



2021 Presentation of results 6M2021 Grupo Catalana Occidente



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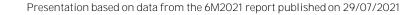
- Income statement
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Keys of the period



Key financial figures



Economic and sectoral environment



€2,639.5M Turnover €219.4M Attributable result



Sound solvency position 5.2% long-term capital at market value



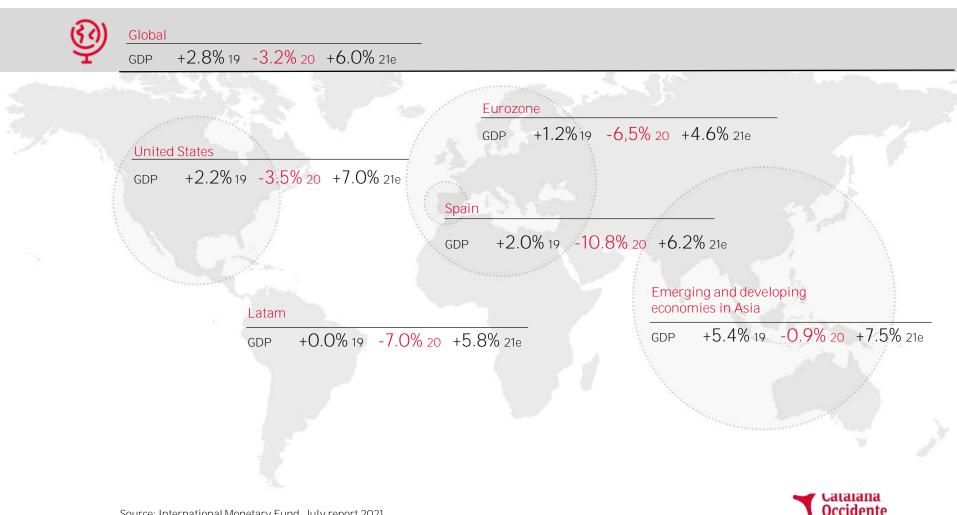
+5% Shareholder remuneration of the first dividend for the financial year 2021



4

Global economic environment

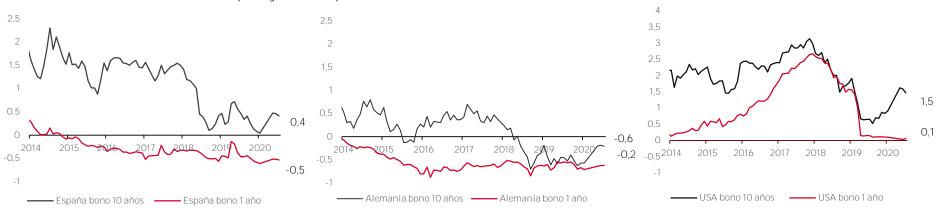
COVID-19: strong impact on growth in the economy



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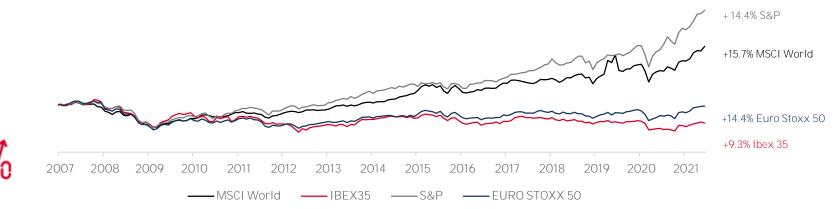
Financial markets

Accommodative policy that keeps interest rates at minimums



Stock Markets

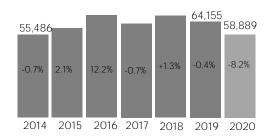
Revaluation 2020 - 6M2021



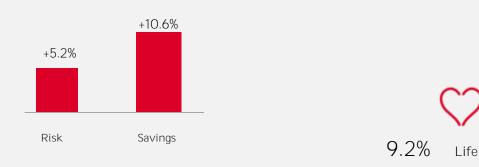


The insurance industry in Spain

Increase in insurance sector turnover in Spain driven by life premiums

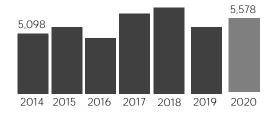


Insurance sector premiums 6M2021: 5.5%



Technical account result

Premiums (€M)





Source: ICEA July 2021



Key financial figures



Economic and sectoral environment





Sound solvency position 5.2% long-term capital at market value



+5% Shareholder remuneration of the first dividend for the financial year 2021



Grupo Catalana Occidente in 6M2021

	(figures in € million		
	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21
Traditional business	1,499.0	1,525.7	1.8%
Recurring premiums	1,350.8	1,374.9	1.8%
Single premiums life	148.2	150.8	1.8%
Credit insurance business	1,023.4	1,113.8	8.8%
Turnover	2,522.4	2,639.5	4.6%

	(figures in € mil		
Results	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21
Recurring result from traditional business	128.8	130.1	1.0%
Recurring result from credit insurance business	35.8	108.2	202.2%
Non-recurring result	-9.0	0.5	
Consolidated result	155.6	238.8	53.5%
Attributed result	149.3	219.4	47.0%



GCO: actions during the COVID-19 crisis

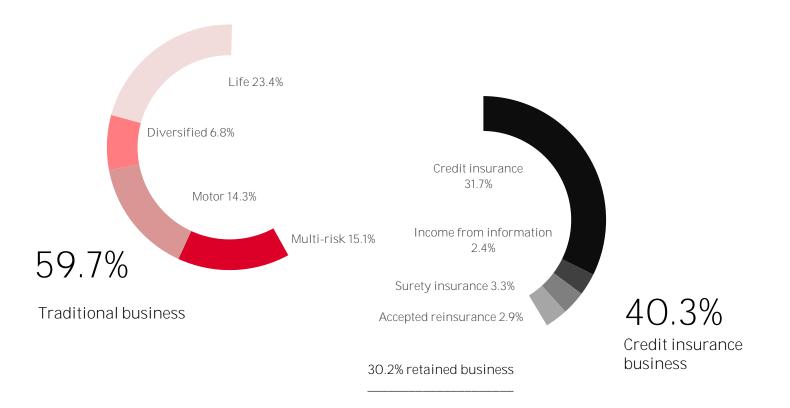
- Employee protection and operational support.
 - Ensure employee protection and continuity of work. Teleworking of all our employees.
 - We are still operational under extreme conditions.
- Maintenance of customer service.
 - Continuity in the relationship with the customer through telematic means.
 - Continuity in customer service for expert opinions, repairs, agency offices, etc...
- Measures aimed at the traditional business.
 - Flexibility in payment of receipts, instalments and deferment.
 - Adaptation of prices according to the circumstances of the risk and the customer,
 - 24-hour medical guidance by telephone for any insured party, video consultation of medical staff and cyber-risk protection in teleworking.
- Measures aimed at the credit insurance business.
 - Flexibility in payment of receipts, instalments and deferment.
 - Flexibility in the period of declaration of non-payment, extending it by 30 days.
 - Discussions with the various governments to support commercial activity through credit insurance.
- Measures to support society.
 - Participation with UNESPA in a fund to protect health workers facing COVID-19.
 - The Fundación Jesús Serra collaborates with Save the Children and supports the CSIC for research in a future vaccine.
 - Support from the innovation programme to overcome the health challenges caused: Beat the Vid.
 - The Group supports more than 20,000 suppliers affected by COVID-19 through interest-free advances.



Diversification Grupo Catalana Occidente 12M2020



Balanced portfolio, complete offer



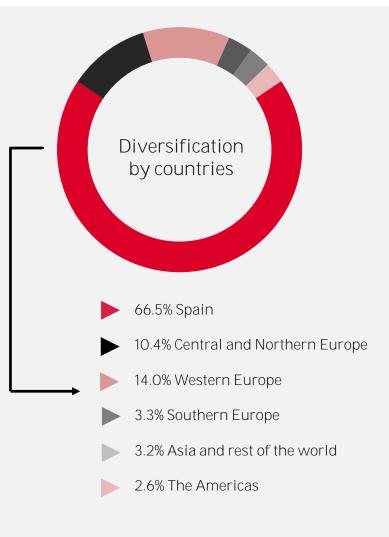


Global Presence

5th Largest insurance group in Spain

2nd Largest credit insurance group in the world

50 countries 1,600 offices





Sustainability

Grupo Catalana Occidente subscribes to the principles of the United Nations Global Compact and the Principles for Sustainability in Insurance (PSI) and has adhered to the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI). Furthermore, through current activity and social action, it contributes to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) defined by the UN by promoting aspects such as economic growth and progress, equal opportunities, quality learning, energy efficiency and health and welfare care.

Employees and diversity

- More than 96% permanent contracts
- Work-life balance and diversity programmes
- Flexible working
- We are committed to guaranteeing: equal opportunities, fair pay, lifelong learning and facilitating work-life balance.



Sustainability policy

In January 2021, the Board of Directors approved the Group's new Sustainability Policy, focusing its strategy on the creation of long-term sustainable social value, as well as the management of social, environmental and good governance risks.



Key financial figures



Economic and sectoral environment



€2,639.5M Turnover €219.4M Attributable result



Sound solvency position 5.2% long-term capital at market value



+5% Shareholder remuneration of the first dividend for the financial year 2021



Share price evolution

Shares in Grupo Catalana Occidente end the first half of 2021 at €32.6/share



Profitability (YTD)	2019	2020	6M2021	TACC 2002 -6M21
GCO	-4.45%	-6.42%	11.66%	12.56%
Ibex 35	11.82%	-15.45%	9.26%	2.07%
EuroStoxx Insurance	24.44%	-19.04%	6.74%	3.15%

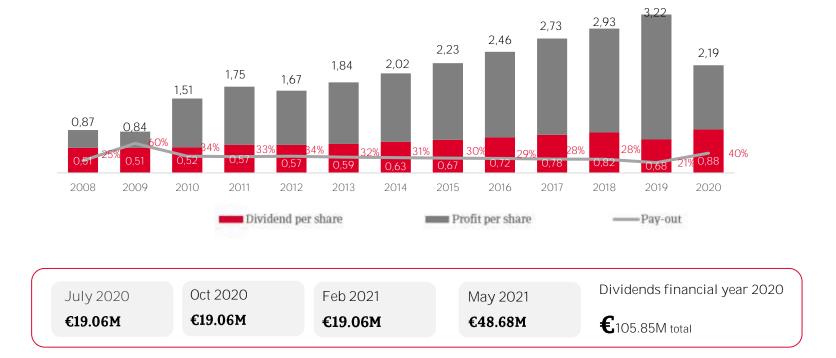


* Compound annual growth rate

01

5% increase of the first dividend for the financial year 2021

The historical pattern of dividend distribution demonstrates the clear commitment of the Group to remunerate its shareholders.



July 2021 €20.00 M





02 Information 6M2021





Information 6M2021

Income statement Traditional business Credit insurance business Capital, investments and solvency



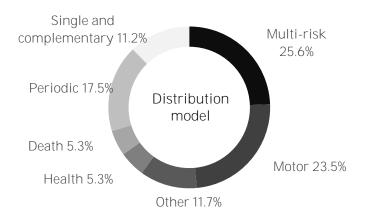
Traditional business

+1.8% €1,374.9M Recurring premiums

87.9% -0.5 p.p. Combined ratio

+1.1% €135.8M Technical result

+1.0% **€130.1M** Recurring result



COVID-19 Impact:

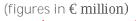
The impact of the health crisis has resulted in a lower ratio combined with a lower claims frequency, most notably in the health and motor branches.



Traditional business Multi-risk



	(figures in € million)				
Multi-risk	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020	
Written premiums	368.1	384.7	4.5%	686.9	
% Technical cost	53.7%	56.9%	3.2	55.0%	
% Commissions	21.2%	21.2%	0.0	20.9%	
% expenses	12.6%	12.5%	-0.1	13.1%	
% Combined ratio	87.5%	90.7%	3.2	89.0%	
Technical result after expenses	41.5	32.3	-22.2%	74.5	
% on earned premiums	12.6%	9.3%		11.1%	
Earned premiums	331.8	345.7	4.2%	676.1	



Catalana Occidente Insurance Group

Traditional business Motor

\sim	Earned premiums	Combined ratio
<u>())</u>	-2.6%	85.8%

	(figures in € million)				
Motor	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020	
Written premiums	351.3	342.2	-2.6%	653.8	
% Technical cost	67.9%	61.8%	-6.1	66.5%	
% Commissions	11.1%	11.3%	0.2	11.2%	
% expenses	12.3%	12.7%	0.4	12.7%	
% Combined ratio	91.3%	85.8%	-5.5	90.3%	
Technical result after expenses	28.2	45.9	62.8%	63.4	
% on earned premiums	8.7%	14.2%		9.7%	
Earned premiums	325.5	323.4	-0.6%	655.5	



Traditional business Miscellaneous

	Earned premiums	Combined ratio
<u> </u>	+5.1%	86.3%

	(figures in € million)				
Miscellaneous	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020	
Written premiums	174.9	183.8	5.1%	312.2	
% Technical cost	51.2%	53.7%	2.5	51.0%	
% Commissions	18.9%	19.8%	0.9	19.0%	
% expenses	14.3%	12.8%	-1.5	14.3%	
% Combined ratio	84.6%	86.3%	1.7	84.4%	
Technical result after expenses	24.1	21.3	-11.6%	48.9	
% on earned premiums	15.4%	13.7%		15.4%	
Earned premiums	153.7	155.4	1.1%	312.4	





Traditional business Life

\sim	Earned	Combined	Combined
	premiums	Ratio for funeral	Ratio for health
+2.2%	81.4%	90.0%	

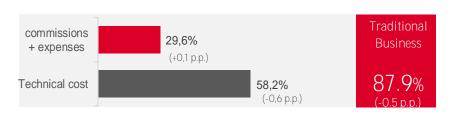
	(figures in € million)				
Life	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2O2O	
Life insurance turnover	604.7	615.0	1.7%	1,067.5	
Health	126.4	127.9	1.2%	142.8	
Funeral	73.7	75.4	2.3%	143.3	
Periodic premiums	256.4	260.9	1.8%	476.5	
Single premiums	148.2	150.8	1.8%	304.9	
Pension plan contributions	29.7	27.1	-8.8%	71.8	
Net contributions to investment funds	3.6	1.7	-52.8%	1.3	
Technical result after expenses	40.6	36.3	-10.6%	74.2	
% on earned premiums	7.3%	6.8%		7.0%	
Technical-financial result	54.9	54.1	-1.5%	95.3	
% on earned premiums	10.5%	10.1%		8.9%	
Earned premiums	523.4	535.1	2.2%	1,066.1	
Combined ratio Health	90.7%	90.0%	-0.7	84.1%	
Combined ratio Funeral	83.2%	81.4%	-1.8	84.0%	



Traditional business

	(figures in € million)			
Traditional business	6M2020	6M2021	% chg. 20-21	12M2020
Written premiums	1,499.0	1,525.7	1.8%	2,720.4
Life insurance premiums, ex. single	1,350.8	1,374.9	1.8%	2,415.5
Technical result after expenses	134.3	135.8	1.1%	265.4
% on earned premiums	10.1%	10.0%		9.8%
Financial result	34.8	36.8	5.7%	51.8
% on earned premiums	2.6%	2.7%		2.1%
Non-technical result	-8.0	-8.7		-16.3
Complementary act. Funeral B.	3.2	2.8	-12.5%	4.6
Company income tax	-35.5	-36.6		-66.8
Recurring result	128.8	130.1	1.0%	238.6
Non-recurring result	-8.2	-2.6		-10.3
Total result	120.6	127.5	5.7%	228.3
Earned premiums	1,334.4	1,359.6	1.9%	2,710.1

Combined ratio







02 Information 6M2021 Income statement

Traditional business Credit insurance business Capital, investments and solvency



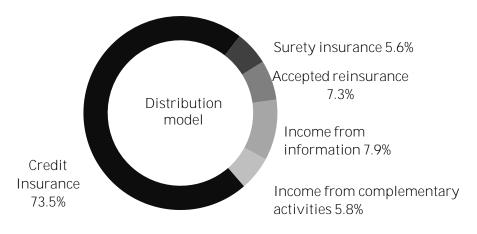
Credit insurance business

+4.6% €930.2 M Earned premiums

60.5% -33.8p.p Gross combined ratio

+191.4% **€122.7M** Technical result

+202.2% €108.2 M Recurring result



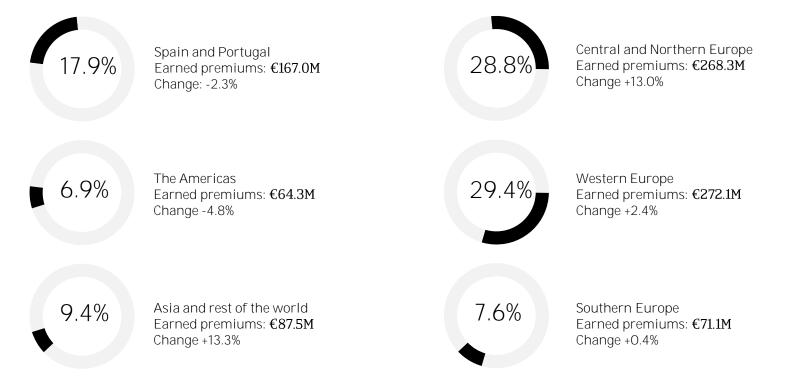
COVID-19 Impact:

Re-pricing of risks and adaptation of risk appetite. Finalisation of reinsurance agreements with European governments (Annexes).



Credit insurance business €930.2M +4.6%

Earned premiums



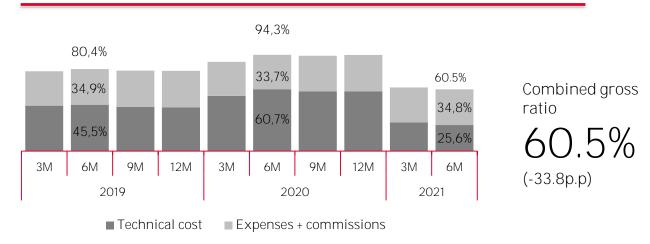
€1,015.0M +4.3%

Purchased premiums and information services

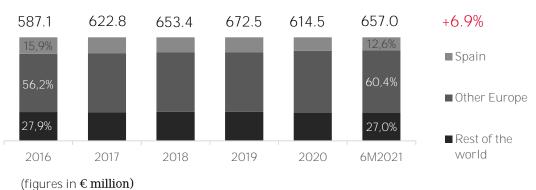


Credit insurance business

Performance of the gross combined ratio



Performance of risk exposure (TPE)



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Credit insurance business

	(figures in € million)			
Credit insurance business	6M2020	6M2O21	% chg. 20- 21	12M2020
Earned premiums	889.7	930.2	4.6%	1,727.4
Income from information	83.5	84.8	1.6%	133.1
Total income	973.2	1,015.0	4.3%	1,860.5
Technical result after expenses	55.1	401.3	628.3%	109.3
% on income	5.7%	39.5%		5.9%
Reinsurance result	-13.1	-278.6	2026.7%	-28.1
Reinsurance transfer ratio	47.4%	58.3%		52.1%
Net technical result	42.1	122.7	191.4%	81.2
% on income	4.3%	12.1%		4.4%
Financial result	6.9	4.6	-33.3%	5.1
% on income	O.7%	0.5%		0.3%
Result from complementary activities	5.7	9.5	66.7%	1.8
Company income tax	-16.0	-26.4		-34.8
Adjustments	-2.8	-2.1		-2.9
Recurring result	35.8	108.2	202.2%	50.4
Non-recurring result	-0.8	3.1		-8.6
Total business result	35.0	111.3	218.0%	41.8





D2 Information 6M2021 Income statement

Traditional business Credit insurance business Capital, investments and solvency



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Financial strength

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At the close of the first half year, the Group's capital has increased by 5.2% supported by the results

	(figures in € million)	
Permanent resources at 31/12/2020	4,138.3	
Permanent resources at market value on 31/12/2020	4,663.4	
Net equity on 01/01/2021	3,937.6	
(+) Consolidated results	238.8	
(+) Dividends paid	-87.7	
(+) Change in valuation adjustments	89.6	
(+) Other changes	2.1	
Total movements	242.8	
Total net equity on 30/06/2021	4,180.4	
Subordinated debt	200.8	
Permanent resources on 30/06/2021	4,381.2	
Capital gains not included in balance sheet (properties)	526.9	
Permanent resources at market value on 30/0	06/2021 4,908.1	<

1999	332	
2000	374	
2001	412	
2002	420	
2003	486	
2004	779	
2005	1.296	
2006	1.775	
2007	2.027	
2008	2.171	
2009	2.009	
2010	2.135	
2011	2.231	
2012	2.343	
2013	2.607	
2014	3.168	
2015	3.263	
2016	3.509	
2017	3.756	
2018	3.909	
2019	4.585	
2020	4.663	}
6M2021	4.9	809
	_	

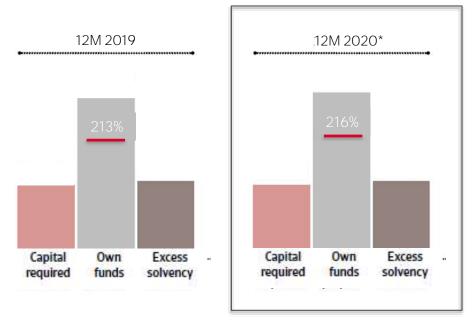


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+5.2%

Sound solvency position 216% at the close of 2020

Catalana Occidente Group has a sound solvency and financial position to withstand adverse situations



The Solvency II ratio is maintained around 160%, even in adverse scenarios.

Equity is of high quality (95% of tier1).

* Data with transitional technical provisions and partial internal model.



Presentation of the report on the financial and solvency situation April: Group companies May: Grupo Catalana Occidente



Credit rating

Ratings of A and A2, granted by AM Best and Moody's respectively reflects the soundness of the balance sheet, the good business model, excellent operating results and the appropriate capitalisation of the Group thanks to the internal generation of capital of the group's entities".



A.M. Best operating entities of the Group

Best highlights the prudence in underwriting, which is reflected in a positive record of operating results with an excellent combined ratio and a high return on equity (ROE).

"A2"

Moody's operating entities of the credit insurance business

They highlight the strong competitive position, strong capitalization, low financial leverage and conservative investment portfolio.

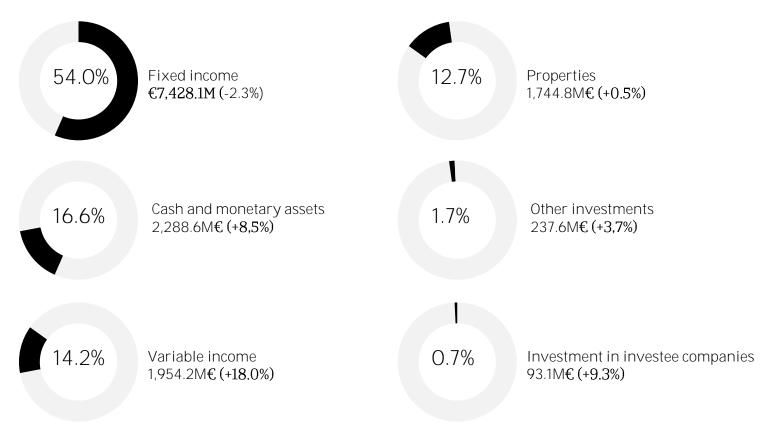


Investments

The Group invests in traditional assets through prudent, diversified management

€15,198.9 M

(+3.0% compared to the funds managed at the end of 2020)







Calendar and annexes



Schedule

Analyst and investor relations

January	February	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
	25 Results 12M2020		29 Results 6M2021			29 Results 6M2O21			28 Results 9M2O21		
	25 Presentation of results 12M2020 16.30		30 Presentation of results 6M2021 11.30			29 Presentation of results 6M2021 16.30			28 Presentation of results 9M2O21 16.30		
			29 General Shareholders' Meeting 2020								
	Interim dividend 2020			Complement ary di∨idend 2020		Interim dividend 2021			Interim dividend 2021		

Contact

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https://www.grupocatalanaoccidente.com/accionistas-e-inversores





Income statement

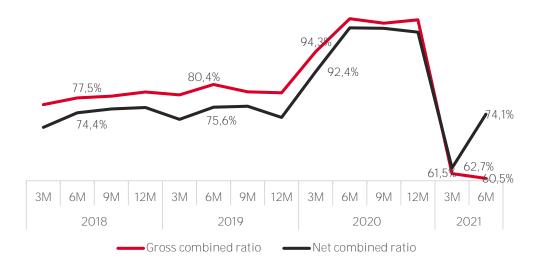
				jures in € million)
Income statement	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020
Earned	2,438.9	2,554.7	4.7%	4,426.4
Income from information	83.5	84.8	1.6%	133.1
Turnover	2,522.4	2,639.5	4.6%	4,559.5
Technical cost	1,489.3	1438.6	-3.4%	2,917.8
% on total net income	64.5%	60.6%		63.9%
Commissions	277.8	292.3	5.2%	560.6
% on total net income	12.0%	12.3%		12.3%
Expenses	364.0	386.0	6.0%	749.5
% on total net income	15.8%	16.3%		16.4%
Technical result after expenses	176.3	257.7	46.2%	339.8
% on total net income	7.6%	10.9%		7.4%
Financial result	17.9	46.2		28.2
% on total net income	0.8%	2.0%		O.7%
Result of non-technical non-financial account	-2.7	-11.8		-14.1
% on total net income	-0.1%	-0.5%		-0.3%
Result from compl. activities Credit insurance and funeral business	8.8	12.2		6.4
% on total net income	O.4%	O.5%		O.1%
Profit before tax	200.3	304.2	51.9%	364.6
% on total net income	8.7%	12.8%		8.0%
Taxes	44.7	65.4		94.5
% taxes	22.3%	21.5%		25.9%
Consolidated result	155.6	238.8	53.5%	270.1
Result attributable to minorities	6.3	19.4		7.8
Attributed result	149.3	219.4	47.0%	262.3
% on total net income	6.5%	9.2%		5.7%



Credit insurance business

Performance of the gross combined ratio

Combined ratio breakdown	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020
% Gross technical cost	60.7%	25.6%	-35.1	58.6%
% Gross commissions + expenses	33.7%	34.8%	1.1	35.5%
% Gross combined ratio	94.3%	60.5%	-33.8	94.1%
% Net technical cost	59.4%	41.4%	-18.0	55.9%
% Net commissions + expenses	33.0%	32.6%	-0.4	35.6%
% Net combined ratio	92.4%	74.1%	-18.3	91.5%





Credit insurance business

Agreements adopted in the credit insurance business

Agreement signed *	Main features	Conditions 2020	Renewal conditions H1 2021	Premiums granted 20	Premiums granted 21
Germany	<u>Guarantee contracts similar to proportional reinsurance.</u> Cover for risks underwritten between 1 January and 31 December 2020 (excluding claims reported before 1 March 2020).	65% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. No commissions	90% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. With commissions.	€103.9 M	€74.0M
elgium	Instalment contract by tranches according to the claim ratio. Cover for risks underwritten between 1 January and 31 December 2020 (excluding claims reported before 27 March 2020).	Depending on the claims ratio, between 50% and 90% of premiums and claims are ceded. With commissions.	Depending on the claims ratio, between 50% and 90% of premiums and claims are ceded. With commissions.	€18.2 million	€9.7M
he Netherlands	Proportional reinsurance agreement. Cover for insured risks underwritten between 1 January and 31 December 2020 (excluding claims reported before 29 February 2020).	90% of premiums and claims from new policyholders. 100% of premiums and 90% of claims of the insured in the portfolio. The government assumes all costs.	90% of premiums and claims from new policyholders. 90% of premiums and 90% of claims of the insured in the portfolio. The government assumes all costs.	€102.6M	€52.8M
enmark	<u>Guarantee contracts similar to proportional reinsurance.</u> Cover for risks underwritten between 1 January and 31 December 2020 (excluding claims reported before 01 March 2020).	65% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. No commissions	58.5% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. No commissions	€21.0M	€8.3M
uxembourg	Instalment contract by tranches according to the claim ratio. Cover for risks underwritten between 1 January and 31 December 2020 (excluding claims reported before 01 March 2020).	Depending on the claims ratio, between 50% and 90% of premiums and claims are ceded. With commissions.	Depending on the claims ratio, between 50% and 90% of premiums and claims are ceded. With commissions.	€0.9M	€ОМ
ance	Reinsurance contract with a performance similar to that of the quota share with certain particularities depending on the quality of the risks assumed. Coverage of risks underwritten between 16 March and 31 December 2020.	75% of the premiums. 75% of the claims. With commissions.	75% of the premiums. 75% of the claims. With commissions.	€42.8M	€5.3M
nited Kingdom	<u>Guarantee contracts similar to proportional reinsurance.</u> Coverage of risks underwritten between 1 April and 31 December 2020.	100% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. No commissions	90% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. With commissions.	€78.6M	€51.0M
orway	Instalment contract part. Cover for risks underwritten between 1 January and 31 December 2020 (excluding claims reported before 12 March 2020).	65% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. No commissions	58.5% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. No commissions	€5.0M	€2.2.
bain	Reinsurance contract in addition to that underwritten in the private market. Premiums and Claims from 1 October 2020 to 30 June 2021.	31% of the premiums. 31% of the claims. With commissions.	42% of the premiums. 42% of the claims. With commissions.	€7.6M	€53.1M
aly	Proportional reinsurance agreement. Coverage of risks underwritten between 19 May to 31 December 2020.	90% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. With commissions.	90% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. With commissions.	€32.9 M	€29.6M

*The measure is for trade credit originated by insured persons operating in the country with a signed agreement and covers debtors from inside and outside that country. The average commission is 30% All agreements were renewed until 30 June 2021. No new renewals have been agreed.

Credit insurance business - TPE

							(figures in € :	million)
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	6M 2021	% Chg. 20-21	% on total
Spain and Portugal	93,437	98,714	99,453	98,739	79,231	82,551	4.2%	12.6%
Germany	82,783	86,430	90,599	93,024	93,568	100,092	7.0%	15.2%
Australia and Asia	79,013	84,233	92,222	95,595	84,153	89,070	5.8%	13.6%
The Americas	71,970	73,188	75,773	81,269	71,765	77,565	8.1%	11.8%
Eastern Europe	55,098	59,253	63,935	68,595	64,630	70,555	9.2%	10.7%
United Kingdom	43,794	43,537	44,989	51,019	46,339	50,056	8.0%	7.6%
France	43,323	49,326	51,866	48,407	45,239	48,491	7.2%	7.4%
Italy	37,208	42,242	44,263	43,661	42,001	44,720	6.5%	6.8%
Nordic and Baltic countries	26,964	28,738	30,525	31,748	30,779	33,027	7.3%	5.0%
The Netherlands	25,268	27,636	29,650	30,392	29,875	32,214	7.8%	4.9%
Belgium and Luxembourg	15,708	16,701	17,285	17,444	16,959	18,022	6.3%	2.7%
Rest of the world	12,538	12,830	12,842	12,627	10,011	10,673	6.6%	1.6%
Total	587,104	622,829	653,404	672,520	614,549	657,035	6.9%	100.0%



Credit insurance business - TPE

							(figures in €	million)
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	% on total
Electronics	70,510	74,476	77,433	82,858	73,189	78,027	6.6%	11.9%
Chemicals	78,593	82,783	86,479	87,466	82,804	88,576	7.0%	13.5%
Durable consumer goods	65,324	68,442	69,881	73,145	69,071	73,410	6.3%	11.2%
Metals	58,855	63,419	68,424	72,285	61,597	68,605	11.4%	10.4%
Food	55,640	58,608	63,001	64,587	63,860	67,526	5.7%	10.3%
Transport	53,434	56,930	60,461	61,128	53,098	56,114	5.7%	8.5%
Construction	43,133	46,896	49,773	51,495	47,072	50,746	7.8%	7.7%
Machinery	34,734	37,137	39,972	41,225	39,635	42,587	7.4%	6.5%
Agriculture	30,907	33,318	33,876	33,954	29,845	32,081	7.5%	4.9%
Construction Materials	25,387	27,058	28,359	29,389	29,345	31,997	9.0%	4.9%
Services	25,276	26,994	27,837	27,109	23,346	23,649	1.3%	3.6%
Textiles	19,855	20,562	20,324	19,660	15,404	15,625	1.4%	2.4%
Paper	13,590	13,929	14,525	15,065	13,151	14,216	8.1%	2.2%
Finance	11,867	12,277	13,058	13,156	13,131	13,876	5.7%	2.1%
Total	587,104	622,829	653,404	672,520	614,549	657,035	6.9%	100.0%



General expenses and commissions

	(figures in € million)				
Expenses and commissions	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020	
Traditional business	151.0	151.1	O.1%	312.6	
Credit insurance business	212.3	233.3	9.9%	433.7	
Non-recurring expenses	0.7	1.6		3.8	
Total expenses	364.0	386.0	6.0%	750.1	
Commissions	277.8	292.3	5.2%	558.6	
Total expenses and commissions	641.8	678.3	5.7%	1,308.6	
% expenses and commissions without recurring premiums	28.0%	28.2%		28.5%	





Financial result

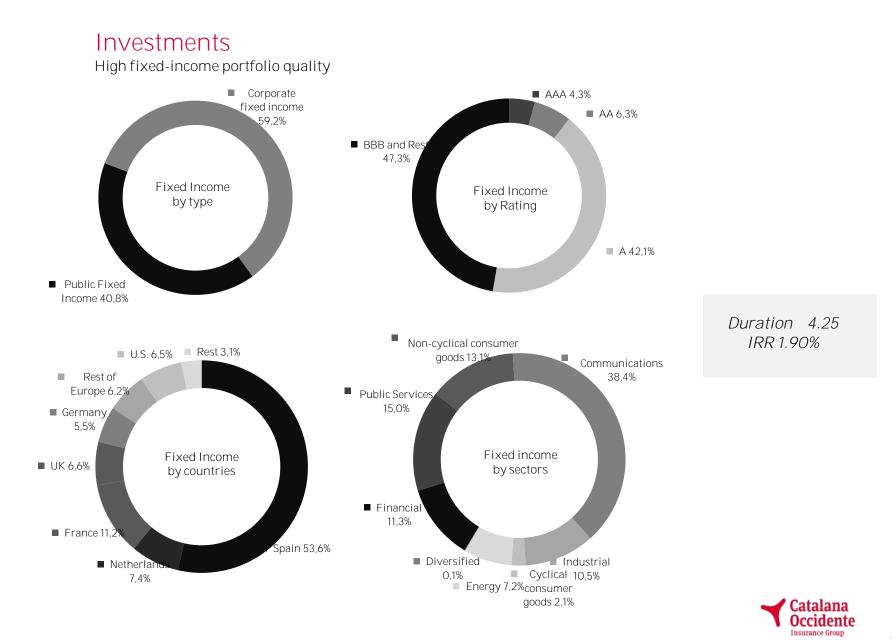
	(figures in € million)			
Financial result	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2O2O
Financial income net of expenses	101.4	99.9	-1.5%	182.7
Exchange Differences	-0.1	-0.3		0.0
Subsidiary companies	0.3	1.0		1.8
Interest applied to life	-66.8	-63.9	-4.3%	-132.7
Recurring financial results traditional business	34.8	36.8	5.7%	51.8
% on earned premiums	2.6%	2.7%		1.9%
Financial income net of expenses	7.5	4.7	-37.3%	13.5
Exchange Differences	7.5	0.4		5.5
Subsidiary companies	0.3	7.9		2.9
Interest subordinated debt	-8.3	-8.4		-16.9
Recurring financial results from credit insurance	6.9	4.6	-33.3%	5.1
% on net income from insurance	O.7%	0.5%		0.3%
Intra-group interest adjustment	-0.6	-0.2		-0.9
Adjusted recurring financial results from credit insurance	6.3	4.4		4.2
Recurring financial results	41.1	41.2	0.2%	60.3
% on total Group Income	1.8%	1.7%		1.3%
Non-recurring financial results	-23.2	5.0		-27.8
Financial result	17.9	46.2		28.2



Non-recurring result

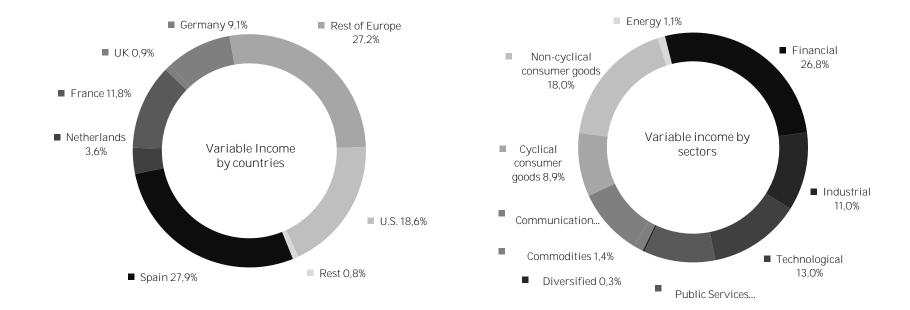
	(figures in € million)			
Non-recurring result (net of taxes)	6M2020	6M2021	12M2020	
Financial	-23.1	0.9	-22.1	
Expenses and other non-recurring	8.5	-1.6	6.1	
Taxes	6.4	-1.9	5.7	
Non-recurring from traditional business	-8.2	-2.6	-10.3	
Financial	-0.1	4.1	-5.7	
Expenses and other non-recurring	-0.2	0.0	-3.8	
Taxes	-0.5	-1.0	0.9	
Non-recurring from credit insurance business	-0.8	3.1	-8.6	
Non-recurring result net of taxes	-9.0	0.5	-18.9	





Investments in liquid assets

High liquidity 14.2% variable income





Balance sheet

		(figures in	€ million)
Assets	12M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21
Intangible assets and property, plant and machinery	1,440.1	1,433.4	-0.5%
Investments	13,066.4	13,464.7	3.0%
Property investments	692.9	700.4	1.1%
Financial investments	10,895.6	11,167.8	2.5%
Cash and short-term assets	1,478.0	1,596.5	8.0%
Reinsurance share in technical provisions	1,108.1	1,130.9	2.1%
Other assets	1,753.2	2,044.5	16.6%
Deferred tax assets	271.9	242.3	-10.9%
Credits	971.0	1,186.3	22.2%
Other assets	510.3	615.9	20.7%
Total assets	17,367.7	18,073.6	4.1%
Net liabilities and equity	12M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21
Permanent resources	4,138.3	4,381.2	5.9%
Net equity	3,937.6	4,180.4	6.2%
Parent company	3,578.9	3,798.1	6.1%
Minority interests	358.7	382.3	6.6%
Subordinated liabilities	200.7	200.8	0.0%
Technical provisions	10,982.5	11,331.2	3.2%
Other liabilities	2,247.0	2,361.1	5.1%
Other provisions	234.6	216.8	-7.6%
Deposits received on buying reinsurance	58.3	61.0	4.6%
Deferred tax liabilities	488.8	467.0	-4.5%
Debts	969.8	1,180.8	21.8%
Other liabilities	495.5	435.7	-12.1%
Total net liabilities and equity	17,367.7	18,073.6	4.1%



Grupo Catalana Occidente

The business model of the Group is based on leadership in protection and long-term welfare for families and companies in Spain and on the coverage of commercial credit risks at the international level, seeking growth, profitability and solvency.

Insurance specialist



- Over 150 years of experience
- Complete offer
- Sustainable and socially responsible model

Closeness – global presence

- Distribution of intermediaries
- Over 17,400 intermediaries
- Over 7,350 employees
- Over 1,600 offices
- Over 50 countries

Solid financial structure



- Listed on the Stock exchange
- "A" Rating
- Stable, committed shareholders

Technical rigour

- Excellent combined ratio
- Strict cost control
- 1999- 2020: profits multiplied by 10
- Diversified and prudent investment portfolio



Challenges for 2021

Milestone 2020	2021 Guidelines
Growth	
 Turnover: €4,559.5 million Increased positioning in the health sector thanks to the incorporation of the Antares business. Increase of the insured offer and reinforcement in different business lines. 	 To promote the development of distribution networks that improve the participation of intermediaries and promote strategic products. Continuous improvement of products and processes. Adaptation of supply to new market trends. New customer interaction capabilities. Advances in digitalization.
Profitability	
 The consolidated result amounted to €270.1 million. Excellent combined ratio of the traditional business 88.6% 	 Improved underwriting. Increase the technical and financial result. Unification of Group systems. Group service concentration. Evolution of the Contact Centre and Claims Centres. Connectivity and individualization of the offer for brokers.
Solvency	
 The estimated solvency ratio at the end of 2020 is 216%. AM Best : A Excellent with a stable outlook on the main entities in the traditional and credit insurance business. Moody's: A2 with a stable outlook for the main credit insurers. 	 HR Management: people, talent and productivity. Analysis of flexible work models and teleworking. Boost in the field of Sustainability. Adaptation to IFRS 17.



Creation of value

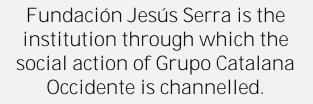
The vocation of Grupo Catalana Occidente is to consolidate a solid business and generate sustainable social value. In 2020, the Group contributed €3,933.5 million to society.

(figures in € million) 2019 2018 2020 4,145.5 Direct economic value generated 3,803.8 4330.8 Distributed economic value 3,725.6 4,035.1 3,933.5 Provisions provided to customers 2,252.1 2,461.5 2,385.9 Public Administrations 465.3 452.5 406.5 Intermediaries 505.6 512.2 488.6 499.7 Employees 496.6 481.2 Shareholders 94.7 100.5 81.5 Contributions to non-profit entities 2.4 2.5 4.8 and foundations Retained economic value 78.2 110.4 397.3

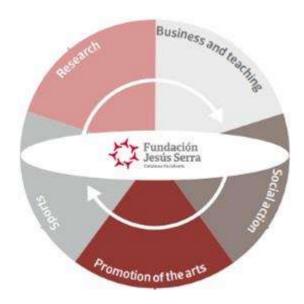
Evolution of contribution to society



Fundación Jesús Serra



Its actions follow the humanist values of its founder, Jesus Serra Santamans



More than insurance....

... it participates in more than 60 projects helping those who need it most in the fields of research, business and teaching, social action, sport and promotion of the arts



Global Presence

Dubai(**)

SaudiArabia Europe

Vienna Austria Belgium NamurAntwerp CzechRepublic Prague Denmark Helsinki Finland France Germany Athens Greece Hungary Ireland Dublin Italy Luxembourg The Netherlands Amsterdan@mmen Norway Oslo Poland Portugal Russia Slovakia Spain Sweden Switzerland Turkev Istanbul UnitedKingdom Middle East Israel Tel Aviv(*) Beirut(*) Lebanon UnitedArab Emirat@ubai **) Saudi Arabia Dubai (**)

CopenhagenÅrhus ParisBordeauxCompiegnd_ille, Lyon, Marseille, Nancy, OrléansRennesStrasbourd, oulouse Cologne,Berlin,Bidefeld,BremenDortmund, FrankfurF, reiburd, Hamburd, HanoverKassel, MunichNurember Stuttgart Budapest Rome,Milan Luxemboura WarsawKrakowPoznanJelenaGora LisbonPorto Moscow(***) Bratislava Basque Country, Catalonia, Galicia, Andalusia, Asturias, Cantabria, La Rioja, Murcia, Valencia, Aragon, Castilla la Mancha, Navarra, Extremadura, Madrid, Castilla-Leon, Balearic Islands, Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla. Stockholm Zurich Lausanne, ugano Cardiff,BelfastBirminghanbondonManchester

Asia

Shangha(***) China HongKong HongKong India Mumbai(***) Indonesia Jakart**á****) Japan Tokyo Malaysia KualaLumpur(**) Philippines Manila(**) Singapore Singapore Taiwan Taipei(**) Thailand Vietnam Hanoi(**) Africa Kenya Nairobi(*) SouthAfrica Tunisia Tunis(*) The Americas Argentina Brazil SãoPaulo Canada Chile Mexico Peru Lime(*) USA Angeles(California)NewYork (NewYork)

Bangkok(**) Johannesbu(ta*) BuenosAires(*) Almonte(Ontario)Mississaug(Ontario)Duncan (BritishColumbia) SantiagodeChile(*) Mexic City, Guadalajara Monterrey, HuntValley(Maryland)Chicago(Illinois)Los

Oceania

Australia NewZealand SydneyBrisbaneMelbournePerth Wellington

(*) Partnership and collaboration agreements

(***) Services established with local partners



Corporate structure

GRUPO CATALANA OCCIDENTE		
Main entities		
Seguros Catalana Occidente	Tecniseguros	GCO Gestión de Activos
Seguros Bilbao	Bilbao Vida	GCO Gestora de Pensiones
NorteHispana Seguros	S. Órbita	Catoc SICAV
Plus Ultra Seguros	Previsora Bilbaina Agencia de Seguros	Bilbao Hipotecaria
GCO Re	Bilbao Telemark	Sogesco
	Inversions Catalana Occident	Hercasol SICAV
	CO Capital Ag. Valores	GCO Activos Inmobiliarios
	Cosalud Servicios	
	GCO Tecnología y Servicios	
	Prepersa	
	GCO Contact Centre	
	Grupo Asistea	
Atradius Crédito y Caución	Atradius Collections	Grupo Compañía Española Crédito y Caución
Atradius Re	Atradius Dutch State Business	Atradius NV
Atradius ATCI	Atradius Information Services	Atradius Participations Holding
Atradius Seguros de Crédito México	Iberinform International	Atradius Finance
Atradius Rus Credit Insurance	Graydon	
Crédito y Caución Seguradora de Crédito e Grantias Brazil		
INSURANCE COMPANIES	COMPLEMENTARY INSURANCE COMPANIES	INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Traditional business Credit insurance business



Risk strategy

Grupo Catalana Occidente defines its risk strategy based on risk appetite and tolerance, and ensures that its integration with the business plan allows it to comply with the risk appetite approved by the board.

The risk strategy is materialised through:

▶ Risk profile

Risk assumed in terms of solvency.

▶ Risk appetite

Risk in terms of solvency that the entity plans to accept in order to achieve its objectives.

Risk tolerance

Maximum deviation from the Appetite that the company is willing to assume (tolerate)

▶ Risk limits

Operative limits established to comply with the Risk Strategy.

Alert indicators

In addition, the Group avails of a series of early alert indicators that are the basis both for monitoring the risks and for compliance with the risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors.





Risk map

		RISKS INCLUDED IN PILLAR 1	
Risk	Description	Regulations	Mitigation
Credit Underwriting Risk	Risk of loss or of adverse change in the value of commitments contracted due to possible inadequate pricing and provisioning assumptions. In the case of credit insurance, the risk arises from the non-payment by our buyers (customers) of our customers, and in the case of surety, from the non-fulfilment of the contractual, legal or fiscal obligations of our customers.	 Underwriting policy and rate setting regulation Underwriting guidelines Authorisation matrices Buyer rating monitoring and credit limit concessions IFRS and Local Regulations 	 Reinsurance DEM Strict underwriting control Control and monitoring of buyers' default risks
Non-life Underwriting Risk	Risk of loss or of adverse change in the value of commitments contracted due to possible inadequate pricing and provisioning assumptions.	 - Underwriting and reserve policies - Reinsurance policy - Underwriting manual and technical standards - Data quality policy - National and international insurance regulations - Good practice guides - Consortium 	 Strict control and monitoring of the combined ratio Catastrophic non-life risks are also mitigated through CCS Business value Reinsurance policy Maintenance of business diversification
Health Underwriting Risk	Risk of loss or of adverse change in the value of commitments contracted due to possible inadequate pricing and provisioning assumptions.	 - Underwriting and reserve policies - Reinsurance policy - Underwriting manual and technical standards - Data quality policy - National and international insurance regulations - Good practice guides 	- Strict control and monitoring of the combined ratio - Business value - Reinsurance policy - Maintenance of business diversification
Life and Funeral Underwriting Risk	Risk of loss or of adverse change in the value of commitments contracted due to possible inadequate pricing and provisioning assumptions. This is broken down into biometric risks (which include the risks of mortality, longevity, morbidity/disability) and non biometric risks (fall in the portfolio, expenses, review and catastrophe).	 - Underwriting and reserve policies - Reinsurance policy - Underwriting manual and technical standards - Data quality policy - National and international insurance regulations - Good practice guides 	 Strict control and monitoring of the combined ratio Business value and profit test Reinsurance policy Maintenance of business diversification
Market Risk	Risk of loss or of adverse change in the financial situation resulting, directly or indirectly, from fluctuations in the level and in the volatility of market prices of assets, liabilities and financial instruments.	 Investment policy Management based on the principle of prudence Asset and liability valuation policy Insurance regulations (LOSSP) CNMV regulations Distribution regulations 	 Asset management based on the principle of prudence Control of the different types of portfolio according to objectives Liability commitments to be hedged. Detailed asset-liability matching analysis (ALM) and sensitivity analysis to future scenarios Types of investments suitable for hedging Dispersion and diversification limits Credit rating to be maintained
Counterparty Risk	Counterparty risk arises from losses resulting from unexpected default or impairment in the credit quality of counterparties.	 Investment policy Reinsurance policy Management based on the principle of prudence Insurance regulations CNMV regulations Distribution regulations 	 Reinsurance with counterparties with a high credit rating Diversified investment portfolio with a high rating Monitoring of the credit rating of the main financial counterparties and the reinsurer table Monitoring of trade credit risk exposures
Operational Risk	Risk of loss arising from inadequate or dysfunctional internal processes, personnel or systems or external processes. It also includes regulatory non-compliance	 SolvPRC / Risk Register tool Contingency plans Data security and quality policy Code of Ethics Procedure for action in cases of fraud (whistleblower channel) Insurance regulations Principles of three lines of defence (COSO regulations) 	 Internal control system SolvPRC Control of inherent risk and residual risk through the implementation of preventive and mitigating controls upon the occurrence of an event.



Risk map

RISKS NOT INCLUDED IN PILLAR 1			
Risk	Description	Internal regulations	Mitigation
	Risk of non-compliance of obligations due to an inability to obtain the necessary liquidity even if sufficient assets are in place	- Investment policy	- Prudent-based asset management
		- Prudent management	- Control of the different types of portfolio
Liquidity		- Reinsurance policy	- Liability commitments to be hedged. Detailed asset-liability matching (ALM) analysis as well as sensitivity analysis to future scenarios
Risk		- Insurance regulations	
		- CNMV regulations	- Typology of investments suitable for hedging
		- Distribution regulations	- Dispersion and diversification limits
			- Low level of indebtedness
	Risks arising from the national and international economic and political	- Underwriting regulations	- Occupational risk prevention regulations to protect our employees and
	environment, which have an impact on the volatility of financial	- Written Policies (in particular investment policy)	our customer
	variables and on the real economy. In particular, the risk of a global	- Occupational risk prevention regulations	- Risk underwriting
	pandemic associated with Covid, the global economic crisis and the lax	- Internal Code of Conduct	 Strategic planning process and its follow-up
	monetary policy with interest rates at minimum levels should be	- European regulations	- Sectorial analysis
	highlighted	- Sector analysis	- Internal audit, internal control, complaints and whistleblowing channel
Risks		- Global regulation associated with the economic recession and	- Geographical and sectoral diversification in the Credit business
		pandemic	- Contingency plans (Brexit)
			- "Event-driven" monitoring and analysis of the Economic Research Unit
	Risk that constitutes the possibility of losses driven by environmental,	- Bylaws of the General Shareholders' Meeting	- Internal Audit
	social and governance factors (associated with the lack of business	- Regulations of the Board of Directors	- Internal Control
	development under criteria of value for society, ethics, transparency and commitment to legality)	 Prevention of money laundering Code of Conduct 	 Complaints channel Occupational health and safety regulations
	and commitment to regarity)	- Written policies (sustainability policy, climate change and	- Corporate social responsibility report
Social,		environment policy, tax policy, outsourcing policy)	- Monitoring and adaptation of strategic planning
Environmental		- Sustainability Master Plan	- Code of conduct
and Governance		- Non-financial reporting regulations	- Written policies (e.g. sustainability policy, climate change and
Risk		- European Sustainability Regulations (ESMA, EIOPA)	environment policy,)
1		- Draft legislation on climate change	- Sustainability Master Plan
		- United Nations Sustainable Development Goals and Agenda 2030	- Sustainability Master Fian
		- Recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial	
		Disclosures (TCFD)	
	Risks not included in the previous groups, such as the risk of loss	- Written policies	- Exhaustive monitoring of the medium-term plan
	arising from inadequate strategic decisions, their defective	- Reputational risk management protocol	- Code of ethics
	implementation or inadequate adaptation to changes in the economic or	- Social media usage manual	- Procedure in case of irregularities and frauds
	social environment (strategic risk), the risk associated with the	- Advertising regulations	- Requirements of aptitude and reputation
	occurrence of an event that has a negative impact on the Group's	5 5 5 5 5 5	- Monitoring of information published in the media and social networks
	reputation (reputational risk) or the risk arising from the		- Control of the manual for the use of social networks
	interdependence of the risks existing between Group entities (contagion		- Action protocols for the management of reputational risk events
I I	risk)		- Continuous monitoring of business units



Glossary

Item	Definition	Formulation
Technical result	Result of the insurance activity	Technical result = (premiums accrued from direct insurance + premiums accrued from reinsurance accepted + information services and commissions) – Technical cost – Participation in benefits and return premiums - Net operating expenses - Other technical expenses
Reinsurance result	Result due to transferring business to the reinsurer or accepting business from other entities.	Reinsurance result = Result of Inward Re + Result of ceded reinsurance
Financial result	Result of the financial investments.	Financial result = income from financial assets (coupons, dividends, actions) - financial expenses (commissions and other expenses) + result of subsidiary companies - interest accrued on the debt - interest paid to the insured parties of the life insurance business
Technical/fina ncial result	Result of the insurance activity, including the financial result. This result is particularly relevant for Life insurance.	Technical/financial result = Technical result + Financial result
Result of non- technical non- financial account	Income and expenses that cannot be assigned to the technical or financial results.	Result of non-technical non-financial account = Income - expenses that cannot be assigned to the technical or financial results.
Result of credit insurance complementar y activities	Result of activities that cannot be assigned to the purely insurance business. Mainly distinguishes the activities of: Information services Recoveries Management of the export account of the Dutch state.	Result of credit insurance complementary activities = income - expenses
Recurring result	Result of the entity's regular activity	Recurring result = technical/financial result + non-technical account result - taxes, all resulting from normal activity
Non-recurring result	Extraordinary or atypical movements that may undermine the analysis of the income statement. These are classified depending on their nature (technical, expenses and financial) and by business type (traditional and credit insurance)	Non-recurring result = technical/financial result + non-technical account result - taxes, all resulting from extraordinary or atypical activity



Turnover	Turnover is the Group's business volume.	Turnover = Premiums invoiced + Income from information
	It includes premiums that the Group generates in each of the business lines and the income from services pertaining to the credit insurance.	Premiums invoiced = premiums issued from direct insurance + premiums from accepted reinsurance
Managed funds	Amount of the financial and property assets managed by the Group	Managed funds = Financial and property assets entity risk + Financial and property assets policyholder risk + Managed pension funds Managed funds = fixed income + variable income + properties + deposits in credit entities + treasury + investee companies
Financial strength	This shows the debt and solvency situation. This is principally measured through the	Debt Ratio = Debt / Equity + Debt
	debt ratio, the interest coverage ratio and the credit rating.	Interest coverage ratio = result before taxes / Interest
Technical cost	Direct costs of accident coverage. See claims.	Technical cost = claims in the year, net of reinsurance + variation of other technical provisions, net of reinsurance
Dividend yield	The profitability per dividend or dividend yield shows the relationship existing between the dividends distributed in the previous year with the value of the average share. Indicator used to value the shares of an entity.	Dividend yield = dividend paid in the year per share / value of the price of the average share.
Modified duration	Sensitivity of the value of the assets to movements in interest rates	Modified duration= Represents an approximation of the value of the percentage variation in the value of the financial assets for each percentage point (100 basic points) of variation in the interest rates.
Expenses	The general expenses include the costs incurred for management of the business, excluding those that can be assigned to claims.	Expenses = personnel expenses + commercial expenses + various expenses and services (allowance, training, management rewards, material and other office expenses, leases, external services, etc.)
Permanence index	This measures the customer's expectations of continuing with the entity Scale from less than 1 year to over 5 years	Permanence index= how long do you think that you will remain a customer?



This measures the general satisfaction of the customer with the entity Scale from 1 to 10	Overall satisfaction index = (Satisfied – dissatisfied) / respondents Satisfied responses with result from 7 to 10 Dissatisfied responses with result from 1 to 4
This measures the evaluation of the service received Scale from 1 to 10	Service satisfaction index = (Satisfied - dissatisfied) / respondents Satisfied responses with result from 7 to 10 Dissatisfied responses with result from 1 to 4
Measures the income directly derived from the activities of insurance and information services	Income from insurance = premiums accrued from direct insurance + premiums accrued fro accepted reinsurance + information services and commissions
Non-dependant entities where the Group has significant influence	Investments in associated / subsidiary entities = accounting value of the economic investment
This measures the degree of customer loyalty with the entity	Net Promoter score = Would you recommend the company to family and friends? = (promoters-critics)/ respondents Promoters: responses with result equal to 9 or 10 Critics: responses with result from 1 to 6
Ratio that indicates the part of the result distributed among investors through dividends	Pay out = (Total dividend/ Result of the year attributable to the parent company) x 100
The price-earnings ratio or PER measures the relationship between the price or value of the entity and the results.	PER = Closing market price of the share / Profit for the year attributable to the parent company year- on-year (in case of quarterly closing) per share

	value of the entity and the results. Its value expresses what the market pays for each monetary unit of results. It is representative of the entity's capacity to generate results.	
Ex. single premiums	Total premiums without considering non-periodic premiums in the Life business	Ex. single premiums = Invoiced premiums - single premiums in the life business
Technical provisions	Amount of the obligations assumed that are derived from insurance and reinsurance contracts.	
Combined ratio	Indicator that measures the technical profitability of the Non Life insurances.	Combined ratio = Ratio of claims + ratio of expenses

Company

index

Service

index

satisfaction

satisfaction

Income from

Investments in associated /

subsidiary entities Net Promoter

Score

Pay out

Price Earnings

Ratio PER

NPS

insurance



Net combined ratio	Indicator that measures the technical profitability of the non life insurances net of the reinsurance effect	Net combined ratio = Net ratio of claims + net ratio of expenses
Expenses ratio	Ratio that reflects the part of the income from premiums dedicated to expenses.	Expenses ratio = Expenses from operation / Income from insurance
Net expenses ratio	Ratio that reflects the part of the income from premiums dedicated to expenses, net of the reinsurance effect	Net expenses ratio= (Net expenses from reinsurance operation) / (premiums attributed to direct business and accepted reinsurance + information services and commissions)
Claims ratio	Business indicator, consisting of the proportion between claims and earned premiums.	Claims ratio = Claims / Income from insurance
Net claims ratio	Business indicator, consisting of the proportion between claims and earned premiums, net of the reinsurance effect.	Net claims ratio= Claims in the year, net of reinsurance / (premiums attributed to direct business and accepted reinsurance + information services and commissions)
Permanent resources	Resources that can be included in own funds.	Permanent resources = Total net equity + subordinated liabilities
Permanent resources at market value	Resources that can be included in own funds at market value	Permanent resources at market value = Total net equity + subordinated liabilities + capital gains associated to property investments
Resources transferred to the company	Amount that the Group returns to the main stakeholders.	Resources transferred to the company = claims paid + taxes + commissions + personnel expenses + dividends
Return On Equity ROE	Financial profitability or rate of return Measures the performance of the capital	ROE = (Result of the year. Attributable to the parent company) / (Equity attributable to the shareholders of the parent company at year-end)) x 100
Claims	See technical cost. Economic evaluation of claims.	Claims = Payments made from direct insurance + Variation of the provision for services of direct insurance + expenses attributable to services
Total Potential Exposure TPE	This is the potential exposure to risk, also "cumulative risk". Credit insurance business term	TPE = the sum of the credit risks underwritten by the Group for each buyer



Disclaimer

This document has been prepared by Grupo Catalana Occidente exclusively for use in the presentation of results. The forward-looking statements or predictions that may be contained in this document do not constitute, by their very nature, guarantees of future compliance, as they are subject to risks, uncertainties and other relevant factors, which may result in the developments and final results differing materially from those stated on these pages. Among these factors, we can highlight the following: performance of the insurance sector and of the overall economic situation in the countries where the entity operates; modifications to the legal framework; changes in monetary policy; pressure from the competition; changes in trends upon which the mortality and morbidity tables are based which affect the insurance activity in the areas of life and health; frequency and severity of the claims subject to coverage, both in the scope of the insurance activity and of general insurance such as life; fluctuation of the interest rates and the exchange rates; risks associated to the use of derived products; effect of future acquisitions.

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