17.1%), Amsterdam (-13.2%) and conference hotels (-8.7%), which were offset by growth in Dutch secondary cities (+6.5%).
 - Operating costs were -12.4% lower (+€14.0m).
 - GOP increased by +€16.8m to €15.0m and rents grew by +€3.4m (+7.1%).
 - EBITDA in 2021 improved by +€13.4m or +26.9% reaching -€36.4m.



















⁽¹⁾ Includes France and Portugal

^(*) IFRS 16 not included in business performance figures

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Central Europe B.U.:

- Q4: ADR reached €84 (€80 in Q3) and occupancy 45% (50% in Q3) due to the drop of December. Revenue grew by +€74.6m vs the same period of 2020 reaching €94.2m, including the positive impact of subsidies (€36m).
- ➤ 12M: RevPAR remained virtually stable (-0.8%) in the year with an occupancy that grew +2.3% and lower prices (-3.1%).
 - Revenue grew +54.9% in the year (+€77.0m; including €79m of subsidies) with increases in Berlin (+12.1%) and Munich (+8.6%) and decreases in Frankfurt (-29.8%) and secondary cities (-10.7%).
 - Operating costs decreased by -3.3% (+€4.7m).
 - GOP improved by +€81.7m to €79.4m and rents fell -€8.4m (-9.0%).
 - Thus, EBITDA grew +€90.0m or +94.3% in the year reaching -€5.4m

Americas B.U. (2):

- Q4: Occupancy rose to 46% (35% in Q3) and ADR reached €57 (€50 in Q3). At constant exchange rates, LFL&R revenue growth amounts to +€14.1m vs the fourth quarter of 2020.
- ➤ 12M: RevPAR increase of +54.4% in the year, with an occupancy of 31% (+71.3%) while prices fell by -9.8% to €51. At constant exchange rates LFL&R revenue growth is +64.5% in the period and at real exchange rates revenue grew +60.8% due to the negative currency evolution.
 - By regions, in Mexico revenue grew by +51.7% in local currency. Including the currency evolution (+2%), at real exchange rate revenue increased by +55.1%.
 - In Argentina, revenue grew by +46.0% at constant exchange rates while reported revenue increased by +28.6% including hyperinflation and currency depreciation.
 - In Colombia y Chile, revenue increased by +69.5% in local currency and including the currency devaluation of -3%, revenue grew +64.3%.

(2) Includes IAS 29 impact in Argentina

















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Consolidated Income Statement 2021

NH HOTEL GROUP P&L ACCOUNT								
(€ million)	12M 2020 Reported	12M 2019 Reported	Var. 12M Reported					
	€ m.	€ m.	€m.	%				
TOTAL REVENUES	834.2	539.7	294.5	54.6%				
Staff Cost	(318.5)	(306.4)	(12.0)	3.9%				
Operating expenses	(295.5)	(242.9)	(52.6)	21.7%				
GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	220.2	(9.6)	229.8	N/A				
Lease payments and property taxes	(3.8)	14.3	(18.1)	N/A				
RECURRING EBITDA	216.4	4.6	211.8	N/A				
Margin % of Revenues	25.9%	0.9%	-	25.1 p.p.				
Depreciation	(107.5)	(112.3)	4.8	(4.3%)				
Depreciation IFRS	(172.8)	(184.6)	11.8	(6.4%)				
EBIT	(63.8)	(292.2)	228.4	78.2%				
Net Interest expenses	(33.3)	(35.9)	2.6	(7.3%)				
IFRS Financial expenses	(83.0)	(94.1)	11.1	(11.8%)				
Income from minority equity interestss	(1.1)	(7.5)	6.3	(84.6%)				
EBT	(181.3)	(429.7)	248.4	57.8%				
Corporate income tax	24.0	55.5	(31.5)	(56.7%)				
NET INCOME before minorities	(157.3)	(374.2)	216.9	58.0%				
Minority interests	2.3	3.2	(1.0)	(30.2%)				
NET RECURRING INCOME	(155.0)	(371.0)	215.9	58.2%				
Non Recurring EBITDA (1)	55.9	(8.7)	64.6	N/A				
Other Non Recurring items (2)	(34.5)	(57.5)	23.0	(40.0%)				
NET INCOME including Non-Recurring	(133.7)	(437.2)	303.5	69.4%				

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ Includes gross capital gains from asset rotation and severance costs

2021 Comments (1):

- Revenue increased by +54.6% (+54.9% at constant exchange rates) reaching €834.2m in the year. 2021 revenues are still -51.4% below 2019 levels.
 - In the Like for Like ("LFL") perimeter, excluding refurbishments and perimeter changes, revenue grew +53.0% (+53.2% at constant exchange rates):
 - Higher growth in southern European countries: Italy (+83.9%), Spain (+71.6%), Central Europe (+59.9%, including €79m of state aid) and Benelux (+0.0%).
 - Perimeter changes contributed with +€20m thanks to the contribution of openings in the period, mainly the Boscolo portfolio integration, NH Collection Copenhagen and NH Hannover.

Cost evolution:

- Cost control despite business recovery in the second half of the year.
- Staff costs increased by +3.9% (-€12.0m). Excluding changes of perimeter, staff costs would have grown by -€9.1m or +3.1%.
- Other operating expenses grew by +21.7% (-€52.6m). Excluding the contribution of the changes of perimeter, the increase reached -€44.3m (+19.4%).















⁽²⁾ Includes taxes from asset rotation and refinancing impacts



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- Revenue growth coupled with strong cost-containment efforts allowed to report a GOP of €220.2m in the year (+€229.8m).
- Reported leases and property taxes grew by -€18.1m mainly explained by the higher fixed rent concessions achieved in 2020.
 - Excluding changes of perimeter and the accounting impact of IFRS 16, rent savings reached €45.9m in 2021 vs €63.6m in 2020.
- Excluding IFRS 16, the recurring EBITDA⁽²⁾ improved by +€200.6m to -€89.8m, fueled by the business recovery in the second half of the year.
 - Including IFRS 16 reported EBITDA improved by +€211.8m reaching €216.4m.
- Depreciation: reduction of +€4.8m mainly due to lower Capex investments.
- Net Financial Expenses: decreased +€2.6m explained by non-cash accounting impacts (exchange results and embedded derivative from shareholder loan conversion) more than offsetting the higher gross financial debt compared to 2020 (mainly ICO Covid related loan, new Bond and shareholder loan).
- ➤ Corporate Income Tax of €24.0m. -€31.5m lower than 2020 mainly explained by the better EBT compared to last year.
- > Reported Net Recurring Income in the year reached -€155.0m, an improvement of +€215.9m vs prior year.
- Non-Recurring items reached €21.4m mainly explained by the net capital gain from the sale & leaseback of NHC Barcelona Calderón (€47m) partially offset by the one-off refinancing impacts and severance costs. 2020 additionally affected by a significant impairment provision.
- Reported Total Net Income improved by +€303.5m to -€133.7m (-€437.2m in 2020) due to business improvement and the positive contribution of non-recurring impacts compared to last year.

 $^{(2) \} Recurring \ EBITDA \ excludes \ capital \ gains \ from \ asset \ disposals, IFRS \ 16 \ and \ rent \ linearization \ accounting \ impacts$

















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Consolidated Income Statement Q4 2021

NH HOTEL GROUP P&L ACCOUNT								
(€million)	Q4 2021 Reported	Q4 2020 Reported	Var. Q4 Reported					
	€m.	€ m.	€m.	%				
TOTAL REVENUES	344.9	82.0	262.9	N/A				
Staff Cost	(103.6)	(56.4)	(47.2)	83.7%				
Operating expenses	(103.5)	(43.8)	(59.7)	N/A				
GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	137.8	(18.2)	156.0	N/A				
Lease payments and property taxes	12.4	33.8	(21.4)	(63.2%)				
RECURRING EBITDA	150.2	15.6	134.6	N/A				
Margin % of Revenues	43.6%	19.0%	_	24.5 p.p.				
Depreciation	(26.9)	(28.8)	1.9	(6.7%)				
Depreciation IFRS	(42.8)	(44.7)	1.9	(4.2%)				
EBIT	80.6	(57.8)	138.4	N/A				
Net Interest expenses	(8.1)	(12.1)	4.0	33.2%				
IFRS Financial expenses	(19.3)	(23.8)	4.5	18.9%				
Income from minority equity interestss	(0.2)	(7.0)	6.8	(96.5%)				
EBT	52.9	(100.8)	153.7	N/A				
Corporate income tax	(8.5)	5.5	(14.0)	N/A				
NET INCOME before minorities	44.5	(95.3)	139.8	N/A				
Minority interests	0.5	0.5	0.0	1.7%				
NET RECURRING INCOME	44.9	(94.8)	139.8	N/A				
Non Recurring EBITDA (1)	2.8	(6.2)	9.0	N/A				
Other Non Recurring items (2)	(6.2)	(41.1)	34.9	(84.9%)				
NET INCOME including Non-Recurring	41.5	(142.2)	183.6	N/A				

⁽¹⁾ Includes gross capital gains from asset rotation and severance costs

Q4 2021 Comments (1):

- Revenue grew by +€262.9m in the quarter reaching €344.9m despite the slowdown in December. Revenues of the quarter are still -25.2% below the reported figure of 2019. These revenues include €40m of subsidies (cash in Q1 2022).
 - Excluding subsidies, quarterly revenues are higher than the ones of previous quarter (Q3: €273.5m).
 - Reported LFL revenue growth was +€223.8m with increases across all countries despite the impact of the Omicron variant since mid-November: Spain (+€74.4m), Italy (+€34.1m), Central Europe (+€71.5m; including €36m of subsidies) and Benelux (+€31.2m).

Cost evolution:

- Efforts in cost control and efficiency measures have been maintained in the quarter, with cost growth considerably lagging revenue growth.
 - Staff costs increased by -€47.2m.
 - Other operating expenses grew by -€59.7m.
- Reported leases and property taxes increased by -€21.4m or +63.2% mainly explained by the higher fixed rent concessions achieved in the fourth quarter of 2020.

















⁽²⁾ Includes taxes from asset rotation and refinancing impacts



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- Excluding the accounting impact of IFRS 16, rent savings reached €6.3m in the fourth quarter of 2021 vs €26.6m in the same period of 2020.
- Excluding IFRS 16, the recurring EBITDA⁽²⁾ grew by +€135.0m to €54.0m what implies a conversion rate of the increase in revenue to EBITDA of 51%, reflecting strong cost control discipline amid business recovery. Excluding €40m of subsidies, positive EBITDA was reached in the quarter compared to -€7.1m in Q3 2021.
 - Including IFRS 16 reported EBITDA amounts to €150.2m driven by the recovery in the business.
- Net Financial Expenses: decreased +€4.0m mainly explained by non-cash accounting impacts and lower arranging expenses. Lower financial expenses due to RCF repayment in the second half of the year are offset by the higher financial expense related to the ICO loan and the new bond.
- **Corporate Income Tax of -€8.5m**, explained by the positive EBT performance.
- Reported Net Recurring Income in the quarter reached €44.9m vs -€94.8m in the same period of last year. It is the first positive quarter since 2019.
- Non-Recurring items reached -€3.5m mainly explained by the tax rate change in Argentina.
- **Reported Total Net Income of €41.5m**, vs -€142.2m in the fourth quarter of 2020.



















⁽²⁾ Recurring EBITDA excludes capital gains from asset disposals, IFRS 16 and rent linearization accounting impacts

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Financial Debt and Liquidity

As of 31/12/2021	Maximum			Repayment schedule								
Data in Euro million	Available	Availability	Drawn	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	Rest
Senior Credit Facilities												
Senior Secured Notes due 2026	400.0	-	400.0	-	-	-	-	400.0	-	-	-	-
Senior Secured RCF due in 2026	242.0	242.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total debt secured by the same Collateral	642.0	242.0	400.0	-	-	-	-	400.0	-	-	-	-
Other Secured loans (1)	23.4	-	23.4	3.1	2.0	5.9	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	8.0
Total secured debt	665.4	242.0	423.4	3.1	2.0	5.9	1.2	400.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	8.0
Unsecured loans	81.2	-	81.2	5.1	54.4	9.7	7.9	4.2	-	-	-	-
Unsecured credit lines	42.0	25.0	17.0	12.0	3.0	-	2.0	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated loans	40.0	-	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.0
ICO syndicated loan	250.0	-	250.0	-	-	-	-	250.0	-	-	-	
Total unsecured debt	413.2	25.0	388.2	17.1	57.4	9.7	9.9	254.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.0
Total Gross Debt	1,078.6	267.0	811.6	20.2	59.4	15.6	11.1	654.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	48.0
Cash and cash equivalents (2)			(243.9)									
Net debt			567.7	20.2	59.4	15.6	11.1	654.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	48.0
Arranging expenses			(12.7)	(2.6)	(2.7)	(2.9)	(3.0)	(1.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)
Accrued interests			9.5	9.5								
IFRS 9 (3)			4.6	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.4	-	-	-	-
Total adjusted net debt			569.1									

⁽¹⁾ Bilateral mortgage loans.

- Financial position: The reinforcement of the capital structure in 2021 with the capital increase and asset rotation led to a reduction in net financial debt from -€685m in 2020 to -€568m in 2021, with an available liquidity of €511m (€244m in cash and €267m in available credit lines) at 31 December 2021. Cash generation in the second half of the year helped to reduce net financial debt by €19m in Q3 21 (excluding the capital increase) and €10m in Q4 21.
- Liquidity reinforcement during 2021 enabled to reduce gross debt preserving liquidity. The €236m drawn amount of the RCF was fully repaid in 2021 and it is now fully available, with a limit of €242m.

















⁽²⁾ Does not include treasury stock shares. As of 31/12/21 the group had 103,447 treasury stock shares with €0.314m market value as of 31 December 2021 (€3.04/share).

⁽³⁾ IFRS 9 - The new IFRS 9 related to the accounting treatment of financial assets and liabilities with implementation on 1 January 2018. As of December 31st there is an impact on NH Hotel Group of 64.6m.

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2021 Net Financial Debt Evolution



(1) Net Financial Debt excluding accounting adjustments for arrangement expenses €12.7m, accrued interest -€9.5m and IFRS 9 adjustment -€4.6m. Including these accounting adjustments, the adjusted net financial debt would be (-€569m) at 31st December 2021 vs. (-€677m) at 31st December 2020.

Cash flow evolution in the year:

- (-) Operating Cash Flow: -€69.8m, including -€7.9m of credit card expenses and corporate income tax of +€5.5m due to a refund received in January 2021 from fiscal year 2019.
- (+) Working Capital: +€32.6, mainly explained by the supply chain management, improvement in receivable balances, increase of business with high "non-credit" component (payment at check out) and subsidies to be received in 2022.
- (+) VAT & Public Admin.: +€24.9, due to the timing effect of the business improvement and some postponement facilities of taxes in Benelux.
- (-) Capex payments: -€36.8m paid in 2021, vs -€102.6m in 2020. Capex will continue limited in the coming quarters.
- (+) Acquisitions & Disposals: +€127.3m, mainly from the S&LB of NH Collection Barcelona Calderon (+€117.2m net of taxes).
- (-) Others: mainly due to financial investment pledges for bank guarantees in reference to lease contracts, payment of provisions and debt FX effect.
- (-) Net Financials & Dividends: -€47.3m, out of which -€32.7m relates to debt interest expense and -€14.4m to refinancing fees and expenses.
- (+) Capital Increase: +€106.3m, from the capitalization of the Shareholder Loan and the capital increase addressed to minority shareholders.















Appendix





















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Appendix I: In accordance with the Directives published by the ESMA in relation to Alternative Performance Measures (APMs), below it has been defined and reconciled the APMs used by the Group within the Results Publication of 12 months of 2021.

In addition, the abridged consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2021 are shown below:

Deferred tax assets 294,005 273,013 Treasury shares and shareholdings (308) (133,667)	ASSETS	31/12/2021	31/12/2020		31/12/2021	31/12/2020
Property, plant and equipment 1,518,859 1,615,919 Share capital 871,491 1,592,352 1,615,918 Sherwes of the parent company 723,063 239,063 2,950 2,950 Reserves of the parent company 223,063 2,558,841 2,5						
Right of Use Assets 1,592,345 1,693,820 Reserves of the parent company 723,968 1,693,820 Reserves of the parent company 723,968 1,696,827 1,01,069 Reserves of companies consolidated using the equity method 1,255,844 1,254 1,254,821 1,254,82	NON-CURRENT ASSETS:			EQUITY:		
Real state investment	Property, plant and equipment	1,518,859			871,491	784,361
Social S	Right of Use Assets	1,592,345			723,963	933,173
Deferred tax assets		2,905		1	(555,894)	(349,898)
Deferred tax assets 294,005 273,013 Treasury shares and shareholdings (308)					(25,644)	(18,176)
Investments accounted for using the equity method						(162,932)
Financial Assets valued at amortized cost 2,334 1,985 Equity attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company 373,076		. ,				(367)
Other financial assets at amortised costs						(437,159)
Total non-current assets				1 4 4		749,002
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		,		-		. ,
Debt instruments and other marketable securities 395,020 Debts with credit institutions 389,943 Liabilities for operating leases 1,673,018 Deferred tax liabilities 186,359 Other financial liabilities 504 Other non-current liabilities 504 Other non-current liabilities 21,360 Provisions for contingencies and charges 44,061 Total non-current liabilities 2,710,265	Total non-current assets	3,702,317	3,894,335	Total equity	781,074	798,584
Debt instruments and other marketable securities 395,020 Debts with credit institutions 389,943 Liabilities for operating leases 1,673,018 Deferred tax liabilities 186,359 Other financial liabilities 504 Other non-current liabilities 504 Other non-current liabilities 21,360 Provisions for contingencies and charges 44,061 Total non-current liabilities 2,710,265						
Debts with credit institutions 389,943 Liabilities for operating leases 1,673,018 Deferred tax liabilities 186,359 Other financial liabilities 504 Other non-current liabilities 21,360 Provisions for contingencies and charges 44,061 Total non-current liabilities 2,710,265						
Liabilities for operating leases 1,673,018 Deferred tax liabilities 186,359 Other financial liabilities 504 Other non-current liabilities 21,360 Provisions for contingencies and charges 44,061 Total non-current liabilities 2,710,265 Other non-current liabilities 0,710,710,710,710,710,710,710,710,710,71						349,062
Deferred tax liabilities 186,359 Other financial liabilities 504 Other non-current liabilities 21,360 Other non-current liabilities 21,360 Other non-current liabilities 21,360 Other non-current liabilities 2,710,265						623,011
Other financial liabilities 504 Other non-current liabilities 504 Other non-current liabilities 51,360 Other non-current liabilities 51,360 Other non-current liabilities 50,40 Other no				1 0		1,809,120
Other non-current liabilities 21,360 Provisions for contingencies and charges 44,061 Total non-current liabilities 2,710,265						171,519
Provisions for contingencies and charges						904
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Trade and other payables CURRENT LIABILITIES: Trade and other payables with related parties S24						
CURRENT LIABILITIES: CURRENT LIABILITIES: Trade and other payables 256,676 CURRENT ASSETS: 7,957 Account payables with related parties 824 CURRENT ASSETS: 7,957 Tax payables 32,140 Inventories 13,228 5,383 Debts with credit institutions 21,281 Trade receivables 48,964 29,937 Liabilities for operating leases 252,335 Non-trade receivables 50,340 19,952 Debt instruments and other marketable securities 6,803 Tax receivables 35,772 50,547 Other financial liabilities 63 Account receivable with related parties 1,185 955 Other current liabilities 40,376						47,255
Trade and other payables Account payables Account payables with related parties 824				Total non-current liabilities	2,710,265	3,011,472
Trade and other payables Account payables Account payables with related parties 824				CURRENT LIARILITIES:		
Account payables with related parties 824					256 676	188,493
CURRENT ASSETS: 9,576 7,957 Tax payables 32,140 Inventories 13,228 5,383 Debts with credit institutions 21,281 Trade receivables 48,964 29,937 Liabilities for operating leases 252,335 Non-trade receivables 50,340 19,952 Debt instruments and other marketable securities 6,803 Tax receivables 35,772 50,547 Other financial liabilities 63 Account receivable with related parties 1,185 955 Other current liabilities 40,376				1 7		,
Inventories 13,228 5,383 Debts with credit institutions 21,281 Trade receivables 48,964 29,937 Liabilities for operating leases 252,335 Non-trade receivables 50,340 19,952 Debt instruments and other marketable securities 6,803 Tax receivables 35,772 50,547 Other financial liabilities 63 Account receivable with related parties 11,185 955 Other current liabilities 40,376	CURRENT ASSETS:	9 576	7 957			
Trade receivables48,96429,937Liabilities for operating leases252,335Non-trade receivables50,34019,952Debt instruments and other marketable securities6,803Tax receivables35,77250,547Other financial liabilities63Account receivable with related parties1,185955Other current liabilities40,376		. ,				25,927
Non-trade receivables 50,340 19,952 Debt instruments and other marketable securities 6,803 Tax receivables 35,772 50,547 Other financial liabilities 63 Account receivable with related parties 11,185 955 Other current liabilities 40,376		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Tax receivables 35,772 50,547 Other financial liabilities 63 Account receivable with related parties 1,185 955 Other current liabilities 40,376		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1 0		,
Account receivable with related parties 1,185 955 Other current liabilities 40,376			. ,			
243,730 320,031 10visions for contingencies and charges 3,473	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total current assets 402,995 435,582 Total current liabilities 613,973	•	- ,			-,	519,861
TOTAL ASSETS 4.105.312 4.329.917 NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES 4.105.312 4.329.917						-

















Madrid, 24th February 2022

NH HOTEL GROUP, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT OF 31 DECEMBER 2021 AND 2020 (Thousands of euros)

	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
Revenues	746,484	536,150
Other operating income	86,940	7,852
Net gains on disposal of non-current assets	65,108	(475)
Procurements	(32,073)	(25,378)
Staff costs	(268,614)	(268,174)
Depreciation and amortisation of Right of Use	(172,774)	(186,310)
Depreciation and amortisation of tangible and intangible assets	(107,454)	(116,167)
Net Profits/(Losses) from asset impairment	2,131	(76,258)
Other operating expenses	(318,596)	(249,481)
Gains on financial assets and liabilities and other	(966)	(222)
Profit (Loss) from entities valued through the equity method	(1,447)	(7,468)
Financial income	3,411	1,716
Change in fair value of financial instruments	1,815	323
Financial lease expenses	(83,048)	(94,106)
Financial expenses	(69,324)	(41,439)
Result from exposure to hyperinflaction	3,151	796
Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))	703	(3,774)
Impairment of financial investments	(703)	6,926
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		
FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(145,257)	(515,489)
Income tax	9,327	75,154
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD - CONTINUING	(135,930)	(440,335)
Profit (loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of tax	-	(66)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	(135,930)	(440,401)
Exchange differences	(2,857)	(21,799)
Income and expenses recognised directly in equity	(2,857)	(21,799)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE PROFIT	(138,787)	(462,200)
Profit / (Loss) for the year attributable to:		
Parent Company Shareholders	(133,667)	(437,159)
Non-controlling interests	(2,263)	(3,242)
Comprehensive Profit / (Loss) attributable to:		,
Parent Company Shareholders	(136,063)	(456,829)
Non-controlling interests	(2,724)	(5,371)

















Madrid, 24th February 2022

NH HOTEL GROUP, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ABRIDGED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 AND 2020

(Thousands of euros)

		Reserves o	of the Parent (C	ompany)	Reserves in consolida	•			Results attributable			
	Share Capital	Share premium	Legal reserve	Other reserves	Full consolidation	equity method	Currency translation reserve	Treasury shares and shareholding	to the Parent Company	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total Equity
Initial balance adjusted 01 January 2020	784,361	756,990	74,853	(54,754)	(278,348)	(18,198)	(134,967)	(1,647)	89,964	1,218,254	57,239	1,275,493
Net profit (loss) for 2020 Conversion differences	-	-	- -	- -	- -	- -	- (19,670)	<u>-</u>	(437,159)	(437,159) (19,670)	(3,242) (2,129)	(440,401) (21,799)
Recognised income and expenses for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19,670)	-	(437,159)	(456,829)	(5,371)	(462,200)
Ampliación de capital Distribution of Profit (Loss) 2019-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	- -
- To Reserves Remuneration Scheme in shares	-	-	15,894	143,046 (2,724)	(68,998)	- 22	-	- 1,525	(89,964)	(1,199)	-	(1,199)
Adjustment application of IAS 29 Distribution of dividends	= =	-	-	= =	= =	-	(8,295)	= =	-	(8,295)	(1,383) (1,179)	(9,678) (1,179)
Other movements	=	-	-	(132)	(2,552)	-	-	(245)	-	(2,929)	276	(2,653)
Balances at 31 December 2021	784,361	756,990	90,747	85,436	(349,898)	(18,176)	(162,932)	(367)	(437,159)	749,002	49,582	798,584
Initial balance adjusted 01 January 2021	784,361	756,990	90,747	85,436	(349,898)	(18,176)	(162,932)	(367)	(437,159)	749,002	49,582	798,584
Net profit (loss) for 2021 Conversion differences	-	-	-	=	=	-	- (2,396)	- -	(133,667)	(133,667) (2,396)	(2,263) (461)	(135,930) (2,857)
Recognized income and expenses for the period	-	=	-	=	-	=	(2,396)	=	(133,667)	(136,063)	(2,724)	(138,787)
Ampliación de capital Distribution of Profit (Loss) 2020-	87,130	19,462	-	(153)	-	-	-	-	-	106,439	-	106,439
- To reserves	-	-	-	(226,164)	(203,527)	(7,468)	-	-	437,159		-	
Remuneration Scheme in shares Adjustment application of IAS 29	-	-	-	(2,286)	= -	-	17,463	759 -	-	(1,527) 17,463	3,280	(1,527) 20,743
Distribution of dividends Other movements	-	-	-	(69)	(2,469)	-	-	(700)	-	(3,238)	(166) (973)	(166) (4,211)
Balances at 31 December 2021	871,491	776,452	90,747	(143,236)	(555,894)	(25,644)	(147,865)	(308)	(133,667)	732,076	48,998	781,074

















Madrid, 24th February 2022

NH HOTEL GROUP, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

$\underline{\textbf{ABRIDGED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED}}$ 31 DECEMBER 2021 AND 2020

(Thousands of euros)

	31.12.2021	31.12.2020
1. OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Consolidated profit before tax: Adjustments:	(145,257)	(515,489)
Depreciation of tangible and amortisation of intangible assets (+)	172,774	186,310
	107,454	116,167
Impairment losses (net) (+/-)	(2,131)	76,258
Gains/Losses on the sale of tangible and intangible assets (+/-) Gains/Losses on investments valued using the equity method (+/-)	(65,108) 1,447	475 7,468
Financial income (-)	(3,411)	(1,716)
Variation in fair value of financial instruments (+)	(1,815)	(323)
Financial expenses (+) Results from exposure to hyperinflation (IAS 29)	152,372	135,545 (796)
Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))	(3,151)	3,774
Profit (loss) on disposal of financial investments	966	222
Impairment on financial investments	703	(6,926)
Other non-monetary items (+/-)	(48,701)	(47,047)
Adjusted profit	165,439	(46,078)
Net variation in assets / liabilities:		
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	(1,619)	3,410
(Increase)/Decrease in trade debtors and other accounts receivable	(1,538)	70,024
(Increase)/Decrease in other current assets Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	13,757 71,328	(28,015) (68,586)
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	10,780	(30,875)
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions for contingencies and expenses	(10,031)	(2,579)
(Increase)/Decrease in non-current assets	(312)	254
Increase/(Decrease) in non-current liabilities Income tax paid	436 444	518 7,834
•		
Total net cash flow from operating activities (I)	248,684	(94,093)
2. INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES		
Other financial incomes/collected dividends Investments (-):	816	155
Group companies, joint ventures and associates	-	(64,057)
Tangible and intangible assets and investments in property	(36,837)	(105,464)
	(7,527) (44,364)	(169,521)
Disinvestment (+):		26,918
Group companies, joint ventures and associates Tangible and intangible assets and investments in property	128,160	4,798
Other assets	7,415	-
	135,575	31,716
Total net cash flow from investment activities (II)	92,027	(137,650)
3. FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Dividends paid out (-)	(143)	(1,176)
Interest paid on debts (-)	(55,888)	(34,250)
Financial expenses for means of payment	(7,929)	(6,459)
Interest paid on debts and other interest Variations in (+/-):	(47,959)	(27,791)
Equity instruments		_
Equity instruments	5,094	
- Treasury shares	5,094 1,224 (770)	(298.00)
- Treasury shares	1,224	(298.00)
- Treasury shares Debt instruments:	1,224	(298.00)
- Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Bonds and other tradable securities (+)	1,224 (770)	-
- Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+)	1,224 (770) 400,000 (356,850) 2,484	- - 821,700
- Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-)	1,224 (770) 400,000 (356,850) 2,484 (241,355)	- - 821,700
- Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+)	1,224 (770) 400,000 (356,850) 2,484	(298.00) - - 821,700 (278,900) - (244,785)
- Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Loans from redit institutions (-) - Loans from redit institutions (+)	1,224 (770) 400,000 (356,850) 2,484 (241,355) 100,000	821,700 (278,900)
- Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Principal elements of lease payments (-)	1,224 (770) 400,000 (356,850) 2,484 (241,355) 100,000 (271,847)	821,700 (278,900) - (244,785)
- Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Principal elements of lease payments (-) - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III)	1,224 (770) 400,000 (356,850) 2,484 (241,355) 100,000 (271,847) (102) (418,153)	821,700 (278,900 (244,785 (79
- Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Principal elements of lease payments (-) - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III)	1,224 (770) 400,000 (356,850) 2,484 (241,355) 100,000 (271,847) (102) (418,153)	821,700 (278,900 - (244,785 (79 262,212 30,469
- Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Principal elements of lease payments (-) - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV)	1,224 (770) 400,000 (356,850) 2,484 (241,355) 100,000 (271,847) (102) (418,153)	821,700 (278,900 - (244,785 (79 262,212 30,469 (1,726
- Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Principal elements of lease payments (-) - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV) 6. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V)	1,224 (770) 400,000 (356,850) 2,484 (241,355) 100,000 (271,847) (102) (418,153) (77,442) 521	821,700 (278,900 - (244,785 (79 262,212 30,469 (1,726
- Treasury shares Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Bonds and other tradable securities (+) - Loans from credit institutions (+) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Loans from credit institutions (-) - Council (-) - Principal elements of lease payments (-) - Other financial liabilities (+/-) Total net cash flow from financing activities (III) 4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III) 5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV)	1,224 (770) 400,000 (356,850) 2,484 (241,355) 100,000 (271,847) (102) (418,153)	821,700 (278,900) - (244,785) (79)

















Madrid, 24th February 2022

A) Definitions

EBITDA (excl. IFRS 16): Result before tax of continuing operations and before: net result from the disposal of non-current assets, depreciation, net loss from asset impairment, the result on disposal of financial investments, the result of entities valued by the equity method, financial income, change in the fair value of financial instruments, financing costs (except for credit card costs, which are considered to be operating cost) and net exchange differences. This APM is used to measure the purely operating results of the Group.

RevPAR: The result of multiplying the average daily price for a specific period by the occupancy in that period. This APM is used for comparison of average income per hotel room with other companies in the sector.

Average Daily Rate (ADR): The ratio of total room revenue for a specific period divided by the rooms sold in that specific period. This APM is used to compare average hotel room prices with those of other companies in the sector.

LFL&R (Like for Like with refurbishments): We define LFL with refurbishments as the group of fully operated hotels in a 24-month period plus the refurbishments made in the last two years. It excludes those hotels that have just been opened or closed and that have therefore not been fully operational for 24 months. This APM is used to analyse operating results for the year in a manner comparable with those of previous periods excluding the impact of hotel refurbishments.

Below it has been provided a breakdown of the "Total Revenues" line split into "LFL and refurbishments" and "Openings, closings and other effects" to illustrate the above explanation:

		12M 2021	12M 2020
		M Eur.	M Eur.
Total revenues	A+B	834.2	539.7
Total recurring revenue LFL & Refurbishment	Α	787.9	513.7
Openings, closing & others	В	46.3	26.0

It has been provided a reconciliation for the "Total Revenues" line in Point II for the period of 12 months ended 31 December 2021.

Net Financial Debt (excl. IFRS 16): Gross financial debt less cash and other equivalent liquid assets, excluding arrangement expenses and accrued interest. Gross financial debt includes both non-current liabilities and current obligations for bonds and other negotiable securities and debt to lending institutions.

Capex: Investments made on assets for improvement and development that have meant a cash outflow during the year. Obtained from the investments in fixed and intangible assets and property investments shown on the statement of cash flows on the consolidated financial statements.

GOP (Gross operating profit): The gross operating profit obtained from EBITDA plus costs of leases and property taxes, as follows:

Conversion Rate: This measures the proportion of revenue that has been transferred to EBITDA. It is calculated by dividing the change in EBITDA by the change in total revenue.

B) Reconciliation of the APM to the most directly reconcilable item, subtotal or total in the financial statements:

The following significant APMs are contained in the Earnings Report of 12 months of 2021:

















Madrid, 24th February 2022

I. ADR and RevPAR

Earnings Report of 12 months of 2021 details the cumulative evolution of RevPAR and ADR in the following tables:

		NH	HOTEL GR	OUP REVP	AR 12M 202	R 12M 2021/2020					
	AVERAGE	ROOMS	00	CCUPANCY			ADR			REVPAR	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	% Var	2021	2020	% Var	2021	2020	% Var
Spain & Others LFL & R	11,608	11,422	46.0%	27.7%	66.2%	90.1	81.9	10.0%	41.4	22.6	82.8%
B.U. Spain Consolidated	12,041	12,220	46.0%	27.9%	64.7%	89.2	80.3	11.1%	41.0	22.4	83.0%
Italy LFL & R	7,265	7,272	37.8%	22.7%	66.7%	109.6	94.2	16.3%	41.4	21.4	93.9%
B.U. Italy Consolidated	7,844	7,658	36.6%	22.2%	65.0%	114.4	95.8	19.4%	41.9	21.3	96.9%
Benelux LFL & R	8,480	8,484	26.6%	24.6%	8.1%	92.0	92.4	-0.4%	24.5	22.7	7.7%
B.U. Benelux Consolidated	9,635	9,799	25.6%	22.8%	12.6%	96.6	94.4	2.2%	24.8	21.5	15.1%
Central Europe LFL & R	11,809	11,808	29.6%	29.0%	2.3%	79.9	82.4	-3.1%	23.7	23.9	-0.8%
B.U. Central Europe Consolidated	12,459	12,353	29.5%	28.6%	3.0%	81.3	82.0	-0.9%	23.9	23.5	2.0%
Total Europe LFL & R	39,162	38,986	35.3%	26.5%	33.5%	91.7	86.2	6.4%	32.4	22.8	42.1%
Total Europe Consolidated	41,978	42,029	34.7%	25.9%	33.9%	93.4	86.2	8.4%	32.4	22.3	45.2%
Latinamerica LFL & R	5,495	5,495	31.2%	18.2%	71.3%	51.4	57.1	-9.8%	16.1	10.4	54.4%
B.U. Latinamerica Consolidated	5,495	5,495	31.2%	18.2%	71.3%	51.4	57.1	-9.8%	16.1	10.4	54.4%
NH Hotels LFL & R	44,657	44,481	34.8%	25.4%	36.9%	87.2	83.6	4.4%	30.4	21.3	42.9%
Total NH Consolidated	47,473	47,524	34.3%	25.0%	37.1%	89.0	83.7	6.3%	30.5	20.9	45.7%

Below it is explained how the aforementioned data has been calculated:

		12M 2021	12M 2020
		€ Thousand	€ Thousand
A	Room revenues	522,778	348.180
	Other revenues	223,706	187.970
	Revenues according to profit & loss statement	746,484	536,150
В	Thousand of room nights	5,875	4,160
A/B = C	ADR	89.0	83.7
D	Occupancy	34.3%	25.0%
C x D	RevPAR	30.5	20.9

II. INCOME STATEMENT 12 MONTHS OF 2021 AND 2020

The Earnings Report of 12 months of breaks down the table entitled "Recurring hotel activity" obtained from the "Consolidated Income Statement" appearing in the same Earnings Report.

Below it has been provided a conciliation between the consolidated income statement and the abridged consolidated comprehensive income statements:

















Madrid, 24th February 2022

12M 2021

	Income	Financial	Financial expenses for means of			Scrapping and non recurring	other non	P&L according to the Financial	
	Statements	Statements	payment	Oursourcing	Assets Disposal	depreciation	recurring	Statements	
APM Total revenues	834.2	(834.2)	-	-	-	-	-		
Revenues	-	746.0	-	-	0.5	-	-	746.5	Revenues
Other operating income	-	86.9	-	-	-	-	-	86.9	Other operating income
APM TOTAL REVENUES	834.2	(1.3)	-	-	0.5	-	-	833.4	
Net gains on disposal of non-current assets		_			2.0	63.1		65.1	Net gains on disposal of non-current assets
APM Staff Cost	(318.5)	-		58.9	2.0	05.1	(9.1)	(268.6)	Staff costs
APM Operating expenses	(295.5)	30.7	- 7.9	(58.9)	•	•	(2.8)	(318.6)	Other operating expenses
APM Operating expenses Procurements	(293.3)	(32.1)	7.9	(38.9)	-	-	(2.8)	(32.1)	Procurements
Procurements	•	(32.1)	-	-	-	-	-	(32.1)	Procurements
APM GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	220.2	(2.6)	7.9	-	2.5	63.1	(11.9)	279.2	
APM Lease payments and property taxes	(3.8)	3.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	
APM EBITDA	216.4	1.2	7.9	-	2.5	63.1	(11.9)	279.2	
Net Profits/(Losses) from asset impairment	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	-	2.1	Net Profits/(Losses) from asset impairment
APM Depreciation	(280.2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(280.2)	Depreciation and amortisation charges
APM FBIT	(63.8)	1.2	7.9		2.5	65.2	(11.9)	1.2	
Gains on financial assets and liabilities and liabilities and other	(05.0)	(1.0)	-		-	-	(11.2)	(1.0)	Gains on financial assets and liabilities and other
Impairment Financial Investments	_	(0.7)	_	_	_	_	_	(0.7)	Impairment Financial investments
APM Interest expense	(116.3)	(24.9)	(7.9)				_	(149.2)	Finance costs
Finance Income	(110.5)	3.4	(1.5)				_	3.4	Finance income
Change in fair value of financial instruments	_	1.8			_	_		1.8	Change in fair value of financial instruments
Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))	-	0.7	_	_				0.7	Net exchange differences (Income/(Expemse))
APM Income from minority equity interests	(1.1)	(0.3)	_	_	_	_	_	(1.4)	Profit (loss) from companies accounted for using the equity metho
APM EBT	(181.3)	(19.8)	-	_	2.5	65.2	(11.9)	(145.3)	Profit (loss) before tax from continuing operations
APM Corporate Income Tax	24.0	(4.5)			-	(10.2)	- (11.5)	9.3	Income tax
APM Net Income before minorities	(157.3)	(24.3)	-	-	2.5	55.0	(11.9)	(135.9)	Profit for the financial year - continuing
rofit/ (Loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of tax	(137.3)	- (24.5)	-	-	-	-	- (11.2)	- (133.7)	Profit (loss) for the year form discontinued operations net of tax
APM NET INCOME before minorities	(157.3)	(24.3)	-	-	2.5	55.0	(11.9)	(135.9)	Profit for the financial year - continuing
APM Minority interests	2.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.3	Non-controlling interests
APM Net Recurring Income	(155.0)	(24.3)	-	-	2.5	55.0	(11.9)	(133.7)	Profits for the year attibutable to Parent Company Shareholders
APM Non Recurring EBITDA	55.9	(1.2)	-	-	(2.5)	(64.0)	11.9	(/	Jan San San San San San San San San San S
APM Other Non Recurring items	(34.5)	25.5	_	_	-	9.0	-		
APM NET INCOME including Non-Recurring	(133.7)	-	-	-				(133.7)	Profits for the year attibutable to Parent Company Shareholders

















Madrid, 24th February 2022

12M 2020

		Reclasification	Financial				Claims, severance		
		according to the	expenses for			Scrapping and non		P&L according to	
	Income	Financial	means of			recurring	other non	the Financial	
A TO A TO A S	Statements	Statements	payment	Oursourcing	Assets Disposal	depreciation	recurring	Statements	*
APM Total revenues	539.7	(539.7)	-	-	-	•	-	50.50	_
Revenues	-	535.9	-	-	0.3	•	-	536.2	Revenues
Other operating income	-	7.9	-	-	-	-	-	7.9	Other operating income
APM TOTAL REVENUES	539.7	4.0	-	-	0.3	-	-	544.0	
Net gains on disposal of non-current assets	_				0.6	(1.1)		(0.5)	Net gains on disposal of non-current assets
APM Staff Cost	(306.4)	-	-	44.4	0.6	(1.1)	(6.2)	(268.2)	Staff costs
	(242.9)	38.5	6.5	(44.4)	•	•	(7.1)	(249.5)	Other operating expenses
APM Operating expenses		(25.4)	0.3	(44.4)	-	-	` '		1 0 1
Procurements	-	(25.4)	-	-	-	•	=	(25.4)	Procurements
APM GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	(9.6)	17.2	6.5	-	0.9	(1.1)	(13.3)	0.5	
APM Lease payments and property taxes	14.3	(14.3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
APM EBITDA	4.6	2.9	6.5	-	0.9	(1.1)	(13.3)	0.5	
Net Profits/(Losses) from asset impairment	-	5.6	-	-	-	(81.9)	-	(76.3)	Net Profits/(Losses) from asset impairment
APM Depreciation	(296.9)	(5.6)	-	-	-	-	-	(302.5)	Depreciation and amortisation charges
	(202.2)					(02.0)	(12.2)	(2=0.0)	
APMEBIT	(292.2)	2.9	6.5	-	0.9	(83.0)	(13.3)	(378.2)	
Gains on financial assets and liabilities and liabilities and other	-	(0.2)	-	-	-	-	-	(0.2)	Gains on financial assets and liabilities and other
Impairment Financial Investments	-	6.9	-	-	-	-	-	6.9	Impairment Financial investments
APM Interest expense	(130.0)	1.7	(6.5)	-	-	-	-	(134.7)	Finance costs and Result from hyperinflation (IAS 29)
Finance Income	-	1.7	-	-	-	-	-	1.7	Finance income
Change in fair value of financial instruments	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	Change in fair value of financial instruments
Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))	-	(3.8)	-	-	-	-	-	(3.8)	Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))
APM Income from minority equity interests	(7.5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7.5)	Profit (loss) from companies accounted for using the equity method
APMEBT	(429.7)	9.6	-	-	0.9	(83.0)	(13.3)	(515.5)	Profit (loss) before tax from continuing operations
APM Corporate Income Tax	55.5	19.6	-	-	-	-	-	75.2	Income tax
APM Net Income before minorities	(374.2)	29.2	-	-	0.9	(83.0)	(13.3)	(440.3)	Profit for the financial year - continuing
Profit/ (Loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of tax	-	(0.1)	-	-	-	-	-	(0.1)	Profit (loss) for the year form discontinued operations net of tax
APM NET INCOME before minorities	(374.2)	29.2	-	-	0.9	(83.0)	(13.3)	(440.4)	Profit for the financial year - continuing
APM Minority interests	3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.2	Non-controlling interests
APM Net Recurring Income	(371.0)	29.2	-	-	0.9	(83.0)	(13.3)	(437.2)	Profits for the year attibutable to Parent Company Shareholders
APM Non Recurring EBITDA	(8.7)	(2.9)	-	-	(0.9)	(0.8)	13.3		
APM Other Non Recurring items	(57.5)	(26.3)	-		-	83.8			
APM NET INCOME including Non-Recurring	(437.2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(437.2)	Profits for the year attibutable to Parent Company Shareholders

















Madrid, 24th February 2022

III. DEBT AND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021 AND 31 DECEMBER 2020 III.1 Debt presented in the earnings report of 12 Months of 2021.

As of 31/12/2021	Maximum					Matu	ırities		
Data in Euro million	Available	Availability	Drawn	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Remainder
Mortgage loans	23,434	-	23,434	3,070	2,007	5,919	1,237	767	10,434
Fixed rate	20,814	-	20,814	2,469	1,396	5,299	608	608	10,434
Variable rate	2,620	-	2,620	601	611	620	629	159	-
Subordinated loans	40,000	-	40,000	-	-	-	-	-	40,000
Variable rate	40,000	-	40,000	-	-	-	-	-	40,000
Guaranteed senior notes mat. in 2026	400,000	-	400,000	-	-	-	-	400,000	-
Fixed rate	400,000	-	400,000	-	-	-	-	400,000	-
Unsecured loans	331,208	-	331,208	5,090	54,391	9,712	7,855	254,160	-
Fixed rate	8,112	-	8,112	1,057	2,151	1,872	1,905	1,127	-
Variable rate	323,096	-	323,096	4,033	52,240	7,840	5,950	253,033	-
Secured credit line	242,000	242,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variable rate	242,000	242,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit lines	42,000	25,000	17,000	12,000	3,000	-	2,000	-	-
Variabel rate	42,000	25,000	17,000	12,000	3,000	-	2,000	-	-
Borrowing at 30/06/2021	1,078,642	267,000	811,642	20,160	59,398	15,631	11,092	654,927	50,434
Arrangement expenses	(12,730)	-	a (12,730)	(2,642)	(2,744)	(2,861)	(2,974)	(1,212)	(297)
IFRS 9	4,616	-	b 4,616	1,047	1,059	1,071	1,080	359	-
Accrued interests	9,519	-	c 9,519	9,519	-	-	-	-	-
Adjusted total debt at 31/12/2021	1,080,047	267,000	813,047	28,084	57,713	13,841	9,198	654,074	50,137
Adjusted total debt at 31/12/2020	1,023,143	25,000	998,143	26,070	7,860	891,306	10,239	7,472	55,196

III.2 Statement of cash flows included in the earnings report of 12 Months of 2021.

Net financial debt as of 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020 has been obtained from the consolidated balance sheet at 31 December 2021 and from the consolidated financial statements for 31 December 2020 and is as follows:

	31/12/2021	31/12/2020	VAR.
Debt instruments and other marketable securities according to financial statements	395,020	349,062	
Bank borrowings according to financial statements	389,943	623,011	
Bank borrowings and debt instruments ans other marketable securities according to financial statements	784,963	972,073	
Debt instruments and other marketable securities according to financial statements	6,803	143	
Bank borrowings according to financial statements	21,281	25,927	
Bank borrowings and debt instruments ans other marketable securities according to financial statements	28,084	26,070	
Total Bank borrowings and debt instruments ans other marketable securities according to financial statements	813,047	998,143	
Arrangement expenses	a 12,730	10,917	
IFRS 9	b (4,616)	4,316	
Borrowing costs	c (9,519)	(7,357)	
APM Gross debt	811,642	1,006,019	
Cash and cash equivalents according to financial statements	(243,930)	(320,851)	
APM Net Debt	B 567,712	A 685,168	(117,456)
Liabilities for operating leases (Current and non current)	1,925,353	2,059,739	
APM Net with Debt IFRS 16	2,493,065	2,744,907	(251,842)

The following chart reconciles the change in net financial debt shown in the earnings report of 12 months of 2021:













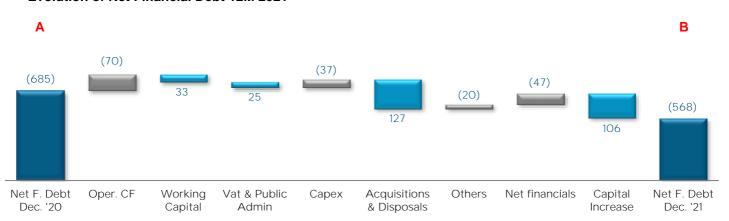






Madrid, 24th February 2022

Evolution of Net Financial Debt 12M 2021



To do so, it has been taken each heading from the statement of cash flows in the financial statements as at 31 December 2021 and shown the grouping:

			VAT & Public		Acquistions &				
	Oper. CF	Working capital	Admin	Capex	Disposals	Others	Net Financials	Capital Increase	Total
Total	69.8	(32.6)	(24.9)	36.8	(127.3)	19.7	47.3		(117.5)
Adjusted profit (loss)	(67.4)								(67.4)
Income tax paid	5.5								5.5
Financial expenses for means of payments	(7.9)								(7.9)
(Increase)/Dec	rease in inventories	(1.6)							(1.6)
(Increase)/Decrease in trade debtors and other	accounts receivable	(1.5)							(1.5)
(Increase)/Decrea	se in trade payables	35.8							35.8
(Increase)/I	Decrease in VAT & pu	blic Administration	24.9						24.9
	Tangible and intan	gible assets and inve	stments in property_	(36.8)					(36.8)
			npanies, join venture		7.4				7.4
	Ta	angible and intangibl	le assets and investm	ents in property	119.9				119.9
					e in current assets_	(8.1)			(8.1)
		(Increase	e)/Decrease in provisi	on for contingen		(10.0)			(10.0)
					Treasury shares_	(0.8)			(8.0)
					cial liabilities (+/-)	(0.1)			(0.1)
			change rate variation:			(1.1)			(1.1)
		Increase/(Decreas	se) in other non curre	ent assets and lial	bilities and others_	0.4			0.4
			Interests paid in debt	s and other inter			(48.0)		(48.0)
						Dividends paid	(0.1)		(0.1)
						Finance Income	0.8		0.8
							Capital Increase	106.3	106.3

All of the aforementioned information has been obtained from the consolidated statement of cash flows from 31 December 2021 which we include at the beginning of this appendix.

The aforementioned APMs have been defined and used from the standpoint of analysing the management of the business and the sector; the measures arising from the financial statements can be interpreted and are directly comparable to those of other groups in the sector and, therefore, APMs are not more relevant than the financial statements themselves. The earnings report, which includes the aforementioned APMs, is published at the end of each quarter to provide periodic information on the business' evolution and management to investors and analysts. In addition, half-yearly and annual financial statements are published complying with the filing requirements established in the applicable accounting regulations.



















Madrid, 24th February 2022

Appendix II: Portfolio changes & current portfolio

New agreements, openings and exits

Hotels signed from 1st January to 31st December 2021

City / Country	Contract	# Rooms	Opening
Santiago del Estero / Argentina	Management	97	2022
Cali / Colombia	Management	48	2022
TOTAL SIGNED HOTELS		145	

Hotels opened from 1st January to 31st December 2021

Hotels	City / Country	Contract	# Rooms
NH Hannover	Hannover / Germany	Leased	91
NH Collection Venezia Murano Villa	Murano / Italy	Management	104
NH Collection Copenhagen	Copenhagen / Denmark	Leased	394
TOTAL OPENINGS			589

Hotels exiting from 1st January to 31st December 2021

Hotels	City / Country	Month	Contract	# Rooms
NH Cornella	Barcelona / Spain	January	Leased	78
Tivoli Évora Ecoresort	Evora / Portugal	February	Franchised	56
NH Firenze Anglo American	Florence / Italy	February	Leased	115
NH Collection León Expo	Leon / Mexico	February	Management	141
NH Collection Venezia Palazzo Barocci	Venice / Italy	March	Leased	59
NH Collection Palacio de Avilés	Aviles / Spain	June	Management	78
NH Salamanca Puerta de la Catedral	Salamanca / Spain	June	Leased	37
NH Porta Barcelona	Barcelona / Spain	June	Leased	99
NH Bucharest	Bucharest / Romania	July	Management	76
NH Sant Boi	Barcelona / Spain	November	Leased	124
TOTAL EXITS				863















Madrid, 24th February 2022

HOTELS OPENED BY COUNTRY AT 31ST DECEMBER 2021

Business Unit	Country	TOTAL		Leased			Owned		Management		Franchised	
		Hotels	Rooms	Call Option	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms
BU Benelux	Belgium	13	2,271		6	1,203	7	1,068				
	Luxembourg	1	148				1	148				
	The Netherlands	34	7,223	2	21	4,002	12	2,770	1	451		
	United Kingdom	2	311		1	121			1	190		
	Ireland	1	187		1	187						
BU Benelux		51	10,140	2	29	5,513	20	3,986	2	641		
BU Central Europe	Austria	7	1,340	1	7	1,340						
	Czech Republic	4	733		1	152			3	581		
	Germany	55	10,187	2	50	9,187	5	1,000				
	Hungary	3	483		3	483						
	Poland	1	93								1	93
	Romania	1	83		1	83						
	Slovakia	1	117						1	117		
	Switzerland	2	260		2	260						
	Denmark	1	394		1	394						
BU Central Europe		75	13,690	3	65	11,899	5	1,000	4	698	1	93
BU Italy	Italy	56	8,422	1	39	5,957	13	1,872	4	593		
BU Italy		56	8,422	1	39	5,957	13	1,872	4	593		
BU Spain	Andorra	1	60						1	60		
	Spain	92	11,371		65	8,376	12	1,722	10	881	5	392
	Portugal	16	2,753		5	854			11	1,899		
	France	5	871		4	721			1	150		
	Tunisia	1	93						1	93		
	USA	1	288				1	288				
BU Spain		116	15,436		74	9,951	13	2,010	24	3,083	5	392
BU America	Argentina	15	2,144				12	1,524	3	620		
	Brazil	1	178		1	178						
	Colombia	13	1,355		13	1,355						
	Cuba	2	251						2	251		
	Chile	5	584				4	499	1	85		
	Ecuador	1	124		1	124						
	Haiti	1	72						1	72		
	Mexico	16	2,531		7	993	4	685	5	853		
	Uruguay	1	136				1	136				
BU America		55	7,375		22	2,650	21	2,844	12	1,881		
TOTAL OPEN		353	55,063	6	229	35,970	72	11,712	46	6,896	6	485

















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SIGNED PROJECTS AS OF 31ST DECEMBER 2021

After the latest negotiations and cancellation of signed projects, the following hotels and rooms are still to be opened:

Business Unit	Country	TO	TAL	Leased		Management	
		Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms
BU Central Europe	Germany	2	773	2	773		
BU Central Europe		2	773	2	773		
BU Italy	Italy	4	505	3	467	1	38
BU Italy		4	505	3	467	1	38
BU Spain	Spain	1	63	1	63		
	Portugal	1	150			1	150
	France	1	152	1	152		
BU Spain		3	365	2	215	1	150
BU America	Chile	2	281			2	281
	Mexico	3	369			3	369
	Peru	1	265			1	265
	Argentina	1	97			1	97
	Colombia	1	48			1	48
BU America		8	1,060			8	1,060
TOTAL SIGNED		17	2,703	7	1,455	10	1,248

Details of committed investment for the hotels indicated above by year of execution:

	2022	2023
Expected Investment (€ millions)	13.7	6.1





































2021 Results Presentation Conference Call

Friday 25th of February 2022, 12.00 (CET)

NH Hotel Group invites you to take part in a conference call to discuss its results presentation:

Speakers Mr. Ramón Aragonés (CEO) and

Mr. Luis Martínez (CFO)

Date 25/02/2022

Time 12.00 (CET)

TELEPHONE NUMBER & PIN CODE FOR THE CONFERENCE
Participant's access - 10 minutes before the conference starts

SPAIN

+34 91 114 01 01 PIN CODE: 74923360#

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Telephone number for the playback: +34 91 038 74 91 Access code: +34 91 038 74 91