DECLARATION OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY

The members of the Board of Directors of Neinor Homes, S.A. ("Neinor" or the "Company") on its meeting held on February 21, 2024, and according to article 118 of the reinstated text of the Spanish Securities Markets Act approved by Royal Legislative Decree 4/2015 of 23 October as well as to article 8 b) of Royal Decree 1362/2007 of 19 October, declare that, as far as they are aware, the individual Annual Accounts of the Company, as well as the consolidated ones with its dependent companies, corresponding to the financial year ended December 31, 2023, drawn up by the Board of Directors on the referred meeting of February 21, 2024 and prepared in accordance with the applicable accounting principles, offer a true and fair image of the equity, the financial situation and the results of the Company and the companies within the consolidation taken as a whole, and the complementary management reports of the individual and consolidated Annual Accounts include an accurate analysis of the business evolution and results and of the position of Neinor and the companies within the consolidation taken as a whole, together with the main risks and uncertainties which they face.

Madrid, February 21, 2024

D. Ricardo Martí Fluxá	D. Borja García-Egotxeaga Vergara
Chairman of the Board	Director and Chief Executive Officer
D. Juan Pepa	D. Aref H. Lahham
Director	Director
Dª. Anna M. Birulés Bertran	D. Van J. Stults
Director	Director
D. Alfonso Rodés Vilà	D. Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola
Director	Director
D. Andreas Segal	
Director	

Neinor Homes, S.A. y Sociedades Dependientes

Independent Auditor's Report

Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2023, prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and Consolidated Director's Report

Translation of a report originally issued in Spanish based on our work performed in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain and of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish and prepared in accordance with the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain (see Notes 2 and 30). In the event of a discrepancy, the Spanishlanguage version prevails.



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Translation of a report originally issued in Spanish based on our work performed in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain. In the event of a discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Shareholders of Neinor Homes, S.A.,

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Neinor Homes, S.A. (the Parent) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2023, the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of recognised income and expense, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year then ended.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated equity and consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and its consolidated results and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (EU-IFRSs) and the other provisions of the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain. Our responsibilities under those regulations are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements, including those pertaining to independence, that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Spain pursuant to the audit regulations in force. In this regard, we have not provided any services other than those relating to the audit of financial statements and there have not been any situations or circumstances that, in accordance with the aforementioned audit regulations, might have affected the requisite independence in such a way as to compromise our independence.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of the portfolio of lands classified as "Development"

Description

The Group owns a portfolio of lands classified as Our audit procedures included, among others, the development property located throughout Spain, the book value of which at 31 December 2023 was EUR relevant controls that mitigate the risks associated 434 million.

The Group measures these lands at the lower of acquisition cost and market value and uses internal studies and third parties unrelated to it as experts to determine the market value of its inventories.

The determination of the market value of the portfolio of land constitutes a key matter in our audit, since the valuation method generally applied to these assets, the dynamic residual method, requires estimates with a significant degree of uncertainty to be made, among which stand the future selling prices and the pace of sales of the various developments; the estimated costs to be incurred to develop the promotions; the development times of the land held in the portfolio; and the internal discount rate used.

In addition, small percentage changes in the valuations of the property assets could give rise to significant changes in the consolidated financial statements.

For this reason, we considered this matter to be a key matter in our audit.

Procedures applied in the audit

review of the design and implementation of the with the valuation of the portfolio of lands, as well as tests to verify that the aforementioned controls operate effectively.

In order to determine the recoverable amount of the assets, we obtained the valuation reports of the experts engaged by the Group to value all the portfolio of lands classified as "development".

In this regard, we have evaluated the competence, capability and objectivity of the calculations performed, and the adequacy of their work for use as audit evidence, analysing with the assistance of our internal valuation experts the valuation procedures and methodology used by Group management and by the experts engaged. To this end, an automated mass appraisal of the portfolio of lands already in the Group's portfolio at 2022 year-end was performed, taking into account the available information that affect each asset. We have also performed an individual RICS-compliant appraisal of a sample of assets to verify this mass appraisal; and we checked, for a sample of assets, that the technical inputs used by the appraiser were appropriate to the urban conditions of the assets appraised.

Finally, we also analysed and concluded on the appropriateness of the disclosures made by the Group in relation to these matters, which are included in Notes 4.7 and 13 to the consolidated financial statements for 2023.

The results of the procedures performed in relation to the inventory valuation enabled the audit objectives for which the procedures were designed to be reasonably achieved.

Valuation of investment property

Description

The Group manages a portfolio of investment Our audit procedures included, among others, the properties located throughout Spain, whose book value at 31 December 2023 amount to EUR 149 million.

The Group measures these assets at their fair value and uses internal studies and third parties unrelated to it as experts to determine their market value.

The determination of the portfolio of investment properties constitutes a key matter in our audit, since it requires estimates with a significant degree of uncertainty to be made. In particular, the valuation method generally applied is the "Discounted Cash Flows" method, which requires making estimates of the future rent income of each property based on available historical information and market studies, the internal discount rate or opportunity cost used, the residual value of the asset at the end of the projection period, and the exit yield rate.

In addition, small percentage changes in the key assumptions used for the valuation could give rise to significant changes in the consolidated financial statements.

For this reason, we considered this matter to be a key matter in our audit.

Procedures applied in the audit

review of the design and implementation of the relevant controls that mitigate the risks associated with the valuation of the portfolio of investment property, as well as tests to verify that the aforementioned controls operate effectively.

In order to determine the recoverable amount of the assets, we obtained the valuation reports of the experts engaged by the Group to value all the portfolio.

In this regard, we have evaluated the competence. capability and objectivity of the calculations performed, and the adequacy of their work for use as audit evidence, analysing with the assistance of our internal valuation experts the valuation procedures and methodology used by Group management and by the experts engaged. For all the assets we checked that the technical inputs (occupancy rates and expected returns) used by the appraiser were appropriate to the industry and real estate asset transactions similar to the portfolio of the Group.

Finally, we also analysed and concluded on the appropriateness of the disclosures made by the Group in relation to these matters, which are included in Notes 4.3 and 13 to the consolidated financial statements for 2023.

The results of the procedures performed in relation to the investment property enabled the audit objectives for which the procedures were designed to be reasonably achieved.

Recognition of sales under especial conditions Description

The Group has recorded sales under special conditions for an amount of EUR 141 million under caption "Net revenues" of the consolidated income statement whose contracts include specific clauses for each of the assets. Additionally, the caption "Trade and other receivables" of the consolidated balance sheet includes an amount of EUR 29 million corresponding to the deferred payment of these sales, as well as the caption "Provisions" in the current liabilities of the consolidated balance sheet includes an amount of EUR 1.1 million for guaranteed income included in the contracts.

The recognition of this revenue is subject to the transfer of the risks and rewards of the assets, which is generally the date the deed of sale is executed, as long as a substantial part of the price has been collected, there are collection guarantees more than the asset itself or the capital gain is guaranteed with the compensation established contractually and this has been satisfied. Additionally, if the sales are subject to the fulfillment of any genuine condition precedent, the sale is not recognized until such time as it is fulfilled.

On the other hand, in accordance with usual sector practice, some real estate sales contracts may include guaranteed income clauses or contingent price that are considered a variable price in accordance with the requirements established in the applicable accounting standard.

Likewise, the revenue from sales under special conditions is considered, both quantitatively and qualitatively, to be a key parameter of the Group's performance.

For this reason, we considered this matter to be a key matter in our audit.

Procedures applied in the audit

Our audit procedures to address this matter have consisted, for all of these agreements, in the analysis, whether the revenue is properly recognised, taking into account the contractual terms and obligations vis-à-vis buyers, including the effective transfer of ownership, and checked the amounts received by the Group or the reliability of the estimated collection of the deferred amounts and guaranteed income.

We also analysed and concluded on the appropriateness of the disclosures made by the Group in relation to these matters, which are included in Notes 4.14 and 23.1 to the consolidated financial statements for 2023.

The results of the procedures performed in relation to occurrence in the recognition of sales under special conditions enabled the audit objectives for which the procedures were designed to be reasonably achieved.

Other Information: Consolidated Directors' Report

The other information comprises the consolidated directors' report for 2023, the preparation of which is the responsibility of the Parent's directors and which does not form part of the consolidated financial statements.

Our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information. Our responsibility over the consolidated director's report, in accordance with the requirements of the audit regulations in force, consists in:

- a) Solely checking that the consolidated non-financial information statement, certain information included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Directors' Remuneration Report, to which the Spanish Audit Law refers, have been furnished as provided for in the applicable legislation and, if this is not the case, reporting this fact.
- b) Evaluating and reporting on the consistency of the other information included in the consolidated directors' report with the consolidated financial statements, based on the knowledge of the Group obtained in the audit of those consolidated financial statements, as well as evaluating and reporting on whether the content and presentation of this section of the consolidated directors' report are in conformity with the applicable regulations. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there are material misstatements, we are required to report that fact.

Based on the work performed, as described in the preceding paragraphs, we do not have anything to report with respect to the consolidated directors' report for 2023 and the Corporate Governance Report, and we have checked that the specific information described in section a) above has been provided and that the other information in the consolidated directors' report is consistent with that contained in the consolidated financial statements for 2023 and its content and presentation are in conformity with the applicable regulations.

Responsibilities of the Directors and of the Audit Committee of the Parent for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Parent's directors are responsible for preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements so that they present fairly the Group's consolidated equity, consolidated financial position and consolidated results in accordance with EU-IFRSs and the other provisions of the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Parent's directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Parent's audit committee is responsible for overseeing the process involved in the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is included in Appendix to this auditor's report. This description, which is on pages 8 and 9, forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

European Sigle Electronic Format

We have examined the digital files in European Single Electronic Format (ESEF) of Neinor Homes, S.A. and subsidiaries for 2023, which comprise the XHTML file including the consolidated financial statements for 2023 and the XBRL files with the tagging performed by the entity, which will form part of the annual financial report.

The directors of Neinor Homes, S.A. are responsible for presenting the annual financial report for 2023 in accordance with the format and markup requirements established in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 of 17 December 2018 ("ESEF Regulation").

Our responsibility is to examine the digital files prepared by the Parent's directors, in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain. Those regulations require that we plan and perform our audit procedures in order to ascertain whether the content of the consolidated financial statements included in the aforementioned digital files corresponds in full to that of the consolidated financial statements that we have audited, and whether those consolidated financial statements and the aforementioned files were formatted and marked up, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements established in the ESEF Regulation.

In our opinion, the digital files examined correspond in full to the audited consolidated financial statements, and these are presented and have been marked up, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements established in the ESEF Regulation.

Additional Report to the Parent's Audit Committee

The opinion expressed in this report is consistent with the content of our additional report to the Parent's audit committee dated 21 February 2024.

Engagement Period

The Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on 20 April 2023 appointed us as auditors for a period of one year from the year ended 31 December 2022.

Previously, we were designated by the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meetings for a period of one year and we have been auditing the consolidated financial statements uninterruptedly since the period ended 30 June 2015; and therefore, since the period ended 31 December 2017, the year in which the Parent Company became a Public Interest Entity.

DELOITTE, S.L.

Registered in R.Ø.A.C. under no. S0692

Alicia Izaga

Registered in R.O.A.C. under no. 17477

21 February 2024

Appendix to our auditor's report

Further to the information contained in our auditor's report, in this Appendix we include our responsibilities in relation to the audit of the consolidated financial statements.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Parent's directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the use by the Parent's directors of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Parent's audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Parent's audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements, including those regarding independence, and we have communicated with it to report on all matters that may reasonably be thought to jeopardise our independence, and where applicable, on the related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Parent's audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

ended 31 December 2023		

This document includes the translation of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023 AND 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Thousands of Euros)

ASSETS	Notes	31.12.23	31.12.22 (*)	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Notes	31.12.23	31.12.22 (*)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:				Equity			
Goodwill		4.470	4.470	Share capital	16.1	655.227	736.775
Other intangible assets	4.2 and 7	4.596		Share premium		63	63
Right-of-use assets	10 and 18.2	3.936	669	Legal reserve	16.2	6.293	6.209
Property, plant and equipment	4.2 and 8	4.843		Reserves of the Parent	16.3	56.626	61.306
Investment property	4.2 and 9	148.728	143.669	(Own Shares)	16.4	(4.647)	
Investments in associates	11 and 24	628	599	Other reserves		1.275	3.868
Interests in joint ventures	2.8 and 24	8.496	5.968	Reserves at fully consolidated companies	16.3	172,490	76.999
Non-current financial assets	4.10 and 12	24.332	29.575			90.627	96.271
Deferred tax assets	2.8 and 21.3	105.585	94,773	Value adjustments		(2.580)	3.669
Total non-current assets		305.614	295.211	Other value adjustments		(2.580)	3.669
				Total equity attributable to owners of the Company		975.374	927.166
				Non-controlling interests		2.589	2.843
				Total equity	16	977.963	930.009
				NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
				Provisions		500	659
				Bank borrowings	18 and 24	163.468	68.361
				Other non-current financial liabilities	18 and 19	5.172	274.475
				Deferred tax liabilities	21.3	10.807	18.126
				Total non-current liabilities		179.947	361.621
CURRENT ASSETS:							
Non-current assets held for sale	4.7 and 9	-	32.561	CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Inventories	13	1.012.394	1.129.107	Provisions	17	34.509	42.875
Trade and other receivables	14	102.414	49.696	Bank borrowings	18 and 24	220.121	128.666
Investments in associates	11 and 24	9.081	8.813	Other current financial liabilities	18 and 19	5.846	5.022
Current financial assets	4.10 and 12	2.887	16.050	Liabilities with associates		136	310
Tax receivables	21.3	24.487	20.113	Current trade and other payables 20 and 24		136.310	221.421
Prepayments		336	398	Tax payables	21.3	30.652	17.569
Cash and cash equivalents	15	188.360	229.032	Other current liabilities	13 and 19	60.089	73.488
Total current assets	1	1.339.959	1.485.770	Total current liabilities	1	487.663	489.351
TOTAL ASSETS		1.645.573	1.780.981	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1.645.573	1.780.981

(*) Presented just for comparative purposes.

The accompanying Notes 1 to 30 and Appendix I are an integral part of the consolidated balance sheet at 31 December 2023.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 AND 2022

(Thousands of Euros)

	Notes	Period ended 31 December 2023	Period ended 31 December 2022 (*)
Net revenues	23.1 and 24	590.630	763,231
Cost of sales	23.2 and 24	(405.496)	
Employee benefits expenses	23.2 and 24	(41.890)	, ,
Depreciation and amortisation charges	7, 8 and 10	(7.494)	` ,
External services	23.4	(43.019)	
Change in trade provisions	23.6	2.846	2.377
Other operating gains/(losses)	23.0	3.550	2.058
Impairment and gains/(losses) on disposals of non-current assets		665	54
Change in fair value of investment properties	2.8 and 9	6.795	_
Results of loss of control	2.8 and 3	4.698	24.135
PROFIT / (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	2.0	111.285	139.111
THOM T (1000) THOM OF ENAMORS		111.203	133.111
Finance revenue	18	9.991	4.078
Finance costs	18 and 24	(25.721)	(22.484)
Change in fair value in financial instruments	12	4.799	(718)
Impairment and gains/(losses) on disposals of financial instruments		(740)	(433)
Share of results of associates		29	(27)
Share of results of joint ventures		(134)	(39)
PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX		99.509	119.488
· · · ·			
Income tax	21.4	(8.145)	(22.911)
PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		91.364	96.577
Attributable to owners of the Company		90.627	96.271
Attributable to non-controlling interests		737	306
Earnings/(losses) per share (Euros):			
Basic	_	1 216	1 202
	5	1,216	,
Diluted	5	1,216	1,293

(*) Presented just for comparative purposes.

The accompanying Notes 1 to 30 and Appendix I are an integral part of the consolidated income statement for the period ended 31 December 2023.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 AND 2022

(Thousands of Euros)

		Period	Period
		ended	ended
		31 December	31 December
	Notes	2023	2022 (*)
CONSOLIDATED PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		91.364	96.577
By cash flow hedging (Note 12)		(8.222)	4.828
Tax effect (Note 21)		1.973	(1.159)
TOTAL RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE ATTRIBUTABLE DIRECTLY TO EQUITY		(6.249)	3.669
OTHER RECOGNISED INCOME (EXPENSES)			
ITEMS NOT SUBJECT TO RECLASSIFICATION TO INCOME STATEMENT		-	-
ITEMS SUBJECT TO RECLASSIFICATION TO INCOME STATEMENT		-	-
TOTAL RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE		85.115	102.855
Total recognised income and expense attributable to owners of the Company		84.378	103.033
Total recognised income and expense attributable to non-controlling interests		737	(178)

(*) Presented just for comparative purposes.

The accompanying Notes 1 to 30 and Appendix I are an integral part of the consolidated statements of recognised income and expense for the period ended 31 December 2023.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 AND 2022

(Thousands of Euros)

							Reserves at fully	Profit for the year			
	Share		Legal	Reserves of			consolidated	attributable to		Non-controlling	Total
	capital	Share premium	reserve	the Parent	Own shares	Other reserves	companies	owners of the Company	Value adjustments	interests	equity
Balance at 31 December 2021 (*)	799.886	40.703	5.570	64.920	(40.205)	1.565	5.123	103.033	-	1.111	981.706
Distribution of profit/loss for the year:											
To reserves		-	639	5.747	-	-	96.647	(103.033)	-	-	-
Income/expense recognised in the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	96.271	3.669	306	100.246
Transactions with Treasury Shares	-	-	-	(207)	(22.170)	-	-	-	-	-	(22.377)
Dividend distribution (Note 16.5)	(63.111)	(3.430)	-	(32.830)	4.381	-	-	-	-	-	(94.990)
Other movements (Notes 4.21 and 16.4)		-	-	23.676	-	2.303	(24.771)	-		1.426	2.634
Balance at 31 December 2022 (*)	736.775	63	6.209	61.306	(57.994)	3.868	76.999	96.271	3.669	2.843	930.009
Distribution of profit/loss for the year:											
To reserves	-	-	84	763	-	-	95.424	(96.271)	-	-	-
Income/expense recognised in the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90.627	(6.249)	737	85.115
Transactions with Treasury Shares	-	-	-	(667)	2.023	-	-	-	-	-	1.356
Incentive plan payment	-	-	-	-	-	(2.773)	-	-	-	-	(2.773)
Dividend distribution (Note 16.5)	(81.548)	-	-	(4.776)	51.324	-	-	-	-	-	(35.000)
Other movements (Notes 4.21 and 16.4)	-	-	-	-	-	180	67	-	-	(991)	(744)
Balance at 31 December 2023	655.227	63	6.293	56.626	(4.647)	1.275	172.490	90.627	(2.580)	2.589	977.963

(*) Presented just for comparative purposes.

The accompanying Notes 1 to 30 and Appendix I are an integral part of the consolidated statements of changes in equity for the period ended 31 December 2023.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 AND 2022

(Thousands of Euros)

	Notes	Period ended 31 December 2023	Period ended 31 December 2022 (*)
	140123		
Cash flows from/(used in) operating activities			
Profit/(loss) from operations		99.509	119.488
Adjustments-			
Depreciation and amortisation	7, 8 and 10	7.494	4.191
Change in provisions	17	5.320	12.393
Impairment in inventories		1.240	
Impairment and gains/(losses) on disposal of intangible and tangible assets	7 and 8	(665)	
Finance costs	18	25.721	22.484
Finance revenue	18.2	(9.991)	_
Change in fair value in financial instruments	12	(4.799)	718
Impairment and gains/(losses) on disposals of financial instruments	12	740	433
Share of results of associates		(29)	27
Share of results of ioint ventures		134	39
Incentive Plans	16.4	5.770	2.828
	9	(6.795)	
Change in fair value of investment properties Results for loss control of shares	2.8	(4.698)	(24.135)
Results for loss control of shares	2.8	(4.098)	-
Increase/(Decrease) in current assets and liabilities:			
Inventories	13	(56.126)	147.888
Trade and other receivables	14	(19.195)	8.391
Current trade and other payables	19 and 20	9.495	(34.974)
Other current and non-current assets and liabilities	12 and 19	(33.913)	
Income tax paid	21	(8.702)	(21.315)
Total net cash flows from operating activities (I)		10.510	53.019
Cash flows from/(used in) investing activities:			
Acquisition of interests in joint ventures	2.8	(6.325)	_
Acquisition of interests in financial investments	12	(22.854)	(6.446)
Investments in intangible and tangible assets	7 and 8	(630)	
Investments in investment property	2.8	-	(1.518)
Disposals of intangible and tangible assets	7 and 8	32.561	129
Disposals in current and non current financial assets	12	78.252	4.532 (15.541)
Investments in current and non current financial assets Total net cash flows from investing activities (II)	12	81.004	(21.822)
Total net cash flows from investing activities (II)		02.004	(LIIOLL)
Cash flows from/(used in) financing activities:			
Proceeds from bank borrowings and other financial liabilities	18	578.114	230.146
Repayment of bank borrowings and other financial liabilities	18		(317.382)
Derivative premium payment	12	6.383	
Interests received		(11.801)	
Interests paid Transactions with Treasury Shares and other equity transactions	18 and 24	1.204 2.023	(20.464)
Dividend distribution	16 16.5	(35.000)	(22.478) (94.990)
Total net cash flows from financing activities (III)	10.5	(130.686)	(94.990) (232.797)
i otal fiet cash flows from finalicing activities (III)		,,	,
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (I+II+III)		(39.172)	(201.600)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		227.532	309.644
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		188.360	227.532

(*) Presented just for comparative purposes.

x Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish and prepared in accordance with the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain (see Notes 2 and 30). In the event of a discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.

Neinor Homes, S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended 31 December 2023 (hereinafter, 2023 period)

1. Activity of the Neinor Homes Group

Neinor Homes, S.A. ("the Parent"), was incorporated under the Spanish law. in a deed executed on 4 December 2014. On 1 March 2017, the Parent was registered as a public limited liability company ("S.A.") with a view to its admission to trading on the Bilbao, Madrid, Barcelona and Valencia Stock Exchanges. The corporate purpose of Neinor Homes, S.A. is to promote, manage and develop all kind of Real Estate operations. On 20 October 2023, the Board of Directors approved the change of its registered office from Calle Ercilla 24, Bilbao (Vizcaya) to Calle Henao 20, Bilbao (Vizcaya). The registered office of the company is located in Calle Henao 20 and the Company carries out its activities in Spain. The bylaws and other public information on the Company can be consulted in its registered address and on the website: www.neinorhomes.com.

In addition to the operations carried out directly, Neinor Homes, S.A. is the Parent of a Group of subsidiaries with the same corporate purpose and which, together constitute Neinor Homes Group the Parent's shares were admitted to trading on the official secondary market in 2017. Therefore, the Parent Company is obliged to prepare, in addition to its own separate financial statements, the Group's consolidated financial statements and half-yearly financial reports for both the Parent and the consolidated Group in accordance with Royal Decree 1362/2007, of 19 October, implementing Spanish Securities Market Law 24/1988, of 28 July, in relation to the transparency requirements regarding the information on issuers whose securities are admitted to trading on an official secondary market or on another regulated market in the European Union.

On 29 March 2017, the Parent's shares were admitted to trading on the Madrid, Barcelona, Bilbao and Valencia Stock Exchanges. Neinor Homes is part of the Ibex Small Cap since December 13, 2022, a stock market financial index prepared by Bolsas y Mercados Españoles (BME), which is made up of the most important companies after IBEX 35.

The consolidated financial statements of the Neinor Homes Group for 2022 were prepared by the Parent's directors at the Board of Directors' meeting held on 22 February 2023, on the basis of the accounting records held by the Parent and by the other Neinor Homes Group companies properly adjusted for the conversion to International Financial Reporting Standards (EU-IFRSs) and approved by its shareholders on 20 April 2023.

2. Basis of presentation of the consolidated financial statements

2.1 Basis of presentation

In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and Council of 19 July 2002, every company governed by the laws of an European Union member state, and having its equity shares listed on a regulated market of any of its member states is required to file its consolidated financial statements for the reporting periods starting on or after 1 January 2005, in compliance with such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as may have been previously adopted by the European Union.

These consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union, so that they present fairly the Neinor Homes Group's consolidated equity and financial position at 31 December 2023, and the results of its operations, the changes in consolidated equity and the consolidated cash flows in the 12 months period then ended.

The consolidated financial statements of the Neinor Homes Group for 2023 were prepared by the Parent's directors at the Board of Directors' meeting held on 21 February 2024, on the basis of the accounting records held by the Parent and by the other Neinor Homes Group companies properly adjusted for the conversion to International Financial Reporting Standards (EU-IFRSs).

However, since the accounting policies and measurement bases used in preparing the Group's consolidated financial statements for 2023 may differ from those used by certain Group companies, the required adjustments and reclassifications were made on consolidation to unify such policies and bases and to make them compliant with International Financial Reporting Standards.

In order to uniformly present the various items that make up the consolidated financial statements, the accounting policies and measurement bases used by the Parent have been applied to all the companies included in the scope of consolidation.

Also, the accompanying financial statements for 2023 are presented in accordance with the format and markup requirements established in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815, of 17 December 2018 ("ESEF Regulation").

The 2023 consolidated financial statements of the Group and the financial statements of the Group companies have not yet been approved by their respective shareholders. However, the Parent's Board of Directors considers that the aforementioned financial statements will be approved without any changes.

2.2 Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

The following mandatory standards and interpretations, already adopted in the European Union, became effective in 2023. Where applicable, the Group has used them in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements:

(1) New standards, amendments and interpretations mandatorily applicable in the year 2022

Approved for use in the European Unio	Mandatory application for annual periods beginning on or after:	
IFRS 17 – Insurance agreements Amendments to IAS 1 – Disclosure of accountancy policies	It replaces IFRS 4 and sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts with the objective that an entity should provide relevant and reliable information to enable users of the information to determine the effect of insurance contracts on the financial statements. Modification clarifies the material information regarding accountancy policies that shall be disclosed in the financial statements.	1 January 2023 1 January 2023
Amendments to IAS 8 - Disclosure of accountancy policies	Modification clarifies what shall be understood as changes in accounting estimates.	1 January 2023

Amendment to IAS 12 - Deferred Taxes arising from assets and liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	Clarifications on how entities should record deferred tax arising from assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction such as leases and decommissioning obligations.	1 January 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 – Insurance agreements and its modifications	New rule to replace IFRS 4. It sets the principles of registry, valuation, presentation, and disclosure of insurance agreements.	1 January 2023
Amendment to IAS 12 - Tax Reform - Pillar 2 Model Rules	This amendment introduces a temporary exemption to the recognition of deferred taxes from IAS 12 related to the entry into force of the Pillar 2 taxation model.	1 January 2023

The Group has been applying the aforementioned rules, since they came into force on January 1st, 2023, which has not caused a significant impact on the Group accounting policies. In addition, in line with the amendments to IAS 1, the disclosures of no material accounting policies have been reduced and the content of Note 4 of these consolidated financial statements has been revised accordingly.

(2) New standards, amendments and interpretations of mandatory application for annual periods after the 4calendar year starting on 1 January 2024:

At the date of authorization of these annual consolidated financial statements, the following standards and interpretations had been published by the IASB but had not become effective, either because their effective date was subsequent to the date of the consolidated financial statements or because they had yet to be adopted by the European Union:

Approved for use in the European Unio	Mandatory application for annual periods beginning on or after:	
I AIIIEIIUIIIEIIL LO IFNO 10 - LEase	This amendment clarifies the subsequent accounting for lease liabilities arising in sale and leaseback transactions.	1 January 2024
I AITICITUTICITE TO IAS 1 - Classification of	Clarifications regarding the presentation of liabilities as current or non-current and in particular those with maturities conditional on compliance with covenants.	1 January 2024

Not Approved for use in the European	Mandatory application for annual periods beginning on or after:	
Amendment to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 - Supplier financing arrangements.	This amendment introduces disclosure requirements specific to supplier financing arrangements and their effects on a company's liabilities and cash flows, including liquidity risk and management of the associated risks. It will not be applicable to inventories financing.	1 January 2024
Amendment to IAS 21 - Non- Convertibility	This amendment establishes an approach that specifies when one currency can be exchanged for another, and if not, the determination of the exchange rate to be used.	1 January 2025

The Group has performed an assessment in relation to the standards that come into force in 2024 and subsequent years, of the impacts that the future application of this standard might have on the consolidated financial statements once they become effective.

2.3 Changes in accounting policies

In the exercise ended 31 December 2023, there were no significant changes in accounting policies with respect to those applied in the exercise ended 31 December 2022.

2.4 Functional currency

These financial statements are presented in euros as this is the currency of the primary economic area in which the Group operates. Currently, the Group does not have foreign operations.

2.5 Responsibility for the information and estimates made

The information contained in these financial statements is the responsibility of the directors of the Group's Parent.

In the Group's consolidated financial statements for the 12 months period ended 31 December 2023 estimates were occasionally made by the senior executives of the Group and of the consolidated companies, and later ratified by the directors, in order to quantify certain assets, liabilities, income, expenses and commitments reported herein. These estimates relate basically to the following:

- 1. The fair value of the Group's Real Estate assets (Notes 9 and 13). The Group has obtained valuations from independent experts in 2023 for its Real Estate assets, describing the valuation method used in Notes 4.3, 4.7 and 4.9.
- 2. The assessment of possible impairment losses on certain assets (Note 4.10 and 12).
- 3. The useful life of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment (Notes 7, 8 and 10).
- 4. The amount of certain provisions (Note 17).
- 5. The recoverability of deferred tax assets (Note 21.5).
- 6. The valuation of long-term employee benefits (Note 4.21 and 16.4).
- 7. The compliance with the covenants and clauses established by arranged borrowings (Note 18.1).
- 8. The valuation of derivative financial instruments and their classification as accounting hedges (Note 12).
- 9. The income tax expense, considering the tax groups headed by Neinor Homes, S.A. and Neinor Península, S.L.U., in accordance with the provisions of article 99.2 of Provincial Regulation 11/2013, of 5 December, and the Special Tax Consolidation Regime, regulated in Chapter VI of Title VII of Law 27/2014, of 27 November, respectively, on Corporate Income Tax (Note 21).

Although these estimates were made on the basis of the best information available at 31 December 2023, future events may require them to be modified prospectively (upwards or downwards), in accordance with IAS 8. The effects of any change would be recognized in the corresponding consolidated income statement. Due to the uncertainty involved in any estimate based on future expectations in the current economic environment, differences might arise between projected and actual results. The importance of these estimates should be taken into account in any interpretation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements and, in particular, in relation to the valuation of the Group's property assets.

No significant changes were made to the estimates used at 2022 year-end during the period ended on 31 December 2023.

2.6 Consolidation principles

Subsidiaries are considered to be those companies over which the Parent directly or indirectly exercises control through subsidiaries. The Parent has control over a subsidiary when it is exposed or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary, and when it has the ability to use its power to affect its returns. The Parent has power when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the ability to direct the relevant activities of the subsidiary. The Parent is exposed or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary when its returns from its involvement have the potential to vary as a result of the subsidiary's performance. Currently, all of the subsidiaries have been fully consolidated.

Non-controlling interests are measured at the proportionate fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities recognized. The share of non-controlling interests is as follows:

- 1. Interest in investees' equity is presented "Non-controlling interests" under equity in the consolidated balance sheet.
- 2. Share of profit or loss for the year is presented in "Profit/(Loss) for the year attributable to non-controlling interests" in the consolidated income statement.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

All material balances and transactions between the fully consolidated companies and the results included in inventories arising from purchases from other Group companies have been eliminated on consolidation.

Associates and joint ventures are accounted using the equity method. Associates are companies in which the Group has significant influence over management, understood as the power to intervene in the investee's financial and operating policy decisions, but without exercising control or joint control. Significant influence is presumed in companies in which the shareholding is 20% or more. In relation to joint ventures it is understood that are those in which the Group has a joint control with another party.

The equity method consists of the inclusion in the consolidated balance sheet of the net assets and goodwill, if any, relating to the investment in the associate in the line "Investments in associates" and "Interests in joint ventures". The net result obtained each year corresponding to the percentage shareholding in these companies is reflected in the consolidated income statements as "Share of results of associates" and "Share of results of joint ventures". The increase in the value of net assets and implicit goodwill is reduced in subsequent years with a charge to consolidated profit or loss as the related assets and liabilities are depreciated, impaired, derecognized or disposed of to third parties.

The results which come from descendent companies consolidated under the equity method are eliminated, registering the excess of inversion above the participation as an deferred income.

In the Annex 1 are detailed the associates and joint-ventures companies included in the scope of consolidation. All of this companies have the same economic exercise of the Group.

No timing adjustments have been necessary since the balance sheet date of all the Group companies is the same.

2.7 First-time consolidation differences

On acquisition, the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of a subsidiary are measured at their fair values at the date of acquisition. Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill. Any deficiency of the cost of acquisition below the fair value of the

identifiable net assets acquired (i.e., a discount on acquisition) is taken to profit and loss for the period. First consolidated financial statements did not imply recognizing any goodwill or gain.

2.8 Changes in the scope of consolidation

The changes in the scope of consolidation of the Neinor Homes Group in 2023 were as follows:

- On 20 June 2023, the Group reached an agreement with Melca Investments 2023, S.L. for the sale of Sky Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U. and Sky Coliving Homes Propco, S.L.U., in which the Group had a 100% of control. These companies held two investment properties in Valencia. The sale of these companies was subject to the delivery of the assets under certain formal conditions that depended on the Group itself and on a necessary procedure that did not prevent their sale within the committed period, although it was a condition precedent to the closing of the transaction. This sale became effective on 26 September 2023 upon fulfilment of the condition precedent included in the aforementioned agreement, resulting in the exclusion of both companies from the Group's scope of consolidation (Note 9). The result of this transaction has not been significant, and it is registered under "Profit/(loss) on loss of control of investments" in the consolidated income statement.
- On 29 June 2023, Neinor Homes, S.A. reached an agreement with Callisto Holding Lux S.À.R.L. for the acquisition of Twintress, S.L. (name changed to JL Panoramic DV, S.L.) in which Neinor Homes, S.A. acquired 10% of the shares comprising the share capital of this company, with the other party to the agreement acquiring the remaining 90%. Regardless of the number of shareholdings, the Group has decision-making power in financial and operating policies. In addition, there are certain rights of the majority shareholder in the drag-along contract, as well as drag-along and first offer rights for the Group. The ultimate purpose of the acquisition of this stake is to carry out joint venture agreements for EUR 100 million in which the Group will act as managing partner of the development to be developed, supervising the project design, licensing, marketing and construction. In this respect, one of the Group companies, Neinor Península, S.L.U., has formalized in December 2023 a land purchase agreement with JL Panoramic DV, S.L. (Note 13).
- On 26 July 2023, Neinor Homes, S.A. entered into an investment agreement for the acquisition of various plots of land amounting to EUR 50 million, of which EUR 40 million have been invested to date, from third parties in various cities in Spain to develop a Build to Sell residential project through a special purpose vehicle with Orion V European 24, S.A.R.L. (Notes 16.1, 24 and 25). In this regard, Neinor Homes, S.A. has acquired 10% of the share capital of Pegasus Holdco, S.L. Irrespective of the number of shareholdings, the Group has decision-making power in financial and operating policies. Although Neinor Homes, S.A. only has a 10% shareholding, Neinor Homes, S.A. has decision-making power in the company's financial and operating policies, as there are reserved matters that require its favourable vote. In addition, the agreement includes a clause establishing the impossibility of transferring shares. In this regard, Neinor Homes will lead the management of the project design, licensing, marketing and construction.
- On 29 December 2023, Neinor Sur S.A.U. signed a purchase deed with Figeral, S.L. for the sale of Espalmador 45, S.L. for Euros 12,050 thousand, of which EUR 5.905 thousand remained receivable for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Note 14). As a result of this transaction, the Group recognised a gain of EUR 4.698 thousand under "Profit/(loss) on loss of control of investments" in the consolidated income statement.

During the year ended on 31 December 2022 following changes took place in the scope of consolidation of the Neinor Homes Group:

 On 23 February 2022, the sole director of Neinor Península, S.L.U. approved the draft terms of the merger of 62 subsidiaries of the Quabit subgroup (the absorbed companies) into Neinor Península, S.L.U. (the absorbing company). Both Neinor Península, S.L.U. and the absorbed companies were companies wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by the same shareholder, namely Neinor Homes, S.A. The merger was carried out through the absorption of the absorbed companies by Neinor Península, S.L.U., with the dissolution without liquidation of the former and the transfer of all their assets and liabilities to the latter, which had acquired, by universal succession, all the rights and obligations of the absorbed companies. The ultimate objective of the merger was to rationalise the corporate structure arising from the business combination effected in 2021 with the now extinguished Quabit Inmobiliaria, S.A. This merger did not have any effect for consolidation purposes as it was a corporate restructuring transaction.

- On 5 May 2022, the Group company Neinor Sur, S.A.U. executed in a public deed and completed the acquisition of 95% of the shares of Espalmador, S.L. The acquisition was carried out through the delivery of a land lot by the Group company Neinor Sur, S.A.U. valued at EUR 7.348 thousand to Espalmador, S.L. for the development of a residential complex of luxury homes thereon, which will comprise a maximum of 50 homes. Also, a servicing contract was entered into with Figeral, S.L., the company that owns the remaining 5% of the shares of Espalmador, S.L., whereby Figeral, S.L. will be responsible for the integrated management of the residential complex construction project and the concomitant coordination and supervision of the performance of the construction work. The Parent's directors determined that the transaction should be accounted for as an asset acquisition, as the acquiree did not have processes, organised procedures, the application of which results in the production of an output, or its own employees that could be applied thereto. In this regard, the assets of the acquiree relate substantially in full to the cost of the land delivered to it by Neinor Sur, S.A.U.
- On 23 August 2022, Neinor Sur, S.A.U. was partially spun off. On the basis of the related draft terms of division, Neinor Península, S.L.U. transferred to Neinor Homes, S.A. all the shares of Neinor Sur, S.A.U., together with all the other principal and accessory assets and liabilities associated with those shares. The spun-off assets and liabilities contributed to Neinor Homes, S.A. consisted of the partial spin-off of Neinor Península S.L.U. without the extinguishment of the latter. For consolidated purposes, this spin off has led to a reclassification amounting to EUR 23.676 thousand among the reserves at fully consolidated companies into the reserves of the Parent company.
- On 8 September 2022, Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U. formed a sole-shareholder limited liability company called Sky Rental Homes Propco S.L.U. Also, on 11 October 2022, Neinor Homes, S.A. formed Rental Homes Holdco, S.L.U. In addition, on 11 October 2022, Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U. formed the following companies: Europa Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U., Sky Coliving Homes Propco, S.L.U. and Rental Homes NX Propco, S.L.U. The company of these companies, except for Sky Rental Homes Propco S.L.U., which will engage solely in the lease of properties, is the lease for their own account of real estate assets, and the transfer of the leased properties once the minimum retention period has elapsed, and the performance of any real estate and urban development activities similar or related to the leased properties. Furthermore, Sky Coliving Homes Propco, S.L.U. will also engage in the direct or indirect operation of property assets owned by it in order to use them as shared accommodation for third parties (coliving), as well as the provision of complementary services to the guests and users of said accommodation. The share capital of all these companies is represented by 3,000 shares of EUR 1 par value each.

2.9 Comparative information

The information relating to the 2023 consolidated financial statements is presented for comparison purposes with that relating to period ended 31 December 2022.

2.10 Correction of errors

In preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements no errors were detected that would have made it necessary to restate the amounts included in the consolidated financial statements for year ended 31 December 2022.

3. Distribution of profits attributable to the Parent

The distribution of profits proposed by the Parent's directors for approval by its shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, is as follows:

		Thousands of euros		
		31.12.23 31.12.2		
Basis of distribution:				
Profit / (Loss) for the year		(9.231)	847	
Application:				
-To legal reserve		-	85	
-To voluntary reserves		-	762	
- To negative results of previous years	_	(9.231)	-	
		(9.231)	847	

4. Measurement bases

The accounting principles and policies and measurement bases applied in preparing the Neinor Homes Group's consolidated financial statements for the exercises ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 were as follows:

4.1 Business combinations and goodwill

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interest issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously (date of takeover) held interests, the Goodwill or negative difference is obtained by the difference between:

- The cost of the business combination, plus the acquisition-date fair value of any prior interest of the acquirer in the acquiree, and,
- The value of the identifiable assets acquired less the liabilities assumed, determined in accordance with the above.

Any profit or loss arising from the measurement at fair value on the date control of the previous interest in the acquiree is obtained, will be recognized in the profit and loss account. If previously the investment in this investee had been valued at its fair value, the valuation adjustments pending to be allocated to the result of the year will be transferred to the profit and loss account. On the other hand, it is presumed that the cost of the business combination is the best reference to estimate the fair value on the date of acquisition of any previous participation.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognized, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognized as of that date.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognized in profit or loss. When the aforementioned consideration has been classified as equity, the subsequent changes on its fair value are not recognized.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Goodwill is not amortized but is reviewed for impairment at least annually. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

4.2 Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are identifiable non-monetary assets, without physical substance, which arise as a result of a legal transaction, or which are developed by the consolidated companies. Only assets whose cost can be estimated reasonably objectively and from which the consolidated companies consider it probable that future economic benefits will be generated are recognized.

Intangible assets are recognized initially at acquisition or production cost and are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

The period intangible asset amortization charge is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss at rates based on the following years of estimated useful life, which for the intangible assets is four/five years.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment assets are recognized initially at acquisition/contribution or production cost and are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

The costs of expansion, modernization or improvements leading to increased productivity, capacity or efficiency or to a lengthening of the useful lives of the assets are capitalized as an increase in the cost of corresponding assets.

Maintenance and repair costs that do not lead to a lengthening of the useful lives of the assets are charged to the income statement for the period in which they are incurred.

Interest and other financial charges incurred during the period of construction of property, plant and equipment are recognized as an increase in the cost of the construction in progress (see section 15 of this Note).

Depreciation is calculated by applying the straight-line method to the acquisition cost of assets less their residual value. The land on which Group buildings and other structures stand is deemed to have an indefinite useful life and, therefore, is not depreciated.

The periods of which the property, plant and equipment depreciation charges are recognized in the consolidated income statement on the basis of the average years of estimated useful life of the various assets, are as follows:

	Annual rate
Straight-line depreciation method:	
Other installations	10%
Furniture	25%
Data processing equipment	25%
Other items of property, plant and equipment	10%

Assets under construction for production or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment losses. Cost includes professional fees. Depreciation of these assets commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Assets other than investment property held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, where shorter, the term of the relevant lease.

At the end of each reporting period, consolidated companies assess whether there are any internal or external indications that the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment exceeds its recoverable amount, in which case the carrying amount of the asset is written down to the recoverable amount and the future depreciation charges are adjusted in proportion to the revised carrying amount and the new remaining useful life, should it need to be remeasured.

Similarly, if there is an indication of a recovery in the value of an impaired asset, the consolidated companies recognize the reversal of the impairment loss previously recorded and adjust the future depreciation charges accordingly. In no circumstances may the reversal of an impairment loss on an asset raise its carrying amount above that which it would have if no impairment losses had been recognized in prior years.

4.3. Investment property

"Investment Property" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet reflects the values of the land, buildings and other structures held either to earn rentals or for capital appreciation.

Investment property is initially recognized at cost, including the related transaction costs and any borrowing costs incurred. After initial recognition, investment property is measured at fair value.

A change in the intended use of an asset does not provide sufficient evidence for classification as investment property. Thus, a transfer between inventories and investment property occurs when there is a change in the use of an asset evidenced by the commencement of a lease on the asset or the existence of an approved marketing plan after parking the asset in an EDAV, in which case there would be a transfer from inventories to investment property, or by the commencement of a property development on the asset for subsequent sale, in which case there would be a transfer from investment property to inventories. In the case of a transfer of an item from inventories to investment property to be carried at fair value, any difference between it and its previous carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss for the period. When the Group decides to sell an asset classified in investment property without subsequent property development, it remains classified as investment property until disposal. On the other hand, if a decision is taken to develop real estate for subsequent lease, the asset remains classified as investment property for the duration of the development.

Upkeep and maintenance expenses are recognised in the income statement for the year in which they are incurred. Conversely, amounts invested in improvements that contribute to increasing the capacity or efficiency or extending the useful life of these assets are recorded as an increase in their cost.

The fair value of the investment property is determined by taking as reference values the valuations performed by independent third-party valuers not related to the Group (CBRE Valuation Advisory, S.A. and Savills Aguirre Newman Valoraciones y Tasaciones, S.A.U.) or values determined on the basis of market conditions and, accordingly, at the end of each reporting period the fair value reflects the market conditions of the investment property at that date. In determining the fair value of the property, the valuations of the independent valuers were carried out in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Standards issued by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS), Valuation – Global Standards 2020 (the RICS Red Book), in conformity with the International Valuation Standards (IVSs) issued by the International Valuation Standards Council (IVSC). In addition, if a property development were to be decided upon for subsequent exploitation via leasing, the asset would thus remain classified as investment property for the duration of the development.

The methodology used to determine the fair value of the Group's investment property is principally the discounted cash flow ("DCF") method. Unless the specific characteristics of an investment suggest otherwise, the DCF method is applied over a ten-year time horizon, in accordance with standard market practice. The cash flows are extrapolated over the valuation period being assessed in order to reflect increases in the CPI and the timing of rent revisions, lease agreement expiry dates, etc. In this regard, for certain properties owned by the Group in relation to which the complete development is not available, the DCF method described above is used, taking into account, subsequently, the sale of the assets as the respective leases expires.

The final rate of return or final capitalization rate used in each case refers not only to the expected market conditions at the end of each cash flow period, but also to the expected lease terms and conditions and the physical situation of the property, taking into account any planned improvements to the property and included in the analysis. Habitual market discount rates are used.

The properties were valued on a case-by-case basis, considering each of the leases in force at year-end. The buildings with areas that are vacant were valued on the basis of the estimated future income, less a period for the marketing thereof.

Changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss. When the Group sells a property at its fair value, the carrying amount of the investment property prior to the transaction is adjusted to the transaction price, and the resulting fair value adjustment is recognized under "Changes in Fair Value of Investment Property" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

4.4 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets.

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement day, less any lease incentives received and any initial direct costs. Dismantling and restoring costs are included in this calculation, if they should be taken into consideration. Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease. Estimated useful life of the assets is as follows:

	Annual rate
Straight-line depreciation system:	
Right-of-use assets	20%

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

4.5 Impairment of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Neinor Homes Group reviews the carrying amounts of its items of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years.

Also, in the case of leased real estate assets, the Group uses a mixed criterion. Since they are linked to commercial operations, the most appropriate methodology is considered to be the discounted cash flows model considering the inflows and outflows arising from the operation of the asset determined by its lease status. An exit value is determined when the lease expires or considering the periods, in any case, of

mandatory application, calculated by recognizing the perpetual return of the last year analyzed or a market-based return, once the characteristics and contractual terms and conditions of the assets have been analyzed, considering the constant return. The yield used as a discount rate will be determined as the yield demanded by the market when the valuation is made based on the specific features of the assets. The valuation is done by independent experts.

4.6 Leases

When consolidated entities act as lessors, they present the fair value of the leased asset under "Investment property" (Note 4.3). Lease income is recognized in the income statements on a straight-line basis.

When consolidated entities act as the lessee, the Group applies the criteria described in the Note 4.4.

4.7 Inventories

"Inventories" in the consolidated balance sheet include assets that the consolidated companies:

- 1. Hold for sale in the ordinary course of business.
- 2. Hold under production, construction or development for sale in the ordinary course of business.
- 3. Expect to be consumed in the production process or in the rendering of services.

The Group considers that its inventories do not meet the requirements of IAS 40 for consideration as investment property. Consequently, land and other property held for sale or for inclusion in a property development are treated as inventories.

Land and sites are measured at the lower of acquisition cost, plus site development costs, if any, purchase transaction costs (transfer tax, registration expenses, etc.) and finance costs incurred over the period the urban development work is being carried out (Note 4.15), or estimated market value.

The costs incurred in property developments, or in portions thereof, the construction of which had not been completed at year-end, are classified as construction in progress. These costs include costs relating to the site, urban development and construction costs, capitalized finance costs incurred in the construction period, and other allocable direct and indirect costs. Marketing expenses are charged to the consolidated income statement in the year in which they are incurred. Finance costs, which amounted to EUR 11.653 thousand in 2023, were recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as a reduction of the financial profit and related to expenses associated with developments in Progress (EUR 4.288 thousand in 2022) (Notes 4.15 and Note 13).

The Group companies transfer the accumulated costs of completed developments, or a portion thereof, from "Construction work in progress" to "Completed properties".

The inventories transferred to the Neinor Homes Group by virtue of the contributions made in the context of the transaction described in Note 1 are recognized initially at the amount assigned to them in the related transfer agreements. This amount coincides with the carrying amount at which these inventories had been recognized in the accounting records of the contributing companies, considering their acquisition cost or their net recoverable value, the lower.

"Short-Cycle Developments in Progress" are considered to be the accumulated costs of those developments for which the projected construction completion period does not exceed twelve months.

The cost of construction in progress and completed work is reduced to its fair value and, where appropriate, the related allowance for decline in value is recognized. However, if the fair value is greater than the net value of the cost, the value of the cost/contribution is maintained.

The fair value of the Group's inventories is calculated on the basis of appraisals carried out by independent experts not related to the Group (CBRE Valuation Advisory, S.A. and Savills Aguirre Newman Valoraciones y Tasaciones, S.A.U.) or internal estimates. These appraisals or estimates use mainly the dynamic residual method to calculate the fair value and are carried out in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Standards issued by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) in the United Kingdom and the International Valuation Standards (IVS) issued by the International Valuation Standards Committee (IVSC).

As indicated previously, the dynamic residual method was used to calculate fair value. This method consists of estimating the value of the final product based on the comparison or discounted cash flow method, and subtracting from this value the development costs, including the residential development and construction costs, fees, levies, etc., and the profit of the developer for estimating the residual value. Income and costs are distributed over time in line with the periods of development and sales estimated by the expert. The discount rate used is that which represents the average annual return on the project, without taking into account external financing, which would be obtained by an average developer in a development of the characteristics of that analyzed. This discount rate is calculated by adding the risk premium determined by evaluating the risk of the development (taking into account the type of property asset to be constructed, its location, liquidity, the construction period and the investment volume required) to the risk-free interest rate.

Given the uncertainties inherent to any information based on future expectations, there could be deviations between the projected results considered when performing the aforementioned estimates and the actual ones, what may require them to be modified prospectively (upwards or downwards), as described in Note 2.5.

At 31 December 2023, as for 31 December 2022 all its "Development" assets had been appraised by an independent expert, having taken the aforementioned value as a reference when assessing the existence of any impairment losses to be recognized for accounting purposes, adjusted, in certain cases, by tolerances of five percent; the effect thereof was not significant taken as a whole. All its "Legacy" assets had been appraised by an internal analysis to determine the recoverable value.

In this respect, the most significant aspects considered in the appraisals in the 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

Development assets-

The appraisals were conducted on a case-by-case basis for each asset, taking into consideration the building qualities envisaged for each one, which in turn determine the associated contracting costs and range of sale prices. Also, for each individual asset, the average periods for achieving the various urban planning, management and discipline milestones, as well as the average construction periods for each development depending on the building type and density were taken into account.

Lastly, the discount rate associated with each project was calculated, and a sensitivity analysis performed on the rate depending on the zoning status of the developments at that time. The discount rates vary according to the development stage reached by the asset (plot without development, under construction, with presales or finished), with rates ranging between 6% (for work in progress with pre-sales) and 18% (for certain urban plots) (between 6% and 20% in 2022).

Once a preliminary estimate has been made of the value of the assets, a review of the valuation models is performed, verifying the reasonableness of the ratios, such as the percentage of the finished product represented by the plot, the profit on the construction cost or the profit obtained according to sales.

Other parameters are also set in each of the appraisals, the main ones being as follows:

- Advance sales before the start of the construction of the developments were not taken into consideration.
- It was estimated that 70% 75% of the sales (pre-sales off plan, in a private sale and purchase agreement) will be carried out during the construction of the developments and the remaining sales within nine months following completion thereof.
- Increases in sale prices over the existing market prices were not taken into consideration.
- It is estimated that 33/36 months could elapse between the time necessary for the drafting of the project and the obtainment of the construction permit, construction and delivery of the project, and the end of the marketing and sale of the units.

In relation to the assets built by the Group which finally are classified as Rental (Note 6), are valued in accordance with the criteria established for investment property in Note 4.3.

4.8 Trade receivables

Trade receivables do not earn interest and are stated at their nominal value, less any allowances for estimated unrecoverable amounts.

In this regard, the Neinor Homes Group has recognised receivables from the sale of singular assets which are subject to variable prices that depend on the Group meeting a series of milestones, such as the achievement of minimum occupancy levels and a minimum amount of gross rents. The amount of these receivables has been estimated on the basis of the best information available at the date of preparation of these financial statements.

This heading also includes the Group's receivable as a result of litigation favourable to the Group's interests, which is secured by land.

4.9 Customer advances

The amount of the advances received from customers prior to recognition of the sales of the properties, according to the criteria indicated in note 4.14, is recognized at year-end under "Other current liabilities-Customer advances" on the liability side of the consolidated balance sheet.

4.10 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized in the Group's consolidated balance sheet when the Group becomes party to the contractual terms of the instrument.

During the exercises ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 the measurement bases applied by the Group to its financial instruments were as follows:

Financial assets

The financial assets held by the Group are classified in the following categories:

a. <u>Financial assets at amortised cost</u>: these include financial assets, including those admitted to trading on an organised market, for which the Group holds the investment in order to collect contractual cash flows, and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

In general, this category includes:

- i. Trade receivables: arising from the sale of goods or the rendering of services with deferred payment in the ordinary course of business; and
- ii. Non-trade receivables: arising from loans granted by the Company and other receivables with fixed or determinable payments.
- b. Financial assets at fair value through equity: this category includes financial assets whose contractual terms give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are not held for trading and cannot be classified in the preceding category.
- c. Financial assets at cost: this category includes the following investments: a) equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably determined, and derivatives whose underlying consists of these investments; b) hybrid financial assets whose fair value cannot be reliably determined, unless they meet the requirements for being measured at amortised cost; c) contributions made in silent participation and similar agreements; d) participating loans earning contingent interest; and e) financial assets that should be classified in the following category but whose fair value cannot be reliably estimated.
- d. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: these include financial assets held for trading and financial assets not classified in the aforementioned categories. This category also includes the financial assets optionally designated as such by the Group on initial recognition which would otherwise have been included in another category, because such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement inconsistency or an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Initial recognition

In general terms, financial assets are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration given, plus any directly attributable transaction costs. However, transaction costs directly attributable to financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets at amortised cost are accounted for using this measurement rule, and the related accrued interest is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method. Financial assets at fair value through equity are recognised at fair value, without deducting the transaction costs which might be incurred on their disposal. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised directly in equity until the financial asset is derecognised or it is determined that it has become impaired, at which time the amount recognised in equity is taken to profit or loss.

Financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and the gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in the net profit or loss for the year.

Investments classified in category c) above are measured at cost net, where appropriate, of any accumulated impairment losses. These losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the investments and their recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and the present value of the future cash flows from the investment. Unless there is better evidence of the recoverable amount of investments in equity instruments, it is based on the value of the equity of the investee, adjusted by the amount of the unrealised gains existing at the date of measurement, net of the related tax effect.

The Group measures its assets at amortised cost, as the objective of the business model is to hold them in order to collect the contractual cash flows. Applying IFRS 9, the Group has chosen to apply the simplified expected loss model to trade receivables and leases, as well as commercial contract assets, whereby for these assets the expected loss is calculated over the entire life of the asset.

To this end, the Group has established a procedure whereby receivables are not only impaired when they are no longer recoverable (incurred losses) but also considers potential expected losses based on the

development of customer, industry and country-specific credit risk. This model applies to all financial assets including trade and contract assets under IFRS 15 and non-trade assets.

For its calculation, the Group has developed a methodology whereby percentages are applied to the balances of financial assets to reflect expected credit losses based on the credit profile of the counterparty (the customer, in the case of trade and other receivables). These percentages reflect the probability of a default on payment obligations and the percentage of loss, which, upon default, is ultimately uncollectible. The assignment of the rating and the development of these percentages is supervised by the finance department, which updates it annually for each year-end on the basis of the credit risks.

In this regard, in accordance with the 12-month expected loss impairment model, the Group has estimated that financial assets measured at amortised cost are subject to impairment loss based on the facts and circumstances as follows (in thousands of euros):

Concept	Gross Amount 31/12/2023	Estimated loss at 12 months (%) (*)	Estimated loss at 12 months at 31/12/2023	Net Amount 31/12/2023
Current and non-current financial assets (Note 11)	27.832	0,14% - 3%	(613)	27.219
Inventories - Advances to creditors (Note 12)	62	3%	(2)	60
Clients – servicing (Note 13)	57.700	0,02%	(1.731)	55.969
Advances to suppliers (Note 13)	13.704	3%	(411)	13.293
Trade and other receivables (Note 13)	33.380	0% - 3%	(228)	33.152
Cash	188.511	0%-3%	(151)	188.360
TOTAL	321.189		(3.136)	318.053

(*) The estimate was made taking into consideration the credit rating of the counterparties issued by agencies of recognized prestige or in case this information is not available attending to geographic area or industry in which it operates. In the estimation of the expected loss on advances to suppliers, the Group opted to recognize a provision for 3% of the total amount of advances delivered, since no public individual credit rating is available (Note 14).

A reversal of 505 thousand euros has been recorded in the "Change in trade provisions" caption in the consolidated income statement for 2023 (Note 23.6). The estimated loss amounting to 3.136 thousand euros has been registered in each of the caption of the consolidated balance sheet previously mentioned.

Financial assets are derecognized from the consolidated balance sheet by the different Group companies when the contractual rights on the cash flows of the financial asset expire or when substantially all the risks and benefits inherent to ownership of the financial asset are transferred.

At each balance-sheet date, the Group assesses whether there is any objective evidence of impairment of financial assets. The Group assesses whether there is any objective evidence of impairment for loans and accounts receivable.

Financial liabilities and equity

The financial liabilities assumed or incurred by the Group are classified in the following measurement categories:

a. <u>Financial liabilities at amortized cost:</u> the Group's loans and payables that have arisen from the purchase of goods or services in the normal course of the Group's business and also those which, not having commercial substance or being derivative financial instruments, arise from loans received by the Group or other payables.

These liabilities are initially recognized at the fair value of the consideration received, adjusted by the directly attributable transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

The main financial liabilities held by the Group companies are financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognized in equity at the proceeds received, net of issue costs.

Treasury shares acquired by the Group during the year are recognized at the value of the consideration paid and are deducted directly from equity. Gains and losses on the acquisition, sale, issue or retirement of treasury shares are recognized directly in equity and in no case are they recognized in profit or loss.

Bank loans

Interest-bearing bank loans and overdrafts are recognized at the amount received, net of direct issue costs. Finance costs, including premiums payable on settlement or reimbursement and direct issue costs, are recognized in the consolidated income statement on an accrual basis using the effective interest method and are added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise.

Hedges

The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge the risks to which its future activities, operations and cash flows are exposed. Basically these risks relate to changes in interest rates. As part of these transactions, the Group arranged two hedging financial instruments in 2022 which have been modify to contract another one (Note 12).

In order for these financial instruments to qualify for hedge accounting, they are initially designated as such and the hedging relationship is documented. Also, the Group verifies, both at inception and periodically over the term of the hedge (at least at the end of each reporting period), that the hedging relationship is effective, i.e., that it is prospectively foreseeable that the changes in the fair value or cash flows of the hedged item (attributable to the hedged risk) will be offset by changes in the hedging instrument.

The Group uses hedges of the following type, which are accounted for as described below:

Cash flow hedges: in hedges of this nature, the portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument that has been determined to be an effective hedge is recognised temporarily in equity and is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the same period during which the hedged item affects profit or loss, unless the hedge relates to a forecast transaction that results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, in which case the amounts recognised in equity are included in the initial cost of the asset or liability when it is acquired or assumed.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised or no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting. At that time, any cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument that has been recognised in equity remains in equity until the forecast transaction occurs. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognised in equity is transferred to profit or loss.

Gains or losses arising from an effective hedging instrument are taken into account in determining capitalised financing costs on qualifying inventories so that the capitalised interest expense corresponds to the interest rate effectively hedged.

Trade payables

Trade payables are not interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value.

In relation to non-recourse confirming, the International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') do not explicitly state the accounting treatment applicable to the aforementioned transactions. According to the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) these types of transactions (also called "reverse factoring") should be analyzed depending on the economic substance of the agreements, so that issuers can conclude whether the trade debt should be classified as financial debt within the consolidated balance sheet, or payments made should be classified as financial or operational within the Cash flow statements. Consequently, provided that there are no material changes to the conditions of the trade debt (for example, to the due date, the amount or the interest rates, if applicable), the fact that due to the use of confirming, the new legal creditor is a financial institution instead of the supplier, does not change the economic character of the debt that arose from the operational activities of the Group company, regardless of whether it originated from an external or a group supplier.

This is the accounting policy chosen by the Group, and an amount of EUR 11.762 thousand was drawn down at 31 December 2023 (EUR 10.259 at 31 December 2022) (Note 18).

4.11 Shares of the Parent

All the shares of the Parent held by consolidated companies are deducted from equity.

At 31 December 2023, the Parent Company held 473.900 treasury shares (5.659.426 at 31 December 2022) and none of the subsidiaries or associates held additional treasury shares (Note 16.4).

4.12 Provisions

The Group's consolidated financial statements include all the material provisions with respect to which it is considered that it is more likely than not that the obligation will have to be settled. Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated annual financial statements, but are disclosed, as required by IAS 37.

Provisions, which are quantified on the basis of the best information available on the consequences of the event giving rise to them and are reviewed and adjusted at the end of each year, are used to meet the specific obligations for which they were originally recognized. Provisions are fully or partially reversed when such obligations cease to exist or are reduced.

At the end of the exercises ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 certain litigation and claims were in process against the consolidated companies arising from the ordinary course of their operations. The Group's legal and tax advisers and directors consider that the provisions recorded are sufficient and that the outcome of

these proceedings and claims will not have any additional material effect on the financial statements for the years in which they are settled (Notes 17 and 21).

Provisions for warranties

Provisions for warranty costs, particularly after-sales expenses, other costs and the ten-year guarantee required under Spanish regulations governing real estate companies, are recognized at the date of sale of the relevant products, in line with the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the Group's potential liability, according to market experience.

4.13 Income tax

Since July 1, 2015, the Parent filed consolidated income tax returns under Income Tax Provincial Regulation 11/2013, of 5 December, and formed part of tax group no. 02115BSC headed by Neinor Holdings, S.L.U. (see Note 21). The Group companies Neinor Península, S.L.U. and Neinor Sur S.A.U. filed their tax returns separately, since they did not belong to the aforementioned consolidated tax group. The Group was parented by Neinor Holdings, S.L.U.

Due to Neinor Homes, S.A. admission to listing and Neinor Holdings, S.L.U's loss of participation there has been a breakdown of the Tax Group. On November 3, 2017, the new Fiscal Group (number 02117BSC) headed by Neinor Homes, S.A. was approved. The Tax Group pays income on a tax consolidation basis with effect from 1 January 2017 in accordance with Article 99 of Bizkaia Corporation Tax Regulation 11/2013, of 5 December. It must be taken into account that the tax credits that in the previous Tax Group were considered tax credits generated within the Group, maintain this nature in the new Tax Group. Therefore, the tax consolidation group 02117BSC is formed in 2023 and 2022 by Neinor Homes, S.A. as the head company and Neinor Norte, S.L.U. as the subsidiary.

On the other hand, the tax consolidation group with number 5/20, with Neinor Península, S.L.U. as the head company, is formed by the rest of the companies that make up the Neinor Homes Group, except for Quabit Comunidades, S.L. and Parque Las Cañas, S.L.U. On 2023, Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U., Rental Homes NX Propco, S.L.U. and Rental Homes Holdco, S.L.U. joined this group. On February 23, 2022, 62 companies comprising the Group merged by absorption with Neinor Península, S.L.U. (Note 2.8) and, consequently, the appropriate notifications were made, with many of the absorbed companies being covered by the FEAC regime. Also, on 19 April 2022, the following Group companies were included in the tax group: Neinor Sardes Rental, S.L.U., Global Izara, S.L.U. and Meltonever Project, S.L.U. after making the appropriate notifications to the tax authorities.

The Group has two tax consolidation groups for corporate income tax purposes. The income tax provincial group headed by Neinor Homes, S.A. and another income state group with Neinor Península, S.L.U. as the head of the group.

The consolidated income tax expense for the year is calculated on the basis of taxable profit for the year. The taxable profit differs from the net profit reported in the income statement because it excludes revenue and expense items which are taxable or deductible in different years and also excludes items that will never be taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax liability is calculated on the basis of tax rates that have been approved or substantially approved at the date of the consolidated balance sheet.

The Group companies file consolidated income tax returns and in this process they apply the following rules: temporary differences arising in the calculation of the consolidated tax base arising from the transactions between companies composing the tax group, provided that such results have not been realized vis-à-vis third parties, are recognized by the company that had recognized the result; permanent differences (e.g. due to the elimination of dividends paid among companies in the tax group) or temporary differences arising in the calculation of the consolidated tax base are recognized as a permanent or temporary difference by the

company that had recognized the result, and any tax losses and tax credits and rebates offset or used by the companies composing the tax group are recognized as an account receivable or payable between the reporting company and the companies that offset and/or use them.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are the amounts expected to be recoverable or payable calculated on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the tax bases used in calculating the taxable profit. They are recognized using the consolidated balance sheet liability method and are quantified by applying to the related temporary difference or tax asset the tax rates at which it is expected that the asset will be realized, or the liability settled.

A deferred tax asset or liability is recognized for temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associates and from interests in joint ventures, except when the Group is in a position to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

However:

- 1. Deferred tax assets are only recognized if it is considered probable that the consolidated companies will have sufficient future taxable profits against which the deferred tax asset can be utilized, considering, in any case, market expectations and in a restricted way, so the Deferred tax assets are recognized only once there is a consolidated improvement of the Real Estate sector and attending to actual expectations of land assets without considering new business according to a conservative criteria.
- 2. No deferred tax liabilities are recognized for goodwill arising on an acquisition.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to verify that they remain in force, and the appropriate adjustments are made on the basis of the results of the review, considering their temporary and quantitative limits, if there were any, for its application.

4.14 Revenue and expense

Revenue and expenses are recognized on an accrual basis. Therefore, revenue and expenses are registered when the real exchange of goods and services takes place, independently of when the monetary or financial flux is produced.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents balances receivable for goods delivered and services rendered in the ordinary course of business, less discounts, VAT and other sales taxes.

The Group companies recognize property development sales and the related cost when the properties are handed over and title and control of the asset there to have been transferred. For these purposes, the sale of a residential finished product is understood to have occurred when the keys are handed over, which coincides with the execution of the public deed and final collection of the price. The Group recognizes land sales and singular assets when the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred, which is generally the date the deed of sale is executed, as long as a substantial part has been disbursed (nearly 50%) or the unrealized gain has been granted against the compensation contractually settled. Otherwise, the sell will not be considered as recognized for accounting purposes. If the sale made is subject to fulfilment of a genuine condition precedent, the sale is not recognized until such time as it is fulfilled.

The Group can make purchases of land subject to conditions resolutory and suspensive. If there are suspensive conditions, the contract comes into force when the condition is fulfilled and, in turn, the contract becomes effective. The amounts paid in the context of contracts subject to suspensive conditions are recognized as "Advances to Suppliers" and as such are subject to the measurement standard applicable to

trade receivables. If there are resolutory conditions, the fulfilment of the condition marks the extinction of the effects of the contract and, therefore, the Group assesses the probability associated with the condition and the party on which the fulfilment of the condition depends, for the purposes of recognizing the rights and obligations associated with the contract over time.

The cost allocated to the units up for sale of a property development is determined by allocating to each unit being sold the portion of the total costs of the development that results from applying to them the same proportion that their selling price represents in relation to the estimated value of the development taken as a whole.

The amounts received from customers on account of future sales of land and/or buildings, both in cash and commercial bills, to the extent that the recognition of the sale does not occur in the terms described above, are recognized as advances received under "Customer Advances" under current liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet.

Sales warranties cannot be purchased separately and are required by law. Consequently, the Company continues to recognize warranties and insurance contracts in accordance with IAS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. No supplementary warranties are provided in addition to those required by law which, under IFRS 15, are considered to be service warranties and should, therefore, be recognized as a stand-alone performance obligation to which the Group must allocate a portion of the asset's selling price. The incremental costs of obtaining a sales contract, basically the sales commissions of the property development's agents, hare recognized as a collection right until each unit being sold is executed in a deed (the moment in which the entire expense is recognized as the cost of sales), as they are reimbursable if the sales embodied in private sale and purchase agreements are not fulfilled. Other necessary or incremental contract costs might exist when entering into the private sale and purchase agreements (such as the costs associated with the guarantees provided to secure advances received from customers) which it is not practical to capitalize, but which could be revalued on the basis of changes in borrowing costs in the future, if it were considered that they contribute to improved matching between income and expenses. The uncapitalized expenses associated with costs of this type amounted to EUR 1.080 thousand in 2023 (EUR 1.202 thousand in 2022) recorded under the caption "External Services" in the accompanying consolidated income statement.

Revenue from the rendering of services is recognized by reference to the percentage or stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period, provided the outcome of the transaction can be estimated reliably.

Rental income is recorded on an accrual basis, with incentive benefits and initial costs of leases distributed linearly.

Interest revenue is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Dividend revenue from investments is recognized when shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

The disaggregated breakdown of income from ordinary activities from contracts with customers required by IFRS 15 can be extracted from the segmented information disclosed in Note 6, as this information is sufficiently descriptive in terms of the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty that might affect the revenue and cash flows arising from the sale agreements.

Also, in relation to the Group's main business lines (see Note 6), consisting of the "development sales", it is estimated that, according with the commitments made with customers as of December 31, 2023, considering that all of them reach a successful conclusion, the income figure associated with them will be the following for the next four years, in millions of euros:

Туре	
Development sales (*)	434
TOTAL	434

^(*) Calculated based on the advances received of amounts for the housing units for which private sale and purchase agreements have been signed and which have not yet been handed over (Note 13).

4.15 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of property developments or property investments are added to the costs of these assets, only during periods when an effective development occurs (idle periods are excluded) and until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. The determination of the capitalisable amounts takes into account expenses or income associated with swaps considered to be effective hedges (Note 23.4).

In the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group capitalized borrowing costs amounting to EUR 11.653 thousand to "Inventories" (4.288 thousand in 2022) (Notes 4.7 and 13).

All other borrowing costs are recognized in the consolidated income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

4.16 Profit from operations

The profit from operations is presented before the share of results of associates (companies accounted for using the equity method) and before investment income and finance costs.

4.17 Termination benefits

Under current labor legislation, the Group companies are required to pay termination benefits to employees whose contracts are terminated under certain conditions. In the consolidated annual accounts for the year ended December 31, 2023, the Group has reversed a provision amounting to EUR 1.458 thousand registering that under the "Employee benefit expenses" account on the consolidated income. Furthermore, the Group has an expense due to termination benefits of EUR 912 thousand (Note 23.3) (as of December 31, 2022, the Group had registered a provision amounting to EUR 1.458 thousand for that concept being the total expense due to termination benefits EUR 963 thousand).

4.18 Consolidated cash flow statements

The consolidated cash flow statements have been prepared using the indirect method and the terms used are defined as follows:

- 1. Cash flows: inflows and outflows of cash and cash equivalents, which are short-term, highly liquid investments that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.
- 2. Operating activities: the principal revenue-producing activities of the entities composing the consolidated Group and other activities that are not investing or financing activities.
- 3. Investing activities: the acquisition and disposal of long-term assets and other investments not included in cash and cash equivalents if they have a direct impact on current cash flows.
- 4. Financing activities: activities that result in changes in the size and composition of the equity and liabilities that are not operating activities if they have a direct impact on current cash flows.

There are no significant non-cash transactions related to operating, investing and/or financing operations which, not having given rise to cash variations, have not been included in the statement of cash flows and should be reported separately, apart from the transactions related to the delivery of shares under the 3-year incentive plan maturing in December 2022, partially settled in 2023.

4.11 Non-current assets held for sale

The Group classifies a non-current asset or a disposal group as held for sale when it has made the decision to sell it and it is estimated that it will take place within the next twelve months (Note 9).

These alienable assets or groups are valued at their book value or their fair value minus the costs necessary for the sale, whichever is lower.

Assets classified as non-current held for sale are not amortized, but on each balance sheet date the corresponding valuation adjustments are made so that the book value does not exceed fair value less costs to sell.

The income and expenses generated by non-current assets and alienable groups of elements, held for sale, that do not meet the requirements to classify them as discontinued operations, are recognized in the corresponding item of the profit and loss account according to their nature.

4.20 Current assets and liabilities

The Group has opted to present current assets and liabilities in accordance with its ordinary course of business. The current assets and liabilities with estimated maturities of over twelve months are as follows:

		Thousands of euros		
	3	1.12.23	31.12.22	
Inventories (long term)		580.893	760.957	
Trade and other receivables		25.842	25.807	
Total current assets		606.735	786.764	
Bank borrowings		210.369	115.239	
Current trade and other payables		-	60.863	
Other current liabilities		17.795	16.666	
Total current liabilities		228.164	192.768	

4.21 Incentive plans

In April 2020, the Shareholders of the Parent Company approved a new incentive plan payable in shares, for which the amount set was between EUR 8 million and EUR 12 million, for the period ending 31 December 2022. Initially, the scope of the plan was inside directors. However, to get this access, the members have been proposed by the Appointments and Remunerations Committee with an approval of the Board of Directors of the parent company members of the executive team of the Neinor Homes Group may get the access to this plan. Achievement measurement metrics are, at 50% each; EBITDA and the total return for the shareholder (which considers the gains in the stock's price of Neinor Homes). Minimum amounts below, which the incentives do not accrue, and the possibility of an extra bonus of up to 150% were established. Shares acquired under this plan are subject to lock-up commitments for a period of one year for inside directors. Additionally, this incentive is subject to a repayment clause if certain circumstances arise and there are minimum permanence requirements for the incentive accrual. The shares to be received by each participant will be determined by the incentive attributed to them taking into consideration the evolution of the share market price during a certain number of working days before the starting and the ending date of the measurement period. During 2022, the aforementioned incentive plan expired and in the current financial year 2023 the first delivery in shares associated took place in the amount of EUR 2.773 thousand. The estimated amounts and those calculated in the settlement of the plan do not differ significantly. In relation to this incentive plan, the remaining amount, which amounts to EUR 2.9 million of shares, is expected to be paid in the following two years in accordance with the conditions of the plan. The amount of tax liabilities associated with the delivery of the shares is recorded against reserves.

During this financial year 2023, the Group has approved a new incentive plan payable in cash, with a maximum cost of EUR 17 million, which will accrue until 31 December 2025 and whose beneficiaries will be directors with executive functions and members of the management team of Neinor Homes, S.A. and its group of companies who are expressly invited by the Parent's Board of Directors, at the proposal of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee.

The metric used to measure compliance with the plan is the Total Shareholder Return (TSR), defined as dividends distributed, share capital reduction and cancellation of treasury shares by Neinor Homes, S.A., all of which are aligned with the 2023-2027 strategic plan, with 85% of EBITDA required to meet the mentioned objective, as this is the key parameter for its accrual. At 31 December 2023, an amount of EUR 4.150 thousand has been recognized with a credit to "Other current liabilities" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet (Notes 23.3 and 25).

There are no additional incentive plans for employees.

4.22 Related party transactions

The Group performs all its transactions with related parties on an arm's length basis. Also, the transfer prices are adequately supported and, therefore, the Parent's directors consider that there are no material risks in this connection that might give rise to significant liabilities in the future (Note 24).

In case significant differences arise between the established price and the fair value of a transaction between related companies, this difference would be considered the distribution of results or contribution of funds between the Company and the aforementioned related company and as such, it would be registered in reserves. However, if they correspond to transactions held with the shareholders, these will be recorded in the consolidated income statement in proportion to the shareholder's participation on the date of the transaction.

4.23 Remuneration of senior executives

The remuneration of senior executives of the Parent and persons who discharged similar duties (see Note 25) is recognized on an accrual basis, and at year-end the related provision is recognized for any amounts not settled.

5. Earnings / (loss) per share

5.1 Basic earnings /(loss) per share

Basic earnings / (loss) per share are calculated by dividing net profit/ (loss) for the year attributable to the Group (i.e., after tax and non-controlling interests) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during that year.

Accordingly:

	31.12.23	31.12.22
Earnings / (loss) for the year (thousands of euros)	90.627	96.271
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (thousands of shares) (*) (Note 16)	74.508	74.421
Basic earnings/ (loss) per share (euros)	1,216	1,293

^(*) Note: average number of shares adjusted for treasury shares.

5.2 Diluted earnings/ (loss) per share

Diluted earnings/loss per share is calculated in the same way as basic earnings/loss per share, but the weighted average number of shares outstanding is adjusted to take into account the potential dilutive effect of share options, warrants and convertible bonds outstanding at year end.

At 31 December 2023 and 2022, diluted earnings per share of the Neinor Homes Group basically coincided with the basic earnings per share, since the impact of the share-based payments in this calculation is not significant (Note 4.21).

6. Segment reporting

6.1 Basis of segmentation

Segment reporting is structured based on the Group's various lines of business.

The lines of business described below were established on the basis of the Neinor Homes Group's organizational structure at 2023 year-end, taking into account, on the one hand, the nature of the goods and services offered and, on the other, the customer segments at which they are targeted.

The Neinor Homes Group engages mainly in developing and selling property developments (see Note 1), generally based on finalist/residential land (the Group does not develop the land value chain, although non-finalist land purchases may be made whose payments and deeds are conditioned on obtaining the corresponding urban planning permits (Note 13)). Moreover, the Group distinguishes the results generated from the assets earmarked for property development, which could be sold before development (included under "Development") from those assets considered as non-strategic (included under "Legacy").

Additionally, in February 2020 the Board of Directors of the Parent Company approved the development of a new line of business of owned housing units using the current land bank. This development is initially limited to a maximum of 1,200 housing units, but the objective is to create a portfolio of 4.500 rental homes over the long-term (5 years). Nevertheless, rental property business line has been developed to diversify the main Group's activity consisting of residential development. The Group has consolidated this new business line with the acquisition of Renta Garantizada, S.A. during the year 2020 and the acquisition of Sardes Holdco, S.L.U (currently named Neinor Sardes Rental, S.L.U.) in January 2021 (Note 2.8) (both subsidiaries have been classified under the segment "Rental"). Additionally, this business line has been consolidated in the current exercise due to the creation of new companies: Sky Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U., Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U., Europa Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U., Sky Coliving Homes Propco, S.L.U. y Rental Homes NX Propco, S.L.U. (Note 2.8). However, during this financial year 2023, the Group's Board of Directors, with the approval of its new Business Plan, has begun the sale of entire properties dedicated to this activity where the Group, despite not maintaining ownership of the asset, maintains part of its management.

In this regard, for management purposes, the Group classifies under "Rental" from 1 January 2023 both what was already included in previous periods, i.e. rental income from rental and property management and capital gains from the holding of such real estate assets that qualify as investment property and are measured at fair value, on the one hand, and, on the other hand, the divestment of those assets which the Group considers as "Build to Rent" and which it holds in inventory, which are sold immediately when they are ready for delivery without having generated representative rental income and, therefore, without having changed their classification to investment property. There are no such asset sales in the comparative period 2022 classified as "Development" that require modification to facilitate comparability in the consolidated income statement.

Income and expenses that cannot be specifically attributed to any operating line or that are the result of decisions affecting the Group as a whole -and, among them, expenses incurred in projects or activities affecting several lines of business- are attributed to a "Corporate Unit/Other" to which the reconciling items arising from the reconciliation of the result of integrating the financial statements of the various lines of business (prepared using a management approach) to the Group's consolidated financial statements are also allocated.

Group's activities at 31 December 2023 and 2022 have been carried out entirely in Spain.

6.2 Basis and methodology for segment reporting

The segment information below is based on monthly reports prepared by Group management and is generated through the same computer application as that used to obtain all the Group's accounting information. This information is reviewed by the Finance Management Committee (on which both management and the sole shareholder are represented) to make decisions on the allocation of resources and to evaluate performance.

Segment revenue is revenue that is directly attributable to the segment. The revenue of each segment does not include interest income, dividends or gains on the sale of property assets. Sales of investment property do not generate income at the time of sale since they are valued at fair value (Notes 4.3 and 4.19).

The expenses of each segment are determined on the basis of the expenses arising from the segment's operating activities that are directly attributable to it (as is the case of "Cost of sales", "External services" and "Change in trade provisions"), plus the relevant proportion of the expenses that may be allocated to the segment using reasonable allocation bases (the latter method is applied to staff costs).

The segment result is presented before any adjustments that might relate to non-controlling interests.

Segment assets and liabilities are those directly related to each segment's operations, plus the assets and liabilities that can be directly attributed thereto using the aforementioned allocation criteria. However, "Tax Receivables", "Tax payable due to income tax" and "Cash and Cash Equivalents", as well as the investments in companies accounted for using the equity method and interest in joint ventures (Note 2.8), regardless of their origin, are allocated to "Corporate Unit/Other".

Segments information

				Thousand	s of euros			
					Assets Man	agement &		
	Developm		Rental		Others / Corporate (*)		Total Group	
	31.12.23	31.12.22	31.12.23	31.12.22	31.12.23	31.12.22	31.12.23	31.12.22
Income:								
Third party sales	503.061	745.749	86.415	7.447	1.154	10.035	590.630	763.231
Cost of sales	(347.093)	(550.877)	(57.541)	-	(862)	(1.234)	(405.496)	(552.111)
Gross Margin	155.968	194.872	28.874	7.447	292	8.801	185.134	211.120
Employee benefits expenses	(31.817)	(22.709)	(4.620)	(6.635)	(43)	(2.423)	(36.480)	(31.767)
Employee benefits expenses – Incentives (Note 16.4 and 23.3)	(4.274)	(4.968)	(1.136)	(484)	-	-	(5.410)	(5.452)
External Services	(38.214)	(53.493)	(4.146)	(3.566)	(659)	(2.164)	(43.019)	(59.223)
Change in trade provisions	2.922	2.363	(76)	(95)	-	109	2.846	2.377
Other operating gains	3.508	1.922	45	137	(3)	-	3.550	2.059
Change in fair value in investment property	-	-	6.795	24.135	-	-	6.795	24.135
Impairment and gains / (losses) on disposals of non-current assets	780	-	(103)	-	(12)	54	665	54
Result of loss of control of control ownership	4.698	-	-	-	-	-	4.698	-
EBITDA	93.571	117.987	25.633	20.939	(425)	4.377	118.779	143.303
Net interest expense and others (***)	(4.533)	(7.553)	(1.866)	(2.241)	(5.377)	(9.829)	(11.776)	(19.623)
Depreciation and amortization	(5.811)	(3.925)	(1.108)	(212)	(575)	(54)	(7.494)	(4.191)
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax	83.227	106.509	22.659	18.486	(6.377)	5.506	99.509	119.488
Net interest expense and others (***) (*****) (Note 12)	11.958	7.553	1.866	2.241	5.377	9.829	19.201	19.623
Of inventories	1.240	-	-	-	-	-	1.240	-
Depreciation and amortization	5.811	3.925	1.108	212	575	54	7.494	4.191
Change in fair value in investment property	-	-	(6.795)	(24.135)	-	-	(6.795)	(24.135)
Employee benefits expenses – Incentives (Notes 16.4 and 23.3)	4.274	1.819	1.136	484	-	-	5.410	2.303
Employee restructuring costs (Note 4.17 and 23.4)	446	378	11	2	-	583	457	963
Growth expenses	2.784	2.878	-	-	-	-	2.784	2.878
Change in fair value in investment property	-	-	6.795	24.135	-	=	6.795	24.135
EBITDA excluding extraordinaries (**)	109.740	123.062	26.780	21.425	(425)	4.960	136.094	149.447

^(*) Due to the low relevance of the individual figures of the areas Legacy, Asset Management - Servicing and Other / Corporate, in the fiscal year 2023 the integrated figures are presented doing the same exercise for the 2022 figures which were presented separately. This is a financial measure used by the Group Finance Management where it adjusts mainly for restructuring and growth incentives and expenses (Note 2.8)

^(**) This is a financial measure used by the Group's financial management in which it adjusts, mainly, the incentives and restructuring and growth costs following the business combination (Note 2.8).

^(***) The "Corporate" line item includes the finance costs of EUR 4 million arising from the bond and finance income of EUR 7 million arising from the repurchases made (EUR 13 million of finance costs and EUR 4 million finance income on 2022) (Note 18.2).

^(****) Including in the "Development" segment EUR 37.988 thousand in 2023 relating to sales of land prior to its urban and property development (2022: EUR 3.190 million), with an associated cost of sales of EUR 21.955 thousand (2022: EUR 3.157 million).

^(*****) Includes the financial income from the derivative (Note 12), although part of the debt is corporate and, therefore, not directly associated with inventories (Note 4.21). The financial expenses associated with this debt amounting to EUR 7.751 thousand euros have been charged to this segment.

The main magnitudes of the consolidated balance sheet by segment at 31 of December 2023 and 2022 are the following:

		Thousands of euros								
					Assets Ma	nagement				
					& Others /		Total			
	Develo	pment	Re	Rental Corporate		orate				
	31.12.23	31.12.22	31.12.23	31.12.22	31.12.23	31.12.22	31.12.23	31.12.22		
Balance sheet:										
Non-Current Assets	36.971	26.740	153.296	149.224	115.347	119.247	305.614	295.211		
Current assets	1.128.132	1.204.967	40.451	33.115	171.376	247.688	1.339.959	1.485.770		
Total Assets	1.165.103	1.231.707	193.747	182.339	286.723	366.935	1.645.573	1.780.981		
Non-current Financial Debt	-		24.541	48.339	138.927	20.022	163.468	68.361		
Current Financial Debt	186.541	110.686	33.580	17.945	-	35	220.121	128.666		
Other non- current liabilities	8.070	8.807	6.628	11.642	1.781	272.811	16.479	293.260		
Other current liabilities	239.633	345.953	23.536	3.910	4.373	10.822	267.542	360.685		
Total Liabilities	434.244	465.446	88.285	81.836	145.081	303.690	667.010	850.972		

^(*) Current assets classified in the "Rental" segment mainly relate to non-current assets held for sale (Note 7), while inventories defined as "Build to Rent" are included in the "Development" segment while under construction (Note 9).

7. Intangible assets

The changes in "Intangible assets" in the exercises ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, by type of asset, were as follows:

Exercise ended 31 December 2023

		Thousand	s of euros	
			Client	
		Industrial	portfolio	
	Computer	property	(Note 2.8)	Total
Cost:				
Balance at 31 December 2022	4.414	15	8.176	12.605
Additions	376	4	-	380
Disposals	(35)	-	-	(35)
Balance at 31 December 2023	4.755	19	8.176	12.950
Accumulated amortization:				
Balance at 31 December 2022	(3.413)	-	(348)	(3.761)
Charges	(630)	(1)	(3.987)	(4.618)
Disposals	25	-	=	25
Balance at 31 December 2023	(4.018)	(1)	(4.335)	(8.354)
Net Balance at 31 December 2023	737	18	3.841	4.596

Exercise ended 31 December 2022

		Thousand	s of euros	
			Client	
		Industrial	portfolio	
	Computer	property	(Note 2.8)	Total
Cost:				
Balance at 31 December 2021	4.364	15	8.176	12.555
Additions	487	-	-	487
Disposals	(437)	-	-	(437)
Balance at 31 December 2022	4.414	15	8.176	12.605
Accumulated amortization:				
Balance at 31 December 2021	(3.282)	-	(194)	(3.476)
Charges	(559)	-	(154)	(713)
Disposals	428	-	-	428
Balance at 31 December 2022	(3.413)	-	(348)	(3.761)
Net Balance at 31 December 2022	1.001	15	7.828	8.844

The main additions in 2023 and 2022 relate to the development of the management software used by the Group.

At 31 December 2023 and 2022, there were no intangible assets provided as collateral for any obligation.

At 31 December 2023 intangible assets fully amortized amount to EUR 3.309 thousand (EUR 2.643 thousand at 31 December 2022).

8. Property, plant and equipment

The changes in this heading in the exercises ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

Exercise ended 31 December 2023

		Miles de Euros					
		Other items					
	Technical	of Property,	Tangible				
	items and	Plant and	Assets in				
	machinery	equipment	course	Total			
Cost:							
Balance at 31 December 2022	8.358	3.746	-	12.104			
Additions	664	578	-	1.242			
Disposals	(1.525)	(1.396)	-	(2.921)			
Balance at 31 December 2023	7.497	2.928	-	10.425			
Accumulated amortization:							
Balance at 31 December 2022	(3.462)	(1.408)	-	(4.870)			
Charges	(1.040)	(342)	-	(1.382)			
Disposals	1.065	195	-	1.260			
Balance at 31 December 2023	(3.437)	(1.555)	-	(4.992)			
Accumulated depreciation:							
Balance at 31 December 2022	(590)	-	-	(590)			
Balance at 31 December 2023	(590)	-	-	(590)			
Net Balance at 31 December 2023	3.470	1.373	-	4.843			

Exercise ended 31 December 2022

		Miles de Euros					
		Other items					
	Technical	of Property,	Tangible				
	items and	Plant and	Assets in				
	machinery	equipment	course	Total			
Cost:							
Balance at 31 December 2021	7.922	3.712	120	11.754			
Additions	1.708	909	161	2.778			
Disposals	(1.272)	(875)	(281)	(2.428)			
Balance at 31 December 2022	8.358	3.746	-	12.104			
Accumulated amortization:							
Balance at 31 December 2021	(3.128)	(1.813)	-	(4.941)			
Charges	(1.269)	(470)	-	(1.739)			
Disposals	935	875	-	1.810			
Balance at 31 December 2022	(3.462)	(1.408)	-	(4.870)			
Accumulated depreciation:							
Balance at 31 December 2021	(590)	-	-	(590)			
Balance at 31 December 2022	(590)	-	-	(590)			
Net Balance at 31 December 2022	4.306	2.338	-	6.644			

The main additions in financial years 2022 and 2023 correspond to the activation of the new facilities for the Group sales ("Neinor Store"), as well as renovations in the Group offices.

The Neinor Homes Group takes out all the insurance policies it considers necessary to cover the risks which might affect its property, plant and equipment.

At 31 December 2023 property, plant and equipment assets fully amortized amount to EUR 2.663 thousand (EUR 1.695 thousand at 31 December 2022).

At 31 December 2023 and 2022, there were no property, plant and equipment items provided as collateral for any obligation.

At 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group did not have any significant commitments to purchase items of property plant and equipment.

9. Investment property

The changes in this heading in the exercise ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

Exercise ended 31 December 2023

	Thousands of euros
Net Balance at 31 December 2022	143.669
Additions	3.809
Withdrawals	-
Transfers	60.604
Changes in scope of consolidation (Nota 2.8)	(66.149)
Change in fair value	6.795
Net Balance at 31 December 2023	148.728

Exercise ended 31 December 2022

	Thousands of euros
Net Balance at 31 December 2021	105.632
Additions	1.518
Withdrawals	-
Transfers	12.384
Change in fair value	24.135
Net Balance at 31 December 2022	143.669

On 4 January 2021, the Group company Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U. completed the acquisition of all the shares of Sardes Holdco, S.L.U. (currently named Neinor Sardes Rental, S.L.U.) which owns nine property developments earmarked for amounting to EUR 57.913 thousand located in Alicante, Badalona, Girona, Madrid, Málaga, Sabadell, Terrassa and Valencia.

At the end of 2022, the Group formalised the sale of the Hacienda Homes development for rental to a third party, which was recognised at year-end 2022 under "Non-current assets held for sale" for Euros 32,561 thousand, equivalent to its market value. In January 2023, the sale of this property development was completed and the Group retains part of the management of the property on the basis of the sale and purchase agreement.

Also, on 7 November 2022 the Group company Neinor Sur, S.A.U. sold to the Group companies Sky Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U. and Sky Coliving Homes Propco, S.L.U. two assets located in Valencia, for approximately EUR 67.1 million (determined on the basis of an appraisal conducted by a third-party independent of the Group in June 2022). The real estate assets have been reclassified from inventories to investment property as the requirements established for this purpose have been met. On June 20, 2023, the Group reached an agreement with Melca Investments 2023, S.L. for the sale of the two holding companies of the aforementioned investment properties. The sale of these companies was subject to the delivery of the property under certain formal conditions which depended on the Group itself and on a necessary procedure, but which did not prevent its sale within the committed period, although it was a condition precedent to the closing of the transaction. This sale was formalized in September 2023, for an amount of 66,149 thousand euros, and an amount of 12,741 thousand euros is pending collection subject to obtaining a series of rents and occupancy levels in 18 months from the closing of the transaction (Note 14).

Also, on 22 December 2023, the Group company Neinor Península, S.L.U. sold three properties located in Alovera to the Group company Rental Homes NX Propco, S.L.U. for EUR 60 million (determined on the basis of the valuation performed by a third party external to the Group). In addition, on the same date Neinor Península, S.L.U. sold to the Group company Europa Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U. an urban complex located in Remate Las Cañas for Euros 12 million (based on the valuation performed by a third party external to the Group). Both real estate assets have been reclassified from inventories to investment property as the requirements established for this purpose have been met. As a result of this reclassification, these investment properties have been measured at fair value, with a capital gain recognised under "Change in fair value of investment properties" in the consolidated income statement.

The rental income earned from the investment property owned by the Group in 2023 amounted to EUR 4.521 thousand (EUR 4.521 thousand in 2022) (Notes 6 and 23.1). Additionally, there is income related to "Rental" business line, for services provided by Renta Garantizada, S.A. for an amount of EUR 2.896 thousand as December 31, 2023 (EUR 2.896 thousand in 2022).

Assuming constant the rest of the variables, the valuations of investment properties would be affected as follows considering the variation of the key assumptions (in thousands of euros):

	Thousand euros					
	Discou	ınt rate		Sale price		
Assumption	1%	-1%	1%	-1%	5%	-5%
	Increase (Decrease)					
Changes in the fair value (less valuation) / more valuation	(6.378)	4.066	6.257	(6.764)	5.963	(6.984)

10. Right-of-use assets

The changes in this heading in the exercise ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

Exercise ended 31 December 2023

	Thousands of euros				
	Cost Amortization Depreciation Tot				
Net Balance at 31 December 2022	4.737	(4.068)	-	669	
Additions / Charges	4.076	(809)	-	3.267	
Disposals	(2.885)	2.885	=	-	
Net Balance at 31 December 2023	5.928	(1.992)	-	3.936	

Exercise ended 31 December 2022

	Thousands of euros				
	Cost Amortization Depreciation				
Net Balance at 31 December 2021	5.039	(2.981)	-	2.058	
Additions / Charges	-	(1.269)	-	(1.269)	
Disposals	(302)	182	-	(120)	
Net Balance at 31 December 2022	4.737	(4.068)	-	669	

11. Subsidiaries and associates

Appendix I to the notes to these financial statements details the subsidiaries and associates and information thereon (which includes, inter alia, name, registered offices and the percentage of direct and indirect ownership of the Parent).

12. Current and non-current financial assets

The detail of this line item in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet, based on the nature of the related transactions, is as follows:

	Thousands of euros				
	31.12.	2023	31.12	.2022	
	Non-	Non-			
	current	Current	current	Current	
Financial investments	5.189	342	7.183	285	
Derivatives	10.953	-	14.864	-	
Fixed-term impositions	-	195	-	14.744	
Loans	7.084	890	6.479	1.184	
Guarantees and deposits	1.106	1.460	1.049	1.337	
Total	24.332	2.887	29.575	17.550	

In 2022, the Group company Neinor Península, S.L.U. set up several Economic Interest Groupings amounting to EUR 6.446 thousand in order to invest in research and development activities and the development of audiovisual works. In addition, during the current financial year 2023, these Economic Interest Groupings have led to the accrual of a financial income in the amount of EUR 4.024 thousand as well as an amortisation of the shareholding in the amount of EUR 6.072 thousand (Note 21).

In addition, on 30 September 2022, the Parent Company set up a fixed-term deposit of EUR 15 million, which was cancelled in the current year.

The Group also uses derivative financial instruments to hedge the risks to which its activities, operations and future cash flows are exposed. Within the framework of these operations, the Group has contracted two derivative contracts to hedge interest rate risk with a CAP of 2%. Through this operation, the Group will pay a premium and consequently has the right to receive future periodic settlements when the variable amount payable by the bank is on certain dates higher than the variable amount payable by the counterparty.

Additionally, the Group used derivative financial instruments to hedge the risks to which its activities, operations and future cash flows are exposed. Within the framework of these operations, the group has subscribed two derivative contracts to hedge the interest rate risk with a CAP of 2%. Though this operation, the Group will pay a premium and, consequently, has the right to receive future periodic settlements when the variable amount to be paid by the counterparty has reached a certain amount on certain dates. During the year, the Group amended these two contracts to enter into a third derivative contract (Note 18).

The Group has complied with the requirements detailed in Note 4.10 on valuation standards to be able to classify the financial instruments detailed below as hedges. Specifically, the Group has carried out an analysis to quantify the impact of changes in fair value or cash flow of coverage instrument of the hedged item to the risk that is sought cover using the linear regression method for prospective analysis. Taking this analysis into account, the Group determines the existence of the economic relationship and the coverage ratio.

The characteristics of this derivative contracts are as follows:

				Thousands of euros				
						Inefficiency	Fair val	ue Hedging
	Coverage	Covered		Notional	Expiration	registered in	inst	rument
Hedged item	instrument	risk	Type	value	(*)	results	Assets	Liabilities
Variable rate financing	CAP of interest rate	Euribor	CAP of variable type	57.500.000	31/03/2025	-	1.400	-
Variable rate financing	CAP of interest rate	Euribor	CAP of variable type	83.500.000	31/08/2026	-	2.743	-
Variable rate financing	CAP of interest rate	Euribor	CAP of variable type	167.000.000	31/08/2027	-	6.810	-

The aforementioned financial instruments have accrued a settlement amounting to EUR 7.425 thousand, of which 6,383 thousand euros have been collected at the current date due to the settlement characteristics of the contracts (Note 6).

13. Inventories

Details of "Inventories" at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 are as follows:

	Thousands of euros			
	31.12.2023 31.12.2022			
Sites and land	437.047	533.294		
Construction work in progress	358.256	455.785		
Completed buildings	230.799	153.580		
Advances to suppliers	60	541		
Less – Impairment losses (*)	(13.768)	(14.093)		
Total	1.012.394	1.129.107		

(*) 3,112 thousand of this amount related to the "Land and Building Sites" caption.

In the year, ended 31 December 2023 borrowing costs amounting to EUR 11.653 thousand were capitalized to inventories (EUR 4.288 thousand in 2022) (Notes 4.7 and 4.15).

The additions in 2023 mainly relate to work certifications for developments in progress and capitalised costs associated with pre-construction amounting to EUR 342 million, with additional purchases of land amounting to EUR 10 million (EUR 313 million and EUR 116 million in 2022, of which EUR 30 million did not correspond to advances delivered in previous years, respectively).

"Trade and Other Payables - Payable to Suppliers" under "Current Liabilities" in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2022 included EUR 83 million (Note 20) relating to the deferred portion of the price for the purchase of plots of land which effective bought have took place during this exercise.

In addition, in 2023 the Group has handed over 61 properties and has 25 property developments recognized under "Construction work in progress" at year-end. In 2022, the Group handed over 20 properties and had 48 property developments recognized under "Construction work in progress" at year-end.

Aditionally, on 30 June 2023, the Group formalised the sale of the Europa Homes development for an amount of EUR 53.902 thousand, of which EUR 27.989 thousand had been collected at the current date, being the carrying amount of the development approximately EUR 40 million. Also, on 20 July 2023, the Group reached an agreement for the sale of the Dual Homes development for EUR 25.500 thousand, which was subject to compliance by the Group with certain formal conditions and whose deadline was set for 31 December 2023. Both developments were residential rental developments and are therefore categorized in accordance with Note 6 as "Build to Rent" and assigned to the "Rental" segment.

Also, on 29 June 2023 a private sale and purchase agreement was signed by a Neinor Group company and JL Panoramic DV, S.L., in which the Parent holds a 10% interest since that date (Note 2.8), for certain properties in Madrid, which is subject to the fulfilment of suspensive conditions of a town planning nature before 31 March 2024 for its completion and, therefore, the closing of the transaction with the transfer of legal ownership of the properties under the conditions stipulated in Note 2.8. At December 31, 2023, the conditions established in the contract have been fulfilled and the sale has been recorded, although the portion of the margin relating to the Company's shareholding has been recorded as a reduction of the investments in the company JL Panoramic DV, S.L. until the profit is realized with respect to third parties.

At 31 December 2023 there are assets included in "Inventories" caption in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet with a net cost of EUR 1.008 million corresponding to assets classified as "Development" and EUR 4 million relating to "Legacy" assets (EUR 1.125 million and EUR 6 million at 31 December 2022). Likewise, at the end of 2023, the Group has paid advances to suppliers for future purchases of land amounting to 60 thousand euros, net of impairment, all of which correspond to assets that will be classified as "Development", and which are guaranteed by a mortgage or by means of a scroll account (31 December 2022: EUR 541 thousand).

At 31 December 2023, there are assets included under "Inventories" with a gross cost of EUR 555 million (EUR 520 million at 31 December 2022) securing a loan the Group has assumed the borrower position as the payment of the price arranged with the seller for the acquisition of a plot of land (see Note 18).

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group did not maintain additional significant commitments related with land purchases.

The property development sale commitments entered into with customers at 31 December 2023 and 2022, relating to those units in which a private purchase and sale agreement was signed, have resulted in the collection or reception of notes receivables amounting to EUR 51.690 and 68.522 thousand respectively, which have been recognized under "Current liabilities - Customer advances" in the consolidated balance sheet at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 (Note 18).

The Group reviews periodically the fair value of its inventories, applying the corresponding provisions for impairment, in accordance with the criteria established in the Note 4.7. The changes in 2023 and 2022 in the write-downs associated with the inventories were as follows:

	2023	2022
Initial Balance	14.093	19.719
Write-downs recognized	1.240	-
Write-downs reversed	(1.565)	(5.626)
Final Balance	13.768	14.093

At 31 December 2023, all the Development assets have been evaluated by an independent expert. The net realizable value determined by "CBRE Valuation Advisory S.A. and Savills Aguirre Newman Valoraciones y Tasaciones, S.A.U." for the inventories owned by the Group amounted to approximately EUR 1.267 million (EUR 1.458 million if the valuation of the legacy assets, the assets related to the investment performed in HMB and investment properties had been considered)

Considering the external appraiser's methodology described in Note 4.7, the key assumptions identified in the appraisals for the development assets (Note 7) are the discount rate and the sale prices. In the case of the discount rate a sensitivity of +/- 100 basis points was established, based on the different economic scenarios forecast in the short and medium term, as well as the rate of return that would be required by other developers with different characteristics to the Group. In addition, a scenario of stable sales prices is expected, while the appraisal models involved conservative assumptions on the current economic situation, that explains the reason why a sensitivity of + 1%/ +5% was set.

Assuming the remaining variables to be constant, the appraised values of development projects and the carrying amount thereof would be affected as follows at 31 December 2023, taking into account the change in the key assumptions (in thousand euros):

	Discoun	t Rate		Sale Price		
Assumption	+1%	-1%	+1%	-1%	+5%	-5%
	Increase (Decrease)					
Change in appraised values	(57.627)	60.748	30.232	(30.307)	151.007	(151.310)
Change in carrying amount (*)	(7.309)	649	400	(2.222)	1.088	(26.342)

^(*) The carrying amount is based on the lower of cost or realizable value. Increases or decreases in the net realizable value are not necessarily accompanied by impacts on the carrying amount of inventories.

The Savills and CBRE valuation models adopted by the Group are sufficiently conservative and prudent to make it inappropriate to consider sensitivities to a negative price performance. In addition, the directors consider that we are currently undergoing a price stability scenario. However, the Group has performed a sensitivity analysis considering a 1%/5% fall in prices in the base scenario without subsequent price growth and the other variables remaining constant. In such an adverse scenario, which is not considered likely at the moment, the effect on the value of the real estate assets would be a reduction of EUR 30.307 thousand and EUR 151.310 thousand, and the recognition of additional impairment losses of EUR 2.222 thousand and EUR 26.342 thousand, respectively (at December 31, 2022 the effect on the value of the real estate assets would be a reduction of EUR 30.433 thousand and EUR 151.959 thousand, and the recognition of additional impairment losses of EUR 2.230 thousand and EUR 26.377 thousand, respectively).

14. Trade and other receivables

"Trade and other receivables" includes the following items:

	Thousands of euros		
	31.12.2023	31.12.2022	
Trade receivables and notes receivables	63.398	11.561	
Other receivables – Down Payments	13.293	12.345	
Other receivables – Provision of Services	14	53	
Other receivables – Due from Personnel	-	1	
Others	25.785	25.779	
Impairment	(76)	(43)	
Total	102.414	49.696	

"Trade and other receivables" in the foregoing table includes EUR 12.741 thousand receivable from the sale of Sky Homes (Notes 2.8 and 9) and EUR 26.339 thousand receivable from the sale of the Europa Homes property development (Note 13). This heading also includes balances receivable relating to the reassessment of urban development work carried out in the Almenara Beach Sector amounting to EUR 3.199 thousand both this year

and at 31 December 2022, and balances receivable from related parties amounting to EUR 9.503 thousand (EUR 4.787 thousand at 31 December 2022) (Note 24).

"Other receivables" in the foregoing table includes mainly the amounts paid in advance by the Group to service providers which have not been accrued yet. As December 31, 2023 the amounts paid in advance by the Group to service providers amounting to EUR 13.293 thousand, an amount that includes 6.042 thousand euros in advances paid to agents who have intervened in the execution of the purchase and sale agreements pending deed (Note 4.14).

Finally, "Others" in the foregoing table includes mainly the amounts receivable owed by Empresa de Gestión Urbanística y Servicios de Alboraya, S.L. ("EGUSA") to the subsidiary Grupo Mediterráneo Costa Blanca, S.L. as of December 31, 2023. These amounts refer to both the principal of the debt, EUR 23.416 thousand, and the accrued interest, EUR 2.342 thousand, figures that coincide with those expressed in judgement no. 535/2016 of 15 December 2016, handed down by Valencia Court of First Instance number 6. These amounts are secured by a mortgage guarantee on land owned by EGUSA located in the UE-2 sector of Alboraya, the market value of which is higher than the amount recorded as a debit balance, which market value is more than the amount recorded in balance attending to the valuation done by an independent expert. The Group has recorded this receivable as a current asset since it is very likely to be realized in the short term through the delivery of land, which will be classified as a current asset in the consolidated balance sheet. The Group and Egusa have been in negotiations since the end of 2023 to perfect an agreement that would allow the process to be concluded without going ahead with the process with the adjudication of the debtor's land.

Trade receivables do not generate interest, in general terms and there are no doubtful assets for which impairment losses additional to those already recognized at year-end must be recognized.

The Group periodically analyses the risk of insolvency of its accounts receivable by updating the related provision for impairment losses. The Group's directors consider that the amount of trade and other receivables approximates their fair value.

15. Cash and cash equivalents

"Cash and cash equivalents" includes the Group's cash on hand and in short-term bank deposits with an initial maturity of three months or less. The carrying amount of these assets is similar to their fair value.

In this regard, as described in Law 20/2015, of July 14, advances received and associated with a development (see Note 18) are deposited in a special account, separate from any other class of funds belonging to the Group, and are only drawn against in connection with the construction of the developments. The balance subject to this restriction amounted to EUR 22.249 thousand at 31 December 2023 (EUR 25.907 thousand 2022), which differs from the advances (Note 19) as a result of the cash used to pay the progress billings of developments to which such advances are allocated. Likewise, the guarantees (Note 22) differ from these advances, on the one hand, because guarantees are issued for the total of the amounts that the clients will deliver on account during the work and not only for the amounts actually received, and on the other hand, due to the fact that the guarantee is issued in a period of up to 30 days after receiving the customer's advance.

16. Capital and reserves

16.1 Share capital

In 2017, the Parent, Neinor Homes, S.A. was registered as a public limited liability company ("S.A.") with a view to its admission to trading on the Bilbao, Madrid, Barcelona and Valencia Stock Exchanges, which took place on 29 March 2017 with the prior authorization of the Company's sole shareholder on 6 March 2017. Also, in the aforementioned public deed, the number of existing shares of the Company was reduced by a reverse split

whereby one new share of EUR 10 par value each was issued for every ten existing shares of EUR 1 par value each. Subsequently, on 6 March 2017 the then sole shareholder of Neinor Homes, S.A. approved a capital increase through monetary contributions for a cash amount of EUR 100 million. This capital increase was performed by issuing new ordinary shares of EUR 10 par value each, of the same class and series as those already in circulation, with a share premium of EUR 6,46 per share, giving a total share premium of EUR 39.247 thousand. Consequently, following the capital increase performed as part of the stock market flotation, the share capital of Neinor Homes, S.A. is represented by 79.005.034 shares of EUR 10 par value each.

On 30 May 2022, the Parent Company registered with the Commercial Registry of Bizkaia a public deed relating to a share capital reduction in the amount of EUR 13.110 thousand, by the reduction of paid shares of EUR 0,1639 par value. Later, on 26 July 2022, the Parent Company registered a second public deed relating to a share capital reduction in the amount of EUR 50.001 thousand, by the reduction of paid shares in EUR 0,6251 par value (Note 16.5).

On 19 October 2023, the deed to reduce the share capital by 37,675 thousand euros by reducing the par value of the shares by 0.4671 of a nominal value of the shares was registered in the Bizkaia Mercantile Register. On the same date a second capital reduction was carried out in the amount of 43,874 thousand euros, through the redemption of 5,019,891 own shares with a par value of 8.74 euros each (Note 16.5).

On 31 December 2023, the Parent's share capital consisted of 74.968.751 fully subscribed and paid shares of EUR 8,74 par value each (79.988.642 fully subscribed and paid shares of EUR 9,211 par value each at 31 December 2022), according to the following breakdown:

	31.12.2023		31.1	2.2022
	Total Share			Total Share
	% Ownership	Capital Amount	% Ownership	Capital Amount
	Interest	(Thousand	Interest	(Thousand
	Registered	euros)	Registered	euros)
Orion European Real Estate Fund V, SLP	29,52	193.423	28,01	206.371
Stoneshield Holding S.A.R.L.	25,00	163.807	22,67	167.027
Adar Capital Partners Ltd	14,56	95.401	12,69	93.497
BMO Asset Management Limited	-	-	4,79	35.291
Remain stock exchange	30,92	202.596	31,84	234.589
Total	100,00	655.227	100,00	736.775

16.2 Legal Reserve

Under Article 274 of the Consolidated Text of the Spanish Limited Liability Companies Law, 10% of net profit for each year must be transferred to the legal reserve until the balance of this reserve reaches at least 20% of the share capital.

The legal reserve may be used to increase capital provided that the remaining reserve balance does not fall below 10% of the increased share capital amount.

Otherwise, until the legal reserve exceeds 20% of share capital, it can only be used to offset losses, provided that sufficient other reserves are not available for this purpose.

At 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 legal reserve was not fully contributed.

16.3 Reserves at the Parent and reserves at fully consolidated companies

Details, by company, of reserves at fully consolidated companies at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 are as follows:

	Thousands of euros	
Company	31.12.2023 (*)	31.12.2022 (*)
Full consolidation:		
Parent Company	56.626	61.306
Neinor Norte, S.L.U.	81.428	61.862
Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.	(11.891)	(4.192)
Neinor Sardes Rental, S.L.U.	10.626	8.703
Neinor Rental Opco, S.L.U.	(15.011)	(15.017)
Promociones Neinor 3, S.L.U.	(3.409)	(2.829)
Neinor Works, S.L.U.	(5.215)	(4.690)
Promociones Neinor 5, S.L.U.	(4.848)	(6.309)
Neinor Península, S.L.U.	(130.517)	(132.926)
Neinor Sur, S.A.U.	242.203	169.032
Rental Homes NX Propco, S.L.U.	(2)	-
Europa Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.	(4)	-
Rental Homes Holdco, S.L.U.	(1)	-
Renta Garantizada, S.A	729	319
Companies formerly dependent on Quabit Inmobiliaria, S.A.	8.402	3.046
Reserves at fully consolidated companies	172.490	76.999
Total	229.116	138.305

^(*) The Parent has also set up a legal reserve of EUR 6.293 thousand at December 2023 (EUR 6.209 thousand at December 2022) not included in this detail. The consolidated reserves include the legal reserve of the subsidiaries for an amount of EUR 37.505 thousand (EUR 29.601 thousand at December 2022).

At 31 December 2023 and 2022 the negative reserves contributed by the subsidiaries Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U., S.L.U., Neinor Rental Opco, S.L.U., Promociones Neinor 3, S.L.U., Neinor Works, S.L.U. and Promociones Neinor 5, S.L. arose as regards of the difference at the date when the Neinor Homes Group was created between the amounts the financial interests in these subsidiaries were contributed to the Group (specifically to the subsidiary Neinor Norte, S.L.U., its direct shareholder) and their underlying carrying amounts at that date were negative, due to the impairment recognized in connection with all their property assets. When the contribution was made, the Kutxabank Group intended the other investees of Kutxabank to make a direct contribution to restore their equity position so as not to give rise to any loss for Neinor Norte, S.L.U. Lastly, this contribution was made in 2015 by Kutxabank directly through a capital increase at Neinor Homes, S.A. prior to its transfer to Neinor Holdings, S.L.U. This capital increase was performed in steps at Neinor Norte, S.L.U. and its investees including, among others, those which had an equity imbalance, and the situation was remedied prior to the Lion transaction described.

16.4 Treasury shares and other reserves

The Annual General Meeting held on 6 March 2017 authorized the derivative acquisition of treasury shares for the maximum period permitted by law and subject to the requirements established in Article 146 of the Spanish Limited Liability Companies Law.

On 26 March 2021, and for a period of six months, the Group has launched a treasury share programme for the derivative acquisition of up to one million treasury shares, with a maximum permitted disbursement, in any event, of EUR 10 million, for which the Parent has entered into a liquidity agreement with JB Capital Markets Sociedad de Valores, S.A.U. Additionally, on 17 September 2021, and for a period of 1 year, the Group has launched a treasury share programme for the derivative acquisition of up to 2.5 million treasury

shares, with a maximum permitted disbursement, in any event, of EUR 30 million, for which the Parent has entered into a liquidity agreement with Gestión de Patrimonios Mobiliarios, S.V., S.A.

During the 2022 financial year, the Group has initiated a share repurchase program to reduce the share capital by the redemption of treasury shares and carry out a dividend distribution (Note 16.5).

Furthermore, for the dividend distribution explained in Note 16.5 the Group has made a share capital reduction by amortizing treasury shares for an amount of EUR 51.324 thousand.

As of December 31, 2023, the total Treasury Stock of the Parent Company amounts to 473.900 securities (5.659.426 at 31 December 2022). The average unit purchase price of the securities was 9,78 euros (10,25 euros at December 2022).

Lastly, in April 2020, the Parent Company's General Shareholders' Meeting approved a new incentive plan payable in shares (Note 4.21). During 2022, the aforementioned incentive plan expired and in the current financial year 2023 the first delivery in shares associated with the same, in the amount of 2,773 thousand euros, has not had an equity effect. The estimated amounts and those calculated in the settlement of the plan do not differ significantly. In relation to this incentive plan, the remaining amount, which amounts to 2,9 million euros of shares, is expected to be paid in the following two financial years in accordance with the conditions of the plan. During the financial year 2022, this plan entailed the recording of a personnel expense of 2,303 thousand euros with a balancing entry in equity in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

16.5 Dividend distribution

At the General Shareholders' Meeting of the Parent Company held on 13 April 2022, the shareholders approved the distribution of a dividend with a charge to the share premium reserve and other shareholder contributions for a maximum amount of 50 million euros, payable during the 2022 financial year, delegating to the Board of Directors of the Parent Company the power to determine, where appropriate, the exact amount and date of the distribution during the aforementioned period, taking into account in all cases the maximum overall amount indicated. In this regard, on 29 April 2022, the Board of Directors of the Parent Company approved the distribution of a cash dividend with a reduction of the share capital by 0.1639 euros per share and charged to the share premium reserve and shareholder contributions of 0.65 euros for each share entitled to receive it. The dividend was paid in May 2022. In addition, on 27 July 2022, the distribution of a second dividend was approved by reducing the par value of the shares by 0.6251 euros per share, leaving the par value of the shares at 9.211 euros (Note 16.1). The distribution of this second dividend was almost 50 million euros, payable during the financial year 2022, and it was agreed to delegate to the Board of Directors of the Parent Company the power to determine, where appropriate, the exact amount and date of the distribution during the aforementioned period, in any case taking into account the maximum overall amount indicated. The payment of the aforementioned dividend took place in July 2022.

At the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting of the Parent Company held on 31 August 2023, the shareholders approved the distribution of a dividend charged to the share capital for a maximum amount of 35 million euros, payable during the 2023 financial year, agreeing to delegate to the Board of Directors of the Parent Company the power to determine, where appropriate, the exact amount and date of the distribution during the aforementioned period, taking into account in all cases the maximum overall amount indicated. In this regard, on 18 October 2023, the Board of Directors of the Parent Company approved the distribution of a cash dividend with a reduction of the share capital by reducing the par value of all the shares by 0.4671 euros per share and through the redemption of 5.019.891 treasury shares (Note 16.1).

17. Provisions

Changes in current provisions in 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

At 31 December 2023

	Thousands of euros			
	Other			
	For taxes (Note	provisions		
Description	23.4)	(Note 23.6)	Total	
Balance at 31 December 2022	13.779	29.096	42.875	
Charges	3.718	1.602	5.320	
Amounts used	(6.090)	(7.596)	(13.686)	
Balance at 31 December 2023	11.407	23.102	34.509	

At 31 December 2022

	Thousands of euros			
Description	For taxes (Note 23.4)	Other provisions (Note 23.6)	Total	
Balance at 31 December 2021	11.655	44.393	56.048	
Charges	9.147	3.771	12.918	
Amounts used	(7.023)	(19.068)	(26.091)	
Balance at 31 December 2022	13.779	29.096	42.875	

The caption "For Taxes" in the foregoing table includes, mainly, the provisions recognized in relation to the taxes accrued in the period and which, at the reporting dates, have not been settled (mainly property tax).

The caption "Other provisions" includes, mainly, amounts set-aside warranty costs, after-sales expenses, as well as other construction costs not yet incurred. These provisions are recognized at the date of sale of the related products according to the Group's best estimate of the possible consideration required to settle the Group's liability.

During 2023 and 2022, provisions have been charged for after-sales expenses, expenses to be incurred for sales commissions and capital gains derived from the increase in sales for the year (Note 23.6).

At each reporting date the Group assesses the estimated amounts required for probable or certain liabilities where payment is still not entirely determinable with regard to their exact amount, or the dates on which they will arise are uncertain since they depend on the fulfilment of certain conditions. Where appropriate, it recognizes the related provisions. In this connection, at 31 December 2023 there are legal claims in relation with assets owned by the different companies of the Group for a total amount of EUR 19.006 thousand (at 31 December 2022 EUR 14.623 thousand) At 31 December 2023 the Group has recognized provisions amounting to EUR 4.083 thousand (EUR 3.337 thousand at 31 December 2022) since the Parent's directors, and its legal advisors, considered that the possible impacts for the Group arising from these liabilities would not be significant.

18. Bank borrowings and other financial liabilities

18.1 Bank borrowings

Details of bank borrowings and other financial liabilities at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 are as follows:

	Thousand	s of euros
	31.12.2023	31.12.2022
Long-term bank borrowings:		l
Mortgage loans (*)	163.468	44.815
Other loans (*)	-	20.022
Total (non-current)	163.468	68.361
Short-term Bank borrowings (see Note 23):		
Interest payable	2.845	625
Mortgage loans (*)	217.276	128.029
Other loans (*)	-	12
Total (current)	220.121	128.666

^(*) Borrowings are presented at amortized cost, net of the debt arrangement expenses amounting to EUR 3.503 thousand (EUR 4.998 thousand in 2022).

31 December 2023

Scheduled maturities:	31.12.23
2024	173.220
2025	109.498
2026	79.084
2027 and following	21.787
Total	383.589

31 December 2022

Scheduled maturities:	31.12.22
2023	98.139
2024	40.061
2025	14.591
2026 and following	44.236
Total	197.027

Short-term and long-term bank borrowings

Mortgage loans

The balance recognized under "Bank borrowings – Mortgage loans for land" in the foregoing table which amounts to EUR 220.791 thousand at 31 December 2023 relates to the amount payable on loans regarding plots of land which secure repayment of these loans. These loans bear interest at a market rate and ultimately mature between 2024-2055.

Certain Group companies are jointly and severally guaranteeing most of these loans (See Appendix I).

Specifically, the Group has contracted 20 new mortgage loans during 2023 with a limit of EUR 217.985 thousand (21 if we consider the loan contracted by the Parent Company with a limit of EUR 404.540 thousand), of which an amount of EUR 102.175 thousand has been withdrawn (EUR 242.175 thousand if we consider previously mentioned loan). In addition, the limit and maturity of 4 loans contracted during the previous years have been extended in an amount of EUR 37.510 thousand.

At 31 December 2023, the Group's main mortgage loan drawn down relates to the financing granted by Sociedad de Gestión de Activos Procedentes de la Reestructuración Bancaria, S.A. ("SAREB"), the amortized cost of which amounted to EUR 23.872 thousand. On 25 March 2021, the aforementioned loan was novated, and the effectiveness and entry into force of the novation was subject to the registration of the merger in the Mercantile Register (described in Note 2.8); under the novation it was agreed to reduce the payable interest rate to 1%, and the following repayment schedule was established:

Scheduled maturities:	Thousands of euros	
31 July 2024	13.319	
31 July 2025	10.553	
Total	Total 23.87	

Lastly, on 16 December 2021 a mortgage loan totalling EUR 100 million was granted by Natixis, S.A. Sucursal en España, Natixis Assurances Investments in Real Assets-Real Estate Compartment, Novo Banco, S.A. Succursale Luxembourg and BNP Paribas European Real Estate Debt Fund II to the Group companies Neinor Península, S.L.U., Neinor Sur, S.A.U., Panglao Investments, S.L.U., Quabit Alovera, S.L.U., Quabit Remate las Cañas, S.L.U., Quabit Cierzo, S.L.U. and Quabit Peñalara, S.L.U., in order to finance the construction costs of developments to be used in the rental business line. As a requisite for execution of the loan agreement, a first-ranking security interest was granted in all the collection rights relating to the bank account opened for the aforementioned financing and in such collection rights as might arise from some of the contracts related to the construction of the developments. The loan, which have an initial term of 3.25 years, will bear interest at Euribor plus a spread. The agreement established a commitment to achieve the so-called "LTC Ratio", which, taken to be the quotient resulting from dividing the amounts drawn down against the loan by the construction costs of the financed developments, must be lower than 55%, as well as commitments to achieve the so-called "LTV Ratio", which is taken to be the quotient resulting from dividing net debt by the market value of the properties, both in terms of the Group's assets and its overall debt and in terms of the assets relating to the loan and the debt associated with those assets; these LTV ratios must be lower than 40% and 60%, respectively. The maturity of the loan may be extended by an additional period of 1.25 years, with a slight reduction of the spread associated with the financing, although this would entail the need to comply with covenants and to provide additional guarantees. This loan has been withdrawn during this exercise (at 31 december 2022, no balance were withdrawn). Before the first drawdown took place, first-ranking mortgages were created on the assets financed, and the Group subsidiaries that are the beneficiaries of the financing. Furthermore, the Group has formalized a framework agreement for financial transactions in "CAP" form for the interest rate associated with 75% of the financing (Note 12).

On December 18, 2023, the Group cancelled the aforementioned mortgage loan with Natixis, S.A. Sucursal en España, Natixis Assurances Investments in Real Assets-Real Estate Compartment, Novo Banco, S.A. Succursale Luxembourg and BNP Paribas European real Estate Debt Fund II as well as the associated guarantees by arranging mortgage loans on these developments with the financial institution Caixabank, S.A. for an amount of EUR 43.500 thousand. In addition, the hedge contract associated to this debt has been xx having the same characteristics (Note 12)

On August 4, 2022, the Parent company contracted financing for an amount EUR 20 million with mortgage whose final payment take place during this exercise.

Lastly, on 16 March 2023, as a result of the cancellation of the bond explained below, the Parent Company entered into a financing agreement for EUR 140 million with several financial institutions, which is guaranteed by several Group companies (Neinor Península, S.L.U., Neinor Sur, S.A.U., Neinor Norte, S.L.U. and Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.). This loan will be paid in two identical installments, one in 2025 and the other in 2026. The interest rate accrued on this loan will be the applicable Euribor plus a margin.

VAT lines

On 6 June 2017, the Group entered into a recourse factoring agreement with a bank mainly to finance input VAT on certain land purchase transactions. The agreement expires at one year and bears interest at market rates. The factoring line has a limit of 15 million euros, but no balance had been drawn down at 31 December 2023 and 2022. The amounts owed to it by virtue of the transactions performed will be used to guarantee the repayment of this financing.

Covenants and early repayment clauses

In connection with the borrowings arranged and drawn down by the Group and disclosed above, the Group has certain early repayment clauses associated with the loans and credit lines, including most notably the following:

- Obligation to achieve a firm and irrevocable LTV Ratio, taken to be the ratio of Net Debt to the Net Value of the Group's Properties (in both cases capex financing should be deducted), which must be 40%.
- In relation to factoring contract, 15% worsening in the coverage ratios (net financial debt to EBITDA ratio) and/or leverage (net financial debt to equity ratio) (this also applies to the financing agreement entered into by the Parent Company in the current fiscal year) as compared to the measurement of these ratios in the latest annual financial statements; furthermore, when a depreciation of the Group's situation causes doubts as to the viability of its business, on the basis of market information. Management believes that the financial institution is aware of the current situation of the Group.
- The new financing agreement entered into by the Parent Company also stipulates that the Group must comply with a minimum cash amount of EUR 50 million and a net asset valuation of more than 600 million euros.

At year-end 2023, the Group was fully compliant with the covenants and clauses established in the aforementioned loans.

Other

In addition, the Group has drawn down reverse factoring lines amounting EUR 11.762 thousand at 31 December 2023 with a limit of EUR 62.291 thousand at that date (EUR 10.259 thousand at 31 December 2022 with a limit of EUR 106.000 thousand at that date).

All the loans and credit facilities outstanding at 31 December 2023 indicated above were arranged with leading banks and bear interest tied to Euribor plus market spreads.

The interest rate applicable to the Group, in general terms, is tied to Euribor plus a market spread. The average cost of the borrowings calculated for 2023 and 2022 is approximately 3,53% and 4,00%, respectively. However, However, if we take into account the derivatives contracted by the Group (Note 12), this average cost of debt would be significantly reduced.

At 31 December 2023, the Group companies have undrawn VAT and factoring loans totaling EUR 15 million (EUR 15 million at 31 December 2022).

Finally, the following is a reconciliation of the book value of liabilities arising from financing activities by distinguishing separately the changes that generate cash flows from those who do not:

2023

		-	Wi			
	31/12/2022	Cash Flow	Variation in Fair Value	Reclassifications	Others	31/12/2023
	68.361	140.000	-	(43.484)	(1.409)	163.468
Long Term Loans						
	128.666	47.956	-	43.484	15	220.121
Short Term Loans						
Total Liabilities from financing activities	197.027	187.956	-	-	(1.394)	383.589

2022

		-				
	31/12/2021	Cash Flow	Variation in Fair Value	Reclassifications	Others	31/12/2022
Long Term Loans	44.815	45.722	-	(21.626)	(550)	68.361
Short Term Loans	213.946	(102.458)	-	21.626	(4.448)	128.666
Total Liabilities from financing						
activities	258.761	(56.736)	-	-	(4.998)	197.027

18.2 Other financial liabilities

On 12 April 2021, the Board of Directors of the Parent approved the issue of guaranteed senior bonds maturing in 2026 (which may be redeemed early in certain circumstances and upon the occurrence of certain events) for a total principal amount of EUR 300 million; at the issue date (14 April 2021) it was established that the bonds would bear annual fixed interest of 4.5%, payable on a half-yearly basis. As December 31, 2023 finance expense related with the bond amounted to EUR 3,1 million (finance expense related to the bonds amounted to EUR 13 million at 31 December, 2022).

On April 11, 2021, in connection with the notes, the issuer and the guarantors entered into a revolving credit facility that provides for total commitments of up to EUR 50 million and which final maturity is 2026. The revolving credit facility is secured by substantially the same guarantees provided for the notes and will be available to finance or refinance the Group's working capital requirements and general corporate purposes. The credit facility will bear interest at a variable rate of Euribor plus a market spread ranging from 2,5% to 3,25% calculated depending on the "LTV Ratio". At 31 December 2023 no amount has been drawn. This credit facility has been cancelled this year together with the repurchase of the remaining nominal amount of the bonds.

During fiscal year 2022, the Parent Company carried out several bond repurchases for an approximate amount of 25 million euros. These bond repurchases resulted in a financial income of 3,637 thousand euros recorded under "Financial income" in the Group's consolidated income statement as of December 31, 2022. At December 31, 2023, the Parent Company has proceeded to repurchase the remaining amount of the bond for an amount of 275,220 thousand euros. These repurchases have resulted in a gross financial income of 7,354 thousand euros, which are presented net of all the expenses of the decapitalization carried out, resulting in a net income of 4,142 thousand euros recorded under the heading "Financial income" in the Group's consolidated income statement at December 31, 2023.

Additionally, this caption includes, mainly:

- The variable amount payable resulting from the acquisition of 75% of the shares of Umber Jurídico Inmobiliario, S.L, recognized at amortized cost for EUR 2.889 thousand (Note 18).
- The leased assets held by the Group, for which the net book value at 31 December 2023 amounts to 3.936 thousand euros (Note 10), being registered the associated debt to these operative leasing's under the caption "Other financial liabilities" of non-current and current liabilities of the accompanying consolidated balance sheet up an amount of 4.158 and 144 thousand euros, respectively. The maturities of the contracts associated with these leases expire from 2024 to 2035.

19. Other current and non-current liabilities

Details of other current and non-current liabilities at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 are as follows:

	Thousands of euros					
	31.12.	2023	31.12.	2022		
	Non-current	Non-current	Non-current	Current		
Bonds (see Note 17.2)	-	-	271.093	1.286		
Lease liabilities (see Note 17.2)	4.158	144	501	463		
Guarantees and deposits received	108	2.813	5	2.893		
Other financial liabilities (Note 17.2)	906	2.889	2.876	380		
Other financial liabilities	5.172	5.846	274.475	5.022		
Remuneration payable	-	8.399	-	4.966		
Customer advances (see Note 12)	-	51.690	-	68.522		
Other current liabilities	-	60.089	-	73.488		
Total, gross	5.172	65.935	274.475	78.510		

[&]quot;Guarantees and deposits received" includes mainly guarantee deposits paid by lessees.

20. Current and non-current trade and other payables

"Trade and other payables" mainly includes balances payable for trade purchases and related costs. At 31 December 2023, this caption also included a payable amounting to EUR 178 thousand corresponding to the deferred portion of the price of a land purchased in these exercises (EUR 82.746 thousand at 31 December 2022) (Note 12).

In addition, this heading of the consolidated balance sheet includes at 31 December of 2023 an amount of EUR 35.554 thousand (EUR 37.416 thousand at 31 December 2022) as tax deductions applied to contractors for warranty.

The carrying amount of trade payables is similar to their fair value.

Information regarding the weighted average payment term to suppliers. Final Provision Two of Law 31/2014 of 3 December

Next it is detailed the information required by the Final Provision Two of Law 31/2014 of 3 December, that has been prepared applying the corresponding rules issued by the Accounting and Auditing Institute at 29 January 2016, which relates to the information to be included in the annual financial statements about weighted average payment term to suppliers.

	Period ended 31 December 2023	Period ended 31 December 2022
	Days	Days
Weighted average payment term to suppliers Paid operations ratio Outstanding payments ratio	58 61 38	56 58 37
	Thousands of	Thousands of
	euros	euros
Total payments made	403.243	455.536
Total outstanding payments (*)	44.664	52.635

^(*) Total outstanding payments do not include warranty withholdings deferred payments for the purchase of plots of land and invoices pending receipt.

The figures in the preceding table on payments to suppliers refer to those whose nature make them trade creditors because they are suppliers of goods and services. Therefore, they include the figures relating to "Current trade and other payables" under current liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet. Deferred portion of the price in relation to the purchase of various plots of land (Note 14) has not been considered for this calculation.

"Weighted average payment term to suppliers" is taken to be the period that elapses from the delivery of the goods or the provision of the services by the supplier to the effective payment of the transaction.

In addition, in accordance with the provisions of the third additional provision of Law 15/2010, the following details the information regarding the monetary volume and number of invoices paid in a period less than the maximum established in the delinquency regulations, and the percentage that they represent on the total number of r-invoices and on the total monetary payments to their suppliers, corresponding to the annual period ended on December 31, 2023:

	2023	2022
Monetary volumen (EUR thousand)	230.381	298.928
Percentage of total payments made	57%	65%
Number of invoices	39.414	22.025
Percentage of total invoices	68%	51%

Pursuant to Law 11/2013, of 26 July, establishing measures on combating late payment in commercial transactions, the statutory payment period applicable to the Company at 31 December 2023 and 31 December

2022 was 30 days, unless a longer period has been agreed, which in no case may exceed 60 days. In this connection, and for the calculations referred to above, the Group has considered in all cases a maximum legal term of 30 days, no matter which the arranged conditions with the suppliers are.

21. Tax matters

21.1 Tax rules and Consolidated tax group

As indicated in Note 4.13, the Group Companies are taxed under the tax consolidation regime with two groups, one formed by Neinor Homes, S.A. as the parent company and Neinor Norte, S.L.U. as a dependent company, and another group formed by Neinor Península, S.L.U. as the parent company and the rest of the Group's companies as subsidiaries with the exception of the following companies: Quabit Comunidades, S.L., Parque las Cañas, S.L.U. and Quabit Bonaire, S.L.

21.2 Years open for review by the tax authorities

The Parent and the subsidiaries have all main applicable taxes open for review by the tax authorities. Provincial Regulation 11/2013 establishes that all tax credits applied and tax losses generated in prior years can be reviewed when they are applied in any of the years open to review, while Law 27/2014 of 27 November, establishes a review term of ten years.

In relation to VAT, the various Group companies opted to be taxed under the special deductible proportion regime provided for in Article 106 of Spanish VAT Law 37/1992, of 28 December (Article 106 of Vizcaya VAT Regulation 7/1994, of 14 December), which states that only the input VAT borne on the acquisition of goods or services used exclusively in the performance of transactions giving rise to the right to deduct the VAT may be deducted in full, that, conversely, the input VAT borne on transactions that do not give rise to any entitlement to deduct the VAT shall not be deductible and that the general deductible proportion rule shall apply to common expenses.

On 28 June 2017, certain Group companies were notified by the tax agency of the commencement of tax audits of the following taxes and periods:

- VAT of Neinor Península, S.L.U. for 2015 and 2016
- Income tax of Neinor Península, S.L.U. for 2015
- VAT of Neinor Sur, S.A.U. for 2014, 2015 and 2016
- Income tax of Neinor Sur, S.A.U. for 2012 to 2015

In January 2019 the Group received notification of final disciplinary proceedings concerning the tax inspections relating to Neinor Península, S.L.U., which gave rise to adjustments to tax payable amounting to EUR 3.272 thousand, which were recognized under "Income Tax" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2018, and also penalties and late-payment interest of EUR 793 thousand and EUR 417 thousand recognized under "Other Operation Expenses" and "Finance Costs (Net of Capitalised Finance Costs)", respectively, in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2018. Although pleadings have been filed against this decision, providing a guarantee of EUR 3 million, the Parent's directors, in accordance with the opinion of their external tax advisers, consider payment of these amounts probable since a final decision has been handed down in this connection. In this regard, provision is recognized under the caption "Tax payables" of the consolidated balance sheet as of 31 December 2023 and 2022. In addition, during the initial procedural formalities, penalties of EUR 6.3 million also became evident, but no provision has been recorded, considering that the administrative appeal filed by the Group

will, in any event, give rise to a favorable outcome for it. This policy has also been approved by the Group's external tax advisers.

Also, in October 2018 tax assessments were signed on an uncontested basis in relation to the income tax of Neinor Sur, S.A.U. The assessments gave rise to the adjustment of the tax losses for 2013, 2014 and 2015 by EUR 426 thousand, EUR 836 thousand and EUR 187 thousand, respectively, without any impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

On 17 February 2020, the Regional Inspection Office of the Special Office of Andalusia commenced a limited tax audit on the company Neinor Península, S.L.U. for income tax relating to 2016 and 2017. During July 2020, the assessment was signed by the Company's representative on an uncontested basis, giving rise to no tax contingencies in this connection.

Furthermore, on 8 February 2012, Quabit Inmobiliaria, S.A. received notification of the commencement of the verification and investigation of corporate income tax for the years 2007 to 2009, value added tax for the years 2008 and 2009 and withholdings on income from work for professionals and from movable capital for the years 2008 and 2009. In March2013, the assessments relating to the completion of the review process were received. The amount claimed by the tax authorities amounts to EUR 2.171 thousand, corresponding to settlement agreements issued by the Central Delegation for Large Taxpayers of the State Tax Administration Agency ("AEAT") in March 2013. This amount is broken down into principal (EUR 1.088 thousand), interest (EUR 614 thousand) and a penalty (EUR 469 thousand), which have already been paid at the date of preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements. In addition, in its assessments, the AEAT proposed certain corrections to the taxable base for corporate income tax with no effect on the tax payable, as they correspond to periods in which the application of these corrections would not result in a positive taxable base and, therefore, in a payable tax. The proposed increase in the 2008 and 2009 tax bases proposed in the assessments was EUR 6.004 thousand and 7.204 thousand, respectively. The main adjustment item arose from amortization of goodwill from the merger in 2008 (EUR 5.641 thousand in 2008 and EUR 7.051 thousand in 2009). This difference in amortization derives from the difference in the quantification of amortization: EUR 152.332 thousand according to the AEAT compared to EUR 293.308 thousand calculated by Quabit Inmobiliaria, S.A. in its income tax settlements. Quabit Inmobiliaria, S.A. submitted pleas to the non-conformity assessments relating to corporate income tax and subsequently lodged an appeal with the Central Economic-Administrative Court (TEAC). In January 2017, Quabit Inmobiliaria, S.A. received a resolution from the TEAC rejecting all the pleas presented in its appeal. In March 2017, Quabit Inmobiliaria, S.A. filed an administrative appeal with the National High Court requesting a stay of the contested order. This suspension has been granted by the Court. Subsequently, on 7 December 2017, Quabit Inmobiliaria, S.A. filed a complaint with the Administrative Litigation Division of the National High Court. In September 2020, Quabit Inmobiliaria, S.A. received notification of the National Court's ruling rejecting all of its pleas. On December 23, 2022, the Group has received notification of rejection decision from the National High Court. On February 1, 2023, the Group has filed an incident of nullity of actions.

The directors of the Parent do not expect any additional material liabilities not already covered to arise as a result of the inspections that could occur for the years open to inspection.

21.3 Tax receivables and payables

Details of the main tax receivables and payables are as follows:

	Thousands of euros								
		31.12.	2023			31.12.2022			
	Tax as	ssets	Tax a	ssets	Tax lia	bilities			
	Non- current	Non- current	Current	Non- current	Current	Non- current	Current	Current	
VAT receivable / payable (Note 17)	-	4.505	-	21.210	-	8.023	-	11.597	
Income tax (*)	-	19.068	-	5.270	-	12.090	-	3.232	
Personal income tax withholdings payable	-	14	-	2.865	-	-	-	1.859	
Tax receivable for subsidies granted	-	900	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Social Security contributions payable	-	-	-	1.307	-	-	-	881	
Deferred tax asset	105.585	-	-	-	94.773	-	-	-	
Deferred tax liability	-	-	10.807	-	-	-	18.126	-	
Total	105.585	24.487	10.807	30.652	94.773	20.113	18.126	17.569	

^(*) It includes the provision related to final disciplinary proceedings concerning tax inspections against which pleadings have been filed (Note 21.2).

21.4 Reconciliation of accounting profit/loss to tax profit/loss

The reconciliation of the accounting profit/loss to consolidated income tax expense/income for the year is as follows:

At 31 December 2023

		Thousand	s of euros	
			Other	
			entities and	
	Group	Group	consolidation	
	02117BSC	05/20	adjustments	Total
			4	
Profit/(Loss) before tax	10.791	116.230	(27.512)	99.509
Permanent differences -	33	16.773	-	16.806
Temporary differences	(15.936)	(37.256)	(6.595)	(59.787)
Preliminary Taxable income/(loss)	(5.112)	95.747	(34.107)	56.628
Tax losses compensation	-	(7.083)	-	(7.083)
Taxable income/(loss)	(5.112)	88.664	(34.107)	49.445
Tax rate	24%	25%	25%	-
Tax accrued	-	22.166	(8.527)	13.639
Not capitalised Tax assets accrued in the period	-	-	-	-
Deferred Tax Asset capitalized	(1.227)	(15.257)	(5.682)	(22.166)
Deferred Tax Asset discharged	3.786	945	11.445	16.176
Other adjustments for income tax	(49)	495	-	446
Income tax expense	2.510	8.349	(2.764)	8.095

At 31 December 2022

		Thousands of euros				
	Group	Group	Other	Total		
	02117BSC	05/20	entities and			
			consolidation			
			adjustments			
Profit/(Loss) before toy	23.107	95.405	977	119.488		
Profit/(Loss) before tax			_			
Permanent differences -	444	710		1.154		
Temporary differences	(53.106)	(16.562)	24.135	(45.533)		
Preliminary Taxable income/(loss)	(29.555)	79.553	977	50.975		
Tax losses compensation	-	(14.394)	-	(14.394)		
Taxable income/(loss)	(29.555)	65.159	977	36.581		
Tax rate	24%	25%	25%	-		
Tax accrued	(7.093)	16.290	35	9.232		
Not capitalised Tax assets accrued in the period	-	-	-	-		
Deferred Tax Asset capitalized	-	(8.482)	6.699	(1.783)		
Deferred Tax Asset discharged	12.745	5.512	-	18.257		
Other adjustments for income tax	(2.957)	199	(37)	(2.795)		
Income tax expense	2.695	13.519	6.697	22.911		

The permanent differences included in the preceding table correspond, mainly, to the sale of Sky companies described in Note 2.8.

21.5 Tax losses

Details of the tax losses of the different companies included in the Neinor Homes Group at 31 December 2023, which correspond with those generated by the Group companies are as follows:

	Thousand		
Year of generation	of generation Unrecognized Recognized		Year of maturity
Negative tax bases of other companies			
(Foral Territory):			
Exercise 2008	1.096	101.961	2038
Exercise 2009	109.148	-	2039
Exercise 2010	99.999	-	2040
Exercise 2011	68.205	-	2041
Exercise 2012	29.621	-	2042
Exercise 2016	54.691	-	2046
Exercise 2017	3.471	-	2047
Exercise 2018	11.481	-	2048
Exercise 2019	12.065	-	2049
Exercise 2020	46.354	-	2050
Exercise 2021	-	-	2051
Exercise 2022	29.616	-	2052
Exercise 2023	5.112	-	2053
Negative tax bases of other companies			
(Common Territory):			
Exercise 2006	856		
Exercise 2007	2.699	-	No expiration
Exercise 2008	32	-	No expiration
Exercise 2009	6.113	-	No expiration
Exercise 2010	8.322	-	No expiration
Exercise 2011	8.122	893	No expiration
Exercise 2012	20.026	-	No expiration
Exercise 2013	1.734	-	No expiration
Exercise 2014	170	-	No expiration
Exercise 30 of June 2015 (*)	11.296	-	No expiration
Exercise 31 of December 2015 (*)	-	22.526	No expiration
Exercise 2016	16.909	40.860	No expiration
Exercise 2017	41.059	24.692	No expiration
Exercise 2018	29.608	-	No expiration
Exercise 2019	21.465	-	No expiration
Exercise 2020	19.470	-	No expiration
Exercise 2021 (until 19 may 2021)	168		
Total (**)	649.325	190.932	

^(*) It includes tax losses that are subject to inspection for an amount of EUR 30.059 thousand (Note 21.2)

According to the tax rules currently in force, the tax losses with no time limit included in the preceding table, may be offset against the taxable profit for the following tax periods considering certain limits of the tax base prior to offset, with a minimum of EUR 1 million, taking into account the Group's revenue.

Regarding the negative tax bases with maturity broken down in the previous table, note that there is no annual limit to their compensation with the previous tax bases for each year. In this sense, the pending negative tax bases that were generated in accordance with regional regulations by the companies that have moved their registered address to Spanish Income Tax Law, may continue to be applied in the following tax periods in which they are taxed in accordance with the regulations, according to the quantitative, qualitative and temporal limits established in their birth regulations.

Until 2018 the Group did not recognize the deferred tax assets relating to tax loss carryforwards as the Parent's directors considered that the economic environment still generated some uncertainty as regards the consolidation of the industry trends and, accordingly, their recoverability by the Group and, therefore, by the companies taken separately was not reasonably assured.

The tax loss carryforwards recognised relate to the Group companies Neinor Sur, S.A.U., Neinor Works, S.L.U. and Neinor Península, S.L.U., as it is considered reasonably certain that future taxable profits will be obtained that will enable these companies' tax loss carryforwards to be partially offset. In this respect, these companies have managed to obtain positive operating results this year and the Group is meeting the budget prepared, and there is adequate visibility of the sales figures for the coming years in accordance with the degree of pre-sales achieved in the developments under development.

However, other Group subsidiaries have either losses from operations or scantly material profits from operations, as well as "legacy" assets, and, therefore, it was considered that the obtainment of future profits was not sufficiently ensured. Accordingly, the approach adopted to date continued to be applied and it was considered reasonable not to recognise deferred tax assets for these companies since the recoverability thereof was not reasonably ensured.

In addition, as a result of the purchase price allocation process relating to the business combination of Quabit Inmobiliaria, S.A., deferred tax assets amounting to EUR 68.000 thousand (Note 2.8) associated with that transaction were identified, of which 12,4 million euros correspond to negative tax bases, since it is determined as reasonably assured the obtaining of future tax benefits that will allow their compensation.

21.6 Tax credits

At 31 December 2023 the Group had unrecognized tax credits amounting to EUR 9.893 thousand (at 31 December 2022 unrecognized tax credits amounted to 981 thousand).

21.7 Deferred Taxes

In accordance with the current tax legislation applicable to the Group companies, certain temporary differences may arise that should be taken into account in the estimate of the income tax base and the related income tax expense.

The changes in this heading in the exercise ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

Exercise ended 31 December 2023

	31.12.22	Additions	Disposals	Other	31.12.23
Defermed to use	51.132	10.010	(2.170)		F0 073
Deferred taxes	51.132	10.910	(3.170)	-	58.872
Total	51.132	10.910	(3.170)	-	58.872

Exercise ended 31 December 2022

	31.12.21	Additions	Disposals	Other	31.12.22
Deferred taxes	66.797	253	(15.917)	-	51.132
Total	66.797	253	(15.917)	-	51.132

At 31 December 2023, there were unrecognised deferred tax assets amounting to EUR 16.445 thousand (tax base) (31 December 2022: EUR 55.512 thousand).

21.8 Other tax matters

On 30 December 2021, through Law 11/2020, the Spanish State Budget for 2022 was approved, amending the Spanish Income Tax Regulation effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The most significant change consisted of the 95% limitation of the exemption on dividends and gains governed by Article 21 of the Spanish Income Tax Law. The impact of this measure is estimated to represent a tax rate of 1.25% of the value of the dividend distributed or of the gain generated on the transfer of investments (impact calculated on the basis of the 5% established in the exemption limitation, multiplied by the standard Income Tax rate, 25%).

As a result of the investments described in Note 12, the Group consolidates for tax purposes with the Economic Interest Groupings described in the aforementioned Note. These Economic Interest Groupings have an income attribution system and, although their structure is validly constituted, they are considered to be structures with a certain tax risk. These Economic Interest Groupings have led to an attribution of income amounting to 22.977 thousand euros and the application of a deduction of 6.589 thousand euros. This has led to a reduction in the account payable to the tax authorities of Euros 12.603 thousand.

The Constitutional Court ruling dated 19 January 2024 declared unconstitutional certain corporate income tax measures introduced by Royal Decree-Law 3/2016 of 2 December, relating to the establishment of stricter ceilings for the offsetting of tax losses, the introduction of a limit on the application of double taxation deductions and the obligation to automatically include in the tax base any impairment losses on investments deducted in prior years. On 15 January 2024, the Group filed a claim for the rectification of the tax assessments for 2018, 2019 and 2020 of the company Neinor Sur, S.A.U. In this regard, the Group's tax advisors consider that the claim filed will be favourable and, therefore, the corresponding asset has a contingent asset, which amounts to approximately EUR 15 million (EUR 13.4 million in repayment and EUR 1.6 million in interest) with a charge to "Tax receivable" and a credit to "Income tax" and "Finance income", respectively, in the consolidated income statement. The Company has considered the content of the ruling when estimating the corporate income tax for 2023. Finally, with regard to estimating the recovery of tax credits in the future, the Group has chosen to consider a scenario of uncertainty in which new compensatory measures are approved by the government on a prospective basis.

22. Guarantee commitments to third parties and other contingent liabilities

At 31 December 2023, the Group had provided guarantees to third parties for a total amount of EUR 133.078 thousand (EUR 134.173 thousand at 31 December 2022). Included in this figure there is an amount of EUR 69.852 thousand (EUR 59.614 thousand at 31 December 2022) thousand related mainly to guarantees provided to different local authorities to secure the development of different properties and EUR 60.226 thousand to secure payments in advance received by customers (EUR 74.559 thousand at 31 December 2022). Additional guarantees and pledges of the Group have been disclosed in Note 18. Furthermore, guarantee amounting 3 million euros has been provided in relation to final disciplinary proceedings concerning tax inspections (Note 21.2).

Additionally, the Group has received at 31 December 2023 from different suppliers and contractors guarantees for a total amount of EUR 47.988 thousand (EUR 30.147 thousand at 31 December 2022) to secure the perfect completion of the corresponding construction works.

The Parent's directors do not expect any additional liabilities to arise in connection with the aforementioned guarantees.

23. Revenue and expense

23.1 Revenues

The breakdown of revenues is as follows:

	Thousar	nds of euros
	31.12.2023	31.12.2022
Legacy	1.154	1.430
Development	441.530	745.749
Development – Singular operations	61.531	-
Assets Management – Servicing (Note 13)	-	8.605
Rental (Note 9)	7.013	7.447
Rental – Singular operations	79.402	-
Total	590.630	763.231

All of the Group revenues have been obtained in Spain.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group minimum lease payment commitments to lessees are not significant.

23.2 Cost of sales

Details of this heading in the consolidated income statement are as follows:

	Thousand	s of euros
	31.12.2023	31.12.2022
Cost of sales	405.496	552.111
Sites and land	21.955	3.400
Construction work in progress and completed buildings	383.541	548.711

23.3 Employee benefits expense and average headcount

Details of "Employee benefits expense" are as follows:

	Thousands of euros			
	31.12.2023	31.12.2022		
Wages, salaries and similar expenses (*)	35.000	29.576		
Termination benefits	(546)	963		
Social security costs	6.854	6.073		
Other employee benefit costs	581	607		
Total	41.890	37.219		

In the year ended 31 December 2023 "Wages, Salaries and Similar Expenses" includes EUR 5.770 thousand relating to incentive plans (see Notes 4.21, 16.4 and 25).

At December 2023, the average headcount at Group companies for Quabit Construcción, S.A. and Renta Garantizada, S.A. was 194 and 31, respectively (151 and 33 respectively at December 31, 2022). The average headcount for Neinor Homes was 282 people (298 people at 31 December 2022).

The number of people employed at the end of 2023 for Quabit Construcción, S.A., and for Rental Garantizada, S.A., is 198 and 32 people respectively (184 and 33 people respectively at the end of 2022). The breakdown by category for Neinor Homes is as follows:

		31.12.2023			31.12.2022			
	Women Men Total			Women	Men	Total		
Higher degree staff	92	140	232	93	141	234		
Medium degree staff	35	15	50	41	22	63		
Total	127	155	282	134	163	297		

In addition, at 31 December 2023, the Group had 1 employee with a disability of more than 33% (2 at 31 December 2022).

23.4 External services

Details of this heading in the consolidated income statement are as follows:

	Thousands of euros		
	31.12.2023	31.12.2022	
	5.783	3.802	
Leases and royalties	2.016	1.868	
Maintenance	17.497	28.826	
Independent professional services	1	4	
Transport	1.644	1.277	
Insurance premiums	1.080	1.563	
Bank Services	3.069	3.186	
Advertising and marketing	2.071	1.651	
Supplies	6.081	5.848	
Other external services	3.429	10.055	
Other current management costs	348	1.143	
Total (*)	43.019	59.223	

[&]quot;Independent Professional Services" in the foregoing table includes mainly the fees accrued in the period by the investment property agents and other intermediaries involved in their own sales and servicing income.

23.5 Contribution to consolidated profit or loss attributable to owners of the Company

The contributions to consolidated profit or loss for the exercise ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 by each company included in the consolidated group are as follows:

	Thousand	s of euros
Entity	31.12.2023	31.12.2022
Full consolidation (*)		
Sociedad Dominante	(11.001)	(1.070)
Neinor Norte, S.L.U.	16.470	19.566
Rental Homes PropCo, S.L.U	(18.403)	(601)
Rental Homes Holdco, S.L.	(1)	-
Neinor Rental OpCo, S.L.U.	6	6
Promociones Neinor 3, S.L.U.	900	(580)
Neinor Works, S.L.U.	423	(525)
Promociones Neinor 5, S.L.	3.041	1.461
Neinor Península, S.L.U.	57.218	2.409
Neinor Sur, S.A.U.	28.418	73.192
Espalmador 45, S.L.	-	(21)
Renta Garantizada, S.A.	451	410
Neinor Sardes Rental, S.L.U.	811	1.923
Sky Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.	(355)	(2.755)
Rental Homes NX Propco, S.L.	8.893	(2)
Europa Rental Homes Propco, S.L.	2.243	(4)
Sky Coliving Homes Propco, S.L.	(575)	(2.856)
Subsidiaries previously controlled by Quabit Inmobiliaria (Note 2.8)	2.088	5.718
Total	90.627	96.271

^(*) Consolidation adjustments were made as the Group used the appraisal conducted by independent valuers to remeasure the fair value of the properties classified as investment property, giving rise to a negative consolidation adjustment of EUR 3,4 million (31 December 2022: negative consolidation adjustments of EUR 4 million in this connection). Also, consolidation adjustments were made as a result of the application of IFRS 9 and 16, amounting to EUR 326 thousand at 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022: EUR 1.916 thousand).

23.6 Changes in trade provisions

The detail of "Changes in trade provisions" recognized in the accompanying consolidated income statement is as follows:

	Thousands of euros Income , (Expense)		
	31.12.2023 31.12.2022		
Change in trade provisions – Others			
Provision for bad debts (Notes 4.10 and 14)	472	(1.715)	
Net accruals for after-sale provisions	1.605	(1.303)	
Other provisions	769	5.394	
Total change in trade provisions	2.846 2.37		

In 2023, the Group has provided an amount of 3.503 thousand euros for additional repair expenses to be incurred in promotions delivered during this last period of 2022 (1.303 thousand euros at December 31, 2022).

24. Related party transactions

The Group's "related parties" are deemed to be, in addition to the subsidiaries, associates and jointly-controlled entities, the shareholders, the Parent's "key management personnel" (its directors and managers, and their close family members) and the entities over which key management personnel may exercise significant influence or control or by which they may be influenced. Specifically, related party transactions are deemed to be transactions with parties outside the Group but with which there are ties as defined in Ministry of Economy and Finance Order EHA/3050/2004, of 15 September, and in Spanish National Securities Market Commission (CNMV) Circular 1/2005, of 1 April. Pursuant to the aforementioned criteria, for disclosure purposes the bank Banco de Santander, S.A. is considered a related party, due the link between a senior executive and director of the group and one of the directors. Also, in accordance with the definitions and criteria contained in these provisions, Orion V European 24, S.À.R.L, 1810 Capital Investments, S.L., Global Hespérides, S.L., Rayet Medio Ambiente, S.L., Grupo Rayet, S.A., Sistemas Integrales Cualificados, S.L., UTE I-15 Alovera, Global Henares, S.L. ,Editorial Nueva Alcarria, S.A., Aquila Lux S.V., S.A.R.L., Ablanquejo, S.L., Restablo Inversiones, S.L. and Fincas Cuevas Minadas, S.L., are also considered to be related companies, due to their relatedness to shareholders and directors.

	Thousands of Euros						
		Income		Expenses			
	Net Revenue	s (Note 23.1)		Cost of Sales –	External	Financial	
		Services	Financial	Purchases	Services	costs (Note	
Exercise 2023	Sales	Provided	Incomes	(Note 23.3)	(Note 23.4)	18)	
Joint venture							
Nicrent Residencial, S.L.	-	27	69	-	-	-	
Pegasus Holdco, S.L.	-	307	7	-	-	-	
JV Panoramic, S.L.	50.900	-	-	-	-	-	
Total associates and joint ventures	50.900	334	76	=	-	-	
Other Group's "related parties"-							
Banco Santander, S.A.	-	-	354	927	92	7.926	
Global Hespérides, S.L.	-	94	-	-	-	-	
Rayet Medio Ambiente, S.L.	-	-	-	26	-	-	
UTE I-15 Alovera	8.366	-	25	7.689	-	-	
Ablanquejo, S.L.	-	-	-	=	1.330	-	
Sistemas integrales Cualificados, S.L.	-	-	-	=	349	-	
Total related parties	8.366	94	379	8.642	1.771	7.926	
Total	59.266	428	455	8.642	1.771	7.926	

		Thousands of Euros								
		Income		Expenses						
	Net Revenue	s (Note 23.1)		Cost of Sales –	External	Financial				
		Services	Financial	Purchases	Services	costs				
Exercise 2022	Sales	Provided	Incomes	(Note 23.3)	(Note 23.4)	(Note 18)				
Joint venture										
Programa de Actuación de Baleares, S.L.	-	-	6	-	-	-				
Nicrent Residencial, S.L.	-	5	16	-	-	-				
Total joint venture	-	5	22	-	-	-				
Other Group's "related parties"-										
Banco Santander, S.A.	947	-	-	-	225	1.711				
1810 Capital Investments, S.L.	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Global Hespérides, S.L.	3.073	82	-	-	-	-				
Grupo Rayet, S.A.	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Rayet Medio Ambiente, S.L.	=	9	-	-	-	-				
Global Henares, S.L.	=	-	-	-	-	-				
UTE I-15 Alovera	8.381	-	15	2.581	-	-				
Ablanquejo, S.L.	-	-	-	-	733	-				
Editorial Nueva Alcarria, S.L.	-	-	-	-	6	-				
Sistemas integrales Cualificados, S.L.	-	-	-	-	311	-				
Total related parties	12.401	91	15	2.581	1.275	1.711				
Total	12.401	96	37	2.581	1.275	1.711				

The breakdown of the main transactions carried out during 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

- Agreement with one of the main shareholders of the Group (Note 16.1).
- Financial expenses arising on the loans and credit lines with the financial entity.
- Sales to 1 related party and to JV Panoramic, S.L.

These transactions with related parties were performed on an arm's length basis. There are no obligations or guarantees to related parties in addition to those previously disclosed in this Note or in Note 18 in relation to the financial debt.

The balances held with companies related to the Group at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

31 de December 2023

				Other	Other	Other			
				short-	long-	short-			
		Long-term	Short-term	term	term	term			
	Cash and	bank	bank	financial	financial	financial	Accounts	Accounts	Suppliers
Thousand of euros	equivalents	borrowings	borrowings	liabilities	assets	assets	payable	receivable	prepayments
Associates and									
Joint venture-									
Programa de actuación de Baleares, S.L.	-	-	-	-	-	7.217	-	9	-
(*)				70					
Masía del Monte Sano, S.L. (*)	-	-	-	78	-	- 4 724	-	-	-
Nicrent Residencial, S.L. (**)	-	-	-	- 245	-	1.721	-	32	-
Pegasus Holdco, S.L. (**)	-	-	-	215	1.652	-	-	375	-
JV Panoramic, S.L. (**)	-	-	-	-	1.057	-	227	2.261	-
Total associates and joint ventures	-	-	-	293	2.709	8.938	227	2.677	-
Other group's "related									
Parties"									
Banco Santander, S.A.	85.605	50.000	33.367	-	-	10	-	-	-
Global Hespérides, S.L.	-	-	-	976	-	-	5	21	-
Restablo Inversiones. S.L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-
Global Henares, S.L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-
Grupo Rayet, S.A.	-	-	-	18	531	-	152	2	-
Rayet Medio Ambiente, S.L.	-	-	-	-	515	129	4	-	-
UTE 15-ALOVERA	37	-	-	-	-	400	260	6.802	1.864
Editorial Nueva Alcarria, S.L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
Ablanquejo, S.L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	61	-	-
Fincas Cuevas Minadas, S.L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	-
Total related parties	85.642	50.000	33.367	1.000	1.046	539	507	6.826	1.864
Total	85.642	50.000	33.367	1.293	3.755	9.477	734	9.503	1.864

^(*) As a result of the business combination, the Goup has shares of Alboraya Marina Nova, S.L., Programa de Actuación de Baleares, S.L. and Masía del Monte Sano, S.L. with a total cost of 628 thousand euros at December 31, 2022 (Note 11 and Anex I).

^(***) As a result of the coinvestment agreements reached by the Group, this has shares of Nicrent Residencial, S.L., Pegasus Holdco, S.L. and JV Panoramic, S.L. for an amount of EUR 8.241 thousand.

31 December 2022

				Other		Other			
			Other	short-	Other	short-			
		Long-term	long-term	term	long-term	term			
	Cash and	Bank	financial	financial	financial	financial	Accounts	Accounts	Customer
Thousand of euros	equivalents	borrowings	liabilities	liabilities	assets	assets	payable	receivable	prepayments
Associates and	equivalents	borrowings	Habilities	Habilities	assets	assets	payable	receivable	prepayments
Joint venture(*)-									
Alboraya Marina Nova, S.L.									
Programa de actuación de	_	-	_	_	_	7.217	-	9	-
Baleares, S.L.									
Nicrent Residencial,S.L.	-	-	-	-	-	1.596	-	6	-
Masia del Monte Sano, S.L.	-	-	-	78	-	-	-	-	-
Total associates and joint-									
ventures	-	-	-	78	-	8.813	-	15	-
Other group's "related									
Parties"									
Banco Santander, S.A.	44.983	20.000	22.024	-	-	10	-	-	190
1810 Capital Investments, S.L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Global Hespérides, S.L.	_	_	_	278	_	_	_	25	_
Aguila Lux S.V. S.A.R.L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grupo Rayet, S.A.	-	-	-	-	533	-	1.333	2	-
Rayet Medio Ambiente, S.L.	-	-	-	-	585	126	20	-	-
UTE 15-ALOVERA	-	-	-	-	926	593	69	4.759	1.864
Editorial Nueva Alcarria, S.L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-
Restablo Inversiones S.L.	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-
Ablanquejo, S.L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	61	-	-
Sistemas Integrales Cualificados	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-
Fincas Cuevas Minadas, S.L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Total related parties	44.983	20.000	22.024	284	2.044	729	1.501	4.787	2.054
Total	44.983	20.000	22.02z4	362	2.044	9.542	1.501	4.802	2.054

^(*) As a result of the business combination the Group holds shares in Alboraya Marina Nova, S.L., Programa de Actuación de Baleares, S.L., and Masia del Monte Sano, S.L. with a cost of 599 thousand euros as of December 31, 2022 (Note 11 and index I).

Other

In May 2021 the Neinor Homes Group, in alliance with Grupo Cevasa, was awarded the tender sponsored by the public company Habitatge Metròpolis Barcelona, S.A. (until then owned 50% by the Barcelona Metropolitan Area and 50% by the Barcelona City Council) for the construction and subsequent management under rental arrangements of 4,500 government-subsidized homes in the metropolitan area of Barcelona. In this connection, on 9 June 2021, Neinor Homes, S.A. and Compañía Española de Viviendas en Alquiler, S.A. ("Cevasa") jointly incorporated, each with a 50% ownership interest, Nicrent Residencial, S.L. with an initial share capital of EUR 3 thousand. During November 2021, a monetary contribution of EUR 12 million has been made to Habitatge Metròpolis Barcelona, S.A. through Nicrent Residencial, S.L. (equally distributed between Neinor Homes, S.A. and Cevasa) in exchange for a 50% ownership interest in its share capital. As provided for in the terms of the tender, Nicrent Residencial, S.L. has also undertaken to make, in an estimated period of one to five years, successive contributions that will total, together with the aforementioned initial contribution, an amount of between a minimum of approximately EUR 58 million and a maximum of approximately EUR 104 million. For their part, the public shareholders of Habitatge Metròpolis Barcelona, S.A. will contribute to this company the

land required for the construction of the above-mentioned homes and will make the necessary monetary contributions to ensure that their 50% ownership interest remains unchanged. After it has become a shareholder of Habitatge Metròpolis Barcelona, S.A., Nicrent Residencial, S.L. will be responsible for the administration and the management of the assets of Habitatge Metròpolis Barcelona, S.A., which will entail, inter alia, managing the construction and development of the land of this company and managing the rental of the homes, for which it will obtain an arm's length remuneration. This transaction has been recorded by Neinor Homes Group as a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control have rights to the net assets of the arrangement ("joint venture").

In addition, as detailed in Note 2.8, the Group has entered into several joint venture agreements with two companies and as a result has acquired a 10% interest in JL Panoramic DV, S.L. and Pegasus Holdco, S.L. In this respect, the Parent Company has granted a participating loan of Euros 1,882 thousand in principal and Euros 5 thousand in interest to the company Pegasus Holdco, S.L. and an amount of Euros 1,055 thousand to the company JV Panoramic DV, S.L.

Lastly, on 13 November 2023 Neinor Homes, S.A. reached an investment agreement with Proptech Ventures, S.L. and its subsidiary Urbanitae Real Estate Platform, S.L. for the acquisition of land for a maximum amount of 150 million euros. Each investment will represent a 20% stake by Neinor and an 80% stake by the vehicle used by Urbanitae.

25. Legal information relating to the Board of Directors and Senior executives

Information regarding situations of conflict of interest involving the directors

In the exercises ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 the Parent's current and former directors did not perform any transactions with the Parent or the companies of the Group to which it belongs that were outside the normal course of business or were not on an arm's length basis.

In addition, during the current year, the Parent Company has entered into a co-investment agreement with Orion Capital Managers, which is the controlling company in Orion European Real Estate Fund V, SPV, which holds 29,52% of the Group's voting rights. In this respect, two of the directors of the Parent Company hold positions in the company and therefore, the Group has qualified the existence of a conflict of interest. In this respect, the purpose of the transaction is the investment and subsequent management of an investment vehicle for the development of an asset portfolio. However, the contract was made on the basis of the principle of equal treatment and for the benefit of the Group (Notes 2.8 and 24).

Also, during the current exercise apart from the mentioned operation and the former one the members of the Board of Directors of the Parent and persons related thereto, as defined by the Spanish Limited Liability Companies Law, did not maintain relationships with other companies that may represent a conflict of interest for them or the Parent. No notification was made to the competent bodies in the sense indicated in Article 229 and, accordingly, these consolidated financial statements do not present any disclosures in this connection.

Directors' compensation and other benefits

As of December 31, 2023, the Directors of the Parent Company, including those who have at the same time the status of members of the Senior Management (1 people at December 31, 2023 and at December 31, 2022), have received a fixed and variable compensation for their position as administrators an amount of EUR 1.896 thousand not having received remunerations for other concepts (EUR 1.050 thousand, respectively, as of December 31, 2022).

The companies related to them provided to the Group and billed the amounts indicated in Note 24.

The Parent has taken out third-party liability insurance for directors and senior executives the cost of which amounts to EUR 125 thousand in 2023 (EUR 133 thousand in 2022).

The Parent has no pension obligations to the Directors.

The Parent has granted no advances, loans or guarantees to any of its Directors.

Senior executives' compensation and other benefits

The remuneration of the Parent's senior executives and persons discharging similar duties, excluding those who are simultaneously members of the Board of Directors (1 person at 31 December 2022 and at 31 December 2021), at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 is summarized as follows:

		Thousands of euros						
		31.12.2023 31.12.2022						
Numl	ber of	Fixed and	Fixed and					
employees		variable	Other		variable	Other		
31.12.2023	31.12.2021	remuneration	Total	Total	remuneration	Total	Total	
6	6	3.259	3.322	6.581	3.157	525	3.682	

^(*) The amount in the table for 2023 includes the accrued remuneration, having received in this financial year an amount of 2.002 thousand euros relating to the incentive plan that expired in this financial year.

The Parent has no pension obligations and has granted no advances, loans or guarantees to senior executives.

Additionally, some of the compensation contracts for the Group management include payments due to non-compete clauses, in case of contract termination takes place. Commitments are not significant in relation to the Group's financial statements.

26. Auditors' fees

Fees for audit services for the exercise ended 31 December 2023 for the different companies in the Neinor Homes Group and subsidiaries, provided by the statutory auditor and companies related thereto have amounted to EUR 237 thousand (EUR 223 thousand at 31 December 2022). Likewise, fees for verification services and other services provided by the statutory auditor for the exercise ended at 31 December 2023 have amounted to EUR 50 thousand and EUR 38 thousand at 31 December 2022.

Additionally, companies related to the statutory auditor have not provided additional services for the exercise ended 31 December 2023 (4 thousand 31 December 2022).

27. Environmental information

Since its inception in 2015, Neinor Homes has demonstrated a strong commitment to the environment and the communities in which it operates. Recognising the fundamental role it plays as a real estate developer in local society, the company promotes respect for the environment, setting targets to reduce the environmental impact associated with the entire value chain of its business activity.

In 2023, Neinor Homes has continued to reinforce its commitment to sustainability and environmental management, initiated in 2021 with the updating and development of its Sustainability Policy, the formation of a Sustainability Committee of which the CEO is a member among other members of senior management, and the preparation of its Sustainability Plan 2022-2025. This Plan deepens the company's sustainable values, formalizes its commitment to sustainability and establishes specific short- and medium-term objectives. The

Sustainability Plan has been revised and updated this year and can be consulted in detail in the Non-Financial Information Report.

Both for the preparation and the update of the 2022-2025 Sustainability Plan, the best practices and most relevant issues in the development sector in terms of sustainability have been reviewed. In addition, best practices in this area have been reviewed, such as the Sustainable Development Goals of the United Nations 2030 Agenda and the ESG recommendations of the CNMV. Investor expectations were also considered, evaluating the ESG requirements of proxy advisors and the ESG guidelines of the world's largest asset managers. Finally, active listening work was carried out with the company's employees.

The nature of Neinor Homes' development activity involves assessing and, where appropriate, mitigating the risks inherent in the transition to a low-emission economy, such as those related to the physical impacts of climate change. To comply with the climate risk and vulnerability assessment and to analyze its alignment with the European Taxonomy, Neinor Homes conducted a study in 2022 to identify and integrate climate change adaptation measures based on best available practices and its business model.

Transition risks include different aspects such as political, legal, technological and market changes that may occur in the medium and long term. Those with the greatest impact on the organization, such as the following, are set out below:

- Political and legal risks, this type of risks are those derived from possible actions by political and
 regulatory bodies that seek to limit the factors causing climate change, or the promotion of adaptation
 to it. According to the TCFD, these risks include changes in policies and regulations that affect business
 activity and increased climate-related legal and litigation risks. It is important for companies to assess
 these risks in order to take appropriate action.
- Reputational risk, reputational risks arising from climate change are those that affect the image and perception of the company due to its impact on the climate. According to the TCFD, these risks include poor public and customer perception due to the company's contribution to the climate crisis, loss of trust and credibility, and decreased demand for its products and services. It is important for companies to assess and manage these reputational risks to protect their image and market positioning. At Neinor Homes, the Board of Directors is the main driving force behind the implementation of an ethical culture throughout the company. For its part, the Ethics Committee resolves the complaints received, taking the appropriate actions to investigate the facts reported.
- Market risk: This refers to the effects that climate change may have on the valuation of companies and financial markets. According to the TCFD, this risk includes the reallocation of assets towards more sustainable companies and the decline in value of fossil fuel related companies, as well as the emergence of new investment opportunities in sustainable technologies and solutions. Companies must consider these market risks in order to adapt to new market trends and protect their long-term value and profitability.
- **Technological risk**, which concerns technological innovations that arise or are favoured in the transition process, and the consequent replacement of old systems in favour of these new technologies.

On the other hand, physical risks are those related to one-off events (acute risks) and long-term changes (chronic risks) arising from climate change. Due to the life cycle of the real estate product, these events or long-term changes could have financial repercussions for the company, e.g. direct damage to assets and/or the production chain, changes in water availability and quality, or extreme temperature changes affecting infrastructure, materials or the production chain. Efforts to mitigate and adapt to climate change can also create opportunities for the company, which have been identified and are outlined below:

- Resilience and responsiveness to climate change and the challenges it poses, not only ecological but also regulatory, and for which the company will be better prepared.
- Better positioning in the market, thanks to a better product design, more sustainable, resilient and energy efficient, and a better reputational image, aligned with the demands of a society that is increasingly aware of sustainability.
- Obtaining better financing conditions for the execution of sustainable projects, with significant reductions in interest rates, and in the same vein, higher credit ratings for bond issuance, as the company already did in 2021 with the issuance of green bonds for the first time in its history.
- Diversification and broadening of the spectrum of investors in the Company, towards funds and
 investors that integrate indicators related to sustainability and responsible business in their investment
 criteria or through inclusion in sustainability-focused indices and portfolios.
- Global trend towards clean energy sources, leading to greater energy efficiency, cost reduction and improved storage capacity.
- The search for greater efficiency in the management of the Company's resources and waste, enabling
 it to reduce operating costs.

In order to adapt or mitigate the impacts of climate hazards on Neinor Homes' activity, a series of solutions have been identified to address the most significant climate hazards, for which the company is defining an action plan whose implementation began in 2022.

Thus, within the environmental dimension and with the intention of setting tangible objectives in the short and medium term to mitigate the risks detected and address the opportunities identified, the Plan establishes these five areas of action:

- Sustainable and resilient housing, from which three medium-term objectives are derived:
 - Maintain the company's commitment to delivering sustainable housing by demonstrating our strong commitment to the environmental certification of buildings. We have supported BREEAM Certification since its inception as a quality certificate. As of today, Neinor Homes is the company with the most BREEAM certifications in residential developments in Spain.
 - Maintenance of an environmental management system in accordance with the ISO 14001 standard.
 - Analysis and development of factors that increase resilience and adaptation to climate change risks, such as the orientation of developments, use of sunlight hours, use of indigenous plants, analysis and mitigation of flood risks or erosion control, among others.
- Consideration of climate change. Life Cycle and Carbon Footprint Analysis.
 - ➤ Neinor Homes, in line with its sustainability strategy, has been analysing the carbon footprint of its developments since 2021.

At the end of 2022, it submitted its emissions reduction targets to the Science Based Targets (SBTi) initiative, committing to reduce its Scope 1 and 2 emissions. Neinor Homes follows the recommendations of the GHG Protocol to annually review the calculation methodology, available data and organisational changes to ensure a complete carbon footprint (scopes 1, 2 and 3), as close as possible to the company's reality. The company calculates the carbon footprint from different perspectives. In this year, emissions measurements have been made taking into account all the homes delivered, measurements have also been made considering all the developments completed in the year, regardless of their sale or delivery, and finally, these emissions have been measured taking into account the life cycle analysis (LCA) of the developments.

- In this regard and in line with the SBTI target, Neinor Homes is firmly committed to reducing Scope 3 emissions, which represents 99.2% of the company's emissions. Its two main sources are the purchase of products and services and the use of the products sold. In this sense, Neinor Homes considers it essential to integrate all its suppliers in these commitments and is making progress in different agreements for the integration of low-emission materials in its projects (see alliances and agreements in the Report on Non-Financial Information), and is also working on the materials to be used in developments, as well as in the design and structure of these, taking into account the emissions they cause.
- In 2023 Neinor Homes continued to carry out a Life Cycle Analysis in all developments launched from 2022 onwards, in line with the life cycle analysis project of the developments it started in 2021, in order to measure their environmental impact. All phases of the life cycle of a development are assessed, from the investment phase to the subsequent habitability of the homes.

The carbon footprint analysis information can be found in the Non-Financial Information Report.

- Eco-efficient housing, with actions focused on achieving efficient management of environmental resources by homebuyers once they have moved in, with two main objectives: on the one hand, that at least 70% of the new homes delivered by the company have A energy certification, which will be at least B according to regulations for the rest of the homes; and on the other hand, to implement a set of measures to reduce water consumption in each home and in each development at community level.
- Protection and improvement of the environment, which will be materialized in three medium-term objectives:
 - > Encourage sustainable mobility, with very specific measures such as the placement of bicycle racks in all developments that allow it, the pre-installation of electric chargers in all parking spaces that are built, or dedicating parking spaces for car-sharing in Rental developments.
 - Improve biodiversity wherever the company is present, analyzing areas with potential for the development of ecosystems with natural value and carrying out the appropriate measures to allow an increase in biodiversity greater than that which previously existed in these areas.
 - Development of urban regeneration initiatives in areas where the company is present and in unique areas where services or industry have been abandoned, carrying out joint actions with the respective local councils, such as soil decontamination, urbanization and provision of services and assistance in these areas.
- Circular economy, focused on the reduction of consumption and waste, through the recovery of at least 80% of the waste generated in the works developed by the company, and encouraging the recycling of waste generated in the homes once they are inhabited, with spaces set aside for this purpose in all developments.

In this regard, Neinor Homes has made great progress in alliances with large suppliers of raw materials for the recycling of construction materials such as virgin wool or construction sacks. (See more information in the Non-Financial Information Report).

Through these five areas of action we hope not only to mitigate the risks associated with the environment and climate change in the period, but also to strengthen the position of Neinor Homes within the spectrum of companies in the sector in Spain and Europe, ensuring sustainability and value creation in the medium and long term.

For further details, our Sustainability Plan is published on the corporate website and the update of the Plan carried out during the current financial year is appended to the Non-Financial Information Report.

Our commitment to sustainability has been endorsed by the prestigious analyst Sustainalytics, which in 2023 has recognised us for the third consecutive year as the best listed residential developer in the world in ESG criteria, or in other words, as the most sustainable listed real estate developer in the world.

As part of its commitment to sustainability, Neinor Homes promotes the use of sustainable financing, which is linked to the development of sustainable and energy efficient projects. Neinor Homes' main source of sustainable financing for its projects is green developer loans, with all developer loans currently signed being of this type.

In addition, Neinor Homes has been a pioneer among Spanish real estate companies in publishing its alignment with the European taxonomy in its 2022 non-financial information report and has been the first European listed developer to issue a green bond in April 2021, whose full voluntary early redemption was communicated on 28 April of this year. (More information on sustainable financing in the Non-Financial Information Report). The objective of Neinor Homes is not to be a leader in sustainability, but a benchmark that facilitates the improvement of the sector in this field and the competition for the best practices in the field of Sustainability, which ensure a transition of real estate development towards sustainable development.

28. Exposure to risk

The Group manages its capital to ensure that Group companies will be able to continue as profitable businesses and to maximize shareholder value by achieving a balance between debt and equity. In this regard, the Group has decided not to exceed in the long term a leverage ratio of 20% regarding Loan to Value (LTV) ratio and 40% in relation to the ratio of Net Debt to the Net Value of the Group's Properties, which, in turn, will enable it to comply with the covenants established with respect to its borrowings (Note 18).

The Company's financial risk management is centralized in its Corporate Financial Office, which has established the mechanisms required to control exposure to credit and liquidity risk, as well as, though in a minor way, to interest rate fluctuations risk. The main financial risks affecting the Company are as follows:

Liquidity risk: the risk that the Group may not be able to meet payments to which it is already committed and/or commitments arising from new investments.

Market risk:

- 1. Interest rate risk: the impact that any rise in interest rates may have on finance costs charged to the income statement.
- 2. Credit risk: the impact that defaults on receivables may have on the income statement.

The risk management systems in place to mitigate these risks are detailed below:

Liquidity risk

The Group calculates its cash needs using a 12-month cash-flow budget. This tool is used to identify the amounts and timing of cash needs and to plan for new funding requirements.

The Group's liquidity management policy is to arrange firm credit facilities and hold short-term financial investments that are sufficient to meet its forecast needs over periods that vary depending on the current situation and the outlook for debt and capital markets.

At 31 December 2023, the undrawn VAT and factoring lines amounted to EUR 15 million (the undrawn credit facilities amounted to EUR 15 million at 31 December 2022).

The Group's available cash position at 31 December 2023 was EUR 229.032 thousand (229.032 thousand at 31 December 2022) of which EUR 22.249 thousand (25.907 thousand at December 2022) may only be drawn down in connection with the construction of the developments, as indicated in Note 15.

The Company's directors are confident that they will have sufficient funds to meet its cash requirements in the future (in this regard it should be considered that the figure of current liabilities with estimated maturities of over twelve months amounts to EUR 207.436 thousand at 31 December 2023 (Note 4.19)). In this connection, cash is managed at Neinor Homes Group level, in order to avoid cash strains in the operating subsidiaries and allow them to normally develop their properties that are forecasted to be financed by third parties.

Market risk

Interest rate risk

Interest rate fluctuations affect the fair value of fixed-rate assets and liabilities and the future cash flows from floating-rate assets and liabilities.

According to the financial structure described in Note 17 the Group has exposure to the risk of interest rate volatility; leading to a change in the Group's finance costs of approximately EUR +/- 2,9 million if the interest rate applicable to the Group's current borrowings increases or decreases by 1% in relation to 2023 reporting period (+/- 2,3 million in 2022) (Note 18).

Additionally, during the exercise 2022, the Parent Company arranged two derivatives contracts to hedge interest rate risk with a CAP of 2%. During current year, these contracts have been modified to contract a third hedge (Note 12).

Credit risk

The Company does not have a significant credit risk exposure to third parties arising from its own property activity since it collects substantially all of its sales when they are executed in a public deed, when the purchaser either subrogates to the related portion of the property developer loan or chooses a different method. The credit risk arising from the deferred payments on land or building sales is offset through the securing of collateral by the purchaser of the setting of conditions subsequent in the event of non-payment. These conditions would give rise to the recovery of ownership of the asset sold and the collection of compensation.

In general, the Group holds its cash and cash equivalents at banks with high credit ratings.

29. Events after the reporting period

On 19 February 2024, the Group distributed a dividend of EUR 39.733 thousand via a share capital reduction of EUR 40 thousand, by reducing the nominal value of the shares by 0,53, leaving the share capital at EUR 615.493 thousand, consisting of 74.968.751 shares of 8,21 nominal value each, after that date. It is noted for the record that the return of contributions subject to this capital reduction was executed on 19 February 2024.

Additionally, between January 1, 2024, and the date of formulation of the present consolidated annual accounts for the year ended December 31, 2023, the Board of Directors does not consider that there have been additional

significant events that have a significant effect on the mentioned consolidated annual accounts or in the information contained therein.

30. Explanation added for translation to English

These consolidated financial statements are presented on the basis of the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain (Note 2). Certain accounting practices applied by the Group that conform with that regulatory framework may not conform with other generally accepted accounting principles and rules.

Appendix I
"Scope of consolidation"

				nd indirect ership		
Company	Registered address	Activity	31/12/23	31/12/22	Shareholder	Auditors
Neinor Norte, S.L.U.	Bilbao	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	Deloitte, S.L.
Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.	Madrid	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	Deloitte, S.L.
Neinor Rental Opco, S.L.U.	Madrid	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	Deloitte, S.L.
Promociones Neinor 3, S.L.U.	Madrid	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Norte, S.L.U.	Deloitte, S.L.
Neinor Works, S.L.U.	Madrid	Construction	100%	100%	Neinor Norte, S.L.U.	Deloitte, S.L.
Promociones Neinor 5, S.L.U.	Madrid	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Norte, S.L.U.	Deloitte, S.L.
Neinor Península, S.L.U.	Madrid	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	Deloitte, S.L.
Neinor Sur, S.A.U.	Madrid	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	Deloitte, S.L.
Neinor Sardes Rental, S.L.U.	Madrid	Rental	100%	100%	Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.	Deloitte, S.L.
Renta Garantizada, S.A.	Madrid	Rental	75%	75%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	Deloitte, S.L.
Espalmador 45, S.L.	Madrid	Development	95%	95%	Neinor Sur, S.A.U.	-
Rental Homes Holdco, S.L.U.	Madrid	Rental	100%	100%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	-
Sky Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.	Madrid	Rental	-	100%	Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.	-
Rental Homes NX Propco, S.L.U.	Madrid	Rental	100%	100%	Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.	-
Sky Coliving Homes Propco, S.L.U.	Madrid	Rental	-	100%	Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.	-
Europa Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.	Madrid	Rental	100%	100%	Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.	-
Quabit Comunidades, S.L.	Madrid	Development	60%	60%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	-
Quabit Inmobiliaria Internacional, S.L.	Madrid	Development	99,56%	99,56%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	-
Parque Las Cañas, S.L.U.	Madrid	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	-
Iber Activos Inmobiliarios, S.L.	Madrid	Development	92,04%	92,04%	Neinor Península, S.L.U.	-
Quabit Sureste, S.L.U.	Madrid	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Península, S.L.U.	-
Quabit Remate, S.L.U.	Madrid	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Península, S.L.U.	-
Quabit Aguas Vivas, S.L.U.	Madrid	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Península, S.L.U.	-
Global Quabit Sur, S.L.U.	Madrid	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Península, S.L.U.	-
Quabit Casares Golf RP5, S.L.U.	Madrid	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Península, S.L.U.	Deloitte, S.L.
Quabit Bonaire, S.L. (*)	Madrid	Development	-	66,20%	Neinor Península, S.L.U.	-
Quabit Palmaces, S.L.U.	Madrid	Development	100%	100%	Neinor Península, S.L.U.	Deloitte, S.L.
Quabit Construcción, S.A.	Guadalajara	Construction	82,95%	82,95%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	Deloitte, S.L.

Scope of consolidation" – Associates and joint ventures

			% Participación Directa e Indirecta			
Sociedad	Domicilio	Actividad	31/12/23	31/12/22	Accionista / Socio	Auditores
Programa de Actuación de Baleares, S.L.	Madrid	Development	50%	50%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	-
Masía de Montesano, S.L.	Valencia	Development	33,33%	33,33%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	-
Alboraya Marina Nova, S.L.	Alboraya	Construction	50%	50%	Grupo Mediterráneo Costa Blanca, S.L.U.	-
Nicrent Residencial, S.L.	Barcelona	Management	50%	50%	Neinor Homes, S.A.	-
Pegasus Holdco, S.L.	Madrid	Development	10%	-	Neinor Homes, S.A.	Deloitte, S.L.
JV Panoramic DV, S.L.	Madrid	Development	10%	-	Neinor Homes, S.A.	-

Some financial figures of interest with respect to the consolidated companies are given below:

			Total equity at D	ecember 31, 2023	(thousands of euros)	
Company	Share	Share		Previous years'			Total
	capital	premium	Reserves	losses	Profit / (Loss)	Other equity	equity
Neinor Norte, S.L.U.	235.091	-	98.141	-	16.470	967	350.669
Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.	301	1	59	(4.703)	(10.780)	52.467	37.344
Neinor Rental Opco, S.L.U.	880	-	170	(60)	6	-	996
Promociones Neinor 3, S.L.U.	594	-	256	(2.558)	778	2.500	1.570
Neinor Works, S.L.U.	6	-	942	(9)	423	-	1.362
Promociones Neinor 5, S.L.	5.649	593	1.170	1	3.041	1	10.453
Neinor Península, S.L.U.	375.749	4.843	14.465	(66.666)	58.888	1.716	388.995
Neinor Sur, S.A.U.	158.981	-	257.753	-	33.114	23	449.871
Renta Garantizada, S.A.	60	-	218	1.851	807	-	2.936
Espalmador 45, S.L.U.	-	-	-	1	2	1	2
Rental Homes Holdco, S.L.	3	-	-	(1)	(1)	1	1
Europa Rental Homes Propco, S.L.	3	-	-	(4)	(15)	6.458	6.442
Rental Homes NX Propco, S.L.	3	-	-	(2)	(76)	37.740	37.665
Quabit Sureste, S.L.U.	555	1.575	229	(1.397)	381	36	1.379
Quabit Remate, S.L.U.	786	1.444	4.594	-	12	31	6.867
Quabit Aguas Vivas, S.L.U.	1.252	-	2.205	(222)	99	38	3.372
Global Quabit Sur, S.L.U.	243	720	44	(170)	(665)	17	189
Quabit Casares Golf RP5, S.L.U.	131	385	356	-	(26)	9	856
Quabit Palmaces, S.L.U.	279	828	297	1	7	1	1.411
Iber Activos Inmobiliarios, S.L.	2.752	-	128	(455)	(36)	-	2.389

Quabit Bonaire, S.L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Quabit Inmobiliaria Internacional, S.L.U.	3	-	315	(9.463)	(22)	-	(9.167)
Quabit Comunidades, S.L.	600	-	13	(263)	(1)	103	452
Parque Las Cañas, S.L.U.	393	3.536	187	(6.613)	30	2.593	126
Quabit Construcción, S.A.	1.497	-	4.466	-	2.509	-	8.472
Programa de Actuación de Baleares, S.L.	7.500	1	(27)	(3.087)	7	-	4.394
Masía de Montesano, S.L.	2.520	-	-	(727)	(1)	-	1.792
Alboraya Marina Nova, S.L.	60	-	-	(33)	-	-	27
Nicrent Residencial, S.L.	63	11.940	(4)	(81)	(37)	-	11.881
Pegasus Holdco, S.L.	3	-	2	(80)	21	6.236	6.182
JV Panoramic, S.L.	363	-	6	-	(83)	-	286

Some financial figures of interest with respect to the Economic Interest Groupings are given below:

		Total equity at December 31, 2022 (thousands of euros)							
Company	Share	Share		Previous years'	Profit /				
	capital	premium	Reserves	losses	(Loss)	Other equity	Total equity		
Mar Azul Producciones		_							
Audiovisuales, A.I.E.	657	ı	-	=	(2.578)	24	(1.897)		
Call from the North, A.I.E.	576	•	-	(539)	(1.635)		(1.598)		
Amanece audiovisual, A.I.E.	166	-	-	(88)	(468)	-	(390)		
Wild Castor Producciones,									
A.I.E.	20	2.400	-	-	(132)	2.967	5.255		
Cell Evolution 2022, A.I.E.	10	3.190	-	-	(22.009)	8.852	(9.957)		

	Total equity at December 31, 2022 (thousands of euros)						
Company	Share	Share		Previous years'			
	capital	premium	Reserves	losses	Profit / (Loss)	Other equity	Total equity
Neinor Norte, S.L.U.	235.091	-	78.576	-	19.566	967	334.199
Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U.	301	-	59	(3.950)	(754)	4.100	(244)
Neinor Rental Opco, S.L.U.	880	-	170	(67)	6	-	989
Promociones Neinor 3,	504		256		(500)	2 500	704
S.L.U.	594	-	256	(1.978)	(580)	2.500	791
Neinor Works, S.L.U.	6	-	942	-	(10)	-	938
Promociones Neinor 5, S.L.	5.649	593	619	(910)	1.461	-	7.412
Neinor Península, S.L.U.	375.211	-	14.473	(69.558)	2.409	1.536	324.070
Neinor Sur, S.A.U.	158.981	-	184.561	-	73.192	23	416.756
Renta Garantizada, S.A.	60	-	218	1.304	547	-	2.130
Espalmador 45, S.L.U.	3.871	4.481	(1)	(2)	(21)	-	8.328
Sky Rental Homes Propco,	2					22.000	24.004
S.L.	3	-	-	-	(109)	22.000	21.894
Rental Homes Holdco, S.L.	3	-	-	-	(1)	-	2
Sky Coliving Homes Propco,	3					26.331	26.239
S.L.	5	-	-	-	(96)	20.331	26.239
Europa Rental Homes	3						(1)
Propco, S.L.	3	=	-	-	(4)	-	(1)
Rental Homes NX Propco,	3						1
S.L.	3	-		-	(2)	-	т
Quabit Sureste, S.L.U.	555	1.575	151	(2.449)	36	36	998
Quabit Remate, S.L.U.	786	1.444	4.144	-	450	31	6.855
Quabit Aguas Vivas, S.L.U.	1.252	-	2.205	(130)	(92)	38	3.273
Global Quabit Sur, S.L.U.	243	720	(5)	(1.196)	1.075	17	854
Quabit Casares Golf RP5,	131	385	(2)			9	882
S.L.U.				(374)	732	9	002
Quabit Palmaces, S.L.U.	279	828	(3)	(1.199)	1.498	-	1.404
Iber Activos Inmobiliarios,	2.752	_	128			_	2.425
S.L.				(374)	(81)		
Quabit Bonaire, S.L.	3	-	5	(31)	2	-	(24)
Quabit Inmobiliaria	3	_	315			_	9.145
Internacional, S.L.U.	3		313	(9.462)	(2)		5.145
Quabit Comunidades, S.L.	600	-	13	(263)	(1)	103	452
Parque Las Cañas, S.L.U.	393	3.536	173	(6.739)	141	2.593	96
Quabit Construcción, S.A.	1.497	-	3.414	-	1.049	-	5.963
Programa de Actuación de	7.500	_	(26)			_	4.394
Baleares, S.L.			(20)	(3.087)	7	-	4.334
Masía de Montesano, S.L.	2.520	-	-	(727)	(1)	-	1.792
Alboraya Marina Nova, S.L.	60	-	-	(33)	-	-	27

		Total equity at December 31, 2022 (thousands of euros)						
Company	Share capital	Share premium	Reserves	Previous years' losses	Profit / (Loss)	Other equity	Total equity	
Mar Azul Producciones Audiovisuales, A.I.E.	657	-	-	-	(472)	1	185	
Call from the North, A.I.E.	576	-	-	(35)	(395)	-	146	
Amanece audiovisual, A.I.E.	166	=	-	=	(8)	=	158	
Wild Castor Producciones,								
A.I.E.	20	2.400	ı	=	(1)	87	2.506	
Cell Evolution 2022, A.I.E.	10	3.190	-	-	-	84	3.284	

Translation of a report originally issued in Spanish. In the event of a discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Year ended 31 December 2023

Neinor Homes, S.A. and Subsidiaries

1. The Group: Organisational structure and operations

The Neinor Homes Group was incorporated under the memorandum of understanding entered into in 2014 by Kutxabank, S.A. and the Lone Star investment fund, through its investee, Intertax Business, S.L.U. (now Neinor Holdings, S.L.U.), for the purchase and sale of a portion of the Kutxabank Group's property assets. The aforementioned purchase and sale (Operation Lion) was completed on May 14, 2015 through the transfer by Kutxabank, S.A. to Neinor Holdings, S.L.U. of all the shares that the former held in Neinor Homes, S.A., once the conditions precedent set forth in the purchase and sale agreement entered into by the parties on December 18, 2014 had been fulfilled.

On January 1, 2015, within the context of the transaction (the "Transaction"), all the employees who had been performing the property development group's development and management tasks, and the technical resources and means required to carry out the activity, were transferred to Neinor Homes, S.A.

In 2017, the Parent, Neinor Homes, S.A. was registered as a public limited liability company ("S.A.") (a transaction that was formalised by virtue of a public deed executed on March 1, 2017 before the Bilbao notary Raquel Ruiz Torres under number 234 of her protocol) with a view to its admission to trading on the Bilbao, Madrid, Barcelona and Valencia Stock Exchanges, which took place on March 29, 2017 with the prior authorisation of the Company's sole shareholder on 6 March 2017.

In 2020 Neinor Homes, S.A. acquired a 75% ownership interest in the share capital of Umber Jurídico Inmobiliario, S.L. (a company that was dissolved in November 2020 as it had been absorbed in a downstream merger by its wholly-owned subsidiary Renta Garantizada, S.A.).

On January 11, 2021, the draft terms of merger of Neinor Homes, S.A. (absorbing company) and Quabit Inmobiliaria, S.A. (absorbed company) were approved by the companies' respective Boards of Directors, and the validity of the draft terms of merger were conditional upon the occurrence of the following several suspensive conditions. The acquisition date was established as 19 May 2021 following the obtainment, on the immediately preceding day, of authorisation of the Merger from the competition authorities and, thus, the fulfilment of all of the conditions precedent described above; as a result, Neinor Homes, S.A. obtained control of Quabit Inmobiliaria, S.A.

On February 23, 2022, the sole director of Neinor Península, S.L.U. approved the draft terms of the merger of 62 subsidiaries of the Quabit subgroup (the absorbed companies) into Neinor Península, S.L.U. (the absorbing company). Both Neinor Península, S.L.U. and the absorbed companies are companies wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by the same shareholder, namely Neinor Homes, S.A. The merger was carried out through the absorption of the absorbed companies by Neinor Península, S.L.U., with the dissolution without liquidation of the former and the transfer of all their assets and liabilities to the latter, which has acquired, by universal succession, all the rights and obligations of the absorbed companies. The ultimate objective of the merger is to rationalise the corporate structure arising from the business combination effected in 2021 with the now extinguished Quabit Inmobiliaria, S.A. This merger did not have any effect for consolidation purposes as it was a corporate restructuring transaction.

On 23 August 2022, Neinor Sur, S.A.U. was partially spun off. On the basis of the related draft terms of division, Neinor Península, S.L.U. transferred to Neinor Homes, S.A. all the shares of Neinor Sur, S.A.U., together with all the other principal and accessory assets and liabilities

associated with those shares. The spun-off assets and liabilities contributed to Neinor Homes, S.A. consisted of the partial spin-off of Neinor Península S.L.U. without the extinguishment of the latter. For consolidated purposes, this spin off has led to a reclassification amounting to EUR 23.676 thousand among the reserves at fully consolidated companies into the reserves of the Parent company.

On September 8, 2022, Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U. formed a sole-shareholder limited liability company called Sky Rental Homes Propco S.L.U. Also, on October 11, 2022, Neinor Homes, S.A. formed Rental Homes Holdco, S.L.U. In addition, on October 11, 2022, Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U. formed the following companies: Europa Rental Homes Propco, S.L.U., Sky Coliving Homes Propco, S.L.U. and Rental Homes NX Propco, S.L.U.

During 2023 year, the Company approved a new strategic plan based on two fundamental pillars: an increase in shareholder remuneration and co-investment.

During the 2023 year, the Parent Company has repurchased EUR 275,220 thousand of the bond issued, which, together with the buybacks carried out in 2022 for an approximate amount of EUR 25 million, means that it has been repurchased in its entirety. These buybacks resulted in gross financial income of EUR 7.354 thousand, which, if we consider it net of all buybacks carried out, amounts to EUR 4.142 thousand recorded under the heading "Financial income" in the Group's consolidated income statement as of December 31, 2023.

Throughout 2023, Neinor has sold five BTR developments (Hacienda, Sky, Lira, Europa and Dual), representing a total of 692 units, for more than EUR 176 million to both institutional investors and *family offices*. In addition to these, the company Espalmador 45, S.L. has also been sold for EUR 12 million. The divestments are part of the strategy of the EUR 600 million shareholder remuneration plan communicated to the capital markets in March 2023.

In line with the co-investment objective and on June 29, 2023, Neinor Homes, S.A. has acquired 10% of the company Twintress, S.L. (name that has been modified by JL Panoramic DV, S.L.), acquiring Callixto Holding Lux, S.À.R.L. the remaining 90%. The ultimate purpose of the acquisition of this stake is to carry out co-investment agreements amounting to EUR 100 million in which the Group will act as managing partner of the development to be developed, supervising the project design, licensing, marketing and construction. In this regard, one of the Group's companies, Neinor Peninsula, S.L.U., has formalized in December 2023 an agreement for the sale and purchase of a plot of land, in which a real estate development will be developed with JL Panoramic DV, S.L.

In the same way, on July 26, 2023, Neinor Homes, S.A. has reached an investment agreement for the acquisition of several plots of land ammounting to EUR 50 million, of which 40 million euros have been invested as at today from third parties in different cities in Spain to develop a Build to Sell residential project through a special purpose vehicle with Orion V European 24, S.À.R.L., a company related to one of the Gzroup's shareholders. In this regard, Neinor Homes, S.A. has acquired 10% of the shares of the share capital of the company Pegasus Holdco, S.L.

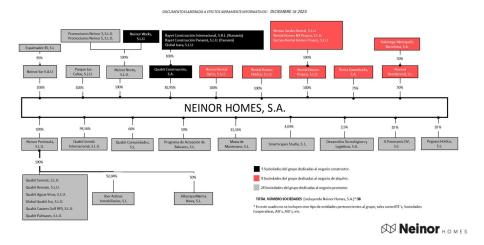
In addition, on 13 November 2023 Neinor Homes, S.A. reached an investment agreement with Proptech Ventures, S.L. and its subsidiary Urbanitae Real Estate Platform, S.L. for the acquisition of land for a maximum amount of EUR 150 million. Each investment will represent a 20% stake by Neinor and an 80% stake by the vehicle used by Urbanitae.

As a result of the transactions abovementioned and in line with the shareholder remuneration objective, the Board of Directors approved on July 26, 2023 a shareholder remuneration of EUR 125 million, of which EUR 51 million is the cancellation of treasury stock. On October 18, 2023, EUR 35 euros were paid and on February 19, 2024, EUR 40 million are going to be paid accomplising the engagement with the stakeholders.

As it has been mentioned above, throughout the 2023 year, the following companies have left the consolidation perimeter of the Neinor Homes Group: Sky Coliving Homes Propco, S.L.U., Sky Rental Homes, S.L.U and Espalmador 45 S.L. In the same way, the group, as part of its co-investment strategy, has acquired 10% of the companies JL Panoramic DV, S.L. and Pegasus Holdco S.L.

Neinor Homes Homes, is currently the head of a business group which carries on its activities either directly or indirectly through ownership interests in various companies.

The flowchart of the corporate structure of Neinor Homes S.A. and Subsidiaries (the "Group") is as follows:



The Group's business activities are performed exclusively in Spain, and principally, through three business lines:

A) Development business line:

The Group's core and strategic business activity based on the acquisition of land for residential use for its subsequent property development.

The Group's land portfolio is comprised of 290 lots with a total of 11.000 buildable units. The portfolio is distributed over the Parent's seven main geographical areas of activity, namely: Madrid, Guadalajara, Catalonia, the Basque Country, Valencia, Balearic and Andalusia.

The land portfolio arose as a result of both the Transaction and subsequent purchase described in Note 1 of the Group's consolidated financial statements and sale transactions during 2015-2023.

B) Rental business line:

Throughout the year, the Company has made progress in the Rental divestment process, delivering 5 developments with a total of 700 units.

As a result, the Company's Rental portfolio currently comprises 21 developments and more than 1,700 units.

C) Co-Invetment business line:

In line with the new strategic plan for the period 2023-2027, the Company has entered into two co-investment agreements amounting to 300 million euros.

At an organisational structure level, the Company has a Board of Directors and three Committees: Audit and Control Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Land Investment Committee.

In 2023, the Board of Directors held 12 meetings, Audit and Control Commite 6 meetings, Nomination and Remuneration Committee 9 meetings and Land Investment Committee 4 meetings.

The main agreements, approvals and supervisory activities by the Board and the Committees that have taken place during the 2023 financial year, up to the approval of the accounts for that year, are detailed below:

- a- Preparation of the Company's individual annual accounts and individual management report for the year ended December 31, 2022
- b- Preparation of the consolidated financial statements and the consolidated management report for the year ended December 31, 2022
- c- Formulation of the proposal for the application of the result for the year ended December 31, 2022
- d- Examination and approval of the Annual Corporate Governance Report (IAGC) for the year ended December 31, 2022, including the review of the category of each director, following the favourable report of the Audit and Control Committee and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee.
- e- Examination and approval of the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration (IAR) for the year ended on 31 December 2022, following the favourable report of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee.
- f- Examination and approval of the Statement of Non-Financial Information and Sustainability Report.
- g- Review and approval of the CEO's salaries, targets and target bonus for 2023.
- h- Evaluation of the Council and its Committees.
- Consideration and adoption of the annual report on the activities of the Council and its Committees.
- j- Approval of the appointment of Mrs. Anna Birulés Bertrán as Chair of the Audit and Control Committee for a three-year term
- k- Examination and approval of the proposal for the re-election of directors. Proposal to the general meeting for approval:
 - Approval of the proposal for the re-election of Mrs. Anna M. Birulés Bertrán, Mr. Ricardo Martí Fluxá and Mr. Alfonso Rodés Vila as independent directors of the Company for a statutory term of three years
 - Approval of the proposal for the re-election of Mr. Borja Garcia-Egocheaga Vergara as Executive Director of the Company for the statutory term of three years
 - Approval of the proposal for the re-election of Mr. Aref H. Lahham, Mr. Van J. Stults and Mr. Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola as proprietary directors of the Company for the statutory term of three years
- Review and approval of amendments to the Conflicts of Interest and Related Parties Policy.
- m- Review and approval of the anti-harassment protocol.
- n- Rental Crystallization Update.
- o- Update and forecasting of the acquisition and co-investment strategy.
- p- Capital Markets Update.
- q- Review of quarterly financial information.
- r- Review of press releases and market presentations.

- s- Re-election of Mr. Francisco de Borja García-Egocheaga Vergara as Chief Executive Officer, ratification of the service contract signed with the Company and delegation of powers.
- t- Examination and approval of the Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2022, following the favourable report of the Audit and Control Committee.
- u- Examination and approval of the summary financial statements for the twelve months of the year ended December 31, 2022, following the favourable report of the Audit and Control Committee.
- v- Review and approval of the new 2023-2025 incentive plan for certain executives and the executive director.
- w- Approval of the objectives of the first year of the new incentive plan.
- x- Endorsement of the report on the independence of auditors and on the provision of non-audit services.
- y- Review and approval of a partial repurchase offer for senior secured notes issued in April 2021.
- z- Acceptance of the report on related-party transactions and conflicts of interest.
- aa-Accounting of information on treasury stock transactions, in accordance with Article7.8 of the Internal Regulations of Conduct in the Securities Markets.
- bb-Review and approval of the 2024-2027 Business Plan and communication plan.
- cc- Report on the press release and the explanatory presentation of the Company's annual results
- dd-Examination and approval of the proposal for the re-election of the Company's auditors, as well as for the consolidated group of which it is the parent, for the year ending December 31, 2023.
- ee-Review and approval of the voluntary early redemption and cancellation of senior secured notes issued in April 2021.
- ff- Approval of the terms and conditions of the cancellation and early redemption of the RFA and the voluntary early redemption of the Outstanding Notes.
- gg-Approval of the terms and conditions of a senior financing operation
- hh-Examination and approval of the specific bonus targets for the executive director and certain members of senior management for the financial year 2023.
- ii- Examination and approval of the proposed call and date of the next Ordinary General Meeting of the Company's shareholders.
- jj- Revision of the contingency plan in terms of OPEX savings of the 24-27 business plan.
- kk- Monitoring developments in FY23: state to date and challenges.
- II- Review and approval of the financial information for the first half of the year and consolidated summary interim financial statements.
- mm- Review and approval of the presentation of the Company's first half of the year results and update of the Capital Markets Strategy.
- nn-Review and approval of the proposals for two capital reductions to reimburse shareholder contributions by reducing the nominal value of the shares.

- oo-Review and approval of the proposed capital reduction through redemption of treasury shares.
- pp-Ratification of the incorporation of a joint venture with Orion in accordance with Annex V of the Conflicts of Interest and Related-Party Transactions Policy.
- qq-Review and approval of the proposal to convene the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company.
- rr- Co-Investment Update: BTS/BTR/Living
- ss- Activity Update: Business Planning, Land Purchase Planning, Construction Progress, Sales Performance.
- tt- Change of registered office of Neinor Homes, S.A. with effect from 1 November 2023 and the corresponding amendment to the Company's bylaws.
- uu-Review and approval of the amendments to the directors' remuneration policy and presentation to the 2024 General Shareholders' Meeting for approval.
- vv- Closing Forecasts and Achievements Fiscal Year 2023.
- ww- Evaluation of the Council and its Committees.
- xx- 2024 Council Meeting Schedule

To obtain the details of all the matters dealt with by the Board of Neinor Homes and by each of its committees, you can consult on our website the annual report of the Board and its commissions of Neinor Homes.

Regarding the control and compliance model, in Neinor Homes it is implanted an integrated a GRC structure (Government, Risk and Compliance) that is based on:

- Analysis and evaluation of risks that affect internally and to interested parties.
- Integration of all regulatory environments and business processes.
- Homogeneous methodology in implementations and projects in the field of fulfillment.

This model is based on the analysis and evaluation of strategic risks of the company, of all control environments and the entire value chain. In this way, In this way, all risks, gross and residual, are analysed and rated according to their economic, reputational and organisational impact.

Currently, the model integrates all the company's business processes and the different regulatory areas, including the SCIIF, Prevention of Corporate Criminal Liability, Cybersecurity, RDL 5/2018 on data protection, PBC/FT, LSC, Good Governance recommendations, Law 5/2021 regulations on Related-Party Transactions of the LSC, CNMV Circular 3/2015.

The balance scorecard of the model includes:

- The processes and procedures that apply to an environment of regulatory or operational compliance.
- The controls assigned to each risk and environment
- Which risks are mitigated or eliminated by each control, to which processes does it affect
- Who is the responsible for each control, of its supervision and when it is reported

The management of GRC, composed by areas of Internal Audit, Corporate Governance, Compliance, Risks, Corporate Social Responsibility and Quality is in charge of ensuring the entire integrated control and assurance system.

The Annual Corporate Governance Report is an integral part of the management report and its

content can be accessed through the CNMV website (www.cnmv.es) and through the Neinor Homes https://www.neinorhomes.com/negocio-responsable-e-innovacion/gobierno-corporativo/ website.

2. <u>Business performance and earnings - Significant aggregates</u>

During the 2023 financial year, the Group recorded a turnover of EUR 590.630 thousand, obtaining a gross margin of EUR 185.134 thousand, and an adjusted EBITDA of EUR 136.094 thousand. In terms of assets, total assets as of December 31, 2023 amounted to EUR 1.643.626 thousand, equity EUR 977.962 thousand and short- and long-term liabilities EUR 665.664 thousand.

Revenue and gross margin

By turnover, the Development business lines has recognized sales of EUR 503.061 thousand (EUR 487.992 thousand in sales and EUR 15.069 thousand in construction revenues) and a gross margin of EUR 155.968 thousand, with a gross margin of 31.0%. The Rental business line accounted for a turnover of EUR 86.415 thousand, of which EUR 79.402 thousand came from the sale of Europa Homes and Dual Homes, EUR 3.707 thousand from the rental of the homes owned and EUR 3.307 thousand from the income from services related to rentals provided through the company Renta Garantizada (Guaranteed Income).

Development's sales are mainly due to the completion and delivery of several developments. The breakdown of the year is as follows: : i) sales from new deliveries for the year: EUR 348.884 thousand, including Artola Homes II, with sales of EUR 39.838 thousand, Oasis Homes, with sales of EUR 31.969 thousand, Almogavar Homes, with sales of EUR 25.571 thousand, Vega Homes, with sales of EUR 17.557 thousand, Bosko Homes, with sales of EUR 16.881 thousand, Torrejón Park Homes with sales of EUR 16.430 thousand euros, Serena Homes phase 1 C, with sales of EUR 16.203 thousand and Sevilla Homes Village II with sales of EUR 16.147 thousand; ii) sales from deliveries from previous years: EUR 76.322 thousand, including Sky Homes, with sales of EUR 13.474 thousand, Bolueta Homes with sales of EUR 11.586 thousand, Artola Homes with sales of EUR 6.485 thousand, Serena Homes Phase 1B with sales of EUR 6.259 thousand and Mistral Homes, with sales of EUR 6.091 thousand; iii) sales from land: EUR 56.631 thousand, mainly by Panoramic Homes for an amount of EUR 48.245 thousand.

The rental sales are due to the sale of Europa Rental Homes for EUR 52.088 thousand, Dual Rental Homes for EUR 25.500 thousand and Lyra Homes for EUR 7.969 thousand.

EBITDA

The EBITDA excluding extraordinaries for the 2023 year reached EUR 136.094 thousand, mainly due to Development with EBITDA amounting to EUR 109.740 thousand, Rental with adjusted EBITDA amounting to EUR 26.780 thousand and Servicing and others with a negative EBITDA of EUR 425 thousand.

Profit for the year

The consolidated result for the 2023 financial year amounted to EUR 91,364 thousand, of which EUR 90,627 thousand corresponded to the parent company.

Financial position

The current liabilities and non-current liabilities at December 31, 2023 amounted to EUR 667.610 thousand compared to EUR 850,972 thousand at December 31, 2022 (representing a decrease of EUR 185,308 thousand).

The debt position as of December 31, 2023 continues to have very strong debt ratios: 18.1% LTC and 14.4% LTV.

At the end of 2023, EUR 383,6 million was recognised under current and non-current bank borrowings. The detail of bank borrowings is as follows:

- Capex financing lines: drawn down at EUR 128.3 million.
- Land financing lines: available at 57.8 million euros.
- Rental financing lines: available at 58.9 million euros.
- Corporate financing lines: EUR 140.0 million.
- Accruals and accruals: (4.3) million euros.
- Interest: EUR 2.8 m.
- VAT lines: they do not have any amount available.

On 16 March 2023, it signed a financing agreement for an amount of 140 million euros with several financial institutions and maturing 2,025 and 2,026.

3. Matters relating to the environment and employees

Given the activity to which the Neinor Homes Group is dedicated, it has no liabilities, expenses, assets, or provisions and contingencies of an environmental nature that could be significant in relation to equity, financial situation and results thereof. Additionally, the Group does not have any circumstances related to greenhouse gas emission rights.

As of December 31, 2023, the average number of people employed by Quabit Construcción, S.A. and Renta Garantizada S.A. is 194 and 31 respectively (151 and 33, respectively, people employed by Quabit Construcción, S.A. and Renta Garantizada S.A. at the end of 2023), being at December 31, 2023 the average number of people employed for Neinor Homes of 282 (298 during the year ended December 31). As of December 31, 2023 of 2022)

The number of people employed at the end of 2023 by Quabit Construcción, S.A. and by Renta Garantizada S.A., is 198 and 32 people respectively (184 and 33 people respectively at the end of 2022), being the detail of the distribution by categories of the number of people employed at the end of 2023 and 2022 for Neinor Homes, Next:

		31.12.2023		31.12.2022		
	Mujeres	Hombres	Total	Mujeres	Hombres	Total
Univesity graduates	92	140	232	93	141	234
Further education college graduates	35	15	50	41	22	63
Total	134	155	297	134	163	297

4. Liquidity and capital resources

The Group has a sufficient level of cash and cash equivalents in order to carry on its business activities.

In 2023, the financing of land, mainly of land and developer loans linked to promotions, obtained by the Group, amounts to a total of EUR 383,589 thousand.

In addition to this financing, the outlook is to arrange developer-type financing to fund the investment and, in turn, link the majority of the required payments and investments with the delivery of the property development and, therefore, the earnings from the sale.

The group is still in talks with financial institutions to obtain financing for new promotions launches to continue with its solid financial results and cash position.

The group's capital management is focused on achieving a financial structure that optimizes the cost of capital to ensure a solid financial position. This policy allows the creation of value for shareholders to be compatible with access to financial markets at a competitive cost, to cover the needs of debt refinancing and financing of the investment plan not covered by the funds generated by the business.

5. Main risks and uncertainties

The Company has drawn up its risk map. In this connection, the organisation's procedures have been analysed, the possible sources of risk have been identified and, the appropriate measures have been taken to prevent them.

The most significant financial risks are:

Market risk

Exposure to interest rate risk

During the 2022 financial year, the group has contracted two interest rate hedges for amounts of EUR 100 and 200 million in order to cover the risk of the total debt balance sheet of interest rate increases. The maturity of the hedges is 2026 and 2027 respectively and the rate set for these hedges is 2% for the 12-month Euribor. In this regard, during 2023 financial year, the Group has amended these two contracts to enter into a third derivative contract.

Most of the loans and credits on the Group's balance sheet are indexed to the Euribor benchmark.

Exposure to credit risk

The Group does not have a significant credit risk with third parties derived from its own real estate activity, since it collects practically all of its sales at the time of the deed, either by subrogation of the buyer in the part that corresponds to him of the developer loan or by another method of the buyer's choice. The credit risk arising from payment deferrals in transactions involving the sale of land or finished buildings is mitigated by obtaining guarantees from the buyer or establishing resolutory conditions in the event of non-payment that would result in the recovery of ownership of the asset sold and the collection of compensation.

In general, the Group maintains its cash and equivalent liquid assets in financial institutions with a high credit level.

Exposure to solvency risk

The Group regularly analyses the insolvency risk of its accounts receivable and adjusts the corresponding impairment loss. The Directors of the Parent Company consider that the amount of trade and other receivables approximates their fair value.

Exposure to exchange rate risk

In view of the Group's scant international exposure in markets outside the eurozone, its exposure to foreign currency risk is scantly material.

6. Significant events after the reporting period

On 19 February 2024, the Group distributed a dividend of EUR 39.733 thousand via a share capital reduction of EUR 40 thousand, by reducing the nominal value of the shares by 0,53, leaving the share capital at EUR 615.493 thousand, consisting of 74.968.751 shares of 8,21 nominal value each, after that date. It is noted for the record that the return of contributions subject to this capital reduction was executed on 19 February 2024.

Additionally, between January 1, 2024, and the date of formulation of the present consolidated annual accounts for the year ended December 31, 2023, the Board of Directors does not consider that there have been additional significant events that have a significant effect on the mentioned consolidated annual accounts or in the information contained therein.

7. Information on the foreseeable evolution of the entity for the year 2023

The Group's main lines of action for 2023 focus on:

Development business line

- Monitoring of the construction projects which the Group had at 2023 year-end, plus the tenders and contracting of new projects.
- Continuing the upward trend in the number of pre-sales. Also, capture the increases in prices that are occurring in each location due to the increase in demand and low supply of quality products.
- Delivering the property developments for which the construction completion date is forecast for 2024, while taking due care of our clients' satisfaction and experience.

Rental business line

- Manage and build units for this line of business
- Provision of property and asset management services to third parties through the acquired company Renta Garantizada, S.A. one of the leading rental management companies in Spain.
- Alliance with Cevasa and Habitatge Metròpolis Barcelona (HMB) to build 4.500 social housing units for rent in Barcelona and its metropolitan area which should come into operation between 2024 and 2027. During 2022 it has started the launch of phase 1, equivalent to more than 640 units and for 2023 it is planned to launch phase 2 equivalent to 836 units.
- Divestment in order to monetise the embedded value of the Company's rental assets.

Co-investment business line

- Acquisition of land via co-investment.
- Supervision of project design, licensing, marketing and construction.

8. R&D&i activities

Given Neinor Homes' business lines, there are no relevant research, development and innovation activities.

9. Own shares

At December 31, 2023, the Company's share capital was represented by 74,968,751 shares, with a par value of EUR 8.74 each fully suscribed and paid up.

As of December 31, 2023, treasury shares are included in the balance sheet for an amount of EUR 4,647 thousand.

The number of shares as of December 31, 2023 would be 473,900 shares, with an average unit purchase price of EUR 9.78.

10. Alternative performance measures

As indicated in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (EU-IFRSs). The Group also presents certain Alternative Performance Measures (APMs) to provide additional information which facilitates the

comparability and comprehension of its financial information and enables decision-making and assessment of the Group's performance.

The most significant APMs are as follows:

Gross profit:

Definition: External sales + Cost of sales

<u>Reconciliation</u>: the Group presents the calculation of gross profit in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

<u>Explanation of use</u>: the Group considers gross profit to be a performance measure, since it provides information on gross profit, which is calculated on the basis of external sales less the cost incurred to complete those sales. The impairment losses derecognised in connection with real estate assets sold during the year were also taken into consideration for this calculation.

Comparative: the Group presents comparative figures for the prior year.

<u>Consistency</u>: the criterion used to calculate the gross profit is the same as that used in the previous year.

EBITDA:

<u>Definition</u>: Adjusted EBITDA + promotional margin on rental assets delivered in the year

<u>Reconciliation</u>: the Parent presents the calculation of EBITDA in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

Explanation of use: the Parent considers EBITDA to be a performance measure since it provides an analysis of the operating results (excluding depreciation and amortisation, as it is a non-cash item) as an approximation of the cash flows from operating activities which reflect the generation of cash. It is also an indicator that is widely used by investors when valuing companies, and by rating agencies and creditors to measure the level of borrowings, comparing EBITDA with net debt.

Comparative: the Parent presents comparative figures for the prior year.

<u>Consistency</u>: the criterion used to calculate EBITDA is the same as that used in the previous year.

Borrowings

<u>Definition</u>: Bank borrowings recognised under non-current liabilities + bank borrowings recognised under current liabilities.

<u>Reconciliation</u>: the Parent presents the calculation of borrowings in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

<u>Explanation of use</u>: Borrowings is a financial indicator that measures the company's debt position. It is also an indicator that is widely used by investors when valuing the financial leverage of companies, and by rating agencies and creditors to assess the level of borrowings.

Comparative: the Parent presents comparative figures for the prior year.

<u>Consistency</u>: the criterion used to calculate borrowings is the same as that used in the previous year.

Net financial debt

<u>Definition</u>: Bank borrowings (current and non-current liabilities) + Other current and non-current financial liabilites (associated with the borrowings and bond) – "Cash and Cash Equivalents" (excluding the restricted component associated with the advances received and associated with a property development, which are deposited in a special account and are only available in connection with the construction of the property developments.

<u>Reconciliation</u>: the detail of the reconciliation of this APM with the consolidated financial statements is as follows (in thousand euros):

	31-dic-23
Non-current liabilities - bank borrowings	163.468
Current liabilities - bank borrowings	220.121
Other non-current financial liabilities Other current financial liabilities	1.015
Cash and cash equivalents - available cash (Note 14)	3.238
Non-current liabilities - bank borrowings	(166.111)
Net financial debt	221.731

<u>Explanation of use</u>: Net financial debt is a financial indicator that measures a company's net debt position. It is also an indicator that is widely used by investors when valuing the net financial leverage of companies, and by rating agencies and creditors to assess the level of net borrowings.

Comparative: the Parent presents comparative figures for the prior year.

<u>Consistency</u>: the criterion used to calculate net financial debt is the same as that used in the previous year, including other non current-financial liabilities, due to the adquisition of 75% of Renta Garantizada, S.A.

Adjusted Net financial debt

<u>Definition</u>: Bank borrowings (current and non-current liabilities) + deferred payment for the purchase of land recognised under "Trade and Other Payables" under both non-current and current liabilities (Note 17) + Other non-current financial liabilities (associated with borrowings and bond) - "Cash and Cash Equivalents" (excluding the restricted component associated with the advances received and associated with a property development, which are deposited in a special account and are only available in connection with the construction of the property developments

<u>Reconciliation</u>: the detail of the reconciliation of this APM with the consolidated financial statements is as follows (in thousand euros):

	31-dic-23
Non-current liabilities - bank borrowings	163.468
Current liabilities - bank borrowings	220.121
Other non-current financial liabilities Other current financial liabilities	1.015
Deferred land payments	3.238
Non-current liabilities - bank borrowings	178
Other current and non-current assets	(11.192)
Cash and cash equivalents - available cash (Note 14)	(166.111)
Deuda financiera neta ajustada (miles)	210.717

<u>Explanation of use</u>: Net financial debt is a financial indicator that measures a company's net debt position. It is also an indicator that is widely used by investors when valuing the net financial leverage of companies, and by rating agencies and creditors to assess the level of net borrowings.

Comparative: the Parent presents comparative figures for the prior year.

<u>Consistency</u>: the criterion used to calculate net financial debt is the same as that used in the previous year.

Loan to Value (LTV)

Definition: Net financial debt / Assets market value

<u>Explanation of use:</u> The LTV ratio is an indicator that measures the company's indebtedness position. It is widely used by investors to assess the financial leverage of real estate companies, as well as by rating agencies and banks to assess the level of indebtedness.

<u>Reconciliation</u>: The reconciliation of this APM with the consolidated financial statements is as follows (in thousand euros):

	31 December 2023
Net financial debt	221.731
	1.459.259
Assets market value	
LTV	15,2%

Definition: Adjusted Net financial debt / Assets market value

<u>Explanation of use:</u> The LTV ratio is an indicator that measures the company's indebtedness position. It is widely used by investors to assess the financial leverage of real estate companies, as well as by rating agencies and banks to assess the level of indebtedness.

<u>Reconciliation</u>: The reconciliation of this APM with the consolidated financial statements is as follows (in thousand euros):

	31 December 2023
Net financial debt – Adjusted	210.717
Assets market value	1.459.259
LTV	14,4%

Loan to Cost (LTC)

Definition: Net financial debt / (Inventories + Investment Property)

<u>Explanation of use:</u> The LTC is an indicator that measures the company's indebtedness position. It is widely used by investors to assess the financial leverage of real estate companies, as well as by rating agencies and banks to assess the level of indebtedness.

<u>Reconciliation</u>: The reconciliation of this APM with the consolidated financial statements is as follows (in thousand euros):

	31 December 2023
Net financial debt – Adjusted	221.731
Inventories	1.012.394
Investment Property	148.728
LTC	19,1%

<u>Definition:</u> Adjusted Net financial debt / (Inventories + Investment Property)

<u>Explanation of use:</u> The LTC is an indicator that measures the company's indebtedness position. It is widely used by investors to assess the financial leverage of real estate companies, as well as by rating agencies and banks to assess the level of indebtedness.

 $\underline{Reconciliation:} \ The \ reconciliation \ of \ this \ APM \ with \ the \ consolidated \ financial \ statements \ is \ as \ follows \ (in \ million \ euros):$

	31 December 2023
Net financial debt - Adjusted	210.717
Inventories	1.012.394
Investment Property	148.728
LTC	18,1%

Neinor Homes, S.A.

Auditor's report on "Information relating to the internal control over financial reporting (ICFR)" of Neinor Homes, S.A. for the year ended 31 December 2023



Deloitte, S.L. Ercilla, 24 48011 Bilbao España

Tel: +34 944 44 70 00 www.deloitte.es

Translation of a report originally issued in Spanish. In the event of a discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.

AUDITOR'S REPORT ON "INFORMATION RELATING TO THE INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING (ICFR)" OF NEINOR HOMES, S.A., FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

To the Directors of Neinor Homes, S.A.:

At the request of the Board of Neinor Homes, S.A. (hereinafter the Company), and in accordance with our proposal dated December 20, 2023 we applied certain procedures to the accompanying "ICFR related information" included in section F) of the Annual Corporate Governance Report for Neinor Homes, S.A., for the year ended 31 December 2023, which summarizes the Company's internal control procedures regarding annual financial information.

The Directors are responsible for adopting the necessary measures to reasonably ensure the implementation, maintenance, supervision, and improvement of a correct internal control system, as well as preparing and establishing the content of all the related accompanying ICFR related information included in section F) of the Annual Corporate Governance Report.

It is worth nothing that apart from the quality of design and operability of the Company's internal control system as far as annual financial reporting is concerned, it only provides a reasonable, rather than absolute, degree of security regarding its objectives due to the inherent limitations to the internal control system as a whole.

Throughout the course of our audit work on the consolidated financial statements, and in conformity with Technical Auditing Standards, the sole purpose of our evaluation of Neinor Homes, S.A. and Subsidiaries' (the Group) internal control system was to establish the scope, nature, and timing of the audit procedures performed on its consolidated financial statements. Therefore, our internal control assessment performed for the audit of the aforementioned financial statements was not sufficiently extensive to enable us to express a specific opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over the regulated annual financial information.

For the purpose of issuing this report, we exclusively applied the specific procedures described below and indicated in the *Guidelines on the Auditors' report relating to information on the Internal Control over Financial Reporting on Listed Companies*, published by the Spanish National Securities Market Commission on its website, which establishes the work to be performed, the minimum scope thereof and the content of this report. Given that the scope of the abovementioned procedures performed was limited and substantially less than that of an audit carried out in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, we have not expressed an opinion regarding its efficacy, design, or operational effectiveness regarding the Group's financial data for the year ended 31 December 2023 described in the accompanying ICFR information included in section F) of the Annual Corporate Governance Report. Consequently, had we applied additional procedures to those established by the Guidelines mentioned

above or had we carried out an audit or a review of the internal control over the regulated annual financial reporting information, other matters have been disclosed which would have been reported to you.

Likewise, since this special engagement does not constitute an audit of the financial statements or a review in accordance with the Spanish Audit Law, we do not express an audit opinion in the terms provided for therein.

The following procedures were applied:

- 1. Reading and understanding the information prepared by the Company in relation to the ICFR —as disclosed in the Directors' Report- and the evaluation of whether such information includes all the information required as per the minimum content set out in Section F regarding the description of the ICFR, in the model of Annual Corporate Governance Report, as established in Circular nº 5/2013 of the National Securities Market Commission dated June 12, 2013, and subsequent amendments, the most recent being CNMV Circular 3/2021, of 28 September ("the CNMV Circulars").
- 2. Making enquiries of personnel in charge of preparing the information described in point 1 above in order to: (i) obtain an understanding of its preparation process; (ii) obtain information making it possible to evaluate whether the terminology employed is in line with reference framework definitions (iii) gather information regarding whether the described control procedures are implemented and functioning within the Group.
- 3. Review the explanatory documentation supporting the information described in section 1 above, which should basically include everything directly provided to those in charge of preparing the descriptive ICFR information. This documentation includes reports prepared by the Internal Audit Department, senior management, and other internal and external experts in their role supporting the Audit Committee.
- 4. Comparison of the information contained in section 1 above with the Group's ICFR knowledge obtained as a result of performing the procedures within the framework of auditing the consolidated financial statements.
- 5. Reading the minutes of the Board Meetings, Audit Committee, and other committees of the Group, for the purposes of evaluating the consistency between the matters dealt with therein in relation to the ICFR and the information described in section 1 above.
- 6. Obtaining a representation letter concerning the work performed, duly signed by the persons responsible for the preparation and drafting of the information mentioned in section 1 above.

As a result of the procedures applied on the Neinor Homes, S.A. and Subsidiaries' ICFR related information, no inconsistencies or incidents have come to our attention which might affect it.

This report has been prepared exclusively within the framework of the requirements of article 540 of the revised Spanish Companies Act and "the Circulars of the NMSC", for the purposes of describing the ICFR in Annual Corporate Governance Reports.

DELOITTE, \$.L.

Alicia Izaga

February 21, 2024





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ANNEX I – FORM

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FOR LISTED COMPANIES

PARTICULARS OF THE ISSUER

REPORTING DATE 2023

Tax No. A- 95786562

Registered office: C/ Henao 20, Bilbao

Company: NEINOR HOMES, S.A.



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ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FOR LISTED COMPANIES

A OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE
A.1 Complete the following table on the share capital and attributed voting rights, including where applicable, those corresponding to shares with loyalty voting rights, at the end of the reporting period:
Indicate whether the company's articles of association contain a provision for double loyalty voting:
☐ Sí No
Date of approval at the General Shareholders' Meeting:
Minimum period of uninterrupted ownership required by the bylaws
Indicate whether the company has attributed loyalty votes:
☐ Sí ✓ No

Date of last change in share capital	Equity capital	Number of shares	Number of voting rights (not including additional votes attributed on the basis of loyalty)	Number of additional voting rights attributed corresponding to loyalty voting shares	Total number of voting rights, including additional votes attributed on the basis of loyalty
19/10/2023	655,226,883.74	74,968,751	74,968,751	0	74,968,751

Number of shares registered in the special share register pending completion of the loyalty period:

State whether there are different classes of shares associated with different rights:

☐ Sí 🔽 No

Class	Number of shares	Nominal unit price	Number of unit voting rights	Rights and obligations conferred

Remarks



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A.2. Indicate the direct and indirect owners of significant shareholdings at the reporting date, including directors who have a significant shareholding:

Name or company name of the shareholder	% voting rights attached to the shares		% voting rights held via financial instruments		% total voting rights	Of the total no. of voting rights attributed to shares, specify, where applicable, the additional attributed votes corresponding to shares with loyalty votes	
	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect		Direct	Indirect
ORION EUROPEAN REAL ESTATE FUND V, S.L.P.	0	29,517%	0	0	29,517%		
STONESHIELD HOLDING S.À.R.L. (1)	0	25,002%	0	0	25,002%		
ADAR CAPITAL PARTNERS LTD (2)	0	12,687%	0	1,875%	14,562%		

Remarks

Detail of the indirect shareholding:

Indirect shareholder's name	Direct shareholder's name	% of voting rights associated with the shares (including loyalty votes)	% of voting rights held through financial instruments	% of total voting rights	Of the total no. of voting rights attributed to shares, specify, where applicable, the additional attributed votes corresponding to shares with loyalty vote
ORION EUROPEAN REAL ESTATE FUND V, S.L.P.	PYXIS V LUX S.À R.L.	29,517%	0	29,517%	0
STONESHIELD HOLDING S.À.R.L.	STONESHIELD SOUTHERN REAL ESTATE HOLDING II S.À R.L.	25,002%	0	25,002%	0
adar Capital Partners Ltd	ADAR MACRO FUND LTD	12,687%	1,875%	14,562%	0

Remarks	

⁽¹⁾ Pursuant to the notification of significant shareholdings of 29 August 2023, that is, prior to the reduction of the share capital of Neinor Homes, S.A. executed on 19 October 2023.

⁽²⁾ Pursuant to the notification of significant shareholdings of 25 February 2022, that is, prior to the reductions of the share capital of Neinor Homes, S.A. executed on 30 May 2022, 22 July 2022 and 19 October 2023.





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State any material changes in the shareholder structure arising during the year:

Shareholder's name	Transaction date	Description of the transaction
COLUMBIA THREADNEEDLE MANAGEMENT LIMITED	03/04/2023	Transfer and acquisition of voting rights. Reduction of the percentage of voting rights attributed to shares from 4.788% to 2.952% and increase of the percentage of voting rights through financial instruments from 0% to 0.032%.
STONESHIELD HOLDING S.À.R.L.	29/08/2023	Acquisition of voting rights. Increase in the percentage of voting rights attributed to shares from 22.668% to 25.002%.

A.3. Detail, regardless of the percentage, the ownership interest at the end of the reporting period of the members of the Board of Directors who are holders of voting rights attributed to shares of the company or through financial instruments, excluding directors identified in section A.2 above:

Name or company name of the director	% of voting rights associated with the shares (including loyalty votes)		% of voting rights held through financial instruments		% of total voting rights	Of the total % of voting rights attributed to shares, specify, where applicable, the % of additional attributed votes corresponding to shares with loyalty vote	
	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect		Direct	Indirect
SEGAL, ANDREAS	0.027%				0.027%		
GARCIA-EGOTXEAGA VERGARA, BORJA	0.060%				0.060%		
MORENÉS BOTÍN SANZ- DE SAUTUOLA, FELIPE	0.027%				0.027%		
BIRULÉS BERTRAN, ANNA M.		0.003%			0.003%		

% of total voting rights held by the board of directors

0.117%

Remarks

Details of indirect shareholdings:

Name or company name of the director	Name or company name of the direct owner	% of voting rights associated with the shares (including loyalty votes)	% of voting rights held through financial instruments	% of total voting rights	Of the total % of voting rights attributed to shares, specify, where applicable, the % of additional attributed votes corresponding to shares with loyalty vote
,	ALTA BUSINESS SERVEIS, SL	0.003%		0.003%	



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Give details of the total percentage of voting rights represented on the Board:

Total $\%$ of voting rights represented on the Board of Directors	0.117%
Remarks	
Remarks	

A.4. Where appropriate, state any family, business, contractual or corporate relations existing between the owners of significant shareholdings, insofar as they may be known to the company, unless such relations are immaterial or are the result of ordinary business or trading activities, except for the relations reported in section **A.6 below**:

Related party's name	Nature of relationship	Brief description

A.5. Where appropriate, state any business, contractual or corporate relations existing between the owners of significant shareholdings and the company and/or its group, unless such relations are immaterial or are the result of ordinary business or trading activities:

Related party's name	Nature of relationship	Brief description
ORION EUROPEAN REAL ESTATE FUND V, S.L.P.	Contractual	Neinor Homes, S.A. and Orion V European 24, S.á r.l., a company wholly owned indirectly by Orion European Real Estate Fund V S.L.P., have entered into an agreement to carry out, through a joint venture, residential real estate developments in Spain for build-to-sell. The joint venture is owned 90% and 10% by Orion and Neinor, respectively. In addition, Neinor acts as delivery partner manager, supervising project design, licensing, marketing and construction.

A.6. Describe any relations, unless immaterial to both parties, existing between significant shareholders and/or shareholders represented on the board and the directors or their representatives in the case of legal entity directors.

Where appropriate, explain how significant shareholders are represented. Specifically, identify any directors appointed to represent significant shareholders, any directors appointed at the instigation of a significant shareholder, and any directors related with a significant shareholder and/or group entity, stating the nature of the relationship.

In particular, state the existence, identity and office held by any members of the board or





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representatives of directors of the listed company who are, in turn, members of the boards of directors, or representatives of directors of any companies owning significant shareholdings in the listed company or in any entities belonging to such significant shareholders' business groups.

Related director's or representative's name	Related significant shareholder's name	Name of the significant shareholder's group entity	Description of relationship / office
AREF H. LAHHAM	ORION EUROPEAN REAL ESTATE FUND V, S.L.P.	ORION CAPITAL MANAGERS, LLP	Proprietary Director
VAN J. STULTS	ORION EUROPEAN REAL ESTATE FUND V, S.L.P.	ORION CAPITAL MANAGERS, LLP	Proprietary Director
JUAN JOSE PEPA	STONESHIELD HOLDING S.À.R.L.	STONESHIELD CAPITAL	Proprietary Director
FELIPE MORENÉS BOTÍN SANZ DE SAUTOLA	STONESHIELD HOLDING S.À.R.L.	STONESHIELD CAPITAL	Proprietary Director

Remarks

A.7. State whether the company has been notified of any shareholders' agreements affecting it pursuant to Articles 530 and 531 of the Capital Companies Law. Where appropriate, provide a brief description and list the shareholders bound by the agreement:

▼ Sí ▼ No

Z

Parties to the shareholders' agreement	% share capital affected	Brief description of the agreement	Termination date of the agreement, if any

Remarks

The company periodically provides training on Good Governance and Compliance to the members of the Board, paying special attention to directors' duties and responsibilities.

In addition, the Audit Committee reminds the Board of the regulatory obligations in the various matters addressed on the agenda, and when situations might arise that could give rise to doubts as to the existence of shareholders' agreements due to the existence and recurrence of concerted management between different shareholders, and the Chair of the Audit Committee asks about these issues and reminds the members of the Board of their duty to inform the company and the CNMV.

State Whether the company has knowledge of any concerted action between shareholders, describe them briefly

Sí	✓ No
----	-------------

Parties to concerted action	% of share capital affected	Brief description of the concerted action	Termination date of the concerted action, if any



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Rem	narks		
State whether any shareholders' agreements during the year, expressly indicated the arran	s or concerted actions were amended or broken off ngements concerned:		
	ions or legal entities who exert, or could exert, control ticle 5 of the Securities Market Law. Identify any such		
	Sí V No		
Name of the i	individual or entity		
Re	emarks		
A.9. Complete the following tables with inform At the reporting date:	mation about treasury shares held by the company:		
Number of direct shares Number of	of indirect shares % of total share capital (*)		
473,900	0.632%		
Remarks			
(*) Through:			
Name of the direct owner of the shareholding	Number of direct shares		
Total:			
Remarks			

Explain any significant changes arising during the year:

Explain the significant changes

On 19 October 2023, a public deed was executed to reduce the share capital by 43,873,847.34 euros through the redemption of 5,019,891 treasury shares.



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A.10. State the terms of the prevailing mandate granted by the General Shareholders Meeting authorizing the board of directors to issue, buy back or transfer treasury shares.

On 13 April 2022, the General Meeting of the Company authorised the Board of Directors to approve the following:

- 1) Increase the share capital under the terms and conditions of article 297.1.b) of the Capital Companies Act, for a maximum period of five years, with the power to exclude pre-emptive subscription rights up to the limit of 20% of the share capital as established in article 506 of the Capital Companies Act.
- 2) Issue bonds, debentures and other fixed-income securities exchangeable for and/or convertible into shares of the company, as well as warrants or other similar securities that may give the right, directly or indirectly, to subscribe or acquire shares in the company or other companies, whether or not belonging to its group, for a maximum period of five years and for an aggregate amount of 500,000,000 euros, as well as, where appropriate, the power to increase the share capital by the necessary amount with the power to exclude pre-emptive subscription rights up to a limit of 20% of the share capital and authorization for the company to guarantee fixed-income issues made by subsidiaries.

On 1 April 2020, the Annual General Meeting of the Company authorised the Board of Directors to approve the following items:

- 1) Derivative acquisition of treasury shares directly or through group companies and for the disposal thereof.
 - Forms of acquisition: acquisition by purchase, by any other "intervivos" act for valuable consideration or any other form permitted by law, including against profits for the year and/or unrestricted reserves.
 - Maximum number of shares to be acquired: acquisitions may be made at any time, once or several
 times, provided that the own shares acquired, added to those already held by the company, do not
 exceed the maximum figure permitted by law.
 - Price: the price or countervalue will range between (i) a minimum amount equivalent to the lower of the nominal value and the listed price on the Continuous Market at the time of acquisition reduced by 30%, and (ii) a maximum amount equivalent to the listed price on the Continuous Market at the time of acquisition increased by 30%.
 - Duration of the authorisation: five years from the date of the agreement.

The shares acquired may be used for disposal or redemption, for potential corporate or business transactions, or for delivery of the shares directly to the employees or directors of the company, or as a result of the exercise of option rights held by them, in accordance with the provisions of the third paragraph of section 1.a) of article 146 of the Capital Companies Act.

A.11. Estimated free float

Fall and a life of the all	%
Estimated free float	30.17 %

Remarks

A.12. State whether there are any statutory, legislative or other restrictions on the transferability of securities and/or any restrictions on voting rights In particular, you should report the existence of any kind of restrictions that could hinder or prevent a takeover of the company by means of the acquisition of shares in the market, as well as any requirements established under applicable industry regulations for prior authorization or notification of the acquisition or transfer of financial instruments issued by the company.



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Description of restrictions
A.13. State whether the General Shareholders Meeting has resolved to adopt any antitakeover measures in accordance with Spanish Law 6/2007.
☐ Sí ✓ No
Where appropriate, explain the measures approved and the conditions under which the resulting restrictions would be lifted:
Explain the measures approved and the conditions under which they would be lifted
A.14. State whether the company has issued any securities that are not traded on a regulate market in the European Union.
☐ Sí ✓ No
Where appropriate, list the different classes of shares and the rights and obligations conferred by each class of share.
List the different classes of shares



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В

GENERAL MEETING

B.1. Indicate and, where applicable, detail, if there are differences with the minimum regime established in the Capital Companies Law with respect to the quorum for the constitution of the general meeting.

	Sí	▼ No
	Different % quorum to that established in Art. 193, CCL for general assumptions	Different % quorum to that established in Art. 194, CCL for the special cases of the art. 194 LSC
Quorum required on first call		
Quorum required on second call		
	Description of differences	
	_	·

B.2. State whether there are any differences with the system for the adoption of corporate resolutions established under the Capital Companies Law, and describe said differences where appropriate:

Describe any differences with the Capital Companies Law

% established by the entity for the adoption of resolutions	Different qualified majority from Art. 201.2 for the cases mentioned in Art. 194.1 of the Limited Companies Act	Other cases requiring qualified majorities
	66%	66%

Description of differences

Article 17.4 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors states that: Except where the law or the Articles of Association specifically establish other voting rules, resolutions shall be adopted by absolute majority of the directors present at the meeting. In particular, the appointment, removal and agreements to terminate of CEOs, as well as the previous approval of contracts to be entered into between the Company and directors who are given executive functions will require the favorable vote of at least two thirds of the members of the Board, with the abstention, where applicable, of the affected director. In the event of a tie, the Chairman will not have a casting vote.

The Capital Companies Law indicates that a majority vote is sufficient for the appointment or removal of the Chief Executive Officers.





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B.3. State the rules applicable to amendment of the company's bylaws. In particular, you should report the majorities required and, where appropriate, the rules established for the protection of shareholders' rights in the event of amendment of the bylaws.

In accordance with Article 28.1 of the bylaws, a separate vote must be held for the amendment of each article or group of articles of the bylaws, even where such amendments are included in the same point on the agenda for the meeting.

Article 30 of the Regulations for the General Shareholders Meeting requires an absolute majority of the votes cast to amend the Bylaws where the shares present or represented by proxy exceed 50% of total share capital, or two thirds of shares present or represented by proxy when the shareholders present or represented by proxy at second call hold 25% or more of total subscribed capital with voting rights but less than 50%.

B.4. Provide figures for attendance at the general meetings held during the year referred to in this report and in the prior year:

	Attendance figures				
			% remote vote	Total	
Date of general meeting	% physical attendance	% attendance by proxy	Electronic votes	Other	Total
13/04/2022	29.6358%	57.9643%			87.6001%
20/04/2023	0.5152%	78.1039%			78.6191%
01/09/2023	25.3103%	51.226%			76.5363 %
Of which floating capital:					8.78%

B.5. State whether there were any motions proposed in the agenda for the general meetings held during the year that were not approved by the shareholders for any reason.

▼ No

☐ Sí

	Motions not approved	% v	votes against (*)	
٠,	Where any motion was not approved for reasons other than a majne text field, and the remark "n/a" should be entered in the colur	, .	•	cluded
	tate whether there are any statutory restrictions ed to attend general meetings, or to vote remote	•	minimum number of s	hares
	☐ Sí	▼ No		
	Number of shares needed to attend general meeting	S		
	Number of shares needed for remote voting			
	Remarks			





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assignment to any other company of core be submitted for approval by the shareh established by Law.			
	Sí	▼ No	

B.7. State whether the bylaws require that decisions regarding the acquisition, disposal or

Decisions that must be submitted for approval by the General Shareholders Meeting, other than as required by Law

B.8. State the internet address and means of access to the company webpage containing corporate governance and other information concerning general meetings which must be made available to the shareholders online via the corporate website.

The address where the corporate governance information is posted online is https://www.neinorhomes.com/en/accionistas-inversores/

https://www.neinorhomes.com/en/responsible-business-and-innovation/corporate-governance/



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С

CORPORATE MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

C.1 Board of directors

C.1.1. Maximum and minimum number of directors allowed under the bylaws and number of directors established by the General Shareholders Meeting.

Maximum number of directors	15
Minimum number of directors	5
Number of directors established by the general meeting	9

Remarks	
Remains	

C.1.2. Complete the following table with information about the board members:

Director's name	Representative	Category of director	Office	Date of first appointment	Date of last appointment	Selection procedure	Date of birth
Ricardo Martí Fluxá		Independent	President	08/03/2017	20/04/2023	Re-election by the General Meeting of Shareholders	08/09/1950
Anna M. Birulés Bertrán		Independent	Vocal	08/03/2017	20/04/2023	Re-election by the General Meeting of Shareholders	28/06/1954
Alfonso Rodés Vilà		Independent	Vocal	08/03/2017	20/04/2023	Re-election by the General Meeting of Shareholders	09/08/1961
Juan José Pepa		Proprietary	Vocal	13/04/2022	13/04/2022	Appointment by the General Meeting of Shareholders	18/02/1978
Andreas Segal		Independent	Vocal	27/02/2019	13/04/2022	Re-election by the General Meeting of Shareholders	30/08/1969
Van J. Stults		Proprietary	Vocal	22/10/2019	20/04/2023	Re-election by the General Meeting of Shareholders	30/09/1954
Felipe Morenés Botín Sanz-de Sautuola		Proprietary	Vocal	14/05/2015	20/04/2023	Re-election by the General Meeting of Shareholders	13/02/1986
Aref H. Lahham		Proprietary	Vocal	12/12/2019	20/04/2023	Re-election by the General Meeting of Shareholders	15/02/1965
Borja García-Egotxeaga Vergara		Executive	CEO	08/04/2019	20/04/2023	Re-election by the General Meeting of Shareholders	23/11/1967

Indicate any exits from the board of directors during the reporting period, whether due to resignation or by resolution of the general shareholders' meeting:

Director's name	Category of director upon leaving office	Date of last appointment	Leaving date	Membership of any specialist committees	State whether the director served the full term of office





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Cause of exit, if before the end of the term of office and other remarks; information on whether the director has sent a letter to the other members of the Board and, in the case of the exit of non-executive directors, explanation or opinion of the director who has been removed by the General Shareholders' Meeting

C.1.3. Complete the following tables with information about the members of the board and the different categories of director:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Director's name	Office held in the company's organization chart	Profile
Borja García-Egotxeaga Vergara		Borja has extensive experience in the field of residential development, project management in real estate and industrial sector and strategic business planning.
		In June 2016 he joined Neinor Homes as Technical Director of the Northern area, from the developer company Construcciones Gerrikabeitia where he carried out technical management and construction tasks for the group's developments, urban management, land acquisition and sale, planning and general business supervision.
	Chief Executive Officer	Previously, during his first professional stage he was linked to the industrial world in the company Befesa Zinc part of Abengoa Group, where he led the continuous improvement of processes and the environmental situation of the company as Deputy Production and Technical Director, also being responsible for external relations, various management systems and benchmarking with other group factories distributed throughout Europe.
		He has also been member of the board of directors of companies such as Abengoa, Sondika Zinc and Zindes and collaborator of Aclima and Eurometaux based in Brussels.
		After graduating from a High School in the USA, Borja studied Industrial Engineering at the Higher School of Industrial Engineers of Bilbao and holds a master's degree in business administration INSIDE from the University of Deusto.

Total number of executive directors	1
% of total board	11.11%

	Remarks		
	Remarks		



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EXTERNAL PROPRIETARY DIRECTORS

Director's name	Name of the significant shareholder represented or who proposed the director's appointment	Profile
		Aref H. Lahham is Chief Executive and Founding Partner of Orion Capital Managers and is a member of the Firm's Investment Committee. Based in Orion's London offices, he serves as Orion's Chief Investment Officer, setting strategy and leading Orion's acquisition team and investment activities, as well as directing asset management activities in a significant number of Orion's investments.
		Mr. Lahham has 37 years of experience in real estate investment and development in the United States and Europe. Prior to forming Orion in 1999, he was a Managing Director of LaSalle Partners, which he joined in 1992 and directed its operations and investment activities in France.
Aref H. Lahham	Pyxis V Lux S.À.R.L. (Orion)	Before working for LaSalle Partners, Mr. Lahham was a Project Manager for SEGECE (a subsidiary of BNP group), a French shopping center developer based in Paris. Previously, Mr. Lahham was an International Project Manager and Design Engineer in New York with the structural engineering consulting Leslie E. Robertson Associates.
		Previously, he was also a member of the Board of Directors and the Strategic Committee of the French listed real estate company, Société Foncière Lyonnaise.
		Mr. Lahham holds a B.Sc. in Civil Engineering from Purdue University, an M.Sc. in Civil Engineering from Cornell University where he served on the Board of the School of Engineering, and an MBA from INSEAD.
		Mr. Van J. Stults is a Managing Director and a Founding Partner of Orion Capital Managers and is a member of the Firm's Investment Committee.
Van J. Stults	Pyxis V Lux S.À.R.L. (Orion)	Mr. Stults has 44 years of experience in real estate investment management. Prior to forming Orion in 1999, Mr. Stults was a member of the Board of Directors of LaSalle Partners (now "JLL"), Managing Director, member of the Operating Committee and head of European investment activities.
		Mr. Stults joined LaSalle Partners in 1984. Prior to LaSalle Partners, he was Assistant Treasurer of Lane Industries, a privately held U.S. family owned conglomerate, and prior to Lane Industries, he was Commercial Banking Officer at the First National Bank of Chicago.



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		Mr. Stults is a member of the Pension Real Estate Association and is a Global Governing Trustee of the Urban Land Institute. Mr. Stults holds a bachelor's degree in economics from Claremont McKenna College and MBA in finance and accounting from the University of Chicago Booth School of Business.		
Felipe Morenés Botín Sanz-de Sautuola	Stoneshield Southern Real Estate Holding II, S.à r.l. (Stoneshield)	Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola is a founding partner of Stoneshield Capital. Previously, he was a director at Lone Star, where he was involved in the fund's investment operations in Europe. Since 2013, he was responsible for the analysis, structuring and supervision of several debt and equity investments. Prior to joining Lone Star, he spent 5 years as an Associate Director at UBS Investment Banking and UBS Credit Structuring Desk in London. During his experience at UBS, he advised on M&A, capital raising and structured finance transactions for banks and hedge funds. Mr. Morenés holds a BA in Political Science and Economics from Georgetown		
		University. Juan Pepa is one of the two founding		
		partners of Stoneshield Investment Funds and currently serves as co-head of the firm.		
Juan José Pepa		Previously, he worked at Lone Star Funds (from 2008 to 2017) where he was appointed partner and responsible for sourcing, underwriting Real Estate, structuring; also having ongoing oversight of over €10 billion in real estate asset and debt investments across Europe.		
	Stoneshield Southern Real Estate Holding II, S.à r.l. (Stoneshield)	During this time, Juan was involved in multiple investments in various asset classes such as office, retail, hotel, residential and industrial assets located in several countries including Spain, Germany, UK, Netherlands, France, Belgium and Switzerland. In addition, during his last years at Lone Star, he led the firm's investment in Spain and Portugal.		
		Prior to joining Lone Star, Juan worked in Citigroup's global special situations team.		
		Juan is a graduate of the Universidad de San Andrés (Buenos Aires) and holds an MBA from Babson College in Massachusetts.		

Total number of proprietary directors	4		
% of total board	44.44%		

Remarks



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INDEPENDENT EXTERNAL DIRECTORS

Director's name	Profile
	Mr. Martí Fluxa is Chairman of the Spanish Association of Real Estate Consulting Companies (ACI), of the Spanish Association of Defense, Security, Aeronautics and Space Technologies (TEDAE) and Member of the Board of Directors of Liteyca.
	He was Secretary of State for Security in the Spanish Government from 1996 to 2000. As a member of the Spanish Diplomatic Career, he held various posts abroad and finally that of Head of Protocol and Activities of His Majesty King's Household.
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	In the private sector, he was, among other positions, Chairman of Industria de Turbo Propulsores, S.A. (ITP), Chairman of Marco Polo Investments, Member of the Board of Directors of Grupo Tomás Pascual, Member of the Advisory Board of the investment bank Arcano Capital, Member of the Board of Directors of Ibersecurities, Member of the Board of Directors of the technology firm IKUSI and member of the Executive Committee and Chairman of the Remuneration Committee of Caja de Ahorros y Monte de Piedad de Navarra. He has also been member of the Governing Board and Secretary of the Fundación Pro Real Academia Española and Chairman of the Royal Board of Trustees of the Museo Nacional Centro de Arte Reina Sofía.
	He is currently Chairman of the Tomás Pascual Institute for Nutrition and Health, Chairman of the Ankaria Foundation and a member of the Board of Trustees of the Juan March Foundation.
	Mr. Martí Fluxá holds a law degree from Universidad Complutense de Madrid, studied at the Diplomatic School and is a member of the Madrid Bar Association.
	Ms. Birulés is Vice Chairwoman, Independent Director, Chairwoman of the Audit Committee and member of the Executive and Investment Committee of Grupo Pelayo, Mutua de Seguros y Reaseguros a Prima Fija. She is also an Independent Director, Chairwoman of the Compensation and Nominating Committee and member of the Audit and Risk Committee of Banco Mediolanum, and Chairwoman, Independent Director, Chairwoman of the Audit Committee and member of the Compensation and Nominating Committee of Enerside Energy.
	She has also been Chairwoman of the Audit Committee at Banco Mediolanum, stepping down as Chairwoman due to the expiry of her term of office. She is a member of several corporate advisory boards.
	At Neinor Homes, after stepping down as Chairwoman of the Audit Committee due to the expiry of her term of office, she was re-appointed Chairwoman of the Audit Committee this year.
Anna M. Birulés Bertrán	She is former Minister of Science and Technology of the Spanish Government, former General Secretary of Banco Sabadell and former Vice President of Renta Corporación. With a Ph.D. in Economic Sciences, she began her professional activity in the Department of Industry and Energy of the Generalitat of Catalonia and was General Director of the Information and Business Development Center (CIDEM), as well as President of the Consortium for the Commercial Promotion of Catalonia (COPCA). She was CEO of Retevisión (now owned by Cellnex and Vodafone groups), from where she led the expansion process of the telecommunications operator and its subsidiaries (now owned by Orange).
	She has been Director of companies from various sectors and geographies. She is a member of the Circle of the Entrepreneurs and the Business Circle. She is closely related to the leading Business Schools; IESE of which she chairs Finaves, the international center to fostering initiatives through seed capital, and Esade, of which she is member of its Professional Advisory Board.





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	Mr. Segal has over 23 years of experience in the Real Estate sector. He is currently a Director of Kojamo plc, Helsinki, the largest private residential real estate investment company in Finland.		
Andreas Segal	He was a member of the Board of Directors of several listed companies in this sector, among others, Buwog Group, Bonova S.A., Deutsche Wohnen and GSW Immobilien.		
	Mr. Segal holds a bachelor's degree in business economics from University of Berlin FU (Germany) and a Law Degree. He also has an Advanced Management Program (AMP) from Harvard Business School (Boston, USA).		
	Mr. Rodés is the President of Havas Group Media, President of Havas Group Spain and Director of Havas S.A., a multinational media company which is part of the Vivendi Group and has over EUR 4 billion of market capitalization.		
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Previously, Mr. Rodés was CEO of Media Planning Group ("MPG"). MPG was a company controlled by the Rodés family that merged with Havas in 2001. Mr. Rodés joined MPG in 1996 as Head of Corporate Development, from where he led the group's expansion into Latin America, North America and Asia. He previously developed his professional career in private banking. Mr. Rodés is a Director of Havas S.A. since June 19, 2012. Additionally, he participates in other boards of investment vehicles controlled by the Rodés family.		

Total number of independent directors	4
% of total board	44.44%

Remarks	

State whether any director categorized as an independent receives any moneys or benefits from the company or its group in respect of any item other than director's remuneration, or maintains, or in the last year maintained, any business relationship with the company or with any company forming part of its group, either on their own behalf or as a significant shareholder, director or senior executive of an entity maintaining, or which may in the past have maintained, any such relationship.

Where appropriate, include a reasoned statement from the board stating the reasons why it considers that the director concerned can nevertheless discharge his/her functions as an independent director.

Director's name	Description of the relationship	Reasoned statement



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OTHER EXTERNAL DIRECTORS

Identify any other external directors and state the reasons why they should not be considered either proprietary or independent directors, as well as their links with the company, its management, or its shareholders:

Director's name	Reasons	Company, executive or shareholder with whom the director is related	Profile

Total other external directors	
% of total board	

Remarks

Indicate any changes arising in the category of each director over the period, where applicable:

Director's name	Date of change	Previous category	Current category	

Remarks

C.1.4. Complete the following table with information about the number of female directors at the close of each of the last four years, and the category of the directors concerned:

Number of female directors					% of total directors in each category			
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2023	2022	2021	2020
Executive	0	0	0	0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Proprietary	0	0	0	0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Independent	1	1	1	1	25%	25%	20%	25%
Other external	0	0	0	0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Total:	1	1	1	1	11.1%	11.1%	11.1%	11.1%

Remarks



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C.1.5. State whether the company has diversity policies for the board of directors in relation to issues such as age, gender, disability, and professional qualifications and expertise. In accordance with the definition established in the Spanish Audit Act, small and medium-sized enterprises should report at least on the policy established in relation to gender diversity.

▼ Sí □ No

If yes, describe the diversity policies, their objectives, the measures implemented and the manner in which they were applied, and the results obtained in the year. You should also indicate the specific measures adopted by the board of directors and the appointments and Remunerations Committee to ensure a balanced and diverse make-up of directors.

If the company does not apply a diversity policy, explain the reasons why not.

Description of the policies, objectives, measures and how they have been implemented, and the results achieved.

The company approved a director selection policy in 2017, which was updated and approved by the Board again on May 10, 2022, which establishes that diversity of knowledge, experience, age and gender will be favoured. For these purposes, measures that encourage the company to have a significant number of female senior managers are considered to favour gender diversity.

A clear equal opportunities policy is adhered to for the avoidance of any kind of discrimination based on gender. Gender is not considered to be grounds for selection under any circumstances, and this also applies to the appointment of directors.

Diversity is understood in its broadest sense, covering, by way of example and not exhaustively, aspects such as age, nationality, gender, disability and professional experience and training.

In addition, Neinor Homes, in compliance with the Capital Companies Act, in the search for candidates to fill new vacancies, shall favour the diversity of gender, experience, age and knowledge of its directors and shall ensure that there are no implicit biases that may entail any type of discrimination, especially that may hinder the selection of female directors. In this regard, Neinor Homes is aware of the content of recommendation 15 of the Code of Good Governance with regard to the recommended percentage of female directors, which will be duly taken into account with regard to future appointments of new directors or the filling of vacancies on the Board of Directors that may arise.

To this end, Neinor Homes shall ensure that there are sufficient candidates in the market that comply with gender diversity, in addition to functional and nationality diversity, and shall endeavour to ensure that, as far as possible, the Company has a significant number of female senior managers. These criteria shall be carried out in the selection process and compliance with them shall contribute to the efficiency of the Board of Directors' decision-making.

During the financial year, it was not considered necessary to replace or appoint new directors to deliberately incorporate people who could improve the board's gender balance. This increased balance shall be considered by the Board in the event of the departure or replacement of any of its independent or executive members.

In the 2023 financial year, there has been no resignation from the Board, so the company has not had the opportunity to incorporate a female director to the Board.

The Company is closely monitoring the approval process of the Draft Bill of the Parity Law and will establish the necessary measures for its compliance.

In addition, among other measures considered in the Company with the aim of improving the under-representation of women in management positions, the Company has been implementing for some years now various measures that encourage greater parity and opportunities to achieve greater representation of women in management positions, which, in summary, are as follows:

- Objective, independent recruitment and internal promotion processes based on merit and experience.
- Observance of the results of the work being carried out in the implementation of the Equality Plan (Equality Plan, negotiated and agreed with the social partners in the 2023 financial year).
- Reconciliation measures that in general terms are superior to those offered in the labour market.

The policy is available at: https://www.neinorhomes.com/en/responsible-business-and-innovation/corporate-governance/director-selection-policy/



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C.1.6. Explain any measures adopted by the appointments committee, where applicable, to ensure that selection procedures are free of any bias which might hinder the selection of female directors, and that the company deliberately seeks and includes women meeting the professional profile sought among potential candidates to ensure that it achieves a balanced make-up between women and men. Also indicate whether these measures include encouraging the company to have a significant number of senior managers:

Explanation of the measures

The company approved a director selection policy in 2017, which was updated and approved by the Board again on May 10, 2022, which establishes that diversity of knowledge, experience, age and gender will be favoured. For these purposes, measures that encourage the company to have a significant number of female senior managers are considered to favour gender diversity.

A clear equal opportunities policy is adhered to for the avoidance of any kind of discrimination based on gender. Gender is not considered to be grounds for selection under any circumstances, and this also applies to the appointment of directors.

Diversity is understood in its broadest sense, covering, by way of example and not exhaustively, aspects such as age, nationality, gender, disability and professional experience and training.

In addition, Neinor Homes, in compliance with the Capital Companies Act, in the search for candidates to fill new vacancies, shall favour the diversity of gender, experience, age and knowledge of its directors and shall ensure that there are no implicit biases that may entail any type of discrimination, especially that may hinder the selection of female directors. In this regard, Neinor Homes is aware of the content of recommendation 15 of the Code of Good Governance with regard to the recommended percentage of female directors, which will be duly taken into account with regard to future appointments of new directors or the filling of vacancies on the Board of Directors that may arise.

To this end, Neinor Homes shall ensure that there are sufficient candidates in the market that comply with gender diversity, in addition to functional and nationality diversity, and shall endeavour to ensure that, as far as possible, the Company has a significant number of female senior managers. These criteria shall be carried out in the selection process and compliance with them shall contribute to the efficiency of the Board of Directors' decision-making.

The Appointments and Remuneration Committee (ARC) oversees the implementation of the diversity policy in the appointment of the Directors. In this regard, care was taken to ensure the inclusion of women among the candidates and at least one woman among the board members.

In compliance with the provisions of the Board Regulations, the selection policy and the group's code of conduct, the ARC includes women with the appropriate professional experience among the potential candidates and ensures that there is no implicit bias in the selection procedures that might hinder the selection of female directors.

In the case of a new appointment (independent or executive director, in the event of a balance of skills, knowledge and abilities between two applicants, the female gender will be given priority in the selection process with the aim of achieving greater parity on the Board.

New appointments will arise as a result of the departure of existing board members. The company is not currently planning to increase the number of directors as this number is appropriate for the size of the company and its effective and efficient management, as described in the various evaluations of the functioning of the Board and its committees carried out internally or by an independent third party of recognised standing.

The Company is closely monitoring the approval process of the Draft Bill of the Parity Law and will establish the necessary measures for its compliance.

In addition, among other measures considered in the Company with the aim of improving the under-representation of women in management positions, the Company has been implementing for some years now various measures that encourage greater parity and opportunities to achieve greater representation of women in management positions, which, in summary, are as follows:

- Objective, independent recruitment and internal promotion processes based on merit and experience.
- Observance of the results of the work being carried out in the implementation of the Equality Plan (Equality Plan, negotiated and agreed with the social partners in the 2023 financial year).
- Reconciliation measures that in general terms are superior to those offered in the labour market.

The policy is available at: https://www.neinorhomes.com/en/responsible-business-and-innovation/corporate-aovernance/director-selection-policy/



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Where there are few or no female directors despite the measures adopted, where applicable, explain the reasons for this circumstance:

Explanation of reasons

The Board has, except for gender, a wide diversity of directors and its number is considered adequate for the size of the company and for its effective and efficient management.

The company does not consider it appropriate to resort to a termination of a highly qualified and experienced current Board member in order to reduce the current gender gap on the Board.

With a view to future appointments, female applicants should always be considered and, if they are equally qualified, they should be selected with a view to obtaining the representation required by the good governance recommendations.

C.1.7. Explain the appointments committee's findings on its verification of compliance with policy aimed at promoting an appropriate composition of the board of directors.

The Appointments and Remuneration Committee has not reached any conclusions regarding compliance with the selection policy insofar as:

(i) In the financial year 2023, no new directors of any kind were appointed, so no selection process was carried out in which the selection policy could be applied.

On the removal of any independent director, the Appointments and Remuneration Committee is assisted in the process of searching for and selecting a replacement by an external specialised professional firm, which always includes in its instructions that the profile sought must comply exhaustively with the director selection policy.

C.1.8. Where appropriate, explain the reasons why any proprietary directors were appointed at the proposal of shareholders owning less than 3% of capital:

Shareholder's name	Reason for appointment

State whether the company has refused any formal requests for seats on the board made by shareholders holding interests in share capital equal to or greater than the holdings of other shareholders at whose request proprietary directors were appointed. Where appropriate, explain the reasons why these requests were turned down:

▼ No

Shareholder's name	Explanation

☐ Sí





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C.1.9. Indicate the powers and authorizations, if any, including those relating to the possibility of issuing or repurchasing shares, delegated by the Board of Directors to directors or to any of the Board committees:

Director's name	Brief description		
Borja García-Egotxeaga Vergara	The CEO has been delegated all the powers of the Board except those that cannot be delegated by law or by the company's bylaws (in particular, the power to acquire land).		

C.1.10. Where appropriate, list any board members who also hold office as directors or executive positions in other companies forming part of the listed company's group:

Director's name	Group entity's name	Office	Executive functions?
Borja García-Egotxeaga Vergara	NEINOR NORTE, S.L.U. NEINOR PENÍNSULA, S.L.U. NEINOR SUR, S.A.U. RENTAL HOMES PROPCO, S.L.U. NEINOR RENTAL OPCO, S.L.U. NEINOR SARDES RENTAL, S.L.U. QUABIT PALMACES, S.L.U. QUABIT SURESTE, S.L.U. QUABIT AGUAS VIVAS, S.L.U. QUABIT AGUAS VIVAS, S.L.U. GLOBAL QUABIT SUR, S.L.U. QUABIT CASARES GOLF RP5, S.L.U. IBER ACTIVOS INMOBILIARIOS, S.L. PARQUE LAS CAÑAS, S.L.U. QUABIT COMUNIDADES, S.L. QUABIT INMOBILIARIA INTERNACIONAL, S.L. RENTAL HOMES NX PROPCO, S.L.U. EUROPA RENTAL HOMES PROPCO, S.L.U. RENTAL HOMES HOLDCO, S.L.U.	Sole Director	Yes
Borja García-Egotxeaga Vergara	PROMOCIONES NEINOR 3, S.L.U. NEINOR WORKS, S.L.U. PROMOCIONES NEINOR 5, S.L.U.	Joint Director	Yes
Borja García-Egotxeaga Vergara	ALBORAYA MARINA NOVA, S.L.	Natural person representative of Director	Yes
Borja García-Egotxeaga Vergara	PROGRAMAS ACTUACION BALEARES, S.L.	Individual representative of Joint Administrator	Yes
Borja García-Egotxeaga Vergara	QUABIT CONSTRUCCIÓN, S.A.	Director	Yes

Remark	s



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C.1.11. Give details of any positions of director, administrator or executive, or representatives thereof, held by directors or representatives of directors who are members of the company's board of directors in other entities, whether they are listed companies:

Identification of the director or representative	Company name of the entity, whether listed or unlisted	Office
Anna M. Birulés Bertrán	Banco Mediolanum	Independent Director
Anna M. Birulés Bertrán	Pelayo Mutua de seguros y Reaseguros a prima fija	Vice Chairwoman Independent Director
Anna M. Birulés Bertrán	Enerside Energy	Chairwoman Independent Director
Anna M. Birulés Bertrán	Finaves V apoyo start-ups alumni S.L.	Chairwoman Independent Director
Andreas Segal	Kojamo Oyj	Independent Director
Andreas Segal	ASSK GmbH	Managing Director
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	Asociación de Empresas de Consultoría Inmobiliaria (ACI)	President
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	Asociación Española de empresas tecnológicas de Defensa, Seguridad y Espacio (TEDAE)	President
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	Liteyca	Director
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	Instituto Tomás Pascual para la nutrición y la salud	Chairman
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	Accuracy	Member of the Advisory Board
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas	Administrator
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Media Group USA LLC (États-Unis)	President
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Media Planning International Corporation (États- Unis)	President
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Arena Media SRL (Italie)	President and Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Media SRL (Italie)	President and Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Media Middle East FZ LLC (Dubai)	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Media Peru SAC	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Arena Media Peru SAC	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas+ SAC Peru	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Management Portugal, Unipesrsoal Lda	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Cake Media Ltd. (UK)	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Media Planning International Corporation (USA)	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Media South Africa (Pty) Ltd (Sudáfrica)	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Media India Private Limited (India)	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Arena India Private Limited (India)	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Media Advisors SA (Espagne)	Co-Administrator
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Arena Media Communications España SA	President
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Media Group Spain SA	President
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Media Regiones SA de CV (México)	President
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Management España SL	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Media Group Spain SA	Chief Executive Officer
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Arena Communications SA de CV (Mexique)	Chief Executive Officer
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Arena Media SA de CV (Mexique)	President
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas+ SA de CV (Mexique)	Chief Executive Officer
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Media Group USA	Manager
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Media Kuala Lumpur, SDN BHD	Manager





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Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Havas Costa Rica SA	Secretary
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Fusión de Producción Digital SA (Costa Rica)	Secretary
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Promótica de Costa Rica, SA	Secretary
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Arena Media, SA (Costa Rica)	Secretary
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Inversiones y Servicios Publicitarios, S.L.	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Acacia ISP, S.L.	Joint administrator
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Gestora de Viviendas, S.A.	Joint administrator
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Metrópolis	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	In-Store Media Group S.A.	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	In-Store Media Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Cala Thunder S.L.	Joint administrator
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Mesigual 2020 S.L.	Director

Remarks	

Indicate, if applicable, any other remunerated activities of the directors or representatives of directors, whatever their nature, other than those indicated in the above table.

identification of the director of representative	activities	
Rem	parks	

C.1.12. State whether the company has established any rules with regard to the maximum number of company boards on which its directors may hold seats, and where appropriate explain such rules, indicating where such they are established:

V	Sí	П	No

Explanation of rules and identification of the document establishing the same

In accordance with the Board's Regulations, the directors may not hold seats on more than four boards of other listed companies (aside from the company itself).

C.1.13. State the total amounts paid out in respect of the following directors' remuneration items:

Remuneration accruing to the Board of Directors during the year (thousands of euros)	2,462
Amount of funds accumulated by current directors through long-term savings schemes with vested economic rights (thousands of euros)	N/A
Amount of funds accumulated by current directors for long-term savings schemes with non-vested economic rights (thousands of euros)	N/A
Amount of funds accumulated by former directors through long-term savings schemes (thousands of euros)	N/A





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Remarks

The amount shown in the table above is the total remuneration accrued by the members of the board in financial year 2023 including the gross salary accrued and the diems for attendance at meetings of the Board and its Committees and for the executive director is his gross salary, the bonus accrued in 2023 and paid in February 2024, and the new MIP (in the course of financial year 2023 a medium-term incentive plan has come into force which has a duration of three years and which is explained in detail in section B.7 of the IAR).

Given that in all previous years the criterion of taking as the amount the amounts actually collected in the year has been considered, when a change of criterion occurred following the instructions and indications for the completion of this report and of the CNMV, the amounts accrued in previous years for the different retention plans, which at the date of last year's report had not materialised, therefore, as of this year, we will be reported as they are collected, so that no information is lost in this way.

In view of the above, in addition to the accrual in 2023 for the executive director, we must report that the collection has materialised during 2023 through shares, for the achievement of LTIP objectives (2020-2022), explained in section B.7 of the IAR, for a total amount of 771 thousand euros.

C.1.14. Identify any senior managers who are not also executive directors, and state the total remuneration earned by the same during year:

Name or company name	Office
Jordi Argemí García	Deputy CEO and CFO
Jorge Pepa	Vice-President
Mario Lapiedra Vivanco	Chief Investment Officer
Gabriel Sánchez Cassinello	Chief Business Officer
Fernando Hernanz de Dueñas	Chief Operating Officer
Álvaro Conde Herranz	Head of GRC, Internal Audit and Sustainability

Number of women in senior management	0
Percentage over total number of senior managers	0%

Total remuneration of senior management (in thousands of euros)	6,581
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Remarks

The amount shown in the table above is the total remuneration accrued by Senior Management in financial year 2023 including the gross salary accrued, the bonus accrued in 2023 and paid in February 2024, and the new MIP (in the course of financial year 2023 a medium-term incentive plan has come into force which has a duration of three years and which is explained in detail in section B.7 of the IAR).

Given that in all previous years the criterion of taking as the amount the amounts actually collected in the year has been considered, when a change of criterion occurred following the instructions and indications for the completion of this report and of the CNMV, the amounts accrued in previous years for the different retention plans, which at the date of last year's report had not materialised, will be reported as they are collected, so that no information is lost in this way.

In view of the above, in addition to the accrual in 2023 for Senior Management, we must report that the collection has materialised during 2023 through shares, for the achievement of LTIP objectives (2020-2022), explained in section B.7 of the IAR, for a total amount of 2,002 thousand euros.

C.1	.1.	5.	state	wh	ethei	there	have	been	any	changes in :	the	board's	s regul	lation	during :	the y	/ear
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	☐ Sí	▼ No
Desc	cription of changes	



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C.1.16. Explain the procedures in place for the selection, appointment, resell action and removal of directors. Indicate the competent bodies, the procedural steps involved and the criteria applicable to each procedure.

Selection:

The company has approved a Directors Selection Policy, which sets out the selection procedure. In accordance with this policy, the selection process shall be based on a prior analysis of the Company's needs by the Board of Directors assisted by the Appointments and Remunerations Committee. The Appointments and Remunerations Committee shall define the candidates' functions and skills and shall assess the time and dedication required for each vacancy, so as to ensure that the eventual appointee is able appropriately to discharge his/her responsibilities. The Company may seek external advice to complete its needs analysis and/or its annual assessment of compliance with the selection policy.

With regard to the criteria for the selection or re-election of directors, candidates shall meet the conditions established in point 3.2 of the policy (i.e. they must be reputable persons of acknowledged ability and professional solvency, with the appropriate experience, qualifications, training, availability and commitment to discharge the office concerned. In addition, they must be fluent in both Spanish and English in order to perform their duties properly. They must also be professionals of integrity, whose conduct and professional trajectory are in line with the principles set forth in the company's Code of Ethics and who do not meet the incompatibility requirements indicated in that section.

Additionally, in the evaluation of the Board for the 2018 financial year, among the measures that had be taken by the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, one of them was the definition of the characteristics that the directors had to comply with in their profile, as detailed below:

- Honourable, honest, upright person of good repute.
- Experience and qualified training in the following areas, preferably:
 - ✓ Real estate sector and market (transactions and regulations)
 - ✓ Finance and accounting.
 - ✓ Risk control and management.
 - ✓ Cybersecurity and digital transformation.
 - ✓ Sustainability and non-financial information.
 - ✓ Capital market and financing.
- Experience in administrative, management, control or advisory functions to other companies.
- Availability and commitment to perform their role.
- Fluent in Spanish and English.
- Professional career in line with the principles set out in the company's Code of Ethics.
- No conflicts of interest with Neinor Homes or with companies in the sector that are competitors.
- Not involved in any case of incompatibility or prohibition established in the applicable law.
- Not affecting for any reason the image and reputation of Neinor Homes or putting at risk, in any other way, the company's interests, including not having a criminal record or accusation in legal proceedings.

The Company shall foster diversity in terms of gender, experience and expertise among the directors and shall ensure that no implicit bias exists such as might result in any kind of discrimination, especially where this might hinder the selection of female directors.

Appointment and re-election:

The directors are appointed by the General Shareholders Meeting or may be co-opted by the Board of Directors, subject to a report from the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, or in the case of independent directors at the proposal of said committee.

The directors shall hold office for a term of three years, at the end of which they may be reselected one or more times for the same maximum term.

Directors co-opted onto the Board shall hold office until the next General Shareholders Meeting held after their appointment, and they shall resign their office in the event that said appointment is not ratified at the General Shareholders Meeting.

Before proposing the re-election of directors to the General Shareholders Meeting, the board shall assess the quality of the work carried out and the dedication to their office shown by the directors proposed during their previous term in office, who shall absent themselves from said assessment.



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With regard to the criteria for the selection or re-election of directors, firstly, candidates shall meet the conditions established in point 3.2 of this Policy.

In addition, Neinor Homes, in compliance with the Capital Companies Act, in the search for candidates to fill new vacancies, shall favour the diversity of gender, experience, age and knowledge of its directors and shall ensure that there are no implicit biases that may entail any type of discrimination, especially that may hinder the selection of female directors. In this regard, Neinor Homes is aware of the content of recommendation 15 of the Code of Good Governance with regard to the recommended percentage of female directors, which will be duly taken into account with regard to future appointments of new directors or the filling of vacancies on the Board of Directors that may arise. To this end, Neinor Homes shall ensure that there are sufficient candidates in the market that comply with gender diversity, in addition to functional and nationality diversity, and shall endeavour to ensure that, as far as possible, the Company has a significant number of female senior managers. These criteria shall be carried out in the selection process and compliance with them shall contribute to the efficiency of the Board of Directors' decision-making.

The proposal of candidates for director may be made by any director, provided that the person meets the conditions established in point 3.2 of this Policy, although it is the ARC that will analyse the suitability of the candidacy in accordance with the guidelines of this Policy, to subsequently submit it to the Board of Directors, who will formally approve it. As part of the selection process, the ARC, or at least its chairman or one of its members, shall meet with each of the candidates for board members before issuing its report or proposal, recording the meetings and at least the evaluation of the final candidates or those considered suitable in the minutes of the ARC meetings.

The candidate shall also be required to provide sufficient information about the rest of his or her activities and any potential conflicts of interest that may affect him or her, so that the ARC can assess the effect they may have on the candidate's ability to perform his or her duties under the stipulated conditions or on his or her current or future independence, and his or her formal acceptance in writing of the Group's policies for directors shall be sought.

Assessment:

With regard to assessment, Article 18 of the Regulation of the Board of Directors requires the Board annually to assess (i) its functioning and the quality of work; (ii) the discharge by the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of their functions as such, based on the report issued by the Appointments and Remunerations Committee; (iii) the diversity of the Board's members and the skills of the directors; and (iv) the functioning of the Board Committees based on the reports issued by the same. For these purposes, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall organize and coordinate the assessment process with the Chairs of the Board Committees.

Every three years, the Board of Directors shall be assisted in its evaluation by an external consultant, whose independence shall be verified by the Appointments and Remunerations Committee.

Based on the results of the annual assessment, the Board of Directors may propose an action plan to correct any weaknesses observed in relation to the quality and efficiency of the Board's functioning, the functioning and membership of committees, diversity, the work of the Chairman and of the Chief Executive, and the work and contributions made by each director.

Removal:

The directors shall cease to hold office when the term for which they were appointed ends, or where so decided by the General Shareholders Meeting.

Directors must place their position at the disposal of the Board of Directors in the cases mentioned in Article 21.2 of the Board Regulations (see section C.1.19 below).

The Board of Directors may only propose the removal of an independent director before the end of his/her statutory term of office upon sufficient grounds, established by the Board of Directors subject to a report by the Appointments and Remunerations Committee. The removal of independent directors may also be proposed because of a public takeover bid or of mergers and other similar corporate operations that would result in changes in the company's capital structure, provided such changes arise in line with corporate good governance recommendations applicable to the Company from time to time.

C.1.17. Explain the extent to which annual Board assessments have resulted in significant changes in its internal organization and in the procedures applicable to its activity:

Description of modifications s

In accordance with the provisions of Article 529 nonies of the LSC and Recommendation 36 of the Good Governance Code, as well as with the CNMV's Technical Guide 3/2017, in relation to the Audit Committee, the Company, in the last quarter of the financial year, carried out an evaluation of the functioning of the Board and its respective Committees assisted by an external expert, this being the sixth year that such evaluation was carried out, following the best national and international market practices.

The evaluation carried out has been linked to an action plan for improvement measures.

The evaluation of the Board has not led to major changes in its internal organisation, as the Board and the respective Committees have been assessed as functioning very positively and in line with the best practices of good governance

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of public interest companies.

The main conclusion of the evaluation was that "Neinor Homes has a solid governance model, characterized by a unified, active, and dedicated Board of Directors, with high professional and human value, who have complementary knowledge and experience, which helps to enrich the debate and contributes to the proper functioning and efficiency of the different administrative bodies."

The strengths identified in the evaluation of the Board were:

- 1. Overall performance: All board members rated the performance of all the governing bodies between "Very good" and "Excellent", with the Chairman of the Board and the Audit and Control Committee being the most highly rated.
- 2. Composition of the Board. All board members consider there is adequate:
 - Size of the Board
 - Proportion of directors, by its classification
 - Mix of knowledge, skills and experience
- 3. Functioning of the Board. A majority of members consider appropriate:
 - Frequency and duration of meetings
 - Quality of supporting documentation
 - Board's agility for decision-making
- 4. Participation from senior management. Interaction with senior management team: very frequent and adds value. Highlights:
 - CEO: has helped to generate a very positive atmosphere within the management team
 - GRC and Internal Audit: extraordinary team
- 5. Interaction and information between Board and Committees.
 - Highlight: Broader discussions are performed in the committees' meetings, permitting Board meetings to be shorter, more efficient and agile.
- 6. Fulfilment of responsibilities. The 3 committees were highly valued by its committee members. Land Investment Committee outperforms: 100% "strongly agree" that they have satisfactorily fulfilled their assigned responsibilities.

The improvement actions in the action plan are:

- 1. Possibility of celebrating an additional Board meeting (off-site): focus in the follow-up of the Strategic Plan.
- 2. Send, in the extent possible, the supporting documentation for Board and Committees' meetings with more daysin advance.
- 3. Include new /continue to develop training sessions: ESG, regulatory developments and director compensation.
- 4. Increase the transparency, among board members, of the Succession Plan: Chairman and CEO.
- 5. Celebration of an informal meeting within the Board, as a way of developing a "team building" activity.
- 6. Continue to improve interaction of the Board with most relevant stakeholders: ie. Proxy advisors & Top institutional investors.
- 7. Continue to align with international corporate governance best practices, in terms of reporting:
 - Individualized level of attendance to Board and committees' meetings.
 - Number of additional Boards, in order to avoid overboarding.
 - Further disclosure regarding gender diversity in the Selection Policy.
- 8. Assess the possibility of improving gender diversity at the Board.
- 9. Assess the possibility of increasing level of independence at the Board.
- 10. Value the "pros" and "against" of increasing level of independence at Key committees.

Describe the assessment process and the areas evaluated by the Board of Directors with the assistance, where applicable, of an external consultant, with respect to the functioning and membership of the board and its committees, and any other area or issue subject to assessment.

The evaluation of the functioning of the Board and its Committees has been carried out internally by the company's GRC, Internal Audit and Sustainability Department in financial years 2018, 2019, 2021 and 2022.



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In financial years 2020 and 2023, being the third year of such evaluation, it has been carried out externally, relying on consultants of recognised prestige, PwC and Georgeson respectively, in accordance with the provisions of article 18.3 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors of Neinor Homes and recommendation 36 of the Good Governance Code of Listed Companies of the CNMV (Spanish National Securities Market Commission).

The evaluation process assisted by the external expert has been carried out following three working approaches in order to try to obtain greater visibility and objectivity:

- Sending and subsequent analysis of the evaluation questionnaire to the Directors, the aim of which is to obtain
 more quantitative responses on the effectiveness of the functioning of the management bodies: Board,
 committees, chairman, CEO, secretary of the board, committee chairmen; in line with the regulatory expectations
 set out in the CNMV's recommendations.
 - The link to the evaluation questionnaire was sent by email to all board members, carried out on an online platform, thus ensuring anonymity of responses and 100% participation.
 - Said questionnaire will be based on market practices and will take into account the questions included in the evaluation questionnaires of previous years, in order to be able to analyse the evolution in the relevant aspects for Neinor Homes regarding the dynamics and functioning of its Board of Directors.
- 2. Interviews with Independent Directors to identify the degree of effectiveness of the functioning of the management bodies, the aim of which is to obtain more qualitative responses.
 - The interviews were conducted with each of the directors separately, and both the responses and the comments made by them have been treated anonymously.
- 3. Benchmarking of the company's corporate governance practices with comparable companies at national level, in order to identify the degree of alignment of the company with its peers, highlighting the practices in which it is a best practice.

The benchmark was based on public information (website, corporate governance reports, etc.).

The recommendations of the most relevant international proxy advisors (ISS and Glass Lewis) and the voting policies of the main foreign institutional investors active in corporate governance with a presence in the share capital of Spanish listed companies have also been taken into account.

C.1.18. For those years in which evaluations were assisted by an external consultant, describe the business relations maintained by the consultant or any entity forming part of its group with the company or any group company.

The evaluation carried out in financial year 2020 was the first to be assisted by an external consultant, PricewaterhouseCoopers S.L. (PwC).

The business relationships maintained with this consultant or any of its group companies in financial year 2020 are detailed below, in addition to the actual work of assisting in the evaluation of the Board and its Committees:

- Limited review and testing of the effectiveness and efficiency of the controls established in the company's internal Financial Information Control System.
- Support in the review of operations of analysis on the prevention of money laundering.
- Advising on the integration and procedure of companies acquired in the current financial year.
- Review and prior analysis of the legal, tax, labour and financial aspects of companies acquired or merged by the company.
- Advice and analysis of the servicing market at national level.

The amount of the business relations that the external consultant maintained with the company and its group companies in the financial year 2020, and which have been detailed above, amounted to 629 thousand euros.

The evaluation carried out in the 2023 financial year was the second time that an external consultant, Georgeson S.L., assisted the company.

In addition to the work of assisting in the evaluation of the Board and its Committees, in financial year 2023 the only business relationship maintained with this consultant or any company in its group was the identification of shareholders. The amount of such business relationship amounted to 6 thousand euros.

C.1.19. Describe the circumstances in which directors are obliged to resign.

Directors must tender their resignations to the Board of Directors in the following circumstances:

· when they cease to hold the executive positions with which their appointment as directors was associated;



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- when they are affected by any case of incompatibility or disbarment established by law or in the bylaws.
- when they are admonished by the Board of Directors for infringing any of the obligations incumbent upon the directors;
- when their continuance as members of the Board could jeopardize or harm the interest, credit or reputation of the Company, or where the reasons for their appointment are removed, including, without limitation, as a result of significant changes in their professional situation or in the conditions under which they were appointed to their directorship;
- when they are prosecuted for any offence or are the subject of disciplinary proceedings instigated by the supervisory authorities in relation to any serious or very serious offence;
- in the case of proprietary directors, (i) when the shareholder represented sells its entire shareholding or materially reduces said the same, or (ii) by the requisite number, when the shareholder represented reduces its shareholding to a level requiring a reduction in the number of proprietary directors;
- when a director is a member of more than four Boards of Directors of other listed companies (aside from the Company);

Compo	ıny);					
	alleged wrongdoing by orate the reputation in			continuance o	could be serious	ly detrimental to equi
C.1.20 . Are	qualified majoritie	es other than	those establi	shed by la	w required fo	or any decisions?:
		E	✓ Sí	No No		
escribe the	e differences, whe	re applicable	∋.			
		Descrip	otion of differen	ces		
Association directors properties well as the given exections.	of the Regulations on specifically establish resent at the meeting. The previous approval stutive functions will require, where applicable te.	other voting ru In particular, the of contracts to buire the favorab	les, resolutions : appointment, i be entered into le vote of at lec	shall be ado removal and between the ast two thirds	pted by absolution agreements to agreements to company and of the members	ote majority of the terminate of CEOs, It directors who are softhe Board, with
The Capito	al Companies Law indi Officers.	cates that a mo	ajority is sufficier	nt for the app	oointment or rer	moval of the Chief
	e whether any spe applicable to direc	ctors.	ons exist for a	ppointmer	nt as chairmo	an the board othe
		Descrip	otion of condition	ons		
1.22 State	whether the byla	ws or the Boo	ard's Regulat	ions establ	ish any age I	imits for directors:
Г	Edad límite presidente	_	Sí consejero delegado	No No	Edad límite	e consejero
			Remarks			



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C.1.23. State whether the bylaws or the Board's Regulations establish any limits on mandates or other stricter requirements in addition to the conditions established by law or applicable regulations for independent directors:

☐ Sí ✓ No	
Additional requirements and/or maximum term of mandates in years	

C.1.24. State whether the bylaws or the Board's Regulations establish any specific rules for proxy votes by other directors at board meetings, the procedure for the issue of proxies and in particular, the maximum number of proxies a director may hold. Likewise, state whether any restrictions exist regarding the categories of director to whom proxies may be issued above and beyond the restrictions established by law. Where appropriate, provide a brief description of the rules.

Neither the bylaws nor the Board's Regulations establish any specific rules for proxy votes at Board meetings, and there are no restrictions with regard to the categories of directors to whom proxies may be granted above and beyond the restrictions established by law.

C.1.25 State the number of meetings held by the board of directors during the year. Where appropriate, indicate the number of board meetings that were not attended by the chairman. In this computation, the chairman should be treated as attending where represented by proxy with specific instructions.

Number of board meetings	12
Number of board meetings not attended by the chairman	0

	Remarks	

State the number of meetings held by the coordinating director with the other directors but not attended by the CEO either in person or by proxy.

Not applicable because the chairman is not an executive director.

	Number of meetings	-
--	--------------------	---

State the number of meetings held by the different board committees during the year:

Number of meetings of the executive or steering committee	- *
Number of meetings of the audit committee	6
Number of meetings of the appointments and remunerations committee	9
Number of meetings of the appointments committee	- *
Number of meetings of the remuneration committee	- *
Number of meetings of the Land Investment Committee (LIC)	4

^{*} Not applicable, because this committee does not exist in the company.



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ı	Remarks
ı	Remarks
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ı	

C.1.26. State the number of meetings held by the board of directors during the year and the attendance data for the board members:

Number of meetings attended in person by at least 80% of directors	12
% attendance in person / total votes cast during the year	99.07%
Number of meetings attended by all directors either in person or by proxies issued with specific instructions	12
% of votes cast by directors in person or by proxies issued with specific instructions / total votes cost during the year	99.07%

Remarks

C.1.27 State whether the individual and consolidated annual accounts presented to the board for approval are previously certified:

☐ Sí ✓ No

Where appropriate, identify the person(s) who certified the individual and consolidated annual accounts of the company for preparation by the board:

Name	Office		
Remarks			

C.1.28. Explain the mechanisms, if any, established by the Board of Directors to ensure that the annual accounts submitted by the Board of Directors to the General Shareholders' Meeting are drawn up in accordance with accounting regulations.

In accordance with Article 39.3 of the Board's Regulations, the Board of Directors shall endeavour to the prepare the final annual accounts in such manner as to ensure that there is no need for the auditor to include any emphasis of matter or qualifications in the opinion issued. In the exceptional cases where emphasis of matter paragraphs or qualifications may exist, both the Chair of the Audit and Control Committee and the external auditors shall provide the shareholders with clear explanations as to the contents of the same. Where the Board considers that it must maintain its stance, it shall publicly explain the meaning and extent of the difference of opinion.

Article 9.1(d) of the Audit and Control Committee Regulation expressly requires the Committee to ensure that the Board of Directors is able to present the financial statements to the Annual General Meeting without scope limitations or qualifications and, in the exceptional cases where such may exist, the Chair of the Audit and Control Committee and the





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external auditors shall clearly explain to the shareholders of the meaning and extent of such scope limitations and qualifications.

In accordance with Article 9.6(e) of the Audit and Control Committee Regulation, the Committee shall meet periodically with the external auditor (once in the planning phase before audit procedures begin and once after the audit in the drafting phase for reports). At least one such meeting each year shall be held without the presence of any members of the Company's management team to debate audit tasks and any issues arising from the audit procedures carried out.

C.1.29. Is the secretary to the board a director?		
☐ Sí	▼ No	

Complete the following table if the secretary is not a director:

Secretary's name	Representative	
Silvia López Jiménez	Silvia López Jiménez	
Remarks		

C.1.30. Describe the specific mechanisms established by the company to protect the independence of external auditors, as well as the mechanisms, if any, to protect the independence of financial analysts, investment banks and rating agencies, including a brief explanation of how the pertinent legal provisions were implemented in practice.

The company has established selection, approval and evaluation procedures for all relevant providers to support and ensure transparency in tender processes.

Regarding the services concerned in this section, the company retains the services of external auditors applying the procedures mentioned in the preceding paragraph on the same basis as for other service providers.

In order to safeguard the independence of the company's external auditors, the Audit and Control Committee has also established the following policies and procedures:

- Employment policy for former auditors
- Policy for the provision of non-audit services by the external auditor
- Annual internal audit report on the independence of the external auditor
- Annual Independence Letter/Report issued by the external auditor.

Services performed by external auditors that are not limited to the review of the annual accounts or interim financial statements require the approval of the audit committee to ensure that they do not affect the auditor's independence.

The company's Governance, Risk and Compliance management ensures compliance with these policies.

C.1.31. State whether the company changed its external auditor during the year. If so, identify the incoming and outgoing auditors:

▼ No

Outgoing auditor	Incoming auditor

☐ Sí





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	Remarks		
e whether there were any disagre tent:	ements with th	ne outgoing au	ditor and explain th
	☐ Sí	▼ No	
Explanation	on of disagreeme	nts	
Il fees billed by the auditor to the con	☐ Sí	✓ No Group	Total
Cost of other non-audit work (thousands	Company	companies	Total
of euros) mount of non-audit work / Total amount			
of euros) mount of non-audit work / Total amount			
Amount of non-audit work / Total amount nvoiced by the audit firm (in %) .33. State whether the auditor's report emphasis of matter paragraphs or question the chairman of the audit committee.	valifications. When to the shareh	nere applicable,	the prior year contain
of euros) Amount of non-audit work / Total amount nvoiced by the audit firm (in %) .33. State whether the auditor's report emphasis of matter paragraphs or question the chairman of the audit committee plain the contents and scope of such or the contents and scope or the contents and scope of such or the contents and scope or the	valifications. When to the shareh	nere applicable,	the prior year contain
amount of non-audit work / Total amount invoiced by the audit firm (in %) 33. State whether the auditor's report emphasis of matter paragraphs or quithe chairman of the audit committee plain the contents and scope of such a supplementation of reasons and direct link to the	valifications. When to the shareh qualifications.	nere applicable, olders at the an No available to shareh	the prior year contain state the reasons offe nual general meeting

C.1.34. State the number of consecutive years for which the current audit firm has examined the individual and/or consolidated annual accounts of the company. Also, state the number of years examined by the current auditor as a percentage of the total number of years in which the annual accounts have been audited:

Number of consecutive years Individual Consolidated	Number of consecutive years	Individual	Consolidated	ı
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	9	9
Number of years examined by the current audit firm /	Individual	Consolidated
Number of years in which the company has been audited (%)	100%	100%
Remarks		

C.1.35. State whether there is any procedure to ensure that the directors are provided sufficiently in advance with the necessary information to prepare meetings of the governing body, and where applicable explain such procedure:

✓ Sí	☐ No
-------------	------

Description of procedure

In accordance with Article 16 of the Board's Regulations, calls for meetings of the Board of Directors must be issued at least 72 hours prior to the date of the meeting, accompanied by all relevant information duly prepared and summarized. In practice, both calls and the documentation for meetings are sent 6-7 days in advance using a restricted tool to which only the directors have access, in order to guarantee information security.

The agenda for board meetings shall indicate clearly the points on which the board of directors is required to adopt a decision or resolution, so that the directors can examine or obtain the necessary information in advance.

Moreover, Article 23 of the Regulation permits the directors to request information on any matter falling within the purview of the Board of Directors and to examine the books, ledgers, documents and other documentation.

Requests for information must be addressed to the Secretary of the Board of Directors, who will submit them to the Chairman of the Board and to the appropriate interlocutor in the Company.

The Secretary shall advise the director concerned of the confidential nature of the information requested and received, and of his/her duty of confidentiality pursuant to the Regulation.

The Chairman may refuse to provide the information where he considers (i) that it is not needed for the proper discharge of the functions incumbent upon the director, or (ii) that the cost is not reasonable in view of the importance of the problem and the Company's assets and revenues.

C.1.36. Indicate whether the company has established rules obliging directors to report and, where appropriate, resign when situations arise that affect them, whether related to their actions in the company, which could damage the company's credit and reputation:

✓ Sí	☐ No

Explanation of rules

In accordance with Article 21.2(iv) of the Board's Regulations, the directors are required to tender their resignation to the Board of Directors where their continuance could jeopardize the interest, credit or reputation of the Company. The Board shall accept such resignation where deemed appropriate.

In such cases, the director concerned shall explain the circumstances in a letter sent to all of the Board members, and his/her removal shall also be duly explained in the Annual Corporate Governance Report.

C.1.37. Indicate, unless special circumstances have arisen which have been recorded in the minutes, whether the board has been informed or has otherwise become aware of any situation





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Director's name	Nature of observation	Remarks	
	☐ Sí ✓ No		
affecting a director, whether reladamage the company's credit	ated to his or her performance in the and reputation:	company itself, which co	iuld

In the above case, indicate whether the board of directors has examined the case. If the answer is affirmative, explain in a reasoned manner whether, in view of the specific circumstances, it has adopted any measure, such as opening an internal investigation, requesting the resignation of the director or proposing his removal.

Also indicate whether the board's decision has been reported to the appointments committee.

□ No

∏ Sí

	_
Decision adopted / action taken	Reasoned explanation

C.1.38. List any agreements entered by the company, which will come into force, be amended, or be terminated in the event of a change in control of the company resulting from a public takeover debate and its effects.

Most of the financing contracts entered into by the company with financial institutions include change of control clauses that establish either the need for the creditor's prior consent to the change of control or early maturity of the financing.

C.1.39. Indicate any agreements between the company and its directors, managers and employees, which provide for compensation, guarantees or golden parachutes in the event of resignation or unfair dismissal, or where contractual relations are terminated as a consequence of a public takeover bid or any other type of corporate transaction. These agreements should be identified individually in the case of directors and on aggregate in other cases.

Number of beneficiaries / Type of beneficiary	Description of the agreement
CEO and part of the Management Committee.	In the event of termination of the contract by the Company, unless such termination is due to a serious and culpable breach by the beneficiaries of the obligation's incumbent on them by law or contract, the beneficiaries shall be entitled to receive compensation equivalent to two years of their last stipulated fixed salary.

State whether these agreements must be reported to and/or approved by the company's management bodies or by the group in any cases other than those established by applicable law. If so, specify the procedures, the case is concerned and the nature of the management bodies responsible for approval and for reporting:

	Board of directors	General Meeting
Body authorizing clauses	Χ	



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Are these clauses reported to the General Shareholders Meeting?	YES	NO
		Χ

Remarks	

C.2. Board of committees

C.2.1. List all board committees, their members and the proportion of executive, proprietary, independent and other external holding seats on the same:

There is no Executive or Steering Committee.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Name	Office	Category
-	-	-

% executive directors	
% proprietary directors	
% independent directors	
% other external directors	

Remarks	

Explain any functions delegated or assigned to this committee other than those already mentioned in section C.1.9 above and describe the procedures and rules governing the committee's organization and functioning. For each function, state the most relevant actions during the year and explain how the committee discharged each of the functions attributed to it by law, the bylaws or any other corporate agreements in practice.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Name	Office	Category
Anna M. Birulés Bertrán	Chairwoman	Independent Director
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	Vocal	Independent Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilá	Vocal	Independent Director
Van J. Stults	Vocal	Proprietary Director
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola	Vocal	Proprietary Director

% executive directors	0%
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% proprietary directors	40%
% independent directors	60%
% other external directors	0%

Explain the functions assigned to this committee including any additional functions to those provided for by law and describe the procedures and rules governing the committee's organization and functioning. For each function, state the most relevant actions during the year and explain how the committee discharged each of the functions attributed to it by law, the bylaws, or any other corporate agreements in practice.

Procedures and rules governing organization and functioning:

Article 42 of the Company's Bylaws is as follows:

- 1. The Board of Directors will constitute a permanent Audit and Control Committee, an internal body of an informational and consulting nature, with no executive functions, with information, advisory and proposal-making powers within the scope of action indicated in section 5 of this article. The Audit and Control Committee shall have a minimum of three and a maximum of five members, appointed by the Board of Directors itself, all of whom, and especially its Chairman, must have knowledge and experience in accounting, auditing and risk management, both financial and non-financial. The majority of the members of the Audit and Control Committee shall be independent.
- 2. The Board of Directors shall appoint the Committee's Chair from among the independent directors holding seats on the same. The Board of Directors shall likewise appoint a Deputy Chair where considered appropriate. The Deputy Chair shall be appointed under the same conditions as the Chair.
- 3. The office of Secretary to the Audit and Control Committee will be held by the person appointed by the Board of Directors. The secretary need not be a full member of the Audit and Control Committee, in which case it will not be necessary for the Secretary to be a member of the Board of Directors. The Secretary to the Audit and Control Committee need not be the same person as the Secretary to the Board of Directors.
- 4. The directors holding seats on the Audit and Control Committee shall discharge their functions while they continue in office as directors of the Company, unless otherwise agreed by the Board of Directors. The renewal, reelection and removal of the directors holding seats on the Committee shall be governed by the pertinent resolutions of the Board of Directors.
 - The office of Chair shall be held for a maximum term of four years, after which period the outgoing Chairman shall not be reselected until at least one year has passed since his/her termination, notwithstanding his/her continuation or re-election as a member of the Committee.
- 5. Notwithstanding any other tasks that may be assigned to it by the Board of Directors from time to time, the Audit and Control Committee shall have the following basic functions:
 - (i) To report to the General Shareholders Meeting on any questions raised by the shareholders within the remit of the Committee and, in particular, to report on the results of the audit, explaining how it contributed to the integrity of the financial information and the role played by the Audit and Control Committee in the audit process.
 - (ii) To supervise the effectiveness of the Company's and the group's internal controls, internal audit function and risk management systems (including the management of tax risks), and to discuss any significant weaknesses in the internal control system detected in the course of audit procedures with the auditor without thereby compromising its independence. For these purposes, the Committee may present its recommendations and proposals to the management body, establishing the pertinent monitoring periods.
 - (iii) Establish and supervise a mechanism that allows employees and other persons related to the company, such as directors, shareholders, suppliers, contractors or subcontractors, to report irregularities of potential significance, including financial and accounting irregularities, or those of any other nature, related to the company, that they notice within the company or its group. This mechanism must guarantee confidentiality and, in any case, provide for the possibility of communications being made anonymously, respecting the rights of both the reporting and the reported party.
 - (iv) Supervising the preparation and presentation of the statutory financial and nonfinancial statements and presenting recommendations or proposals to the Board of Directors directed to safeguard its integrity. In addition, the control and management systems for financial and non-financial risks related to the company and, where appropriate, to the group including operating, technological, legal, social, environmental, political and reputational risks or those related to corruption must also be supervised, reviewing compliance with regulatory requirements, the accurate delimitation of the consolidation



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perimeter, and the correct application of accounting principles.

- (v) To make proposals to the Board of Directors, for eventual approval by the General Shareholders Meeting, with regard to the selection, appointment, reelection or replacement of the auditors, in accordance with prevailing legislation, as well as proposals relating to the terms of engagements; to seek and obtain regular information from the auditors with regard to their audit plan and the progress thereof; and to safeguard the independence of the auditors in the discharge of their functions.
- (vi) Supervising the activity of the Company's internal audit function.
- (vii) To establish appropriate relations with the auditors in order to obtain information regarding any matters which might compromise their independence for examination by the Audit and Control Committee, as well as information concerning the audit procedures carried out and, where applicable, as required for the authorization of other non-audit services permitted under prevailing legislation, and to receive all other communications required under legislation governing the audit of financial statements and by prevailing audit standards. In any event, the Audit and Control Committee shall obtain the external auditors' annual letter of representations establishing their independence from the company and other companies directly or directly related with the same, as well as detailed, itemized information on any additional non-audit services of any kind and the fees received in respect of thereof by the external auditor or by any persons or entities related with the same, in accordance with prevailing audit legislation.
- (viii) To issue an annual report expressing an opinion on the independence or otherwise of auditors and audit firms. Said report shall be issued before the audit opinion is received. The Audit and Control Committee's report shall in any case address the provision of the additional non-audit services referred to in the preceding paragraph, considered both individually and as a whole, and it shall likewise address the system in place to assure the independence of the auditor in accordance with prevailing audit regulations;
- (ix) Reporting to the Board of Directors, prior to Board meetings, on all matters provided by law, the Articles of Association or the Board of Directors Regulations and, in particular, on the following matters: (i) the financial and nonfinancial information the Company must publish periodically; (ii) the creation or acquisition of interests in special purpose vehicles or entities domiciled in countries or territories considered to be tax havens; and (iii) transactions with related parties, in accordance with the provisions of any applicable legislation at any given time.
- (x) In relation to the external auditor: (i) to ensure its remuneration does not compromise its quality or independence; (ii) supervise that the Company notifies as a material event any change of external auditor to the National Securities Market Commission (Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores), accompanied by a statement of any disagreements arising with the outgoing auditor and the reasons for the same; (iii) to ensure that the Company and the external auditor adhere to current regulations on the provision of non-audit services, limits on the concentration of the auditor's business and, in general, other requirements concerning auditor independence and (iv) in the event of resignation of the external auditor, investigate the circumstances that may have caused such resignation.
- (xi) To summon any employee or executive of the company, and where appropriate to require their attendance without the presence of any other director or executive.
- (xii) Any other functions assigned by the Board of Directors in its Regulations.
- 6. The Audit and Control Committee shall meet quarterly on an ordinary basis to review the periodic financial information to be reported to stock market supervisors, as well as any information requiring the approval of the Board of Directors for inclusion in the annual reports published. The Committee shall also meet at the request of any of its members and wherever convened by its Chair, who shall convene a meeting whenever the Board of Directors or the Chairman of the Board requires a report or the adoption of proposals, and in any event whenever appropriate for the proper discharge of its functions. Committee meetings shall be deemed quorate whenever attended, either in person or by proxy, by half plus one of its members. Resolutions shall be adopted by majority vote. The Chair shall not have a casting vote in the event of tie.
- 7. The Board of Directors may draw up and approve a Regulation implementing the foregoing.

Also, Article 14 of the Board's Regulations provides as follows:

- Supervise the activity of the Company's internal audit function reporting organically to the Chairman of the Audit and Control Committee and monitor the independence of the unit handling the internal audit function; propose the selection, appointment and removal of the head of the internal audit function; propose the function's budget; approve or make a proposal for approval to the Board of the priorities and annual work programme of the internal audit unit, ensuring that it focuses primarily on the main risks the Company is exposed to (including reputational risk); receive regular report-backs on its activities; and verify that senior management are acting on the findings and recommendations of its reports.
- Report on related party transactions to be approved by the General Shareholders' Meeting or the Board
 of Directors, as the case may be, and supervise the internal procedure for transactions whose approval



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has been delegated.

- Report on the acquisitions that entail or may entail a conflict of interest.
- Report on any corporate structural modification intended to be carried out, its economic conditions and its accounting implications, specially, where appropriate regarding the applicable exchange rate.
- Supervise compliance with the policies and rules of the Company in the environmental, social and corporate governance areas, and internal rules of conduct. In particular, the Committee shall be responsible for:
 - (i) Supervise compliance with the Company's internal codes of conduct and corporate governance rules and ensure that the corporate culture is aligned with its purpose and values.
 - (ii) Monitor the implementation of the general policy regarding the disclosure of economic-financial, non-financial and corporate information, as well as communication with shareholders and investors, proxy advisors and other stakeholders. Similarly, the way in which the entity communicates and relates with small and medium-sized shareholders should be monitored.
 - (iii) Periodically evaluate the effectiveness of the Company's corporate governance system, to confirm that it is fulfilling its mission to promote the corporate interest and catering, as appropriate, to the legitimate interests of remaining stakeholders.
 - (iv) Ensure the Company's environmental and social practices are in accordance with the established strategy and policy.
 - (v) Monitor and evaluate the Company's interaction with its stakeholder groups.

The Audit and Control Committee shall prepare an annual report on its activities, explaining the main matters arising, if any in relation to the Committee's functions. Where the Audit and Control Committee may deem it appropriate, it may include proposals to improve the Company's governance rules in said report.

The Audit and Control Committee may summon any member of the company's management team or staff to appear before it, even without the presence of any other manager. Persons so summoned shall be required to attend the meetings of the Audit and Control Committee and to offer their full cooperation and access to any information they may hold. That committee may likewise require the auditors to attend its meetings.

With a view to achieving the best possible outcomes, the Audit and Control Committee may seek the advice of external experts where deemed necessary to ensure the adequate discharge of its functions.

The Company shall establish an Internal Audit Department to supervise the proper functioning of information systems and internal controls under the oversight of the Committee. The Internal Audit Department shall report functionally to the non-executive Chairman of the Board of Directors or to the Chair of the Audit and Control Committee. The head of the Internal Audit Department shall present the department's annual working plan to the Audit and Control Committee. The Department head shall likewise report any incidents arising in the course of internal audit activities and shall submit a report to the Committee at the end of each financial year.

Activities carried out:

The most significant of all the matters examined and dealt with at the various meetings of the ACC held during the year, in line with the functions and powers delegated to it, are summarized below:

(*) Activities submitted to the Board for approval and/or ratification.

- Report of the activities carried out by Internal Audit and GRC in 2022 (*)
- Review and approval of the annual report on the activities of the Audit and Control Committee
- Review and approval, where appropriate, of the report on related transactions and conflicts of interests for fiscal year 2022 (*)
- Proposal of training for the Board for 2023 (*)
- Review of the annual financial information as of 31 December 2022 including the Annual Financial Report and the annual accounts corresponding to the financial year ended on 31 December 2022. Presentation on the conclusions regarding the audit carried out by Deloitte, S.L. (*)
- Review of the proposed summarized financial statements corresponding to the twelve months of the financial year ended on 31 December 2022.
- Review and approval of the proposal to the Board of Directors regarding the re-election of the auditor of the Company, as well as its group, for the financial year ending 31 December 2023 (*)
- Report on the negotiation of treasury shares by the Company (*)
- Report on the press release and explanatory presentation of the Company's annual results (*)





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- Report on the corresponding sections of the Annual Corporate Governance Report (IAGC) for financial year ended on 31 December 2022 (*)
- Review and approval of:
 - The information regarding ICFRS to be included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report (IAGC).
 - The external auditor's verification report on ICFRS
 - The executive summary of the internal auditor on ICFRS.
- Report on the Q1 financial information (*)
- Results of the external audit of AML/CFT prevention, risk self-assessment report and annual report on AML/CFT prevention activities
- Results of the external data protection audit
- Review of the modifications to the policy on conflicts of interest and related parties and of the anti-harassment protocol (*)
- Situation and evolution of sustainability aspects
- Report on the press release and presentation regarding the H1 financial information (*)
- Presentation of the audit work carried out for the review of the financial statements of H1 and external audit recommendations (*)
- Update on the estimation of risks arising from ongoing legal proceedings (*)
- · Review of the various quarterly reports on the review of the company's internal control and risks
- Analysis and reporting of communications received through the whistle-blowing channel (*)
- Update and monitoring of the results to date of the Sustainability Plan and presentation of the social impact of the developments of year 2022
- Review and approval of the report on the auditor's independence and on the delivery of services different from the audit services (*)
- Review and approval of the Non-Financial Information and Sustainability Memorandum Report to be included in the consolidated management report (*)
- Review of the H1 financial information and summarized consolidated interim financial statements (*)
- Report on the capital reductions to reimburse shareholders contributions by reducing the nominal value of the shares (*)
- Report on the capital reduction by means of the redemption of treasury stock (*)
- External Audit Effectiveness Report
- Planning and follow-up of the external audit (planning of the closing of annual accounts and review of non-financial information, results of preliminary work / risks identified)
- Presentation of GRC plan for 2024
- Presentation of the Audit and Control Committee's work schedule for 2024
- Review and approval of non-audit services provided by the external auditor
- Report on the cybersecurity attack. General structure of cybersecurity in the Group and measures taken (*)
- Approval of the protocols for the analysis and identification of investors in operations for the formalisation of Joint Ventures for co-investment operations (KYC investors) (*)
- Review of compliance with the internal code of conduct and corporate governance rules (article 14 c) of the charter of the Committee)

Identify the directors appointed to seats on the audit committee in view of their knowledge and expertise in accounting and audit matters and state the date of the Committee Chair's appointment to office.

Name of directors with relevant expertise	Anna M. Birulés Bertran
	Van J. Stults
	Alfonso Rodés Vila





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22/02/2023

Remarks	

APPOINTMENTS AND REMUNERATIONS COMMITTEE

Name	Office	Category
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	Chairman	Independent Director
Anna M. Birulés Bertran	Vocal	Independent Director
Alfonso Rodés Vilà	Vocal	Independent Director
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola	Vocal	Proprietary Director
Van J. Stults	Vocal	Proprietary Director

% executive directors	0%
% proprietary directors	40%
% independent directors	60%
% other external directors	0%

Explain the functions assigned to this committee including any additional functions to those provided for by law and describe the procedures and rules governing the committee's organization and functioning. For each function, state the most relevant actions during the year and explain how the committee discharged each of the functions attributed to it by law, the bylaws, or any other corporate agreements in practice.

Procedures and rules governing organization and functioning:

Date of appointment as Committee Chair

Article 43 of the Company's Bylaws provides as follows:

- 1. The Board of Directors shall create a permanent Appointments and Remunerations Committee as an internal informational and consultative body without executive duties, but vested with reporting, advisory and proposal-making powers in its area of activity, as described in sub-section 5 of this Article. The Appointments and Remunerations Committee shall have a minimum of three and a maximum of five members, being non-executive directors appointed by the Board of Directors at the proposal of its Chairman. The majority of the members of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee shall be independent directors.
- 2. The Board of Directors shall appoint the Committee's Chair from among the independent directors holding seats on the same. The Board of Directors shall likewise appoint a Deputy Chair where considered appropriate. The Deputy Chair shall be appointed under the same conditions as the Chair.
- 3. The office of Secretary to the Appointments and Remunerations Committee will be held by the person appointed by the Board of Directors. The secretary need not be a full member of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, in which case it will not be necessary for the Secretary to be a member of the Board of Directors. The Secretary to the Appointments and Remunerations Committee need not be the same person as the Secretary to the Board of Directors.
- 4. The directors holding seats on the Appointments and Remunerations Committee shall discharge their functions while they continue in office as directors of the Company, unless otherwise agreed by the Board of Directors. The renewal, re-election and removal of the directors holding seats on the Committee shall be governed by the pertinent resolutions of the Board of Directors.
- 5. Notwithstanding any other tasks that may be assigned to it by the Board of Directors from time to time, the



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Appointments and Remunerations Committee shall have the following basic functions:

- (i) To evaluate the competences, expertise and experience required by the Board of Directors; for these purposes, the Appointments and Remunerations Committee shall define the necessary skills and abilities of the candidates to cover any vacancy and shall evaluate the time and dedication required to discharge the related duties effectively.
- (ii) To establish a target for representation by the minority gender in the Board of Directors, and to prepare guidelines for the attainment of that target.
- (iii) To make proposals to the Board of Directors for the appointment of independent directors by co-option or for presentation and approval at the General Shareholders Meeting, as well as proposals for the re-election or removal of such directors by the General Shareholders Meeting.
- (iv) To make proposals for the appointment of other directors by co-option or for presentation and approval at the General Shareholders Meeting, as well as proposals for the re-election or removal of such directors by the General Shareholders Meeting.
- (v) To make informed proposals for the appointment or removal of management personnel, and on the basic terms and conditions of their contracts.
- (vi) To examine and organize the succession of the Chairman of the Board and of the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and, where applicable, to make proposals to the Board of Directors to ensure an orderly and well-planned succession.
- (vii) To report to the Board of Directors on policy regarding the remuneration of directors and senior managers or other persons holding management posts and reporting directly to the Board of Directors, executive committees or executive directors, as well as the individual remuneration and other contractual terms applicable to the executive directors, and to verify compliance with the policy established.
- 6. The functioning of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee shall be governed by such rules as may be determined by the Board of Directors in the pertinent Regulation.

Also, Article 15 of the Board's Regulations provides as follows:

- The Appointments and Remuneration Committee shall meet quarterly or, at least, four times a year in ordinary session. It shall also meet at the request of any of its members and when convened by its Chairman, who must call a meeting whenever the Board of Directors or its Chairman requests the issuance of a report or the adoption of proposals and whenever necessary for the proper exercise of its functions.
- Meetings of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee shall be duly convened when a majority of the members are present in person or by proxy and resolutions shall be adopted by absolute majority vote.
- Minutes shall be taken of the committee's meetings and a copy of the minutes shall be sent to all the members of the Board of Directors.
- The committee shall consult the Chairman and the CEO of the Company, especially in matters concerning
 executive directors and managerial employees.
- Where considered necessary to enable it to perform its functions more effectively, the Appointments and Remuneration Committee may take advice from outside experts, taking care to ensure that conflicts of interest do not adversely affect the independence of the external advice provided to the committee.

Activities carried out:

The most significant of all the matters examined and dealt with at the various meetings of the ARC held during the year, in line with the functions and powers delegated to it, are summarized below:

(*) Activities submitted to the Board for approval and/or ratification.

- Review of the proposal of payment of bonus to the employees and top management of the Company in connection with year 2022 and review of the remuneration for 2023 (*)
- Review and approval of bonus accrued to employees and senior management in 2022 (*)
- Review of the performance and approval of the bonus accrued by the employees and the top management on 2022 (*)
- Review and approval of the salaries, goals and target bonus of the employees and the top management for 2023 (*)
- Review of the performance and approval of the targets and incentives accrued by the CEO on 2022 (*)
- Review and favourable report of the salary, goals and target bonus of the CEO for 2023 (*)
- Review of the performance and approval of the incentives accrued in connection with the NLTIP and SIP 2020-2022 and liquidation of the programme (*)





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- Assessment of the Board of Directors and its committees (*)
- Review and approval of the annual report on the activities of the Board and its Committees (*)
- Review of the specific targets of the bonus of the executive director and certain members of top management for 2023 (*)
- Report on the corresponding sections of the Annual Corporate Governance Report (IAGC) for financial year ended 31 December 2022 (*)
- Report on the Annual Report on the Remuneration of directors (IAR) for financial year ended on 31 December 2022 (*)
- Re-election proposal of Ms. Anna M. Birulés Bertrán, Mr. Ricardo Martí Fluxá and Mr. Alfonso Rodés Vila as independent directors of the Company for the statutory period of three years (*)
- Report on the re-election of Mr. Borja Garcia-Egocheaga Vergara as executive director and of Mr. Aref H, Lahham, Mr. Van J. Stults and Mr. Felipe Morenas Botín-Sanz de Sautuola as proprietary directors of the Company for the statutory period of three years (*)
- Appointment proposal of Ms. Anna Birulés Bertrán as chair of the Audit and Control Committee for a period of three years (*)
- Review and approval of the Management Incentive Plan 2023-2025 (*)
- Review and approval of an update of the remunerations of the Directors and Board Secretary (*)
- Approval of the new incentive plan 2023.2025 for certain executives and the executive director (*)
- Approval of the targets of the first annuity of the new incentive plan (*)
- Review and approval, of the Regulations of the new Management Incentive Plan (*)
- Review and favorable report of the amendments to the Directors' Remuneration policy (*)
- Presentation of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee Plan 2024
- Assessment of the Board and its Committees (*)
- Review of the dedication of non-executive directors (article 11 a) of the charter of the Committee)
- Review of compliance with the internal code of conduct and corporate governance rules (article 14 c) of the charter of the Committee)

APPOINTMENTS COMMITTEE

The Company does not have an Appointments Committee, the functions and duties of which are assigned to the Appointments and Remunerations Committee.

Name	Office	Category

% proprietary directors	
% independent directors	
% other external directors	

Explain the functions assigned to this committee including any additional functions to those provided for by law and describe the procedures and rules governing the committee's organization and functioning. For each function, state the most relevant actions during the year and explain how the committee discharged each of the functions attributed to it by law, the bylaws or any other corporate agreements in practice.



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REMUNERATIONS COMMITTEE

The Company does not have a Remuneration Committee, the functions and duties of which are assigned to the Appointments and Remunerations Committee.

Name	Office	Category

% proprietary directors	
% independiente directors	
% other external directors	

Explain the functions assigned to this committee including any additional functions to those provided for by law and describe the procedures and rules governing the committee's organization and functioning. For each function, state the most relevant actions during the year and explain how the committee discharged each of the functions attributed to it by law, the bylaws, or any other corporate agreements in practice.

LAND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

Name	Office	Category
Aref H. Lahham	Chairman	Proprietary director
Borja García-Egotxeaga Vergara	Vocal	Executive director
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	Vocal	Independent director
Van J. Stults	Vocal	Proprietary director
Andreas Segal	Vocal	Independent director
Felipe Morenés Botín Sanz-de Sautuola	Vocal	Proprietary director
Juan José Pepa	Vocal	Proprietary director

% executive directors	14.29%
% proprietary directors	57.14%
% independent directors	28.57%
% other external directors	0%



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Explain the functions assigned to this committee, describe the procedures and rules governing its organization and functioning. For each function, state the most relevant actions during the year and explain how the committee discharged each of the functions attributed to it by law, the bylaws, or any other corporate agreements in practice.

Procedures and rules governing organization and functioning:

The internal Regulation of the Land Investment Committee establishes, inter alia, the following:

- 1. The Committee shall be formed by a minimum of three and a maximum of seven members. The Committee members shall be appointed by the Company's Board of Directors at the proposal of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, subject to consultation with the Chair of the Land Investment Committee.
- 2. The majority of the Committee members shall be non-executive directors. All members of the Committee shall have broad, recent and appropriate professional, technical and financial experience in the real estate sector and in financial investment, whether securities investment or investment in real estate assets.
- 3. Only the Committee members shall be entitled to attend its meetings. However, other directors and employees, and other natural persons and external advisers may be invited to attend the Committee's meetings on a regular basis, and other persons who are not members of the Committee may also be invited to attend all or part of a meeting wherever deemed necessary or appropriate. Only the Committee members shall have the right to vote on its resolutions, and any other persons attending shall be permitted only to speak.
- 4. The committee members shall be appointed for a maximum term of three years, which may be extended by a further two 3-year terms, provided search Committee members continue to be members of the Board of Directors.
- 5. The Committee's Chair shall be appointed by the Board of Directors. In the absence of the Committee's Chair and his/her appointed stand-in, the other members of the Committee attending shall select one of their number to chair the meeting.
- 6. The office of Secretary to the Land Investment Committee shall be held by such persons as may be appointed by the Board of Directors. The Secretary to the Land Investment Committee need not be a full member of the same, in which case (i) he/she shall not have the right to vote, and (ii) he/she shall not be a member of the Board of Directors. The Secretary to the Land Investment Committee need not be the same person as the Secretary to the Board of Directors.
- 7. The Committee's resolutions shall be adopted by majority vote. All members of the Committee attending its meetings shall vote on all items on the agenda except where any conflict of interest may exist, in which case the Committee member affected shall leave the meeting and shall not take part in deliberations or vote on any matters where he/she may have a conflict of interests.
- 8. All reports prepared by the Committee and submitted to the Board of Directors for its consideration before the approval of any Board resolution shall expressly mention that all proposals made by the Committee are in compliance with prevailing legislation.
- 9. The Committee shall meet at least four times each year, and whenever necessary. Notwithstanding, the Committee shall meet wherever so requested by any of its members or wherever it is validly convened by the Chair
- 10. The Committee Chair shall convene a meeting wherever the Board of Directors or the Chairman of the Board may request that a report be prepared or a proposal approved, and in any event wherever deemed expedient for the due discharge of its functions.
- 11. Committee meetings shall be convened by the Secretary to the Committee at the request of any of its members, or at the request of the Chairman of the Board.
- 12. Unless otherwise established, the call for each meeting shall state the venue, the date and the time of the same, and the agenda setting out the business of the meeting, and it shall be sent to each of the Committee members and any other persons required to attend, as well as non-executive directors, at least three (3) business days in advance of the date of the meeting. Any background documentation shall be delivered to the Committee members and any other parties invited to attend, where applicable, together with the call for the meeting.
- 13. Notwithstanding the above, Committee meetings shall be understood to be validly convened without the need for any prior call if all of its members are present, either in person or by proxy, and unanimously agree to hold a meeting and the agenda for the same. Likewise, the members of the Committee may vote by letter without holding a meeting, provided none of the directors opposes this procedure.
- 14. The Committee members may also meet simultaneously at more than one venue connected by any system allowing recognition and identification of participants, uninterrupted communication between the same wherever they may be and participation in voting, all in real time. Subject to the foregoing, the Committee may





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hold its meetings by conference call or video conference, and by other similar methods of communication.

Wherever the participants in a Committee meeting may find themselves, it shall be understood that all of them attend the same meeting. Any such meetings shall be understood to be held at the venue where the majority of the Committee members are met, or in the event of a tie, at the venue where the Committee Chairman or his stand-in as chair of the meeting may be located.

- 15. The Committee shall discharge the following functions for the company and its principal affiliates:
 - (i) To define general investment policies and strategies, investment objectives, the rules for and limitations applicable to the purchase and disposal of real estate assets, and all other investment policies followed by the Company, and where applicable to present all of the foregoing to the Board for its approval.
 - (ii) To review all of the aforementioned strategies and objectives at least annually, and to adopt and approve any changes.
 - (iii) To evaluate and adopt a final decision either in favour of or against the possible acquisition of real estate assets, possible real estate developments and the financing of real estate purchases and/or developments undertaken by the Company, whether directly or via any group entity, and to evaluate and adopt a final decision with regard to the financial viability of such investments, their fit with the Company's investment policies and compliance with applicable laws.
 - (iv) To prepare the pertinent reports on all matters examined by the Committee and to present the same to the Board, especially in cases where a resolution of the Board is required in accordance with prevailing legislation.
 - (v) To analyse and track the Company's investment results and performance in relation to the investment strategies, objectives, policies, rules and limits approved by the Committee, including without limitation, examination of the procedures applied by the Company to establish that investments are made in accordance with the aforementioned investment strategies, objectives, policies, rules and limits.
 - (vi) To approve the evaluation methods utilized by the Company in relation to the purchase or disposal of real estate portfolios and assets.
 - (vii) To address any other issues or tasks that may fall within the Committee's remit.
- 16. The Chairman of the Committee shall report formally to the Board on the Committee's actions with regard to all issues falling within its remit after each meeting. The Chairman shall likewise report formally to the Board with regard to the discharge of the Committee's responsibilities, including analysis of compliance with legal, regulatory and internal requirements applicable to the evaluation and execution of investments and, in general, the outcomes of all actions concerned in the tasks assigned to the Committee.
- 17. The Committee shall report to the Board on all purchases, investments and disposals of land for real estate development prior to approval by the Board, wherever the amount of the transaction concerned exceeds €10 million
- 18. In general, the Committee shall report to the Board on all and any other matters where the same may request the Committee's opinion, and on any issues which the Committee understands it should remit to the Board for its consideration.
- 19. The Committee shall make all such proposals to the Board as it may consider necessary with regard to matters falling within its remit and requiring action or the implementation of improvement measures.
- 20. The Committee shall prepare an activity report for inclusion in the Company's annual report. This report shall provide details of all investments and disinvestments made by the Company, as well as a brief summary of each and every one of the transactions carried out and the conclusions of the Committee reports in relation to each of the same.

Activities carried out:

The most significant of all the matters examined and dealt with at the various meetings of the LIC held during the year, in line with the functions and powers delegated to it, are summarized below:

- Follow up on strategic considerations and guidance approval for 2023
- Bond refinancing update & cash Management (*)
- Investment Strategy update (*)
- Deliveries overview 2023
- Review and approval of the annual report on the functioning of the Land Investment Committee
- Development overview
- Update on rental crystallization (*)





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- Update on co-investment (*)
- Update on acquisitions and projects
- Overview of the development activity
- ICM and Second Goes approvals.
- Regular updates on marketing processes
- Regular updates on potential land acquisitions by the company
- Forecast closing and results 2023

C.2.2. Complete the following table with infdirector, about the number of female directors holding seats on board committees at the reporting date for the last four years:

	Number of female directors				
	Fiscal year 2023 Fiscal year 2021 Fiscal year 2021 Number % Number %				
Executive committee	-	-	-	-	
Audit committee	1	1	1	1	
Appointments and Remunerations Committee	1	1	1	1	
Appointments committee	-	-	-	-	
Remuneration committee	-	-	-	-	
Land investment committee	0	0	0	0	

C.2.3. Where applicable, state whether there are any regulations for the board committees, where they are kept available for consultation, and whether they have been amended during the year. Also, state whether any annual reports on the activities of each commission have been voluntarily prepared.

Each of the three Board Committees has its own Regulations. All these regulations are available on the Company's website (https://www.neinorhomes.com/en), section Responsible Business and Innovation, sub-section Corporate Governance.

The current Regulations were approved on March 8, 2017, prior to the Company's IPO, and have been updated and amended on April 13, 2022.



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RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND INTRAGROUP TRANSACTIONS

D.1. Explain, if applicable, the procedures and competent bodies for the approval of related-party and intragroup transactions, indicating the company's general internal rules and criteria governing the abstention obligations of the directors or shareholders affected, and provide details of the internal reporting and periodic control procedures established by the company in relation to those related-party transactions whose approval has been delegated by the Board of Directors.

Procedure for proposals to approve related-party transactions

The procedure followed by the Company to report the approval of related-party transactions is set out in the Conflicts of Interest and Related Parties Transactions policy approved by the Board of Directors on July 15, 2015, the most recent updates being on 23 February 2022, incorporating the changes in the regime of related-party and intragroup transactions of the Capital Companies Act, and on 24 May 2023, which, on the one hand, developed the procedure for approving related-party transactions, to cover the case of the creation of joint ventures with a shareholder and, on the other hand, to regulate the protocol and the approval of related-party transactions in writing and without a meeting of the audit and control committee (hereinafter ACC).

The policy is published on the company's website.

This policy establishes the following:

- Where any Company Parties learn of a possible Related-Party Transaction, they shall inform Neinor Homes' Governance, Risk and Compliance and Internal Audit Department as soon as they become aware of the same.
 - If it is found upon examination that a transaction is a Related-Party Transaction, the Company Party shall prepare a written report addressed to the Governance, Risk and Compliance and Internal Audit Department showing that the transaction would be carried out under market conditions and would respect the principle of equality between shareholders.
- 2. Following analysis of the report on the Transaction by the Governance, Risk and Compliance and Internal Audit Department, this Department shall analyze and carry out the appropriate reviews of the Transaction and shall prepare the corresponding report (which may endorse the report of the Responsible Party or prepare a different one) and shall proceed to approve the Transaction if it meets the conditions for delegated approval, or shall submit the Transaction to the ACC as provided in the following point.
- 3. The transaction between Related Parties must be reported to the ACC (unless it is a transaction that may be delegated by the Board and its approval has been delegated, in which case the provisions of the following section shall apply). The reports justifying the transactions shall form part of the documents submitted to the ACC for discussion.
- 4. The ACC shall evaluate the Transaction, analysing whether it is fair and reasonable from the point of view of the Company and, if applicable, of the shareholders other than the Related Party, giving an account of the assumptions on which the evaluation is based and the methods used. If appropriate, it may request reports from independent experts. When a Transaction may affect the equal treatment of shareholders, reference shall be made to the provisions of section 4.1.5.
- 5. Once the approval of the ACC has been received, the transaction shall be submitted to the Board of Directors or the General Shareholders' Meeting for review and approval, in accordance with the regulations in force. If the Related Party is a director (or a person related to a director), he/she will have to withdraw from the decision-making process at the Board meeting that decides on the Transaction.
- 6. Transactions whose approval has been delegated shall not require a prior report from the ACC. However, the Board of Directors establishes the following internal reporting and periodic control procedure in relation to these transactions, with the intervention of the ACC, to verify the fairness and transparency of such transactions and, if applicable, compliance with the applicable legal criteria
 - (i) The Compliance Department, as the body responsible for monitoring all Related Party Transactions, shall prepare a report on the number, nature and amounts of such Related Party Transactions;
 - (ii) The Compliance Department shall send a report with the frequency requested by the CAC, and in any case on an annual basis when reviewing the financial information, presenting in aggregate form the Transactions approved under the powers delegated by the Board.
 - (iii) The ACC shall analyse said report from the Compliance Department and shall submit to the Board the appropriate annual report on its supervision and control of transactions with delegated Related Parties.



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The Audit and Control Committee may seek clarification with regard to any given transaction and/or request additional documentation to assess whether the transaction was carried out under the approved terms.

In relation to the Application of Equal Treatment for Conflicts between Interested Shareholders, point 4.1.5 of said policy describes the following:

In order to ensure equal treatment between Neinor Homes shareholders regarding business opportunities that may be identified, guidelines shall be established for the event that more than one significant shareholder may be interested in acting as supplier/service provider of such business opportunity, with regard to the corporate activities performed by such shareholders.

In the event that Neinor Homes is interested in the purchase of any good/transfer of any assets and/or the provision of any service and there is more than one significant shareholder interested, the following procedures shall be followed:

- i. If one significant shareholder interested on said business opportunity is informed about it, all shareholders must be informed as well.
- ii. If the selection of a service provider is performed through an auction procedure, all interested shareholders shall be invited to attend the auction.

In selecting the supplier, the interests of Neinor Homes will always prevail over any other interests.

The policy is published on the company's website at the following link: https://www.neinorhomes.com/uploads/documentos contenidos/945/documento/Standard-of-conflict-of-interest Neinor 2023 for-report.pdf

D.2. Provide a detailed breakdown of those transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter that were carried out between the company or its subsidiaries and shareholders holding 10% or more of the voting rights or represented on the Company's Board of Directors, indicating the competent body for their approval and whether any shareholder or director affected abstained. If the competent body was the General Shareholders' Meeting, indicate whether the proposed resolution was approved by the Board without the majority of independent directors voting against:

Name or company name of the shareholder or of any of its subsidiaries	% Ownership interest	Name or corporate name of the company or dependent entity	Nature of the relationship	Type of operation and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousa nds of euros)	Approving body	Identification of any significant shareholders or directors who abstained	The proposal to the General Shareholder' Meeting, if any, was approved by the Board without the majority of independents voting against
ORION EUROPEAN REAL ESTATE FUND V, S.L.P.	29.517%	Orion V European 24, S.á r.l.	Commerci al / Business / Developm ent of residential promotion	Creation of the company Pegasus Holdco, S.L. to develop build-to-sell developme nts, with equity of EUR 50 million contributed by both companies	50,000	Board of Directors / Investme nt Committe e / Audit and Control Committe e	AREF H. LAHHAM VAN J. STULTS	N/A

Remarks

Neinor Homes, S.A. and Orion V European 24, S.á r.l., a company wholly-owned indirectly by Orion European Real Estate Fund V S.L.P., have entered into an agreement to carry out, through a joint venture, residential real estate developments in Spain for build-to-sell.





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The joint venture is owned 90% and 10% by Orion and Neinor, respectively. Neinor acts as delivery partner manager, supervising project design, licensing, marketing and construction. In addition, Neinor Homes, S.A. has a representative on the Board of Directors.

D.3. Provide a detailed breakdown of those transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter that were carried out by the company or its subsidiaries with the directors or executives of the company, including those transactions carried out with entities controlled or jointly controlled by the director or executive, indicating the competent body that approved them and whether any shareholder or director affected abstained. If the General Shareholders' Body was the competent body, indicate whether the proposed resolution was approved by the Board without the majority of independent directors voting against:

Name(s) or company name(s) of the director(s) or executive(s) or their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Name or company name of the company or subsidiary	Link	Nature of the operation and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousand s of euros)	Approving body	Identification of any shareholders or directors who abstained	The proposal to the General Shareholder' Meeting, if any, was approved by the Board without most independents voting against.

Remarks

D.4. Provide a detailed breakdown of intragroup transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter that are carried out by the company with its parent company or with other entities belonging to the parent's group, including the listed company's own subsidiaries, unless no other related party of the listed company has an interest in such subsidiaries or the latter are wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by the listed company.

You should in any event mention any intergroup transactions carried out with entities registered in countries or territories listed as tax havens:

Group entity's name	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
	Remarks	

D.5. Provide a detailed breakdown of those transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter that are carried out by the company or its subsidiaries with other related parties that are related in accordance with the International Accounting Standards adopted by the EU, which have not been reported under the preceding headings.

We detail below the transactions and balances that are significant due to their amount (taking as a reference all the related companies with a balance or transaction amount of one million euros, in which in turn we will break down all the remaining balances and transactions) or relevant due to their subject matter.



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Company name of its group entity	Brief description of the operation and other information necessary for its assessment	Amount (thousands of euros)
Banco Santander (Santander Group)	Interest income in favour of the company.	354
Banco Santander (Santander Group)	Financial expenses	7,926
Banco Santander (Santander Group)	Credit balance / Liability for financial debt as at 31.12.2023 for financing operations by developer operations	83,367
Banco Santander (Santander Group)	Debit balance / Assets. Net cash position with this entity in favour of the company at 31.12.2023	85,605
Aliseda, S.A.U. (Santander Group)	Purchases / Acquisition of land / plot in Alovera (Guadalajara)	927
Grupo Rayet, S.A.	Debit balance. Long-term loan maintained since the merger with Quabit Inmobiliaria	531
Rayet Medio Ambiente, S.L.	Debit balance. Long-term loan maintained since the merger with Quabit Inmobiliaria	644
UTE I-15 GRUPO RAYET, S.A.U RAYET MEDIO AMBIENTE, S.L.	Revenues from the subsidiary Quabit Construcción, for the development work on sector I-15 in Alovera (Guadalajara)	8,366
UTE I-15 GRUPO RAYET, S.A.U RAYET MEDIO AMBIENTE, S.L.	Expenditure by subsidiary companies; for the instalments paid for the urbanisation works of sector I-15 in Alovera (Guadalajara)	7,689
UTE I-15 GRUPO RAYET, S.A.U RAYET MEDIO AMBIENTE, S.L.	Balance owed by the subsidiary, Quabit Construcción, for invoices pending payment for the execution of the urbanisation work on sector I-15 in Alovera (Guadalajara)	6,802
UTE I-15 GRUPO RAYET, S.A.U RAYET MEDIO AMBIENTE, S.L.	Balance Receivable / Assets for work certifications pending collection	400
UTE I-15 GRUPO RAYET, S.A.U RAYET MEDIO AMBIENTE, S.L.	Debit balance / Advance payment of instalments granted to the development agent by the company	1,864
ABLANQUEJO, S.L.	Expenses / Services received as remuneration for work as Senior Advisor and Chairman of the construction company	1,330

D.6. Explain the mechanisms established to detect, determine and resolve possible conflicts of interests between the company and/or the group and its directors, managers and significant shareholders or other related parties.

The mechanisms established to detect, determine and resolve possible conflicts of interests are set out in the Conflicts of Interest and Related Parties policy approved by the Board and published on the Company's website.

In addition to this policy and the provisions established therein, the company has implemented an internal controls structure in this regard, which is based on the following elements providing reasonable assurance for the companies control bodies:

- ✓ Reporting channel for related-party transactions and other operations likely to generate conflicts of interest.
- ✓ Recording of transactions and analysis of these transactions.
- ✓ Compliance, acceptance and notification letter in relation to any transactions or conflicts of interest involving directors, senior managers and other executives in view of their functions and duties.
- Cross-checking against analysis tools and knowledge of natural and legal persons of directors and senior management, to identify those companies with which they have commercial or employment relations.
- ✓ Cross-referencing of the companies identified in the previous section with the company's accounts (invoicing sent and received).
- ✓ Periodic reviews and analysis of related-party transactions by the Internal Audit Department.
- Report on related-party transactions and conflicts of interest brought to the attention of and examined by Internal Audit. This report is prepared for submission to the Audit and Control Committee.
- ✓ Annual presentation of the register of related-party Transactions and conflicts of interest arising during the year to the Audit and Control Committee.



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D.7. Indicate whether the company is controlled by another entity within the meaning of article



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	entity or any of its	nd whether it has, directly or through its subsidiaries (other than those of the listed y of them.
	☐ Sí	▼ No
	hand, and the p	y business relationships between the listed parent company or its subsidiaries on the y:
	Sí	No No
subsidiaries on the one hand, and the parent		
Identify the mechanisms in place to r company of the listed company and th		conflicts of interest between the parent nies in the group:
Mechanisms for resolving p	potential conflicts of	interest



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E

RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

E.1. Explain the extent of the company's Risk Management and Control System, including those of a fiscal nature.

Neinor Homes has defined an Integrated Control System (ICS), which has been transferred to the entire organisation, in which the risks are associated with strategic objectives, processes and control activities and which also incorporates those responsible for the execution and supervision of these controls, as well as the evidence supporting the system.

The continuous monitoring of this model makes it possible to address daily operations and contingencies, as well as to facilitate the management of all areas of risk that may affect the achievement of the company's objectives (e.g. business, financial, tax, regulatory risks, etc.). In short, the Neinor Homes model integrates all regulatory compliance environments, with the entire control structure and business risks in a homogeneous manner, to obtain a transversal vision, which promotes synergies and eliminates duplication.

The main inputs to the ICS are as follows:

- Compliance risks and controls: encompasses internal control of financial reporting, money laundering, data protection, prevention of criminal liability, conflicts of interest, fraud and corruption, etc.
- Corporate risks and controls: covers external factors, competitive environment, cybersecurity, people, corporate governance, sustainability, etc.
- Business risks and controls (value chain): includes land acquisition, product, contracting, commercial management and sales, among others.

On the other hand, the Risk Management methodology used by Neinor Homes is based on Enterprise Risk Management (also known as COSO II), which enables the contribution of added value through the identification, management and monitoring of business risk management.

In relation to the control of tax risks, Neinor Homes has adopted the necessary control mechanisms to ensure compliance with tax legislation as part of appropriate business management. It also dedicates adequate and sufficiently qualified human and material resources to this end.

Every two years, the company reviews and updates its strategic/corporate risk map, which is submitted to the Board and the Audit and Control Committee for review and consideration.

In fiscal year 2022, the company proceeded to update and review the entire corporate risk map, which is the main source of the company's entire control system.

This risk-based control system is flexible and dynamic, in this sense a specific risk plan is made in certain situations or transactions where all the risks that may arise are analysed from different prisms in order to establish the appropriate verification tests, controls that allow and help the company to make better decisions and respond.

As an example, in 2020, after the outbreak of the pandemic, the company, as part of its Integrated Risk Control and Management System, defined a specific model for dealing with the risks that could materialise as a result of this situation (Scipio Project), which was transferred to the entire organisation and is associated with strategic objectives, processes and control activities, with regular monitoring and reporting of the results to senior management and the Audit Committee.

Some of the strengths that recurrently appear in the audit report of the ISO 9001 certification are the risk management system implemented by the company, the money laundering prevention model or the design of the risk-based strategic sustainability plan, among others. All of them are areas of responsibility of the GRC, Internal Audit and Sustainability Department, and have been developed by this same department, which in turn is in charge of the company's risk management by mandate of the Audit and Control Committee on which it functionally depends.

E.2. Identify the corporate bodies responsible for the preparation and implementation of the risk control and management system, including control and management of tax risks.

In accordance with Article 5.6 of the Board's Regulations, approval of the risk control and management policy falls within the Board's remit, including the management of tax risks and periodic monitoring of internal information and control systems.

The Board delegates these functions to the Audit and Control Committee (ACC), and in accordance with Article 9.7 of the Audit and Control Committee Regulation, therefore, the ACC has the following risk management functions:

- To identify and assess the different types of risk (operational, technological, financial, legal, corporate, environmental, political, tax and reputational risk, among others) to which the Company is exposed, including contingent liabilities and other off-balance sheet risks among financial and business risks.





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- To establish the levels of risk considered acceptable by the Company.
- To identify the measures in place to mitigate the impact of the risks identified in the event of materialization.
- To identify the information and internal control systems used to control and manage risks, including contingent liabilities and off-balance sheet risks.

However, initial responsibility for the supervision of the Integrated Risk Control and Management System in Neinor Homes lies with each business area involved, with the addition of periodic reviews conducted by the Governance, Risk and Compliance Department and ultimate validation from the Audit and Control Committee.

In particular, in the tax area, the Company's tax officer reports annually to the Board of Directors, either directly or via the Audit Committee, on the tax policies applied by the entity.

E.3. State the principal risks, including tax risks and corruption risks (within the meaning of Spanish Royal Decree Law 18/2017), where material, which could affect the successful attainment of business objectives.

Neinor Homes has classified the various risks to which it is exposed into 6 global categories:

- **Environmental risks:** related to the real estate sector and the cyclicality of the business. Correlation of our sector closely linked to the economic cycle. Business structure/resources not aligned to changes in the cycle/diversification of the Development/Equity/Rental activity. Administrative impact of the sector. New tax and regulatory policies for the sector, policies regarding land, management and licensing deadlines. Increase in construction and raw materials and land acquisition costs, as the existing supply and demand in the market and competitive environment are not homogeneous: associated with the competitiveness of the various agents involved in the real estate sector. Non-homogeneous competition.
- **Operational Risks:** Management of customer expectations and satisfaction. Excessive dependence on suppliers and sometimes limited supplier capacity of execution in time and form. Loss of business knowledge due to the outsourcing of essential services in the value chain. Retention and succession of key people. Inadequate adaptation to the industrial model. Alienation from the transformation and digitalization of the sector. Business paralysis due to external factors (pandemics, conflicts).
- **Compliance and ethical risks:** Non-compliance in time and quality of homes delivered. Illegal acts / criminal offences specified in the regulations, carried out by the company or its employees. Non-compliance with the rules and regulations to which the company is subject.
- **Financial and market risks:** Management of the capital market and all those related to the fulfilment of the expectations agreed with the shareholder/market. Excessive linkage to the financial sector. Non-compliance with margins and profit expected by investors and the market.
- **Strategic Risks:** Failure to meet deadlines or cost targets for strategic land development (land not ready for development) / and land acquisition. Valuation of assets and lack of discipline, coherence and reason in the acquisition of land. Failure to achieve sales foreseen in the Business Plan. Conflicts of interest in the strategic development and long-term viability of the company versus the expectations of investors and the market with a more short-term vision.
- Climate change risks. Following the main risks and opportunities identified by the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) in its recommendations for disclosures on climate-related risks and opportunities for financial institutions and non-financial companies, recommendations that were published in 2017 and are widely recognised internationally as guidelines on the subject. Transition risks (Political/Legal, Technology, Market, Reputational risks) and acute and chronic physical risks.

The nature of the real estate development activity means that Neinor Homes must assess and, where appropriate, mitigate both the risks inherent in the transition to a low-emission economy and those related to the physical impacts of climate change. See the note on Environmental Impact in the financial statements.

In this sense, in addition, non-compliance with certain ESG factors is one of the company's main risks, considering the company's environmental and social impact on the environment and on people as key, which has favoured certain actions with suppliers of raw materials, the energy efficiency of buildings, the analysis of climate change risks in our developments, the analysis of compliance with European taxonomy, actions aimed at promoting greater accessibility to housing or the study of the social impact in all our developments, among others.

The Integrated Control System (ICS) implemented is a dynamic tool, and as such it is intended to provide up-to-date, continuous information on the possible risks to which the Company may be exposed. Neinor Homes periodically compiles data on development / events that could potentially pose a risk from the various risk detections sources defined in order to facilitate analysis and continuous monitoring, to take any remedial measures required, and, where appropriate, to include any appropriate control / mitigation measures, and to analyse the effectiveness and value of the measures already in place in the ICS.



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E.4. State whether the entity applies risk tolerance levels, including in relation to tax risks.

Risk tolerance levels are defined in the risk assessment scale used by Neinor Homes to evaluate the potential risks to which it is exposed, classifying those that the company is willing to assume or reject (in order to achieve its strategic objectives) and placing these risks on the Risk Map.

These assessment scales consider both the financial and reputational impacts which the materialization of the risks evaluated could entail.

In addition, the final risk evaluation made applying the assessment scales addresses the likelihood of materialization in view of both historic data and future estimates.

Risks are evaluated both at the inherent level and at the residual level, i.e. after the application of the control measures established in each case. This procedure ensures effective prioritization of all risk events.

The final risk classification includes both qualitative elements and elements that could affect the attainment of the company's strategic goals or interfere with its mission, vision and values.

The analyses made are contrasted with the opinions of third parties interested in the company and against internal sources.

In the tax area, Neinor Homes ensures strict compliance with tax legislation in the different territories where the group operates, settling the taxes due in accordance with the law based on a reasonable interpretation of prevailing rules, notwithstanding the possibility of legitimate disputes arising with the tax authorities in relation to the interpretation of the applicable tax legislation, despite the application of a best tax practice policy.

The Audit and Control Committee is responsible for reviewing these variables each year to update and approve the appropriate tax practices.

E.5. State any risks, including tax risks, which have materialized during the year.

During 2023, certain risks inherent to Neinor Homes' real estate business and the consequences of various causes such as higher construction and energy costs, increased government regulation, inflation, rising interest rates and tighter access to financing, among others, have materialised, although they have not had a material impact on the development and operation of the company, we detail below those that we consider to have materialised the most:

- Increased construction costs (raw materials and labor).
- Difficult situation of certain construction companies and subcontractors for the completion of the development.
- Shortage of qualified labor for the execution of the different works.
- Shortage of land for future developments and excessive cost of existing land.
- Regulatory uncertainty (Housing Law, development of urban plans).
- Valuation of the company in the capital market.
- Increase in the cost of financing (interest rates), developer loans, corporate loans and increase in the spread for customers on mortgages.
- Uncertainty in the cycle due to the macroeconomic situation and demand.

On the other hand, during the 2017 fiscal year (1 June 2017), verification and investigation activities were initiated in respect of the companies in the NEINOR SUR group (VAT 2014-2016; Company Tax 2012-2015) and NEINOR PENINSULA (VAT 2015-2016; Company Tax 2015).

On 8 January 2019, the tax authorities concluded the verification and investigation procedure in respect of the companies and taxes described above, by means of a final settlement agreement with the following result:

- In relation to NEINOR SUR, no contingent liabilities have been detected that could represent a risk for the company;
- In relation to NEINOR PENINSULA:
 - Previously contingent liabilities (year ended 30 June 2015) in Company Tax have materialised due to differences in allocation over time, and tax penalties were issued. However, in the opinion of the Company and its advisors, the liabilities arising from such penalties do not evidence that they carry an associated material risk for the inspected company, given the nature of the discrepancy, so the likelihood of being confirmed by the Courts is remote.
 - In addition, previously contingent liabilities were detected for VAT (2015), and it is believed that it is likely that these liabilities will be confirmed by the courts, and therefore the company has made full provision for such risk.





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- In this regard, during 2019, the company filed an economic-administrative complaint with the Central Economic Administrative Tribunal (TEAC) against the inspection reports. The company and its advisors believe it is likely that the Court will be able to resolve the claim in a manner that will be favourable for the company's interests.

In the 2020 financial year, there were no new developments in this respect, with the actions described above continuing at the appeal stage.

During the 2021 financial year, contentious-administrative appeals were filed with the National Appellate Court in relation to the rejection of the Central Economic-Administrative Tribunal's resolutions regarding Corporate Income Tax, financial year 2015. The company and its advisors believe that the National Appellate Court may rule in favour of the company's interests.

There are no new developments in this respect for the financial years 2022 and 2023.

E.6. Explain the response and oversight plans for the entity's principal risks, including tax risks, as well as the procedures followed by the company to ensure that the board of directors responds to any new challenges arising.

During the process of updating the company's Corporate Risk Map, not only the risks and risk events that affect the business and regulatory compliance objectives of Neinor Homes have been defined, but also the control activities that allow mitigating such events.

The officers responsible for execution and supervision were identified for each of the controls established, and the supporting evidence required to show due implementation was defined.

In this regard, the functions envisaged in the Annual Activity Plans of the GRC and Internal Audit Management include periodic reviews of control activities to ensure their effectiveness and, where any control weaknesses may be observed, to make recommendations and propose relevant action plans.

Such periodic reviews of control activities are a fundamental part of the companies entire control structure, which integrates the different compliance systems implemented since the company was founded in May 2015, such as the FIICS and the criminal liability prevention, money laundering and terrorism finance prevention, data protection, related-party transactions and conflicts of interest, and fraud and corruption prevention systems, etc.

In order to effectively and efficiently integrate all of the compliance systems, the same uniform, standard implementation process was applied in every case, the key steps of which comprised analysis of external and internal expectations and risk appetite, analysis of domestic and international best practice policies and regulations, risk analyses, drafting of policies, analysis of the existing internal control structure, implementation and, where appropriate, design of additional controls / improvement measures, identification of the governance system (implementation / supervision / reporting), training and communication to the organization.

In addition, the Audit and Control Committee is provided with periodic reports for supervisory purposes on risk management developments in the company, the status of critical risks, monitoring and the progress of the response plans agreed.

The following are some of the measures taken to mitigate the materialized risks described in the previous point and which, as can be seen in the operational aspects related to construction, are easier to identify:

- Increased construction costs (raw materials and labor);
 - Promote the procurement of materials in advance of project execution.
 - Framework agreements with suppliers of the main brands prescribed in our projects.
- Delicate situation of certain construction companies and subcontractors for the completion of the development.
 - Establishment of collaborative agreements with construction companies.
 - Control of payment flows to all parties involved in the execution of the project.
 - Strengthening of the approval and selection processes for construction companies, increasing the relevance of their financial situation.
- Shortage of qualified labor for the execution of the different works.
 - Integration of more than one subcontractor for the execution of the main works.
 - Revision of the planning, in order to hire the necessary manpower in advance.

In addition to these measures, the company has strengthened both its construction management (Neinor Works), which provides support in those projects where the initially contracted construction company has left, and its construction subsidiary Quabit Construcción, which, together with the former, carries out projects from the outset when the price/quality/term conditions mean that the internal route may be the best option.





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With regard to the scarcity of land for future development and the excessive cost of the existing ones, the complex existing regulations for ordering new buildable land, added to the tensions experienced in relation to construction costs, makes it difficult to find available assets that can be promoted.

The company's main response plans to mitigate this factor are the in-depth knowledge of the real estate market by geographic areas and expected expansion zones, the continuous monitoring of opportunities and the analysis and search for unique and adapted transactions.

As for regulatory uncertainty (housing law, development of urban plans, etc.), the changing adaptation of urban planning regulations by the different public administrations to new socio-economic contexts, adds to the already complex urban management regulations. Issues such as the reservation of subsidized housing on developable land or the flexibility of uses are some examples that cast uncertainty on the viability or economic reality of certain assets.

With regard to this situation, the company tries to have a deep knowledge of regulatory matters, an investment policy aimed at reducing regulatory risks, the complete monitoring of regulatory developments in order to know potential advances in regulatory matters and, of course, to maintain direct contact with all public authorities.

In the case of the increase in the cost of financing (interest rates), developer loans, corporate loans and increase in the spread for customers in mortgages, it is important to note that at December 31 Neinor Homes had available an amount of 541 million euros, of which it had 357 million available (both amounts exclude the debt linked to the finished product). In addition, a high percentage of the company's financing is green financing with better market conditions than the rest.

Finally, this financing was obtained prior to the increase in interest rates and its conditions are mostly fixed, also for financing that has not been previously established in fixed rates, the Company has a derivative / cap for 300 million that ensures that it will not pay more than 2% interest rate, so that the company between these measures has covered all the current exposure and for the next 5 years.

The Company contracted in 2022 a derivative / cap for 300 million which ensures that it will not pay more than a 2% reference interest rate, with this measure the company has mitigated the interest rate risk and has covered all the current exposure and the next 4 years. In the case of mortgages for end customers, competition between banks has mitigated the rise in rates and customers have been able to access mixed mortgages with fixed rates in the first years below Euribor.

On the other hand, in an environment of high interest rates, in order to reduce long-term indebtedness, related to the debt linked to assets owned for rental, the company has proceeded to materialise their value on the market, selling them to different investors.

The company has been very active in this market, closing 4 operations in 2023 (developments for rental to third parties) for which it has obtained 186 million euros and has placed 599 homes on the market.

Likewise, with a view to diversifying risk, the company aims to maintain certain assets in property intended for rental, continues to build developments intended for rental and maintains the operational management of rentals in most of the assets it disposes of, thus maintaining the entire structure and capacity of this line of rental activity, sizing the property therein according to the situation of financial conditions and demand at any given time.

Finally, regarding the valuation of the company in the capital market or the uncertainty in the cycle due to the macroeconomic situation and demand, these are risks that involve a greater degree of complexity when taking specific measures that can help to mitigate them. However, the measures set out in the different strategic, business and real company response plans are based on the consolidation of a real estate platform, the diversification of the business, strengthening the rental line, the search for new alliances and partners to develop the BTS and BTR, the creation of business lines for the promotion of more affordable housing, the prioritization of the social and environmental impact of our business and finally to maintain a solid company in terms of deliveries, results and margins that gives an adequate return to shareholders and maintain this over time.

In this regard, the company, analysing the risk and uncertainty in the markets, which is reflected in the value of the shares on the continuous market, as well as the undervaluation of the shares of real estate companies, well below their NAVs, has sought to compensate shareholders by means of a return on their investment, approving, as part of the Neinor Homes Business Plan, an ambitious shareholder remuneration plan of 600 million euros over the next five years, Neinor Homes has sought to compensate shareholders through the return on their investment by approving, as part of its Business Plan, an ambitious shareholder remuneration plan of 600 million euros over the next five years, an objective that will make Neinor Homes one of the listed companies with the highest shareholder remuneration via dividends.

The company will have completed by February 2024 the distribution of 125 million euros to shareholders, 20% of the total forecast for the period. In addition, thanks to resilient operational and commercial activity throughout 2023, the company has excellent visibility for upcoming shareholder distributions of 325 million euros in total in 2024 and 2025, representing a return of 41%

On the efficient capital growth side, Neinor managed to sign agreements with three strategic partners to co-invest EUR 300 million, which represents a 60% fulfilment of the five-year target. Up to the end of the year, Neinor co-invested EUR 100 million in asset purchases with its partners.

With regard to the prioritisation of the environmental and social impact of the company's activity, the multiple measures launched by the company and described in our non-financial information report have enabled us to be recognised for the third consecutive year in 2023 by the prestigious ESG rating agency Sustainalytics (Morningstar) as the listed company with the lowest ESG risk in the world.

In relation to tax risks, Neinor Homes has implemented control mechanisms to ensure due compliance with tax regulations



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and its commitment to the application of good tax practices, in particular:

- ✓ Approval of tax criteria in accordance with the company's tax policy and its commitment to the application of good tax practices. These criteria are reviewed and validated annually by the person responsible for tax matters;
- ✓ Supervision and continuous control of the proper implementation of the agreed criteria. This supervision is carried out both internally, by those responsible for tax matters, and externally, by an independent tax expert;
- ✓ On an ad hoc basis, the head of tax matters of the entity reports to the Board of Directors on the results of the tax risk control mechanisms.

As of 31 December 2023, following the course of the last financial year, we consider that all the measures and decisions taken in the face of the risks analysed and materialised have enabled the company to diversify and become, thanks to both inorganic and organic growth, a real estate platform incorporating the entire value chain (urban development, retail, property development, rental of owned and third-party homes, construction, joint-venture vehicles, analysing possible lines of coliving and senior living).



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INTERNAL RISK CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS IN RELATION TO THE PREPARATION AND ISSUE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION (FIICS)

Describe the mechanisms making out the risk control and management systems relating to the preparation and issue of financial information by the company (FIICS).

F.1. Entity's control environment

Explain at least the following, describing key characteristics:

F.1.1. What bodies and/or departments are responsible for (i) the existence and application of an adequate and effective FIICS, (ii) implementation, and (iii) supervision.

Article 5.4 of the Board's Regulations establishes the powers of the Board of Directors in this area, and subparagraph xxiv specifically mentions its "ultimate responsibility for the <u>existence and application off attend effective Financial information internal control system (FIICS)</u>".

Implementation of the FIICS is a matter for all of the business areas defined in Neinor Homes, insofar as they are responsible for the application in practice of control mechanisms and measures to ensure the reliability of the company's financial information

In its work of supervising the appropriate implementation and application of the system, the Board receives the support of the Audit and Control Committee (ACC), which is assigned the following tasks in accordance with Article 9.3 of the Audit and Control Committee Regulation:

- To assess the suitability and effectiveness of internal financial controls and systems of internal control and financial and non-financial risk management, including oversight of the financial information internal control systems (FIICS) to ensure that the main risks are duly identified, managed, assessed and reported.
- To provide assurance that these systems appropriately mitigate risks in the context of the policy established by the Board of Directors, where appropriate.
- **F.1.2.** Whether the following exist, especially in relation to the preparation of financial information:
- Departments and or mechanisms for (i) the design and review of the organizational structure, (ii) the definition of lines of responsibility and authority, including appropriate distribution of tasks and duties, and (iii) the existence of sufficient procedures and awareness of the same throughout the company.

Neinor Homes' Board of Directors competences include defining the structure of the company, and it therefore has maximum responsibility for assigning duties related with the preparation and supervision of financial information and ensuring that each of the departments involved is duly apprised of its functions.

The General Finance Department (GFD) has primary responsibility for preparing the financial information, although all departments of the company are required to foster transparency and ensure the accuracy of the information they handle and supply to the market.

 Code of conduct, approval body, diffusion and training, principles and values included (stating any specific mentions of transaction recognition and the preparation of financial information), and body responsible for analysing non-compliance and proposing corrective actions and sanctions.

Neinor Homes Code of Ethics was approved by the Board of Directors on 14 May 2015, and it has since been updated on several occasions, the last time on 10 March 2017. The company's Ethics Code is the main pillar of its culture, and it provides the main guide for the activity of Neinor Homes, establishing a catalogue of ethical principles, values and rules of conduct that should effectively direct the activity of all group companies and of the people forming part of the company. This document is distributed to all employees on a periodic basis and upon the induction of new





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employees into the company for their information. Employees are required to return a signed copy signalling their acceptance.

In addition, the GRC Department provides training on ethics and compliance to the entire company on an annual basis. Attendance is mandatory.

Specifically, annex 4 of the Ethics Code explains that "persons responsible for entering data in the different physical and digital ledgers utilized by the company in the process of preparing its financial information must assure the reliability, integrity, accuracy and currency of such data in order to ensure that the financial information reported reflects a true and fair image of the company's equity, financial position and results of operations."

Both the Ethics Code and the Code of Conduct for third parties, and many of the company's Compliance Policies, Manuals and best practices, compliance with which is mandatory for all employees, are published on the company's website (Shareholders and Investors / Corporate Governance and Sustainability / Codes and Policies). The company's principles and values are set out in its Ethics Code and in the published document titled "Mission, Vision and Values".

In addition, "the effectiveness of the Internal Financial Information Control System (SCIIF) as a whole is assessed annually by the Internal Audit Management or by an independent third party".

On the other hand, one of the principles governing Neinor Homes' operations according to the Ethics Code is transparency, and the company therefore establishes that "it will supply the authorities, its shareholders, the markets in which it operates and its customers with accurate, transparent information on financial and accounting matters prepared in accordance with prevailing legislation".

Finally, all commitments to the Code of Ethics and the company's various policies and behaviour / conduct manuals are regularly circulated to all employees and new recruits, all of whom ratify their understanding and acceptance.

The body responsible for examining cases of non-compliance with the ethics code and proposing corrective action and sanctions is the GRC (Governance, Risk, Compliance) Internal Audit and Sustainability department, which reports directly to the Audit and Control Committee.

Whistleblowers channel to allow reporting of financial and accounting irregularities to the
audit committee, as well as possible cases of non-compliance with the code of conduct
and irregular activities within the organization, stating, where applicable, whether this
channel is confidential and whether it allows for anonymous communications, respecting
the rights of the whistle-blower and the reported party.

Neinor Homes has established an Ethics Channel to facilitate reporting (either by post or by email) of irregular or inappropriate conduct related with the accounts, control, risks and financial information, as well as other matters considered relevant in relation to the integrity, conduct and transparency of transactions arising in the course of the company's internal and external functioning.

The communication channels on which it is based are twofold:

- an Ethics Channel accessible through the address https://neinorhomes.integrityline.com/frontpage
- A postal address: Neinor Homes; Canal Ético; Paseo de la Castellana 20, 5ª planta; 28046, Madrid

Neinor Homes has published its Ethical Channel Management Procedure, which regulates the functioning of the Ethics Channel, on its website.

Reports identifying and not identifying the whistleblower are formally accepted, total confidentiality and anonymity of the person providing the information is guaranteed, and the system also permits reports to be filed without identifying the whistleblower. Whistleblowers reports are received by the GRC (Governance, Risk and Compliance), Internal Audit and Sustainability Department, and their analysis is a priority for the company. Where appropriate, the matters concerned may be submitted to the Monitoring and Control Department for a decision.

The complaints received through the ethics channel do not normally relate to reportable events that go against the principles set out in the company's code of ethics but are more related to after-sales operational incidents due to incidents after the delivery of homes. These incidents, when they affect aspects of habitability, are monitored by GRC management to ensure that a response is given and that our procedures are complied with.

In the event of an allegation that does impinge on the company's ethical principles, the facts are analysed by GRC management, which prepares a report and passes it to the CEO and/or the Audit and Control Committee, depending on the relevance and seriousness of the incident.

In 2023, no complaints were received in areas related to ethics, legality or regulatory compliance, but we did receive complaints about matters affecting our customers in or after the purchase of their home, which were among the complaints that are permitted to be reported under our Channel management procedure..

As a result of the complaints received, certain internal company procedures were improved. No complaints have been received regarding discrimination, human rights violations, corruption or bribery, or breaches of the Code of Ethics.



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In addition to the external and internal Ethics Channel, the company has implemented a confidential internal confidential channel for the communication of inefficiencies, non-compliance with procedures, malpractice and inappropriate conduct on the part of employees. Access to this channel is restricted to the GRC Department and to the Quality Manager.

 Periodic training and refresher programmes for employees involved in the preparation and review of financial information, and in FIICS assessments. These courses, or at least accounting rules, auditing, internal control and risk management.

When the Internal Audit Department was set up it organized an FIICS training course covering matters concerned in the preparation and review of financial information.

Meanwhile, the Internal Audit Department and the external Auditor gave a course to the accounts department when the company was listed on the stock exchange last year, dealing with the obligations of listed companies in relation to the financial information reported to the market and corporate good governance.

In addition, the staff involved in preparing and reviewing the financial information receive periodic training and refresher courses on accounting rules, internal control, risk management and regulatory Compliance.

Mandatory training, which is given on an annual basis, is on compliance, ethics, competition, conduct of business rules in securities markets, prevention of money laundering, cybersecurity and data protection.

In relation to the people who make up the GRC team, responsible for ensuring regulatory compliance in the company, in this financial year they have received training on:

- Conflicts of interest and related parties.
- ✓ Data protection.
- ✓ Regulatory compliance and legal risk in the company's environment.
- ✓ Whistle-blowing channel.
- ✓ Supervision of non-financial information.
- ✓ Prevention of money laundering.

Regarding the company's directors, on joining the company, a welcome protocol is in place which includes training on ethics, compliance, good governance, the use of privileged and confidential information, the company's internal control structure and their responsibilities and obligations as company directors, information which they ratify in various documents which they sign.

In the current financial year, the company's directors have received training on:

- ✓ Group Ethics and Compliance.
- ✓ Anti-money laundering and counter-terrorist financing.
- ✓ Cybersecurity.
- ✓ Market developments, macroeconomic situation and forecasts for the real estate sector.
- ✓ Update on ESG trends and regulatory changes: CSRD regulations, taxonomy and emissions.
- ✓ Valuation and appraisal of assets in 2023. General 2024 trends in the sector and applied to Neinor Homes.

F.2. Assessment of financial reporting risks

Report at least the following:

- **F.2.1** Principal features of the risk identification process, including error and fraud, with regard to:
- Existence and Documentation of the process.

Neinor Homes has a procedure in place to establish the scope of the processes to be included in the FIICS and to identify the relevant business cycles.

The company has also defined a matrix of controls associated with potential risks and accounting or administrative processes in each procedure included in the FIICS. This matrix is reviewed annually. The officers responsible for execution and supervision, associated policies / procedures in place and the audit evidence required have been



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established for each control.

The company has established a risk management methodology, which is applied in the process of design and implementation of all internal control and regulatory compliance structures. In this regard, we may highlight the following:

- Consideration of internal and external information for the identification of risks
- Consideration of assessment scales for the evaluation of risks
- Risk prioritization interviews and workshops
- Consideration of financial and reputational impacts in relation to the classification of risks
- Consideration of past, present and future probabilities in the analysis of risk materialization

All of the company's compliance environments, including the FIICS, form part of an integrated internal control and ongoing risk management system. The principal characteristics of this system are as follows:

- Identification of the corporate / strategic risk, strategic objectives, procedures, controls and evidence associated with each risk event, which are included in a controlled schedule to avoid duplication between the controls and risks defined for each regulatory compliance and operational environment.
- Implementation of processes and procedures allowing ongoing identification of the risks materializing and their consideration in the redesign and improvements of the internal control system, as well as the pertinent corrective actions.
- Monitoring and ongoing reporting to the company's Audit and Control Committee on the system's functioning and the risks materializing.

Section E above explains the company's Risk Control and Management Systems in more detail.

 Whether the process covers all financial reporting objectives (existence and occurrence, integrity, measurement, presentation, details and comparability, and claims and obligations), and the frequency with which procedures are updated.

The process defined and Neinor Homes covers all financial reporting objectives:

- ✓ Existence and occurrence: The transactions, events and other matters reflected in the information actually exist and are recognized at the appropriate time.
- ✓ Integrity: The information reflects all transactions, events and other matters to which the entity is party or which affect the same.
- Measurement: Transactions, events and other matters are recognized and measured in accordance with applicable accounting rules.
- ✓ Details, presentations and disclosure: Transactions, events and other matters are classified, presented and disclosed in the information in accordance with applicable rules.
- Claims and obligations: The information reflects claims and obligations through the appropriate asset and liability captions in accordance with applicable accounting rules.

These objectives are reviewed and updated when significant changes arise in the company's operations resulting in impacts on the financial information reported. In this regard, during the current year, due to the approval of the new strategic plan, there have been changes that have led to new dynamic ICFR controls and new controls have been incorporated.

 Existence of a process to establish the scope of consolidation, taking into consideration, inter alia, the possible existence of complex corporate structures, instrumental entities and special purpose vehicles.

The identification of the consolidation perimeter with details of company shareholdings is carried out at least annually or when corporate transactions affecting share capital or reserves take place, which are communicated as soon as they occur by the Legal Management or to the Financial Management, providing the deeds and documentation supporting the transaction.

In this way, the company ensures that its equity situation is kept up to date, and the GFD proceeds to consolidate the new companies in the financial statements and to recognize the transactions concerned on an appropriate basis.

The structure of Neinor Homes' consolidated group does not include any complex corporate structures that could give rise to any interpretations or value judgments such as might affect comprehension of the financial statements. All corporate transactions and operations which could result in changes to the scope of consolidation were discussed with our external auditors to ensure appropriate recognition in the Annual Accounts.



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• Whether the process takes into consideration the effects of other types of risks (operational, technological, financial, legal, tax, reputational and environmental risks, etc.) insofar as they might affect the financial statements.

The FIICS is one of the components of Neinor Homes integrated control system (ICS). As mentioned in section E.1 above, the system also takes into account the principal risks associated with regulatory compliance, such as the risk of fraud and corruption, money-laundering, data protection, etc., as well as corporate risks and those proper to the operations and business of the company (e.g. acquisitions of land, products, sales and purchases).

For a detail of the risks identified at the corporate level, see section E.3.

Which of the entity's governance bodies supervises the process?

As mentioned in section F.1.1, the Board of Directors is the ability responsible for supervising the FIICS via the Audit and Control Committee (ACC) to ensure that the principal risks are adequately identified, managed, measured and reported. In order to carry out this function, the Audit and Control Committee (CAC) relies on the company's GRC and Internal Audit Department, which annually reviews the effectiveness and efficiency of the operation of the Internal Financial Information Control System (SCIIF).

F.3. Control activities

Explain at least the following, describing key characteristics:

F.3.1. Procedures involved in the review and authorization of the financial information to be published in the stock market and description of the FIICS, indicating the officers responsible, and of the documentation describing workflows and controls (including controls relating to the risk of fraud) involved in the different types of transactions which could materially affect the financial statements, including the procedures applied in the accounting close and in specific reviews of the use of relevant judgements, estimates, valuations and projections.

In accordance with Article 14.5.iii of the Board's Regulations, responsibility for supervising the preparation and presentation of regulated financial and non-financial information is delegated to the ACC in order to safeguard its integrity. The Committee relies on the support of the General Finance Department and the Internal Audit Department to discharge this function.

The review and authorization procedure for financial information consists initially of double verification by the Accounts Unit and Accounts Department, followed by a review carried out by the company's Management Control Unit and final verification by the Finance Department.

Financial results are reported to the Audit and Control Committee each month.

Before the approval of quarterly financial information by the Board of Directors and its subsequent publication, the Audit and Control Committee meets each quarter to review and authorize said financial information. This information is provided sufficiently in advance to allow a reasonable margin for analysis.

The GRC and Internal Audit Department or an external expert reviews the efficiency and effectiveness of the ICFR on an annual basis, reporting its findings to the Audit and Control Committee.

At the close of the year, the company had 167 procedures / policies and manuals, non-compliance with which could have a direct or indirect impact on the financial statements. The General Finance Department is responsible for 17 such procedures, covering the Department's principal functions such as accounting, the financial information control system, guarantees, financial debt, payments and collections, receipt of invoices, dividends, bank reconciliations and cash flow, among others. In addition, as of the date of formulation, the company has designed three new controls related to the sale of one-off transactions, valuation and hedge accounting of derivatives, as well as transfers between inventories and investment property due to changes in use. These controls will be implemented in financial year 2024.

In the area of closing procedures, Neinor Homes has established a schedule sitting out key milestones and dates to be met in each monthly accounting close. In this regard, the Accounts Department closes out accounting periods sequentially by working group in line with the schedule dates in order to avoid errors in the accounting information. Meanwhile, the management system used does not allow the members of the working groups to make accounting entries where they were themselves responsible for closing the accounting period concerned. Each person responsible for making accounting entries verifies that the closing checklist has been properly followed.

Also, specific individual control measures exist to ensure supervision of the calculations made in relation to estimates and



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provisions (e.g. provisions for bonuses and accrued salaries payable, for legal contingencies and for tax contingencies). The financial information collected independently by the different departments and units involved is then subjected to an overall review, in which it is validated by the Management Control Department before being passed onto the Accounts Department. An analytic review is also carried out by the Strategic Financial Planning Department and by the Internal Audit Department.

F.3.2. Internal control policies and procedures relating to the information systems supporting relevant corporate processes involved in the preparation and publication of financial information (e.g. access security, change tracking, system operation, operational continuity and segregation of functions).

Most of Neinor Homes' business activities are supported by information systems, which provide the basic support for its internal operations, services management and marketing operations. The information handled by the different systems and applications, as well as the communications infrastructure, represent the principal asset used in the normal conduct of business operations, together with the company's people.

In this connection, the company has prepared a Security Policy, which covers the organizational structure, human and technical resources, processes, plans, procedures and protocols related with prevention and response measures to combat relevant physical, logical, compliance and good governance risks.

Security requirements and objectives are determined by the Information Security Committee based on the criteria established in Neinor Homes' policies and the needs detected by the officers responsible for information assets and for business processes. Their scope takes in all activities related with physical and information security, focusing especially on logical security. These requirements and objectives are applicable not only to the Organization's own Security activities and services directly, but also to third-party providers, who follow the guidelines and instructions provided from the standpoint of an advanced, all-round and integrated approach.

The purpose of this policy is to ensure adequate protection of Neinor Homes' information assets within the scope defined by the Information Security Management System, applying the following security principles:

- Confidentiality: ensure that information can be accessed only by authorized persons. The procedures established relate to:
 - o Physical and logical access controls
 - Information marking
 - o Supports management and Destruction
- Integrity: assure the accuracy and completeness of information and processing methods.
 - o Management of ERP patches and vulnerabilities
 - o Change management procedures (new developments, mobility applications, etc.)
 - Security of development and support processes
- Availability: ensure that authorized users can access systems when they require information and associated assets. The scope of procedures yes associated with the availability guarantee comprises:
 - o Backup Plan
 - Contingency Plan
 - o Business Continuity Plan
 - o Sundry Detection, Evaluation and Response procedures relating to disruptive incidents
- Privacy: ensure appropriate treatment of personal data

These basic principles must be protected and assured whatever the format of the information, whether electronic, printed, visual or verbal, regardless of whether processing is carried on at Neinor Homes' facilities or elsewhere.

The company has established high levels of security for access, continuous training in cybersecurity, reviews of information sent, protocols for the use of mobile devices, daily security copies of servers, restriction of access to external devices, etc.

Neinor Homes has established authorization processes for the approval of the invoices and payments, which are parameterized in the IT tool utilized, allowing identification of the persons involved in each Department and determination of the segregation of functions.

Since the beginning of Neinor Homes' activity, every year the company has been certified by ISO 27001 for Information Security. This certification was recently renewed in December 2023.

The certifier and assessor has been the company BSI, which indicates the following sections:

"The ISMS, in its current phase of implementation, has effectively demonstrated the company's internal processes. Significant pre-audit work prior to the audit has been identified, giving the ISMS a high degree of compliance.





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The maturity level is assessed as medium-high, highlighting the effort and dedication invested in the system."

"The risk management and continuity system has shown a high degree of maturity."

"The audit has shown a significant commitment and effective management of information security at NEINOR HOMES".

In addition, Neinor Homes periodically conducts cybersecurity audits with the company Tarlogic to test its IT defence systems, the last audit having taken place in October 2023.

Lastly, in the 2023 financial year, Neinor Homes underwent a voluntary audit conducted by BDO on compliance with data protection regulations, the conclusion of which was as follows:

"The review carried out on Neinor Homes, Quabit Construcción and Renta Garantizada, with regard to compliance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 and Organic Law 3/2018 of 5 December on Data Protection and the Guarantee of Digital Rights, reflects the interest of all of them in complying with the legislation and the work carried out to achieve this objective."

F.3.3. Internal control policies and procedures relating to supervision of the management of activities subcontracted to third parties, as well as assessments, calculations and evaluations entrusted to independent experts, where the same could materially affect the financial statements.

Neinor Homes has established a procedure for the selection, approval and assessment of providers / third parties (e.g. architects, construction firms, marketing firms, advisors and so on). This procedure allows an objective appraisal of external firms for the purposes of selection and contracting of those considered most suitable for the provision of services in accordance with the law and the company's own internal procedures (which include appropriate processing of financial information and the prohibition of disclosure without authorization, among other matters).

Neinor Homes understands that the scope of the internal control procedures applicable to third parties should include material providers, strategic providers having a potentially significant impact on financial information or at the reputational level, providers using confidential information or providing relevant professional services, as well as external auditors, independent asset appraisers and so forth, all of whom must be required to show their experience, independence and reputation in the market.

The reports issued by independent experts are reviewed by company personnel with relevant experience and technical expertise relating to the matters concerned.

The company has a Code of Conduct for third parties, which establishes the ethical standards that significant business partners are required to maintain when they provide services of any kind to Neinor Homes. These principles include compliance with legal and tax obligations, and the avoidance of any criminal offences, fraud or corruption. This Code is accepted and signed by all strategic parties with whom the company works.

F.4. Information and communication

Explain whether the entity has at least the following, describing key characteristics:

F.4.1. A specific department responsible for defining accounting policies and keeping them up to date (accounting policy unit or department), and for the resolution of concerns or conflicts arising in relation to their interpretation, maintaining fluid communication with the organization's operational managers, as well as a current manual of accounting policies duly issued to all of the entity's business units.

The General Finance Department (GFD) of Neinor Homes establishes the applicable accounting processes, policies and rules, and it is responsible for coordinating with the various departments involved in the preparation of financial information. Meanwhile, the GFD's Administration and Accounting Unit is responsible for defining accounting policies and resolving any concerns arising with respect to their interpretation.

In this regard, Neinor Homes has an Accounting Policy Manual prepared internally but checked by independent accounting experts. This Manual is periodically reviewed and defines the classification and measurement criteria applicable in the preparation of the financial statements.

The staff involved in the preparation and review of the financial information are kept constantly abreast of changes in accounting and tax rules by means of ongoing communication with the company's tax advisers, its external auditor and via the alerts and notifications received from leading audit firms and professional services providers.





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The Audit and Control Committee is charged with supervising and reviewing the annual accounts in conformity with prevailing legislation and with generally accepted accounting principles.

Where the application sheet of regulations involves interpretation of a certain complexity, the company seeks the advice of its external auditor and other advisers, or of the regulatory authority.

F.4.2. Mechanisms for the collection and preparation of applicable standard format financial information for use by all the company's departments and by the group to support the financial statements and the explanatory notes thereto, as well as the FIICS information.

The process concerned in the preparation of financial information is duly defined in Neinor Homes, including a description of all standardized activities involved in the accounting close and in the preparation of the financial statements, as well as the officers assigned to the preparation and review of the same.

A common IT tool (ERP) this is used to process the financial information reported (PRINEX) by all of the group companies, which facilitates subsequent consolidation.

Furthermore, a single Chart of Accounts is used, which has been implemented for the preparation and management of accounting functions in all the group companies.

F.5. Supervision of the system's functioning

Explain at least the following, describing key characteristics:

F.5.1. Supervisory activities undertaken in relation to the FIICS by the audit committee, and whether the entity has internal audit unit whose competences include supporting said committee in its supervision of the internal control system including the FIICS. Also, explain the scope of the FIICS evaluation carried out in the year and the procedure by which the party responsible for such evaluation reports its findings, whether the entity has an action plan establishing eventual corrective measures, and the consideration given to the possible impact on the financial information.

As explained in section F.1.1 above, the Board of Directors of Neinor Homes oversees the implementation and the application of the FIICS with the support of the Audit and Control Committee (ACC), which in turn delegates monitoring tasks to the Internal Audit Department.

The GRC and Internal Audit Department is thus an objective unit which is independent of all other departments, in as much as it reports directly to the Audit and Control Committee and indirectly but functionally to the Board of Directors.

The functions assigned to the Internal Audit Department include supervision of the functioning of the FIICS to assess the effectiveness of the internal control system and obtain reasonable assurance of the efficiency with which resources are used, the reliability of the financial information and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and internal policies and procedures.

In the current fiscal year, the internal audit function has tested certain controls in different companies of the Group.

Each year the FIICS review addresses the design and efficacy of controls and the integrity of the evidence supporting said controls.

In the current and previous fiscal years, additional verification has been carried out:

- The integrity and accuracy of the information reported in section F of the ACGR
- Alignment between the design of the controls included in the matrix and the risks which they are intended to
 mitigate or eliminate, in order to obtain reasonable assurance of the fulfilment of design purposes
- Integrity of the evidence supporting the controls

Based on these reviews, a series of measures have been proposed to improve the ICFR model derived from the recommendations made by the GRC function, which will be implemented in the next fiscal year if approved by the Finance Department and the Audit Committee.

F.5.2. Whether the entity has a discussion procedure allowing the auditor (in accordance with technical audit standards or NTA in the Spanish acronym), the internal audit department and



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other experts to communicate with senior management, the audit committee and the directors to report any significant internal control weaknesses observed in the course of their review procedures carried out in relation to the annual accounts and any other matters required of them. Also, report whether there is any action plan in place to correct or mitigate the weaknesses observed.

As established in the regulations of the Board of Directors, the Audit and Control Committee will supervise the effectiveness of the internal control of the Company and its group, the internal audit and risk management systems, as well as discuss with the auditor any significant weaknesses in the internal control system detected in the course of the audit, among other things.

Therefore, Neinor Homes prepares a quarterly report for Senior Management and the Audit and Control Committee, in which the Internal Audit Department presents its analysis and follow-up on the internal control and risk management system implemented, as well as the key issues identified and the action plans drawn up.

This report also includes the findings from other mandatory regulatory compliance audits carried out in partnership with the Compliance Department (e.g. data protection, money laundering, etc.).

The external auditors also report their findings on the interim and annual financial statements, as well as any weaknesses observed during the audit.

The GRC and Internal Audit Department and the external auditor also hold regular meetings with the ACC without the presence of senior management to discuss the functioning of control systems.

In addition to their presence at the committee meetings held in 2022, the external auditors also held three meetings with the ACC or the GRC Management without the presence of senior management, and the internal audit function has maintained an ongoing flow of communication with the audit committee, reporting on various issues such as the requirements received from supervisory bodies, the risks identified and the audits performed, as well as analyses of new regulations and training carried out.

Various protocols and policies are in place to deal with weaknesses and incidents of non-compliance related with ethical issues and fraud.

Finally, compliance is analysed and supervised in relation to conflicts of interest and related parties, as well as compliance with the Internal Code of Conduct established by the entity as a public company. These matters are periodically reported to the Audit and Control Committee for its information and approval, when applicable.

F.6. Other relevant information

Not applicable.

F.7. External auditor's report

Report of Deloitte, S.L., see annex I.

F.7.1. Whether the FIICS information published in the markets was subjected to a review by the external auditor, in which case the entity should include the pertinent report in an annex. Otherwise, explain the reasons.

In order to provide the greatest possible transparency in the preparation of its financial statements to all stakeholders, the Group's management has decided to submit the information relating to the ICFR included in this section F of the Annual Corporate Governance Report for financial year 2023 prepared by the Group's management for review by the external auditor. Attached to this Annual Corporate Governance Report is the auditor's report on the information relating to the internal control over financial reporting system (ICFR) of Neinor Homes S.A. for the year ended 31 December 2023.

The external auditor's strategy since 2016 to focus the audit is based on reliance on controls, and information is therefore collected to establish how the entity addresses the risk of errors in relation to each of the significant business cycles (e.g. procurements, standard sales and stocks).



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G

IMPLEMENTATION OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE RECOMMENDATIONS

State the degree of implementation by the company with respect to the recommendations contained in the Code of Good Governance for listed companies.

Provide a detailed explanation of the reasons if any recommendation is not followed, or is only partially followed, so that the shareholders, investors and markets in general are provided with sufficient information to evaluate and assess the company's actions. General explanations will not be considered acceptable.

1. The bylaws of listed companies should not limit the maximum number of votes which may be cast

	by a single shareholder or contain any other restrictions which might hinder a takeover of the company by means of the acquisition of shares in the market.
	✓ Cumple
2.	That when the listed company is controlled, within the meaning of Article 42 of the Commercial Code, by another entity, whether listed or not, and has, directly or through its subsidiaries, business relations with that entity or any of its subsidiaries (other than those of the listed company) or carried out activities related to those of any of them, it publicly and accurately discloses:
	a) The respective areas of business and potential business relationships between the listed company or its subsidiaries, on the one hand, and the parent company or its subsidiaries on the other.
	b) The mechanisms you established to resolve any potential conflicts of interest that could arise.
	Cumple Cumple parcialmente Explíque V No aplicable
3.	During the annual general meeting, the chairman of the Board of Directors should supplement the published annual corporate governance report with a sufficiently detailed verbal report to the shareholders on key corporate governance issues in the company, including the following:
	a) Changes occurring since the last annual general meeting.
	b) The specific reasons why the company does not follow any of the Corporate Good Governance recommendations, and whether any alternative rules are applied to the matters in question.
	✓ Cumple Cumple parcialmente

4. That the company defines and promotes a policy of communication and contacts with shareholders and institutional investors in the context of their involvement in the company, as well as with proxy advisors, that fully respects the rules against market abuse and gives similar treatment to shareholders in the same position. And that the company makes this policy public on its website, including information on how it has been put into practice and identifies the parties or persons responsible for implementing it.

And that, without prejudice to the legal obligations to disclose inside information and other types of regulated information, the company also has a general policy regarding the communication of economic-financial, non-financial and corporate information through the channels it deems appropriate (media, social networks or other channels) that contributes to maximising the





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	dissemination and qualit stakeholders.	ry of the information available	to the market, to investors and to oth	ner
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	
5.	to issue shares or convert exceed 20% of share cap Where the board of direc	ible bonds where such issues e pital at the time of delegation. ctors approves any issue of sho	ares or convertible securities involving t	he
			ny should immediately publish the repo ng companies' legislation on its websit	
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	
6.	basis, should publish the		ow, whether on a mandatory or volunto site sufficiently in advance of the date s not mandatory:	
	a) Report on auditor in	ndependence		
	b) Reports of the function	tioning of the audit and appoi	ntments and Remunerations Committe	es
	c) Audit committee re	port on related-party transact	ions	
	✓ Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	
7.	The company should bro	padcast shareholders' general	meetings live on its website.	
	means and also in the co		e proxy voting and voting by electron mpanies and to the extent proportiona nareholders' Meeting	
		Cumple Explic	que	
8.	to the general sharehold In those cases where the the audit committee clea opinion on its content an	lers' meeting are drawn up in a e auditor has included a qualifi arly explains to the general sho ad scope, making a summary of f the notice of call to the meet	ounts submitted by the board of direct accordance with accounting regulation ication in its audit report, the chairman areholders' meeting the audit committen of this opinion available to shareholders ing, together with the rest of the propose.	ns. of ee's at
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	
9.		dance at shareholders' genero	cedures required to establish ownership al meetings and arrange proxy votes on	
			d to foster attendance and the exercise ed on a non-discriminatory basis.	of
	✓ Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	





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- 10. Where any shareholder may legitimately have exercised the right to make any addition to the agenda or to present new proposals for resolutions before the date of the annual general meeting, the company should:
 - a) Immediately publish such additional agenda items and new proposals for resolutions.
 - **b)** Publish the form of the attendance card, proxy voting form or remote voting form containing the necessary changes to allow voting on the new points on the agenda and alternative proposals, in accordance with the terms proposed by the board of directors.
 - c) Submit all such agenda items or alternative proposals to a vote applying the same voting rules as in the case of proposals made by the board of directors, including in particular any assumptions or deductions with regard to the nature of votes.
 - **d)** After the General Shareholders Meeting, the company should provide a breakdown of votes cast on any such additional agenda items or alternative proposals.

	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	No aplicable	
11.	, ,	ends to pay any premiums general policy regarding su		_	_
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	✓ No aplicable	
l 2.	according all share interest, to be unde	ectors should perform its deholders the same treatmer erstood as establishing a proscontinuity and maximizing	nt. It shall be alv ofitable busine	vays guided by the com ss that is sustainable in t	pany's best
	regulations and accepted best pro interests of its empl	rporate interest, the compo ct in good faith, ethically actice, but also seek to rec oyees, suppliers, customers and with the impact of the nment.	and with due concile said co and other stake	respect for custom an rporate interest with the eholders potentially affe	d generally e legitimate cted by the
	Cumple	e Cumple parcia	almente	Explíque	
l 3.		ctors should be of an app h makes it advisable that it			_
		Cumple	Explíque		

- 14. The board of directors should approve a policy for the selection of directors which:
 - a) Is concrete and verificable.
 - **b)** Ensures that proposals for appointment or re-election of members are based on a prior analysis of the board's needs.
 - c) Encourages diversity of knowledge, experience, age and gender. For these purposes, measures that encourage the company to have a significant number of female senior managers are considered to favour gender diversity.

The result of the prior analysis of the needs of the board of directors should be included in the nomination committee's explanatory report published when convening the general meeting of shareholders at which the ratification, appointment or re-election of each director is to be submitted.





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Compliance with the director selection policy shall be verified annually by the nomination committee and reported in the annual corporate governance report.				
Cur	mple	Cumple parcial	mente	Explíque
directors, and	the number of he complexity	executive direction of the corporation	ctors should	nd ample majority on the board of be the lowest possible taking into at the percentage of shares in the
				st 40% of the members of the board than 30% prior to this.
Cur	mple	Cumple parcial	mente	Explíque
board members and to add a female dire considered appropri	I, as there were n ector to the Board ate, as has been ed out by the Ap	o departures from d. The number an evidenced by the pointments and R	n the board, the d diversity (exce evarious evaluate emuneration Co	id not reach 40% of the total number of company did not have the opportunity ept for gender) of the Board members is tions of the functioning of the Board and ommittee assisted by external experts of liance area.
	nd will ensure tha	at there are no imp		of gender, experience and knowledge could lead to any kind of discrimination,
For future appointme given equal qualifica			n), female cand	lidates must always be considered and
-	e proportion be	tween the share		n-executive directors should not be any represented by said proprietary
This criterion mo	ny be relaxed in	the following ci	rcumstances:	
	nies with significo defined as sign		n in which ther	e are very shareholdings that would
b) In the case board of a		where numero	us unrelated si	hareholders are represented on the
	Co	umple	Explíque	
17. Independent d	irectors should r	make up at leas	t half of the to	tal number of directors.
shareholder or	several acting i	n concert contr	ol more than 3	n concern, or if it is, where a single 30% of share capital, the number of third of the total board members.
	☑ Ca	umple	Explíque	

- **18.** Companies should publish the following information about directors on their corporate websites, keeping always said information up to date:
 - a) Professional and biographical profile.
 - **b)** Other boards of which directors are members, whether or not in listed companies and any other remunerated activities undertaken, whatever their nature.
 - c) Indication of the category of director to which each board member belongs, stating the shareholder represented or with whom a director has links in the case of proprietary directors.





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	d) Date of first appointment as a director of the company, and dates of any subsequent reappointments.					
	e) Shares and st	ock options held in	the company.			
	Cumple	Cum	ole parcialmente		Explíque	
19	should explain the shareholders holdir refusal, where app	reasons for the app ng equity interests o licable, of any form equal size or greate	ointment of pro less than 3% of al requests for than the inter	oprietary b share cap seats on the ests owned	val corporate governance report oard members at the request of oital. Likewise, the reasons for the ne board made by shareholders d by other shareholders at whose	
	Cumple	Cumple parcial	mente	Explíque	No aplicable	
20	transfers its interest	in share capital. Al areholder represen	n appropriate r	number of	er the shareholder represented proprietary directors should also g to a level requiring a reduction	
	Cumple	Cumple parcial	mente	Explíque	No aplicable	
21	end of the statutor established by the cause shall be dec obligations which v functions proper to or is affected by independence with The removal of ind bid, merger or sim capital structure, v	y term of office for board subject to a remed to exist where would prevent him/of the office of directions the meaning of the pendent directors filar corporate trans	which the same eport of the ape the director the from dedictor or fails to distinct in view of wapplicable legion actions which in the make-	e was appointment akes up a ating the t charge the hich he/sh slation. proposed by would ent-	independent director before the pointed, except with good cause its committee. In particular, good my new office or contracts new time necessary to discharge the eduties inherent in his/her office me might lose the condition of pecause of any public takeover ail a change in the company's pooard of directors are obey the	
		Cumple	Exp	líque		
22	any circumstances and requiring them against them and a And that the boar situations mentione and, in view of the Remuneration Corinvestigation, reque a report is include circumstances justi	s that could detriment to notify the board explain the progress and, having been intended in the preceding the circumstances, mmittee, whether a cesting the resignation and in the annual of the strong it, which must	entally affect the lof directors of of trial procees ormed of or organization and the lor not to take or not the director or process of the director of the di	ne credit of any crimin dings. therwise had amines the are portion or or proposernance rathe minute	d, where applicable, to resign in and reputation of the company all charges that may be brought aving knowledge of any of the ematter as promptly as possible to from the Appointments and and sing his or her removal. And that eport, unless there are special es. This is without prejudice to any anding measures are adopted.	
	✓ Cumple	Cumple par	cialmente 🔲	Explíque		



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23. All directors should clearly express their objections when they consider that any proposal submitted to the board for a decision is contrary to the corporate interest. In particular, the independent and other directors who are not affected by a potential conflict of interests should likewise object wherever they consider that any decisions might be detrimental to the interests of other shareholders not represented on the board of directors. Where the board of directors adopts any significant decision in relation to which a director may have expressed serious reservations, or where it may repeat any such decision, the director concerned should consider their position and, if they opt to resign, they should explain their reasons in the letter mentioned in the next recommendation. This recommendation also applies to the secretary to the board of directors, even where the same is not a director. **✓** Cumple Cumple parcialmente Explíque No aplicable 24. That when, either by resignation or by resolution of the general shareholders' meeting, a director resigns before the end of his or her term of office, he or she sufficiently explains the reasons for his or her resignation or, in the case of non-executive directors, his or her opinion on the reasons for the removal by the board, in a letter to be sent to all members of the board of directors. And that, without prejudice to the disclosure of all the above in the annual corporate governance report, insofar as it is relevant for investors, the company publishes the resignation as soon as possible, including sufficient reference to the reasons or circumstances provided by the director. No aplicable **✓** Cumple Cumple parcialmente **Explíque** 25. The appointments committee should ensure that non-executive directors have sufficient time available for the appropriate discharge of their duties. The Board's Regulations should establish a maximum number of other companies' boards on which the directors may hold seats. **✓** Cumple Cumple parcialmente **Explíque** 26. The board of directors should meet as often as necessary to perform its functions effectively and at least eight times per year, following a schedule of dates and issues established at the start of the year. However, each director may also individually propose other initially unscheduled items for inclusion in the agenda. **✓** Cumple Cumple parcialmente **Explique** 27. Failure on the part of board members to attend meetings should be confined to unavoidable cases and non-attendance should be quantified in the annual corporate governance report.

Proxies should be arranged with instructions in the event of inability to attend.

Explíque

Cumple parcialmente

✓ Cumple





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28	directors, over the comeeting of the board	onduct of the company's o	affairs, and such	er a proposal, or in the case of a concerns are not resolved at a e recorded in the minutes at the
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	☐ No aplicable
29	necessary advice to			ow the directors to obtain the advisory services payable by the
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	
80		ectors training programme		arge of their duties, companies eir knowledge and skills, where
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	
31	is required to adopt necessary information Where the chairman propose decisions or	t a decision or resolution, so on in advance. In may wish in exceptional resolutions which are not inc eress prior consent of most c	o that the direction circumstances cluded in the ag	es on which the board of directors tors can examine or obtain the and for reasons of urgency to genda for approval by the board embers present shall be required
	✓ Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	
32		·	•	the shareholder structure and of ers, investors and credit rating
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	
33	shall exercise the fur the board of director assessments of the b chairman should like sufficient time is give	nctions attributed by law an ors a schedule of dates and oard, and where appropria ewise direct the work and e en over to the discussion of s	d the bylaws ar an agenda, or te, of the compo ffective functio trategic issues, o	poard of directors, the chairman and should prepare and submit to ganize and coordinate periodic any's chief executive officer. The ning of the board, ensuring that and agreeing and reviewing the irector where circumstances so
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	
24	Where there is a co	coordinating director the bull	aws or Roard's	Pagulations should attribute the

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34. Where there is a coordinating director, the bylaws or Board's Regulations should attribute the following functions to said officer in addition to the powers legally assigned to the same: to chair the board of directors in the absence of the chairman and deputy chairs, where applicable; to take note of the concerns voiced by non-executive directors; to maintain contacts with investors



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		ard to corporate governance		an opinion of their concerns, in y; and to coordinate the plan for
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	▼ No aplicable
35	that they are based			's actions and decisions, ensuring as applicable to the company as
		✓ Cumple	Explíque	
36		ors shall meet once per year an to correct any weakness		valuate and, where appropriate, respect to:
	a) The quality ar	nd effectiveness of the board	d's functioning.	
	b) The functioning	ng and membership of its co	mmittees.	
	c) The diversity of	of the board's membership o	ınd competence	es.
	d) The performate executive.	nce of the chairman of the	board of direct	ors and of the company's chief
		nce and contribution of eac board committees.	ch director, payin	g special attention to the heads
	same to the board		luation of the bo	on the reports submitted by the pard itself shall be based on the
		the board of directors sho independence should be ve		in its evaluation by an external pointments committee.
		part of the consultant's grou		npany with the consultant or any isclosed in the annual corporate
	The processes and report.	areas evaluated should be	described in the	e annual corporate governance
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	
37		an executive committee, at ependent; and its secretary		ecutive directors sit on it, at least of the board of directors.
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	▼ No aplicable
38		ommittee, and all directors		ers debated and decisions taken opies of the minutes to meetings
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	□ Fyplique	✓ No anlicable



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39. That the members of the audit committee, and especially its chairman, are appointed



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	g their knowle nd non-finan	edge and experience in cial.	accounting	, auditing or risk mana	gement, both
	Cumple	Cumple parcialm	ente 🗌 Ex	plíque	
function a	nd oversee t dit unit should	under the supervision of the proper functioning of the proper functionally to the theorem is a supervision of the properties of the proper	of informatic	on and internal contro	l systems. The
V	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	e	
plan to the on its imple implement	audit commementation, in	nit responsible for the inte ittee for approval by the ncluding any incidents o sults and follow-up of t f each year.	e committee and limitation	or by the board, repor s on scope arising in th	ts directly to it e course of its
Cur	mple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	e No aplicable	
42. In addition	n to those e	stablished by law, the	audit comm	nittee should perform	the following

1. In relation to information systems and internal control:

functions:

- a) To supervise and assess the preparation process and the integrity of financial and non-financial information, as well as the control and management systems for financial and non-financial risks relating to the company and, where appropriate, the group including operational, technological, legal, social, environmental, political, reputational and corruption-related risks reviewing compliance with regulatory requirements, the appropriate delimitation of the scope of consolidation and the correct application of accounting criteria.
- b) To ensure the independence of the unit assuming the internal audit function; proposing the selection, appointment and removal of the head of the internal audit department; proposing the budget for internal audit; approving or proposing approval to the board of the annual internal audit orientation and work plan, ensuring that its activity is primarily focused on relevant risks (including reputational risks); receiving regular information on its activities; and verifying that senior management takes into account the conclusions and recommendations of its reports.
- c) To establish and supervise a mechanism that allows employees and other persons related to the company, such as directors, shareholders, suppliers and contractors or subcontractors, reporting any potentially significant irregularities, including financial and accounting irregularities, or of any other type, related to the company that they notice within the company or its group. This mechanism must guarantee confidentiality and, in any case, provide for cases in which communications may be made anonymously, respecting the rights of the whistleblower and the reported party.
- **d)** To ensure in general that the established internal control policies and systems are effectively implemented in practice.

2. In relation to the external auditor:

- a) To examine the circumstances and reasons in the event the external auditor should resign.
- b) To ensure that the external auditor's fees for its work do not compromise quality or its



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independence.

- c) To oversee reporting by the company of any change of auditor to the CNMV, and to ensure that it is accompanied by a statement regarding the possible existence of disagreements with the outgoing auditor, if any, and the contents thereof.
- d) To ensure that the external auditor holds an annual meeting with the whole of the board of directors to report on the audit work carried out and on the evolution of accounting matters and the risks to which the company is exposed.
- าร е

	governing	the provision of non-audit usiness and the terms of oth	services, the	ditor respect prevailing regulations limits on the concentration of the governing auditor independence
	Cur	mple	mente	Explíque
		e should be able to call an ndance without the presenc		or executive of the company, and er executive.
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	
chai and	nges which the c report in advan	company plans to carry out	. The commits s on the finan	s involving structural or corporate tee shall examine such information cial terms and accounting impact any.
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	No aplicable
45. The i	risk control and r	management policy should	define at leas	ot:
a)	legal, social, e corruption) fac	environmental, political and	d reputations	cluding operational, technological, al risks, including those related to ial or economic risks, contingent
b)		nagement and control mod provide or where the com		a specialised risk committee where t appropriate.
c)	The level of risk	that the company consider	s acceptable	
d)	The measures e should material	_	impact of th	e risks identified, in the event any
e)		n and internal control system ilities and off-balance sheet		ontrol and manage risks, including
	✓ Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	
				by an internal unit or department

- 46. An internal control and risk management function headed up by an internal unit or department of the company should be set up under the direct supervision of the audit committee or, where appropriate, of a specialized board committee to take charge of the following functions:
 - a) To ensure the proper functioning of risk control and management systems and, in particular, to ensure that the same adequately identify, manage and quantify all significant risks to which the company may be exposed.
 - b) To participate actively in the preparation of the risk strategy and significant decisions with



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regard to risk management.

c) To ensure that risk control and management systems adequately mitigate risks within the framework of the policy defined by the board of directors.				
Cum	ple Cumple	parcialmente	Explíque	
committee and expertise, skills	d remuneration com	mittee where sepon regard to the fun	tions Committee (or of the appointments arate) should be appointed in view of their actions they are required to discharge, and	
Cum	ple Cumple	parcialmente	Explíque	
48. Large capitalize remuneration c		hould establish a	separate appointments committee and	
Cum	ple [Explíque	No aplicable	
	ents committee shoul officer, on matters i		chairman of the board and the company's ve board members.	
			appointments committee take potential ideration, where they understand the same	
Cum	ple Cumple	parcialmente	Explíque	
	ion committee shou w, said functions sho		ctions independently. In addition to those llowing:	
a) To propos	e the basic terms of	senior manageme	ent contracts to the board of directors.	
b) To verify o	compliance with the	remuneration poli	cy established by the company.	
including assurance	share-based remun	eration systems ar uneration is propo	applied to directors and senior executives, and their application, if any, and to provide rtionate and in line with the compensation the company.	
-			not adversely affect the independence of	
	idvice provided to the	ne committee.		
-	nformation on the re	emuneration of di	rectors and senior executives contained in ort on directors' remuneration.	
-	nformation on the readounced and	emuneration of di ng the annual rep		
corporate Cum Cum	nformation on the reduced documents, including the Cumple on committee should	emuneration of ding the annual representation parcialmente	ort on directors' remuneration.	





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- **52.** The rules governing the membership and functioning of supervisory and control committees should be set out in the Board's Regulations and should be consistent with those applicable by law to mandatory committees in accordance with the foregoing recommendations, including:
 - **a)** Membership should comprise exclusively non-executive directors and a majority should be independent board members.
 - **b)** Committee chairpersons should be independent directors.
 - c) The board of directors should appoint the members of committees in view of the expertise, skills and experience of directors and the duties entrusted to each committee and should debate their proposals and reports. Each committee should likewise be held to account for its activity and work at the first full meeting of the board held after each of committee meeting.
 - **d)** Committees should seek external advice where considered necessary for the due discharge of their functions.

e) Minutes should be kept of each meeting and should be provided to all the directors.

✓ Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	No aplicable

5 3	•That the supervision of compliance with the company's environmental, social and corporate
	governance policies and rules, as well as internal codes of conduct, is entrusted to one or severa
	committees of the board of directors, which could be the audit committee, the appointments
	committee, a committee specialising in sustainability or corporate social responsibility or any
	other specialised committee that the board of directors, in the exercise of its powers of self-
	organisation, decides to create. And that such a committee is composed solely of non-executive
	directors, the majority of whom are independent, and it is specifically attributed the minimum
	functions indicated in the following recommendation.

Cumple Cumpl	e parcialmente	líque 🔲 No aplicable
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- **54.** That the minimum functions referred to in the above recommendation are as follows:
 - **a)** Overseeing compliance with the company's corporate governance rules and with the internal codes of conduct and ensuring that the corporate culture is aligned with the purpose and values thereof.
 - b) The supervision of the application of the general policy regarding the communication of economic-financial, non-financial and corporate information as well as communication with shareholders and investors, proxy advisors and other stakeholders. The way in which the entity communicates and interacts with small and medium-sized shareholders will also be monitored.
 - c) The periodic review and evaluation of the corporate governance system and of the company's environmental and social policy, so that they fulfil their mission of promoting the interests of society and consider, where appropriate, the legitimate interests of other stakeholders.
 - **d)** Monitoring that the company's environmental and social practices are in line with the strategy and policy established.
 - e) Monitoring and evaluation of stakeholder engagement processes.

✓ Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque

- **55.** That the sustainability policies on environmental and social issues identify and include, as a minimum:
 - a) The principles, commitments, objectives and strategy regarding shareholders, employees,



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customers, suppliers, social issues, the environment, diversity, fiscal responsibility, respect for human rights and prevention of corruption and other illegal conduct.

	b) Methods or syster management.	ns for monitoring	compliance with policies, associated risks and their
	c) The mechanisms f business conduct i		-financial risk, including those related to ethical and
	d) The channels of co	ommunication, par	ticipation and dialogue with stakeholders.
	e) Responsible commintegrity and hono		es that avoid manipulation of information and protect
	✓ Cumple	Cumple parcialn	nente 🗌 Explíque
56.	the desired profile, and	to reward the de	ne necessary levels to attract and retain directors with edication, qualifications and responsibility required by as to compromise the independence of non-executive
		Cumple	Explíque
57.	confined to the execution shares, options or rights	ive directors, as sho over shares or othe	apany's results and personal performance should be build remuneration systems based on the allocation of er instruments linked to the share price, and long-term etirement and other prudential schemes.
	condition that any sec	urities delivered by ly to any securities	nsidered for non-executive directors subject to the vivinheld until the director concerned leaves office. This is which the board member concerned may need to quisition costs.
	Cumple	Cumple parcialn	nente Explíque
58.	that performance or of include in the annual	her pre-established directors' remunerd	s of remuneration are subject to sufficient verification as conditions have been effectively met. Institutions will ation report the criteria as to the time required and on the nature and characteristics of each variable
	In particular, variable po	ay components sho	ould:
		termined, measura isks assumed to obt	ble performance criteria, and such criteria should take tain results.
	run value creation		pany and include non-financial criteria related to long- nce with the company's internal rules and procedures, ment policies.
	medium and long sufficient period of	term, so as to rer time to appreciate that the performa	te between the attainment of objectives in the short, munerate ongoing success and performance over a e the contribution made to the sustainable creation of nce variables measured do not refer only to one-off,

Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	No aplicable



delivery.

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59. That the payment of variable components of remuneration are subject to sufficient verification that performance or other pre-established conditions have been effectively met. Institutions will include in the annual directors' remuneration report the criteria as to the time required and methods for such verification depending on the nature and characteristics of each variable component.				
for a sufficient peri	In addition, institutions are assessing the establishment of a "malus" clause based on the deferral for a sufficient period of the payment of a part of the variable components involving their total or partial loss in the event that an event occurs prior to the time of payment that makes this advisable.			
Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	☐ No aplicable	
	at is tied to the company's e xternal auditor's report where	_	onsider the qualifications, if any, ce earnings.	
Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	No aplicable	
to the delivery of st	nares or financial instruments	indexed to the s	ecutive directors should be linked share price.	
Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	No aplicable	
The Management Incentive Plan 2023-2025 (MIP 2023-2025) which was approved by the Board, with the favourable report of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, at its written meeting held without a meeting on 30 March 2023 only provides for the payment of the accrued incentive in cash. Additionally, a significant amount of the remuneration of the Executive Director, derived from the previous Incentive Plan (LTIP 2020-2022) that is materializing in 2023, is linked to the delivery of shares.				
	ed, executive directors may		ding to the remuneration systems ership or exercise such rights until	
An exception is made where the director, at the time of the transfer or exercise, has a net financial exposure to changes in the share price of a market value equivalent to an amount of at least twice his/her annual fixed remuneration through the ownership of shares, options or other financial instruments.				
related to their a		favourable op	to dispose of to meet the costs inion of the appointments and ons that so require.	
Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	No aplicable	
Director and other mem	bers of the management team i	s derived, provides	ased remuneration of the Executive for a three-year vesting period (2020 le on a deferred basis as follows: 50%	

The new incentive plan, Management Incentive Plan 2023-2025 (MIP 2023-2025), whose beneficiaries are the Executive Director and other members of the management team, envisages a cash payment (not in shares, options or financial instruments) of the incentives achieved, in the following fiscal year to which they are recognised

in the year following the end of the vesting period, 25% in the second year following the end of the vesting period and the remaining 25% in the third year following the end of the vesting period. Once the shares have been received, the executive directors are obliged to maintain the shares received for a period of one year from their



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	reimbursement o	f variable remuneration item	ms where payn	allowing the company to claim nent was not in line with the de in view of data later found to
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	No aplicable
	annual remunerat		made until the c	ould not exceed two years' total ompany has been able to verify olished.
For the purposes of this recommendation, contractual cancellation or termination payments include any payments whose accrual or payment obligation arises because of or in connection with the termination of the director's contractual relationship with the company, including amounts not previously vested in long-term savings schemes and amounts paid under post-contractual non-competition agreements.				
	Cumple	Cumple parcialmente	Explíque	No aplicable



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OTHER MATTERS OF INTEREST

- 1. Briefly describe any other relevant corporate governance matters in the company or its group entities that are not considered in the preceding sections of this report and require inclusion to complete the reasoned information offered on the governance structure and practices of the entity and its group.
- 2. You may also include in this section any other information, clarification or qualification related with the preceding sections of this report, to the extent that such explanations are not repetitious.

Specifically, state whether the company is subject to any corporate governance legislation other than Spanish law and, where applicable, include any information that you are under the obligation to provide other than that required in this report.

3. The company may also state whether it has voluntarily adhered to any other international, industry or other ethical or best practice codes. Indicate the code in question and the date of adhesion, where applicable. In particular, you should mention whether the company has adhered to the Code of Best Tax Practice of 20 July 2010.

H.1

Neinor Homes is fully aware of its significance as a business, institutional and social reality and as a benchmark company in the area of residential development in Spain, and in this light it cannot ignore the importance of conducting its entire business with the maximum diligence in terms of Good Governance, ethics and transparency.

We consider it necessary to provide the following information to ensure a proper understanding of the company from a Good Governance standpoint, and of the efforts it has made to progress in this area.

Neinor Homes relies principally on its own proprietary Code of Conduct, which sets out the main mandatory guidelines and criteria governing the conduct of all Neinor Homes employees. This code is communicated to and acknowledged by all employees on an annual basis.

According to the previous paragraph, then, Neinor Homes' Corporate Governance rules are established in its Corporate Bylaws, in the Regulations of the Board of Directors and the General Shareholders Meeting, in the Regulations of all of the Board Committees, in the Internal Regulations Governing Conduct in the Securities Markets, all of which have been duly approved by the Board of Directors and have applied since the first day's trading of the company's shares on the Spanish Stock Exchanges.

In this connection, Neinor Homes has prepared a series of mandatory policies and regulations monitored by the integrated control system and designed to underpin and provide support in matters of Good Governance for the regulations of its Governing Bodies, all of which are published online in the corporate website, in the section https://www.neinorhomes.com/en/responsible-business-and-innovation/sustainability/

- Code of Conduct for third parties.
- Conflict of interest and related parties transactions.
- Code of best practices in the real estate mediation services.
- Corporate Crime Prevention System.
- Director selection policy.
- Tax policy and good tax practices
- Compliance Handbook.
- Internal Audit Handbook.
- Policy on provision of non-audit services by the external auditor.
- Employment policy for former employees of the Company's auditor.
- Electronic shareholder forum operating rules.
- Risk management policy.
- Diversity and non-discrimination policy.
- Corporate Governance policy.
- Sustainability policy.
- General economic-financial and corporate communication policy
- Internal manual for the disclosure of privileged and other relevant information
- Remuneration policy for the member of the Board of Directors.
- Quality, environment and innovation policy.
- Treasury shares policy.





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- Internal code of conduct in security markets.
- Prevention of corruption, fraud and bribery policy.
- Health and safety policy.
- Sustainable investment and financing policy.
- Sustainable financing framework
- Ethical Channel management procedure
- Human Rights Policy

We would also stress that the company's Board of Directors has given much thought since the day of its incorporation to its relations with all stakeholder groups in its role as a leader in the transformation that we are determined to effect in the real estate sector, eschewing a narrow focus on the shareholders and the financial community. We have implemented numerous initiatives and measures which we wish to see reflected in our way of doing business, and which we trust will benefit our human team, our suppliers, our customers, the environment, the regulatory authorities, the media and society in general, including:

- 1. Ongoing Internal Control and Risk Management Model. The quality certification (ISO 9001) repeatedly considers risk management and other areas of assurance in the company as one of the most significant strengths.
- 2. Continuous Corporate Governance Advancement System, resting basically on the following two pillars:
 - The company has created a continuous tracking and monitoring system to assess progress with its goal of
 continuous improvement in non-financial projects in which it is involved in the areas of environment, quality,
 innovation, etc.
 - The company has implemented a continuous Good Governance Management System to monitor good governance activities over the course of the year. For this purpose, an in-depth analysis was carried out of both Spanish and international regulations, establishing the obligatory activities that must be included in the agenda of the Board and of each Committee, and it prepares annual diagnoses of compliance with the recommendations of the CUBG, LSC, new Spanish Audit Act, CNMV Guidelines and best international practices (King IV, Federal Sentencing Guidelines, etc.).
- 3. White Book. Neinor Homes has created the first residential sector White Book, consisting of a design and construction manual that seeks to standardize the quality, sustainability and design parameters defining all real estate developments. The White Book systematizes and details all of the processes required throughout the lifecycle of Neinor Homes' products so that both architects and builders are able to apply the relevant parameters to the high standards defined by the company.
- **4. BREEAM Certification.** We are the residential developer in Spain with the highest number of BREEAM certifications. BREEAM promotes sustainable construction that results in economic, environmental and social benefits for everyone involved in the life of a building (tenants, users, developers, owners, managers, etc.) while at the same time conveying the company's Corporate Social Responsibility to society and to the market in an unequivocal and easily perceptible way.
- 5. Certification of Neinor Homes' integrated management system. The company holds the following certificates: Quality Management (ISO 9001), Environmental Management (ISO 14001), R&D Management (UNE 166002) and Information Security Management (ISO 27001). All of these certificates were obtained in prior years and have been renewed in the current fiscal year. Neinor Homes is the first new cycle real estate developer to obtain these four certificates.
- 6. Preparation of the Sustainability Report (Statement of Non-Financial Information) based on GRI standards, publicly reflecting the resources applied and efforts made by the company in the field of corporate responsibility. The report includes a materiality analysis, which is highly valuable from a strategic standpoint because it focuses on those corporate, environmental and economic issues that are most relevant to the company's business and that most influence stakeholder value creation.
- 7. It also reveals the enormous opportunity offered by the transformation and consolidation of the real estate sector in terms of the generation of sustainable value for all interested parties. In 2021, the company approved its 2022-2025 Strategic Sustainability Plan, focused on creating value for the environment, society and people. The Plan is articulated around the company's three strategic pillars (Environmental, Social and Governance), is made up of 16 areas of action, 30 objectives and 95 lines of action and its main objective is to obtain margins and returns in line with the risk of the development business, building houses with people in mind, establishing stable relationships with our suppliers and increasing the value of our employees.

In the current financial year, given that the Plan is at the halfway point of its total duration, the lines of action have been reviewed and their compliance analysed, whether they are aligned with the company's strategy, whether they are maintained until the end of the plan and whether it was necessary to include some new ones. This analysis was aimed at reorienting the company's strategy, adapting it to regulations and, above all, generating a real positive impact on people and the environment, avoiding 'greenwashing'.

Following the review and update of the Plan, the 95 lines of action have been reduced to 66: 37 have been finalised and 8 new ones have been added. Moreover, compliance in these first two years of the Plan has been 72% (68 lines of action).

Finally, we would like to say that Neinor Homes wants to show its total commitment to sustainability and the impact it leaves





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on our society. For this reason and despite not having been required to comply in recent years with the Law on non-financial and diversity reporting approved on 13 December 2018, the company fully complies with its provisions and publishes a sustainability report in line with old disclosure requirements contained in the new legislation. The integrity and accuracy of this report is further verified in a review carried out by an independent third party.

H.2

Neinor Homes adheres to the Code of Best Tax Practice promoted by the Spanish Large Companies Forum and Tax Service, which was first approved by the Board on 26 July 2017, and it is careful to comply with its provisions.

This annual corporate governance report was approved by the company's Board of Directors at its meeting held on February 21, 2024.

State whether any directors voted against the approval of this Report or abstained.

	☐ Sí	▼ No	
Names of directors who did not vote in approving this report	favour of	Type of vote (against, abstention, absence)	Explain the reasons
	Rem	arks	

ANNUAL REPORT ON THE REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS OF LISTED COMPANIES

NEINOR HOMES, S.A.	
REPORTING PERIOD END	2023
Company Tax ID Code (C.I.F.) A-95786562	
Company name: NEINOR HOMES, S.A.	
Registered Office: C/ Henao 20, Bilbao	

ANNUAL REPORT ON THE REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS OF LISTED COMPANIES

COMPANY'S REMUNERATION POLICY FOR THE CURRENT YEAR

A1. Explain the current remuneration policy for directors applicable to the current year. To the extent that it is relevant, certain information may be included by reference to the remuneration policy approved by the General Shareholders' Meeting, provided that the inclusion is clear, specific and concrete.

A description must be given of the specific decisions for the current year, both on the remuneration of directors due to their status as such, as well as for the performance of executive roles, which the board makes in accordance with the provisions of the contracts signed with the executive directors and with the remuneration policy approved by the general shareholders' meeting.

In any case, at least the following aspects must be reported:

- Description of the company's procedures and bodies involved in determining and approving the remuneration policy and its terms.
- Indicate and, if applicable, explain whether comparable companies have been considered in establishing the company's remuneration policy.
- Information on whether any external advisors have been involved and, if so, who they are.
- Procedures contemplated in the current director compensation policy for applying temporary exceptions to the policy, conditions under which such exceptions may be used, and components that may be subject to exception under the policy.
- The Remuneration Policy is applicable to the members of the Board of Directors of Neinor Homes, S.A. ("Neinor Homes" or the "Company"), in compliance with the legal requirements established by the Consolidated Text of the Capital Companies Act, approved by Royal Legislative Decree 1/2010, of July 2, 2010 (hereinafter, the "Capital Companies Act") (the "Remuneration Policy" or the "Policy").

The Remuneration Policy has been prepared by the Company taking into account the relevance of the Company, its economic situation and market standards for comparable companies.

As part of the latest review process of the Remuneration Policy, the Company has received legal advice from Roca Junyent, S.L.P. The previous updates were advised by Uria. In addition, the Company has been advised by Seeliger and Conde in the development of the Company's long-term variable remuneration plan described in the Policy.

The remuneration programs set out in the Policy and detailed in this report maintain a reasonable proportion to the Company's relevance, its economic situation and the market standards of comparable companies and promote the long-term profitability and sustainability of the Company, incorporating the necessary precautions to avoid excessive risk-taking or rewarding unfavourable results and ensuring the alignment of the interests of the directors with those of the Company and its shareholders.

The company's Remuneration Policy incorporates the provisions of Article 529 novodecies of the Capital Companies Act, as amended by Law 5/2021, which amends the Capital Companies Act, imposing new requirements on the content of the remuneration policies for directors of listed companies and making it mandatory to adapt the policies in force at the next General Meeting held by listed companies after the entry into force of said law in accordance with the First Transitory Provision of Law 5/2021. Additionally, aspects derived from the revision of the Good Governance Code of the National Securities Commission in June 2020 were incorporated.

The last review of the Remuneration Policy that was carried out, in 2023, was aimed at updating the description of the Company's long-term variable remuneration plan, since the plan contained in the previous Policy, called the Long Term Incentive Plan 2020 (hereinafter "LTIP 2020"), ended in 2022, having been replaced by a new plan, the "Management Incentive Plan 2023-2025" (hereinafter "MIP 2023-2025"), which was approved by the Board, with the favourable report of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held in writing and without a meeting on 30 March 2023.

Likewise, the references in the Policy to the Executive Director other than the CEO have been eliminated, as there is currently only one executive director, the CEO, since the other director who held that position, Mr. Jorge Pepa, resigned in April 2022.

The policy published on the company's website at the date of this report is the policy prior to the amendment approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting on 22 November 2023. The amended policy will be published on the website once it has been approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders, scheduled for April 2024.

The Remuneration Policy is in force until 31 December 2025.

• The Policy is designed to provide a solid structure for good corporate governance. The general principles and criteria used are summarized as follows:

a) Ensuring independence of judgment

Remuneration is structured in such a way as not to compromise the independent judgment of non-executive directors, with special attention to that awarded to independent directors.

b) Attracting and retaining the best professionals

The remuneration policy aims to establish a competitive remuneration that allows to attract and retain talent that contributes to the creation of value for the Company.

c) Long-term sustainability

Remuneration shall be consistent with the long-term interests and strategy of the Company, as well as with its values and objectives, and includes provisions to avoid conflicts of interest, excessive risk-taking and rewarding unfavorable performance.

d) Transparency

The remuneration policy and the specific rules for determining remuneration shall be clear and well-disseminated. In this regard, at the beginning of each year or at the General Shareholders' Meeting, the maximum total amount of remuneration that can be paid to directors shall be made public, as well as the conditions that must be met in order to obtain such remuneration.

e) Clarity and individualization

The rules for the management and determination of remuneration shall be drafted in a clear, simple and concise manner.

f) Fairness of remuneration

- Remuneration is set taking into consideration the dedication, qualifications and responsibility required by the position, as well as the experience, functions and tasks performed by each director. In addition, remuneration must maintain a balance between market competitiveness and internal equity.
- Likewise, the conditions of the other employees of the group have been taken into account so that the principles of the remuneration system for executive directors are aligned with the general remuneration programs of the group. In this sense, certain remuneration elements such as other additional components to the remuneration, or the remuneration systems referenced to the value of the Neinor Homes share may only be offered to executive directors when similar elements are accessible to other employees of the Group.
- The maximum annual remuneration to be received by the members of the Board of Directors in their capacity as such is 1.500.000 €.
- The maximum individual amount to be received by each of the aforementioned directors as fixed annual compensation is as follows:
 - A maximum of 150 000 euros for the Chairman of the Board of Directors
 - A maximum of 100,000 euros for each independent and "other external" directors.
- If, following any increase in the number of directors sitting in the Board, the aggregate remuneration otherwise payable to them as members of the Board were to exceed the maximum annual amount of 1,500,00 euros referred in this Section, then the Board of Directors may reduce the individual remuneration described in this section on a proportional basis.
- Only independent directors and those in the "other external" category are entitled to receive remuneration for their status as such.

As part of the update of the Company's long-term variable remuneration plan, described as the "Management Incentive Plan 2023-2025", the Company received advice from Seeliger y Conde in the preparation of the Company's long-term variable remuneration plan. In performing their advisory duties, Seeliger y Conde (i) carried out a consultation process with several of the Company's senior executives; and (ii) analysed the medium-term incentive plans of 7 national companies in the real estate sector, including residential development companies of a similar size to Neinor Homes.

- The Policy provides for the following compensation components:
 - a) Fixed annual remuneration.
 - b) Attendance fees for meetings of the Board and its Committees.
 - Remuneration in shares or linked to their performance, without prejudice to the provisions of the Regulations of the Board of Directors.

The remuneration mentioned in a) and b) above only applies to independent and "other external" directors.

Notwithstanding the provision mentioned in section c) above, Directors are currently not entitled to any share-based or performance-related remuneration.

The total amount payable by the Company as compensation to all of its directors for these three items may not exceed the relevant amount determined for this purpose by the General Meeting. The amount thus determined by the General Meeting shall apply unless and until the General Meeting approves other amount in accordance with applicable laws.

However, the determination of the specific amount to be paid to each director for these items within the maximum amount approved by the General Meeting shall be agreed by the Board of Directors in accordance with this Remunerations Policy. For such purpose, the Board shall take into account the office held by each director within the Board itself, as well as the membership and attendance of each director to any committees.

Finally, the Company shall pay for any premium due for any civil liability insurance policy taken out by the Company in respect of its directors upon customary market terms and commensurate with the circumstances of the Company.

- The remuneration of the Chief Executive Officer is set forth in his contract signed with the Company on April 8, 2019. The Chief Executive Officer does not receive any remuneration for his position as a member of the Board of Directors or the Committees, only for his executive position and, unlike the external directors, he does have a variable remuneration system, which seeks to align the interests of the Chief Executive Officer with the Company's shareholders by establishing specific objectives linked to the creation of value in the medium and long term. The remuneration structure is composed of the following elements:
 - a) Fixed remuneration: The executive director of the Company shall be entitled to receive an amount not exceeding 900,000 euros as fixed annual remuneration. In fiscal year 2023, the Chief Executive Officer has received a

remuneration of 663,000 euros.

- b) Annual bonus to be established annually by the Board of Directors. The annual variable remuneration of the executive director may in no case exceed 100% of the amount of the fixed remuneration. The variable remuneration received in the financial year 2023, corresponding to the financial year 2022, was 300,000 euros and the amount accrued and approved by the Appointments and Remuneration Committee for the financial year 2023, which will be paid in 2024, amounts to 350,000 euros.
- c) Participation in the company's medium-term incentive schemes. See section B.7 below.
- d) Directors and Officers ("D&O") insurance.
- The relative importance of variable to fixed remuneration items (remuneration mix) and what criteria and objectives have been taken into account in their determination and to ensure an appropriate balance between fixed and variable components of remuneration. In particular, indicate the actions taken by the company in relation to the remuneration system to reduce exposure to excessive risks and align it with the long-term objectives, values and interests of the company, including, where appropriate, a reference to measures envisaged to ensure that the remuneration policy addresses the long-term performance of the company, measures taken in relation to those categories of staff whose professional activities have a material impact on the risk profile of the company and measures envisaged to avoid conflicts of interest.

Also indicate whether the company has established any vesting or consolidation period for certain variable remuneration items, in cash, shares or other financial instruments, a deferral period for the payment of amounts or delivery of financial instruments already accrued and consolidated, or whether any clause has been agreed to reduce deferred remuneration or oblige the director to return the remuneration received, when such remuneration has been based on data whose inaccuracy has subsequently been manifestly demonstrated.

Article 25.3 of the Board of Directors' Regulations establishes that directors' remuneration must be in reasonable proportion to the importance of the Company, its economic situation at any given time, the standards that are met on the market in companies of a similar size or activity and consider their dedication to the Company. The remuneration system established must be aimed at promoting the long-term profitability and sustainability of the Company and incorporate the necessary precautions to avoid the excessive assumption of risks and unfavourable results. In particular, the remuneration system should set the necessary limits and safeguards to ensure that variable remuneration is related to the professional performance of the beneficiaries and does not derive solely from the general evolution of the markets or the sector.

The directors' remuneration policy established by the Company does not establish variable remuneration for directors for their status as such, but only a fixed remuneration and per diems for attending meetings, with the aim of remunerating directors adequately and sufficiently for their dedication, qualifications and responsibilities, without compromising their independence of judgement or encouraging the Company to take excessive risks.

The Chief Executive Officer remuneration system is aligned with the Company's interests. The annual objectives set for the bonus are linked to performance. Specifically, the individual contract entered into with the Chief Executive Officer provides for the possibility of receiving annual variable remuneration in cash, provided that the results significantly improve the business plan and that the Board of Directors of the Company so decides. In this respect, the weighted parameters taken into consideration to set the variable remuneration are as follows:

Financial and operating performance parameters:

Compliance with the Developer Contribution Margin established in the Business Plan.	25%
Number of developments planned-launched for construction (Cranes).	25%
Compliance with the OpEx established in the Business Plan.	15%
Compliance with the EBITDA established in the Business Plan.	25%

Non-financial performance parameters:

These are linked to different objectives, such as the progress of the Group's Sustainability Plan, compliance with Corporate Governance, implementation of ESG improvements, measurement and compensation of the carbon footprint, employee training, level of customer satisfaction, equality and non-discrimination objectives, and similar. The weight of non-financial objectives will be a maximum of 25%. The company takes as a reference some of the most globally recognised ESG indices/rankings of analysts, to take as an element of performance their evaluations and degree of improvement with respect to previous years, as an evaluative element that can integrate, together with many others, the aspects mentioned above.

In the 2023 financial year, one parameter considered has been the maintenance of Neinor Homes in the highest category of requirement in terms of ESG of one of the main analysis agencies in the measurement of the ESG performance of companies (Sustainalytics, determined by the Appointments and Remuneration Committee). The achievement of this objective has a weight of 10% of the variable compensation.

The above criteria have been established based on their contribution to the achievement of the Group's long-term objectives by pursuing sustainable revenue growth with a debt ratio appropriate to the Group's capital structure, while the Company takes into due consideration the non-financial parameters that, among other aspects, promote the stability of the working personnel to ensure talent retention and service excellence and the Group's ESG concerns, all in the interest of maximizing shareholder value creation.

The annual bonus plans provide that in the event that (i) any event or circumstance occurs that results in a definitive alteration or negative variation in the financial statements, results, economic, performance or other data on which the accrual and payment to the beneficiary of any amount of variable remuneration was based and that (ii) such alteration or variation determines that, had it been known at the vesting or payment date, the beneficiary would have received an amount lower than that initially paid, the beneficiary shall be obliged to reimburse the Company for the excess amount received, and the Company shall be entitled to claim such reimbursement. This provision is independent of any liability that the beneficiary may have in the aforementioned alteration or negative variation. The Company may offset the amount claimed against any other amount due to the beneficiary.

In the course of the financial year 2023, a three-year medium-term incentive scheme has come into force, which is explained in detail in section B7:

a) Management Incentive Plan 2023-2025 ("MIP 2023-2025")

In addition to certain members of the Company's senior management, the Chief Executive Officer is a beneficiary of the MIP 2023-2025.

The MIP 2023-2025 is composed of three one-year cycles. The first Plan cycle runs from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023. The second Plan cycle runs from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 and the third Plan cycle runs from 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025. At the end of each achievement period, the incentive payable in cash to each beneficiary will be calculated taking into account the level of achievement of certain pre-approved metrics, described in section B.7, as follows:

- The actual settlement will take place after the approval of the annual accounts for the year in which each cycle ends and the approval of the Board's proposal for the corresponding dividend for each year (that is, 2024 for the first cycle, 2025 for the second cycle, and 2026 for the last cycle).
- The accrual in each of the three years will be calculated in proportion to the total dividends distributed in each year over the Total Shareholder Return (TSR) for the 3 years, the total estimated amount for all the participants in the plan and for the entire plan over the three years amounts to 15 million euros, linked to the payout of 450 million euros as TSR, with a payout ceiling in case the dividends distributed are higher than the 450 million euros of the entire planned plan (limited to 17.5 million euros for the entire 3 years of vesting). The vesting of the Incentive will not be capped on an annual basis.
- There are a series of levels that distribute the amount to be received by each participant in the plan over the total amount allocated, with the percentage allocated to the CEO being 21%.
- The Board must approve the TSR target and the EBITDA key for each of the years of the plan, all in accordance with the 2023-2027 Strategic Plan, compliance with which will be a precondition for accrual of the Incentive.

<u>Clawback:</u> In case of voluntary departure of an executive from the company before the third year (end of the plan), a penalty equivalent to 30% of the amount accrued and received up to that moment (net of taxes) will be applied.

The Appointments and Remuneration Committee shall have the power to propose to the Board of Directors the cancellation of the payment of the MIP 2023-2025 to the Executive Director, in whole or in part, in the event of certain supervening circumstances (reduction and clawback clauses).

- Amount and nature of the fixed components expected to accrue to directors in their capacity as directors during the financial year

The remuneration established for directors qualifying as "independent" and "other external" is as follows:

- a) Fixed remuneration:
 - A maximum of 150,000 euros for the Chairperson of the Board of Directors. The fixed remuneration in fiscal year 2023 amounted to 121,325 euros.
 - A maximum of 100,000 euros for each independent and "other external" directors. The fixed remuneration in fiscal year 2023 amounted to 89,675 euros.
- b) Per diems for attendance at meetings of the Board and its Committees:
 - Board meetings: 3,000 € per meeting.
 - Committee meetings: 1,500 € per committee meeting.

The Chief Executive Officer only receives remuneration for the performance of senior management functions. Therefore, he does not receive any remuneration for the performance of his duties as member of the Board of Directors and as a member of the Land Investment Committee.

- Amount and nature of the fixed components that will be accrued in the year for the performance of senior management functions by executive directors.

The fixed remuneration of the Chief Executive Officer for the performance of senior management functions during the year is six hundred and sixty-three thousand euros (ϵ 663,000).

- Amount and nature of any component of remuneration in kind that will accrue in the year including, but not limited to, insurance premiums paid on behalf of the director.

The contract entered with the Chief Executive Officer provides for entitlement to the social welfare benefits set out below:

- Medical assistance insurance.
- Life insurance, total permanent disability, absolute disability or major disability covering (i) a gross capital benefit of 1,000,000 euros in the event of total permanent disability, absolute disability or major disability and (ii) a gross capital benefit of 1,000,000 euros in the event of death.
- Directors and Officers (D&O) insurance.
- Any other social welfare benefits generally recognised by the Company for the group of directors or executives, established by the Board of Directors, subject to a report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee.

- Amount and nature of the variable components, distinguishing between short- and long-term components. Financial and non-financial parameters, including social, environmental and climate change parameters, selected to determine variable remuneration in the current year, explaining the extent to which such parameters are related to the performance of the director, the company and its risk profile, and the methodology, time frame and techniques used to determine them, at the end of the year, the degree of compliance with the parameters used in the design of variable remuneration, explaining the criteria and factors applied in terms of the time required and methods for verifying that the performance or other conditions to which the accrual and vesting of each component of variable remuneration was linked have been effectively met.

Indicate the range in monetary terms of the different variable components according to the degree of compliance with the established objectives and parameters, and if there is any maximum monetary amount in absolute terms.

There are no variable components in the remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors in their capacity as such (except for attendance fees, the amount of which depends on the number of annual meetings of the Board and its Committees).

For his part, the Chief Executive Officer receives the following variable remuneration indicated below for his senior management functions:

1. Annual bonus

The Chief Executive Officer may receive an annual variable remuneration (bonus), in accordance with the provisions of his individual contract with the Company, to be set at the discretion of the Board of Directors and to be received exclusively in the event that the objectives established in the business plan are exceeded.

The contract entered into with the Chief Executive Officer shall establish clawback clauses obliging the director to repay to the Company and empowering the Company to claim repayment of all or part of the variable remuneration in the event of the occurrence of any event or circumstance that results in the alteration or negative variation with definitive character, of the financial statements, results, economic, performance or other data on which the accrual and payment to the Executive Director of any amount as variable remuneration was based.

The annual variable remuneration that, if applicable, is approved by the Company may be paid in cash and/or include the delivery of shares or share-based instruments, provided that the corresponding threshold of the indicators established with respect to what is foreseen in the business plan is reached. In this regard, the parameters to be taken into consideration by the Board of Directors to set the amount of variable remuneration must be specific, predetermined, quantifiable and measurable and be in line with the Company's strategy, promote its sustainability and the Group's profitability in the long term.

The new remuneration policy for board members, approved by the Board on 22 November 2023 and to be presented for approval at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in 2024, includes both financial and non-financial performance parameters.

- 2. <u>Long Term Incentive Plan (MIP 2023-2025)</u>. Details of the Plan can be found in section B7 below.
- Main characteristics of the long-term savings systems. Among other information, the contingencies covered by the system, whether it is a defined contribution or defined benefit system, the annual contribution to be made to the defined contribution systems, the benefit to which the beneficiaries are entitled in the case of defined benefit systems, the conditions for consolidation of the economic rights in favour of the directors and their compatibility with any type of payment or indemnity for early termination or severance, or derived from the termination of the contractual relationship, under the terms provided, between the company and the director, shall be indicated.

Indicate whether the vesting or vesting of any of the long-term savings' plans is linked to the achievement of certain objectives or benchmarks related to the short-and long-term performance of the director.

The Company has no long-term savings system in place.

- Any type of payment or indemnity for early termination or severance or derived from the termination of the contractual relationship under the terms established between the company and the director, whether the termination is at the will of the company or of the director, as well as any type of agreed covenants, such as exclusivity, post-contractual non-competition and permanence or loyalty, which entitle the director to any type of payment.

The contract signed by the Company with the Chief Executive Officer establishes compensation for an amount equivalent to two years of his fixed remuneration in the event of termination of the contract by the Company, unless said termination is due to a serious and guilty breach on his part of the obligations that legally or contractually incumbent upon him.

In the event of termination of the contract due to withdrawal of the Chief Executive Officer, he must notify the Company in writing at least 3 months in advance and must compensate the Company with an amount equivalent to the fixed remuneration applicable in the moment of termination of the Contract corresponding to the period of notice that has not been complied with.

- Indicate the conditions to be respected in the contracts of those who perform senior management functions as executive directors. Among others, information should be provided on the duration, limits on the amounts of compensation, tenure clauses, notice periods, as well as payment in lieu of the notice period, and any other clauses relating to hiring bonuses, as well as compensation or golden parachute clauses in the event of early termination or termination of the contractual relationship between the company and the executive director. Include, among others, non-competition, exclusivity, permanence or loyalty and post-contractual non-competition covenants or agreements, unless explained in the preceding section.

The main terms and conditions of the service contract entered into by the Company with the Chief Executive Officer are as follows:

- Duration: the contract entered into force on 8 April 2019 and will remain in force for as long as Mr Francisco de Borja García-Egocheaga Vergara remains as Chief Executive Officer of the Company.
- Exclusivity: The Chief Executive Officer of the Company shall perform his duties exclusively for the Company on a full-time basis and may
 not work directly or indirectly or provide services for third parties or on his own account, even if such activities do not compete with those
 of the Company.
- Post-contractual non-competition: once the contract is terminated for any reason, the Chief Executive Officer may not carry out, for a period
 of one year, any activity that is concurrent with those of the Company or any company of the Neinor group, either on his own account or on
 behalf of a competing employer.

As compensation for the post-contractual non-competition obligation, he shall be entitled to receive a gross amount equal to 70% of the annual fixed remuneration in force at that time.

- The nature and estimated amount of any other additional remuneration to be earned by directors in the current financial year in consideration for services rendered other than those inherent in their office

The Company has not established any supplementary remuneration for directors.

- Other items of remuneration such as those derived, if applicable, from the granting by the company to the director of advances, loans and guarantees and other remuneration.

There are no other remuneration items.

- The nature and estimated amount of any other expected additional remuneration not included in the preceding paragraphs, whether paid by the entity or another group entity, that will accrue to directors in the current financial year.

There are no other supplementary remunerations.

A.2 Explain any relevant changes to the remuneration policy applicable in the current financial year arising from:

- A new policy or a modification of the policy already approved by the Board.
- Relevant changes in the specific determinations established by the board for the current financial year in the current remuneration policy compared to those applied in the previous financial year.
- Proposals that the board of directors would have resolved to submit to the general meeting of shareholders to which this annual report will be submitted and which are proposed to be applicable to the current financial year.

An amendment has been made to the Remuneration Policy in 2023 to update the description of the Company's long-term variable remuneration plan, as the plan contained in the previous Policy, called the Long-Term Incentive Plan 2020 (hereinafter "LTIP 2020") ended on 31 December 2022, having been replaced by a new plan, the "Management Incentive Plan 2023-2025" (hereinafter "MIP 2023-2025"), which was approved by the Board, with the favourable report of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held in writing and without a meeting on 30 March 2023.

Likewise, the references in the Policy to the Executive Director other than the CEO have been eliminated, as there is currently only one Executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer, since the other director who held that position, Mr Jorge Pepa, resigned in April 2022.

As part of the process of revising the Remuneration Policy, the Company has received legal advice from Roca Junyent, S.L.P. In addition, the Company has received advice from Seeliger y Conde in the preparation of the Company's long-term variable remuneration plan described in the Policy.

The remuneration programmes set out in the Policy maintain a reasonable proportion to the relevance of the Company, its economic situation and the market standards of comparable companies and promote the long-term profitability and sustainability of the Company, incorporating the necessary precautions to avoid excessive risk-taking or rewarding unfavourable results and ensuring the alignment of the interests of the directors with those of the Company and its shareholders.

On 22 November 2023, the aforementioned amendment to the Board Remuneration Policy, following a favourable report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, was approved by the Board of Directors of Neinor Homes. This amendment will be submitted to the General Shareholders' Meeting to be held in April 2024.

No additional changes have been made, as a new Policy was approved in financial year 2022 in order, on the one hand, to incorporate the provisions of article 529 novodecies of the Capital Companies Act, as amended by Act 5/2021 amending the Capital Companies Act, which imposed new requirements on the content of the remuneration policies for directors of listed companies and, on the other hand, an expansion of certain descriptions and information in order to respond to requests from proxy advisors and investors. The changes are described in the remuneration report for the 2022 financial year, published on the company's website.

A.3 Identify the direct link to the document containing the company's current remuneration policy, which should be available on the company's website.

https://www.neinorhomes.com/uploads/documentos_contenidos/947/documento/Remunerations-Policy_Neinor.pdf

The policy published on the company's website at the date of this report is the policy prior to the amendment approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting on 22 November 2023. The amended policy will be published on the website once it has been approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders, scheduled for April 2024.

A.4 Explain, considering the data provided in section B.4, how the vote of the shareholders at the general meeting at which the annual remuneration report for the previous year was put to a consultative vote was considered.

As stated in the notarial minutes of the General Shareholders' Meeting held on 20 April 2023, authorized by the Bilbao Notary Ms. Raquel Ruiz Torres under number 432 of her protocol, the Annual Directors' Remuneration Report for the year ended 31 December 2022 was approved in a consultative vote by 98.6795% of votes in favour. Accordingly, no action has been taken in this respect.

B. OVERALL SUMMARY OF HOW THE REMUNERATION POLICY WAS APPLIED DURING THE YEAR ENDED

B.1.1 Explain the process followed to implement the remuneration policy and determine the individual remuneration reflected in section C of this report. This information shall include the role played by the remuneration committee, the decisions taken by the board of directors and, if applicable, the identity and role of external advisors whose services were used in the process of implementing the remuneration policy in the financial year ended.

As regards the remuneration of directors in their capacity as such, insofar as the remuneration provided for in the remuneration policy is fixed, the Company has limited itself to applying it on its own terms.

The amount accrued by the directors in their capacity as such during the financial year 2023 is as follows:

- Ricardo Martí Fluxá: received a fixed annual remuneration of 121,325 €, as well as 54,000 € in attendance fees.
- Anna M. Birulés Bertran: received a fixed remuneration of 89,675 €, as well as 48,000 € in attendance fees.
- Alfonso Rodés Vilà: received a fixed remuneration of 89,675 €, as well as 40,500 € in attendance fees.
- Andreas Segal: received a fixed remuneration of 89.675 €, as well as 33,000 € in attendance fees.

Regarding the variable remuneration of the Chief Executive Officer, the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on 24 January 2024, analysed compliance with the targets set for the collection of the variable remuneration for the 2023 financial year.

The Board of Directors at its meeting on 25 January 2023, following a favourable report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, established the following targets for the accrual of the Chief Executive Officer's variable remuneration:

	Weight
1. Margin Contribution Development (M€)	25%
2. Cranes (#)	25%
3. OpEx (M€)	15%
4. EBITDA (net MIP) (M€)	25%
5.ESG index score	10%

The degree of compliance with the various objectives linked to the achievement of the CEO's variable remuneration was as follows: 100% compliance with respect to the EBITDA target, 98% compliance with respect to the contribution margin target, 91% compliance with respect to the target for planned construction launches (cranes), 111% compliance with respect to the company's planned OPEX target and 100% compliance with respect to the company's ESG objectives.

The percentages of compliance with the objectives have been reviewed and validated by the GRC department.

There have also been additional events that have been considered relevant when assessing the company's performance. Thus, within the shareholder remuneration pillar, the company will have completed in February the distribution of 125 million ϵ , 21% of the total planned for the period. In addition, the company expects to distribute 325 million ϵ in 2024 and 2025, representing a return of 41%.

On the other hand, in 2023 Neinor Homes has signed agreements with three strategic partners to co-invest 300 million ϵ , which means an improvement in the efficiency of capital allocation. Up to the end of the year, Neinor co-invested 100 million ϵ in asset purchases with its partners.

As a consequence of the above, the Appointments and Remuneration Committee proposed, and the Board approved, at its meeting of 24 January 2024, a bonus of $350,000 \in$ for the Chief Executive Officer, to be paid in fiscal year 2024.

B.1.2 Explain any deviations from the established procedure for the application of the remuneration policy that occurred during the financial year.

There has been no deviation from the established procedure for the application of the remuneration policy.

B.1.3 Indicate whether any temporary exceptions to the remuneration policy have been applied and, if so, explain the exceptional circumstances that have led to the application of these exceptions, the specific components of the remuneration policy affected and the reasons why the company considers that these exceptions have been necessary to serve the long-term interests and sustainability of the company as a whole or to ensure its viability. Also quantify the impact that the application of these exceptions has had on the remuneration of each director during the year.

There have been no exceptions to the remuneration policy.

B.2 Explain the different actions taken by the company in relation to the remuneration system and how they have contributed to reducing exposure to excessive risks and aligning it with the company's objectives, values and long-term interests, including a reference to the measures that have been taken to ensure that accrued remuneration has taken into account the long-term performance of the company and achieved an appropriate balance between fixed and variable components of remuneration, what measures have been taken in relation to those categories of staff whose professional activities have a material impact on the entity's risk profile, and what measures have been taken to avoid conflicts of interest, if any.

See section A.1

B.3 Explain how the remuneration accrued and consolidated in the year complies with the provisions of the current remuneration policy and how it contributes to the long-term and sustainable performance of the company.

Also report on the relationship between the remuneration obtained by the directors and the results or other short- and long-term performance measures of the company, explaining, where applicable, how variations in the company's performance may have influenced the variation in directors' remuneration, including accrued remuneration for which payment has been deferred, and how these contribute to the company's short- and long-term results.

The remuneration accrued in the year complies with the provisions of the current remuneration policy.

As regards the remuneration of the Chief Executive Officer, who is the only Director contemplating the payment of variable remuneration, the remuneration system envisaged is aligned with the interests of the Company. The annual bonus targets are linked to financial and non-financial performance. Specifically, the individual contract entered into with the Chief Executive Officer provides for the possibility of receiving annual variable remuneration in cash, provided that the results significantly improve the business plan and that the Company's Board of Directors so decides.

The weighted parameters taken into consideration to set the variable remuneration of the Chief Executive Officer are as follows:

	Weight
1. Margin Contribution Development (M€)	25%
2. Cranes (#)	25%
3. OpEx (M€)	15%
4. EBITDA (net MIP) (M€)	25%
5. ESG index score	10%

The Appointments and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on 24 January 2024, analysed the compliance with the objectives set for the payment of the variable remuneration corresponding to financial year 2023.

The degree of compliance with the different objectives referred to in section B1.1. has been analysed by the Appointments and Remuneration Committee and reviewed and validated by the GRC department prior to their approval by the Board.

% of issued

B.4 Report on the result of the advisory vote of the general meeting on the annual report on remuneration for the previous financial year, indicating the number of abstentions and negative, blank and affirmative votes cast:

Votes cast	62,886,336	78.6191 %
	N 1	0/ 6: 1
	Number	% of issued
Votes against	482,127	0.7667 %
Votes for	62,055,966	98.6795 %
Blank votes	0	0.0000 %
A hetentions	348 243	0.5538 %

Number

Observations

The approval rate of the Annual Remuneration Report at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in 2021, held in 2022, was 88.07%, which means that at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in 2023 there was an improvement in approval by more than 10 percentage points compared to the previous year.

B.5 Explain how the fixed components accrued and consolidated during the year by the directors in their capacity as such have been determined, their relative proportion for each director and how they have varied from the previous year:

The fixed components of the remuneration of directors who qualify as "independent" and "other external" consist of a fixed annual salary and allowances for attendance at meetings of the Board and its committees. The amounts paid as a fixed component to Directors have increased by 5.5% compared to 2022, in line with the increase for the average of the company's employees and below the limit stipulated in the Board's Remuneration Policy.

The allowances have been paid based on attendance at meetings of the Board and its committees.

The proportion represented by the annual fixed remuneration compared to the total fixed components accrued and consolidated (fixed remuneration + attendance fees) for the directors Ricardo Martí Fluxá, Anna M. Birulés Bertran, Alfonso Rodés Vilà and Andreas Segal, are respectively 69%, 65%, 69% and 73%, not having produced significant differences with respect to the proportion that occurred in the previous year.

B.6 Explain how the salaries accrued and consolidated during the year ended for each of the executive directors for the performance of management duties have been determined, and how they have varied with respect to the previous year.

The salary earned by the Chief Executive Officer for performing management functions consists of a fixed salary and a variable compensation ("bonus"). The overall compensation (fixed and variable compensation) of the Chief Executive Officer has increased by 34%, from 1,414,000 euros in fiscal year 2022 to 1,895,980 euros in fiscal year 2023. The difference is due to the accrual in the current year of the portion corresponding to the fulfilment of the MIP 2023-2025, which was somewhat higher than the previous LTIP that accrued in 2022, in addition to the increase in fixed and variable remuneration (bonus).

With respect to the ratio of variable remuneration with respect to fixed remuneration, it has gone from 50% in 2022 to 53% in the current financial year.

The variable salary has been determined as indicated in section B.3 above.

- **B.7** Explain the nature and main features of the variable components of the remuneration systems accrued and vested in the financial year ended. In particular:
- Identify each of the remuneration plans that have determined the different variable remuneration accrued by each of the directors during the year ended, including information on their scope, date of approval, date of implementation, vesting conditions, if any, vesting periods and term, criteria used to assess performance and how this has impacted on the setting of the variable amount accrued, as well as the measurement criteria used and the time required to be in a position to adequately measure all stipulated conditions and criteria, detailing the criteria and factors applied in terms of the time required and methods to verify that the performance or other conditions to which the vesting and vesting of each component of variable remuneration was linked have been effectively met.
- In the case of stock option plans or other financial instruments, the general features of each plan shall include information on the conditions both for unconditional vesting and for the exercise of such options or financial instruments, including the exercise price and exercise period.
- Each of the directors, and their category (executive directors, external proprietary directors, external independent directors or other external directors), who are beneficiaries of remuneration systems or plans that incorporate variable remuneration.
- Where applicable, information shall be provided on vesting, vesting or deferral periods for payment of consolidated amounts that have been applied and/or holding/non-disposal periods for shares or other financial instruments, if any.

As explained in section A.1 above, only the executive director may receive variable remuneration. Variable remuneration consists of the following:

1. Annual bonus, which is approved each year by the company's Board of Directors and the details of which can be found in section A.1 above;

2. Incentive plans

On the one hand, in the financial year 2023, the first materialisation period of the LTIP 2020 Plan (achievement / vesting period 2020 - 2022) has been met, and therefore the first block of company shares contemplated in said Plan has been transferred to the CEO, which will be detailed in the subsequent description of each of the plans.

On the other hand, the first year of the new Incentive Plan (MIP 2023-2025) was accrued in 2023, which will be paid in cash once the annual accounts for 2023 have been approved at the next General Shareholders' Meeting to be held in April 2024. Details of the amounts accrued are shown in the description of the Plan.

2.1. Long Term Incentive Plan 2020 ("LTIP 2020").

The LTIP 2020 was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 28 February 2020 with the favourable report of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee. The LTIP was included in the Board Remuneration Regulations that were approved by the General Shareholders' Meeting held on April 1, 2020.

In addition to certain members of the Company's senior management, the Chief Executive Officer, who is an executive director, is a beneficiary of the 2020 LTIP.

This is a remuneration system consisting entirely of Company shares.

The 2020 LTIP consists of a single three-year cycle. The achievement period starts on January 1, 2020 and has ended on December 31, 2022. At the end of the achievement period, the number of shares of each beneficiary will be calculated taking into account the level of achievement of certain pre-approved metrics, which are detailed below, together with the shares equivalent to the dividends paid, both in accordance with the following:

- 50% of the shares earned will be delivered at the end of the three-year vesting period (initial payment), plus a number of shares equal to the dividends that would theoretically have been paid on the 50% of the shares earned from the start of the 2020 LTIP (1 January 2020) until the day of payment, divided by the average share price in the 6-month period prior to the end of the cycle.
- 25% of the shares obtained will be delivered one year after the initial payment, provided that the beneficiary remains in the Company and subject to malus provisions, plus a number of shares equal to the dividends that would theoretically have been paid on such 25% of the shares obtained since the beginning of the 2020 LTIP (1 January 2020) and until the day of payment, divided by the average share price in the 6-month period prior to the end of 2023.
- 25% of the shares obtained will be delivered two years after the initial payment, provided that the beneficiary remains in the Company and subject to malus provisions, plus a number of shares which will be equivalent to the dividends that would theoretically have been paid on such 25% of the shares obtained from the beginning of the 2020 LTIP (1 January 2020) until the day of payment, divided by the average share price in the 6-month period prior to the end of 2024.

50% of the amount payable is determined on the basis of the Company's EBITDA achievement, measured on a cumulative basis, the target being set at the beginning of the cycle.

The other 50% of the amount payable will be determined on the basis of total shareholder return, which will be calculated as the performance of the share price plus the value of dividends, if any, during the period assuming they are reinvested in Neinor Homes shares on the date they are received.

The maximum amount that the Chief Executive Officer can potentially receive is 2,700,000 euros in the case, with the basis for 100% compliance with the objectives being 1,800,000 euros.

The Plan's metrics are as follows:

50% EBITDA + 50% Total Shareholder Return ("TSR")

EBITDA is measured cumulatively, with the target being set at the beginning of the cycle. It is defined as the sum of the EBITDA targets for the 3 years of the cycle and the achievement is based on the sum of the actual EBITDA for the same period.

TSR is calculated as the share price performance plus the value of dividends, if any, during the period, assuming they are reinvested in the Company's shares on the day they are received.

The initial share price is $11 \in$. The closing price will be the average of closing prices in the market sessions of the 6 months prior to the end of the cycle (1 July to 31 December 2022 inclusive).

The targets are as follows:

Target		
Level	EBITDA	Incentive achieved (% of target shares)
≥ MAXIMUM	≥ 410 M€	150%
TARGET	370 M€	100%
MINIMUM	330 M€	50%
< MINIMUM	< 330 M€	0%

Target		
Level	TSR	Incentive achieved (% of target shares)
≥ MAXIMUM	≥ 48.2 %	150%
TARGET	36.80 %	100%
MINIMUM	26 %	50%
< MINIMUM	< 26 %	0%

The Appointments and Remuneration Committee will have the power to propose to the Board of Directors the cancellation of the payment of the 2020 LTIP to the executive directors, in full or in part, in the event of certain supervening circumstances (reduction, or malus, and clawback clauses): (a) losses in the Neinor Homes Group (negative EBITDA / Profit after tax) in the year following the end date of the 2020 LTIP attributable to management decisions made in the achievement period of each year; (b) material restatement of the Group's financial statements, when so deemed by the external auditors, except where appropriate due to a change in accounting standards; (c) serious breach of the internal code of conduct by the executive director. The malus clause applies during the payment deferral period of the 2020 LTIP, while the clawback clause applies during the year following the delivery of the shares, in both cases only with respect to the shares to be delivered in each payment (after tax).

Based on the company's results in the achievement period, cumulative EBITDA exceeded 410 million €, so the incentive obtained in the EBITDA target was the ceiling of 150%.

With respect to the second objective, related to the "TSR", there has been no revaluation of the share, above the initial price considered (11 euros), so there has been no incentive for this second objective, the degree of achievement being 0%.

The gross amount in shares collected in 2023 by the CEO, corresponding to the first instalment of 50% of the plan detailed above, amounts to 770,784 euros, corresponding to 150% of the EBITDA target plus a number of shares equivalent to the dividends paid on the 50% of shares obtained since the beginning of the 2020 LTIP (1 January 2020) and until the day of payment, divided by the average share price in the 6-month period prior to the end of the cycle.

After tax at the CEO's marginal income tax rate, the shares deposited in his securities account amounted to 44,068 shares, which remain at 31 December 2023, as they cannot be traded within one year of their receipt, as required by the LTIP regulations.

2.2. Long Term Incentive Plan 'Management Incentive Plan 2023-2025' ("MIP 2023-2025")

In addition to certain members of the Company's senior management, the CEO is a beneficiary of the 2023-2025 MIP.

The 2023-2025 MIP is composed of three one-year cycles. The first cycle of the Plan runs from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023. The second Plan cycle runs from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 and the third Plan cycle runs from 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025. At the end of each achievement period, the incentive payable in cash to each beneficiary will be calculated taking into account the level of achievement of certain pre-approved metrics, in accordance with the following:

The Plan is conceived as a measurable system based on the achievement of the following KPIs: Total Shareholder Return (TSR) as the "target" and Ebitda as the "key":

> Total Shareholder Return includes both ordinary and extraordinary dividends as well as cancellation of treasury shares.

The Total Shareholder Return (TSR) target is 450 million € over the three years 2023-2025.

The distribution of the total amount of the Plan in each of the three years will be proportional to the dividend distributed each year.

As the target TSR for each year is much higher than that distributed so far, it will not be necessary to reach a minimum over the annual TSR target or over the cumulative TSR target for the Plan to vest.

Ebitda as "key" with the following annual and cumulative targets for each of the 3 years:

- ~	EBITDA	EBITDA
Año	Objetivo	Acumulado
2023	135M€	135M€
2024	100M€	235M€
2025	100M€	335M€

A threshold of 85% of the cumulative annual target must be reached for the financial entitlement allocated to each year to accrue. Below 85%, no accrual will be made. Above 85%, the accrual will be proportional in the same percentage (e.g.: 90% achievement of Ebitda target, implies 90% accrual). Once 100% of the accumulated Ebitda target has been reached, 100% of the Plan will accrue.

- The actual settlement will take place after the approval of the annual accounts for the year in which each cycle ends and the approval of the Board's proposal for the corresponding dividend for each year (i.e. 2024 for the first cycle, 2025 for the second cycle and 2026 for the last cycle).
- Vesting of the Incentive will not be capped on an annual basis. Vesting in each of the three years will be calculated in proportion to the total dividends distributed in each year over the Total Shareholder Return (TSR) for the 3 years (limited to €17.5 million for the entire 3 vesting years).
- The Board must approve the TSR target and the EBITDA key for each of the years of the Plan, all in accordance with the 2023-2027 Strategic Plan, compliance with which will be a precondition for vesting of the Incentive.
- In the event of a takeover or change of control of the Company or any of the Group companies, or a material event or transaction, the full amount of the Plan will be settled.
- Any Incentive that may be payable shall be delivered as soon as possible after the transaction giving rise to the early settlement of the Plan.

<u>Clawback:</u> In case of voluntary departure of an executive from the company before the third year (end of the plan), a penalty equivalent to 30% of the amount accrued and received up to that point (net of tax) will be applied.

The total amount of the proposed Plan is 15 million Euros, with a ceiling of 17.5 million Euros to be distributed among the six beneficiaries of the Plan. Of this amount, the CEO's share is 21%. The amount of this Plan represents 3.33% of the TSR target (450 million euros). In this sense, as the ceiling is 17.5 million euros, a TSR of 525 million euros over the 3 years will be considered as the highest achievable target subject to incentive. Above this amount, no additional economic rights will accrue to the beneficiaries of the Plan.

The Appointments and Remuneration Committee shall have the power to propose to the Board of Directors the cancellation of the payment of the MIP 2023-2025 to the Executive Director, in whole or in part, in the event of certain supervening circumstances (reduction and clawback clauses).

On 30 March 2023, the Board, following a favourable report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, set for the first period of 2023 an TSR target of 100 million euros and an EBITDA target of 135 million euros.

In the 2023 financial year, EBITDA of $136\,M\,\varepsilon$ was achieved (101 % compliance) and the distributed TSR was $126.27\,M\,\varepsilon$. Based on the above, the Chief Executive Officer has accrued the amount of 882,980 euros, which will be paid, if applicable, once the annual accounts have been approved in 2024.

B.8 Indicate whether certain accrued variable components have been reduced or clawbacked when, in the first case, the payment of unconsolidated amounts has been deferred or, in the second case, consolidated and paid, based on data that have subsequently proved to be manifestly inaccurate. Describe the amounts reduced or refunded by the application of the malus or clawback clauses, why they have been applied and the financial years to which they relate.

As of the date of this report, the Company is not aware of any event that determines the application of clawback clauses for the reduction or refund of the variable components of remuneration.

B.9 Explain the main characteristics of the long-term savings systems whose amount or equivalent annual cost is shown in the tables in Section C, including retirement and any other survivor's benefits, which are partially or fully funded by the company, whether internally or externally endowed, indicating the type of plan, whether it is a defined contribution or defined benefit plan, the contingencies it covers, the conditions of consolidation of the economic rights in favour of directors and its compatibility with any type of compensation for early termination or termination of the contractual relationship between the company and the director.

The Company has not established any long-term savings system.

B.10 Explain, if applicable, the indemnities or any other type of payment derived from early termination, whether the termination is at the will of the company or of the director, or from the termination of the contract, in the terms provided therein, accrued and/or received by the directors during the financial year ended.

The Company has not paid any indemnities or other payments arising from the early termination of directors.

B.11 Indicate whether there have been any significant changes in the contracts of those exercising senior management functions as executive directors and, if so, explain them. Also explain the main terms and conditions of the new contracts signed with executive directors during the year unless they have already been explained in section A.1.

During the 2023 financial year, there were no changes to the contract of the person who performs senior management functions as Executive Director.

The main conditions of the contract signed with Mr. Francisco de Borja García-Egocheaga are detailed in section A.1.

B.12 Explain any additional remuneration accrued to directors in consideration for services rendered other than those inherent to their position.

The Company has not paid any additional remuneration to directors in consideration for services rendered other than those inherent to their position.

B.13 Explain any remuneration derived from the granting of advances, loans and guarantees, with an indication of the interest rate, their essential characteristics and any amounts repaid, as well as the obligations assumed on their behalf by way of guarantee.

The Company has not granted any advances, loans or guarantees to directors.

B.14 Give details of the remuneration in kind earned by directors during the year, briefly explaining the nature of the different salary components.

The directors in their capacity as such have not accrued remuneration in kind. Regarding the Chief Executive Officer, see section B.7.

B.15 Explain the remuneration accrued by the director by virtue of payments made by the listed company to a third-party entity in which the director provides services when such payments are intended to remunerate the director's services in the company.

No such remuneration has been paid.

B.16 Explain and detail the amounts accrued during the year in respect of any other remuneration item other than those listed above, regardless of its nature or the group entity paying it, including all benefits in any form, such as when it is considered a related-party transaction or, in particular, when it significantly affects the true and fair view of the total remuneration accrued by the director, explaining the amount granted or pending payment, the nature of the consideration for the performance of his executive duties, and whether or not it has been considered appropriate to include it among the amounts accrued under "other items" in section C.

There are no remuneration items other than those indicated above.

C. DETAILS OF THE INDIVIDUAL REMUNERATION CORRESPONDING TO EACH OF THE DIRECTORS

Name	Туре	Accrual period 2023
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	Independent	01/01/2023 to 31/12/2023
Anna M. Birulés Bertran	Independent	01/01/2023 to 31/12/2023
Alfonso Rodés Vilá	Independent	01/01/2023 to 31/12/2023
Andreas Segal	Independent	01/01/2023 to 31/12/2023
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola	Proprietary	01/01/2023 to 31/12/2023
Juan José Pepa	Proprietary	01/01/2023 to 31/12/2023
Francisco de Borja García-Egocheaga	Executive	01/01/2023 to 31/12/2023
Van J. Stults	Proprietary	01/01/2023 to 31/12/2023
Aref H. Lahham	Proprietary	01/01/2023 to 31/12/2023

- **C.1** Complete the following tables with respect to the individual remuneration of each of the directors (including remuneration for the exercise of executive functions) accrued during the financial year.
 - a) Remuneration of the company that is the subject of this report:
 - i) Remuneration accrued in cash (in thousands of ϵ)

Name	Fixed remuneration	Allow ances	Remuneration for membership of board committees	Salary	variable remuneratio	Long-term variable remunerati on	Compensatio		Total year 2023	Total year 2022
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	121	54	0	0	0	0	0	0	175	166
Anna M. Birulés Bertran	90	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	138	124
Alfonso Rodés Vilá	90	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	130	121
Andreas Segal	90	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	123	119.5
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Francisco de Borja García- Egocheaga		0	0	663	350	0	0	883	1,896	1,414**
Juan José Pepa	0	0	0			0	0	0		
Van J. Stults	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Aref H. Lahham	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

^(*) Mr. Morenés was reclassified from Independent Director to Proprietary Director on 26 January 2022, the date on which the Appointments and Remuneration Committee approved his change of status, and which was subsequently ratified by the Board on the basis of article 529 duodecies of the Capital Companies Act. For this reason, in 2022 Mr Morenés only received the fixed remuneration corresponding to the period during which he was an Independent Director, given that, as explained above, Proprietary and Executive Directors do not receive remuneration for their status as such.

^(**) In the previous year, the IAR for the remuneration corresponding to the Chief Executive Officer showed an amount for 2022 of 1,050 M and not the 1,414 M shown in the table above. The difference is due to the fact that in the previous year the figure corresponded to what was actually received in the year and not to what was accrued, having corrected this figure for the current year, so the figures provided are the amounts accrued in 2022 and 2023.

Name	Name of the Plan	Financial instruments beginning o 2023 financ	s at the of the	Financial instruments granted dur 2023 financ	s ring the	Financial ir financial ye	nted in the	and in unexercis ed instrume nts	Financial instruments at the end of 2023			
		No. of instruments		No. of instruments		No. of instruments	consolidat	ed share price	Gross profit from consolidated shares or financial	instruments	instrum	No. of equivalent shares
Ricardo Martí									instruments (thousands €)			
Fluxá Anna M. Birulés Bertran												
Alfonso Rodés Vilá												
Andreas Segal												
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola												
Juan José Pepa												
Francisco de Borja García- Egocheaga				88,136*	88,136*						88,136	88,136
Van J. Stults												
Aref H. Lahham												

^(*) It is noted that (i) half of the shares indicated (i.e., 44.068 shares) correspond to the initial payment of the 2020 LTIP, in an amount equal to 50% of the shares earned during the vesting period plus a number of shares equal to the dividends that would have accrued on those shares from 1 January 2020 until the day of payment, divided by the average share price in the 6-month period prior to 31 December 2022; (ii) the remaining 50% will be delivered in 2024 and 2025, as provided in the terms and conditions of the 2020 LTIP, provided that the conditions for delivery are met; and (iii) to the extent that all shares to be delivered under the 2020 LTIP are subject to "malus" clauses (including those corresponding to the initial payment referred to above), such shares will vest in subsequent IARs as and when such clauses cease to apply.

iii) Long-term savings schemes

	Remuneration for consolidation of rights to savings schemes
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	
Anna M. Birulés Bertran	
Alfonso Rodés Vilá	
Andreas Segal	
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola	
Juan José Pepa	
Francisco de Borja García-Egocheaga	
Van J. Stults	
Aref H. Lahham	

	Company		on for the ye ds of euros)	ar	Amount of accumulated funds (thousands of euros)				
Name	consolidated ur		Savings systems with unconsolidated economic rights		Financial Yo	Financial Year 2023		Year 2022	
	Financial Year 2023			Financial Year 2022		Systems with unconsolidated economic rights	economic	Systems with unconsolidated economic rights	
Ricardo Martí Fluxá		•							
Anna M. Birulés Bertran									
Alfonso Rodés Vilá									
Andreas Segal									
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola									
Juan José Pepa									
Francisco de Borja García-Egocheaga						·			
Van J. Stults									
Aref H. Lahham									

iv) Details of other items:

Name	Item	Amount of remuneration
Ricardo Martí Fluxá		
Anna M. Birulés Bertran		
Alfonso Rodés Vilá		
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola		
Juan José Pepa		
Francisco de Borja García-Egocheaga		
Van J. Stults		
Aref H. Lahham		

- $b) \quad \textit{Remuneration paid to company directors for their membership of the boards of other group companies:}$
 - i) Remuneration accrued in cash (in thousands of ϵ)

Name	Fixed remuneration	Allowances	Remuneration for membership on board committees	Salary	Short-term variable remuneration	Long-term variable remuneration	Compensation	Other items	Total financial year 2023	Total financial year 2022
Ricardo Martí Fluxá										
Anna M. Birulés Bertran										
Alfonso Rodés Vilá										
Andreas Segal										
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola										
Juan José Pepa										
Francisco de Borja García-Egocheaga										
Van J. Stults										
Aref H. Lahham										

ii) Movement table of share-based remuneration schemes and gross profit from consolidated shares or financial instruments

		Financial ins the beginning financi		granted du	instruments ring the 2023 rial year	Conso	lidated financia	l instruments in	Expired and unexercised instruments	Financial instruments at end of 2023		
Name of	Name of the Plan	No. of instrument s	No. of equivalent shares	No. of instrument s	No. of equivalent shares	No. of instrument s	No. of equivalent/ consolidate d shares	Consolidat ed share price	Gross profit of consolidated shares or instruments (thousands €)	No. of instruments	No. of instrume nts	No. of equivale nt shares
Ricardo Martí Fluxá												
Anna M. Birulés Bertran												
Alfonso Rodés Vilá												
Andreas Segal												
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola												
Francisco de Borja García- Egocheaga												
Juan José Pepa												
Van J. Stults												
Aref H. Lahham												

iii) Long-term savings schemes

	Remuneration for consolidation of rights to savings schemes
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	
Anna M. Birulés Bertran	
Alfonso Rodés Vilá	
Andreas Segal	
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola	
Juan José Pepa	
Francisco de Borja García-Egocheaga	
Van J. Stults	
Aref H. Lahham	

	Company's con €)	ntribution for the	financial year	(thousands	Amount of accumulated funds (thousands €)					
Name		consolidated economic rights		Savings schemes with non-consolidated economic rights		Financial Year 2023		ear 2022		
	Financial Year 2023	Financial Year 2022	Financial Year 2021	Financial Year 2020	schemes with	schemes with non-	Savings schemes with consolidated economic rights	Savings schemes with non- consolidated economic rights		
Ricardo Martí Fluxá		II								
Anna M. Birulés Bertran										
Alfonso Rodés Vilá										
Andreas Segal										
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola										
Juan José Pepa										
Francisco de Borja García-Egocheaga										
Van J. Stults										
Aref H. Lahham										

iv) Detail of other items

	Item	Amount of remuneration
Ricardo Martí Fluxá		
Anna M. Birulés Bertran		
Alfonso Rodés Vilá		
Andreas Segal		
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola		
Juan José Pepa		
Francisco de Borja García-Egocheaga		
Van J. Stults		
Aref H. Lahham		

c) Summary of remuneration (in thousands of ϵ):

The summary should include the amounts corresponding to all the remuneration items included in this report that have been accrued by the director, in thousands of euros.

	Remuneration accrued in the Company			Remuneration earned in group companies							
Name	Total cash remun eratio n	Gross profit on consolidated shares or financial instruments	Remunera tion for savings schemes	Remunera tion for other concepts	Total year 2023 compan y	Total cash remunerati on	Gross profit on consolidated shares or financial instruments	Remuneratio n for savings schemes	Remuneratio n for other concepts	Total year 2023 group	Total year 2023 company + group
Ricardo Martí Fluxá	175				175						175
Anna M. Birulés Bertran	138				138						138
Alfonso Rodés Vilá	130				130						130
Andreas Segal	123				123						123
Felipe Morenés Botín- Sanz de Sautuola											
Francisc o de Borja García- Egochea ga	1,896				1,896						1,896
Juan José Pepa											
Van J. Stults											
Aref H. Lahham											

C.2 Indicate the changes over the last five years in the amount and percentage change in the remuneration earned by each of the listed company's directors during the year, in the consolidated results of the company and in the average remuneration on a full-time equivalent basis of the employees of the company and its subsidiaries who are not directors of the listed company.

Total amounts accrued and % annual change

	Year 2023	% change 2023/2022	Year 2022	% variation 2022/2021	Year 2021	% variation 2021/2020	Year 2020	% variation 2020/2019	Year 2019
Executive Directors									
Francisco de Borja García- Egocheaga	1,896	34.09 %	1,414	-23.07 %	1,838	39.35 %	1,319*	300.91 %	329
External Directors									
Felipe Morenés Botín-Sanz de Sautuola	0	-100 %**	6	-95.12 %**	123	1.23 %	121.5	0 %	121.5
Anna M. Birulés Bertran	138	11.29 %	124	3.33 %	120	2.56 %	117	-12.36 %	133.5
Ricardo Martí Fluxà	175	5.42 %	166	8.85 %	152.5	2.01 %	149.5	-8.28 %	163
Alfonso Rodés Vila	130	7.44 %	121	2.11 %	118.5	3.95 %	114	-9.52 %	126
Juan José Pepa									
Andreas Segal	123	2.93 %	119.5	9.13 %	109.5	2.82 %	106.5	6.08 %	100.4
Van J. Stults									
Aref H. Lahham									
Consolidated results of the company	91,363	-5.4 %	96,572	-6.11 %	102,855	46.69 %	70,116	9.99 %	63,748
Average employee remuneration	54.998	5,7 %	51.995	-37,58 %***	83,299	30.91 %***	63,632	-1.56 %	64,641

(*) The increase corresponds to the fact that in 2019, the CEO held this position for a few months and not for the entire financial year as in 2020, 2021 and 2022. (**) The difference between 2023/2022 and 2022/2021 is due to the fact that Mr. Morenés was reclassified from Independent Director to Proprietary Director on 26 January 2022, the date on which the Appointments and Remuneration Committee approved his change of status and which was subsequently ratified by the Board on the basis of article 529 duodecies of the Capital Companies Act. For this reason, in 2022 Mr Morenés only received the fixed remuneration corresponding to the period during which he was an Independent Director, given that, as explained above, Proprietary and Executive Directors do not receive remuneration for their status as such.

(***) The difference between 2020 and 2021 is mainly due to the incorporation of Quabit employees into the Group with higher average remuneration, the bonus for senior management for their performance and response to the pandemic and the bonus for the integration of Quabit. In the following year, 2022, the servicing business line will be discontinued, employees with a lot of experience will be dismissed due to retirement, and staff adjustments will occur due to the integration of Quabit, all of them with salaries higher than the company average, so There is a significant decrease in the average salary of the workforce, which, once stabilized, increases in this last year in line with the increase in the company's salaries.

D. OTHER INFORMATION OF INTEREST

If there is any relevant aspect regarding directors' remuneration that has not been included in the other sections of this report, but which it is necessary to include in order to provide more complete and reasoned information on the company's remuneration structure and practices in relation to its directors, briefly describe them.

This Annual Remuneration Report was approved by the Board of Directors of the company at its meeting held on 21 February 2024.

Indicate whether any directors voted against or abstained from voting on the approval of this report.

Yes No X

Name or company name of the member of the Board of Directors who did not vote in favour of the approval of this report	Reasons (vote against, abstention, non- attendance)	Explain the reasons		



STATEMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL INFORMATION

SUSTAINABILITY

REPORT

2023

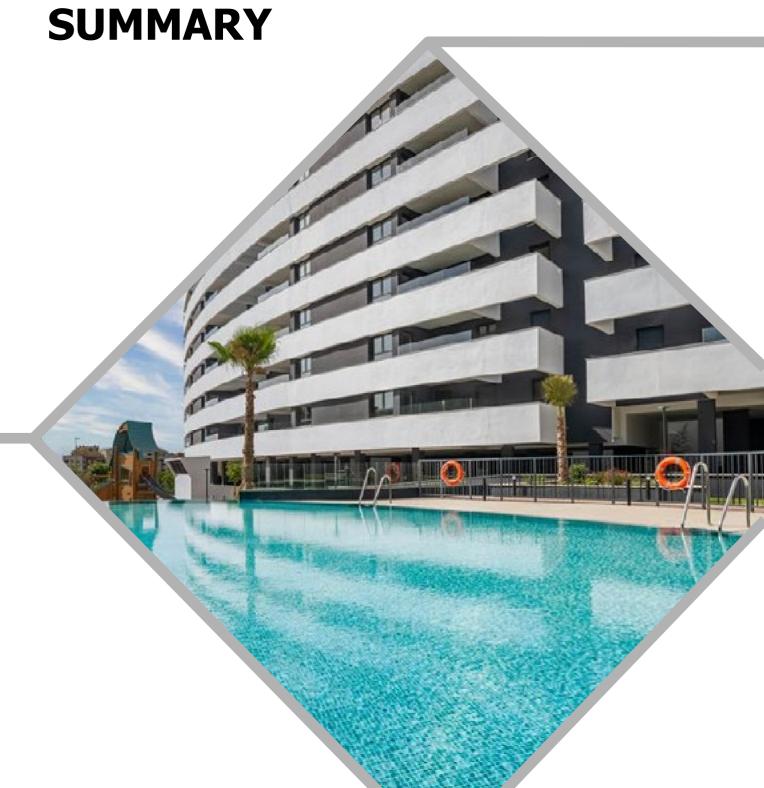


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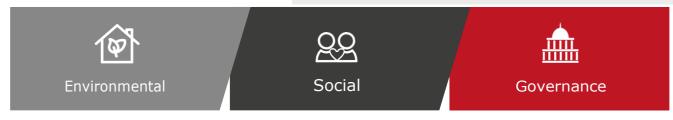
EXECUTIVE



WHO ARE WE?

Neinor Homes, the real estate platform with the ambition to transform the sector.

STRATEGIC PILLARS



We build homes for tomorrow

Because the homes of today will determine our homes of the future, we want to provide residential solutions that respect the environment, whose consumption of resources is only what is essential and which are energy efficient in their development.

Homes that our children and future generations will be proud of.

Our people and communities

In addition to building the homes where people will live their lives, we are also committed to the social environment and people's safety, health and well-being. Our aim is to increase the supply of accessible, quality residential housing for all segments of the population.

The value of doing the right things, the right way

We firmly believe that how we do things determines who we are and who we want to be. That is why we live by ethical standards of integrity and transparency, so that **our words** are consistent with our actions.



PURPOSE

The purpose of Neinor Homes is to provide and facilitate homes for our clients, ensuring the well-being of people, communities and the environment.

MISSION

Our mission as a company is to develop business models and formulas for the residential sector that are increasingly sustainable, accessible and at the same time profitable, in order to secure the future of the company and help to alleviate the housing shortage in Spain's main cities.

VALUES

- People: We evolve with people in mind, to provide homes that are more sustainable, spacious, high quality and environmentally responsible.
- Sustainability: Committed to the future we will leave behind for the next generations, we measure the impact of everything we do. We have a responsibility to conduct our business in an environmentally friendly way.
- Employees and talent: People are fundamental to our development as a company. We believe in equal opportunities, with our Equality Plan, as well as in the development of talent. and work-life balance.
- Benchmarks: We want to be able to inspire all our stakeholders by our example and become a benchmark within and outside the sector.
- Responsibility: We are committed to society so that housing is at the heart of a fair and sustainable social growth. We contribute to the regeneration of urban environments, to the development of the social fabric and the promotion of employment.
- Principles: Transparency, Good Governance and Social Commitment guide all our business decisions

HOW DO WE CREATE VALUE?

We create value through a responsible business model.

EMPLOYMENT GENERATION





More than 6,000 homes in various phases of production:

3,679 homes in the launch phase and 2,524 in the execution phase for development.

¹Considers the entire perimeter of the Neinor Homes Group at 31 December 2023, including the employees of Renta Garantizada and Quabir Construcción.

 $^2\text{According}$ to the Association of Real Estate Developers of Madrid (ASPRIMA), 2.4indirect jobs are generated for each dwelling.

We take into account for this calculation the homes delivered (2,559), given the fluctuation of homes under construction throughout the year.

INDUSTRIALISED MODEL

Promotion of first and second homes, construction, rental management of own and third-party homes.

Systematisation

Standardisation

Rigour

Environment

Innovation

Technology

Management of of the residential development process of the residential development process.



1.72 million m² land bank



84 developments and 13,125 homesfor sale



2,559 homes delivered in 2023

QUALITY AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT



Environment, Quality and Innovation Policy



ISO Certificate **14001** of Environmental Management

ISO Certificate **9001** of Quality Management



247,327 kwh consumed



1,553 kg of paper





12.54 % 1,501 m³ of water reduction

16.28 % paper consumption reduction

5.48 % water consumption

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY AS AN INTERNAL POLICY FRAMEWORK

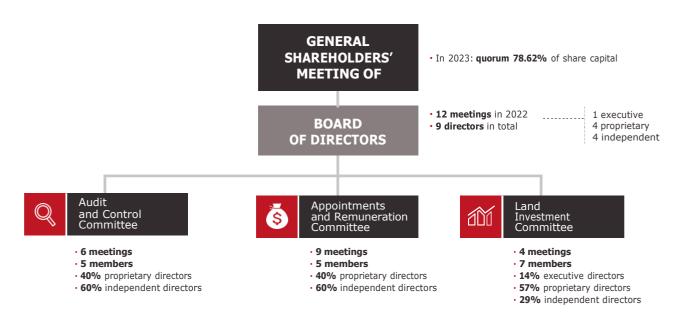
Objectives Lead the transformation of the sector Define the commitment to good governance, environment and society Provide a basis for integrating sustainability into business strategy Deliver a quality product Care for employees

2022 - 2025 Sustainability Plan

Environmental (A)	Social (S)	Governance (G)
 Sustainability and eco-efficiency of housing Consideration of climate change Protection and improvement of the environment Circular economy 	 Access to housing People's safety, health and well-being Customer relations and protection Commitment to the team and to society 	 Ethics, integrity and transparency Good corporate governance practices Responsible supply chain Sustainable financing Innovation

WHAT IS OUR GOVERNANCE MODEL BASED ON?

Our business is based on a model of responsible governance

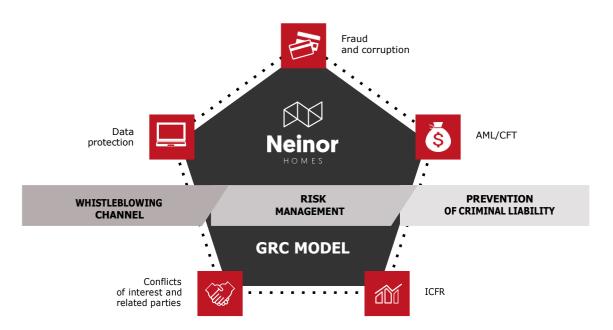


A COMPREHENSIVE MODEL OF CONTROL, COMPLIANCE AND ASSURANCE

GOVERNANCE, RISK AND COMPLIANCE MODEL (GRC)

Based on best practices of companies in the industry and other sectors

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY CORPORATE GOVERNANCE



Whistleblowing Channel

- Code of Ethics
- Whistleblowing Channel
- Ethical channel management procedure
- Code of Conduct for third parties
- Code of best practices in the real estate mediation services
- · Human Rights Policy

Risk Management Model

- Integrated Internal Control System
- Corporate Risk Map
- Risk Plan (Covid 19)

Prevention of criminal liability

- Criminal Risk Policy
- Criminal Risk Prevention Manual
- Internal rules of conduct
- General economic-financial and corporate communication policy
- Internal manual for the disclosure of privileged and other relevant information

Zero tolerance for corruption

- · Anti-Corruption, Fraud and Bribery Policy
- Instructions on gifts, invitations and donations
- Controls in place

Conflict of Interest Management

Conflict of interest and related party transactions policy

Data protection, confidentiality and information security

- Privacy Policy on Personal Data Protection
- Procedure for the enforcement of the rights of data subjects

System of internal control over financial and non-financial reporting

Internal control and risk management systems in relation to the financial reporting process (ICFR) and non-financial reporting (SICNFR)

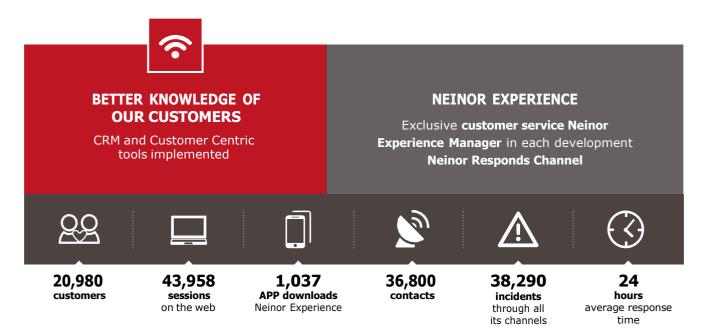


ISO 27001
Information
Security
Certification

ISO 9001 Quality Management Certification ISO 14001 Environmental Management Certification UNE 166002 R&D&I Management Certification

WHAT ADDED VALUE DO WE OFFER OUR CUSTOMERS?

We offer a personalised service tailored to customer needs



WE BUILD HOMES WITH ADDED VALUE



INNOVATION AS A DRIVER OF TRANSFORMATION

NEINOR NEXT

• Collaboration with start-ups to test their products/services and see if they generate added value for Neinor Homess

PROCESS INNOVATION

 Analysis of the integration and optimisation of the construction white book in the adaptation to the technical code

COOPERATIVE INNOVATION

 Participation in forums and working groups: Basque Construction Cluster, Building Cluster, PTEC (Spanish Construction Technology Platform) and Cemex

DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION

- Digital Transformation Plan
- Digital initiatives that add value



WHO ARE WE AT NEINOR HOMES?

We have a committed **team**



People management

Strategic Human Resources Plan
Loyalty plan
Protection of employees in pandemics

Professional and personal development

Internal Promotion
Welcome Pack
Attractive and flexible remuneration

Well-being and work-life balance

Work-life Balance Plan Work-life balance measures

Equality and diversity

Diversity and non-discrimination policy Equality Plan Code of Ethics Code of Conduct for third parties Human Rights Policy

Training

Training platform

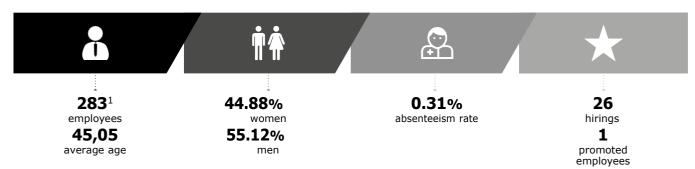
31.41 h. of training per employee and 17 training courses given to employees

Health and safety

Occupational Risk Prevention (ORP) audits
Life insurance: inclusion of cover for Absolute
Permanent Disability due to illness in common
for all the employees
Work site safety
Health and safety policy

Communication, satisfaction and initiatives to engage employees

Social initiatives
Work climate survey
Regular communications from Management
Team building activities



¹Analysis performed for employees of Neinor Homes parent company, excluding RG and QC in the process of integrating the HR control areas.

HOW DO WE WORK WITH OUR SUPPLIERS?

We are strategic partners of our suppliers

Responsible purchasing management

- Purchasing management procedure
- Mandatory clauses
- Tendering procedure for construction companies

Safety and awareness requirements

- · Good practice manual
- Safety coordinator
- · Health and safety audits
- Training days



FRAMEWORK AGREEMENTS

with manufacturers to achieve a mutually beneficial relationship and to be strategic partners

Approval / Evaluation of suppliers

- Demanding accreditation and selection process
- Annual re-approval of construction companies
- Evaluation of suppliers and subcontractors

Communication, satisfaction and cooperation

- Bilateral communication
- App. to evaluate the perception of Neinor Homes
- Cooperative initiatives



02

LETTER FROM THE **CEO**



We are a company that has been able to achieve its financial targets without compromising its sustainability.

Dear Shareholder,

It is a pleasure to present to you the 2023 Sustainability Report of Neinor Homes, a company committed to the environment and society, which places sustainable development and contribution of value to our key stakeholders at the core of our business.

Since our inception in 2015 and, as a listed company since 2017, we have been driving the transformation of the real estate sector by being a benchmark in the search for a more sustainable model allowing environmentally friendly construction and contributing to the progress of the social and business fabric of the areas in which we are present, while facilitating access to housing in large population centres with a supply shortage.

Our mission is to provide and facilitate a home to improve the prosperity and well-being of people, communities and the environment through a sustainable yet cost-effective housing model.

We are convinced that long-term viability requires the consideration in business strategy of social and environmental impact. Aware of these challenges, the Board of Directors approved the 2022-2025 Sustainability Plan. This plan integrates various actions in the analysis of our corporate operations, public-private agreements and business lines, such as leasing, integration of construction in the value chain and our Neinor Essential business line, which offers affordable and quality housing. We are also pioneers in carrying out a climate change risk analysis based on TFCD, and ours is the first developer to measure the social impact of the company in aspects such as, among others, accessibility to housing, basic services, healthy lifestyles, employment and local development.

Our commitment to sustainability has been acknowledged with the award of the highest international rating in environmental criteria by Sustainalytics, which positions us from 2021 to date as the global listed developer with the lowest ESG risk, highlighting our sustainability performance. We are duly prepared to face the challenges of the housing sector, such as climate change, and we believe that this business model, where social and environmental aspects are key, gives us social legitimacy and financial stability.

From a social point of view, the main challenge we are facing is the housing shortage. Through the actions carried out by the company, we seek to lead the change in the practices of our sector, aiming at the sustainable development of our business activity, minimising its impact on the environment, and contributing to the development of the social and business fabric of the areas in which we are present. Likewise, we are helping our customers in their search for the housing that best suits their needs, and we are reducing the difficulties of access to housing for many groups in Spain.

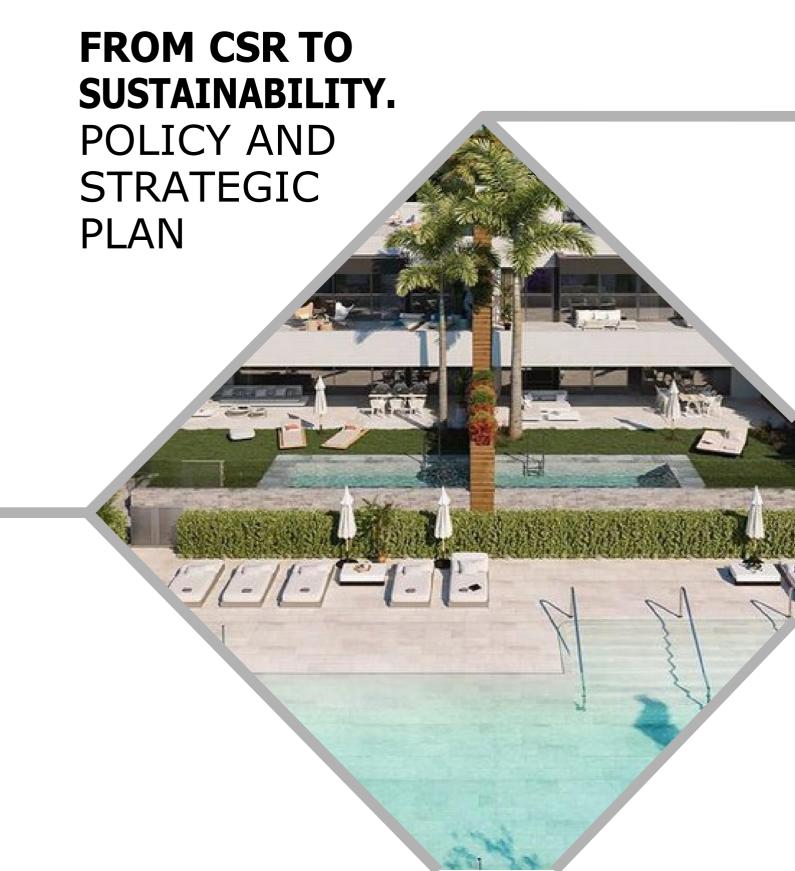
At Neinor Homes, we are convinced that working together with our stakeholders will strengthen our business model in which social and environmental benefits are part of our corporate success.



BORJA GARCÍA-EGOTXEAGACEO

Yours sincerely,

Borja García-Egotxeaga



Since its inception, Neinor Homes has maintained a strong commitment to its social and environmental impact, publishing and auditing its Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) / Sustainability Report since 2016, when it was not yet mandatory to do so.

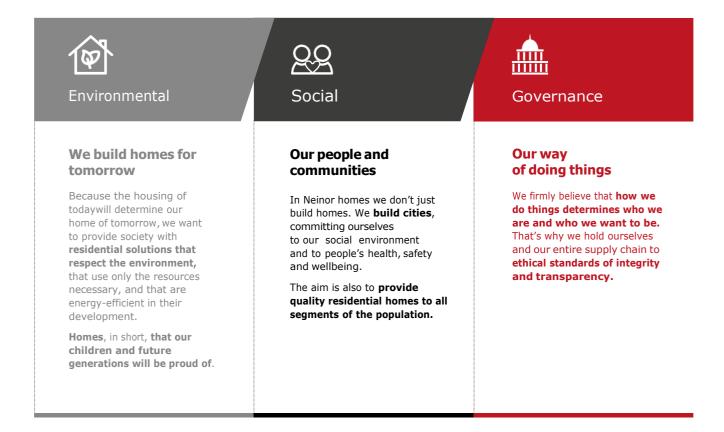
The development and implementation of Neinor Homes' CSR Policy - which is carried out through the Governance, Risk and Compliance (GRC), Internal Audit and ESG departments, in collaboration with other departments such as the Operations area, which is responsible for the "environmental" aspect, HR, Communication and Marketing - aims to encourage its employees to change their behaviour in a more supportive and responsible way, as a way of driving business growth.

We believe that the collaboration of all our employees and collaborators is key to the development of the ESG strategy of our 2022-2025 Sustainability Plan. Through surveys and emails received in our Social Action mailbox (accion.social@neinorhomes.com) we learn about their concerns, suggestions and preferences in terms of sustainability and social collaboration, which allows us to focus our actions on their opinions and the initiatives they recommend, thus achieving greater staff involvement.

Financial year 2021 was a decisive year in thetransformation of Neinor Homes' Corporate Social Responsibility, as the company's 2017 Corporate Social Responsibility Master Plan evolved giving rise to the **2022 - 2025 Sustainability Plan**, which was approved in September 2021 by the Board of Directors.

The Sustainability Plan was developed with the aim of transforming the real estate development model towards a more sustainable one, and was focused on creating value for the environment, society and people: minimising the impact of the company's activity on the environment, contributing to the development of the social and business fabric, as well as reducing the difficulties of access to housing for many groups.

For this reason, the Sustainability Plan is articulated around our three **strategic pillars**: Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG).



Our Sustainability Plan is made up of 16 areas of activity, within which 30 objectives and their corresponding 95 courses of action have been established, assigning specific deadlines and departments responsible for their development and fulfilment.

We build homes for tomorrow



- **E.1.** Resilient and Sustainable Homes
- **E.2.** Taking into account climate change, I CA/Carbon footprint
- **E.3.** Ecoefficient homes/resource use
- **E.4.** Protection and improvement of the environment
- **E.5.** Circular Economy

Our People and Communities



- **S.1.** Homes for everyone
- S.2. People's health, safety and wellbeing
- **S.3.** Customer attention and care
- **S.4.** Commitment to the team
- **S.5.** Commitment to Society, the Community and the City

Our way of doing things



- **G.1.** Best practice in Corporate Governance
- G.2. Ethics and Integrity
- **G.3.** Transparency and Relations
- **G.4.** Responsible sourcing chain
- **G.5.** Digital Culture/Innovation
- **G.6.** Sustainable Financing

Furthermore, as a sign of our commitment to the United Nations 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), we have used these as a **reference** to define the courses of action of our **Sustainability Plan**.



- The **Environmental (E)** pillar focuses on building sustainable and resilient homes and whose consumption of energy resources is very low, on reducing and offsetting the company's emissions, on promoting sustainable mobility in our developments, on protecting the biodiversity of the area, on supporting urban regeneration and on reducing and recovering construction waste.
- The **Social (S)** pillar focuses on improving access to housing, improving the safety, health and well-being of employees, suppliers/contractors and customers, actively listening to customers to offer them personalised service and products that bring them well-being, attracting and retaining talented employees, placing great importance on issues such as equality, diversity and non-discrimination, and developing and promoting social action and community engagement and human rights initiatives.
- The Governance (G) pillar focuses on aligning with best governance standards, maintaining and strengthening the ESG responsibilities of governance bodies, ensuring the company's ethics and integrity, engaging with stakeholders and communicating detailed ESG progress to stakeholders, and incorporating ESG criteria into supplier contracts and evaluations.

In this way, the Sustainability Plan covers all the points reflected in the previous Master Plan, but goes a step further, as it is a Plan that has evolved and broadened its scope, making its objectives more global and giving them a message and meaning, such as the commitment to sustainability at a global level and the company's involvement with an organisation such as the United Nations.

Our Sustainability Strategic Plan can be consulted at: https://neinorhomes.com/en/responsible-business-andinnovation/sustainability/sustainability-plan/

Review and update of the 2022-2025 Sustainability Plan

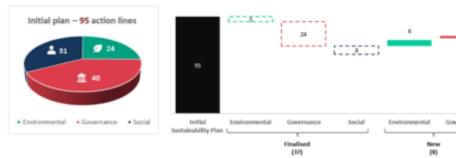
In 2023, in keeping with our policy of transparency and given that we are at the halfway point of the Plan, we have decided that it is a good time to review the courses of action that make up the Sustainability Plan and analyse whether they have been fulfilled, whether they will be maintained until 2025, whether they are aligned with the company's strategy or whether they have been concluded because they were included in a regulation, are not a priority in Neinor Homes' strategy or are one-off courses of action. In addition, we have also analysed the need to include new courses of action.

The aim of this review and analysis has been to reorient the company's strategy, to adapt it to the expectations of our environment, to reality and to regulations and, above all, to generate a real positive impact on people and the environment, avoiding greenwashing.

Evolution of the Sustainability Plan

The initial Plan had 95 courses of action which, following the revision and updating of the Plan, have been reduced to 66 courses of action (see Annex II). In this first period, 37 courses of action have been finalised and it has been considered appropriate to add 8 new courses of action.

EVOLUTION 2022-2025 SUSTAINABILTY PLAN





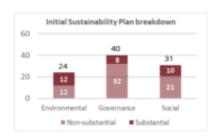
Compliance with the Sustainability Plan

Of the 95 courses of action set out in the Plan:

- \checkmark In these first two years, 68 (72%) have been achieved.
- ✓ 30 are considered essential (actions of major relevance either because of their impact on the business or the effort involved) and of these, 22 (73%) have been achieved.

(see Annex I)

Dimension Action lines		Fulfilled Not fulfilled		Fulfillment	
Environmental	24	20	4	28%	
Social	31	18	13		
Governance	40	30	10	728	
Total	95	68	27		
% fulfillment		72%	28%	■ No I■ Yes	



The history and development of the courses of action

Of the 95 courses of action set out in the Plan, 16 (17%) have been adjusted to the company's strategy¹, 42 (44%) are maintained until the Plan's end date in 2025 and, as mentioned above, 37 (39%) have been finalised² (see Annex I).



- ¹ The level of requirements has been raised, the range of compliance has been widened, more alternatives for compliance have become available and/or have been adjusted to the reality of the company and its real needs.
- ² They are already included in some regulations that imply their mandatory compliance, they are not a priority in Neinor Homes' strategy or they are not material and/or they are specific actions that have been complied with and that must be maintained over time.

At the halfway point towards the objectives we had set ourselves, the results in terms of compliance and monitoring of the courses of action are quite satisfactory. Nevertheless, we will continue to work until the finalisation of the updated Plan in order to meet 100% of the objectives.

> Validation of the Neinor Homes Group ESG



In 2021, in order to assess where Neinor Homes' ESG performance stood, it was decided to work with several analysts to obtain an objective assessment and receive feedback that would allow the company to continue improving.

This year, as in the two previous years, Neinor Homes has once again carried out an ESG assessment with the prestigious analyst Sustainalytics, being recognised for the third consecutive year as the best listed residential developer in the world in ESG criteria, or in other words, as the most sustainable listed real estate developer in the world.

In 2023, the company obtained a score of 9.1 (negligible risk), thus validating the Negligible Risk result achieved last year, despite the increase in the level of exigency in terms of the requirements to be met and the tightening of the criteria of the evaluation and scoring methodology by Sustainalytics.

In the last three years Neinor Homes has obtained the best score of all listed developers, the last two being below 10, which means that its level of risk is negligible.



Likewise, in 2022 Neinor Homes participated for the first time in S&P's Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA), which it has also carried out this year.

The result has been a score improvement of 15 points, from 42/100 to 57/100 (this analyst's score works in reverse to Sustainalytics': a higher score means a better rating).

This means that S&P recognises the company as the No. 2 in the real estate sector in Spain, behind only the property developer Merlin (70/100).



04

TRANSFORMATION



We are a **real estate platform** in which, through the application of best practices in the various areas of our activity, we seek to **accompany our customers** in a **close and responsible way** in one of the most important decisions of their lives, the **choice and purchase/rental of their home**.

4.1. OUR IDENTITY

We are Neinor Homes, the first housing platform in Spain to cover the entire value chain of the developer and rental business. Through our various business lines, we contribute to the essential social good of housing and generate value simultaneously and sustainably for all the company's stakeholders.

We work to adapt to a changing reality and respond to new needs and ways of living, and we **are very committed to our social impact**, aware that our activity responds to a vital need around which people's lives revolve. For this reason, we contribute to facilitating access to housing while developing projects that meet high standards of design, quality, sustainability and innovation.

We contribute to the **regeneration of urban spaces** and are committed to **co-investment** as a fundamental part of our growth. We are a **benchmark in the sector**, always with the aim of offering maximum safety and profitability to all our stakeholders.

Land bank for more than **15,000 dwellings**.

More than 14,000 homes delivered.

8,000 third-party housing units managed.

More than 4 billion euros in revenues

4.2. A NEW TRAJECTORY, A LONG JOURNEY

With more than 30 years of experience in the property development sector, in May 2015 the commitment of new investors allowed Neinor Homes to establish itself as a **leading national real estate developer.**

Pioneers in implementing a new, more innovative management style, based on professionalisation, procedural culture and digitalisation, together with the most renowned architects, we were able to embark on a path that many other developers would later follow.

In March 2017, the company carried out the first IPO in the residential development sector in Spain since the financial crisis of 2008, becoming a benchmark and leading the change in a sector that needed to evolve and adapt to the new housing needs and ways of living.

Since then, we have been working to place **sustainable development and value to our stakeholders at the heart of our activity**, promoting environmentally friendly construction, contributing to the progress of the social and business fabric of the areas in which we are present and facilitating access to housing in large population centres where there is a supply shortage.

In these years, **Neinor Homes has strengthened and diversified**, with the commitment in 2018 to the rental business, pioneering Build to Rent; the integration in 2020 of companies such as Renta Garantizada, specialising in rental management; and the merger with Quabit Inmobiliaria in 2021, positioning it as one of the leading construction companies in Spain. In this way, it has managed to multiply its workforce 6.5 times, from 80 to 516 employees. We are also leading the way in our **commitment to co-investment in residential development** as a fundamental part of the company's growth strategy.

And all this, with a **responsible financial profile** with the objective of maintaining an LTV of less than 25%, which has made us an example to follow.

All these milestones have allowed us to **evolve**, **diversify and adapt to a constantly changing environment**, being able to cover the "Living" (shared, non-traditional) sector, covering the entire value chain, both the developer and rental business, as well as new real estate trends, such as coliving, senior living or microliving, always with the aim of offering maximum safety and profitability to all our stakeholders.

We are highly committed to our social impact and to facilitating access to housing, which is why we are also developing more affordable housing, for purchase or rent, in the Alovera area and throughout the metropolitan area of Barcelona, under the first public-private partnership agreement with Barcelona City Council for the development of affordable rental housing. And always with projects that meet high standards of design, quality, sustainability and innovation.

In 2023, with the aim of continuing to grow, Neinor approved a new business plan for the 2023-27 period with two main pillars. On the one hand, an ambitious shareholder remuneration plan with the objective of distributing \in 600 million and, on the other, maintaining its capital-efficient growth trajectory with an investment of \in 1 billion, half of which will come from new investment partners through joint ventures.

Neinor has become the benchmark for real estate platforms.

4.3. OUR PURPOSE AND VALUES

The purpose of Neinor Homes is to provide and facilitate a home for our customers which ensures the well-being of our customers, people, communities and the environment.

Our mission as a company is to develop business models and formulas for a residential sector that are ever more sustainable, accessible and at the same time profitable, which will guarantee the future of the company and help to alleviate the lack of housing in the main cities of Spain.

The **commitment to sustainability** at Neinor Homes is real and is not about pretending or greenwashing. Since its inception, Neinor Homes has driven the **transformation of real estate development to a more sustainable model**, focused on **creating value for the environment**, **society and people**. **Our values:**



PEOPLE

We evolve with people in mind, to provide them with more sustainable, spacious, quality and environmentally responsible housing.



SUSTAINABILITY

Committed to the **future we leave behind for future generations**, we measure the impact of everything we do.
We have a responsibility to conduct our business in an environmentally respectful manner.



EMPLOYEES AND TALENT

People are fundamental to our development as a company. We believe in **equal opportunities**, with our Equality Plan, as well as in **talent development and** work-life **balance**.



BENCHMARK

We want to be able to inspire all our stakeholders by our example and become a benchmark in the industry and beyond.



RESPONSIBILITY

We engage with society to put housing at the heart of fair and sustainable social growth. We contribute to the regeneration of urban environments, the progress of the social fabric and the promotion of employment.



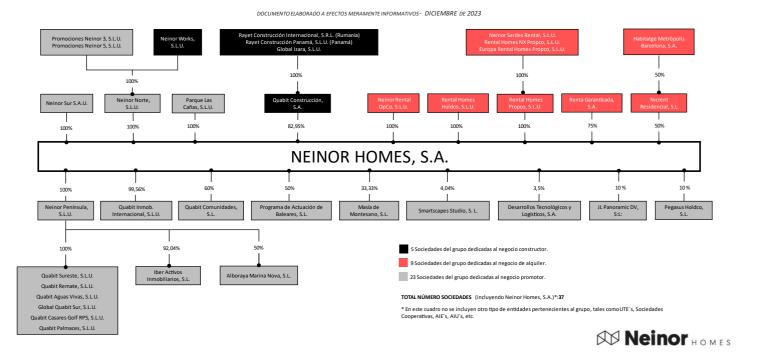
PRINCIPLES

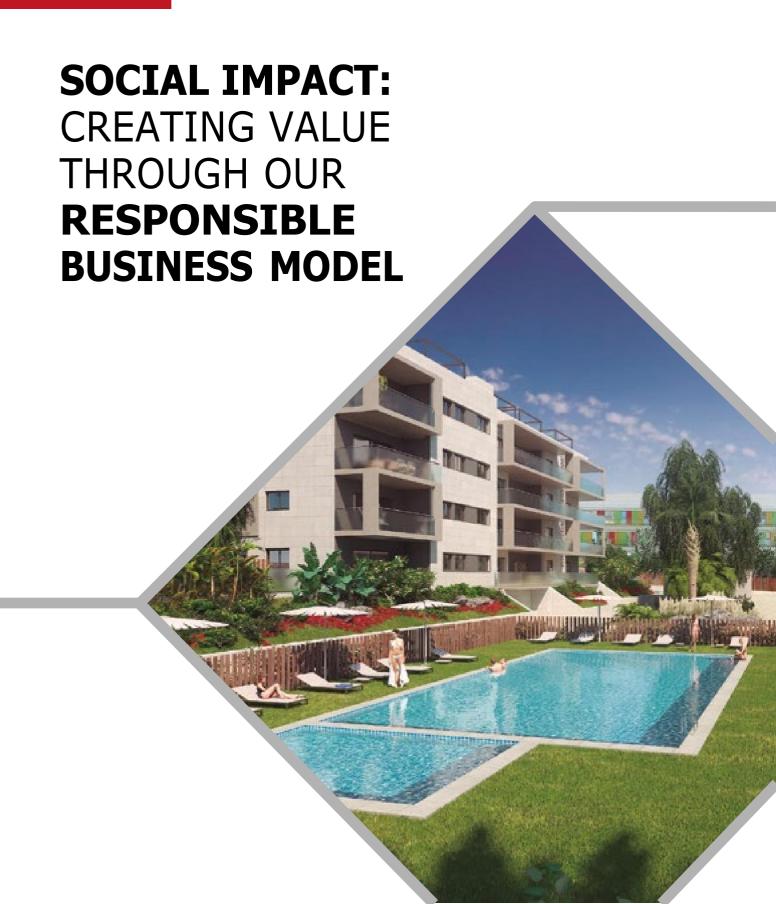
Transparency, good governance and social commitment guide all our business decisions.

4.4. OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

Neinor Homes has its main base in the **Basque Country**, from where it has extended its activity throughout the **rest of Spain**, concentrating on the markets with the highest demand and lowest stock, with a special presence in Madrid, the Basque Country, Catalonia, Castile- La Mancha, Andalusia, Valencia and the Balearic Islands. It has **offices** in Bilbao, Barcelona, Madrid, Guadalajara, Cordoba, Malaga and Valencia.

Below is an outline of the Neinor Homes **Group's corporate structure.**





The priority of our **business model** is to satisfy the needs of our customers based on responsibility in the **exercise of our activities** and the **commitments** we have made to our stakeholders.

5.1. ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT

At Neinor Homes we are focused on meeting the needs, changing appetites and aspirations of our customers. We have a superior first home product, the best locations in Spain and a land bank acquired for the best prices.

Despite the climate of uncertainty resulting from the war in Europe that began in February 2022, the sharp increase in costs and prices that has followed, and the effect of the consequent restrictive monetary measures dictated by central banks around the world to try to curb price increases, we remain in optimal financial, operational and technological conditions to meet this challenge.

In 2020, we added the rental line to our development line, dedicated to rental management and new developments for rental. We also incorporated the construction line, creating our construction company, **Neinor Works**, which was strengthened with the acquisition of Quabit and its construction company Quabit Construcción.

In 2021 we created the **Neinor Essential line**, in which we develop affordable housing for more segments of the population with the company's usual qualities. In addition, we have also committed to the public-private partnership line to build 4,500 social rental homes in Barcelona and its Metropolitan Area through the mixed company Habitatge Metròpolis Barcelona (HMB).

One of the major novelties of the Strategic Plan approved this year is the **launch of various co-investment vehicles** for different types of projects such as sales, rental or senior living. The target was to raise 500 million euros over five years, of which 350 million euros have already been raised through alliances with Axa, Orion and Urbanitae.

The sharp rise in interest rates, which undoubtedly makes it more difficult for Spaniards to afford home ownership, and the fact that financial institutions have put an end to the long dynamic of easy access to mortgage credit, has not yet managed to overcome the solid demand for new housing that continues to exist in our main areas of activity in Spain, compared to the scarce existing supply.

In this context of a degree of economic stability and bearing in mind that residential development is a sector with a complex value chain in which numerous agents are involved, Neinor Homes is tackling all these factors through a critical analysis based mainly on **new technologies**, innovation and sustainability. Improved continuous listening to our current and potential customers, virtual visits, on-line prereservations and digital signatures are other factors that allow us to better understand the direction the market is taking.

Neinor Homes sigue estando en óptimas condiciones financieras, operativas y tecnológicas.

5.2. DEVELOPMENTS ON THE STOCK EXCHANGE

Neinor Homes was floated on the stock exchange on 29 March 2017 **with a value of 16.46 euros per share**. The first years of listing were marked by political and economic uncertainty for Spain. Subsequently, 2020 saw the COVID-19 health emergency have a social and economic impact that was reflected in the financial markets. Since the lows of March 2020, Neinor's stock has recovered as investor confidence has increased, driven by the roll-out of vaccines. The first half of 2021 continued to be based on optimism in the economic recovery. In contrast, during the second half of the year, fears of a more restrained economic policy by central banks, coupled with the advance of new variants of the virus, have caused the markets to reduce some of the gains made during the first months.

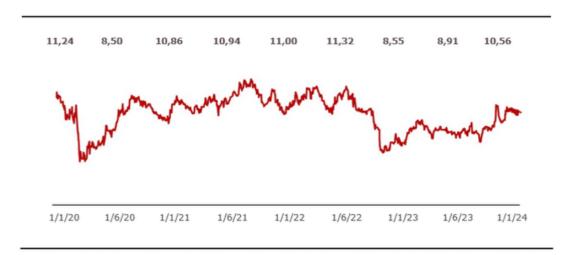
Following the announcement of the creation of the new rental business line in 2020 and a record year of both financial and operating results, Neinor announced in early 2021 the first consolidation transaction in the Spanish real estate sector: the merger by acquisition of Quabit Inmobiliaria. This merger added a total of 7,000 units to Neinor's land bank - 1,600 of them under construction or already completed. The valuation of the transaction together with its capital structure allowed for strong value creation for shareholders in the following years. By the end of 2021 Quabit was fully integrated into Neinor Homes and was generating operating profits for the company.

2022 was a year marked by atypical macroeconomic factors such as the war in Ukraine and inflation levels close to 10% yearon- year in Europe and the United States. This led central banks to implement a contractionary monetary policy by raising interest rates and thus increasing the cost of financing for households. However, it is important to highlight the resilience of Neinor's development business, whose sales performance remains at historically high levels, highlighting the shortage of new housing in Spain. Moreover, Neinor's rental business had a very solid performance marked by high occupancy rates and double digit rental growth.

The sector's discounts to its asset value have increased, pressured by the stock price of the real estate sector which had the worst performance of the EUROSTOXX 600 with a 38% drop in 2022. At year-end 2022, Neinor Homes was trading at a discount of approximately 52% with regard to its asset value.

Given the discount at which Neinor Homes was listed, the strength of its balance sheet with no refinancing or interest rate risks, the resilience of the Spanish residential market and one of the best land banks in its history, in March 2023 the company has decided to present a new business plan in which it will change its capital allocation policy to ensure attractive returns for its investors while maintaining its growth policy in a sustainable and capital-efficient manner.

The support of the new business plan by the capital market has been clear, to the extent that at this date 90% of analysts recommend buying Neinor shares and the target price is 12.60 euros per share with a upside potential of 19.3%. Moreover, in the year 2023 Neinor Homes shares have delivered a total return a 29% and the NAV discount has been reduced to levels close to 33%.



The distribution of the shareholding is estimated as follows:

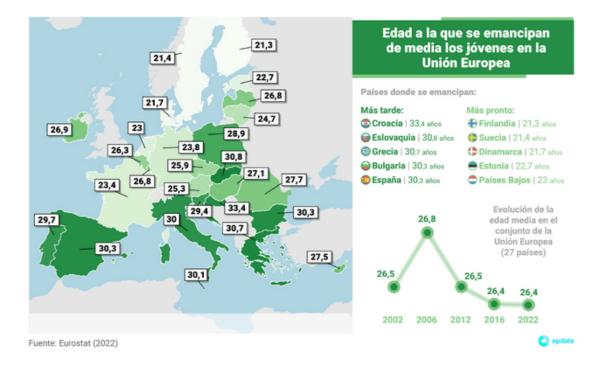
MAIN SHAREHOLDERS AS AT DECEMBER 2023

Name or company name of shareholder	Total % of voting rights
Orion European Real Estate Fund IV, SLP	29.52%
Stoneshield HOLDING S.A.R.L.	25.00%
Adar Capital Partners LTD	14.56%
Other Shareholders	30.92%

5.3. ACCESSIBILITY TO HOUSING / DECENT HOUSING

In Spain, one of the biggest social problems is financial accessibility to housing. According to Eurostat 2022 data, the **average age for housing independence of young people in Spain** increased by half a year in 2022 and reached **30.3 years**, almost four years above the EU average.

Spain is equal fourth in the EU, together with Bulgaria, of countries where young people leave the family home the latest. This is due to the high rate of youth unemployment.



Neinor Homes, aware of this challenge, has developed various **business lines** focused on the construction of **accessible and affordable housing** (Unsubsidised Housing, Subsidised Housing, Public-Private Partnership and Rental).





SUBSIDISED HOUSING

Neinor Homes has demonstrated its commitment to the construction of homes for groups with difficulties in accessing housing through its subsidised housing development business line.



PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP

Neinor Homes has entered into a public-private partnership with Cevasa as a partner with Barcelona City Council.



RENTAL

Neinor Homes has demonstrated a strong presence in the rental market.

> UNSUBSIDISED HOUSING

Neinor Homes is currently the developer with the highest number of subsidised homes delivered. In 2023, it managed to deliver close to 800 homes, including affordable housing and subsidised housing priced below €200,000. This achievement has enabled many groups with financial difficulties to gain access to home ownership.

In addition to its experience in the construction of subsidised housing, Neinor Homes has created a new product line, called Neinor Essential. This line is exclusively aimed at offering unsubsidised housing at affordable prices, making it the first real estate development company to do so. With this objective, it seeks to bring the quality and services it offers to a wider public, irrespective of their economic situation. During 2023, the company has delivered 448 homes in unsubsidised developments priced under €200,000.

In addition to the deliveries of housing already made, it has a portfolio of projects with 200 homes under construction and 136 homes in the project phase, aimed at groups with difficulties in accessing unsubsidised housing. With these projects, it seeks to continue to fulfil its commitment to the acquisition of quality housing at affordable prices, so that everyone can have a decent and comfortable home.

> SUBSIDISED HOUSING

Neinor Homes has demonstrated its commitment to the construction of housing for groups with difficulties in accessing housing through its subsidised housing development business line. During 2023, 269 subsidised housing units have been delivered, both oficial subsidised (VPO) and public subsidised (VPT) housing, among others, located in the Madrid y Guadalajara regions. In addition, Neinor Homes currently has a total of 992 subsidised housing units in various stages of production, 358 of which are already under construction or in Final Project (FP).

> PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP

Neinor Homes has engaged in a public-private partnership, Habitatge Metròpolis Barcelona (HMB), in alliance with the Metropolitan Area of Barcelona (AMB), Barcelona City Council and Cevasa, to build 4,500 affordable rental homes in Barcelona and its metropolitan area, which are expected to come into operation between 2025 and 2028.

This agreement represents a milestone in public-private collaboration of this kind in Spain, boosting the population's access to affordable rental housing.

Work on this agreement began in 2022, and significant progress has already been made with the start of the first phase of the project, which involves the development of 692 homes in 8 developments. A development of 110 homes is currently under construction. In addition, 2 developments (130 homes) are expected to be licensed and start construction in the first quarter of 2024, and a further 5 developments (452 homes) will be licensed and start construction between the second and third quarters of 2024.

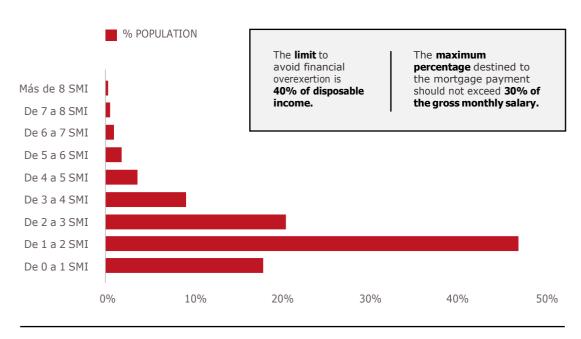
The second phase of the project, which for now will cover 661 dwellings, is scheduled to be launched in early 2024, and the analysis of future phases of the project will begin.

With this agreement, the company is fully aware that increasing financial accessibility to housing (one of our main objectives) requires cooperation with public administrations and demonstrates its commitment toinclusion and the construction of affordable housing for all segments of the population.

> RENTAL

The choice to rent housing is affected by factors such as affordability and mortgage costs, labour mobility and social changes. Renting is a more affordable alternative for households with limited budgets and is more common among those with incomes below 60% of median income.

WORKERS AS A FUNCTION OF THEIR ANNUAL INCOME IN RELATION TO THE MINIMUM INTERPROFESSIONAL WAGE



(National Institute of Statistics, 2020)

Neinor Homes has demonstrated its strength in the rental market - where there is a significant shortage of product and where the availability of new-build supply is practically non-existent - thanks to the consolidation and growth of its Neinor Rental line, that includes Renta Garantizada.

Neinor Rental is a platform that encompasses the entire value chain in the residential rental market, making it one of the leading players in the sector. This is possible thanks to the diversification of its strategy, which includes:

- Management of the rental of third-party housing through Renta Garantizada.
- Construction of homes for rent (BTR) to maintain ownership and rental management through Neinor Homes/Renta Garantizada.
- Construction of homes for rent (BTR) to increase the market supply of this asset in high demand and to increase its rental portfolio or subsequent sale to investors, including, as the case may be, rental management through Neinor Homes/Renta Garantizada.

During the year, 4 sales transactions were carried out with different companies / funds such as KGAL, Harrison Street, Samsung, CBRE, Dea Capital, for a total amount of 186 million euros, placing a total of 599 homes on the rental market, and in three of these transactions the investors have entrusted Neinor with the management of the homes.

As at the end of 2023 Neinor Homes has a portfolio of around 4,600 rental housing units under management. Of these 4,600 dwellings, 392 are owned dwellings and 505 are managed dwellings belonging to large funds. In addition, the occupancy rate of the consolidated developments is 97%.

HOUSING ACCESSIBILITY AT THE SOCIAL LEVEL

Neinor Homes, aware of the difficulty that certain groups have in accessing housing, has begun to participate in two **initiatives** in 2023 aimed **at facilitating access to housing, defining the conditions for decent housing, guaranteeing the right to housing and putting an end to homelessness:**

- 1) ESADE Observatorio de la vivienda digna (Decent Housing Observatory).
- 2) The Grand Alliance to end homelessness

1) DECENT HOUSING OBSERVATORY



The ESADE Institute for Social Innovation has created the "Decent Housing Observatory" project with the aim of analysing and making visible the various social challenges posed by housing, from a social, international and intersectorial point of view. Neinor Homes supports and works together on this project with Fotocasa

and Leroy Merlin.

In line with Neinor's social commitment to housing in general and in particular to the promotion of quality and affordable housing, the Observatory gives us the opportunity to approach the analysis of housing as a social phenomenon and a primary and essential vehicle for the development of a full life for all. Housing is not simply a passive element in our lives. Our home is our refuge, a place where we can feel safe, which in turn protects us and which at every moment of our lives facilitates the greatest and best expression of our possibilities.

In our country, there are many people who, at one time or another in their lives, have great difficulties in accessing, staying in or maintaining their housing in optimal conditions. The obstacles to access, a multi-causal phenomenon, are clearly manifested in the most vulnerable groups in our society (people with medium, medium-low or low incomes, families with children, single-parent families, young people, migrants, elderly people, people with illnesses or different types of disability). Beyond these, more and more people and families are spending much

more than the 30% of disposable income considered appropriate by international standards on housing costs.

The work of the Observatory will combine rigorous research with an analysis of social reality giving voice to its protagonists with a twin focus: on the one hand, on the social, economic and human processes associated with housing that lead to housing insecurity and legitimise it, and, on the other, on the consequences of situations of substandard housing at the individual, collective and social level. Led by Ignasi Martí, director of the Institute for Social Innovation, the Observatory seeks to understand in detail the realities that housing insecurity entails.

In line with Neinor's desire for transformation, the Observatory also aspires to become a forum for social innovation that provides actors and agents linked in one way or another to the housing phenomenon (third sector, public administration, companies) with a platform to advance knowledge and explore approaches that, from the first-person experience of those who live in substandard housing conditions, contribute to advancing practices, policies and actions for improvement. The Observatory also has a multidisciplinary Advisory Council that brings together a wide range of renowned experts and will accompany the work to inform and quide it.

The Observatory is currently advancing in the first phase of research to define, on the basis of scientific literature, national and international reports, the contributions of the Observatory's advisory board and its own fieldwork, how decent housing should be understood in our context (or, in the opposite sense, what makes a dwelling substandard). The objective in this first stage of the project is to define the sufficient and necessary conditions for decent housing in order to, in subsequent phases, contrast the reality of the different housing experiences in the light of these conditions. This first phase will culminate in 2024 with the presentation of the first of three reports that the Observatory will produce in the coming years.

In successive phases, the Observatory will focus on the life experiences of certain groups depending on the conditions of their housing in order to analyse the relationship and impact of substandard housing on, among other things, physical and mental health, the proper emotional and educational development of children and adolescents, job expectations and options, the experiences of our elders and the prosperity of society as a whole.

In order to increase social impact, throughout its work, the Observatory will make use of the knowledge generated to allow both dissemination and academic research outputs and, on the basis of these, to make recommendations for action and public policies that exclude housing insecurity as a solution to the housing emergency.

2) THE GRAND ALLIANCE TO END HOMELESSNESS. START WITH THE ROOF

NEINOR HOMES, as part of its commitment to society, is participating in the **GRAND ALLIANCE TO END HOMELESSNESS** to ensure that no one lives on the street.

Promoted by **HOGAR SI**, it is in line with the objectives of the European Union and the 2023-2030 National Strategy to Combat Homelessness, with the aim of **eradicating homelessness on the streets** in Spain by 2030.



Solving this problem is possible thanks to the collective endeavour of various actors, who bring to the table innovative and definitive solutions, and to meaningful and large-scale transformation, harnessing the talents of all organisations interested in solving homelessness.



HOGAR SI, a social initiative, non-profit, state-wide, independent and plural **organisation**, created in 1998, is convinced that **IT IS POSSIBLE TO END HOMELESSNESS** through housing solutions,

and it believes in the responsibility of society to tackle the phenomenon, focusing on the problem and not on the person who suffers from it.

Present in 10 autonomous regions, it works with a rights-based approach so that no one lives on the street, focusing on housing solutions (with professional support), health and employment, to guarantee the right to housing which, in turn, guarantees other rights such as health and security.

HOMELESSNESS is a structural phenomenon that affects all societies and is due to social, economic and political factors. It is a multifactorial problem that requires comprehensive solutions and social transformations. Homelessness is not a personal choice and goes beyond the particular circumstances that lead a person to live on the street.

Homelessness severely compromises a range of human rights:

Right to housing

37,117 People in Spain are homeless

77% of those affected are men and 23% are women.

45% of people living on the street have been homeless for more than 3 years.

74% of the places in the system are oriented towards a temporary stay.

Right to health

35% of homeless people are outside the care system 44% of homeless people have a negative perception of health Homeless people have up to 30 years less life expectancy.

Right to decent employment Right to security

50% of homeless people have experienced a hate crime.

* All data are from the Homeless People Survey 2022 (INE, 2022), except:* Survey on centres and services for homeless people 2016 (INE, 2016) and ** HATEnto Observatory 2015.

Large companies such as Mapfre, El Corte Inglés, etc., and now also Neinor Homes, committed to having a positive impact on the environment and society, are key players in **helping to achieve this goal and eradicate street homelessness in Spain.**

<u>ROADMAP</u>

<u>LAYING THE FOUNDATIONS</u>. Listen to the companies involved and draw up a letter of endorsement including the principles of the alliance and identifying the ESG to which we will contribute.

• Aim:

- No one should live on the streets.
- Provide a housing-based solution in the shortest possible time.
- Encourage people to move towards an autonomous life outside the homelessness care system..

CHOOSING BUILDING MATERIALS

An alliance built with different materials and in which each member makes an important contribution of value.

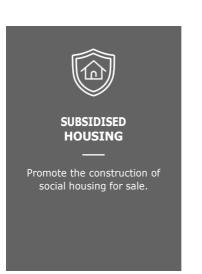
SURVEYING THE LAND.

Meaningful collaboration, aligned with the activities of all the companies involved, with their sustainability objectives and with the objectives of the grand alliance.

<u>DESIGNING THE PLANS OF OUR BUILDING</u>: Drawing up specific proposals so that the collaborating companies can contribute to the end of homelessness from our own activity and complying with our indicators.

<u>DESIGNING AN ACTION PLAN</u>: An action plan for the participation of the companies involved in the Grand Alliance..

Objectives 2022-2025 Sustainability Plan









According to the company's pioneering Social Impact Report, **greater accessibility to housing** has been achieved through three channels:



UNSUBSIDISED HOUSING

Since we started measuring our social impact, we have completed **4,731 homes** (1,564 of them completed in 2022), representing **5.4% of the total number of homes completed in our areas of operation** (3.7% in 2022).



SUBSIDISED HOUSING

In the last two years we have built a total of 697 subsidised housing units, 233 of them in 2022, which represents, on average, 4.8% of the total number of subsidised housing units built in the areas where we operate (3.4% in 2022).



RENTAL

In 2021, the reduced financial effort required to live in a home in our Rental line enabled 20% more of the population to have access to a top-quality home.

In addition, the following 4 points of the Strategic Sustainability Plan have been achieved in the 2023 financial year:

- **Promotion** of the construction of subsidised housing for sale (social housing) (10 % of the annual number of subsidised housing units under construction).
- **Encouragement and promotion** of public-private agreements for the development and construction of social rental housing (10% of social rental housing being built each year).
- **Incorporating** of a new line of homes at more affordable prices than those offered on the market in wellconnected locations and with quality services (Neinor Essential) and boosting of the construction of these developments (10% of homes of this type being built each year).
- **Develop social** and community **regeneration initiatives** in those areas where the company is present that have such a need.

5.4. MEASURING SOCIAL IMPACT

Over the past decade, the environmental impact of companies has been the main focus of sustainability commitments. While environmental issues have been, and will continue to be, critical to the achievement of the SDGs, social impact is becoming an increasingly important issue on the business agenda, especially following the presentation in July 2021 of the European Union's draft Social Taxonomy, where it seems clear that the classification of activities will contribute significantly to boosting sustainable and responsible investment with a focus on social aspects.

As part of Neinor Homes' commitment to its Stakeholders and being aware of its **capacity for both social and environmental impact**, the Top Management of the company is committed to the search for elements that allow it to measure and manage this impact as a source for making better strategic decisions and thus maximise its contribution to society.

Along these lines, the company, with the support of what we consider to be the best external expert in this field (Transcendent), embarked in 2022 on a project with the aim of measuring the social impact of its developments. Thus, Neinor Homes was the first developer to carry out and report a measurement of its social impact, in aspects such as accessibility to housing, basic services, healthy lifestyle, employment and local development, among others. https://www.neinorhomes.com/uploads/documentos contenidos/113 O/documento/MEMORIA RSC-EINF 2022 ENG.pdf

This is supported within the framework of the Impact Management Project (IMP), a pioneering global association in impact measurement that brings together many of the available international standards and guidelines.

Based on an internal process of identification and prioritisation of impacts, which has involved both the Management Committee and key people in the organisation, Neinor Homes has developed its own tool based on international standards, which allows the quantification of the impact **that the company has on its Stakeholders**.

The development of this tool has made it possible for Neinor to measure the social impact of its developments this year without the need for the assistance of an external expert. The measurement of this impact is framed in three broad dimensions:

1

LIVEABILITY, WELL-BEING AND SOCIAL COHESION

We consider this to be the most important aspect of this project, as it refers to housing accessibility, one of the biggest problems for Spanish society, especially for the working class and young people. After the pandemic, the housing market situation in Spain is facing a significant shortage of supply, especially in large urban centres, and even more notably a shortage of social housing, with Spain being one of the countries in Europe with the lowest number of social housing units per number of inhabitants. Our most important responsibility as developers is to improve access to housing for those segments of the population that need it most and for young people, especially in areas within or close to large urban centres, as well as to contribute to the wellbeing of the people who live in

2

ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY AND LOCAL DEVELOPMENT

Neinor Homes contributes to the economic development of the municipalities in which it operates, being a relevant player in the development and regeneration of the neighbourhoods in which the developments are located.

3

RESOURCE EFFICIENCY AND THE ENVIRONMENT

We promote urban transformation towards a more sustainable and efficient model. Traditional energy sources are increasingly expensive, generate dependence on the foreign market and have a significant impact on the environment. Furthermore, sustainable mobility is a critical aspect of both the European Union's Urban Agenda and the Spanish Urban Agenda.



The management of Neinor Homes, totally involved with and committed to this project, intends for the company, by means of the same, to be a benchmark in driving the transformation of the real estate sector towards more inclusive and sustainable models, **consolidating the company's leadership in sustainability.**

The project was initially developed by Transcendent, an expert consultancyin impact and sustainability, through **5 major phases:**

- Understanding the projects and classification by type. This first phase allowed Neinor Homes' developments to be classified according to various criteria, such as line of business, size in number of homes, type, per capita income and population density, etc.
- Review of international standards, on two levels, analysing on the one hand the international framework established by the United Nations in its Sustainable Development Goals and on the other hand various impact measurement guides in real estate, such as the UK Building Council's Green Book. This phase resulted in the creation of an initial database with 90 indicators.
- Identification and prioritisation of impacts. Based on this initial database, a prioritisation process was carried out (Figure 1), conducting two workshops involving key members of the company and the Management Committee.

Once this preliminary measurement framework was established, work was done on a prioritisation matrix (**Figure 2**), ranking indicators according to their importance and ease of calculation and reliable data access.

- Definition of the method of quantification and search for quality data sources, prioritising official and standardised data sources.
- **Development of a proprietary measurement tool** that allows reporting at the individual development level, at the regional level, or at the aggregate global level.

FIGURE 1 | Prioritization of impacts and transversal indicators

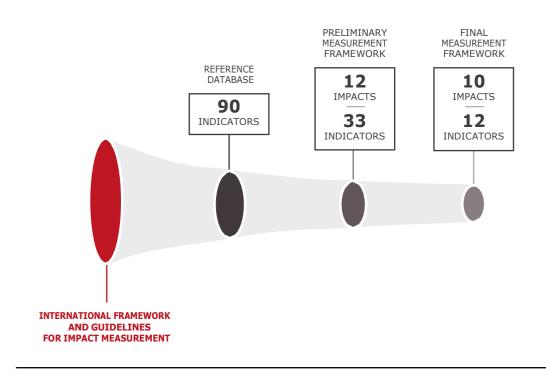
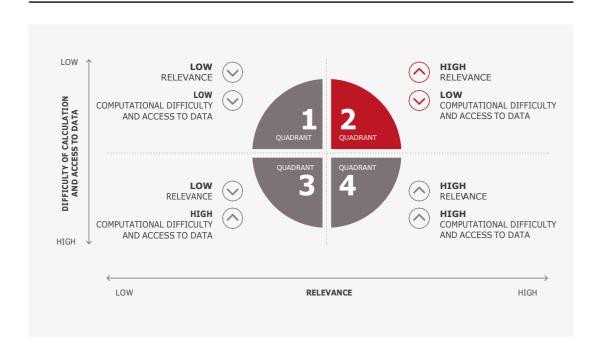


FIGURE 2 | Prioritization matrix



In 2022, the **first measurement of the impact of Neinor's developments** with end of works in 2021 was carried out. The final measurement framework was made up of a total of 3 dimensions encompassing 9 impacts and 12 indicators.

In the current year, we have measured the impact of developments completed in 2022 using the same final measurement framework, the results of which are presented below on an aggregate and/or comparative basis with respect to the initial measurement:

1.	1. HABITABILITY, WELL-BEING AND SOCIAL COHESION				
1.1	ACCESSIBILITY TO HOUSING	We measure our contribution towards making housing more accessible, increasing supply in relation to demand, and opening lines of business focused on facilitating access to housing for the most disadvantaged segments of society.	Since we started measuring our social impact, we have completed a total number of 4,731 unsubsidised housing units (1,564 of them completed in 2022), which represents 5.4% of the total number of housing units completed in our areas of operation (3.7% in 2022). In the last two years we have built a total of 697 social housing units , 233 of them in 2022, which represents, on average, 4.8% of the total number of social housing units built in the areas where we operate (3.4% in 2022).		
			In 2021, the reduced financial effort required to live in a home in our Rental line enabled 20% more of the population to have access to a top-quality home. This positive impact was not repeated in 2022, due to the higher cost of renting in Sky Homes II.		
1.2	ACCESSIBILITY TO BASIC SERVICES	Basic services are those to which the entire population should have access in order to guarantee a life of quality: health, education and food.	Thanks to the location of our developments, we have increased by 12.5 times the accessibility to basic services for the inhabitants of our homes (9 times in 2022).		

1.3	PROMOTING A HEALTHY LIFESTYLE	The availability of nearby green spaces and the regular practice of sport offer multiple benefits related to mental and physical health and well-being.	Our developments, on average, increase accessibility to sports facilities by 4.6 times the provincial average (5.3 times for developments completed in 2022) and the size of green areas available within a 10-minute walk by 2.7 times (1.1 times in 2022).
1.4	FAMILY WELL-BEING AND SOCIAL COHESION	We promote family interaction and the creation of a strong and united community.	Our homes completed in the last two years have, on average, 29% more common areas than the average for the autonomous region where they are located , 16% for homes developed in 2022.

2. ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY AND LOCAL DEVELOPMENT				
2.1	EMPLOYMENT GENERATION	The construction sector is considered one of the main drivers of the Spanish economy. Neinor Homes, through the construction and subsequent habitability of its developments, increases the employment in certain locations.	As a result of the development of the homes delivered in 2022 and 2021, we have created 13,826 direct and indirect jobs, 4,540 of them created during 2022, taking into account the jobs created during the construction phase and during the habitation phase of the homes.	
2.2	URBAN REGENERATION	Taxes and fees are the main source of revenue for municipalities. The arrival of new inhabitants in a locality contributes to increase the resources of the Municipal Public Administration	Neinor's direct contribution through taxes in the municipalities in which it has developed its activity in the last two years has been 37.5 million euros, of which 11.5 million euros correspond to 2022. The residents of the homes completed in 2022 and 2021, for their part, will contribute 3 million euros each year to the municipal administrations through the payment of recurring taxes.	
2.3	PROMOTION OF LOCAL BUSINESS AND COMMERCE	The arrival of residents from a Neinor Homes development stimulates business activity in the area.	We estimate that the arrival of new residents in the neighbourhoods where we operate in 2022 and 2021 will generate 67 million euros per year in profits for local businesses.	

3. R	3. RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL EFFICIENCY				
3.1	BOOSTING SUSTAINABLE MOBILITY	By choosing the location of the development, Neinor Homes determines the ease of access to public transport for its residents.	According to our measurements, our developments offer lower access to public transport than the average in the municipalities in which we operate. This is because the areas of urban expansion, where property developers, including Neinor, tend to operate, are far from the centre of these municipalities and, therefore, tend to be less well served by the public transport network. However, the creation of new neighbourhoods and the regeneration of urban areas such as those in which we operate means that this public transport network is expanding, reaching places where it was previously less present.		
3.2	EFFICIENT HOUSING DESIGN	Energy efficiency has become a priority for consumers and governments around the world.	We estimate that each family living in a Neinor Homes home completed in 2022 or 2021 will save an average of 1,437 euros per year in energy costs (1,870 euros for homes completed in 2022).		

5.5. INDUSTRIALISED BUSINESS MODEL WITH THE CUSTOMER IN MIND

Neinor Homes is a real estate platform that covers the entire value chain of its business activity: urban development management, design, construction, sale and rental.

Neinor Homes' main activity is the **residential development of first** and second homes in Spain. Unlike other companies in the sector, it buys development-ready land at market value and strategic land with a high degree of urban development, without running financial risks in the event that it does not reach development-ready status, obtaining a profit margin from the transformation of this land into homes. In addition, Neinor Homes manages all phases of the value chain of the residential development process, including land acquisition and urban development management, design, construction and marketing of the product and after-sales service. Its business model is based on the industrialisation and systematisation of processes, involving the entire company in the business objectives and strategy. Thus, all employees are involved in the aim of creating a stand-out developer.

Neinor Homes applies an industrialised model based on 6 main pillars:

Neinor Homes manages all the phases of the value chain residential development process.

SYSTEMATISATION

The systematisation of the company's processes makes it possible to work with defined rules in all developments.

STANDARDISATION

Neinor Homes has developed the construction White Book, in which it establishes the design criteria and company-specific product attributes that are adapted and applied to all products.

RIGOUR

Rigour in **meeting development deadlines** and focus on the margins
are clear principles of the
company's industrial model, which
enables it to meet its commitment to
customers and shareholders.

INNOVATION AND TECHNOLOGY

Through innovation, Neinor Homes optimises the development of the different processes, incorporatingnew services, construction systems, technologies and materials. Integration of the entire value chain in a digital environment, with the objective of increasing productivity, fostering collaborativework and decisionmaking.

LISTENING

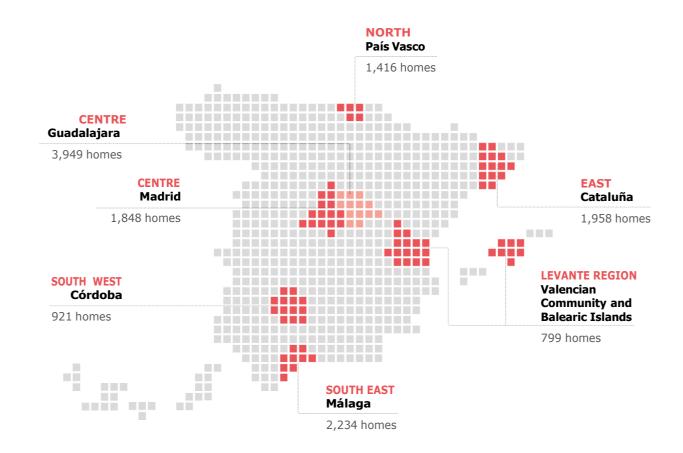
The design and functionality of the final product is based on the expectations and needs of potential customers and market preferences.

SUSTAINABILITY

Integration in the final product of the latest materials and advances that allow a lower impact of emissions both in the construction and in the use of the homes, being an environmentally responsible company with a strong commitment to sustainable building, with all its homes being eco-efficient and thus offering its customers maximum energy efficiency and user comfort.

> THE MAIN FIGURES FOR NEINOR HOMES

Neinor Homes currently has one of the largest banks of quality development-ready land in Spain, with an area of 1.72 million m²



Within its pre-eminent position in the real estate sector, the fundamental component of Neinor Homes' business model and its value chain is the launch of residential developments. The year 2023 has continued to be a year of profound institutional development with the consolidation of Neinor Homes as a benchmark developer thanks to the delivery of 2,559 homes; and having, at the end of 2023, more than 6,000 homes in various stages of production (3,679 homes in the launch phase and 2,524 homes under construction for development).

> VALUE CREATION FOR OUR STAKEHOLDERS



ECONOMIC VALUE

Neinor Homes is an engine of economic progress in the Spanish real estate sector. In 2023 it purchased land worth €10.3 million, in line with the dynamic of land acquisition at prices in accordance with the company's business plan, in line with the containment policy implemented in 2020which advised waiting for the right time to buy.

Total revenues for the year were €599 million, with a net profit of €91 million euros and EBITDA of €136 million. In addition, €18 million income tax was paid and no subsidies were recorded. Moreover, the net book value of Neinor Homes' stock at 31 December 2023 was €1,159 million, in line with 2022*.

In the 2023 financial year, the economic value generated was €599 million and the economic value distributed was €518 million, with a retained economic value of €81 million.

*For further information please see Annual Accounts.

ECONOMIC VALUE GENERATED €599 million

(ordinary income + other income + gain or loss on disposal of fixed assets)

DISTRIBUTED ECONOMIC VALUE €518 million

(costes de existencias + costes operativos + costes financieros + costes de personal)

ECONOMIC VALUE RETAINED

€81 million



SOCIAL VALUE

Neinor Homes seeks to sell homes that meet the **needs of its customers** and contribute to the **social and economic development** of the places where they are located.

Since its origins, Neinor Homes has maintained a strong commitment to outsourcing. Its **516 employees** work side by side with the **best external professionals in the sector**, from architects to project managers, from construction companies to quality control, geologists, etc. Therefore, Neinor Homes acts as a driving force in the sector, with a strong national presence and which this year has generated indirect employment for **6,142 professionals**, a figure that has remained stable over the last few years.

¹According to the Association of Real Estate Developers of Madrid (ASPRIMA), 2.4 indirect jobs are generated per individual home.



516DIRECT JOBS

6,142
INDIRECT JOBS¹



ENVIRONMENTAL VALUE

Neinor Homes is a company committed to the environment that surrounds it and promotes the preservation of and respect for the environment, setting itself demanding challenges to work in a more sustainable way and to find solutions that allow it to reduce the environmental impact of all its corporate activity. This commitment is reflected in the fact that most of its homes from the outset meet the requirements of the prestigious **BREEAM®** sustainability certificate.

Currently, 61% of our developments have BA/BB Energy Certification and 27% have AA Energy Certification, and Neinor Homes has committed to carry out a life cycle analysis of all its projects started from 2022. In addition, since 2021 Neinor Homes has been measuring its corporate carbon footprint.

Neinor Homes has an **Environmental, Quality and Innovation Policy** and is ISO 14001 certified for promoting the use of sustainable techniques in the design of energy efficient buildings*.

*For more information please see pages 43 to 46.



QUALITY, ENVIRONMENT AND INNOVATION POLICY

ISO 14001 CERTIFIED

5.6. SUSTAINABILITY AS AN INTERNAL ACTION FRAMEWORK

> SUSTAINABILITY GOVERNANCE

Sustainability management at Neinor Homes is carried out by the **Sustainability Committee**, chaired by the CEO of the company and led by the Governance, Risk and Compliance (GRC), Internal Audit and ESG Department, which reports directly to the Board of Directors through its Audit and Control Committee (the supervisory body for this matter in line with the principles established in the **Sustainability Policy**).

The Neinor Homes Sustainability Policy establishes the **general principles and the internal action framework** for the integration and management of social responsibility with respect to people, operations and the environment, based on the company's strategic pillars: environment, society and governance.

> SUSTAINABILITY PLAN 2022-2025

In October 2016, Neinor Homes defined its sustainability strategy to 2030 through the **Corporate Social Responsibility Master Plan**. The aim of the Plan was to create a **single cross-cutting framework** that would allow for the **integrated management of all** social, environmental and good governance initiatives, identify specific objectives and design specific actions in the short, medium and long term. For each of the company's strategic pillars, a **set of courses of action and operational monitoring indicators** were established.

In the 2021 financial year, the company worked to improve and update this Plan, on the understanding that its premises and objectives were still valid but that they needed to evolve, thus giving rise to the **2022-2025 Sustainability Plan**, which was approved by the Board of Directors in September 2021.

The Sustainability Plan is articulated around our three strategic pillars: Environmental, Social and Governance, which are clearly an evolution of the three strategic pillars of the Sustainability Master Plan: Product, Customer and Institutionalisation.

To define the areas of action, objectives and courses of action of the Plan, the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) of the United Nations were taken as a reference, and to involve all the company's departments in the achievement of the goals set, each line of action was assigned a deadline, area and person responsible for its fulfilment.

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STRATEGIC PILLAR	AREAS OF ACTION	OBJETIVES
SOCIAL Our people and communities	 Housing for all People's safety, health and well-being Customer relations and protection Commitment to the team Social, community and city engagement 	 Affordable social housing Safety, health and well-being of employees, suppliers/contractors and customers Community well-being and cohesion Personalised attention and active listening to customers Attracting and retaining talent Diversity and equality Social action Relations with local communities and human rights
ENVIRONMENTAL Building homes for tomorrow	 Sustainable and resilient housing Consideration of climate change. LCA / Carbon footprint Eco-efficient housing / resource consumption Protection and improvement of the environment Circular economy 	 Sustainable building certifications Environmental management system Resilient housing Operational emissions and energy Energy efficiency Water management Sustainable mobility Biodiversity Urban planning and community transformation Reduction of consumption and waste
GOVERNANCE Our way of doing things	 Best practices in corporate governance Ethics and integrity Transparency and relations Responsible supply chain Digital culture / innovation Sustainable financing 	 Alignment with government standards Maintaining and strengthening ESG responsibilities in governance bodies Ethics and integrity Engagement with stakeholders and external initiatives Positioning in ESG ratings and indices Sustainable discourse Quantification of impact Responsible supply chain Sustainable innovation Promoting digital literacy Alignment with the European taxonomy of sustainable finance Definition of theoretical frameworks for ESG fundraising

In line with the commitment to Sustainability that characterises Neinor Homes, in 2023 the level of compliance with the Strategic Sustainability Plan has been assessed. In this first half of the Plan's duration, we have complied with 68 of the Plan's 95 courses of action (72%). In addition, 37 courses of action have been finalised, 16 have been aligned with the company's strategy and 8 new courses of action have been added. Therefore, in the second half of the Plan's duration, we have 66 courses of action to fulfil.

For further details on the degree of compliance and the resulting courses of action after updating the Plan, see point 3 and Annexes I and II of this Report.

- SECTORAL ALLIANCES AND MEMBERSHIP OF ASSOCIATIONS

Neinor Homes, as a real estate developer, is a member of several associations linked to the construction sector within the scope of activity thereof. Likewise, aware of the importance of sustainability and the environment, it is a part of the BREEAM® programme reserved for companies that share the philosophy and objective of transforming the building sector, promoting more sustainable construction

Pursuant to its Corporate Governance, Ethics and Compliance policy, these are the associations of which it is a member:

Association of Builders and Developers of Bizkaia (ASCOBI)
Association of Real Estate Developers of Madrid (ASPRIMA)
Provincial Association of Real Estate Developers and Agents of Building and Rehabilitation of Valencia
Provincial Association of Constructors and Developers of Málaga
Association of Construction Entrepreneurs of Córdoba
Association of Developers and Building Constructors of Barcelona
Association of Internal Auditors
Green Building Council Spain
Global Compact (Sustainable Development Goals)
ASVAL (Association of Rental Property Owners)
CPEA (Climate Positive Europe Alliance)
Clúster de la Edificación (Association made up of companies, universities and research centres)
PTEC: Spanish Technological Platform for Construction

Members of the Board of Directors of APEC (Provincial Association of Construction Companies of Guadalajara

GAESCO (Association of Builders and Developers of Seville)

(Public and private R&D&I collaboration)

> QUALITY AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

The application of the principles established in the area of ESG, togetherwith its commitment to offer its stakeholders the maximum excellencein quality in its products and actions, lead Neinor Homes to carry outefficient management of quality and the environment in its daily activities. The Environment, Quality and Innovation Policy is focused on achieving excellence in management in order to meet these expectations.

Neinor Homes has a **Quality Committee** which, since 2016, has been responsible for setting the annual Quality and Environment objectives, to advance towards excellence, and to monitor these objectives, meeting as needed, and the presentation and approval of the company's procedures, monitoring of the Quality department and management review, keeping them up to date and in a process of continuous improvement. The Committee is made up of the general management, regional managers and the company's CEO.

The Quality area became part of the Corporate General Management in 2021, prioritising the updating of procedures and their accessibility. Among the tasks carried out, priority was given to updating and improving the company's processes and the procedures that support them, in pursuit of continuous improvement and improving the efficiency of all areas. The integrated Quality, Environment and Innovation Management System was successfully recertified in accordance with the ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015 and UNE 166002 standards.

Neinor's activity involves a large number of suppliers and contractors who work together in the development of projects. To ensure the **highest quality standards**, all of them are obliged to comply with what the provisions of the signed contracts and with the indications included in the White Book.

CERTIFICATIONS

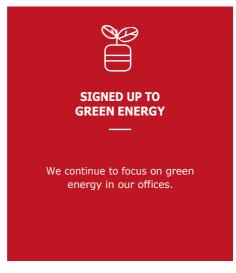
Management Quality (ISO 9001)

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Environmental Management(ISO 14001)

R&D&I management (UNE 166002)

Security Management Information (ISO 27001) Reducing the **environmental impact in all its offices** is another of the key points for Neinor Homes, which is why significant efforts are made to minimise energy consumption and the usage of materials such as paper and toner. In addition, 100% of the company's facilities are certified according to widely accepted quality standards.







MEASURES TO REDUCE ENERGY CONSUMPTION

The replacement of lighting takes into account the installation of **new lighting with LED technology.** In addition, **motion sensors** have been installed in the new Bilbao offices **in** meeting rooms, offices, workstations and bathrooms.

In 2023, thanks to Neinor Homes awareness campaigns, we have managed to reduce use by 12,54% compared to last year.



PAPERLESS POLICY

A company-wide paperless policy was established in 2017, with recommendations to **reduce paper consumption.**

Dual screen at each workstation

Sharing documents in digital format

Possibility of submitting Board documentation via tablets, avoiding the need to print out all the documentation

Default option on computers for double-sided printing

Using recycled paper for certain documents

The application of all these measures has resulted in a continuous improvement in **environmental indicators and greater environmental awareness** in Neinor Homes' offices. **In 2023, energy consumption was reduced by 12.54% compared to the previous year** thanks to the good practices implemented in the offices (climate control) and having reduced some of the measures implemented during the pandemic and unnecessary at present (open windows, draughts), thus reducing consumption by a total of 247,327 KWh.

Moreover, paper use has been reduced by more than 52% since 2019, we have moved from paper expenditure per employee of 4.65 to 2.23 in 2023. Total use at company level has been 1,553 kg, 647 packs (773 packs in 2022). This reduction is even greater if we take into account that we continue to internalise posts that we had previously outsourced to service companies and therefore have to assume the provision of office supplies (APIS, PM and NW).

Neinor Homes is very conscious of the environment and sustainability and has therefore adapted all its work centres to be able to recycle all types of waste. In addition, Neinor Homes applies current legislation regarding to the collection and treatment of confidential paper, fluorescent bulbs, toner, batteries and sanitary hygienic products, with an external treatment company collecting each type of waste from the offices. In 2023, the commitment to digitalisation has continued and a new qualitative leap has been made in order to make further progress towards this objective; **the destruction of physical documentation** has increased by 202% compared to last year. This is a direct consequence of the relocation of an office, in which we have opted for the physical reduction of spaces destined to archive documentation, digitising it.

We have also recycled **65 kg of toner, 135 kg of key metal, 84 kg of batteries and 113 kg of sanitary ware**. There has been a small increase in the recycling of metal keys and batteries due to the relocation of the Bilbao office, the headquarters of Neinor Homes, where outdated materials were stored.

Neinor Homes employees have travelled **617,023 km** in their vehicles for work, which has meant a spending of **€226,905** in fuel. The use of videoconferencing has enabled us to reduce fuel consumption, both for journeys with personal vehicles and for journeys by different means of transport.

Finally, the **water consumption** of our seven territories was around **1,501** m^{3*}.

COMPARISON OF CONSUMPTION OVER THE LAST THREE YEARS*

	YEAR 2021	YEAR 2022	YEAR 2023
Na of employees	328	297	283
kwh consumed	305,913	282,788	247,327
Kg paper used	1,500	1,855	1,553
Paper use per employee	2.10	2.54	2.23

^{*}Data taking into account only the parent company

^{*}The water consumption for 2023 associated with the offices whose rent includes the payment of utilities has been estimated on the basis of the actual consumption of the remaining offices and the number of employees in these offices.

5.7. THE IMPORTANCE OF COMMUNICATION WITH OUR STAKEHOLDERS

Communication at Neinor Homes is the visible face of the work carriedout by the company, both at a business as well as corporate and professional level. It is the tool that connects us with society and allows us to publicise our activity while communicating our mission, vision and values.

In this connection, Neinor Homes focusses its efforts on **effective** communication that highlights its role in the leadership of the residential sector in Spain and extols its brand attributes; all with the ultimate goal of contributing to a change in the sector and generating customer trust and approachability.

To this end, we have a **360° communication strategy promoted and supervised by Senior Management**, with the **involvement of various corporate areas**, to promote open and bilateral communication with the main stakeholders:

INTEREST GROUP	WHY IS IT RELEVANT?	COMMUNICATION CHANNELS
INVESTORS AND SHAREHOLDERS	Shareholders are an excellent thermometer of a company's confidence and financial health.	 Shareholders' Day General Shareholders'Meeting Investor Relations website Email communications Press releases Corporate and product presentations
CUSTOMERS	Customers are the raison d'être of Neinor Homes, which strives to offer them the best service and the highest possible quality in order to achieve maximum satisfaction.	 Neinor Experience website Neinor Experience app Development mailbox with personalised attention by NEXT manager Neinor Store Communication to clients Newsletters Satisfaction surveys Direct care from Neinor Experience manager
EMPLOYEES	Employees are what make Neinor Homes what it is, so achieving their satisfaction and pride in belonging to the Company is the key to achieving maximum efficiency and being competitive in the market.	 Meetings with the CEO Work climate survey Whistleblowing Channel Corporate Newsletter Performance appraisals Inefficiency Channel



Neinor Homes works with a large number of suppliers and they are in charge of carrying out the construction of the housing and a key element in maintaining high quality standards.

Neinor Homes' activity has a significant impact on society, creating direct and indirect jobs, and contributing to the social and economic development of the places where the developments are located.

- Ongoing dialogue
- Regular meetings
- App to evaluate Neinor Homes
- Building committees
- Supplier evaluation
- Third party code of conduct
- Corporate website
- Dissemination of press releases on our corporate and product milestones.
- Interviews and statements by our spokespersons in the media.
- Participation in sectoral forums and associations
- Work with universities and associations
- Participation in fairs and events
- Social media profiles

In addition, communication continues to be boosted through **social networks**, generating higher quality content on a fixed and regular basis, as well as through the internal communication channel with employees. Finally, the company continues to increase the presence of various company spokespersons at **events and forums in the sector**, thus reinforcing Neinor Homes' leading position in the market.



EN LAS REDES SOCIALES



49,424 followers



11,000 followers



11,000 followers



TWITTER 3,725 followers



1,490 followers

5.8. SOCIAL ACTION

At Neinor Homes we continue to be committed to our employees and those who work with us, to society and to the planet.

Neinor Homes, aware that a sustainable company must be economically, socially and environmentally sustainable, and with its actions based on good governance, has taken the **17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)** of the United Nations as a benchmark to define its Sustainability Plan, and therefore the social action to be pursued, with the conviction that the actions and cooperation of everyone - company, employees and those working with it - is essential.



In line with the SDGs and in compliance with the provisions of our Strategic Sustainability Plan, the social actions carried out by Neinor Homes in 2023 have sought to reach as many stakeholders as possible, focusing on having the best possible impact on our employees, our customers and society.

> Our employees

To talk about social action, we believe that you have to start by talking about how you treat your employees or how you care for them, which is why we have put the focus of our social commitment on Neinor Homes' main asset: its workforce. We have encouraged various activities focused on improving their wellbeing, their work-life balance, promoting health, sport, a healthy lifestyle, teamwork, solidarity and their involvement in caring for the environment and leading a more sustainable lifestyle.

Some of these are detailed below:

- Family and work-life balance, understood as a means to achieve equality, is another of Neinor Homes' priorities. In addition to the measures already in place and implemented in terms of job quality, work and time flexibility (such as teleworking, which has increased this year), family support, personal and professional development, the Equality Plan approved this year has been incorporated, which is a guarantee of equal treatment and opportunities between women and men, as well as the elimination of discrimination.
- Neinor Homes encourages and pays for its employees to register for various sporting events to encourage team sports and to support and help various social causes and charities.
- Neinor Homes contracts the company Gympass so that it can offer our employees a comprehensive **physical and mental wellness programme** with access to multiple gyms, psychological care, therapy, personal trainers and nutritional apps at below-market prices.
- Fresh fruit in the offices. With the aim of creating better eating habits among our employees, fresh fruit for the week is distributed every week in each of the Neinor Homes branches.
- Mindfulness workshop. An 8-week course was given, with an hour and a half session per week, online, in which meditation and relaxation exercises were used to teach how to manage emotions, stress and anxiety.

- Energy saving course at home and in the office. An expert energy efficiency consultant, HOBBEN, gave a short seminar in 2023 to teach employees about habits and measures to be more energy efficient, save on electricity and gas bills, and be more sustainable in their day-to-day work.
- Corporate gifts of solidarity. This year Neinor Homes employees received a gift made by Nahiarte, an artistic creation space that offers a personal and professional development programme for people with mental and/or intellectual disabilities, unique hand-painted pieces from its workshop in Bilbao. In addition, they also received a bottle of organic extra virgin olive oil from the social project "Apadrina un Olivo" (Sponsor an Olive Tree).

Moreover, in this area, we consider it essential to protect and safeguard health and safety, which we also pass on to **our suppliers** with a clear motto of no accidents on our sites, which we explain later in this report.

Our clients:

- Neinor Homes has reached an agreement with Papernest, a comprehensive management platform where customers can manage all the utilities/supplies of their new home in one click, one call, at no cost and with preferential times. In this way, Neinor Homes provides customers with a free sign-up service designed to facilitate their experience and save them time and effort. When the time comes to hand over the property, the customer does not have to worry about arranging for these services, as they have the following benefits:
 - The best price and without a fixed-minimum contract: Endesa, Total Energies, Holaluz, etc.
 - A fast sign-up process instead of having to spend an average of 8 hours on the phone to deal with all the necessary formalities.
 - Faster activation of household meters. This will allow the active and available supply to be available sooner.
- Sign-up and contract with Hobeen, a company focused on home energy management, which, through the use of physical and digital devices, allows our clients to:
 - Analyse their energy consumption by hours, days, type of device with the highest consumption.
 - Be able to carry out an energy audit, to analyse whether the power, contract and type of tariff is adapted to the customer's needs.
 - Provision of a comparative study of offers from supply companies.
 - Information on the hours of the day when the electricity tariff is cheapest.
 - Training and energy saving tips.



These services, and those detailed in point 7.1, have led us to be **chosen in 2023 as "Property Developer of the Year" for our customer service in the Pre-Sales area**, in the "Customer Service of the Year" competition.

> The company

Neinor Homes is involved in social initiatives and solidarity movements:

- In cases where a tragedy occurs, such as a war, an earthquake, floods, etc., Neinor Homes launches initiatives for its employees to collect funds in order to alleviate as far as possible the consequences of these phenomena. Employee contributions are multiplied 2, 5 and 7 times by the company. This year, there was a fundraising campaign to help the victims of the earthquake in Turkey and Syria. Thanks to the solidarity of employees working together with Neinor Homes, we were able to contribute funds to the following NGOs working in the area:
 - **UNHCR UNHCR**. The assistance focused on the provision of cooking utensils, shelter materials, tents and basic relief kits for displaced persons and refugees in the affected areas of both countries.
 - ALBOAN ENTRECULTURAS. Together with the Jesuit Refugee Service (JRS), the emergency protocol has been activated, which calls for donations for the purchase of medicines, warm clothes, nonperishable food, etc.
- Our continued participation in the Gavi Programme, the Vaccine Alliance through the 'la Caixa" Foundation through donations every year, to fight child mortality, save children's lives and protect the health of the most vulnerable populations.
- During the **Christmas season**, coinciding with the arrival at the offices of corporate gifts from Neinor Homes' suppliers and collaborators, a raffle of the gifts received in each branch is organised to foster team spirit, as well as a donation to the NGO chosen by the most supportive branch (the one with the highest ratio of gifts received to gifts donated). The amount of this donation depends on the number of gifts donated by the employees/departments receiving them: for each gift received, accepted (provided it complies with our Anti-Corruption, Fraud and Bribery Policy, which does not allow the acceptance of gifts worth more than €100) and handed in for the raffle, the company contributes €10.

Last year, for the second consecutive year, the most supportive delegation was Valencia and the NGO to which the donation went was "Casa Caridad", pioneers in caring for the homeless and those at risk of social exclusion.

> In the areas where we are present

In line with our Sustainability Plan, and with the integration of the community and territories in which Neinor Homes has offices or in the places where it carries out its activities, during 2023, it has pursued various initiatives aimed at fostering and promoting links with these areas and the development of their communities:

- **Eibarrés Cycling Club:** Neinor Homes also **collaborates with sports associations** to support the values that sport promotes in the areas where it builds homes. As in previous years, in 2023 Neinor Homes has sponsored various cycling races and events organised by the Eibarrés Cycling Club, whose main objective is to promote cycling at all levels.
- **Neinor Homes sponsorship** to commemorate the **90th anniversary of Radio Bilbao** at the Euskalduna Palace in Bilbao.
- Neinor Homes sponsors a charity event to raise funds for the "mia o que hago"
 Foundation located in Cordoba, a private foundation that helps children with disabilities throughout Spain and helps them to improve their inclusion in society.
- Sponsorship of various sports and cultural activities (Alovera Athletics Club,

sponsorship of children's football team, participation in cultural workshops in the **Alovera** area (Guadalajara).

 Volunteering to encourage and promote sport and its values in the children's categories of the "Osos del Pardo" Rugby Foundation (Madrid).

Economic and social development / Resilience: In these rather economically unstable times, the **greatest** social value that the company contributes is its own viability, because if it does not exist, neither does its ESG. In this connection, it is worth highlighting the organic growth that the company has experienced, as a result of its exceptional results that generate enormous value to the environment, giving positive results every year and increasing them from one year to the next, which is vital for the creation of direct and indirect employment (one of the major problems nationally).

In addition to this organic growth, Neinor Homes has also grown inorganically through the acquisition of other companies in order to diversify the business (SDGs 8 and 11), ensuring activity by creating the construction line and to consolidate existing business lines to ensure the continuity of its activity:

RENTAL¹ With the consolidation of a large portfolio of homes for rent (both its own and acquired through corporate transactions) and the integration of the company Renta Garantizada (acquired in 2020).

CONSTRUCTION. The acquisition of Quabit has allowed us to incorporate all its experience in the construction business into our Neinor Wors line.

ESSENTIAL². We have created a line of housing that is accessible to more social groups.

PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP for the construction of social rental housing in Barcelona.

EXPANSION OF THE LAND PORTFOLIO through the acquisition of Quabit and other corporate transactions.

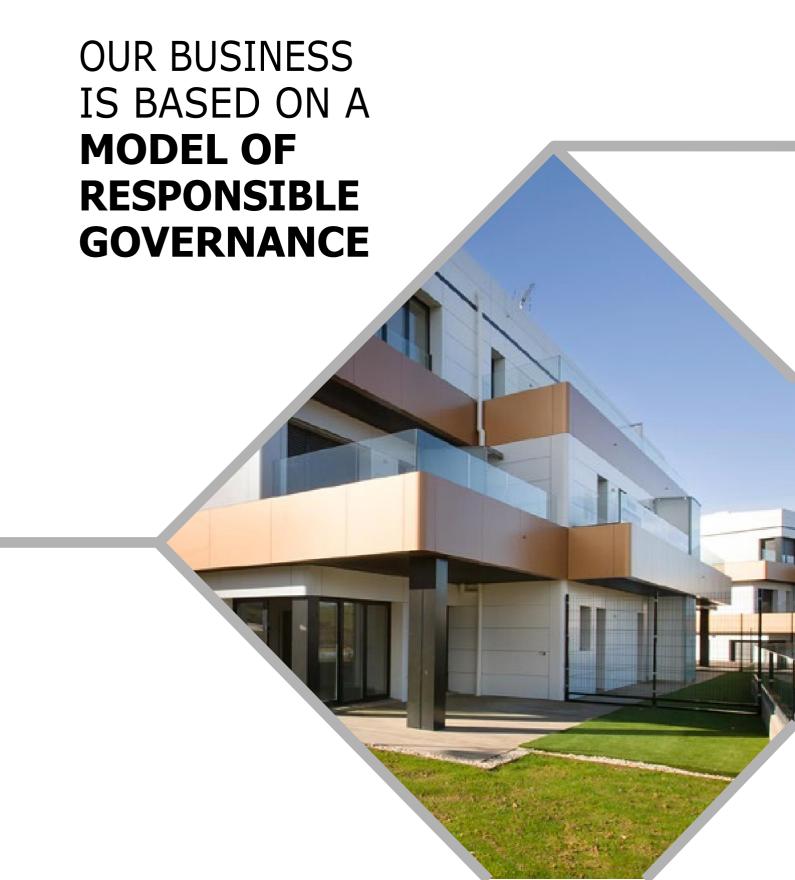
JOINT VENTURES for the development through co-investment of developments for sale, rental, senior living...

¹ Extended in section 5.3

² Housing at affordable prices for groups with difficulty in accessing housing and offering housing for less than €200,000, reinforcing this type of housing.

[•] ESSENTIAL: Unsubsidised housing

^{&#}x27; Subsidised housing



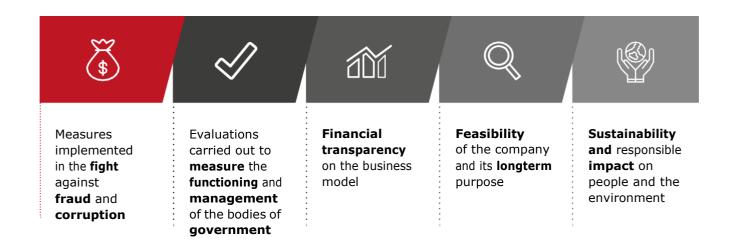
At Neinor Homes when we talk about **Corporate Governance we** are talking about people and decisions, with the understanding that these people are the right people and that they take the right decisions. We firmly believe that how we do things determines who we are and who we want to be. That is why we are governed by ethical, upright and transparent performance standards, so that our words are consistent with our actions.

6.1. PRINCIPLES OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The company understands corporate governance to be the set of mechanisms at the service of generating value in a simultaneous and sustained manner for all of the organisation's stakeholders. Therefore, Neinor Homes carries out its activity in a **transparent** and responsible manner, with good corporate governance as one of the objectives of its Sustainability Policy.

The aim is to provide an efficient response to one of the aspects that arouses most interest among investors, shareholders and other companies in the sector. Good corporate governance is a key trend nowadays, and **stakeholders** are increasingly **demanding more information** on various related aspects, to which Neinor Homes **responds in different ways**:

Neinor Homes is the benchmark in the real estate sector in terms of good governance and responsible and sustainable management



In addition, Neinor Homes monitors all good governance recommendations and trends, orienting its practices to achieve the highest standards of compliance and competitiveness. A regular **corporate governance diagnosis** is also carried out, analysing, among other aspects, compliance with the **CNMV's Unified Code of Good Governance**.

GOOD GOVERNANCE REGULATIONS AND POLICIES

- Articles of Association
- Internal Audit Function Articles
- · Code of Ethics
- Third Party Code of Conduct
- Code of Good Practice in Real Estate Brokerage
- Anti-Corruption, Fraud and Bribery Policy
- Diversity and non-discrimination policy
- Book of good practices in Health and Safety on construction sites.
- Occupational Health and Safety Policy
- Regulations of the General Shareholders' Meeting
- Internal Code of Conduct for Securities Markets
- Rules of Procedure of the Compliance Function
- Rules of operation of the Electronic Shareholders' Forum
- Corporate Governance Policy
- Sustainability Policy
- Policy on Communication and Contact with Shareholders, Institutional Investors and Proxy Advisors

- General economic-financial and corporate communication policy
- Internal manual for the disclosure of privileged and other relevant information
- Human Rights Policy
- Tax Risk Control and Management Policy.
 Adherence to the Tax Agency's Code of Good Practices
- Director Selection Policy
- Remuneration policy for members of the Board of Directors
- Sustainable Investment and Financing Policy
- Treasury Stock Policy
- Tax and good tax practices policy
- Conflict of interest and related party policy
- Policy on non-audit services to be provided by the auditor
- Employment policy for former auditors

6.2. GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

The General Shareholders' Meeting is the **highest decision-making and control body** of Neinor Homes in the matters within its competence, through which the shareholder has the right to intervene in decisionmaking.

The convening, preparation and conduct of the General Shareholders' Meeting is governed by the **Regulations of the General Shareholders' Meeting**. All of this in turn is subject to the provisions of current legislation and the **Articles of Association**. All shareholders have the **right to attend** the General Shareholders' Meeting irrespective of the number of shares held and all have the **right to vote**.

The Board of Directors of Neinor Homes has informed the GRC, Internal Audit and ESG Management, as well as the Investor Relations Management that **one of its main objectives is to increase shareholder participation in the AGM**.

On 20 April 2023, the **sixth General Shareholders' Meeting of Neinor Homes** was held with a **quorum of 78.62% of the share capital** (0.52% present and 78.10% represented). All the items on the agenda were approved with a percentage of votes in favour of more than 98%, except for four items that were approved with 97.02%, 95.69%, 95.66% and 88.71% votes in favour, respectively, which shows the support of the shareholders for the decisions of the Board of Directors put to the vote.

We must highlight the support of the General Shareholders' Meeting for the company's track record in sustainability and good governance, with the examination and approval of the non-financial information statement and sustainability report for 2022 being the item with the highest percentage of approval at the General Shareholders' Meeting, with 99.9986% of votes in favour, making it the non-financial information statement with the highest support among all listed companies in Spain.

The Shareholders' Meeting was broadcast live on the corporate website and could be followed later in streaming on a delayed basis. In addition, all the documents generated from it have been posted publicly on the website.

Neinor Homes also has an **Electronic Shareholders' Forum** where **proposals** for inclusion on the agenda or **offers or requests for voluntary proxies can be posted**.

On 1 September 2023, the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting was held, at which it was agreed to reduce the company's share capital in order to return contributions to shareholders by reducing the nominal value of the shares and redeeming treasury shares, and consequently amend Article 5 of the Articles of Association, thereby increasing the maximisation of the return to the company's shareholders.

On 30 June, 26 July and 13 November 2023, the company published significant facts which, in line with the Company's strategic plan for the period 2023-2027, communicated collaboration agreements with AXA Investment Managers Alts, Orion V European 24, S.á r.l, and Urbanitae Real Estate Platform, S.L. respectively, to carry out real estate developments in Spain for build-to-sell. The amount of investments associated with these collaboration agreements is approximately EUR 300 million in total.

These collaborations will be carried out through Joint Ventures (JVs) in which **Neinor Homes** has a stake of between 10% and 20%, and **will act as delivery partner manager**, supervising project design, licensing, marketing and construction.

POWERS OF THE GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

Approval of company management

Approval of the annual accounts, both individual and consolidated

Appointment and dismissal of the members of the Board of Directors and ratification or their appointments

Appointment and remova of the company's auditors

Agreement on the increase and the reduction of share capital

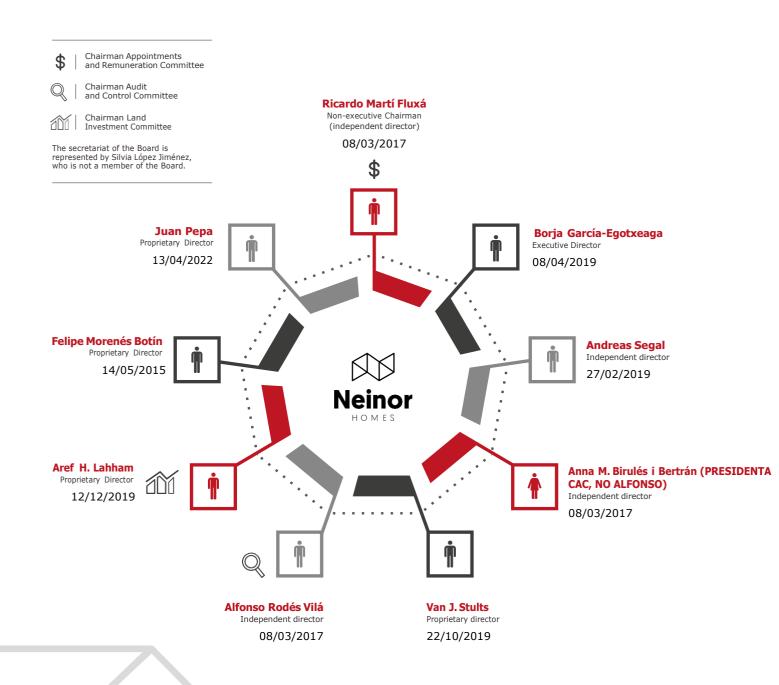
6.3. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors is the highest governing body within the company and has **the broadest powers and authority to manage, direct, administer and represent** Neinor Homes. It therefore approves the company's strategy and general policies. Its functioning is governed by the **Regulations of the Board of Directors and byte Articles of Association.** The Board of Directors **meets as often as is convenient** for the proper performance of its functions, at least every three months. In 2023 the Board of Directors met on 12 occasions, and on 6 of these, ESG issues were dealt with.

At the 2023 close of business the composition of the Board was as follows:

44%
INDEPENDENT
DIRECTORS

11%WOMEN



Neinor Homes evaluates the quality and efficiency in the functioning and performance of its Board of Directors and its respective Committees on an annual basis, following the best national and international market practices. Once every 3 years, the Appointments and Remuneration Committee is assisted by an external expert in carrying out this evaluation, as was the case in 2020 and also that carried out in this exercise.

For the first time in the company's history, the 2020 assessment was carried out with the assistance of a prestigious external expert, identifying, among others, the following strengths:

- The structure of the Board of Directors of Neinor Homes in line with best practices in terms of its current size, with a noteworthy high degree of diversity.
- Proper internal functioning of the Board of Directors with regard to frequency of meetings, the notice period and the level of attendance by directors.
- Effective development of the decision-making process of the Board of Directors, resolving differences of opinion in a smooth and orderly manner.
- Good level of interaction maintained between the Board of Directors and Senior Management, highlighting the availability of the company's executives, the rigour and preparation of their appearances and the good acceptance of the Board of Directors' role of guidance and supervision.
- Very positive evaluations from the directors of the Board committees, as well as of the performance of the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer, the Secretary of the Board, and a unanimously positive assessment of the performance of the head of the GRC and Internal Audit Department.

Similarly, some opportunities for improvement were identified, such as the opportunity to work on gender equality within the board, to increase the detail and depth of the Succession Plan or to increase the information on directors' remuneration in the annual report.

In 2023, this evaluation process was carried out for the second time with the assistance of an independent external expert. The result of the evaluation has determined that Neinor Homes has a solid governance model, characterised by a unified, active and dedicated Board of Directors, with a high professional and human value, with complementary knowledge and experience, which helps to enrich the debate and contributes to the proper functioning and efficiency of the various management bodies, thus positioning itself above its competitors and other companies in the international real estate sector.

This year, as in previous years, four working approaches have been followed in an attempt to achieve greater visibility and objectivity:

1

Review by internal audit of documentation and **internal functioning**, as well as measurement of the level of dedication, commitment, involvement and knowledge of the directors and analysis of the fulfilment of responsibilities.

2 | t

Conducting a **self-assessment:** The directors themselves evaluated and gave their views on the **effectiveness of the Board's performance and functioning,** through anonymised questionnaires of questions prepared specifically taking into account the situation of the company and the director taking the questionnaire.

3

Conducting individual interviews: In addition to the self-assessments, individual interviews were also conducted with the four independent Directors to further enrich the evaluation results. The interviews lasted one hour, were conducted mainly through virtual meetings and the views and comments shared by Board members have been treated anonymously.

4

Corporate Governance Benchmark: Comparative analysis of Neinor Homes' Corporate Governance practices, with the aim of identifying the level of alignment of Neinor Homes' corporate governance practices with the main standards:

- National standards, set against the performance of comparable companies in the sector and benchmark companies in the field of good governance, as well as against the Good Governance Code of listed companies (CNMV).
- International standards, analysing the degree of alignment with the governance issues most in demand by major institutional investors and the main concerns of proxy advisors in this area.

5

Diagnosis of the company's situation in terms of Good Corporate Governance based on the conclusions obtained throughout the evaluation process.

Compliance with good practice

Analysis of the tone at the top, awareness of and interest in, on the part of the Board and its Committees, ethics, compliance, transparency and continuous improvement for the implementation of best practices in corporate governance.

Diversity

Analysis of the number of women on the Board and its Committees. Number of foreign members on the Board and its Committees.

Experience and expertise of directors

- Analysis of the directors' sector experience based on the information contained in their CVs.
- Analysis of experience in Corporate Governance based on the number and type of Boards on which they participate other than that of Neinor Homes.
- Analysis of the training given to directors, within the framework of their membership of the Board and its Committees, in sectorial aspects and Corporate Governance.

Succession of directors

Analysis of the existence of a succession plan for the CEO and other directors.

Quality and availability of information

- Analysis of the level of adequacy and quality of the information supplied to directors for decisionmaking.
- Analysis of the availability, in due time and form, of the information supplied to the directors for decision-making.

Operation

- Analysis of the planning of the calendar of meetings and of the actual meetings.
- Analysis of the time taken to send out notices of meetings, as well as the agenda for the sessions.
- Analysis of the duration of meetings of the Board and its Committees.

Composition

- Analysis of the number of members of the Board and its Committees.
- Analysis of the number of directors by type: executive, proprietary, independent and other external.
- Analysis of the number of years in office of each director.

Liaison with Senior Management and/or external parties

Analysis based on the information in the minutes of the Board and its Committees of the participation of General Management and/or external auditors in the meetings of the Board and its Committees without the presence of the CEO.

Dedication / involvement of board members

Analysis of the number of absences of directors from meetings of the Board and its Committees, also considering the analysis of non-executive directors in accordance with Art. 11a) of the Regulations of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee.

Remuneration of directors

Analysis of the use of comparative market studies carried out by external experts on directors' remuneration.

The Strengths in said evaluation identified by the external expert have been the following:

1

The **overall performance of the various governing bodies and their functions has been very positive**, with all directors rating the performance of all governing bodies between "Very good" and "Excellent".

Of particular note is the overall performance of the Chairman and the Audit and Control Committee, whose performance was rated as "Excellent" by 100% of respondents.

Regarding the Chairman of the Board, interviewees highlighted his diplomacy, calmness and know-how, as well as his ability to reach intelligent agreements that generate value for the Company. According to the directors, the Chairman acts as a moderator, which fits perfectly with the composition of the Board.

As regards the composition of the board, all directors consider that the size of the board (9) and the proportion of independent (44%), proprietary (44%) and executive (11%) directors are adequate for its effective functioning. In particular, they state that this size and composition is balanced and allows them to participate and discuss together.

The directors made reference to the fact that the current share capital structure of the company - which requires board members with different profiles, backgrounds, etc. - could pose a challenge for proper decision making. However, even taking this particular situation into account, they considered that Neinor's board was performing its duties in an outstanding manner.

In terms of the skills and competencies of the Board, all members consider that Neinor has the **right mix of knowledge, skills and experience within the Board** to perform its functions effectively, describing the Board as a "powerful combination of different skills".

As regards the **functioning of the Board**, the number of meetings, their duration and the quality of supporting documentation are appropriate. Board members emphasise the **Board's agility in decision-making**, its ability to anticipate problems and the flexibility and availability of the **Board** when extraordinary meetings have been required.

Moreover, some directors indicate that this agility is possible because (i) they have a number of proprietary directors with decision-making powers, and (ii) the senior management team is very strong and responsive.

- All directors agreed that the working environment, dialogue and participation of the management team during meetings were satisfactory, highlighting that interaction with the management team is very frequent and adds value. In this regard, the good work of the CEO was highlighted, who is a very accessible figure and has contributed to generating a very positive atmosphere within the management team, as well as the work of the GRC and Internal Audit area, describing it as an extraordinary team.
- In terms of interaction and information between the Board and the Committees, all Board members were very positive about the roles played by the various Committees. In the interviews, it became clear that the meetings of the Committees have more extensive discussions, which means that the Board meetings are usually shorter and are resolved in a more efficient and agile manner.
 - It should be noted that, in terms of the fulfilment of the responsibilities of each of the Committees, the three Committees have been highly valued by their members, with the Real Estate Investment Committee standing out, where 100% of its members stated that they "Strongly agree" that the Committee has satisfactorily fulfilled the responsibilities assigned to it.

On the other hand, as a result of the evaluation process, several aspects with room for improvement have been identified on which the company and its governing bodies will continue to work:

- Continue to work towards gender diversity. It should be noted that the board is aware of this aspect and all board members agree that this should be considered a necessity, although they are aware that it is not an easy process, given the capital structure of the company.
- The directors indicate the need to improve the information on the succession plan for the Chairman and CEO, and the discussion within the Committee. It is considered that this issue could be improved in terms of transparency and coordination between the governing bodies.
- Although the overall result has been very positive in relation to the supporting documentation shared at Board and Committee meetings, some directors have stated that receiving information earlier would be a valuable improvement, given the quantity and length of the documents in some cases, especially in the Audit and Control Committee.
- As ESG issues have become one of the key issues to be addressed within Boards, it is necessary for directors to familiarise themselves with the main issues related to sustainability. In this regard, some directors have referred to the importance of receiving training sessions on ESG issues and their "sizing up" in the real estate sector and in the company.

BOARD TRAINING

Neinor Homes has defined a **training plan for its Board of Directors and its Committees**, in which offers a programme of update of knowledge for its directors. During 2023, the directors have received training on the following:

- ESG and sustainability developments.
- European taxonomy and update of the Sustainability Plan.
- Valuation and appraisal of real estate assets.
- Cybersecurity and Information Security.

DELEGATED COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

For **greater efficiency in the exercise of its functions**, the Board has the following delegated committees, the functioning of which is governed by the Regulations of the Board:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS STEERING COMMITTEE Composed of the CEO, all directorates general, the territorial directorates and the head of the legal division. **Audit and Control Appointments and Remuneration** Land Investment Committee 1 Committee 1 Committee • Assess the skills, knowledge and experience • Monitor financial and non-financial • Define overall investment policies and reporting. required on the Board of Directors. strategies, investment objectives. • Monitor and evaluate compliance with the • Establish a representation target for the • Evaluate and take the final decision on Sustainability strategy and practices. underrepresented gender on the Board and the possible acquisition of real estate develop guidance on how to achieve this assets, property developments and the • Monitor the effectiveness of internal control. target. financing thereof. • Propose to the Board of Directors the • Propose to the Board of Directors the Analyse and monitor the company's appointment of the auditors. remuneration policy for directors. investment performance results in relation

to investment strategies, objectives,

policies, standards and constraints,

• Review the adequacy and effectiveness

of the Company's arrangements for its employees and contractors to report any

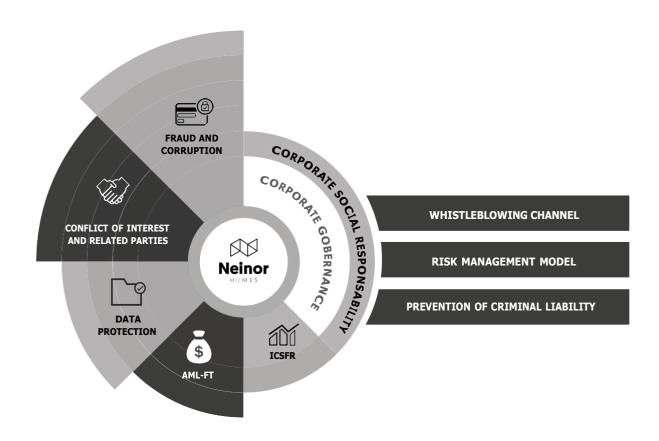
• Oversight of the crime prevention model.

possible irregularities.

¹ Bodies in which the majority of its members are Independent Directors.

6.4. A COMPREHENSIVE CONTROL, COMPLIANCE AND ASSURANCE MODEL

Neinor Homes has developed a **comprehensive Control**, **Compliance** and **Assurance model**, also called **Combined Assurance**, based on best practices in the sector and other sectors, which is a system that allows the **integration and alignment of assurance processes** so that senior management and the audit and supervisory committees obtain a **comprehensive and holistic view of the effectiveness of the governance**, **risks and controls** of their organisation. At the same time, it allows for **prioritisation and identification of necessary actions**.



With this system, a new integrated organisation chart was developed for the Audit, Risk and Compliance functions. With this, everything is subject to the same Governance, Risk and Compliance Management (GRC) and the main priority is the **integration of the Corporate Social Responsibility strategy** in the business, thus achieving an increase in its exposure and dissemination. With all this system, it is possible to **respond to the expectations of stakeholders**, to the requirements of legislation in terms of good governance policies and to the need to be based on an effective and dynamic risk management system.

This comprehensive model also establishes an **internal regulatory framework**, establishing a series of specific management models for each area (fraud prevention, anti-money laundering, ICFR, conflicts of interest and data protection and privacy) which in turn define policies, procedures and responsibilities.

MODEL	POLICIES/RESPONSIBILITIES	
FRAUD AND CORRUPTION PREVENTION MODEL	 Spending and reporting policy Ethical channel management procedure Supplier Selection, Approval and Evaluation Policy Code of good practice for real estate brokerage 	 Code of Ethics Monitoring and Control Committee Code of Conduct for Third Partie Complaints channel and log Gift policy and log
ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING MODEL	 AML/CFT Manual Internal Control Body Specific AML Unit Practical guide to AML KYC files: natural and legal person Trade Compliance Form and Questionnaire 	 AML procedure for management of unique assets and retail AML procedure for management of new builds External audit
INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING	Adaptation of the information to the contents required by the CNMV (matrix of risks and controls of the processes in operation and responsibilities assigned, accounting policies manual, evidence repository, among others).	
CONFLICT OF INTEREST AND RELATED PARTIES MODEL	 Conflict of Interest and Related Party transactions log Review and approval of related-party transactions Reporting to the Board and the Audit and Ratification Committee 	 Conflict of interest and related party transactions policy Communication channel for transactions
DATA PROTECTION AND INFORMATION PRIVACY MODEL	 Privacy Policy Incident Management Procedure Stakeholder Rights Procedure ISMS Procedure Personal Data System Management Procedure Committee Personal Data Privacy and Regulation 	 Procedure for personal data processing life cycle Regulator consultation procedure PIAC procedure Information Security Communication Channel Policy

> CODE OF ETHICS

One of the commitments and essential values for Neinor Homes in the area of good corporate governance is to **act in accordance with the strictest corporate standards in relation to ethics and transparency**, ensuring and demanding that all staff, members of the governing bodies and related entities act in accordance with the company's ethical principles and moral criteria.

In 2015, Neinor Homes approved the **Code of Ethics**, which establishes the ethical principles, values and rules of conduct that should guide the actions of all companies and individuals that form part of the company and its third-party collaborators. For this reason, all employees receive regular in-person and online training on the Code, as do some suppliers.

In addition, in 2017 the **Code of Conduct for third parties** was approved, which defines the highest ethical standards that must be met by all **third parties that provide any type of service to Neinor Homes**, and the company undertakes to publicise this Code. The **principles and values** contained therein are based on best market **practices** and the **principles of the United Nations Global Compact**.

Neinor Homes ensures compliance with human rights in all areas related to our business. To mitigate the risk of human rights vulnerability we have published on our website a code of conduct for third parties that our suppliers or subcontractors must accept and comply with, our Code of Ethics, which includes the principle of managing human rights vulnerability and the complaints management procedure which describes how to manage complaints or claims received through the company's whistleblowing channel.

In addition, we regularly review our ethical values and related policies and codes, as well as our other compliance and corporate governance policies, to ensure that they are always up to date

WHISTLEBLOWING CHANNEL AND MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE

In 2022, Neinor Homes completely renewed its Whistleblowing Channel both to comply with regulations, with the entry into force this year of European Directive 2019/1937, and to address certain aspects of improvement detected, being more useful and secure for anyone who wants to report possible irregularities or conduct that goes against the Company's code of ethics, allowing completely anonymous communications, without the need to enter any personal data on the part of the reporter.

Although the channel is managed internally, its data is hosted on an external, thirdparty encrypted server, shielding the security of the communications received.

This communication system helps to detect and prevent risks and violations at an early stage, before they can materialise and impact the company. In this way we are also promoting a strong compliance culture inside and outside the company, in line with our Code of Ethics.

Ethics Line | Neinor Homes

The GRC,Internal Audit and ESG Department is responsible for processing and managing the complaints received, ensuring strict compliance with the Code of Ethics and promoting the use of the Whistleblowing Channel. Mechanisms are in place to ensure impartiality in the event that communications are received about the GRC Management or persons or bodies with responsibility for it.

The Board of Directors is regularly informed about the management of complaints through the Audit and Control Committee. In 2023, no complaints were received in areas related to ethics, legality or regulatory compliance, but complaints were received on matters affecting our customers in the purchase of their home or after the purchase of their home, which were included in the complaints that are allowed to be reported in accordance with the channel management procedure. All complaints were dealt with in the manner and withinthe deadlines established in the channel's management procedure.

As a result of the complaints received, some of the company's internal procedures have been refined with regard to the sale of properties and subsequent management with our customers. No complaints were received concerning discrimination, human rights violations, corruption or bribery, or breaches of the Code of Ethics. All complaints were reported to the Audit Committee as part of the Annual Compliance Activity Report.

Neinor Homes refrains from working with third parties who do not complywith the provisions of the Code of Conduct, reserving the right to terminate the business relationship with those who fail to comply with any of thestipulated points.

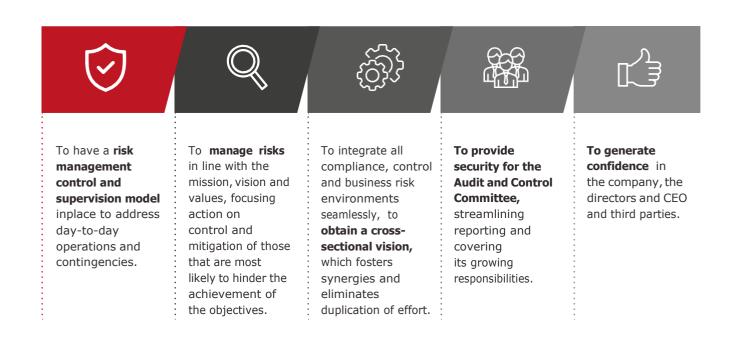
Mandatory **training** is given to all Neinor Homes **employees** on an annual basis to guarantee knowledge and encourage the application of all the regulations and internal tools in force in the ethics and transparency area.

In 2023, 100% of Neinor Homes employees and the subsidiary Quabit Construcción received this mandatory annual training, which was given by the CEO and by the Director of GRC, Internal Audit and ESG, and covered, including cases and practical examples, about Ethics, the Neinor Homes Compliance system and its elements, the Ethics Channel, gender diversity, new developments in sustainability and ESG, and the Group's mandatory documents and policies: Code of Ethics, Third Party Code of Conduct, AML/CFT Regulations, Internal Code of Conduct, data protection and cybersecurity, etc.

This training session, in addition to the topics described above, included training on energy efficiency at the workplace, on the commute to work and at home.

> RISK MANAGEMENT MODEL

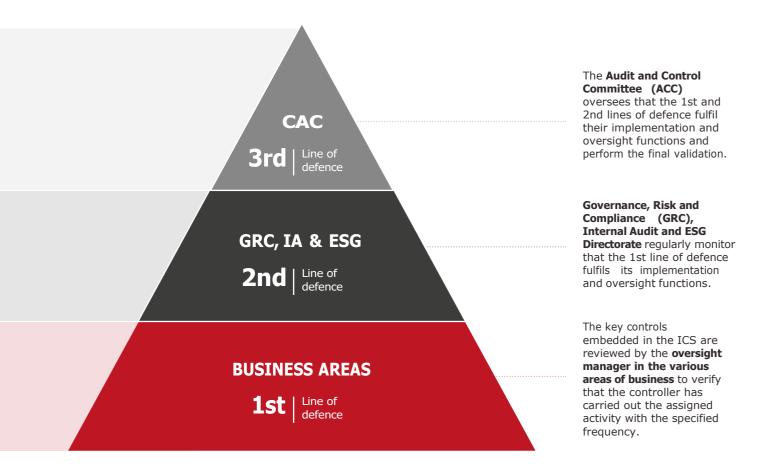
Neinor Homes continuously manages its risks under an **Integrated Internal Control System (ICS)**. This **comprehensive scorecard** associates risks with **strategic objectives**, **processes** and **control activities** in which those responsible for their execution and supervision are incorporated, as well as the evidence that supports the system. The objectives of the ICS are:



In order for the ICS to have **ongoing updates**, it is essential to have internal and external communication channels and to be able to count on the commitment of all those who make up Neinor Homes. **External updates** are mainly provided by legal experts, advisors, forums, networks and suppliers.

The model monitoring can be summarised in **three lines of defence**:

Neinor Homes has a management model for ongoing and dynamic risks.



The main inputs to the ICS are compliance, corporate and business risks and controls.

In 2022, as an essential part of updating its risk map, Neinor Homes has **identified its corporate risks through** an analysis of the company and the real estate sector, taking into account the experiences of Neinor Homes' executives and other external experts in the sector.

The Internal Audit Department participates in the risk identification phase, together with the Compliance Department and all the persons responsible for risks and controls in the various areas of the company. Neinor Homes has thus classified the various risks to which it is exposed into **6 categories**:

ENVIRONMENTAL RISKS

1

Related to the real estate sector and the cyclicality of the business. Correlation of our sector to macroeconomic cycles. Business structure/resources not aligned to changes in the cycle / diversification of activity: Property / Rental / Construction. Administrative impact of the sector. New fiscal and regulatory policies in the sector, land policies, management and licensing periods. Increased construction and land acquisition costs due to higher raw material costs and inflation. Shortage of third parties necessary for the development of our activity, such as construction companies, due to their insolvency. Changes and impact on consumer demand and the environment as a result of climate change.

OPERATIONAL RISKS

2

Management of customer expectations and satisfaction. Excessive dependence on suppliers and sometimes limited capacity of suppliers to provide in due time and form. Loss of business knowledge due to outsourcing of essential services in the value chain. Retention and succession of key persons. Inadequate adaptation to the industrial model. Being alienated from the transformation and digitalisation of the sector. Business stoppages due to external agents.

3

COMPLIANCE AND ETHICS RISKS

Failure to comply with deadlines and quality of homes delivered. Illegal acts / criminal offences established by regulations carried out by the company or its employees. Non-compliance with the rules and regulations to which the company is subject.

4

FINANCIAL AND MARKET RISKS

Management of the capital market and all those related to the fulfilment of the expectations agreed with the shareholder / market. Excessive linkage to the financial sector. Non-compliance with the margins and profit expected by investors and the market.

STRATEGIC RISKS

5

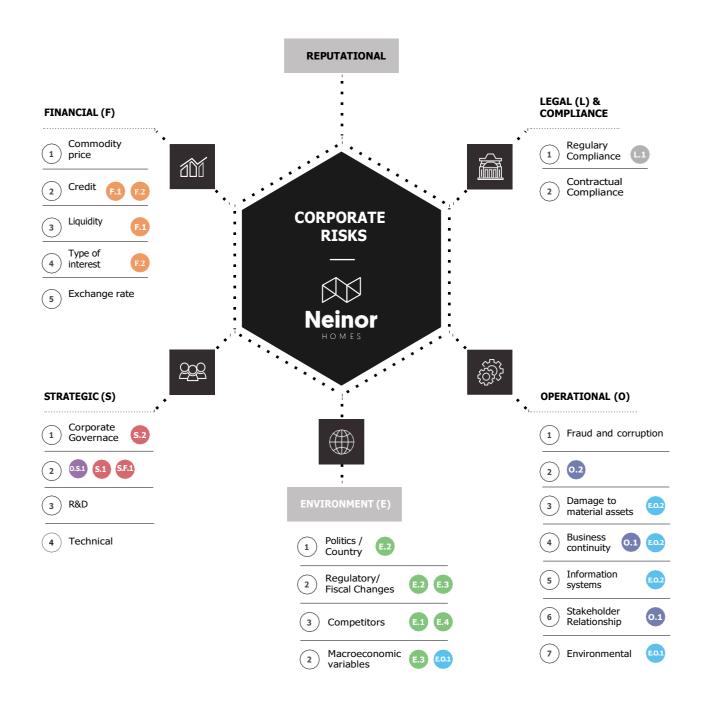
Failure to meet deadlines or cost targets for strategic (not ready for development) land development / and for land acquisition. Asset valuation and lack of discipline, consistency and reasonableness in land acquisition. Failure to meet the sales forecast in the business plan. Lack of diversification of the company's activity in a single line of business. Conflicts of interest in the strategic development and viability of the company in the long term versus expectations of investors and the market with a more short-term vision.

CLIMATE CHANGE RISKS

6

Following the main risks and opportunities identified by the TCFD (Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures) in its recommendations for disclosures on climate-related risks and opportunities for financial institutions and non-financial companies, recommendations that were published in 2017 and are widely recognised internationally as guidelines on the subject. Transition risks (Political/Legal, Technology, Market, Reputation) and acute and chronic physical risks. The nature of the development activity means that Neinor Homes must assess and, where appropriate, mitigate both the risks inherent in the transition to a low-emission economy and those related to the physical impacts of climate change. See note on Environmental Impact in the financial statements.

Given that the Integrated Control System (ICS) implemented is a dynamic tool, which aims to provide updated and continuous information on the possible risks faced by the company, Neinor Homes periodically compiles, from the various risk detection sources defined, the events that could become a risk, in order to facilitate their analysis and continuous monitoring and to take measures to remedy them, as well as if appropriate, the incorporation of a control mitigation activity, or the analysis of the effectiveness and efficiency of one already existing within the ICS.



The Risk Management methodology used by Neinor Homes is based on the latest version of "*Enterprise Risk Management*" (also known as COSO III), which enables the contribution of added value through the identification, management and monitoring of business risk management.

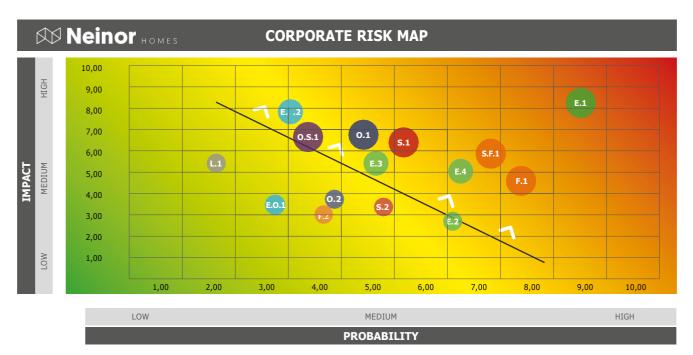
The Corporate Risk Map is reviewed periodically, making it a fully dynamic model that is continuously monitored, thus increasing the company's resilience in the face of adverse situations.

The best proof of this is that in 2020, with the irruption of Covid-19, the company defined a specific model to deal with the risks derived from this situation (Project Scipio), which was transferred to the entire organisation. Many of the actions defined in this project remain in place today, such as the possibility of digitally signing contracts or the use of videoconferencing programmes, as they have resulted in an improvement and modernisation of work processes and mitigate certain business and operational risks, especially those related to external agents or business interruption, reinforcing Neinor's capacity to adapt to different situations.

As mentioned at the beginning, Neinor Homes has updated its Corporate Risk Map in 2022 and, as in previous years, has considered environmental and climate risks. In this regard, one of the actions carried out was the analysis of climate risks for all the company's developments (see point 8.5).

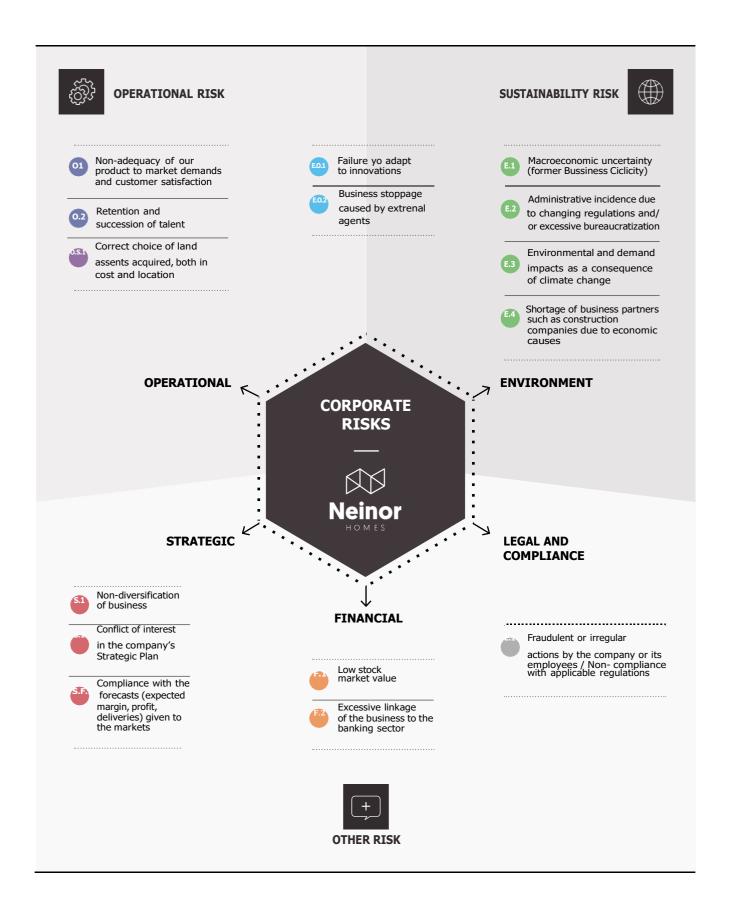
15 strategic and operational risks have been identified for the company and **classified according to their likelihood, impact and size**, thus forming the risk map.





Neinor Homes has classified the various risks to which it is exposed into 6 global categories, which are set out in Section E.3 of the ACGR.

The risks identified, for which corresponding management measures have been proposed, are as follows:



PREVENTION OF CRIMINAL LIABILITY

All the people who form part of Neinor Homes must maintain strict observance of the legal regulations in force. In this regard, the company develops the necessary internal policies and procedures to comply with this principle and makes every effort to **prevent the commission of criminal offences** to which it is exposed in the course of its activities. In the event that any of these offences were to take place, Neinor Homes would investigate the perpetrator, cooperate in repairing the damage caused and denounce the perpetrators, cooperators or accessories.

The **Criminal Risk Prevention Manual** is the framework in which the principles of management and crime prevention within Neinor Homes are detailed and its main objective is to define the rules of action and behaviour that regulate the company's activity, as well as the control systems it has in place in order to prevent the commission of crimes defined in the Spanish Criminal Code.

If it is detected that a crime is being committed by any of Neinor Homes' managers, employees or those under its auspices, there is a **protocol that sets out the guidelines for action**.

The **Manual** and its principles are **disseminated** via the website and by e-mail to all staff. Likewise, new recruits receive it together with the Code of Ethics in the welcome pack. Finally, Neinor Homes has a **specific training plan f**or the Prevention of Criminal Risks, ensuring knowledge and dissemination of the rules of conduct with regular training and an aptitude test on their content.

> ZERO TOLERANCE FOR CORRUPTION

Neinor Homes applies the principle of "zero tolerance" towards corruption. The company's commitment against corruption and bribery is materialised through the provisions of the Code of Ethics and through the **Anti-Corruption**, **Fraud and Bribery Policy**, both documents published on the website.

ANTI-CORRUPTION, FRAUD AND BRIBERY POLICY

This governs and prohibits the following cases:

- Making and offering gifts, favours and services on advantageous terms.
- Receiving and soliciting gifts, favours or services on advantageous terms.
- Donations, sponsorships and other non-profit contributions: Donations made must have a social purpose and must be earmarked for entities with an acknowledged track record. All donations must be reported to the Compliance Department.
- Professional meetings, congresses, conventions, seminars and other events: attendance at these must be authorised by the Compliance Department, which keeps a record of the expenses incurred.
- Trading in influence: it is prohibited to exert any kind of influence on a public official for the purpose of taking advantage of the exercise of the powers of his or her office.
- Recruitment of advisors, agents, intermediaries and suppliers: this must be subject to a verification and valuation procedure and their remuneration must be in line with the market.

Employees and members of the governing body periodically confirm their commitment to complying with the Code of Ethics and group policies, with specific training provided in 2023 for employees and Directors. In addition, new hires are provided with both confirmation documents and specific ethics and compliance training upon joining the company.

> CONFLICT OF INTEREST MANAGEMENT

At Neinor Homes there is a **Policy for Managing Conflicts of Interest and Related Party Transactions** that is applicable to all parties concerned and that establishes the criteria and procedures for approving transactions involving related parties, which is defined as when one of the parties has significant influence in the financial or operational decisionmaking of the other.

Other types of transactions that may involve a conflict of interest are those carried out by the company with companies related to directors and/or members of senior management. These transactions are reviewed internally by the Internal Audit Department, and these persons confirm such transactions in a declaration.

The GRC management shall keep a **register of related-party transactions and conflicts of interest** and shall report annually to the Audit and Compliance Committee and the Board on transactions carried out underthe terms established, requesting explanations from the directors, shouldthey deem it necessary. In addition to all the analyses carried out on conflicts of interest and related parties, 4 full investigation reports on conflict of interest transactions were carried out this year.

In 2023, in line with the company's strategy of co-investing with partners for the development of housing developments, due to the materiality of these operations and the implications that an alliance with partners who do not share the same performance guidelines in terms of matters such as regulatory compliance, business ethics or the fight against corruption and criminal offences could have for Neinor Homes, the GRC Department has developed and implemented the **Potential Investor Self-Assessment Form**, which all potential partners must complete. The self-assessment form requires information on topics such as their economic activity and their development in areas such as compliance, business ethics, human rights, environmental management and cybersecurity.

Once the completed form has been received, the GRC Department performs independent due diligence on these potential partners and subsequently, if there are indications of compliance risk, prepares an Internal Assessment Report presenting the conclusions obtained and associating a risk level to each potential partner, issuing a recommendation of non-association with the investor if the risk is unacceptable.

¿Cuenta la sociedad o fondo una política o procedimiento contra la discriminación (por cuestión de sexo, raza, religión)?	□ Sí
¿Cuenta la sociedad o fondo con una política de sostenibilidad o medioambiente?	□ Sí □ No
¿La sociedad o fondo cuenta con un equipo o una persona responsable de gestionar la ciberseguridad y responder a los incidentes que puedan producirse?	□ Sí
¿La sociedad o fondo realiza formaciones dirigidas a los empleados en materia de ética, sostenibilidad, gobierno corporativo y/o cumplimento?	□ Sí
¿La sociedad o fondo cuenta con una política o declaración pública que exprese su compromiso de respetar los derechos humanos?	□ Sí □ No
¿Existen, dentro de la compañía o fondo, órganos o departamentos independientes que ejerzan las funciones de auditoría interna y/o cumplimiento?	□ Sí
¿Alguno de los administradores o directivos del inversor es pariente o guarda relación, o presenta algún conflicto de interés con cualquier empleado, directivo o administrador de Grupo Neinor? (En caso positivo, identifique)	□ Sí

ANTI MONEY LAUNDERING AND COMBATTING TERRORIST FINANCING

Neinor Homes maintains a firm commitment to anti money laundering and combating terrorist financing (AML/CFT), with an **AML/CFT Manual** that establishes rules that all members of Neinor Homes and its external sales agents must be cognizant of and strictly comply with, as failure to comply with it could result in the corresponding disciplinary or employment sanctions. It is the responsibility of each member to be familiar with it, and the company also provides face-to-face and online training for both employees and sales agents, in which attendance must be duly accredited and a test of the knowledge acquired must be passed.

The **Anti Money Laundering and Combating Financing of Terrorism Model** is monitored by an in-house internal Control and Communication Body, with the Board of Directors being the most senior body responsible. In addition, during the year 2023 it has been supervised by an independent expert who has stated that the model is effective and efficient and has not revealed any relevant incidents.

In addition, we carry out an annual Risk Self-Assessment Report to gain a more effective understanding of our customer typology, with a view to adapting our AML mechanisms accordingly.

In 2023, the AML Unit analysed a total of 2,797 transactions, including both assets registered during the year and assets for which a reservation or sale and purchase contract has been signed and not yet delivered, as well as housing and other assets (garages, land, etc.). Of these 2,797 transactions, alerts were generated for 1,012, for which the AML Unit carried out enhanced due diligence, increasing the requirements necessary to be able to approve their formalisation.

With regard to the homes delivered during the year, the AML Unit again analysed the situation of the customers prior to and close to the deed, the situation of a total of 1,666 operations, in order to request the necessary documentation to ensure that they continued to comply with current legislation on AML/FT, and thus detect possible alterations since the date of reservation of the home.

The Prevention of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing model has been audited.

> DATA PROTECTION, CONFIDENTIALITY AND INFORMATION SECURITY

Neinor Homes is aware of the importance of the **confidentiality of the information** that it handles on its customers and those working with it, which is why the Code of Ethics establishes the obligation of all professionals not to disclose, cede or distribute confidential and sensitive information.

In addition, Neinor Homes has a Privacy Policy on Personal Data Protection which sets out the different uses of personal data and the purposes for which the company uses them. There is also a **Procedure for the fulfilment of the rights of data subjects** approved in March, 2018, which provides the minimum guidelines necessary to ensure that data subjects are provided with the necessary mechanisms to exercise their rights with respect to the processing of their personal data.

Neinor Homes has a Data Protection Officer (DPO), responsible for supervising, coordinating and disseminating the data protection policy both inside and outside the company.

The Data Protection audit carried out in the current financial year has concluded as follows: 'In the review carried out on Neinor Homes, Quabit Construcción and Renta Garantizada, regarding compliance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 and Organic Law 3/2018, of 5 December, on Data Protection and Guarantee of Digital Rights, the interest of all of them in respecting the legislation and the work carried out to achieve this objective is reflected'.

In this regard, aware of the **importance of raising awareness** of data protection and cybersecurity, **specific training** has been given **to employees and users of the Neinor** Homes **network** in both areas. In addition, specific training on cybersecurity has also been given to the Board of Directors. Furthermore, simulations of phishing attacks are carried out on an occasional but recurring basis.

Neinor Homes considers **cybersecurity** to be a key part of its digital strategy and has **ISO/IEC 27001** certification that guarantees the robustness of the information security management system, whose validity and compliance is reviewed annually by an external expert. As a result of this concern, flexWAN multi-technology has been implemented, which responds to customers' need for native integration of cybersecurity services in their connectivity and communications, given that the protection of the WAN network, LAN, WIFI, access to the cloud or teleworking must have a single point of management that allows security policies to be defined, deployed and monitored in a fully coordinated and efficient manner.

The **Regulatory Framework** of the Neinor Homes Information **Security Management System** aims to achieve adequate protection of information assets, preserving the security principles of **confidentiality**, **integrity and availability**. Furthermore, in the event of a possible threat of cyber-risks, Neinor Homes has developed a **Cybersecurity Management Model** that aims to guarantee the protection of assets, operations and the integrity of information. The security requirements and objectives are determined by the **Information Security Committee**.

In 2023, a cybersecurity audit was carried out, in accordance with the Audit Plan approved by the Committee, to assess the company's overallrisk level through a series of controlled penetration tests, in order to uncover existing vulnerabilities and subsequently remedy them. The result of this audit has shown an **improvement with respect to the observations issued in the audit carried out in 2022**, with those aspects that posed a potential risk having been immediately resolved.

Neinor Homes has the ISO 27001 certification.

> INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

Neinor Homes has various mechanisms that make up the **internal control** and risk management systems in relation to the process of issuing financial information (ICSFR). The implementation of this ICSFR is the responsibility of the company's own business areas, which are in charge of putting into practice the control mechanisms and activities to ensure the reliability of the company's financial information. For its part, the Board of Directors oversees the proper development and implementation of the system, with the support of the Audit and Control Committee.

The General Financial Management is responsible for the preparation of financial information, although all areas of the company must ensure the **transparency and veracity** of the information handled and supplied to the market.

In addition, Neinor Homes voluntarily submits the information relating to ICSFR included in its annual Corporate Governance Report to an **independent external verification**.

In addition, the effectiveness and model of the ICSFR is reviewed each year by Internal Audit. In the current year, an internal assessment has been carried out on the compliance of the ICSFR in terms of the development, design, effectiveness and functioning of the existing controls and the need to redesign some of them.

In relation to the control of tax risks, Neinor Homes has adopted the necessary control mechanisms to ensure compliance with tax legislation as part of appropriate business management. It also dedicates adequate and sufficiently qualified human and material resources to this end.

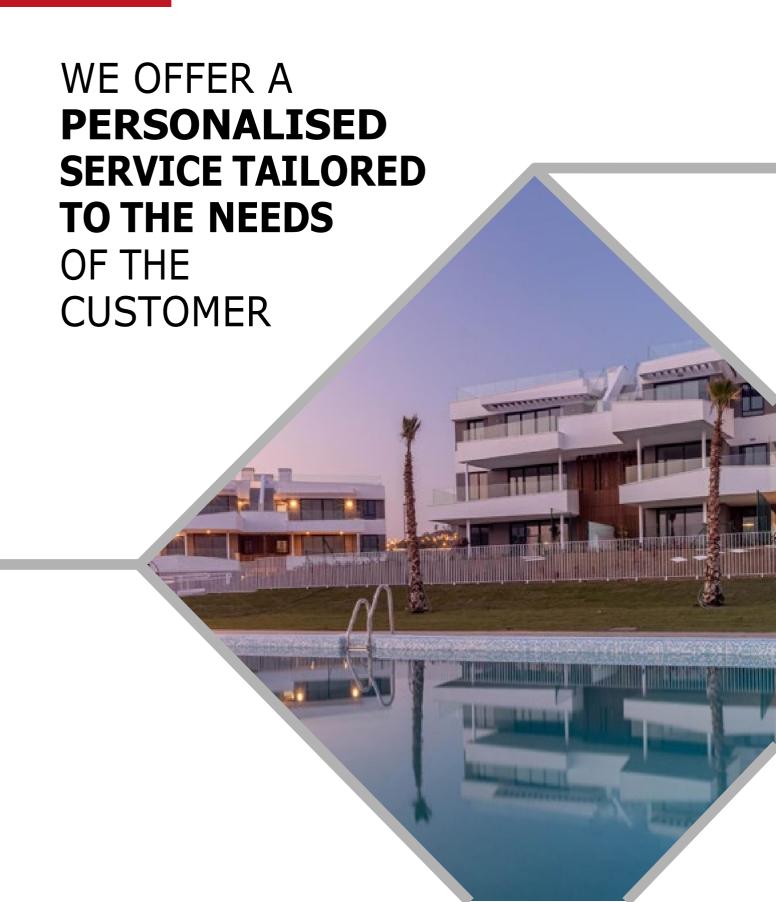
In particular, in the tax area, on an annual basis, the entity's head of tax matters reports to the Board of Directors, either directly or through the audit committee, on the tax policies applied by the company.

In tax matters, Neinor Homes ensures strict compliance with the tax regulations in the various territories in which the Group operates, paying the taxes that are payable in accordance with the legal system on the basis of a reasonable interpretation of the applicable regulations, without prejudice to any legitimate disputes that, in accordance with its policy of good tax practices, may arise with the tax authorities regarding the interpretation of the applicable regulations.

In relation to tax risks, Neinor Homes has implemented control mechanisms to ensure due compliance with tax regulations and its commitment to the application of good tax practices, in particular:

- Approval of tax criteria in line with the company's tax policy and its commitment to the application of good tax practices. These criteria are reviewed and validated annually by the head of tax matters;
- Ongoing monitoring and control of the proper implementation of the agreed criteria. Such monitoring is carried out both internally, by those responsible for tax matters, and externally, by an independent tax expert;
- On a regular basis, the head of tax matters of the entity reports to the Board of Directors on the outcome of the tax risk control mechanisms.

On an annual basis, all employees are informed of changes to our compliance, ethics and internal control codes and policies. In addition, each employee receives a packet of letters to confirm receipt, understanding and acceptance of these codes and policies.



We are aware that our customers rely on us for one of the most important decisions of their lives, and that is why **we take great care** in the service we provide. In all our processes we try to continuously improve by applying new technologies and implementing specific measures aimed at greater satisfaction.

Neinor Homes' commitment to customers is total and is its main raison d'être, with **customer-oriented quality** as its hallmark and seeking to achieve customer satisfaction as its main objective. For this reason, it always strives to offer excellent customer service that meets the real expectations of its customers, so that they become the best ambassadors of the Neinor Homes brand.

A customer-centric culture must be at the heart of our Company and therefore the objective on which to base our strategies for growth both internally and externally.

We have various **measures aimed at getting to know better the customers** who are interested in Neinor Homes:



For Neinor Homes, each customer is unique and we offer a **personalised service**, endeavouring to be their travelling companion at all times and keeping them continually informed. Furthermore, Neinor Homes designs all its projects with the customer's needs in mind and for all its developments it carries out a thorough prior analysis of the market and the target buyer.

Aware of the importance of sustainability and energy efficiency for our customers and the arrangements that must be made when they move into their new home, Neinor Homes has made available to customers a **free service to help with the contracting of individual utilities**, with the aim of speeding up the move into their new home as much as possible. Neinor Homes assumes the costs of this service, avoiding the days established by the companies to activate the supplies.

In turn, when the homes are handed over, the company offers customers the possibility of scheduling meetings with them to provide them with training and advice on the correct use of home automation, domestic appliances and the rest of the systems installed in their homes, so that they are aware of how they work and can optimise energy consumption.

By the end of 2023 Neinor Homes had more than 20,980 customers.

> VALUE-ADDED SERVICES

FAMILY HOMES PROTECTION (FHP) INSURANCE

1

Neinor Homes was the **first developer to offer a payment protection insurance policy for its customers** that **covers the capital outstanding on the property** from the signing of the purchase contract until the keys are handed over, in the event of death due to accident or absolute permanent disability (IPA) due to accident. It also insures the payment of the outstanding periodic amounts, with a maximum of 6-12 monthly payments, in the event of involuntary loss of employment, temporary disability or hospitalisation.

In 2023 we have incorporated a new insurance, which has been offered free of charge to the customer, covering absolute permanent disability and death for any cause of the purchasers (including non-occupational accidents). In this way, their heirs receive help to be able to pay for the property.

NEINOR MOBILITY PACK

2

Within the framework of **Neinor Lab**, the initiative arose to offer customers the possibility of adapthomes in aspects that facilitate their **habitability**, **accessibility and comfort especially in circumstal in which their mobility has been reduced**.

This initiative, which has the backing of ILUNION Technology and Accessibility, focuses on aspects of

design, equipment and technology and home automation, and onsists of a set of measures offered as a **personalisation pack for homes**.

> PERSONALISATION OF HOUSING

For Neinor Homes it is essential that the user is satisfied with their own home. For this reason, it offers the possibility for the customer to **personalise their home** to their taste with a predefined catalogue to adjust it to their needs.

To manage this, there is a process that allows personalisation to be carried out systematically. Neinor Homes offers customers a series of alternatives that they can see physically at the points of sale or through the NEX website where their options appear, and they have the option to save, modify their selection and, once confirmed, formalise their choice with the sales team.



STANDARD CUSTOMISATION

The proposals are divided into 3 core packages:

- **Bathrooms**: there is a choice of two possible alternatives for the layout, if the bidet is to be removed or kept, and if the bathtub is to be replaced by a shower tray.
- **Kitchen**: sthere is a choice of two possible alternatives for the layout, and the combination of furniture and kitchen worktop from three possible options.
- **General housing**: the flooring is chosen from two options and the wall paint from three possible shades.
- Always adjusting to the marketing plan and commercial needs of each branch.
- **Standard customisation** is always offered where possible based on technical feasibility.



WITH-COST PERSONALISATION PACK

In some developments, due to commercial needs, customers are offered more advanced personalisation options in the form of packs at a cost.

 Mobility Pack: Neinor Homes offers the possibility of adapting the home for people whose mobility is reduced due to various circumstances with the Neinor Homes Mobility Pack, which entails an added cost for the customer.

SOME OF THE POSSIBLE PACKAGES ARE:

- Home Automation Pack: Allows home automation at a cost depending on commercial needs.
- **Partition Wall Pack:** Allows elimination of the partition wall between the kitchen and living room to unify the spaces.

The Commercial Department, Neinor Experience, Product, Personalisation Manager, and the Technical Team of the construction participate in the **process of personalising** the homes in order to coordinate the customer's choice

7.1. NEINOR EXPERIENCE

Neinor Experience is the **exclusive customer service** offered by Neinor Homes to all its customers, to accompany them from the moment they sign the reservation of the property until the keys are handed over and the subsequent after-sales service, guaranteeing maximum transparency. Customers can request information by e-mail or telephone. In addition, a newsletter is sent every month informing them of the progress of the construction work. All this is coordinated by a Neinor Experience manager in each development, who can also respond to the customer and look after their interests whenever necessary.

The services offered by *Neinor Experience* can be broken down into 7 stages that occur during the purchase of a home:



WELCOME PACK WITH THE RESERVATION

When the client signs the Reservation Contract, the Neinor Experience service is activated, sending a Welcome email, explaining each of our areas:

- Access to the website and the Neinor Experience App, which includes content on the project, the team involved in the project, the home, documents, information on financing, consultations, surveys, etc.
- Neinor Experience personal manager's contact details: email address and telephone number.

COMMENCEMENT OF WORKS/ MANAGEMENT OF THE CONTRACT OF SALE

The process of signing the Sale and Purchase Contract begins with the customer, where they are informed of any possible changes to the project and the monthly Newsletters are sent out which contain:

- Description of the monthly status of the work.
- General progress of the development.
- Details of the construction site including information on any construction process of interest or commercially relevant information on the development.
- Photos of the progress of the work in that month and the degree of progress by chapters.
- Corporate news about Neinor Homes.
- Culture Experience: cultural events in the city or province where the development is located.

PERSONALISATION OF THE HOME

Once the work on site has progressed and specific established milestones have been reached, the choice of customisation materials will be scheduled. All customers who have signed a Purchase and Sale Contract will be informed of the process and the NEX website will be enabled so that this milestone can be carried out together with the Marketing Company.

COURTESY VISIT PRIOR TO HANDOVER

Close to the handover and the signing for the property, Courtesy Visits are carried out with the customer. For this purpose, an agenda will be set up on the Neinor Experience website, where each customer will select their appointment and they will receive an explanation of what the visit will consist of in order to meet their expectations for their first contact with the properties they have purchased.

MONITORING THE HANDOVER PROCESS

- Coordination and management of the entire process with all the parties involved, ensuring that the established deadlines are met and that all the documentation required to complete the transaction is correct.
- Control and monitoring of the state of the property for its correct handover and signing.

OTHER ACTIONS

Satisfaction surveys. Several satisfaction surveys are conducted at various milestones of the developments:

- App.
- $\bullet \ {\sf Reservation}.$
- Buying and selling:
- Showroom
- Courtesy Visit
- Signing.

The Covid-19 pandemic has changed the way we work with our customers; safety, health and commitment have been our priorities:

- Virtual tours to get to know the Developments.
- Online booking.
- Electronic signatures of documents.
- Security protocols at the Notary's office for the signing of deeds.
- This year, 260 buyers have been "protected" under Neinor Homes' policies against possible contingencies that could make it difficult to continue with the payment of their future homes:
 - Family Homes Protection has covered the possible situations of unemployment, temporary disability and hospitalisation for 210 buvers.
 - Vidacaixa has covered absolute permanent disability and death from any cause for 50 buyers, with their heirs receiving a grant to help them pay for the home
- Payment flexibility

We promote the digital transformation of the real estate process, in which the use of new technologies is key.

One of the strengths of **Neinor Experience's Customer Service** department is to have ascertained the **Customer Satisfaction Level** in order to implement corrective measures in the areas that need it.

To do this, certain parameters are measured at significant milestones in the homebuying process, in order to close the interaction circuit with the customer and determine whether all the dealings with the customer have been effective in generating the planned level of satisfaction.

The Company's overall figures for 2023 were as follows:

Average CSI data for the year_ 3.34 out of 4

The milestones on which we assess customer satisfaction are:

App/Reservation/Showroom/Courtesy Visit/ Signing

Covering the whole process, from the moment the customer signs the reservation contract until he/she has been living in the property for a year.

In addition, Neinor Homes has reached a collaboration agreement with **Papernest**, a leading company in supply contract management, to provide customers with a **free sign-up service**, designed to facilitate their experience and save them time and effort.

This means that when the time comes to hand over the property, the customer does not have to worry about managing these services, as they have the following benefits:

- The best price and without a fixed minimum term: Endesa, TotalEnergies, Holaluz, etc.
- A fast sign-up process instead of having to spend an average of 8 hours on the phone to manage all the necessary formalities.
- **Faster activation** of household meters. This will allow for earlier availability of active and available supply.

We work hard so that the customer can recommend our Company to his/her circle of acquaintances, since a satisfactory experience is also a recommendable one.

Our motto, customer satisfaction, can be defined as the feeling or attitude of the customer towards a product, company or service provided by the same, working to ensure that these three points meet customer expectations.

In September 2023 Neinor Homes was chosen as 'Real Estate Developer of the Year' for the quality of its customer service in the Pre-Sales and NEX (Neinor Experience) Call Centre areas, in the 'Customer Service of the Year' competition.

Organised by Sotto Tempo, the main objective of this important award is to recognise and reward excellence in the customer service of outstanding companies from various sectors in Spain, with awards going to Samsung, Bosch, Leroy Merlin, Lidl, Hacer, DHL, Aegon and Eroski, among others.

This year, the competition, in its 13th edition in Spain, has included for the first time a real estate category in which the pre-sales customer service of several companies in the sector has been evaluated, through mystery shopper, satisfaction surveys and telephone, email and web interaction monitoring, with NEX's pre-sales area obtaining the best score

Accessible at www.neinorexperience.com or via the App.

> COMMUNICATION CHANNELS OF NEINOR EXPERIENCE

Neinor Homes offers its customers a wide range of two-way communication channels:



For each development there is a specific email address where the customer can contact the Neinor Experience manager directly, and through which the Neinor Homes staff responsible for the development can make personalised contact, or generic contact through press releases, to provide information on the progress of the development.



The **Neinor Experience** website, through which customers can consult the progress of everything related to the purchase of their home. Each customer has a **private** web area where all the documentation relating to the purchase can be found.



The monthly **newsletter** which includes a section called "the construction work in detail". As well as current news about the company.



The **Neinor Responde** channel is a corporate service offered to all non-new-build customers. It is a telephone consultation service via an internal un **call center**.



Call centre service to deal with customer incidents. During the year 2023, 38,290 incidents were resolved, with an average response time of 1 minute.

MAIN FIGURES FOR 2023



7.2. COMPLAINTS AND CLAIMS HANDLING

Neinor Homes acts with due diligence when faced with complaints and claims from its customers, having **specific procedures** in place and enabling **various accessible channels** through which the complaints received are logged and those responsible for their resolution are assigned. Understanding and evaluating customer complaints and claims is an opportunity to gain a more accurate understanding of their expectations and needs, allowing for progress and continuous improvement.

Likewise, once the title deeds to the properties have been signed, **after sales claims** begin, due to problems in the operation of the installations and faults in the finishes due to small knocks or stains on the paintwork, wood, etc. In this case, an agent will arrive to take note of the incidents, always before the customer moves in and, if possible, with sign-up to the various utilities already done.

The Neinor Experience manager of each development is in charge of processing all incidents registered through the **call centre** or the **exclusive email of the development**. In the case of urgent incidents, the incident is strictly monitored until it is completely resolved. All other incidents are handled on a case-by-case basis.

The improvement of digital transformation, which was accelerated by the COVID-19 pandemic, allowed the creation of pre-sales and postsales records during the same visit to the property in an agile way (with photographs and documentation), from a smartphone or tablet.

In 2023 Neinor Homes received 38,290 communications with an average response time of 1minute.

NEINOR HOMES AFTER SALES SERVICE

Neinor Homes establishes guarantee periods to attend and respond to customer recommendations, in compliance with current regulations

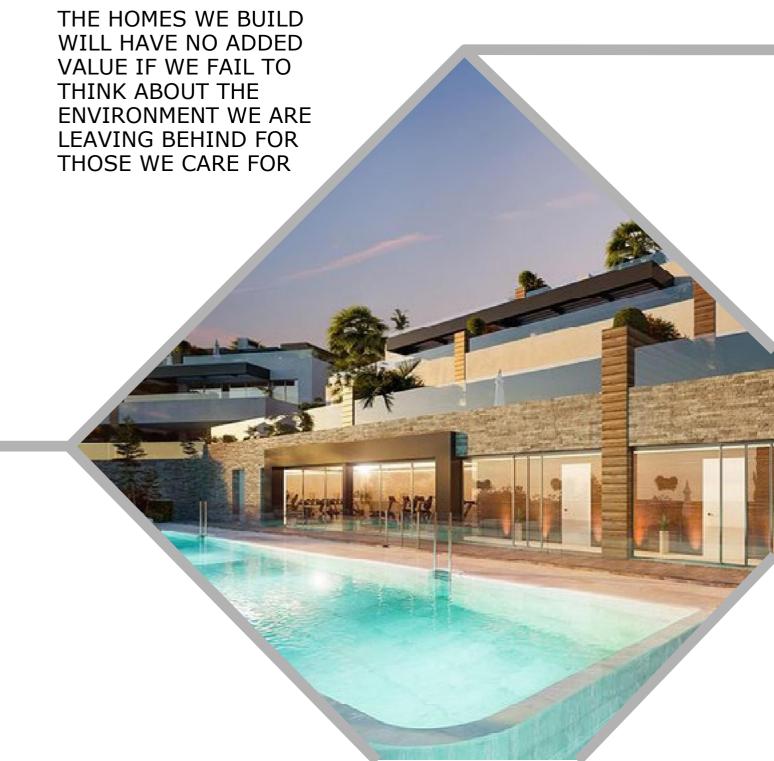
Finishes: 1 year from receipt of the construction

Installation faults, appearance of **dampnessor** leaks: 3 years from receipt of the construction

Serious errors in the **structure**: 10 years from delivery of the dwelling

08

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT.



In the design of our homes we take into account **demanding quality,sustainability and health criteria** so that our customers enjoy a product that they are satisfied with and allows them to live better.

The environmental impact of our activity is non-negotiable; it is one of our priorities in our decision-making.

According to UN figures, in total, the building sector typically produces around 40% of global energy-related CO2 emissions, if emissions from the construction industry and emissions linked to the operation of buildings are taken into account. These emissions have been increasing in recent years.

At Neinor Homes we believe that rising emissions in the buildings and construction sector clearly show an urgent need for a three-pronged strategy to aggressively reduce energy demand in the built environment, to decarbonise the energy sector and to implement materials strategies that reduce life cycle carbon emissions.

In addition, on an environmental level, we must not forget other factors that directly or indirectly have a significant influence on climate change and the emission of greenhouse gases, such as the circular economy, the use and exploitation of water or pollution in general.

In the following sections we will see how all these aspects are being managed, using a very procedural model, reaching agreements with third parties and carrying out a thorough risk analysis.

8.1. HOUSING EXCELLENCE AND QUALITY MANAGEMENT

The **quality of homes is a priority** for Neinor Homes, one of its main hallmarks and a source of pride. This responsibility begins before designing and building, through a process of market research. This is the only way to create innovative 21st century homes that are excellent in design and quality, and above all, sustainable.

Neinor Homes has an **Environment, Quality and Innovation Policy** that establishes the principles that have to guide the company's activity in terms of quality, minimising environmental impact and promoting innovation. In this regard, in 2023 the company continued for the sixth year with the maintenance of the AENOR ISO 9001, ISO 14001 and UNE 166002 management certifications. Work has been carried out to improve procedures that directly involve the company's value chain, seeking out inefficiencies in processes and better work methodologies.

With the premise of achieving maximum quality and sustainability, Neinor Homes applies a **process of Research + Listening + Development** in the launch of all its developments and in the construction of its homes, which is a differentiating factor compared to the competition.

Therefore, after selecting the best ready-for-development plots, all developments begin with an indepth **analysis of the physical environment**, **an analysis of demand** and a market study to define the product to be offered in each development. **Benchmarking** is also carried out in other sectors to detect solutions that can also be implemented in the real estate sector.

Once the research and listening process has been carried out, the project is defined, adapting it to the demand and studying its **technical**, **social and environmental viability**, taking the utmost care with quality, after which construction begins. **Interaction with the customer** is present throughout the entire life cycle of the home.

• Economy of maintenance:

design, careful selection of materials and innovative technological solutions allow for savings in long-term maintenance costs.

 Habitability and functionality: maximum use is made of every metre of floor spacea.

• Attractive:

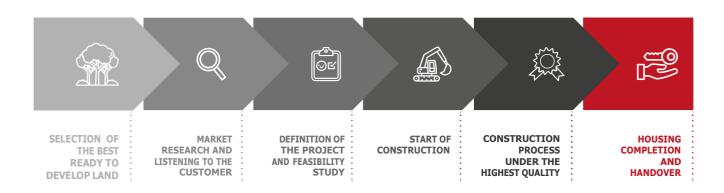
homes that adapt to the new lifestyle and environment in which they find themselves.

Acoustic comfort:

thanks to the exterior insulation and interior layout.

• Security:

healthy and safe homes in the face of natural hazards.



> QUALITY IN HOUSING THROUGH THE WHITE BOOK

Neinor Homes is a pioneer in the development of a **design and construction manual** called the **White Book**. The main objective of this manual is to **standardise the quality, sustainability and design parameters** that define all the Company's property developments.

In this way, the Neinor Homes White Book ensures that all developments have **Neinor Homes' own design criteria and product attributes** and are adapted to the needs of the customer in each territory, which are always applied irrespective of the architectural firm developing the project. The standards it sets are independent of the design used and each product is customised for each development.

The White Book is a living tool and its success lies in the fact that it is constantly being revised to adapt to the conditions and trends of the sector and the company, to new systems or materials that arise and to the experience acquired. In addition, the whole company has the possibility to suggest and contribute changes and updates. Thus, the White Book allows Neinor Homes to lead the transformation of the sector, as it has an implicit know-how that allows the transfer of knowledge, capacities, standards and ways of doing things.

The White Book is a pioneering manual in the sector.

8.2. MEASURING THE CORPORATE CARBON FOOTPRINT

The environment is one of the company's three strategic pillars and includes **climate change as one of its main areas of action**.

In line with its sustainability strategy, from 2022 Neinor Homes calculates the greenhouse gas emissions of its operations, taking 2021 as the base or reference year. The calculation of Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions was performed following **the methodological guidelines of the GHG Protocol**: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard, and the guidance for the calculation of Scope 2 emissions, accounting for **all activities over which Neinor Homes has 100% operational control**.

In 2022, as an exercise in transparency in the company's emissions reporting, **Neinor Homes conducted a Scope 3 screening** to identify the emission categories that are material for the company. To this end, use was made of the Scope 3 evaluator, the tool developed by the GHG Protocol to make a first quantitative approximation of the 15 Scope 3 emission categories, based on the spend-based method.

The result of the scope 3 screening indicated that, of the 15 emission categories, the categories of product purchases, goods and services, other fuel and energy related activities, waste management, use of products sold, end of life of products sold and leasing of downstream assets accounted for 99.84% of the total scope 3 emissions and could be considered as material for Neinor Homes.

EMISSION CATEGORY	MATERIAL
Purchase of products, doods and services	✓
Purchase of capital assets	NA
Fuel and energy-related activities not included within the scope of 1 and 2	✓
Upstream transport	×
Waste management	✓
Business trips	×
Trips to and from work	×
Upstream rental of assets	NA
Downstream transport	NA
Processing of sold vehicles	NA
Use of products sold	✓
End of life of sold products	✓
Downstream rental of assets	✓
Franchises	NA
Investments	NA

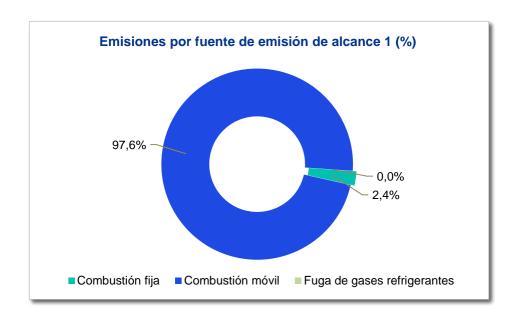
Subsequently, in order to reduce the uncertainty of the carbon footprint analysis and identify the material categories for Neinor Homes, a more detailed calculation of these 6 categories was performed with specific activity data and using the GHG Protocol's Scope 3 technical guidelines as a benchmark. This analysis resulted in a Scope 3 carbon footprint in 2021 of 609,528.65 tCO₂e, and that the categories of purchase of products and services (category 1), and use of products sold (category 11), accounted for 99.2% of total Scope 3 emissions.

In this connection, and with the aim of focussing efforts and investments on those emission sources where the greatest impact on climate change is generated, these two Scope 3 categories were considered to be important for the company and are included in the internal carbon footprint targets from the 2022 analysis.

> CARBON FOOTPRINT RESULTS 2023 (scopes 1 and 2)

SCOPE / EMISSION SOURCE	EMISSIONS 2023 (tCO₂e)	EMISSIONS 2021 (tCO₂e)
Scope 1	182.26	219.08
Fixed combustion	4.35	79.74
Mobile combustion (leasing vehicles)	177.91	137.25
Leakage of refrigerant gases	0.00	2.09
Scope 2	225.39	131.01
Electricity consumption	225.39	131.01

Total (tCO₂e) 407.65 350.09





SCOPE 1

Mobile combustion, the main source of Scope 1 emissions, recorded a 29.6% increase in GHG emissions compared to the base year, as the increase in construction activity required the hiring of additional leasing vehicles to attend constructionsites. Emissions associated with **stationary combustion** decreased by 94.5% compared to 2021 due to continued work on the elimination of generator sets (currently only one point of sale has generator

sets). Finally, during the reporting year no **refrigerant gas recharges** were carried out, and therefore zero emissions are recorded under this category.

Neinor Homes remains committed to reducing its Scope 1 emissions by 42% by 2030, compared to 2021.

SCOPE 2

Emissions associated with **electricity consumption** in offices and NeinorStores increased by 72% due to the opening of new points of sale and changes in the contracting of suppliers.

Neinor Homes remains committed to reducing its Scope 2 emissions by 42% by 2030, compared to 2021.

> CARBON FOOTPRINT RESULTS 2023 (scope 3)

EMISSION TRENDS

According to the GHG Protocol, it is advisable to annually review calculation methodology, available data and changes in the organisation to ensure a complete carbon footprint, bringing it as close as possible to company reality. Under the methodology, once this analysis has been carried out, it may be necessary to recalculate the baseline year emissions when any of the following situations arise:

- Structural changes in the organisation
- Changes in methodology
- Identification of errors

In 2023, during the review of the baseline year calculation, the following improvements were identified in the calculation methodology for Scope 3:

Purchase of products: for the calculation of this category, the emissions associated with the manufacture of construction materials used in 3 standard developments completed during the reporting year were taken into account, and the result (expressed as tCO₂/m²) was extrapolated to the built floor area of the dwellings delivered, excluding below ground and common areas. The analysis determined that it is more appropriate to extrapolate the result to the total floor area of all developments built during the reporting year, since a completed development has already had emissions from its construction emitted, irrespective of whether the dwellings have been sold or delivered.

In addition, it would not make sense to apply, for the delivered part of a development, the emission coefficient obtained from the three developments selected in that year with the emission factors and tables corresponding to that year, and then when the remaining dwellings of that development are delivered, the ratios obtained in the three selected developments of the year in which those dwellings are delivered would be applied to them. In this connection, the main methodological change is as follows:

• Extrapolation to the total floor area (floor area above ground, below ground, commercial, balconies and porches) of the developments built during the year.

Use of products sold: for the calculation of this category, the energy intensity of each development (kWh/m² /year) was used and was multiplied by the built floor area of the dwellings delivered, without ground floor or common areas. However, during the analysis it was identified that the floor area of commercial premises was not being taken into account, and that it is more appropriate to use the useable floor area, such as "heatable" floor area, i.e. maintaining a desired temperature and lighting. Moreover, the possibility of changing the useful life taken into account for the assets was also assessed and practices and regulations were identified. Thus, the main changes to the methodology are:

- Inclusion of the useable floor area of commercial premises built during the reporting year.
 - Use of useable floor area of homes built during the reporting year (instead of built floor area).

• Doing the calculation for an estimated useful life of 50 years and 100 years.

Considering this new methodology, the base year was recalculated in order to provide comparative figures.

Once the calculations had been made, recalculating the baseline, we obtained the company's total emissions and per tonne of CO2/m² for the homes delivered for the three financial years (a practice that we consider inappropriate, for the above reasons), as well as for the emissions from the developments completed in the year, for 2021 and 2023 (we believe that these emissions are more in line with reality).

After analysing the results, we note the following:

- No indication or standardisation of any kind was identified in the regulation or in the practices seen, of such significant references to be considered in the calculation, such as the useful life to be taken into account or the typology of square metres that have to be considered.
- Selecting three developments and applying the emissions emitted per square metre therein to the total number of completed developments/homes delivered, when the number of developments completed this year was 31, means that there could be a great deal of subjectivity and the characteristics of the selected developments are so significant that it could be the case that if the real emissions of all the developments were lowered, if these three developments were "more polluting" than the average, the result could be that emissions have increased and vice versa. We therefore consider the sample to be unrepresentative.
- Emissions are calculated on the basis of the type and quantity of the materials used and an emission coefficient is applied to these, a coefficient that is taken from international tables from various countries and that is not adjusted to the coefficients that materials may have in Spain, taking into account, for example, the national energy mix, among other factors.

Given the above considerations and in line with the current SBTi objective, where we committed to work on the measurement and reduction of Scope 3 emissions, in 2021 Neinor Homes began a life cycle analysis project for developments. This means that all projects started from 2022 have their corresponding life cycle analyses, to improve the quality of the calculation of the scope 3 material categories identified in the materiality analysis carried out in 2021 (purchase of products and services (category 1), and of the use of the products sold (category 11)), and thus be able to identify and implement more efficient decarbonisation measures in these activities. This project is ongoing through 2024, which will allow Neinor Homes to have a quality 2022-baseline Scope 3 carbon footprint and publish it with the entry into force of the new climate change reporting requirements included in the new European Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD).

However, to date, data on LCA and embedded carbon in new buildings in the EU are scarce, so there are challenges in terms of accessibility, quality, comparability and representativeness. There is no harmonised framework of LCA reference levels in Europe, and in Spain there is still no regulation governing LCA calculation methodology or a national environmental database.

In Europe only a few countries have national legislation and databases, but these may vary, for example, in the scope of life cycle modules, the scope of building elements, the reference study period, environmental data on building materials, etc.

CONCLUSION

We have obtained 3 emission measurements for the year using accepted methodologies used in the calculation of emissions, and both the ratio of emissions per square metre and the total data give completely different figures. For this reason:

✓ We prefer not to report Scope 3 emission figures for the current year in order not to pass on to the market data that we could easily use for our convenience, but that may not be comparable / standardisable with those used by other companies or which may not reflect our reality. In addition, internally we are considering LCA as the most reliable methodology and we are calculating all emissions for all developments delivered in 2022 and 2023, and we are processing this data, to identify the main environmental impacts from the acquisition of raw materials to the end of life of the assets, focusing our efforts on the construction materials, design and project phases that have the greatest impact on the decarbonisation of our activity.

THE ROAD TO DECARBONISATION

In this regard, it is worth highlighting the partnerships that have been reached with various suppliers for the use of low-emission building materials, such as:

• **CEMEX and Neinor Homes** have developed in Madrid the first residential development in Spain built entirely with Vertua® **'green' concrete**, an innovative product developed by CEMEX R&D and which, thanks to its technology, is able to confer sustainability characteristics on the construction site, both in the construction process and during its useful life.

The Torrejón Park Homes development has been built with concrete from the Vertua Plus range, which has been manufactured with between 50% and 70% less CO2 emissions than concrete with similar traditional performance. It is a complex of 81 homes with almost zero consumption, with energy certification A, BREEAM Good certification and a recovery of construction waste of more than 80%. Neinor Homes was the first developer in Spain to use a product of these characteristics in the construction of its developments.

Cemex and Neinor Homes have reached an agreement to implement green concrete in all developments.

- Alliance between Neinor Homes and Cortizo for the use of recycled aluminium and PVC.
 All Cortizo brand joinery, both aluminium and PVC, installed in the new Neinor Homes developments will be made from recycled materials, significantly contributing to the reduction of CO2 emissions in their manufacture. The aluminium windows installed in the homes will be made from Infinity, a 100% recycled billet made entirely from post-consumer scrap. In addition, the joinery will include an innovative recycled polyamide thermal break, made from PA 66 thermoplastic and glass fibre, both reused and from post-industrial channels.
- Neinor Homes and Saint-Gobain (construction materials) have signed an agreement to
 promote sustainable construction through the use of sustainable construction solutions
 manufactured by Saint-Gobain in Neinor Homes projects. The main objectives of the alliance are
 the decarbonisation of processes and the use of products with a low carbon footprint, the circular
 economy, water and biodiversity management, innovation and the promotion of a green
 economy.
- Neinor Homes has signed an agreement for the incorporation of Porcelanosa's ECO products
 The main objective of the agreement is to move forward in the construction of more sustainable
 homes with a full life cycle approach. With this, Neinor Homes aims to consolidate and increase
 the use of these sustainable materials and solutions available to Porcelanosa Group, some of
 which have already been used in the past in the developments of Evergreen Homes (Mijas), Sa
 Llosa Homes (Es Mercadal-Menorca) and Santa Clara Homes (Marbella).
- Neinor Homes and Uponor are working together to reduce pollution in construction.

 Neinor Homes will include sustainable solutions from Uponor's portfolio such as Uponor PEX Pipe
 Blue technology pipes based on bio-based materials and Uponor's 'Sustainable Invisible Climate'
 ecosystem in its new construction projects.

Furthermore, Neinor Homes is working on reducing emissions in Category 11 (use of products sold) in the following areas:

- Agreements with suppliers that guarantee energy from renewable energy sources.
- Customer solar panel installation initiatives (Neinor Smart Sun)
- Recognising the importance of promoting low energy buildings and greater energy efficiency, we are increasingly turning to aerothermal energy as a renewable energy source as opposed to fossil fuel based systems such as gas boilers.

• Agreements with suppliers of tools for reporting and improvement of energy consumption to customers (agreement with Hobeen, see point 5.8 (customers)).

Currently 61% of our developments have a BA/BB Energy Certificate and 27% have an AA Energy Certificate, a figure that will increase as the company meets its Sustainability Strategic Plan target, in which more than 70% of the homes launched by 2023 will have A certification.

Aware of the importance of taking action in the fight against climate change to limit the increase in the average global temperature to below1.5°C, at the end of 2022 Neinor Homes submitted its emissions reduction targets to the Science Based Targets (SBTi) initiative, **committing to reduceits Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 42% by 2030**, with respect to 2021. The targets have been approved and validated by SBTi.

8.3. ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY, CERTIFICATIONS AND CIRCULAR ECONOMY

Neinor Homes is taking into account sustainability, health and quality criteria in its developments, so that the homes meet the increasingly demanding requirements of customers.

In this regard, it has been committed from the outset to green certifications for its homes, independently of environmental regulations. The company is currently focusing on compliance with the environmental and technical criteria of the Taxonomy, on improving the energy efficiency of its homes and on reducing emissions during the construction period of its developments.

At the date of publication of this Report, Neinor Homes continues to be the developer with the most Breeam® certified homes in Spain since the implementation of the Breeam® seal in Spain more than 9 years ago.

> BREEAM® CERTIFICATION

Since its inception, Neinor Homes **has registered around 8,000** dwellings to obtain the BREEAM® seal.

BREEAM® is the most visible part of a global project to transform the building sector worldwide.

It promotes more sustainable construction that results in economic, environmental and social benefits for all the people involved in the life of a building (tenants, users, developers, owners, managers, etc.), while at the same time conveying the company's Corporate Social Responsibility to society and the market in an unequivocal and very visible way. It is responsible for assessing certain requirements divided into categories, theweighting of which is adapted to the country in which it is implemented.



Neinor Homes, from the outset, decided to start certifying a significant number of its developments with an environmental seal, as a first step and a benchmark with the aim of encouraging the sector to build developments with a better environmental impact, which is why it has certified many of its developments with the requirements of the **BREEAM®** sustainability **certification** at Good or Very Good level.

The main motive for this initiative of ours was to provide developments that have a lower environmental impact, that are more energy efficient and have lower emissions during construction, so that this benefits our customers and the environment.

However, we also hoped this would serve as a guide and for other developers to support us and to consolidate in Spain one of the most recognised environmental seals worldwide at a time when it had just started its activity in our country. In this way, we fulfilled one of our aims of being a benchmark and of leading the way.

In this regard, in 2023 we have made progress in fulfilling this commitment. Of the total number of developments delivered since the companywas founded (181), 78 have the final BREEAM® certificate or are in the process of certification, which represents 43.09%. Of these 78 developments, 68 are certified at the good level and 6 at the very good level.

In addition, of the **33 developments delivered this year**, 4 are BREEAM® certified, i.e. 12%.

When a building meets the requirements of BREEAM® certification, this ensures that both the user and the environment benefit from the following aspects:





COST SAVINGS



ECOLOGY

- Use of paints, varnishes and materials with minimum harmful elements.
- Homes with amenities to enjoy and relax: swimming pool, communal leisure areas, etc.
- Proximity to basic services
 (less than 500m from a hub of bus stops, a school, grocery shops, health centres, etc.)
- Thermal envelope design that saves on heating and air conditioning.
- Choice of **efficient lifts**.
- Use of energy-saving and efficient lamps and lights.
- Installation of solar panels to supply part of the demand for domestic hot water, resulting in significant economic savings and a reduction in greenhouse gas emissions.
- Installation of vegetation on roofs and in gardens to create a pleasant environment with low maintenance and water consumption, as they are native plants with low water requirements.

- Choice of consumption saving taps.
- Reduction of private car journeys due to the proximity of the dwelling to basic services.
- CO₂ emissions reductions.
- **Recycling of waste** generated on site.
- Legal timber procurement.
- Installation of grease separators to minimise contamination of watercourses.

Neinor Homes guides its sales managers and those working with it in conveying the benefits of BREEAM® certification to users and builders.

CIRCULAR ECONOMY AND POLLUTION

With regard to environmental sustainability, there are other very important fields, such as the circular economy and the reduction of pollution, in which the company is working through the exchange of experiences and solutions to improve the environmental impact on the environment. Some of the actions being carried out are as follows:

- Neinor Homes, ACR, Cocircular and ROCKWOOL have joined forces to achieve zero waste. Neinor Homes and the construction company ACR, working together with Cocircular, will implement ROCKWOOL's innovative Rockcycle service in the construction of the San Andrés Homes development in Mondragón. Rockcycle makes it possible to recover pallets and leftover rock wool on site, and take them back to the ROCKWOOL factory in Caparroso (Navarra), where they are processed and recycled into new rock wool, maintaining the original performance, quality and durability, preventing them from ending up in landfill and moving towards zero waste. https://www.estrategiasdeinversion.com/actualidad/noticias/empresas/neinor-homes-acr-cocircular-y-rockwool-se-unen-n-646629
- Neinor Homes joins forces with Grupo Mondi to recycle construction sacks from its building sites. Neinor Homes and Grupo Mondi, a paper producer, have set up a system for the collection and recycling of sacks used in the construction of their projects, which will extend their useful life and reduce waste. This initiative has already been implemented in the Zorrozaure Homes II, Olarizu Homes IV and Serena Homes II projects, allowing us to move towards a zero waste policy in our developments.

https://www.europapress.es/economia/noticia-neinor-homes-alia-grupo-mondi-reciclar-sacos-construccion-obras-20230712140342.html

In addition, Neinor Homes supervises to ensure that at least 80% of construction waste is recovered at all construction sites. This supervision is monitored and reported through monthly monitoring reports for each construction site, which are verified by an independent third party.

Likewise, recycling and recovery clauses are included in the contracts with suppliers in 100% of the developments. All these actions have enabled us to meet the various objectives related to the circular economy detailed in the Sustainability Plan.

Moreover, at corporate level, the sustainability area is in continuous rest of the company's areas, influencing decisions that can reduce postarrying out activities that benefit the environment.

in this respect, we know that innovation and technological progress are key to discovering lasting solutions to the economic and ervironmental challenges we face. We remain committed to **tel working and videoconferencing**, both inside and outside the workplace, which also avoids sometimes unnecessary travel and trips, and **digital signatures and virtual visits** to our developments, which also contribute to reducing pollution and greenhouse gases in our cities.

We remain more committed than ever to a **Llean, green, safe and more resilient economy**. Our efforts to create a more sustainable world continue: In addition to plastic reduction, selective recycling, the use of green energy and the rational use of our resources, some of our employees are involved in campaigns to maintain and clean up our oceans.

8.4. CLIMATE RISK ANALYSIS OF OUR HOMES

In line with the requirements of Appendix A of the European Taxonomy Delegated Regulation 2021/2139, the assessment of physical climate risks is necessary to satisfy the Assessment of climate risk and vulnerability section, where vulnerability, sensitivity, adaptive capacity and areas of improvement thereof must be reported for an activity to be considered aligned with the European Taxonomy.

In this context, Neinor Homes has carried out a study to identify and integrate measures to adapt to climate change based on the best practices available and on Neinor Homes' business model, based on the identification of assets vulnerable to the risks of climate change in order to contribute to sustainable development and to the requirements of the European Union's Taxonomy of Economic Activities Regulation. To carry out the analysis, a multiple methodology was used, compiling bibliographic and documentary analysis, cartographic analysis, statistical analysis and compilation of Neinor Homes' own documentation and information.

For the study, two climate scenarios have been selected in line with the recommendations of the IPCC (Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change) and the EU Taxonomy. These scenarios are SSP2-RCP2.6 for short-term economic activities and SSP2-RCP8.5 for long-term economic activities. In this way, the entire 21st century is covered and a sufficiently broad and short time horizon is established for the correct analysis of the set of climate vulnerabilities of Neinor Homes.

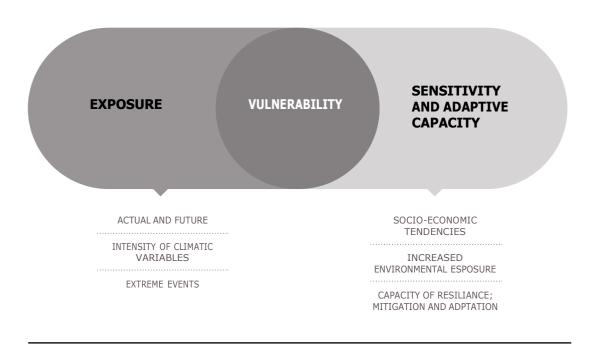
> VULNERABILITY OF INFRASTRUCTURES AND PROJECTS

The EU taxonomy determines a series of climate hazards that must be taken into account for the study of vulnerability1. However, since Neinor Homes' activity is limited to the Iberian Peninsula and the Balearic archipelago, with little or no presence of property developments in high mountain areas, climate hazards such as avalanches or glacier overflows, among other hazards, are excluded from the analysis in questions.

¹ Delegated Act on Climate, Annex I, Appendix A.

Vulnerability is defined as the predisposition that a system or set of systems may be adversely affected2. Vulnerability has been determined on the basis of a variety of concepts such as sensitivity, exposure and adaptive capacity of a system. Vulnerability thus depends on both the exposure and sensitivity of the system and its adaptive capacity. The higher the severity of the assessed risk and the lower the adaptive capacity, the higher the vulnerability of a system.

VULNERABILITY DIAGRAM



The climate hazards that represent the maximum value of climate vulnerability based on the 80% percentile, i.e. with a high or very high vulnerability index for Neinor Homes, are:

For real estate developments under construction and Neinor Stores

- Temperature variations (air, freshwater, seawater)
- Heavy precipitation (rain, hail, snow or ice)
- Floods (fluvial, pluvial, coastal and/or groundwater)
- Heat wave

For Neinor Homes offices and rental property developments

- Temperature variations (air, freshwater, seawater)
- Heat wave
- Drought
- Water stress

² Climate Change: Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability,

> ANALYSIS OF ACTIVITIES

Depending on the location and useful life of Neinor Homes' assets, a series of climate hazards have been identified that may be more accentuated in some locations in Spain than in others.

Due to the very significant climatic and geographical heterogeneity of the Spanish territory, 3 geographical areas have been identified at company level in Spain (Iberian Peninsula and Balearic Islands), in order to identify the main climatic hazards or threats that affect the economic activities of Neinor Homes in these geographical areas. These are the north of the peninsula (Cantabrian coast and Pyrenees), the interior of the peninsula (central area and areas far from the influence of the sea) and the Mediterranean coast (Andalusian coast, Levante and Balearic Islands).

Based on these three geographical areas, we have looked most closely at those climate hazards to which Neinor Homes' assets have the highest climate vulnerability index, corresponding in this case to the medium (V3), high (V4) and very high (V5) indices.

		GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS					
TIME HORIZONS - ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES	CLIMATE HAZARDS	NORTHERN PENINSULAR	PENINSULAR INTERIOR (CENTRE)	MEDITERRANEAN COAST (SOUTH AND EAST)			
Short Term (<10 years)	Temperature variations (air, freshwater, seawater)	V3	V5	V4			
SSP2-RCP2.6	Heavy precipitation (rain, hail, snow or ice)	V4	V3	V5			
	Floods (fluvial, pluvial, coastal and/or groundwater)	V4	V3	V5			
	Heat wave	V3 V5		V4			
Long-term (>30 years)	remperature variations (air, freshwater, seawater)	V4	V5	V4			
SSP2-RCP8.5	Heat wave	V4	V 5	V4			
	Drought	V3	V4	V5			
	Water stress	V3	V4	V5			

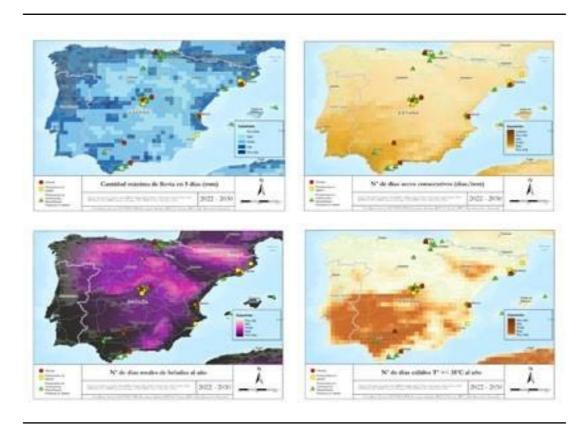
On the one hand, real estate assets under construction and Neinor Stores (short term) in the north of the peninsula have a medium vulnerability to temperature variations and heat waves. On the other hand, they are highly vulnerable to heavy rainfall and to river, rain and coastal flooding.

As regards the central peninsular area, real estate assets have a very high vulnerability to temperature-related climate risks (heat waves and temperature variations), in particular extreme heat events that are intensified as a result of the effect of continentality. In the case of the Mediterranean coast, it is observed that the assets have a very high vulnerability to both temperature and water-related climate risks, mainly due to the amount of heat energy absorbed by the Mediterranean Sea which leads to stronger storms and supercells and, therefore, increases exposure and sensitivity to severe flooding.

On the other hand, rental real estate assets and Neinor offices (long term) in the north of the peninsula show a medium vulnerability to periods of drought and water stress conditions; and a high vulnerability to temperature variations and heat waves.

As regards the central peninsular area, real estate assets have a very high vulnerability to temperature-related climate risks (heat waves and temperature variations), in particular, extreme heat episodes that are expected to increase in intensity and frequency. In the case of the Mediterranean coast, it can be seen that the assets have a high and very high vulnerability to both temperature and water-related climate risks, mainly due to torrential rainfall leading to severe flooding.

In this regard, all Neinor Homes developments have been analysed with their exposure to all the aforementioned climate risks.



> ADAPTATION MEASURES FOR PROJECTS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Finally, in order to adapt to or mitigate the impacts of climate hazards on Neinor Homes' activity, a series of solutions have been identified to address the most significant climate hazards.

Some of the proposed measures, shown in the Status of Implementation of Measures column in the table below, have already been implemented by Neinor Homes, and therefore present an adaptive advantage in the face of some of the risks that may materialise in the future. In addition, another series of adaptation measures for each of the hazards experienced by Neinor Homes' most vulnerable projects and infrastructures have been identified and are currently being analysed for implementation.

CLIMATE HAZARDS	ADAPTATION MEASURE	APPLICATION	STATUS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF MEASURES
Heat wave and heat stress	Creation and design of parks and green spaces	Р	Implemented
and near stress	Installation of green roofs	E + P	Under review
	Strategic tree planting	E + P	Under review
	Implementation of early warnings for owners	E + P	Under review
	Location and solar orientation of the building	Р	Implemented
Water stress and drought	Implement rainwater harvesting systems	E + P	Implemented
and drought	Adjust watering schedules to periods of lower evaporation	E + P	Under review
	Use xerogardening techniques for the surrounding vegetation areas	E + P	Under review
	Installation of individual meters to measure water consumption	E+P	Implemented
	Use of high-efficiency appliances	E + P	Under review
	Design measures for water recycling	р	Implemented
Heavy precipitation	Installation of Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems	E + P	Under review
Floods - Avoidance	Establishment of watertight walls and permanent barriers	E + P	Under review
Avoidance	Temporary flood barriers	E + P	Under review
	Landscape-integrated earthworks and embankments	E + P	Under review
Floods - Resistance	Use of materials resistant to water, abrasion and impact due to solid dragging	E+P	Under review
	Increase the flexibility of the building and its systems, allowing the building's responsiveness	E+P	Under review
	Sealing of the external walls of the building with waterproof coatings	E + P	Implemented

CLIMATE HAZAKUS	ADAPTATION MEASURE	APPLICATION	STATUS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF MEASURES	
Floods - Resistance	Screed made of damp-proof brick courses or concrete with a waterproof membrane	E + P	Under review	
	Raising door and window thresholds by means of automatic or manual, permanent or temporary protection measures	E + P	Implemented	
	Protection of ventilation openings or similar	E + P	Under review	
	Checking of drains and pipes, together with the state of septic tanks	E + P	Under review	
	Design the building so that the first habitable floor is above flood levels. Establish platforms or piles to protect people and spaces from potential risks	Р	Under review	
Floods - Toleration	Establishment of a good drainage system	E + P	Implemented	
	Relocation of valuable equipment or systems to elevated locations	Е	Under review	
	System of pumps and non-return valves in the pipes to drain into the sewer	E + P	Under review	
	Design the building to locate facilities and services in elevated areas protected from the flood level, so that material losses are reduced	Р	Implemented	

8.6. URBANISATION AND ACTIVATION OF THE ENVIRONMENT

Neinor Homes, aware of the need to improve and recover the most degraded areas, is committed to a new urbanism that transforms and generates wealth: investment in projects for the revitalisation and redevelopment of urban areas, and the remodelling of industrial areas.

Three standout key activities of which Neinor Homes is a part are:

BOLUETA AREA (Bilbao)

A strategic urban regeneration project framed within a set of decisions and measures aimed at recovering, for the benefit of society, disused industrial land in Bilbao's surroundings due to its potential value for completing and renovating the city. Specifically, the clean-up to regenerate the industrial activity of the Santa Ana de Bolueta factory for residential use.

This project, now completed, represented an opportunity to reverse the initial situation of degradation associated with obsolete industrial facilities in favour of urban regeneration and environmental recovery that will enable the integration of this area of the city into the urban, social and environmental fabric of Bilbao, with plans for the rescue and enhancement of the naturallandscape.

This operation combined the intrinsic value it has as a generator of protected housing with the environmental recovery of land and spaces, and is presented as an opportunity to adapt the habitability conditions and productive facilities of the residents and pre-existing economic activities, and all this from the promotion of citizen participation in decision-making and administrative power in urban planning matters.

Bolueta Homes Development



MONTESA STRATEGIC RESIDENTIAL AREA (Esplugues de Llobregat)

The Montesa SRA is the first major housing land reserve in the metropolitan area of Barcelona.

This project is located in an area where there was a progressive abandonment and decline of nonspecialised industrial uses, which began with the demolition of the Montesa factory and the moving away of its activities.

The proposed planning defines the land as a significant opportunity for metropolitan centrality, as it has very good links to major mobility infrastructures and adjacent municipalities, and will allow for a large number of social housing units.

The amendment to the development plans for the area envisages a redefinition of the urban planning to make the transformation of the area viable, reconsidering the delimitation of zones and systems and revising the housing typologies planned. The project is currently in the design phase, with work starting imminently on several plots.





Before After

ZORROTZAURRE (Bilbao)

The Zorrotzaurre project is the latest major urban regeneration operation to be launched in Bilbao.

This is a zone that experienced an era of industrial boom in the mid-1960s, with the consolidation of industrial activities related to port activity on both sides of the Deusto canal. However, the economic crisis of the time led to a decline in industrial activity and a deterioration in the standard of living in the area as a result of the ageing of buildings and public and private spaces. Today there are barely half a thousand residents.

The urban environs of Zorrotzaurre occupy an area of 838,781 m2, of which more than half belongs to public entities (Basque Government, Bilbao City Council and the Port Authority of Bilbao), the rest being divided between various private owners.

The General Urban Development Plan of Bilbao, approved in 1995, changed the industrial use of Zorrotzaurre to residential. At the same time, it left the definition of the urban design of the area to the drafting of a Special Plan.

In 2001, public and private owners of Zorrotzaurre constituted the Management Commission for the Urban Development of Zorrotzaurre, with the objective of promoting and executing the urban regeneration plan for the area.

The Master Plan for the project was designed by the prestigious Anglo-Iraqi architect Zaha Hadid in 2004 and revised in 2007. It incorporates the complete opening of the Deusto Canal, which means the transformation of the Zorrotzaurre peninsula into an island, thus guaranteeing the non-flooding of the area.

The regeneration of Zorrotzaurre represents an integral and balanced project, defined under criteria of sustainability, which recovers a currently degraded area to convert it into a new district of Bilbao, well connected to the rest of the city, with affordable housing, areas for non-contaminating businesses, numerous social and cultural facilities, and large areas for the enjoyment of citizens. The Zorrotzaurre I and II developments are currently under construction.



Zorrotzaurre Project

OTHER URBAN DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES

Neinor Homes has also carried out urban and industrial regeneration initiatives in other projects in Spain:

- Arrasate (Mondragón, Guipúzcoa): Regeneration in residential use of industrial sector, demolishing and clean-up of the former industrial activity of Polmetasa. Work completed on the 2023 unsubsidised housing part.
- Arrate (Eibar, Guipúzcoa): Regeneration for residential use of an urban sector through a Special Development Plan that has enabled the demolition and clean-up of the land on which the former El Casco stapler factory stood. Work completed in 2023.

- **Amézola (Bilbao)**: Project for the rehabilitation of an existing industrial building, maintaining the protected D2 level façade in the inventory of the Bilbao City Council, in order to make residential use compatible.
- Los Guindos, Selena Homes (Malaga): Demolition and clean-up of land on which there are pavilions for urban tertiary use in the centre of Malaga. Project completed
- **Munguía (Vizcaya):** Demolition and clean-up of land on which the Mesa factory is located. Demolition and urbanisation pending. Basic project completed.
- La Catalana R16 and R17 (Sant Adrià de Besòs, Barcelona): Clean-up and regeneration for residential use of industrial land in the La Catalana Sector. Completed project
- **Olarizu IV (Vitoria):** Clean-up to regenerate the industrial activity of the Esmaltaciones factory for residential use. Work in progress.

8.7. INNOVATION AS AN ENGINE OF TRANSFORMATION

Innovation, technology and digital transformation have been in the DNA of Neinor Homes since its inception, with the vision that its drive allows it to gain a **competitive advantage and maintain a leading position** in the transformation of the Spanish residential and real estate sector.

From a purely product point of view, new buildings are expected to be sustainable, smart, safe, adapted to new user lifestyles and different climate scenarios.

Neinor Homes has analysed the **trends forecast for the building sector** and the challenges it will face in the next 20 years, considering aspects such as ethics, transparency, customer focus, industrialisation, digital transformation, automation and new sustainable materials, among others.

In this context, innovation is one of the fundamental values that govern Neinor Homes, acting as a cross-sectional thread running through the company's three strategic pillars: Environmental, Social and Governance.

In 2023 Neinor Homes renewed the

AENOR Certification 166002:2021

it has been obtaining since 2016.

Neinor Homes is aware that the future of the sector involves a commitment to the trends and new technologies that will transform the homes of the future.

> COLLABORATIVE INNOVATION

Neinor Homes is committed to the **exchange of experiences and solutions** with the rest of the real estate sector and with other sectors, in order to **seek new solutions in innovation** and adapt them to the new needs of customers.

•Along these lines, in 2023 the **Neinor Mobility Pack** has continued to be offered in conjunction with ILUNION Accessibility (ONCE Social Group), which was also the first initiative to emerge from Neinor Lab. Neinor Homes was a pioneer in establishing an agreement to facilitate theinclusivity of groups with different capacities.

Neinor Homes leads the way in innovation in the real estate sector.

Building Cluster:

https://clusteredificacion.com/

The building sector is one of the strategic sectors in Spain due to its size and its economic, environmental and social importance. In this field, the Building Cluster operates as a non-profit association and is made up of companies, universities and research centres.

The objective shared by all is to innovate in the construction of existing and new buildings of any use or tenure.

• PTEC: Spanish Construction Technology Platform:

https://plataformaptec.es/

PTEC aims to contribute to the improvement of the construction sector through public-private cooperation in research, development and innovation, carried out between companies, business associations, universities, research centres, technology centres and customers.

• Implementation of the Life Cycle in all works: LCA Neinor https://itec.es/infoitec/sostenibilidad/neinor-homes-implanta-el-analisis-del-ciclo-de-vida-en-todas-sus-obras/

Implementation of a digital tool in all works to carry out Life Cycle Analysis and quantify their environmental impact automatically, according to the different stages of the manufacturing process, construction, use and end of life.

Project backed by the independence of the Institute of Construction Technology, whose environmental database BEDEC Sustainability provides rigour and transparency.

This is an innovative initiative that confirms Neinor Homes' commitment to the environment and sustainability in its strategy to reduce the Scope 3 carbon footprint. Fundamental objectives to decarbonise the development sector and respond to the housing needs that exist in Spain without compromising the future of coming generations.

Agreements with suppliers:

In addition, Neinor Homes is actively working through technology and research and development, together with many of our main material suppliers, to reduce our emissions and increase the recycling and reuse of waste (cases and agreements detailed in the environmental sections 8.2 and 8.3); the impact in the media is set out below:

https://www.estrategiasdeinversion.com/actualidad/noticias/empresas/neinor-homes-consolida-su-alianza-con-cemex-para-n-644675.

https://www.bolsamania.com/noticias/empresas/neinor-homes-alia-cortizo-uso-aluminio-pvc-reciclado-proyectos--14716524.html

https://www.estrategiasdeinversion.com/actualidad/noticias/bolsa-espana/neinor-homes-firma-un-acuerdo-con-porcelanosa-n-673523

https://www.europapress.es/economia/noticia-neinor-homes-saint-gobain-firman-acuerdo-impulsar-construccion-sostenible-20240109120811.html

https://www.bolsamania.com/noticias/empresas/neinor-homes-y-uponor-colaboran-para-reducir-la-contaminacion-en-la-construccion--15923190.html





COOPERATION AGREEMENT WITH CEMEX VENTURES

In 2023, a cooperation agreement between CEMEX Ventures, CEMEX's Corporate Venture Capital, and Neinor Homes remained in place with the aim of **establishing synergies** to improve the construction and development industry. Through this cooperation, both companies would **exchange information on** *startups* that may be of interest.



INNOVATION PROCESS IN CONSTRUCTION

At Neinor Homes we understand industrialisation to be a **holistic process of integrating all the design, planning and construction processes** in which people, processes and technology play a fundamental role. That is why from the outset we have opted for the implementation of all its projects in **BIM**, a digital work environment that allows the degree of cooperation between agents and the flow of information and resources necessary for the development of industrialised construction. We are developing an open industrialisation that allows us to adapt to the needs and requirements of each project. Depending on the typological and morphological characteristics of the product, requirements and location of the plot, as well as cost, time and sustainability needs, we select the systems that best adapt to these circumstances. There are several projects in which we have incorporated industrialised construction processes and elements for the construction of the structure or façades.

PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT WITH PAPERNEST

For Neinor Homes, our customers are the most important thing. That's why we always accompany you throughout the entire purchasing process to enhance your experience.

In addition to the company's digitalisation strategy, we can say that we are proud to have reached an agreement with Papernest, a comprehensive management platform where customers can manage all the utilities/supplies of their new home in one click, one call, at no cost and with preferential times.

> DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION

The CEO himself has been involved from the very start in the Digital Transformation Acceleration Plan. Each project has had an operational manager and an implementation manager whose functions were to monitor each of the initiatives that were being developed.

At Neinor Homes we understand digital transformation to be **part of our corporate culture**, as a vision and a way of doing things, rather than as one or several projects. For this reason, it is something that we imprint on all elements of the company.

We have various **internal applications for the use of the staff**, which digitally controls their shifts, their holidays or teleworking and allows them to access general information, such as the company's organisation chart.

Moreover, technology is something we apply throughout the entire real estate value chain, from the selection of land to the study of its suitability, to the feasibility of the project, to how we build.

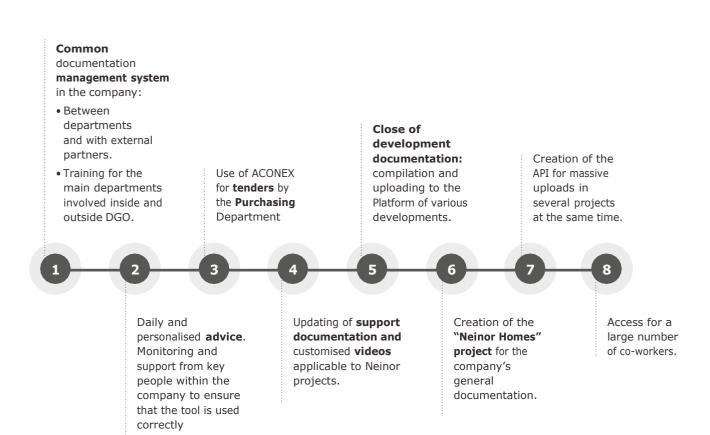


ACONEX

Having a document manager for the organisation is essential in order to promote communication, information and project management.

Aconex is working on the integration of this tool so that the information is organised and accessible, whatever the project, all in the same way.

WHAT HAVE WE ACHIEVED SO FAR?



WHAT ARE THE OBJECTIVES FOR 2023?

Creation of workflows::

- Commercial documentation.
- · Project phases.
- [..]

- Single use for all documentation management (internally and externally).
- Correct file naming and labelling.
- Version management.
- Traceability.

Reducing the documentation load in F: **Upload all common company documentation to Aconex**: Upload procedures and templates

SUPPLIER PORTAL

- Ease of signing up of suppliers and receipt of invoices.
- · Reduction of deadlines and costs.
- · Increased visibility of invoice status.
- Avoiding risks of CEO-type payment attacks.

DIGITAL SIGNATURE

- Through digital signatures, contracts can be signed digitally without the need to sign them in person.
- Implemented in the purchasing area, for the signing of works contracts and framework agreements and for commercial for customer reservations.
- + 4,000 transactions signed in recent years.

ONLINE SALE / RENTAL

- Immediate availability, with information updated in real time: a customer can purchase at any time.
- Reduced fees and commissions: as we are direct sellers we avoid commercial intermediation payments.
- Global reach: we are extending our borders and opening up to international buyers, who can buy from Spain and from any country.
- Competitive advantage over competitors: online sales are becoming more and more common in all sectors, including property development. Being the first to implement it reinforces our brand image and strengthens our track record, as well as putting us ahead of the competition.
- Low-cost sales channel: once the first technological investment has been made, it does not require significant amounts of maintenance. The investment in processes derived from its implementation is used to obtain synergies in other aspects; digital signature, automatic synchronisation with Prinex, WEB synchronisation, etc.

INVOICE APPROVALWORKFLOW

We have succeeded in automating the process of invoice endorsement and approval for real estate business anytime, anywhere and from smartphone or tablet.

This provides managers with an easy-to-use endorsement tool, for use in any location without having to be connected to the ERP.

This allows us among other things to:

- Endorse invoices with a choice of different routes for the final approval of each invoice.
- Authorise payments by providing remarks or reasons for refusal, if any.
- Consult all the information on an invoice, as well as the documentation associated with it.
- Know the budget allocations that each invoice line has.

PURCHASE REQUESTWORKFLOW

We manage all purchase requests from the time they are registered with each of the companies until they are approved.

This also allows us to monitor the quantities requested compared to those budgeted to immediately detect deviations.

It is possible to allocate invoices from the approved purchase requisition until fully consumed.

AFTER SALES APPS

Aimed at improving and providing a better service to our customers through complete functionality, to be able to carry out a proper management of after sales services as a key and stand-alone feature.

This is available via a mobile phone app for the visitor role, and via web app for the supervisor, allowing, among other things:

- Creation of pre-sales and post-sales incidents during the same visit to the property in a quick and easy way (with photographs, documentation and customer approval) and all from a smartphone or tablet.
- Incident management by the supervisor: assignment to suppliers, transit of incident statuses, etc.
- Issuance of work reports to suppliers.
- Creation of Big Data for exploitation.

DGO GUARANTEES

WEB application for the management of bank guarantees received, maturity calendar and automatic e-mail alerts management.

PURCHASING APP

Web platform for purchasing department management, divided into the following main modules:

- Developments
- Companies
- Recruitment (recruitment database)
- Framework Agreements (services)
- Approval notes (related to supplier evaluation)
- Tenders (ratios, savings tables)
- Price (database of items/references per development)

A series of Power BI files have also been designed to obtain interactive graphics.

APPROVAL OF SUPPLIERS

All suppliers working with Neinor, including Architects and Construction Companies, must be previously approved in line with the quality levels required by Neinor. The updated approval table can be found in the Purchasing App. Re-approval is annual.

EVALUATION OF SUPPLIERS AND SUBCONTRACTORS

- **Suppliers**: All approved suppliers working with Neinor are periodically evaluated through an app. Both scores (evaluation and approval) generate an overall score for the supplier which is recorded in the Purchasing App.
- **Subcontractors**: The subcontractors contracted by the builder are also evaluated in order to keep a record of each one and to avoid working with those, if any, that have not given good results on site.

FRAMEWORK AGREEMENTS

- **Web platform** for monitoring framework agreements with various manufacturers nationally. Access from two types of user profile.
- Project Managers
- Neinor Purchases

Entries for manufacturers with whom we have a framework agreement for the calculation of the agreed rebate are compiled by development. A PowerBI has also been designed to obtain graphs.

And, last but not least, we apply technology to the end of this chain, which is customer service for customers who have already bought a home with us. For this purpose, we have Neinor Experience, made up of a great team that responds to any incident or doubt that the customer may have, accompanying them at all times from the moment they reserve their home, while it is being built and even after delivery, all through both traditional and digital channels.

Our approach to innovation is aimed at covering the entire value chain of the company, from the study for the purchase of land to the after sales of the development delivered. Throughout the entire process, needs have been identified and cross-sectional projects have been defined to cover these needs.

In this way, as the leading residential platform in Spain, we apply our vision of digital transformation to all of the company's business lines.

At Neinor Homes we use and have **incorporated technology and various digital enablers** throughout the entire product lifecycle.

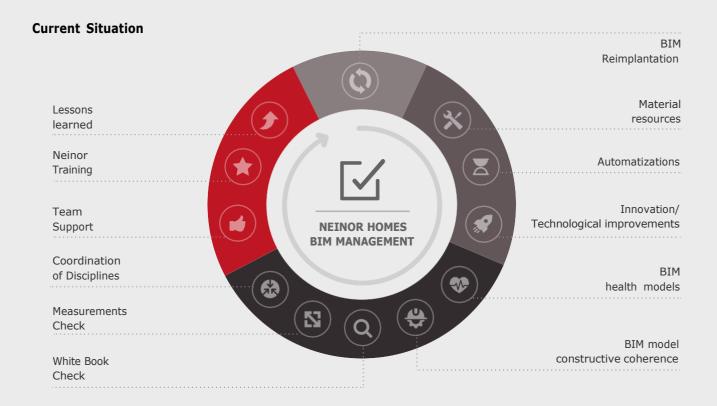
- We support land acquisition through our Big Data tool that allows us to take better decisions. This **Big Data** tool provides us with a great deal of data about a piece of land, an area, how prices are going to behave etc., which allows us to make decisions based on concrete data, not on intuition, and that ultimately allows us to mitigate risk. But data without knowledge is useless. We need the human factor and experience to know how to interpret this data, and that is where Neinor Homes provides stand-out value, thanks to the combination of technology with the best professionals in the sector.
- From the design to the construction of the homes, we incorporate **BIM**, which allows a cooperative work methodology that centralises all the information of a project in a digital model.

BIM

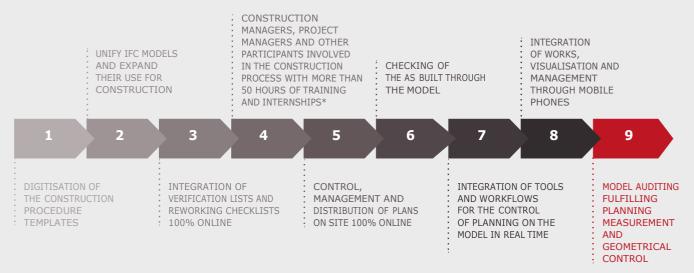
One of the most important projects within the Operations Area has been the commitment to the digitalisation of our developments in all their phases, starting with an integrated management of the project phase, in order to be able to close the circle with the construction phase in the near future.

To date we have achieved:

Digitisation of design procedure templates Project teams use 3D modelling to develop projects and produce Project managers and other design information participants integrated in the processes with more than 50h of training Incident management, change control and design coordination 100% online Automatic generation of the Digital Twin Integration of plans extracted from the model and instant information Automation of the from the cloud export of rooms and area control on the model Centralised cooperation between architecture and engineering Integration of tools and workflows for geometric control with more than 230 automated online rules Online and desktop measurement control system integration Auditing of models complying with measurement and geometric control



2023 Objectives



^{*} With more than 50 hours of training and internships.

TOOL DEADLINES

We have achieved:

- Optimisation of the company's internal processes
- In response to this, a Deadline Management tool has been built to improve the coordination and monitoring of our processes, leading to a reduction of internal efforts and an improvement in the delivery times of our developments.
- Knowledge in real time of the status of tasks and projects.

Territorial Director who wants to know when the draft infographics will arrive.

Marketing agent who needs to know when the marketing pack will be available.

Marketing manager who needs to know when the Basic Plans will arrive to send them to infographics and mock-ups, etc.

 Save time by eliminating meetings dealing with to-do's, status updates and spreadsheet updates.

Thursday meetings (Launch 1st GO).

Meetings in each territory to gauge the status of pending launches.

- Improves teamwork productivity irrespective of physical location.
- It has **task notifications**, so it is harder to miss something important.

Working with increasing volumes increases the possibility of forgetting things.

Notifications make it easier to organise the tasks to be carried out during the week.

 All persons assigned to a project can consult project files and documents, without having to request them by mail, which speeds up work and decision-making. Back Office will not have to chase the various departments so that they send the information by mail.

Marketing agents will not be so insistent on knowing when the marketing pack will arrive.

 Allows comments to be entered, partially eliminating the sending of emails and logging a history of the conversation.

Possible oversights when copying someone involved.

Eternal searches for e-mails proving "I told you so" ...

 All tasks and updates are synchronised and in the cloud, so information is always backed up and secure.

This eliminates the possibility of not knowing what the final infographics are.

- For the marketing of our homes we apply various technologies both in the physical and online channels:
- On the one hand, we have created Neinor Stores, a technological sales space that allows us to increase the satisfaction and knowledge of our customers, where we combine Virtual Reality, interactive screens and real-time analysis tools to better understand the profiles and needs of our customers.
- On the other hand, we now allow online booking and are working to complete the home buying process in an online environment, increasing the accessibility, simplicity and intelligent conveyance of the property to increase and guarantee the confidence of our customers.
- In the delivery of our homes, our **Neinor Experience** digital platform allows us to control the entire process digitally, from the deed signing process to the after sales process.

It is also worth highlighting the developments we are implementing to promote our new **Neinor Rental** business line, with which we have the first platform capable of offering 100% of the rental services. In this regard, within this business line we are working on the development of online booking and rental.

8.8. LIFE CYCLE ANALYSIS

All of the company's projects, from 2022 onwards, will have a corresponding Life Cycle Assessment.

Neinor Homes has a digital tool that makes it possible to digitise and automate the Life Cycle Analysis of all the company's projects and to quantify the environmental impact of all its projects automatically, according to the different stages of its processes.

This analysis is carried out in accordance with the international standards ISO 14040 and 14044, 15804 and 15978 and the guidelines of the ILCD Handbook and provides the traditional environmental impact indicators, such as renewable and non-renewable energy, CO2 equivalent emission and waste, as well as 10 other environmental impact and resource use indicators.

The rigour and transparency in the calculation and the data obtained are ensured through an independent body, i.e. the Institute of Construction Technology (ITeC) and its environmental database BEDEC Sustainability, the only database in Spain that has a licence to market updated carbon data based on ECOINVENT, a database recognised by the Joint Research Centre, a research body of the European Economic Community.

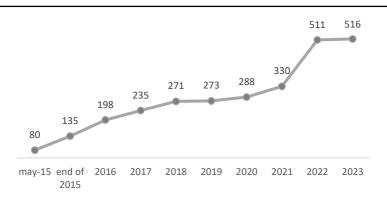


One of Neinor Homes' priorities is to offer its human team an **attractive environment** where they can develop professionally and where they can reconcile their personal life with their work. All of this is based on **equal opportunities, transparency, health and safety.**

Neinor Homes is a benchmark company in the real estate sector, offering an attractive environment in which to work, generating quality employment, fostering the development of talent and continuous training and promoting well-being, work-life balance and safety. The company always seeks maximum transparency in communication and involves the entire workforce in the innovation and growth of the company. Only by working daily with all these values in mind can we be at the forefront in a sector that increasingly demands greater dynamism and professionalism.

Since its creation in 2015, Neinor Homes has grown exponentially increasing its workforce by 6.5 times in those 9 years. This requires effective people management, which is determined by a **Strategic Human Resources Plan** closely linked to the company's three strategic pillars.

STAFFING TRENDS

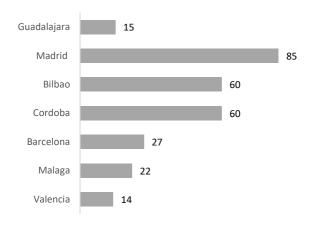


In 2023 Neinor Homes had a workforce of **283 employees***, **55.12% men and 44.88% women**. Neinor Homes is committed to talent and professionalism when it comes to putting together its workteams, which is why it has a great diversity of profiles. In this regard, the **average age** of employees in 2023 was **45.05 years**. The **average length of service** of the workforce is 6.91 years, as the company has grown significantly in recent years. In 2022 the number of employees increased considerably due to the Group's inorganic growth through two corporate operations that incorporated Renta Garantizada and Quabit Construcción into the Group.

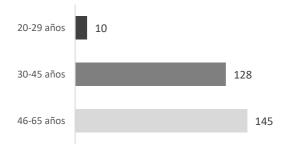
^{*} Employees of Renta Garantizada (35) and Quabit Construcción (198) that are being integrated into the group are not included in these calculations.

During its first 9 years it has not only grown in the number of employees, but also in the number of branches. Currently, it is located in **7 territories** throughout the Iberian Peninsula: Madrid, Bilbao, Cordoba, Barcelona, Malaga, Valencia and Guadalajara.

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION OF STAFF*



DISTRIBUTION OF THE WORKFORCE BY AGE RANGE*



Neinor Homes is a company committed to the differential value of its candidates/employees. In some cases, this is a given due to specific training and qualifications and, in many other cases, to years of experience in the sector.

As shown in the graph above, more than 50% of the workforce is between 46 and 65 years of age. In addition, 26 new employees joined the company in 2023, 14 of whom were over 45 years of age.

At Neinor Homes, 100% of employees are subject to the construction industry collective bargaining agreement in force in the autonomous community in which its headquarters are located. In addition, freedom of association is guaranteed and union representatives are provided with meeting rooms for their meetings, with trade union representatives affiliated to the ELA union in Bilbao, and in Cordoba to the UGT and CCOO unions. Collective agreements in the construction sector establish the health and safety aspects of the sector's activities, including issues such as the minimum safety provisions applicable on construction sites and health and safety training to be provided.

^{*}Not including the employees of Renta Garantizada (35) or Quabit Construcción (198) who are being integrated into the group.

9.1. EQUALITY AND DIVERSITY

Neinor Homes is firmly committed to **equal opportunities, non-discrimination and respect for diversity**, which is also reflected in the principles of its Code of Ethics and Code of Conduct with third parties and in its Diversity and Non-discrimination Policy. The best proof of this is that there is practically **parity between men and women** among its employees, which is remarkable considering the particularities of the sector in which it operates. There are currently 12 women in STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics) or similar positions, and 30% of management positions are held by women. However, at Neinor Homes, equality is applied in a broader concept than gender, as it aims to promote equal rights and obligations for all people. In this regard, the company's practices are aimed at complying with the **ten Principles of the United Nations Global Compact**, and the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), particularly in this case those relating to **human rights, labour and equality**.

At Neinor Homes, there have been no complaints of human rights violations, respecting freedom of association and collective bargaining as evidenced by the interrelationships with workers' delegates and committees. There is no employment discrimination of any kind and no forced or compulsory labour is carried out.

The Board of Directors of Neinor Homes has approved a **Diversity and Non-Discrimination Policy** that establishes the criteria and guidelines to achieve equal treatment and opportunities and to eliminate any type of discrimination based on gender, origin, age, race, culture, ideology, religion or disability.

Moreover, no complaints of discrimination or inequality have ever been received.

In addition, in 2023, the protocol for the prevention of sexual and gender-based harassment was approved.

Diversity and non-discrimination policy guidelines:

Equality Plan approved in 2023.



PROMOTING EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES

Guarantee for all employees of equal treatment and equal opportunities in terms of access to employment, job classification, performance evaluation and promotion, remuneration, training and work-life balance.



RESPECT FOR DIVERSITY

Rejection of any discriminatory or intolerant behaviour in the organisation, considering diversity as a value that contributes different visions and promotes the generation of new ideas and creative and innovative alternatives.



INTEGRATION AND INCLUSION

Cooperation and teamwork so that all professionals, irrespective of their seniority in the company, previous experience or any other condition, can form part of the company, with a strong commitment to the inclusion of specific groups with different abilities.



CONDUCT OF THIRD PARTIES

Extending of commitments to respect diversity and non-discrimination to all stakeholders, particularly with regard to raising awareness among suppliers and contractors.



WORK ENVIRONMENT

Preserving a harassment-free environment at work, fostering an atmosphere of respect and acceptance, strengthening the company's diversity, inclusion and non-discrimination awareness and culture, and guaranteeing freedom of association rights as set out in international standards.

> EQUAL PAY

The Board of Directors of Neinor Homes strives to ensure that remuneration for positions of equal responsibility and functions is the same throughout the company. This is because avoiding discriminatory biases in remuneration is key to fostering an environment that promotes diversity, which is considered one of the main values of the company's human capital.

Neinor Homes guarantees respect for equal pay and has reflected this in its Diversity and Non-Discrimination Policy. Furthermore, in its 2022-2025 Sustainability Plan, it is committed to introducing measures to eliminate the wage gap, in line with the company's goal of achieving wage parity among employees. The Human Resources department is responsible for ensuring that this course of action is implemented between 2022 and 2025.

The remuneration structure of all professional and responsibility categories in the group is conceived under the criterion of gender neutrality. Furthermore, in order to promote wage parity, Neinor Homes monitors and compares the annual salary of women and men, at all management levels, during the salary review process that the company carries out annually, and which is based on the individual performance assessment and common criteria for both genders.

Based on the principle that men and women are entitled to equal pay for equal work (salary equality), the difference between the average pay received by men and women (pay gap) has been calculated.

In the area of remuneration, 100% of the company's employees are covered by general collective agreement terms, thus improving the minimum conditions established by the various employment regulations. The Collective Agreements govern the remuneration received by the employees subscribed to them, and in particular establish criteria of equity between similar jobs, thus avoiding the existence of gender discrimination and the wage gap between equivalent jobs. However, the mathematical calculation of the pay gap, understood as the difference between the average hourly remuneration of men and women compared to the average hourly remuneration of men, is 45.61%, the average remuneration of the Group being \$54,998: \$64,057 for menand \$35,476 for women.

The information obtained from this analysis will be used to study the data by line of business and level of responsibility to define whether there is a gender gap in jobs of equal activity, or whether the difference is due to any other cause (seniority, performance, results, etc.). Neinor Homes' objective is to eliminate any cases of this type of inequality that may be detected.

In addition, a specific analysis of inequitable pay situations will be carried out through the annual pay review process. This action plan is regularly monitored by management, which evaluates progress at each level of the organisation.

CATEGORY	AVERAGE REMUNERATION	Nº OF PERSONS	AVERAGE AGE	AVERAGE LENGTH OF SERVICE	% VARIATION	ADJUSTED AVERAGE REMUNERATION	ADJUSTED % CHANGE
TOP MANAGEMENT	312,038	6	44.71	8.03			
Men	312,038	6	44.71	8.03			
AREA MANAGERS	97,980	30	50.50	10.0 5			
Men	103,095	25	51.89	10.2 5	29.76 %	93,130	19%
Women	72,407	5	43.52	9.03			
MANAGERS	54,687	48	47.37	9.06			
Men	60,697	27	49.18	8.94	22.63 %		
Women	46,959	21	45.04	9.22			
TECHNICAL STAFF	41,203	109	43.45	6.2			
Men	44,563	58	45.39	5.78	16.11 %		
Women	37,382	51	41.24	6.56			
ADMINISTRATIVE	25,076	66	43.17	7.22			
Men	25,618	19	42.41	5.51			
Women	24,856	47	43.47	7.92	2.97%		
SITE PERSONNEL	39,917	24	47.56	1.21			
Men	40,609	23	48.08	1.25			
Women	24,000	1	35.62	0.15			
GRAND TOTAL	54,998	283	45.05	6.91			

¹ Remuneration is calculated on the basis of the contractual conditions of each employee.

The underlying cause of the pay gap existing in certain categories is the lower presence of women in the workforce, a situation common in the development and construction sector, and which is accentuated in senior management positions, area managers (the two areas with the highest remuneration) and site personnel. However, although women are well represented in our company (44.88% women, 55.12% men), the Sustainability Plan sets out a commitment to introduce measures to increase the number of women in management positions between 2022 and 2025.

In this sector there is usually a greater presence of men, although this was much more accentuated in the past. In this connection, most of the people who have a great deal of experience in this sector are men, and the direct consequences of all this experience is that they have a higher salary and are in positions of greater responsibility.

That said, our workforce has a high percentage of senior employees who are in the category of area managers. There are 3 men between the ages of 55 and 65 with more than 15 years of seniority in the company, whose salary is almost double the average remuneration for the reasons explained above, in addition to seniority reasons. Therefore, in order not to distort the figure, an adjustment has been made in the calculation. Thus, if their exclusion is taken into account in the calculation, the percentage difference drops from 29.7% to 19%.*

Neinor Homes defends salary equality and is committed to reducing the pay gap. To mitigate this situation, in 2023 Neinor Homes has approved its Equality Plan, for the preparation of which it has reviewed that the commitments and plans in terms of equality are aligned with the European Strategy for Gender Equality 2020- 2025 and national legislation.

The approval of the Equality Plan represents the attaining of a milestone of the 2022-2025 Sustainability Plan. The next milestone to be reached, also included in this Plan, is to train in equality and diversity (as a minimum) the management team, those responsible for selection processes and the members of the Equality Committee (the composition of which is defined in the Equality Plan).

With regard to **remuneration equality of the Board of Directors** of Neinor Homes, this is fully in place and there is no difference between the salary received by men and women, as detailed in the Remuneration Policy and in the Annual Remuneration Report.

The remuneration of non-executive Directors, who qualify as "independent" and "other external", is as follows:

Fixed remuneration:

- Pr-Chairman of the Board: €121,325 per year;
- Other independent and other external directors: €89,675 per annum

Per diems for attendance at meetings of the Board and its Committees:

- Board meetings: €3,000 per meeting;
- Committee meetings: €1,500 per session of each Committee.

The average amount received in 2023 by the 4 Independent Directors (1 woman and 3 men) was €141,462.50.

Given the above, the only thing that makes the salaries received by Directors different is the allowances for attending Board and Committee meetings, which in turn depend on the number of Committees on which the Director sits and the number of times they meet during the year.

^{*} The gap is explained by more work experience and more seniority in the company.

In 2023, the Board met 12 times, the Audit and Control Committee 6 times, the Appointments and Remuneration Committee 9 times and the Land Investment Committee 4 times. Some of the meetings were held in writing, which did not give rise to any entitlement to attendance fees. The remuneration of each Director, both annual remuneration and attendance fees (per diems) are described in the Annual Remuneration Report.



EQUALITY PRACTICES AND MEASURES ADOPTED AT NEINOR HOMES

- Access to employment: definition of requirements in job offers that provide equal employment opportunities and non-discriminatory recruitment and interviewing processes.
- **Performance evaluation and promotion**: use of objective and egalitarian criteria when evaluating the performance of employees and their promotion. In addition, the presence of women on governing bodies is encouraged.
- **Remuneration**: seeking homogeneity by professional category to reward employees according to their development and performance evaluation, not encouraging the existence of unjustified inequalities.
- **Training**: Training courses for all members of the company to improve and broaden their knowledge for the development of their job.
- **Work-life balance**: definition and implementation of 13 measures that favour equality and that reconcile and integrate professional activity with family and personal responsibilities.

The Human Resources Department, together with the GRC Department, will ensure compliance with and application of this Equality Plan, in collaboration with the rest of the departments that make up Neinor Homes. For its part, the Internal Audit Department periodically reviews and reports on compliance with the guidelines of the Diversity and Non-Discrimination Policy. In 2023 Neinor Homes had 1 employee with atypical abilities.

9.2. PROFESSIONAL AND PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE EMPLOYEES

The achievements so far and the continued growth of the company have allowed **26** new hires in **2023**, **12** of which have taken place in **Neinor Works** (construction, **10** men and **2** women) and of the remaining **14** hires, **7** have been women and **7** men. Of the 26 new hires, 3 were in the 20-29, 13 in the 30-45 and 10 in the 46-65 age brackets, made possible thanks to the **search for the best professional training and the attraction of talent** in the selection of personnel. In 2023 the recruitment rate was 12%.

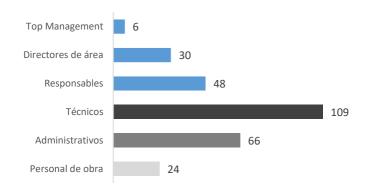
In 2023 we worked hard to **internalise the selection processes for as many positions as possible** in order to be able to rely on the valuable information that facilitates these processes having closed **93%** of new hirings by this means, despite it being a year in which the structure of the workforce has been consolidated, and the number of new hires in terms of promotional activity has been less than 5% and has mainly involved technical positions, where the requirements for the positions has made it impossible to evaluate internal candidates. Even so, the company remains committed to the talent of its teams and studies the possibility of growth and promotion on each occasion, with **one internal promotion** having taken place **in 2023**.

Neinor Homes defends **quality employment** and fosters a sense of belonging among its workforce and its consolidation, which is why practically the entire workforce, 97.52%, has a permanent contract, 95.40% of which are full-time, including medical insurance. Despite the fact that the competition is attracted to its valued workers, and it continues to be a focus for recruitment for head-hunters and recruitment experts, the **turnover rate** in the 2023 financial year was **12%**. We can affirm that each year we have more experienced staff, with greater seniority, which allows us to be without doubt a consolidated benchmark in the real estate sector.

In 2023, the number of non-voluntary terminations was 14: 6 women (1 between 30-45 years old and 5 between 46-65 years old) and 8 men (1 between 20-29 years old; 3 between 30-45 years old; 4 between 45-60 years old). The total number of dismissals, most of which were due to objective causes, continue to be the result of organisational restructuring processes as well as the termination of the servicing business line. During the last two years we have tried to relocate as many colleagues as possible to other areas, but in 2023, despite the effort, we have had to dismiss some colleagues due to oversizing and a lack of workload in some departments.

Neinor Homes has a team of talented professionals to encourage internal promotion.

DISTRIBUTION OF STAFF BY PROFESSIONAL CATEGORY



DISTRIBUTION OF STAFF BY TYPE OF CONTRACT

	DISTRIBUTION OF STAFF BY TYPE OF CONTRACT										
		MEN 155		30 - 45 YEARS	M,	TOP ANAGEMEN	NT.	MANAGER		MINISTRAT STAFF	IVE
	WOMEN 127		20 -29 YEARS		46 - 65 YEARS		AREA MANAGERS	5	TECHNICAI STAFF		SITE PERSONNEI
FIXED CONTRACT 2	124	151	8	135	132	6	30	48	105	63	24
TEMPORARY CONTRACT 2	3	4	2	0	5	0	0	0	4	3	0
FULL-TIME 291	124	152	8	135	133	6	30	48	108	63	22
PART-TIME 4	3	3	2	0	4	0	0	0	1	3	2

Neinor Homes is committed to the professional growth of talent within the company, favouring the evolution and development of its employees. In relation to this, **annual salary reviews** are carried out of fixed and variable salary, which are directly linked to the employee's performance and their ability to achieve the company's objectives.

Neinor Homes works with universities and schools; we offer internships in the company with the possibility of future recruitment.



ATTRACTIVE AND FLEXIBLE REMUNERATION

Neinor Homes has implemented a variable remuneration policy to ensure the sustainability of the company. The variable potential is linked to the achievement of EBITDA. It decreases if EBITDA falls below a certain minimum level and likewise increases if EBITDA exceeds a certain threshold. 100% of the resulting incentive is split between Departmental or Territorial targets and Individual targets. Once the bonus has been calculated using this formula, meritocracy is objectified and excellence in work is recognised according to performance.

9.3. TRAINING

Neinor Homes believes that training helps to increase the **work productivit**y of employees, while at the same time improving the possibilities of their individual promotion.

To draw up the 2023 training plan, we endeavoured to assess the **needs** and interest of **Neinor's employees** by means of surveys of departmental managers and the workers' legal representatives (RLT), as well as the entire workforce.

In the **RLT group (6 respondents), specific training** in each department was evaluated rather than generalised training, in addition to the fact that everything was evaluated in an employee survey.

In the survey of all Neinor employees (154 participants), they showed particular interest in being able to participate proactively in the design of training for the year.

The most interesting training courses for employees were Mindfulness, Excel, Negotiation, the Prinex tool and the Ethics, Compliance and Sustainability course.

It should be noted that in the Ethics, Compliance and Sustainability course, employees were given tips and tools to improve their energy efficiency both in the offices and in their homes. This course has been one of the best received by employees given its usefulness and relevance to their lives both inside and outside the office.

In addition, specific training in Urban Management was proposed, among other things.

Neinor Homes provides its employees with a **training platform** where the various training courses are uploaded so that employees can access them at any time. In 2023 a total of **8,859 training hours** were given, with an average of **31.41 hours of training per employee** and an average cost (investment) in these training sessions of **€121.09 per employee**. This meant a **total cost** in 2023 of **€34,149**.

Some of the topics have included courses on labour law, drawing up the Equality Plan, technical training, new regulations, tools training or ad hoc training to meet the needs of certain departments, among others. Training is offered to all employees, irrespective of whether their contract is full-time, part- time or half-time.

Finally, there are initiatives to raise awareness and involve employees in Sustainability by fostering their pride of belonging. From the point of view of **environmental awareness**, regular communications are sent to employees to raise their awareness of **environmental care**.

For Neinor
Homes, training
is a fundamental
pillar and
encourages
the exchange
of knowledge
among its
employees.

9.4. WELL-BEING AND WORK-LIFE BALANCE

For Neinor Homes, the **wellbeing and quality of life** of its employees outside the workplace is also important, as a happy and content worker in their personal environment will also be happy in their working environment, favouring their effectiveness and their relationship with their colleagues. It therefore implements measures that seek to harmonise professional activity with personal needs, which are materialised in the **Work-Life Balance Plan**.

The work-life balance plan includes 4 measures to guarantee disconnection: definition of workloads, not scheduling meetings after 18:00 hours, intensive working hours during the summer months (last week of June, and the whole of July and August) and a commitment to respect rest hours. Likewise, the clocking-inapp developed by Neinor Homes where employees record their working hours allows for an analysis and monitoring of the hours worked.

The Compliance (GRC) and HR Departments worked together to develop the Work-Life Balance Plan, in which Neinor Homes was a pioneer. Work climate surveys from previous years and requests from employees to the aforementioned areas have served to update the initial measures and propose new ones, with **13 measures** currently in place **to favour work-life balance**:

TELEWORKING



The possibility of teleworking is established for a maximum of 4 days per month for any professional, provided that their functions allow it and it is approved by their direct manager. The company is committed to work-life balance and therefore special cases, either individual or departmental, may be assessed to allow greater flexibility.



REDUCED WORKING HOURS ON NON-SCHOOL DAYS

The working day may be adjusted to the school calendar and may be reduced on **nonschool** days. A pool of hours will be created to compensate for these hours not worked on our children's school days.



PRE-BIRTH LEAVE

There is the option of requesting **paid maternity leave** during the last 15 days of pregnancy until the baby is born.



FLEXIBLE ENTRY AND EXIT TIMES

Flexibility to adjust the timetable for entering and leaving the workplace by one hour. Departments ensure that all responsibilities are always covered for the entire working hours and in cases where a manager refuses it, this has to be consulted with, and justified to, HR.



BREASTFEEDING

Paid breastfeeding leave is extended to **20 days** (instead of 13 days) or until the child reaches the age of 15 months (instead of 12 months).



PARENTAL LEAVE

A leave of absence is established for the care of children of **4 years** (instead of 3 years as stipulated in the statute).



FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES

Employees with children with disabilities receive financial assistance of €150 gross per month until the child reaches the age of 15.



FLEXIBLE MEETING TIMES

Except in exceptional cases, the timetable for meetings and videoconferences must be between **10:00** and **18:00** hours.



LEAVE DUE TO COMPLICATIONS IN CHILDBIRTH

Paid leave is extended to **15 days** (instead of 5 days) in the event of complications arising from childbirth or neonatal illnesses that require the baby to stay in hospital.



INTENSIVE WORKING DAY

Intensive working day in July and August with the possibility of extension (in 2023 this lasted from 26 June to 4 September). The working day will be from Monday to Friday from 08:00 to 15:00 hours.



WORKLOADS

In order to reduce as much as possible excess work outside the established working hours, there is a commitment to **define workloads**.

RESPECT OF REST HOURS

A commitment is made to **respect rest times** outside working hours **as much as possible** and control measures are put in place to achieve this.



BIRTHDAY

A birthday will be a holiday and can be enjoyed on the Friday of that week, if preferred or if it falls on a weekend or public holiday.

The Human Resources department monitors the work-life balance measures, is open to the evaluation of new measures and is responsible for establishing, publishing and informing the staff of any new developments regarding these measures. In addition to these special measures, employees are entitled to all benefits established by law. In 2023, a total of **7 workers**, 4 women and 3 men, took **maternity or paternity leave**, of whom 100% have returned or will return to work after taking this leave.

Neinor Homes offers a **flexible remuneration package with tax benefits for employees**, where they can take out childcare, meal and transport vouchers, training, purchase of IT equipment and medical insurance for the whole family.

In addition, it also offers preference to employees when it comes to accessing a property in the developments launched by the company, although under no circumstances does this mean a reduction in the price.

Neinor is a company concerned not only with the well-being of its employees, but also with their happiness and concerns. For this reason, in recent years it has made an effort to be close to its employees and share those special moments when a shared smile takes on special meaning or a token of affection allows the pain also to be shared. On behalf of the entire workforce, the Management sends a baby basket for births and likewise conveys the condolences and affection of all colleagues for the loss of a first degree relative (father, mother and children) by sending floral arrangements to the appropriate morgue.

In 2023 Neinor Homes has wanted to increase the amount of time spent teleworking and at the same time focus on greater wellbeing and comfort during the time employees spend in the offices. For this reason, and with a view to promoting a healthy lifestyle, focusing the company on the "social" part of the ESG and considering the well-being of its employees as one of its main objectives, the area that coordinates sustainability (GRC) and HR has implemented free fresh fruit in all our branches, which has been very well received by the staff. In this connection, in order to take a qualitative leap forward and with a view to caring for and having healthy and happy employees, during the last quarter of the year we have continued with these measures and have negotiated the implementation of Gympass, a comprehensive wellness service, for all our employees.

9.5. HEALTH AND SAFETY OF OUR EMPLOYEES

Neinor Homes promotes a **safe working environment** and is committed to ongoing updating of the occupational risk prevention measures appropriate to each job, beyond the levels required by law. By the nature of their work, Neinor Homes employees are exposed to the risks inherent in office work. In this regard, the Board of Directors is the main driving force behind the implementation of a health and safety culture, assuming the firm commitment to ensure that there are no accidents at work in the company. This commitment is also shared by the Senior Management.

Due to the nature of their work, Neinor Homes employees are exposed to the risks inherent in office work. In this regard, an external company is responsible for carrying out periodic health and safety and Occupational Risk Prevention (ORP) audits in all offices and branches, the result of which has been that the required standards are met in all of them.

With the aim of promoting a culture based on health and safety, Neinor Homes offers Occupational Risk Prevention courses to its professionals. In 2023, Neinor Homes employees received **1,698 hours of training** on **health and safety policies and procedures**.

Along these lines, in 2021 the company updated its Health and Safety Policy, which addresses health and safety in offices, on construction sites and for our customers, referring to the delivery of safe, quality housing that preserves the safety of people during use. This policy is included in the "Welcome Pack" for new recruits.

In 2023 there has been 1 occupational accident (a 58 year old man) in itinere with sick leave (67 days) but there have been no occupational accidents with sick leave in the workenvironment.

As mentioned above, the absenteeism rate at Neinor Homes is 0.31%. To calculate the absenteeism rate (days of sick leave and total hours worked) for the total workforce, the days of maternity, sickness or accident-related sick leave were taken into account. A significant decrease in the absenteeism rate has been observed as flexibility and teleworking measures have increased. In the 2022 financial year the absenteeism rate was 0.84%.

During 2023, a total of 1,509 days were lost due to disability (of all types), among our employees. During the last 8 years (since the beginning of the company's activity) there have been no work-related fatalities among our employees.

In addition, and in order to guarantee the safety of all its employees, Neinor Homes has an accident insurance policy for all its employees that is improved on the one established by the collective bargaining agreement for each territory. In general, there is a life insurance policy in the event of death and Total Permanent Disability (IPA) due to an accident at work for a capital sum of €90,000, and in the event of death and Total Permanent Disability (IPA) for all other causes, equivalent to 4 monthly payments of the base salary according to the collective bargaining agreement.

9.6. EMPLOYEE COMMUNICATION AND SATISFACTION

In 2023 Neinor Homes continued to **promote internal dialogue and communication** between all employees, who have different mailboxes to deal with specific issues of health and safety, human resources, recruitment and sustainability, among others.

Employees have the "non-conformities" application on their desktop, through which they can report non-conformities related to the company's protocols and procedures, such as incidents in procedures (due to lack of or outdated procedures), non-compliance with these protocols by personnel, or inefficiencies and bad practices in general. In addition, the above can also be reported through the Whistleblowing Channel, which is the means to be used to communicate any possible irregularity, non-compliance or behaviour contrary to ethics, legality and the rules governing the group.

To obtain real data allowing it to act in the correct way, the Human Resources department, in collaboration with GRC, plans to periodically carry out a "Work Climate Survey" of all its employees, and thus measure their level of satisfaction with the policies and measures adopted by the company, with regard to the company, working conditions, training and personal development, work organisation, information and communication, CSR and quality, among others.

The survey is created on a Google Forms form so that employees can submit their answers anonymously, within a maximum of 2 weeks.

Due to the heavy workload, the conduct of the 2023 Survey has been moved from the last quarter of 2023 to the first quarter of 2024.

Finally, **initiatives** aimed at fostering staff interaction, pride of belonging and satisfaction are carried out:



CHRISTMAS PARTY

Every year, a Christmas party is held to bring together employees from all the delegations, providing transport and accommodation for them. The aim is to get together in a more relaxed environment to strengthen the relationship, communication and sense of belonging among employees.



The **relationship** we establish with **our suppliers** and all the mechanisms we put in place to guarantee compliance with minimum criteria and requirements in terms of quality, deadlines and health and safety, among other aspects, is fundamental to the **success of our business**.

10.1. OUR SUPPLY CHAIN

Neinor Homes' values and commitments are also extendible to its entire supply chain, as it is aware that, in order to guarantee excellence and quality levels, it is important to work actively to **successfully manage the long-term relationship** with contractors, suppliers and collaborating companies. In this connection, we are working to promote a relationship of closeness and trust in which suppliers act as **strategic partners** of the company.

EVOLUTION OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF SUPPLIERS AND LOCAL SUPPLIERS



Neinor Homes works mainly with **three types of suppliers**: construction companies, professionals (Architects, Construction Execution Directors, Project Managers, Health and Safety Coordinators, etc.) and companies providing various types of services (kitchen furniture, geotechnics, topography, OCT, BREEAM, quality control companies, etc.).

In total, in 2023 Neinor Homes worked with **164 suppliers**. Of these, 104 (63% of the total) were local suppliers. This high percentage of local suppliers demonstrates our faithful **commitment to contracting local suppliers**, local being understood as suppliers that operate in the same autonomous region where the development for which they work is carried out.

In order to attract the best suppliers in the market, it is essential to establish **strategic relationships with suppliers** that benefit both parties. In 2023, we extended the contracting of the Prescription Framework Agreements in projects started in 2018. This year we have eight new partners in ceramics (Geotiles and Honnün), ventilation (Siber),

construction materials (Segura Sarriá), vinyl flooring (Gerflor), lifts (Fain), laminate flooring (Berry Alloc) and exterior carpentry (Bizkalum), adding more companies to the list of direct partners with Neinor Homes.

On the other hand, Neinor Homes has negotiated **more than 60 framework prescription agreements** with manufacturers that strengthen the ties between the brand and the developer, both ends of the construction chain which, although they do not have a direct relationship, provide advantages such as preferential supply, support for the sales network, etc. To name but a few, there are agreements on ceramic finishes, wood flooring, exterior and interior carpentry, air conditioning, lifts, sanitary ware and taps, electrical mechanisms, etc.

10.2. RESPONSIBLE PROCUREMENT MANAGEMENT

Neinor Homes' procurement management is based on **principles that must be complied with** before, during and after contracting. Throughout the entire process, suppliers must comply with Neinor Homes' values and integrity policies based on the Code of Ethics, the specific clauses for contracting suppliers, the Code of Conduct for third parties sent to suppliers for their knowledge and signature, and the Anti-Corruption, Fraud and Bribery Policy. In addition, Neinor Homes guarantees the ethical and environmental standards of each of the links in the supply chain.

Neinor Homes has a **procurement management procedure** as a framework for action in the area of pricing that describes a systematic process and enables the work to be standardised for the entire organisation in order to avoid any type of risk in the value chain. The procurement management procedure has been approved by the Management Committee.

Suppliers must comply with Neinor Homes' values and integrity policies.

DEPARTMENTS INVOLVED IN PROCUREMENT MANAGEMENT

The following departments are involved in procurement procedures, performing various functions:

- **Purchasing Department**: in charge of the complete contracting process, from the selection of construction companies to the award proposal and signing of the contract.
- **Technical Department**: participates in the selection of construction companies, resolves any doubts that may arise and reviews the project.
- **Compliance Department:** is informed by the Purchasing Department of the bid opening tables during tenders with construction companies.
- **Directorate General Operations**: sin charge of approving contracts.
- **CEO:** in charge of approving recruitment.
- Management Committee: approves major contracts.
- **Internal Audit Directorate**: conducts regular audits of the procurement management model and its compliance.

For work on units and services, which are similar in all developments, there are Framework Contracts with Suppliers and Prescription Framework Agreements with Manufacturers. These provide a prescription with specific conditions (prices, supply preferences, etc.) to be met by the developments. In general, the aim is to **optimise contracting** by emphasising the achievement of the deadlines set, compliance with the budget and, of course, without compromising the quality of the projects set by our standards and procedures. This results in a mutually beneficial relationship both for Neinor Homes, which achieves the best conditions in terms of quality and price, and for the manufacturers and subcontractors, who manage to increase their turnover and improve their own image by being prescribed by a developer of recognised prestige. Finally, this relationship also results in an increase in quality by achieving a commitment to excellence on all sides.

In addition, these Framework Agreements also establish a sustainable environment of trust and loyalty with the supplier, and result in higher standard qualities and a better response of the supplier to complaints, which in most cases results in higher customer satisfaction.

At Neinor Homes, a computer app has been created to control and monitor the Framework Agreements signed. 8 new Framework Agreements were signed in 2023.

The Neinor Homes Purchasing and Contracting department has **19 performance procedures** that are updated annually to adapt them to the needs of the company. In 2023, the Construction Tendering and Supplier Evaluation Procedures were updated.

Framework
Agreements
promote equal
opportunities
and the equitable
distribution of
developments.

GENERAL PURCHASING MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE
Framework agreement procedure
Approval procedure for architects
Approval procedure for project manager
Approval procedure for construction companies
Approval procedure for intermediate works construction companies
Approval procedure for partner companies and construction companies for minor works
Approval procedure for DEO
Approval procedure for engineering companies
Tendering procedure for architects
Tendering procedure for consultants
Tendering procedure for construction companies
Tendering procedure for intermediate works
Tendering procedure for minor works - Other services
Tendering procedure, approval and evaluation of suppliers of commercial channels

GENERAL PURCHASING MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE

Procurement procedure for kitchen furniture and electrical appliances

Evaluation procedure for suppliers

Evaluation procedure for subcontractors

Kitchen reception procedure

Contract management and implementation procedure

One of the most important of these is the **Tendering Procedure for Construction Companies**, which aims to define the rules and documents necessary for selecting the companies that will carry out each of the developments. It details the phases of the tendering process: from the initial selection of construction companies, through the evolution of each of the selection processes, to the final award proposal based on a series of criteria related to the approval, technical and economic solvency, geographic footprint, sustainability and local experience of the ultimate construction company. This tendering process lasts 13 weeks.

In 2023 Neinor Homes has contracted **procurements worth 212 million euros from suppliers** to carry out its activity, all of which are Spanish companies. 63% of the total procurement volume has been invested in local suppliers operating in the same autonomous region where the development for which they work is being constructed. The volume of procurement has decerased by 30% due to a decrease in the volumeof contracting.

The tendering period lasts for 13 weeks.

10.3. SELECTION, APPROVAL AND EVALUATION OF SUPPLIERS

Neinor Homes ensures compliance with the highest sustainability standards among its suppliers. In this way, it ensures that it offers its customers sustainable and eco-efficient buildings that improve their quality of life.

For this reason, it has implemented a **demanding selection and approval process** that establishes the aspects to be analysed for each supplier, depending on the sector of the company in question and the service or product to be supplied. During 2023, a total of 28 new suppliers (including architectural and engineering firms) were approved. All of them were analysed according to ESG criteria. However, all suppliers must comply with the principles and requirements of Corporate Social Responsibility, sustainability and ethics and compliance of Neinor Homes, as well as with the international agreements of the International Labour Organisation and the United Nations Global Compact. **100% of the contracts** that Neinor Homes signs with its suppliers **include ESG** (Environmental, Social & Governance) **clauses**. Similarly, guarantees are required in matters such as health and safety, sustainability, confidentiality, prevention of money laundering, antibribery or corruption and prevention of criminal offences.

Neinor Homes has identified the main potential **environmental and social risks** in its supply chain, such as accidents, inadequate waste management or impact on biodiversity. In the current approval process, these risks are detected in each supplier, **rejecting those with negative impacts and thus excluding them from contracting**.

All suppliers must comply with the environmental legal provisions in the contract and be liable in the event of non-compliance.

In addition, Neinor Homes requests documentation relating to environmental management, quality and health and safety:

- Ecolabelling, Environmental Self-Declaration or Environmental Product Declaration.
- Copy of certifications such as UNE-EN ISO 9001 (quality), UNE-EN ISO 14001 (environment), UNE-EN ISO50001 (energy efficiency), and OHSAS (health and safety).
- BREEAM® certifications or others with similar characteristics.

Likewise, architects and builders are obliged to comply with the requirements of the White Book and the application of BREEAM® sustainability criteria (waste, pollution, energy, materials, etc.) is also positively valued. On the other hand, tax and employment responsibilities are guaranteed through remunerations consistent with the market and avoiding the hiring of third parties when there is a suspicion of tax fraud, influence peddling or any other symptom that goes against the company's policies and values.

In addition to aspects related to sustainability and the environment, Neinor Homes' contracting clauses include certain **clauses**, **declarations and commitments** related to different aspects that the contracted suppliers are obliged to comply with:



HEALTH AND SAFETY

- **Health and Safety Plan**: obligation to prepare a Health and Safety Plan that must be submitted to the Health and Safety Coordinator prior to the start of the works.
- Law 31/1995, of 8November, on Occupational Risk Prevention.
- **Royal Decree 1627/1997**, of 24October, on minimum health and safety provisions in construction works.
- Employer obligations on workers, information and training.



GIFTS AND PRESENTS

Express prohibition on soliciting gifts, favours, services on advantageous terms or invitations from suppliers, customers, intermediaries, agents, consultants or others.



BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION

- Adequate in-house policy against bribery and corruption or if not, must comply with that of Neinor Homes.
- Declaration of **knowledge and acceptance** of the rules contained in the **Anti-Corruption**Protocol
- Commitment to report any case of bribery or corruption to the Neinor Homes Ethics Channel.



PREVENTION OF MONEY LAUNDERING

- Law 10/2010, of 28 April on anti money laundering and combatting terrorist financing.
- **Royal Decree 304/2014,** of 5 May, applicable to natural and legal persons involved in real estate development business.
- Manual on the Prevention of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing.

Finally, Neinor Homes carries out a qualitative assessment of the subcontractors associated with its suppliers. The Procurement Department is in charge of monitoring, carrying out the evaluations using a computer application and taking into account criteria of quality, environment, health and safety, technical capacity and compliance with deadlines, among others. In this connection, during 2023 435 evaluations were carried out, all of which obtained a favourable score, covering 100% of the works carried out.

10.4. HEALTH AND SAFETY AND AWARENESS REQUIREMENTS

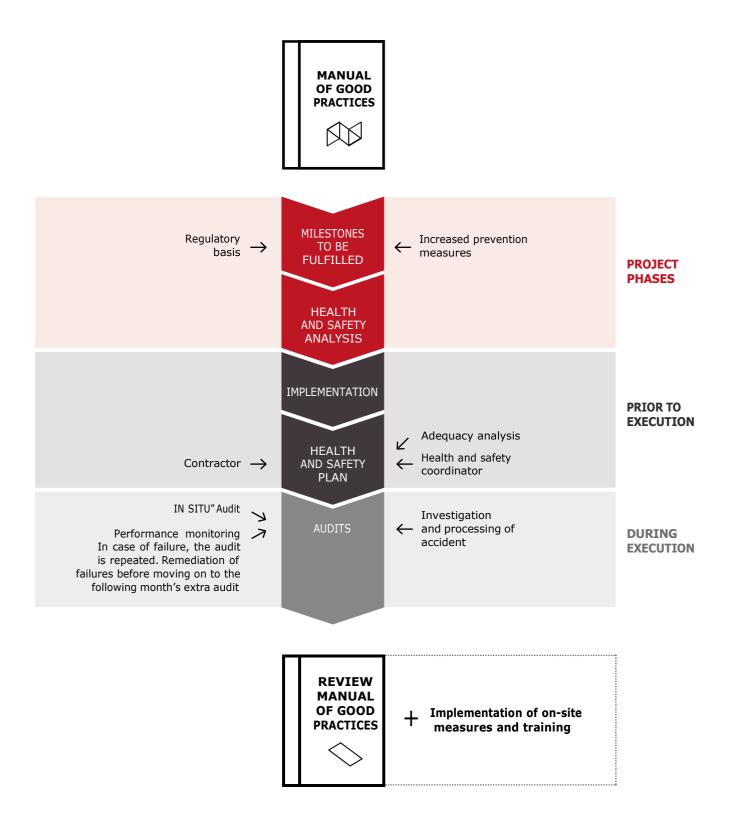
In the current market environment, there is a high demand for labour in a construction sector faced with **workers with limited experience**, low qualifications and, on occasions, an **increase in workplace accidents**. For Neinor Homes, safety and occupational risk prevention are two key factors in its developments.

Neinor Homes has a **Manual of Good Practices** to increase safety levels on the construction sites of its property developments, with the aim of minimising the risks to which personnel are exposed and thus achieving a **zero accident rate** on construction sites. The main measures include access control, the documentation required of contractors, subcontractors, workers and machinery, safety measures in the various phases of the work and the Emergency Plan for construction sites.

In each of the works, a **safety coordinator** is appointed in the execution phase of the work, who is responsible for ensuring compliance with the requirements established in the legislation in force and for ensuring compliance with the Occupational Risk Prevention Plan, as well as with the Manual of Good Practices. In addition, each contractor on site must designate at least one worker who is permanently present on site and whose part of the working day is devoted to preventive functions and at least one other worker responsible for the health and safety in their work.

In all open building sites, a leading occupational risk prevention consultancy company conducts **health and safety awareness courses**. All operators, technical staff, workers and project managers take part in these talks, and several talks are given in each development, depending on the phase of the project. Examples of accidents that have occurred are presented, proposing possible solutions to prevent them from happening again and specific content depending on the type of actions to be carried out on site.

In addition, **health and safety audits** are carried out on all construction sites, based on very rigorous criteria established in the Manual of Good Practices and over and above the regulations established in the sector. At least three audits must be carried out on each site.

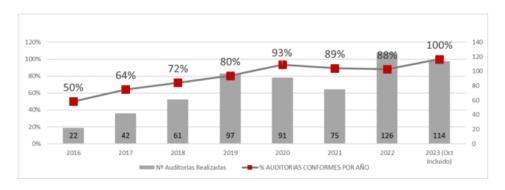


HEALTH AND SAFETY COMPLIANCE CRITERIA FOR CONSTRUCTION SITES

The health and safety audits carried out on construction sites consist of 2 parts. On the one hand, the status of the work is reviewed (compliance) with respect to **current legislation in force**, which must be 100% compliant. On the other hand, the **state of the work is reviewed with respect to the** Neinor Homes **Good Practices Manual**, with at least **75% compliance** being required in order to consider the audit as compliant. After three failed audits, the supplier will be automatically de-approved.

In 2023, **114 Health and Safety Audits** were carried out, which have shown that 98.70% have complied with health and safety regulations and 91.02% have complied with the Neinor Homes Good Practices Manual. Furthermore, the result of 100% of these audits was "Compliant".

% AUDITS COMPLIANT PER YEAR AND Nº AUDITS



In 2023 there were **135 accidents**, all of them male, with a frequency rate of 38.32 and a severity rate of 1.06.

ACCIDENTS PER HOMES DELIVERED



Below is our data for the last 3 years with the indices used by the Ministry of Employment and Social Economy.

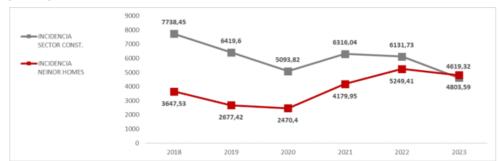
ACCIDENT RATES

TOTAL	CONST. SECTOR DEC - 2021*	NEINOR 2021	CONST. SECTOR DEC - 2022*	NEINOR 2022	CONST. SECTOR SEPT - 2023*	NEINOR OCT - 2023

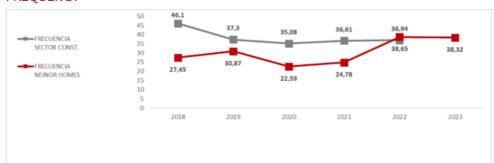
TOTAL	Sector Const Dic-2021 (*)	NEINOR 2021	Sector Const Dic-2022 (*)	NEINOR 2022	Sector Const Sep-23(*)	NEINOR OCTUBRE 23
Índice de Incidencia	6316,04	4179,95	6131,73	5249,41	4619,32	4803,59
Índice de Frecuencia	36,61	24,78	36,94	38,65	Pte. Publicación	38,32
Índice de Gravedad	1,32	0,57	1,34	0,91	Pte. Publicación	1,06

^{*} Public data for 2023 published by the Ministry of Labour and Social Economy are not yet available.

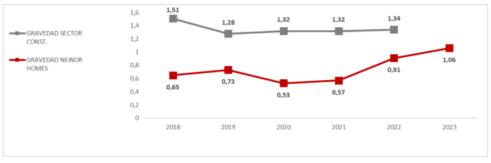
INCIDENCE



FREQUENCY



SEVERITY



Formula used for the calculation of the frequency and severity rate.

- WORKERS MONTHLY (T) = Average number of workers exposed.
- H TRAB MONTH (H) = Total No of hours actually worked.
- **J** = days not worked in the month in which this report is drawn up, including Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays, during the period of sick leave, not taking into account the days not worked for accidents on the way to and from work but taking into account relapses.

Frequency index = A * 1,000,000 / H

Severity index = J * 1,000 / H

Since the beginning of the alert due to the health situation caused by Covid-19, the priority objective for Neinor Homes has been to protect and safeguard the health and safety of people, adopting specific measures that have made it possible to preserve the health and safety of its workers and those working with it, both directly and indirectly.

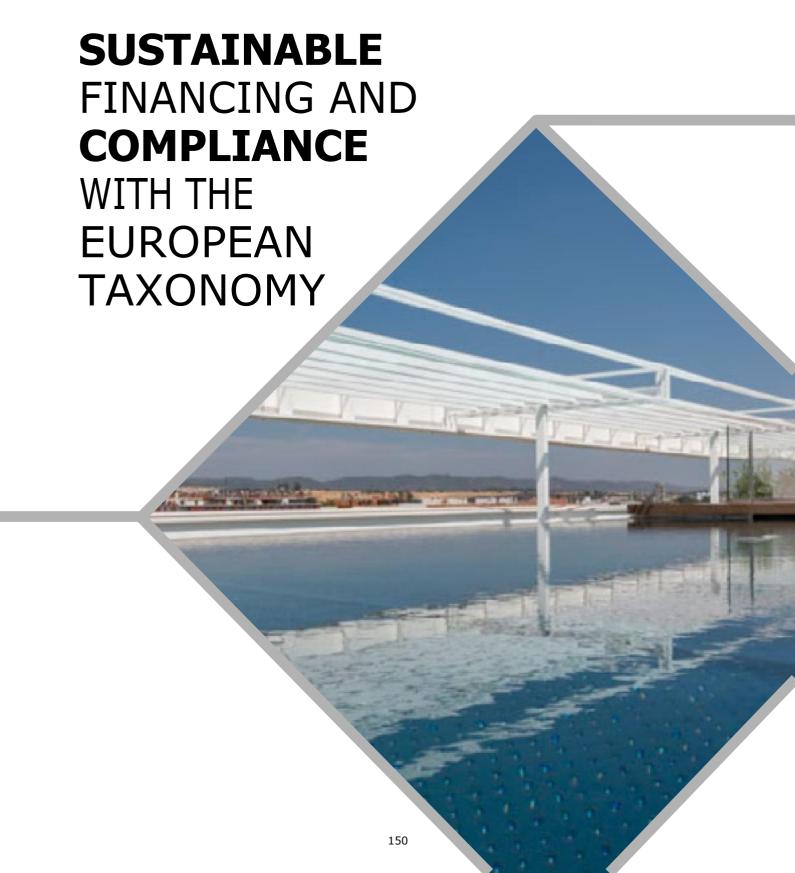
10.5. COMMUNICATION, SATISFACTION AND COOPERATION WITH SUPPLIERS

As a sign of its commitment to quality and ongoing improvement, Neinor Homes continuously evaluates the suppliers it works with and the results of these evaluations are analysed with the collaborators themselves at regular meetings. In 2023, **537 evaluations** were carried out.

For Neinor Homes, the brand image it presents to all the suppliers it works with is also very important. For this reason, it makes the Whistleblowing Channel available to them so that they can report any breach of ethics and integrity.

Neinor Homes mantiene una comunicación fluida y continua con sus proveedores.

 $^{^{*}}$ Public data for 2023 published by the Ministry of Labour and Social Economy are not yet available.



11. SUSTAINABLE FINANCING AND COMPLIANCE WITH THE EUROPEAN TAXONOMY

> OUR SUSTAINABLE FINANCE FRAMEWORK AND GREEN BOND

In the last decade, the financial sector has taken into account the importance it can play in the fight against climate change and in the transition to a carbon neutral economy, as it is key what kind of projects and companies are financed and where capital flows are directed. As a result, cleaner activities and financial assets that are considered sustainable are increasingly being financed. This change in direction is a response to the demands of society as a whole, but also to new regulations aimed at achieving a fairer and more sustainable economic environment, with the Paris Agreement of 2015 being key.

As part of its commitment to sustainability, Neinor Homes promotes the use of sustainable financing, which in the development business is mainly linked to the pursuance of sustainable and energy-efficient projects that promote the use of materials, designs, technologies and construction processes that respect the environment and people, while also improving the quality of life of the occupants.

In March 2021 Neinor Homes published its sustainable financing framework (with independent third party opinion from DNV) linked to the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals and aligned with the ICMA (International Capital Markets Association) Green Bond Principles, Social Bond Principles and Sustainability Bond Guidelines, as well as the LMA (Loan Market Association) Green Lending Principles. https://www.neinorhomes.com/uploads/documentos.contenidos/694/documento/Marco de financiacion sostenible.pdf

This framework specifies, among other issues, how the funds raised will be managed, the criteria for the evaluation and selection of projects, the submission of monitoring reports and the review by independent third parties. The sustainable financing framework also defines the criteria for a project to be eligible for funding through sustainable financing.

CATEGORY	SUBCATEGORY	DESCRIPTION OF ELIGIBLE ECOLOGICAL BENEFITS
Green buildings	Comply with internationally recognised standards or certifications	Acquisition or development of buildings in Spain that meet recognised standards, such as BREEAM® "Good" or "Very Good" certification. Such projects or properties will have a positive impact on the environment. More specifically, in climate change mitigation, pollution prevention and control, and resource efficiency.
Energy efficiency	New, more energy-efficient buildings	Acquisition or development of buildings that demonstrate above market performance energy efficiency (Energy Performance Certificates - CRE rating "B" or higher). This type of project or asset will have a positive impact on the environment. More specifically, on climate change mitigation, pollution prevention and control and on resource efficiency
Affordable housing	Affordable and social housing	Acquisition or development of buildings for affordable rental housing. In Spain, affordable rental housing is defined in general terms by a reduction in rent of approximately 20% compared to the market price. Acquisition or development of buildings for social housing purposes. In Spain, the exact parameters may vary according to the autonomous region, but in general there are three commonly used definitions: i) Publicly Subsidised Housing (VPO); ii) Basic Publicly Subsidised Housing (VPPB); iii) Publicly Subsidised Housing at a Limited Price (VPPL).
Employment generation	Employment and impact on local communities	Housing development activity has a direct impact on job creation and local communities through the preferential use of local suppliers

In order to assess the criteria for evaluating and selecting green projects, Neinor created a Sustainability Committee, which includes the CEO and other members of senior management. This committee is responsible for certifying which assets meet the eligibility criteria, identifying and managing the material environmental risks associated with projects, as well as monitoring the portfolio of eligible projects and proposing updates to the sustainable financing framework.

In this context and following the guidelines of the sustainable financing framework, **Neinor Homes** issued its first green bond in April 2021, becoming the **first European listed developer to issue such a bond**.

BASIC FACTS ABOUT THE NEINOR HO	DMES GREEN BOND
Issuer	Neinor Homes, S.A.
Guarantors	Neinor Homes, S.A.; Neinor Sur, S.A.U.; Neinor Península, S.L.U.; Neinor Norte, S.L.U. and Promociones Neinor 1, S.L.U.
Rating	B+/BB (S&P/Fitch)
Type of debt	Senior Unsecured
Nominal amount (EUR)	€300,000,000
Date of issue	29 April 2021
Expiry date	15 October 2026 (5.5 years)
Interest	4.5 % Half-yearly interest payments (15 April and 15 October)
Interest rate	Fixed
Second opinion	DNV
Negotiation of Bonds	"Global Exchange Market of the Irish Stock Exchange (Irish Stock Exchange plc) ('Euronext Dublin').
ISIN Code	XS2332219612
Initial subscribers	Deutsche Bank, J.P. Morgan AG, Banco Santander, S.A., Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A., CaixaBank, S.A., Natixis and Credit Suisse Securities, Sociedad de Valores, S.A.

The funds obtained through this Green bond were used to repay corporate debt of Quabit Inmobiliaria and Neinor Homes, thus eliminating any refinancing risk until 2026, as well as to make capital investments in the rental division, and to pay fees and commissions on the issue itself.

The bond issue was accompanied by a commitment by the company to allocate a similar amount to the proceeds of the bond (300 million euros) to residential projects with a positive impact on the environment. Objective and measurable criteria were used for this purpose, within the framework of sustainable financing. It was decided to choose developments with a BREEAM "Good" or "Very Good" rating and at the same time with a B or higher energy certificate.

	BY Nº OF DEVELOPMENTS	BY AMOUNT ALLOCATED	Nº OF HOMES
BREAM® "Good" rating	94%	96%	1,907
% BREAM® "Very Good" rating	6%	4%	60
BB energy certificates	38%	31%	556
BA energy certificates	31%	24%	602
AA energy certificates	31%	45%	809
Finished developments	75%	85%	1,647
WIP developments	25%	15%	320
North	37.5%	32.4%	606
Centre	18.8%	29.8%	466
Levant	12.5%	14.3%	312
South	18.8%	16.2%	457
East	12.5%	7.3%	126

Of the entire portfolio of land and developments in their various phases (study, development, construction, etc.) of Neinor Homes, it was determined that 18% of these fulfilled both conditions, opting for, within this 18%, the developments detailed below:

DEVELOPMENT	AMOUNT EARMARKED (THOUSANDS OF €)	BREEAM CERTIFICATE	EPC	YEAR OF DELIVERY
SOPELA HOMES (Vizcaya)	12,163	Good	ВА	2021
SALER HOMES (Valencia)	16,709	Good	ВА	2021
ZAHIR HOMES (Cordoba)	11,475	Good	ВА	2021
PLAÇA EUROPA 38 HOMES (Barcelona)	15,523	Good	ВВ	2021
SOLAGUA HOMES (Madrid)	6,363	Good	AA	2021
AIGUADOLÇ HOMES II (Barcelona)	6,262	Good	ВА	2021
HACIENDA HOMES (Málaga)	26,319	Good	ВА	2021
ARETXABALETA HOMES (Álava)	7,010	Good	ВВ	2021
BOLUETA HOMES (Vizcaya)	52,245	Good	AA	2021
AMARA HOMES, LAS ROZAS (Madrid)	55,532	Good	AA	2021
BULEVAR HOMES, TEMPRANALES (Madrid)	27,509	Good	ВВ	2021
RIBERA HOMES (Vizcaya)	16,924	Good	AA	2021
DESIGN HOMES III (Vizcaya)	5,304	Good	ВВ	2022
MISTRAL HOMES (Valencia)	26,197	Good	BB	2022
SERENA HOMES, FASE 1B (Málaga)	10,817	Very Good	ВВ	2022
ARBAIZENEA HOMES, 2º FASE (Guipuzcoa)	3,647	Good	AA	2023
	300,000			

These developments total 1,967 dwellings, with a built area of 227,689 m2, excluding common areas.

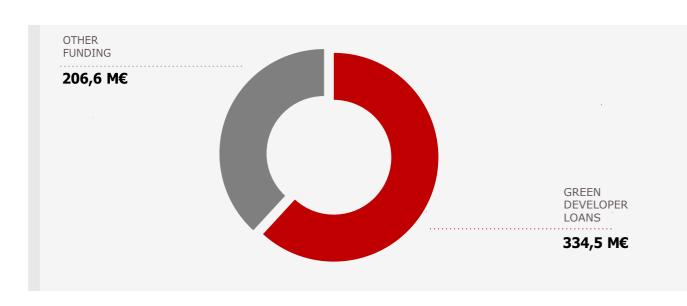
The company issued its green bond principles compliance report, the "2021 Green Bond Report", detailing all material aspects relating to the Green Bond issue, which has a favourable independent expert opinion from KPMG, validating that all funds have been allocated to sustainable projects. https://www.neinorhomes.com/uploads/documentoscontenidos/1034/documento/Informe-de-bono-verde-2021.pdf

On 28 April 2023, the company communicated a relevant fact informing of the confirmation of the voluntary early redemption of all the outstanding simple bonds issued by the Company in April 2021 under the issue called "€300,000,000 4.500% Senior Secured Notes due 2026", associated with the Green Bond. Consequently, the bonds were fully redeemed and cancelled.

> COMPOSITION OF THE NEINOR HOMES DEBT PORTFOLIO

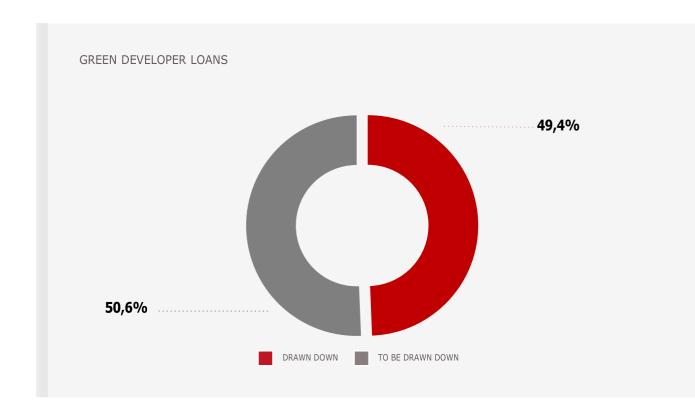
Neinor Homes' debt portfolio includes other forms of sustainable financing, such as Green Developer Loans, through which the company is currently financing most of its new property development projects. **Green Developer Loans** are considered to be those granted by banks that finance the development of sustainable buildings, and which generally have discounts on the interest rate with respect to other forms of financing.

The composition of **Neinor Homes' debt portfolio**, at 31 December 2023, considering both drawn down and undrawn debt, is as follows:



The company's debt at 31 December 2023 was 62% sustainable financing (46% of the total amount drawn down) and it should be noted that all developer loans currently signed are green, representing Neinor's main source of financing for its projects, thus integrating sustainability into Neinor's business strategy and contributing to the wellbeing of society as a whole while generating added value for the investment community.

The proportion of the amount drawn down against the debt limits for green developer loans is shown below, with \le 165 million drawn down out of a signed amount of \le 334 million:

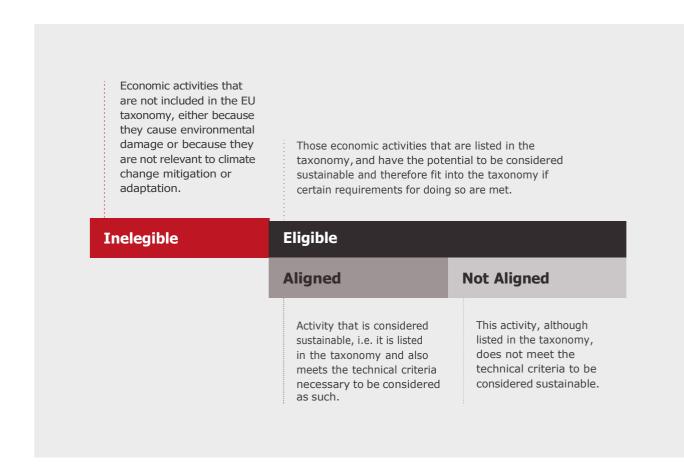


> OUR ALIGNMENT WITH THE EU TAXONOMY

The EU Taxonomy is a common classification system for sustainable economic activities, which will serve as a common language to talk about sustainability and to be able to define with certainty what we mean when we say that a company or a project is sustainable.

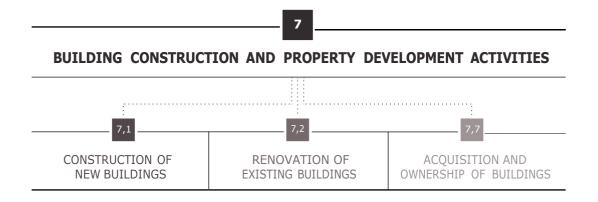
In order to achieve the environmental objectives defined in the European Green Pact and the Paris Agreement and the goals of the 2030 Agenda, it is vital that financial flows are channelled to activities, companies and projects with a positive impact on the environment, which is why the EU Commission has promoted this system. Thanks to this taxonomy, investors will be better protected from greenwashing and investments will be channelled to those companies and projects that are truly efficient in their use of natural resources.

La taxonomía clasifica las actividades económicas en elegibles y no elegibles, y, a su vez, en alineadas y no alineadas:



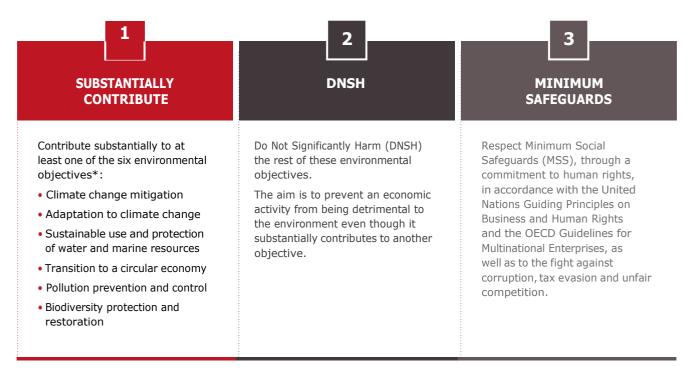
According to the EU Commission, buildings are responsible for 40% of energy consumption and 36% of carbon emissions in the EU, so the way new buildings are constructed and existing buildings are renovated plays a very important role in mitigating climate change. The real estate sector therefore has a major responsibility in moving towards a carbon neutral economy.

Due to the above, the real estate activity has been defined as eligible within the EU taxonomy, which is a great opportunity for Neinor Homes to attract responsible and sustainable financing and to be aligned with the issues that are really important in terms of sustainability.



The company's eligibility percentage is 88.5% turnover, 98% Capex and 98.3% Opex.

To be **aligned with the taxonomy**, and therefore considered environmentally sustainable, **an economic activity must meet 3 conditions**:



^{*} Currently only the first two of the six environmental objectives have been implemented.

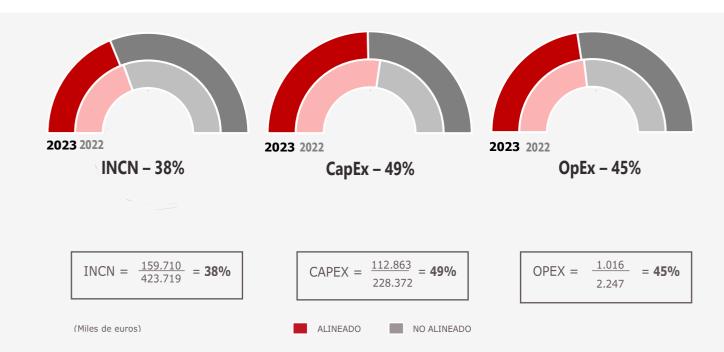
Companies must identify and report the percentages of their economic activities that are aligned with the Taxonomy, based on key indicators such as INCN (Turnover), CAPEX (Capital Expenditure) and OPEX (Operating Expenses). In 2022, Neinor Homes carried out an analysis of its economic activities to determine their alignment with the EU Taxonomy, the results of which are published in this report.

This analysis is extremely useful for aligning the company's sustainability efforts with what society, investors and regulators demand and what contributes most to achieving an efficient use of material and energy resources. In addition, this initial assessment will serve as a baseline against which the company's sustainability performance can be monitored in subsequent years.

An initial analysis has been carried out considering only those developments completed in 2023. In other words, without taking into account the turnover or financial figures of those developments completed in years prior to 2023 and delivered during this financial year or the figures resulting from other business lines. The percentages expressed below have been calculated by dividing the turnover, CapEx and OpEx figures of those developments delivered in 2023 that were in line with the taxonomy by the figures of the total number of developments completed in the year.

Developments delivered in 2023 aligned with the taxonomy

The degree of alignment with the EU taxonomy for developments completed in 2023 was as follows:



Additionally, the CapEx imputed in the year corresponding to the developments in progress not completed in the year that it is estimated will meet the requirements to be aligned with the taxonomy has been calculated. The CapEx aligned with the taxonomy for developments in progress in 2023 has been to Euros 99,736 thousand.

In order to assess the eligibility of its economic activities and their alignment with the EuropeanTaxonomy, **Neinor Homes has implemented a five-step methodology**, which has yielded the above results. This methodology includes the following steps:

IDENTIFICATION OF ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES	LIGIBLE CONTRIBUTION IVITIES ANALYSIS DNSH sification Assessment of Verification of compliance with compliance ble and the technical with qualitative		DUE DILIGENCE OF MINIMUM SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS	CALCULATION OF FINANCIAL METRICS
Classification of activities into eligible and non-eligible activities taking RD 2021/2139 as a reference	compliance with	compliance	Due Diligence process should be aligned with OECD	Calculation of KPIs after studying group alignment

Firstly, an identification of the eligible economic activities was carried out, following the guidelines established by Regulation (RD) 2021/2139. Once the eligible activities had been identified, a series of tests and corroborations were carried out on the buildings completed throughout 2023, in order to verify compliance with the guidelines of substantial contribution with at least one of the objectives defined by the European Commission and the DNSH criteria (Do Not Cause Significant Harm), and in other cases, certain measures have been taken to achieve compliance with these criteria, as detailed below:

SUBSTANTIAL CONTRIBUTION TO CLIMATE CHANGE MITIGATION

- The non-renewable primary energy consumption that defines the energy performance of buildings is at least 10% below the threshold set for the requirements for Nearly Zero Energy Buildings (NZEB) in Spain.
- Buildings over 5000 m2 are thermographically and blower door tested upon completion.
- For buildings larger than 5000m2 the Global Warming Potential of the resulting building LCA has been calculated.

COMPLIANCE WITH	H DNSH CRITERIA
ADAPTATION TO CLIMATE CHANGE	POLLUTION
An assessment of physical climate risks material to the activity has been carried out and adaptation solutions that reduce the most important identified physical climate risks that are material to that activity are incorporated at the time of design and construction. The adaptation solutions applied do not negatively affect the adaptation effort of: other people, nature, cultural heritage, property and of other economic activities. In addition, they are consistent with local, sectoral, regional or national adaptation plans and consider the use of nature-based solutions or are based on green or blue infrastructure. WATER AND MARINE RESOURCES	 The components and building materials used in the construction meet the established criteria. Building components and materials used in construction that may come into contact with occupants emit less than 0.06 mg formaldehyde per m³ of material and less than 0.001 mg of other category 1A and 1B carcinogenic volatile organic compounds per m³. Where new construction is located on a potentially contaminated site, the site has been subject to an investigation for potential contaminants. Measures have been taken to reduce noise, dust and pollutant emissions during construction or maintenance works.
WATER AND MARINE RESOURCES	BIODIVERSITY AND ECOSYSTEMS
To avoid impact on site, measures are taken to protect and optimise water consumption.	 An Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) has been completed, where necessary or prechecked. The buildings have not been built on: Arable land Green land of recognised high biodiversity value and land serving as habitat for threatened species (flora and fauna) included in the European Red List or the IUCN Red List; Land that meets the FAO definition of forests

CIRCULAR ECONOMY

- At least 70 % of the non-hazardous construction and demolition waste generated on the construction site is prepared for reuse, recycling and recovery of other materials in accordance with the waste hierarchy and the EU Protocol on the Management of Construction and Demolition Waste. In addition, operators limit the generation of waste in construction and demolition related processes in accordance with the EU Protocol on Construction and Demolition Waste Management and taking into account best available techniques and using selective demolition to enable the safe disposal and handling of hazardous substances and to facilitate high quality reuse and recycling through selective disposal of materials, using the available sorting systems for construction and demolition waste.
- Building designs and construction techniques support circularity and in particular demonstrate, with reference to ISO 20887, how they are designed to be more resource efficient, adaptable, flexible and demountable to enable reuse and recycling.

The developments within **the portfolio of developments delivered** in the 2023 financial year that, following this analysis, were determined to be **aligned with the EU taxonomy** are as follows:

(thousand of €)

DEVELOPMENT	ECONOMIC ACTIVIY	REVENUE	CapEx	OpEx
STYLE HOMES IV	Sale	12,332	6,019	49
STYLE HOMES III	Sale	12,809	1,575	50
AQUA HOMES	Sale	13,835	18,457	130
DELTA HOMES	Rental	-	6,050	30
AKURA HOMES	Sale	4,311	3,745	22
PARLA A3-A4	Rental	-	2,991	141
PARLA N10	Rental	-	1,218	58
PALAO M09	Rental	-	6,399	32
SALINA M42	Rental	-	11,096	54
SAONA M47	Rental	-	15,757	83
BOSKO HOMES	Sale	16,881	6,990	60
DUAL HOMES	Rental	25,500	7,601	58
SAN ANDRES HOMES	Sale	13,282	17,311	73
ARBAIZENEA HOMES II	Sale	8,673	1,847	16
SEVILLA RENTAL	Rental	-	5,806	2
EUROPA RENTAL HOMES	Rental	52,088	-	158
		159,711	112,862	1,016

Neinor Homes is committed to ensuring that all completed rental developments comply with all the requirements established by the taxonomy, as the company plans, designs and builds these developments, implementing measures to ensure that they comply with all the criteria for alignment with the taxonomy. **In 2023, the company has fulfilled this commitment** in all its developments for the Rental business line.

MINIMUM SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS

Along with the verifications of compliance with the technical criteria, an analysis of the requirements for assessing compliance with the Minimum Social Safeguards has been carried out, verifying compliance with the following requirements in the company:

- 1. Firstly, a human rights due diligence process has been implemented in accordance with the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs) and the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises. The Group's Human Rights Policy, published in 2022, defines the principles applied for human rights due diligence.
 - For this reason, a series of commitments have been incorporated to safeguard human rights in the company.
 - Any impact or incident that may affect these safeguards is monitored and assessed.
 - Disciplinary action is taken for any behaviour that undermines human rights compliance.
 - The entire compliance structure, the code of ethics and is structured with a view to reporting and preventing incidents of this nature.
- The company has a Human Rights policy approved in the 2022 financial year by the Board of Neinor Homes and published on the corporate website.
 https://www.neinorhomes.com/en/responsible-business-and-innovation/our-commitment/humanrights-policy/
- 3. The company has no knowledge or evidence that this process has not been properly implemented or that human rights violations have been committed.
- 4. The company has processes in place to prevent corruption such as adequate internal controls, ethics and compliance programmes, and measures to prevent and detect bribery. In this regard, we have a Code of Ethics, Whistleblowing Channel, Anti-Corruption and Fraud Policy, Corporate Criminal Liability Prevention Model and controls to mitigate or eliminate corruption risks.
- 5. On the other hand, the company has a whistleblowing channel, which is governed by its management procedure following the guidelines of the Code of Ethics through which employees can expose and report inappropriate behaviour. All communications made through this channel are treated in accordance with Directive (EU) 2019/1937, guaranteeing the confidentiality of the parties involved and allowing the sending of anonymous communications when the informant so wishes.
- 6. All active litigation of the company has been consulted, as well as litigation that has been ongoing since the company was incorporated, and no litigation and therefore no convictions have been detected on the following aspects:
 - Those related to corruption or bribery.
 - Related to tax evasion.
 - Related to the violation of competition laws.

- 7. In addition, Neinor Homes promotes employee awareness of the importance of compliance with all applicable competition laws and regulations. In this regard, compliance training is provided on an annual basis and, additionally, a series of letters / confirmations are issued which employees receive and must express their understanding and acceptance.
- **8.** Finally, governance and tax compliance are important elements of oversight and there are appropriate tax risk management strategies and processes in place. In this regard, the company has a Tax Policy and good tax practices.

On the basis of the above and all that is explained in this sustainability report in terms of the company's governance and practices, we consider that, as far as the European taxonomy is concerned, we comply with the minimum social safeguards for all our activities.

> SCHEDULE. NEINOR HOMES' ELIGIBILITY AND ALIGNMENT RATIOS

Below are the percentages of eligibility and alignment of the economic activities of Neinor Homes with the EU taxonomy, based on the procedures and key indicators described in Annex II of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178. The figures and percentages presented here have been analysed for each of the Group's companies, although they are presented at a consolidated level.

The eligible activities for the taxonomy, within the whole group activity, are as follows:

- 7. Building construction and property development activities
 - **7.1.** Construction of new buildings
 - 7.2. Renovation of existing buildings
 - **7.7.** Acquisition and ownership of buildings

Having defined the company's eligible activities within its business and activity lines, the company's eligibility percentage in terms of Turnover, CapEx and OpEx has been calculated as 88.5%, 98% and 98.3%, respectively.

Regarding the proportion of these activities that is considered aligned for the company, it has been considered to analyse compliance with the requirements and report only on those developments already completed, either for sale or for rent, for two reasons:

- We believe that it is only when the development is fully completed that we are absolutely certain that the technical criteria have been met and we do not rely on the study, intentions or what was foreseen in the project, given that there are many circumstances that produce unexpected results in the analysis or changes in the projects.
- This would lead to greater complexity in tracking the alignment of turnover, Capex and Opex, given that in one year that it might be aligned and the reality in the following year prove otherwise, which would lead to having to rewrite the amounts provided in previous periods.

This consideration implies that, since 2022 was the first year in which compliance with taxonomy requirements was analysed for developments delivered in that year, and for reporting this data, in this year the figures considered aligned only include developments completed in 2022 and 2023. Therefore, the turnover of revenue generated by homes sold in developments completed before 2022 is not considered, nor is the CapEx or OpEx generated by developments under construction but not delivered in the year, even if they are developments that will be delivered in the future and meet the criteria and are aligned.

However, for information purposes only, the company has estimated, among those developments in the development phase that have not yet been delivered, which are expected to meet all taxonomic requirements once construction is completed. Capital expenditure, or CapEx, on these developments during the year amounted to 99,736 thousand euros. This figure is not included in the table relating to the proportion of CapEx from products or services associated with economic activities that comply with the taxonomy, for the reasons explained above.

> TURNOVER

The taxonomy-compliant turnover ratio has been calculated as the share of net turnover derived from products or services, including intangibles, associated with economic activities that comply with the taxonomy (numerator), divided by net turnover (denominator) as defined in Article 2(5) of Directive 2013/34/EU. Turnover includes revenue recognised in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 1, paragraph 82(a), as adopted by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1126/2008(1).

For this, the numerator contains the sum of the turnover of those activities and projects eligible for the taxonomy, having performed an alignment analysis only on buildings completed in 2023 and 2022. As this indicator is reported in subsequent years, the results of the alignment analysis on completed buildings in each financial year will be added.

> CAPEX

For the calculation of eligible and aligned CapEx percentages, the denominator includes additions to tangible and intangible assets during the year before depreciation, amortisation and possible revaluations, including those resulting from revaluations and impairments, for the year, excluding changes in fair value. As well as the costs detailed in 1.1.2.1. of Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178. Leases that do not result in the recognition of a right of use of the asset are not accounted for as Capex.

The numerator consists of the part of the investments in assets included in the denominator, related to assets or processes associated with economic activities that conform to the taxonomy.

> OPEX

For the calculation of the OpEx denominator, non-capitalised direct costs are included which relate to research and development, building renovation measures, short-term leases, maintenance and repairs as well as other direct expenses related to the day-to-day maintenance of property, plant and equipment assets by the company or a third party to whom activities are outsourced and which are necessary to ensure the continued effective operation of these assets.

The numerator in this case is composed of the part of operational expenditure related to processes or activities in line with the taxonomy, in accordance with the criteria set out in 1.1.3.1. of Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178.

Double counting has been avoided in the allocation in the numerator of key performance indicators relating to turnover, Capex and Opex of all economic activities, by following accounting rules that ensure that figures associated with the same account are not consolidated in different indicators; and by eliminating intercompany balances relating to work carried out for group companies, which might otherwise appear in two different indicators.

The Opex and Capex figures disclosed in this section may differ from those in the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023, as they have been calculated in accordance with Annex I of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178.

						riterios ución s	de ustancial		perji ("DN	uicio SH" c	e aus signit "No ignifi	fication caus	vo a o		.	•	
Actividades económicas	Códigos	Volumen de negocio absoluto (€)	Proporción del volumen de negocio (%)		Mitigación del cambio climático (%)	Economía circular (%)	Adaptación al cambio climático (%)	Mitigación del cambio climático (S/N)	Adaptación al cambio climático (S/N)	Recursos hídricos y marinos (S/N)	Economía circular (S/N)	Contaminación (S/N)	Biodiversidad y ecosistemas (S/N)	Garantías Mínimas Sociales (S/N)	Proporción del volumen de negocio que se ajusta a la taxonomía, 2023 (%)	Proporción del volumen de negocio que se ajusta a la taxonomía, 2022 (%)	Categoría (actividad facilitadora) (F)
A. Actividades elegibles según la taxonomía																	
A.1. Actividades medioambientalmente sostenibles (que se ajustan a la ta	xono	mía)															
Construcción de edificios nuevos	7.1		86.175	31,9%	31,9%	0,0	% 0,0%	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	31,9%	6 18,3	3%
Volumen de negocios de actividades medioambientalmente sostenibles		100 1	86.175	21.00/	21.00	0.00	v 0.00v								24.00	, 10.7	30/
(que se ajustan a la taxonomía) (A.1) A.2. Actividades elegibles según la taxonomía, pero no medioambientalm	nente			31,9% idades qu					1						31,9%	6 18,3	<i>7</i> 0
Construcción de edificios nuevos	7.1		77.264	55,5%		Jacuir		a									
Renovación de edificios existentes	7.2		52.562	0,5%													
Adquisición y propiedad de edificios	7.7		707.000	0,6%													
Volumen de negocios de actividades elegibles según la taxonomía, pero no medioambientalmente sostenibles (actividades que no se ajustan a la taxonomía) (A.2)			36.825	56,6%													
		333		30,070													

11,5%

100,0%

67.907.000

590.630.000

Volumen de negocios de actividades no elegibles según la taxonomía (B)

Total (A + B)

								Criterios de contribución sustancial				Criterios de ausencia de perjuicio significativo ("DNSH" o "No causa o perjuicio significativo")										
Actividades económicas	Códigos	CapEx absoluto (€)		rción del CapEx (%)	Mitigación del cambio climático (%)	Economía circular (%)		Adaptación al cambio climático (%)	Mitigación del cambio climático (S/N)	Adaptación al cambio climático (S/N)	Recursos hídricos y marinos (S/N)	Economía circular (S/N)	Contaminación (S/N)	Biodiversidad y ecosistemas (S/N)	Garantías Mínimas Sociales (S/N)	Proporción de las CapEx que se ajusta a la taxonomía, Año 2023 (%)	Año 2022 (%)	CapEx que se aiusta a la	Categoría (actividad de transición) (T) Categoría (actividad facilitadora) (F)			
A. Actividades elegibles según la taxonomía																						
A.1. Actividades medioambientalmente sostenibles (que se ajustan a la ta									1 -													
Construcción de edificios nuevos	7.1		112.863.280	30,0%		,0%	0,0%	0,0%	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	30,0		8,9%				
Adquisición y propiedad de edificios	7.7		-	0,0%	0,	,0%	N/A	0,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,0	%	2,7%				
CapEx de las actividades medioambientalmente sostenibles (que se ajustan a la taxonomía) (A.1)			112.863.280	30,0%	30,	,0%	0,0%	0,0%								30,0	%	11,3%				
A.2. Actividades elegibles según la taxonomía, pero no medioambientalm	nente s	soste	enibles (activid	ades que	no se	ajusta	n a la t	axonon	nía)													
Construcción de edificios nuevos	7.1		255.739.639	68,0%																		
CapEx de actividades elegibles según la taxonomía, pero no medioambientalmente sostenibles (actividades que no se ajustan a la taxonomía) (A.2)			255.739.639	68,0%																		
Total (A.1 + A.2)			368.602.919	98,0%												30,0	%	11,3%				
B. ACTIVIDADES NO ELEGIBLES SEGÚN LA TAXONOMÍA				•														•				
Volumen de negocios de actividades no elegibles según la taxonomía (B)			7.360.228	2,0%																		
volumen de negocios de detividades no ciegistes segun la taxonomia (2)																						

Proporción de las CapEx procedentes de productos o servicios asociados a actividades económicas que se ajustan a la taxonomía-divulgación correspondiente al año

Proporción de las OpEx procedentes de productos o servicios asociados a actividades económicas que se ajustan a la taxonomía-divulgación co	rrespondiente
al año 2023	

						Criterios de contribución sustancial					Criterios de ausencia de perjuicio significativo ("DNSH" o "No causa o I perjuicio significativo")									
Actividades económicas	Códigos	OpEx absoluto (€)		Proporción del OpEx (%)		Mitigación del cambio climático (%)	Economía circular (%)		Adaptación al cambio climático (%)	Mitigación del cambio climático (S/N)	Adaptación al cambio climático (S/N)	Recursos hídricos y marinos (S/N)	Economía circular (S/N)	Contaminación (S/N)	Biodiversidad y ecosistemas (S/N)	Garantías Mínimas Sociales (S/N)	Proporción del OpEx que se ajusta a la taxonomía, Año 2023	Proporción del OpEx que se ajusta a la taxonomía, Año 2022	Categoría (actividad facilitadora) (F)	Categoría (actividad de transición) (T)
A. Actividades elegibles según la taxonomía																				
A.1. Actividades medioambientalmente sostenibles (que se ajustan a la	taxon	omía	1)																	
Construcción de edificios nuevos	7.1		1.158.246		54,1%	54,1	%	0,0%	0,0%	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	54,1%	19,	1%	
Adquisición y propiedad de edificios	7.7	,	-		0,0%	0,0)%	N/A	0,0%	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	0,0%	5,	0%	
OpEx de actividades medioambientalmente sostenibles (que se ajustar a la taxonomía) (A.1)	l	1	1.158.246		54,1%	54,1	%		0,0%								54,1%	24,	1%	
A.2. Actividades elegibles según la taxonomía, pero no medioambienta	alment	e sos	tenibles (act	tividad	les que	no se a	justa	n a la	a taxon	omía)									
Construcción de edificios nuevos	7.1		392.676		18,4%															
Renovación de edificios existentes	7.2	<u>.</u>	280.747		13,1%															
Adquisición y propiedad de edificios	7.7	·	270.981		12,7%															
OpEx de actividades elegibles según la taxonomía, pero no medioambientalmente sostenibles (actividades que no se ajustan a la taxonomía) (A.2)			944.404		44,2%															
Total (A.1 + A.2)		2.	.102.650		98,3%												54,1%	24,	1%	
B. Actividades no elegibles según la Taxonomía																				
OpEx de actividades no elegibles según la taxonomía (B)			37.050		1,7%															
Total (A + B)		2	.139.700	4	00,0%															



12. OUR BIG SUSTAINABILITY MILESTONES AND NEXT STEPS

At the date of publication of this Statement of Non-Financial Information, and in accordance with the orientation set by the company in terms of diversification, growth, business continuity and commitment to sustainability, this section includes the main milestones achieved in the year in terms of sustainability and the next steps that we believe will contribute to the creation of value for the entire environment in which the company operates.

In this regard, we believe that this section can be a summary guide to our entire Report and more specifically to the company's ESG focus and concerns.

> MAIN MILESTONES

Regarding our team.

- Maintaining the security and economic well-being of our staff and suppliers by ensuring the continuity of the company, maintaining the development activity, diversifying businesses, creating coinvestment operations and making strategic financial decisions.
- The company's Equality Plan has been agreed, developed and approved for the 2023 financial year. Plan that includes actions and measures to ensure complete gender equality in the company in all areas.
- Implementation of measures to promote a healthy lifestyle for our employees (fresh fruit in offices, mindfulness workshops, collaboration for sports practice with sports centres, access to therapy and healthy nutrition tools, etc.).

Regarding society and housing accessibility.

- The world's first listed real estate developer to measure and publish the social impact of all its developments. (See point 5.4)
 https://www.neinorhomes.com/en/responsible-business-and-innovation/ourcommitment/social-impact-measurement/
- First national listed real estate developer to reach a public-private partnership agreement to build 4,500 social rental homes in Barcelona and its Metropolitan Area through the mixed company Habitatge Metròpolis Barcelona (HMB). (See point 5.3)
- First national listed developer to establish a business line dedicated to the development of affordable housing.
- The developer that has delivered the most social housing in the last three years and has the most social housing developments underway.
- Involved in the analysis and search for solutions with different

entities, organisations and foundations to solve the problem of homelessness in Spain. (See point 5.3).

Regarding customers.

- We have been pioneers in trying to improve the process of acquiring a home for our customers, providing them with better information on the evolution of the construction of their home (monthly newsletters) as well as offering a totally free service of insurance against nonpayment (Family Homes Protection), so that for circumstantial reasons they cannot lose their rights and the amounts previously paid.
- In addition, through collaboration agreements with partners, we offer the possibility of a totally free utilities/supply sign-up service, which our customers can access in a simpler, more exclusive and personalised way, and the availability of tools that allow for greater information and control, and therefore a reduction in energy consumption in their homes.

Regarding the environment

- First national real estate developer to annually measure its corporate carbon footprint in scopes 1, 2 and 3, establishing a commitment to reduce emissions with SBti. (See point 8.2).
- First national listed real estate developer to carry out a climate risk analysis of its homes. (See point 8.5)
- Spanish real estate developer with the highest number of Breeam® certified developments at source.
- Company that performs life cycle analysis on all its developments launched since the 2022 financial year.
- First company in the real estate sector to publish eligibility and alignment data with the European taxonomy from 2022. (See point 11)

At the corporate governance level.

- First national listed real estate developer to issue a green bond and to justify it in the first year. (See point 11)
 - https://www.neinorhomes.com/en/responsible-business-and-innovation/sustainability/green-bond-report/
- First national listed real estate developer to draw up and make public its Strategic Sustainability Plan and to report on its implementation and updating (see point 3).
 - https://www.neinorhomes.com/en/responsible-business-and-innovation/sustainability/sustainabilityplan/
- Real estate developer committed from the start of its activity to the transparency of its non-financial information, publishing its Sustainability Report since 2016 without being obliged to do so and verified by an independent third party.
 - https://www.neinorhomes.com/en/responsible-business-andinnovation/sustainability/sustainability-report/
- Company that since its inception in all audits conducted in respect of financial accounts, non-financial accounts, compliance areas such as anti-money laundering, data protection and cybersecurity, has

not received any qualifications, paragraphs of uncertainty or any other relevant or significant observations.

 A company that is very scrupulous in terms of regulatory compliance and following best practices, as can be seen in the implementation and detail of its policies and in the acknowledgements to GRC and Internal Audit management, in various quality audits and in the various evaluations of the Board carried out by third parties.

https://www.neinorhomes.com/en/responsible-business-and-innovation/compliance/



This has led us to be recognised by Sustainalytics for the third consecutive year as the best ESG listed developer in the world. https://www.finanzas.com/esg/cotizada-esg/ promotoravence-ibex-35-en-esg/

But we have a long way to go.

Despite all these achievements, we still have a long way to go, especially at the sector level. The objective of Neinor Homes is not just to be a leader in sustainability, but to be a benchmark that facilitates the improvement of the sector in this area and the competition for the best practices in terms of sustainability, which will ensure the transition of real estate development towards sustainable development.

We know that many actors and factors are involved in the development activity, so there are many results that are not what we would like them to be and that have a degree of room for improvement. For this reason, we would like to express our most sincere apologies for any and all times when we have not been up to the mark in any of our areas of activity, such as execution, deadlines or customer service.

Alvaro Conde Herranz Head of GRC, Internal Audit and Sustainability of Neinor Homes S.A.

THE NEXT STEPS SPECIFIED BY US LAST YEAR

Our commitment and goals are detailed in our Sustainability Plan. However, every two years we reveal the small tactical actions and the closest next steps we are working on.

Here's where we stand on the "next steps" we published in the last financial year

- Improve human resources processes. (in progress)
- Improve customer service (after-sales). (in progress)
- Improve the company's processes concerning project management and execution. (in progress)
- Carry out the second social impact measurement of all our developments. (done)
- Seek construction means to try to reduce Scope 3 of our corporate carbon footprint. (done)
- More and more developments with A energy certification. (done)
- Provide guidance to our clients on measures to consider, with regard to energy efficiency and protection in the home. (in progress)
- Endeavour to comply with the European taxonomy in all the buildings that we are going to have in operation and to increase year by year the level of alignment at a global level in all our developments irrespective of their destination. (done)
- Participate in the analysis of housing accessibility problems (ESADE). (done)
- Create community and development channels in areas where we have a high concentration of product (Alovera and Urduliz). (in progress)
- Demonstrate to investors that it is a company that thinks about people and the environment, that has a high return and that creates wealth. (in progress)

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ABOUT THIS



SCOPE OF INFORMATION

Neinor Homes is presenting its Sustainability Report for the seventh time, this time corresponding to the 2023 financial year, in accordance with the guidelines contained in the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Guidelines. The objective of the Report is to respond both to the commitment to disclose its activities, as well as to the desire to be accountable to its stakeholders and to society. The information included in the Report is limited to the 2023 financial year.

In order to facilitate understanding of the business and to evaluate Neinor Homes' performance in various areas at present, reference is also made to the figures and events of the previous year, thus offering a broader perspective for analysis. The forward-looking information provided in this Report is based on an analysis of the current context and its expected evolution, and does not make a commitment to achieving these objectives.

The information included in the Report is complemented by other corporate documents that may be of interest for further information and which are available on the website **www.neinorhomes.com**

REPORTING STANDARDS USED

This Report has been prepared in accordance with the guidelines established in the Global Reporting Initiative's Sustainability Reporting Guidelines in its GRI Standards version, in accordance with the essential conformity option. The selection of relevant aspects has been carried out based on the results of the new materiality analysis carried out in 2022, which is explained below.

Furthermore, in order for Neinor Homes to continue to be one of the benchmark companies in its sector, this Report has been prepared in line with the recommendations and best practices established by EPRA Sustainability (European Public Real Estate Association). The table of GRI performance indicators included at the end of the Report indicates the pages where the related information is provided.

Finally, most of the requirements established in Law 11/2018 of 28 December, on non-financial information and diversity, have also been taken into account in its preparation. Although in previous years this law was not applicable to Neinor Homes, the company has been publishing based on it and auditing itself, because it has considered it a good practice. 2023 is the third year in which this law applies to the company.

2023 ANNUAL ACCOUNTS

2023 ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

CODE OF ETHICS

SUSTAINABILITY POLICY

2022-2025 SUSTAINABILITY PLAN

PROCESS OF PREPARING THE REPORT AND IDENTIFYING STAKEHOLDERS

Neinor Homes endeavours to understand the needs and expectations of its stakeholders through a materiality analysis using the GRI reporting standard. The company evaluated both internal and external sources to ascertain its needs and expectations, based on its 2022-2025 Sustainability Plan. Neinor Homes considers its stakeholders to be those who are directly or indirectly affected by its business activity and who may also have an impact on it. These groups include investors, customers, employees, suppliers and society in general. The company focuses on meeting the expectations of its stakeholders and improving its sustainability performance.

The Governance, Risk and Compliance (GRC) Internal Audit and Sustainability Department is responsible for coordinating the work of various areas of the company and for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the information reported in the Annual Report. This document is published together with the financial information for the year to allow stakeholders to assess its performance in relation to the company's relevant information. Neinor Homes' commitment is focussed on the following levers:

Sustainability linked to the business, building sustainable and resilient homes, carrying out life cycle analyses of our developments, reducing and offsetting the company's emissions, committing to urban regeneration, reducing and recovering construction waste and protecting the biodiversity of the areas in which we operate.

Sustainability "from the inside", by being aligned with the best governance standards, maintaining and strengthening the ESG responsibilities of governance bodies, ensuring the company's ethics and integrity, and engaging with and communicating our detailed ESG progress to stakeholders.

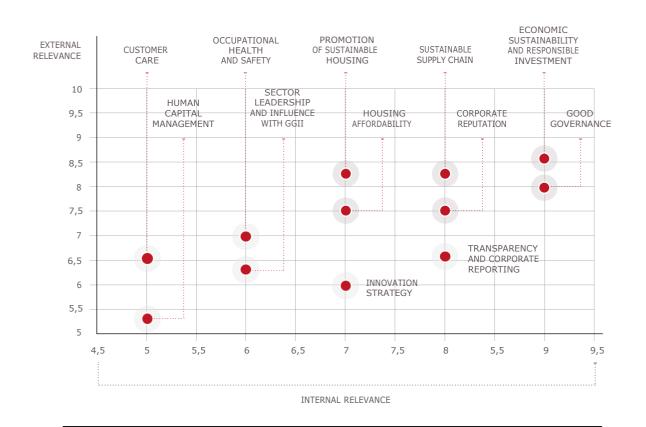
Commitment to society, improving access to housing, developing and promoting social action initiatives and engagement with communities and human rights, improving the safety, health and well-being of employees, suppliers/contractors and customers and actively listening to our stakeholders.

> MATERIALITY ANALYSIS STEP BY STEP



> RELEVANCE OF MATERIAL ISSUES

NEINOR HOMES MATERIALITY MATRIX



As a result of the assessment of the relevance of the different issues, those that are most relevant to Neinor Homes were identified. The following table shows the relationship between these issues and the aspects considered by the *Global Reporting Initiative's* Sustainability Reporting Guidelines:

ASPECTOS RELEVANTES PARA NEINOR HOMES	ASPECTOS GRI STANDARDS
Transparency and corporate reporting	Organisational profileStakeholder engagementEconomic performance
Good Governance	Strategy and GovernanceOrganisational profileEnvironmental Compliance
Innovation strategy applied to products and services, technology and digitisation	Customer health and safetyMarketing and labellingTraining and education
Sector leadership and influence with stakeholders	Stakeholder engagement
Customer service	Customer privacy Marketing and labelling
Corporate reputation and sustainable brand value	Organisational profile
Occupational health and safety	Health and safety at work
Economic sustainability and responsible investment	Strategy Socio-economic compliance
Human capital management, attracting and retaining talent	Organisational profileEmployment, training and education
Accessibility to housing	Accessible housingHuman rightsSocial responsibility
Sustainable housing development	 Efficient use of resources Greenhouse gas emissions Sustainable product development Accessibility Social responsibility
Responsible supply chain	 Procurement practices Energy Effluents and waste Environmental and social assessment of suppliers

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GRICONTENTS



CONTENT OF LAW 11/2018 ON NFI	GRI Standard Used	EPRA Sustainability Performance Measures	Reference (Page)
BUSINESS MODEL			
	2-1,2-2, 2-6	N/A	P.6, 16 ,20, 21, 22, 30, 37-41, 139 -141
Description of business model	2-22	N/A	P. 12, 40, 47, 58, 63, 64
	2-1	N/A	Calle Ercilla nº24, Bilbao
Organisation and structure	2-9, 2-11, 2.10	Gov-Board	P.6, 22, 56-62, 128
Geographical presence	2-1, 2-16	N/A	P.20, 22, 38, 86
Objectives and strategies	2-22	N/A	P.4, 5, 6, 37, 40, 47, 53, 58, 63, 64
Main factors and trends affecting future developments	2-22	N/A	P.4, 5, 6, 37, 40, 47, 53, 58, 63, 64, 170-72
STRATEGY AND RISK MANAGEMENT			
Description of the policies applied by the company	2-2, 3-1, 3-2 y 3-3	N	P. 5, 6, 7
Outcome of the policies applied by the company	3-3	N/A	P.7, 176
Main risks relating to issues linked to the company's activities	N/Δ	N/Δ	P. 7, 17,37, 64, 68, 69-74,135,145, 160
PROFILE OF THE NON-FINANCIAL INFORMATION	ON		
Reporting framework used	Standards GRI, 101		P.174
Analysis of materiality	3-1,3-2 y 3-3	N	P.174, 175, 176
	2-4	N/A	137 - 140 No salient information has been restated with respect to last year
Profile of the report	2-3	N/A	Anual
	2-3	N/A	sustainability@ neinorhomes.com alvaro.conde@ neinorhomes.com
ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES			
ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT			
Current and foreseeable effects of the company's activities on the environment and, where appropriate, on health and safety	2-12, 308-2	N/A	P.12, 43-46, 68, 69, 70, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 140-142
Environmental evaluation	3-3	Cert-tot	P.91-95, 97-104, 154-168, 170
Resources dedicated to environmental risk preventions	2-12	N/A	P.12, 43-46, 68, 69, 70, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 140-142, 105-107
Application of the precautionary principle	2-23	N/A	P. 43-46
Amount of provisions and guarantees for environmental risks	2-27	N/A	No fines or penalties were received in 2022

CONTENT OF LAW 11/2018 ON NFI	GRI Standard Used	EPRA Sustainability Performance Measures	Reference (Page)
POLLUTION			
Measures to prevent, reduce or repair carbon emissions that seriously affect the environment. Any other form of air pollution	3-2 y 3-3	N/A	P.43-46, 98, 143, 152, 158, 160
CIRCULAR ECONOMY AND WASTE PREVENTION	ON AND MANAGEMENT		
Measures for prevention, recycling, reuse, other forms of recovery and elimination of waste	3-2, 3-23 y 306-3	Waste - Abs	P.43-46 8.4 Environmental sustainability and health in housing
Actions to combat food waste			N/A
SUSTAINABLE USE OF RESOURCES			
Water consumption and water supply in accordance with local limitations. Measures for responsible use	303-3	Water- Abs	P.43-46, 103, 104
Consumption of raw materials. Measures for responsible use	301-1	Waste _Abs	P.43-46, 103, 104
Direct and indirect energy consumption. Measures to improve energy efficiency. Use of renewable energies.	302-1, 302-5	Waste _Abs	P.46, 103, 104, 131, 143, 151-154
CLIMATE CHANGE			
Greenhouse Gas Emissions. Measures adopted to adapt to the consequences of Climate Change. Greenhouse gas reduction targets	3-2 y 3-3	GHG-Dir-Abs GHG-Indir- Abs GHG Int	P. 91-95 8.5. Análisis de riesgos climáticos de nuestras viviendas,
BIODIVERSITY			
Measures taken to preserve or restore biodiversity. Impacts caused by activities or operations in protected areas	3.2 y 3-3	N/A	P.158, 160
SOCIAL AND PERSONNEL ISSUES			
EMPLOYMENT			
Total number and distribution of employees by gender, age, country and professional classification	2-6, 2-7 y 405-1b	Diversity - Emp	P.5, 121-122, 129, 13
Total number and distribution of types of employment contracts	2-7	N/A	P.5, 121-122, 129, 13
Average annual number of permanent, temporary and part-time contracts by gender, age and professional classification	2,7	N/A	P.5, 121-122, 129, 13
Number of redundancies by gender, age and professional classification	401-1	Emp - Turnover	P.129
Average remuneration and its evolution broken down by gender, age and	2,20, 405-2	N/A	P. 124- 127
professional classification or equal value			

CONTENT OF LAW 11/2018 ON NFI	GRI Standard Used	EPRA Sustainability Performance Measures	Reference (Page)
Wage Gap	405-2	Diversity- Pay	P.124-127
Remuneration of equal or average positions at the company	202-1	N/A	P.124-127
Average remuneration of directors and executives	2-20 405-1a, 405-2	Diversity - Emp	P.127
Implementation of measures to disconnect from work	3-2 y 3-3	N/A	P.132
Employees with disabilities	405-1.b	Diversity - Emp	P.128
ORGANIZATION OF WORK			
Organization of working time	3-2, 2-30	N/A	P.132
Number of absence hours	403-9a Work-related injuries	H&S Emp Employee health and safety	P. 9, 135 - 137
Measures to facilitate work-life balance	401-3	N/A	P.132- 134
HEALTH AND SAFETY			
Occupational health and safety conditions	403-1, 403-2, 403-3, 403-4, 403-5, 403-6, 403-7	H&S- Emp H&S - Asset	P. 135- 136
Work-related accidents (frequency and severity) broken down by gender $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$	403.9 b Work-related injuries	H&S Emp	P.135
Occupational diseases broken down by gender ²	403-10	N/A	P.135
SOCIAL RELATIONS			
Organisation of social dialogue	2-30	N/A	P.136, 137
Percentage of employees covered by collective bargaining agreements by country	2-30	N/A	P. 122
Balance of collective bargaining agreements, particularly in the field of occupational health and safety	2-30	N/A	P.122
TRAINING			
Policies implemented in the area of training	404-2	N/A	P.129,130, 131
Total number of training hours by professional category ³	404-1	Emp-Trainning	P.9 y 131
Universal accessibility	2-1	N/A	P. 27, 29, 31, 32, 35, 88, 108

 $^{^{(1)}}$ The accident rates refer to contractors associated with Neinor's works, not to the company's own employees. It is not broken down by gender since most of the professionals working in the works are men.

 $^{^{(2)}}$ Information on occupational illnesses is not provided.

 $^{^{(3)}}$ Training hours by professional category are not detailed, as they are proportional in all categories.

CONTENT OF LAW 11/2018 ON NFI	GRI Standard Used	EPRA Sustainability Performance Measures	Reference (Page)
EQUALITY			
Measures taken to promote equal treatment and equal opportunities for men and women	405-1	Diversity - Emp	P.124, 125, 132-134
Equality plans and measures taken	405-1	Diversity - Emp	P.124, 125, 132-134
Protocols against sexual and gender-based harassment	405-1	Diversity - Emp	P.124, 125, 132-134
Integration and universal accessibility	405-1	Diversity - Emp	P.124, 125, 132-134
Policy against all forms of discrimination and, where appropriate, diversity management	406-1	Diversity - Emp	P.124, 125, 132-134 In 2022 there were no cases of discrimination or claims due to discrimination.
INFORMATION ON THE RESPECT FOR HUMAN	N RIGHTS		
Implementation of human rights due diligence procedures	2-23	N/A	P.7, 9, 15, 56, 66-67, 123-124, 162
Prevention of human rights violation risk and, where appropriate, measures to mitigate, manage and redress possible abuses committed	414-1	N/A	P.124, 125, 132-134
Complaints due to human rights violations	406-1	N/A	In 2022 there were no cases of discrimination or claims due to discrimination.
Promotion of and compliance with the provisions of the ILO core conventions relating to the respect for freedom of association and the right to collective bargaining, the elimination of discrimination in employment and occupation, the elimination of forced or compulsory labour and the effective abolition of child labour	2-30, 102-3, 414-1	N/A	P.124, 125, 132-134
INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FIGHT AGA	INST CORRUPTION AND BR	IBERY	
Measures taken to prevent corruption and bribery	2-23, 205-2, 205-3, 206-1, 415-1	Gov-Col	P.7, 56, 61,64, 65, 67, 70, 75 In 2022 no cases of corruption were detected. In 2022 no claims were received due to unfair competition. The Neinor Homes Code of Ethics prohibits any type of contribution to political parties and/or political representatives. In 2022 no breach of the Code of Ethic was identified in relation to these matters.
Measures to combat money laundering	2-23, 205-3	N/A	P, 65, 76, 143, 144
Contributions to foundations and non-profit organisations	201-1, 102-12	N/A	P. 39, 50

CONTENT OF LAW 11/2018 ON NFI	GRI Standard Used	EPRA Sustainability Performance Measures	Reference (Page)	
COMPANY INFORMATION				
COMPANY COMMITMENTS TO SUSTAINABLE I	DEVELOPMENT			
Impact of the company's activity on local development and employment	204-1, 203-1	N/A	P.5, 36, 39	
Impact of society's activity on local populations and the country	413-1, 201-1	N/A	P.5, 36, 39	
Relationships with local community players and the modalities of dialogue with them	2-29, 413-1	N/A	P.41, 152	
Partnership or sponsorship actions	2-28	N/A	P.50, 51	
SUBCONTRACTING AND SUPPLIERS				
Inclusion of social, gender equality and environmental issues in the procurement policy	308-1, 414-1	N/A	P. 113-115, 139-144	
Consideration in relations with suppliers and subcontractors of their social and environmental responsibility	2-6, 204-1, 308-1, 414-1	N/A	P. 113-115, 139-144	
Supervisory sytems and audits and the results thereof	308-2, 414-1, 414-2	N/A	P. 113-115, 139-144	
CONSUMERS (OUR CUSTOMERS)				
Consumer health and safety measures	416-1, 417-1	H&S- Asset	P.4, 8, 47, 77, 81-85	
Complaint systems, complaints received and their resolution	416-2; 418-1	H&S- Comp	P.86 In 2022 no complaints were received for healtl and safety breaches ir products and services	
FISCAL INFORMATION AND TRANSPARENCY				
Drofit obtained by country	207-1, 207-2, 207-3	N/A	Neinor Homes solo	
Profit obtained by country	207-4b.vi, 201-1	N/A	opera en España.	
	207-1, 207-2, 207-3	N/A	P.39	
Income tax paid	207-4b.viii, 201-1	N/A		
Public subsidies received	201-4	N/A	P.39	

> GRI CONTENT INDEX

Neinor Homes has presented the information cited in this GRI content index for the period January 1st, 2022 - December 31st, 2022 with reference to the GRI Standards.

GRI STANDARDS	CONTENT	Page localitation or direct answer
GRI 1: Foundation 2021	This report	This report
	2-1 Organizational details	P.4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10
	2-2 Entities included in the organization's sustainability reporting	P.40, 47, 58, 63, 64
-	2-3 Reporting period, frequency and contact point	Neinor Homes has presented the information cited in this GRI content index for the period between January 1st, 2022 and December 31st 2022 with reference to the GRI Standards. This report is annual. For any information about this report, you may contact Neinor Homes corporate responsibility email: sustainability@neinorhomes.com alvaro.conde@neinorhomes.com The publication of this report is expected during the first quarter of 2023.
	²⁻⁴ Restatements of information	No relevant information has been restated with respect to last year.
	2-5 External assurance	P.184-187
	2-6 Activities, value chain and other business relationships	P. 5, 30, 37, 38, 39, 140, 141
	2-7 Employees	P.5, 121-122, 129, 130
GRI 2: General Disclosures 2021	2-8 Workers who are not employees	P.5, 121-122, 129, 130
	2-9 Governance structure and composition	P.6, 56-62, 128
	2-10 Nomination and selection of the highest governance body	P.6, 56-62, 128
	2-11 Chair of the highest governance body	P.6, 56-62, 128
	2-12 Role of the highest governance body in overseeing the management of impacts	P.12, 43-46, 68, 69, 70, 97, 98, 99, 100, 140-142
-	2-16 Communication of critical concerns	P.20, 22, 38, 86
	2-20 Process to determine remuneration	P.127
	2-22 Statement on sustainable development strategy	P.4, 5, 6, 37, 40, 47, 53, 58, 63, 64
-	2-23 Policy commitments	P. 43-46
	2-27 Compliance with laws and regulations	No fines or sanctions were received in 2022

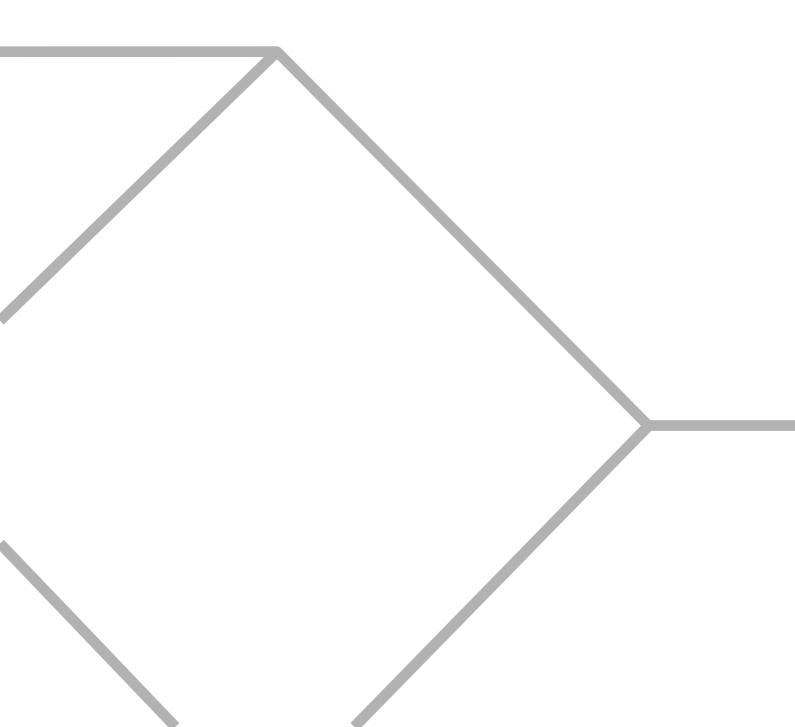
GRI STANDARDS	CONTENT	Page localitation or direct answer
	2-28 Memberships associations	P. 50 y 51
GRI 2: General Disclosures 2021	2-29 Approach to stakeholder engagement	P.41 y 152
	2-30 Collective bargaining agreements	P.124, 125, 135
	3-1 Process to determine material topics	P.174- 177
GRI 3 : Material topics 2021	3-2 List of material topics	P.177
	3-3 Management of material topics	P.174- 177
GOOD GOVERNANCE		
GRI 3 : Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	P.55-56, 75, 76
GRI 408 : Child labor 2016	408-1: Operations and suppliers at significant risk for incidents of child labor	Neinor Homes has not identified centers or suppliers likely to have significant risks in relation to child exploitation and, upon entering into business with us, all suppliers accept the Code of Conduct for Third Parties, which includes zero tolerance for situations of child exploitation.
GRI 409 : Forced or compulsory labor 2016	409-1 Operations and suppliers at significant risk for incidents of forced or compulsory labor	Neinor Homes has not identified centers or suppliers likely to have significant risks in relation to forced labor. All suppliers, upon entering into business with us, accept the Code of Conduct for Third Parties, which includes zero tolerance for forced labor.
ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY AND RESPON	SIBLE INVESTMENT	
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	P. 39,40
CDI 201 Feeromia	201-1 Direct economic value generated and distributed	P. 38, 39
GRI 201 : Economic – Performance 2016	201-2 Financial implications and other risks and opportunities due to climate change.	P. 70, 99-104, 156-158
SUSTAINABLE SUPPLY CHAIN		
GRI 3 : Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	P. 139-144
GRI 204 : Procurement practices 2016	204-1: Proportion of spending on local suppliers	P. 139
GRI 407 : Freedom of Association and Collective Bargaining 2016	407-1 Operations and suppliers in which the right to freedom of association and collective bargaining may be at risk.	Neinor Homes has not identified centers or suppliers likely to have significant risks in relation to the right to freedom of association and collective bargaining.
CORPORATE REPUTATION		
GRI 3 : Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	P. 5-8, 55-56, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79
GRI 206 : Anti-competitive Behavior 2016	206-1: Legal actions for anticompetitive behavior, anti-trust, and monopoly practices.	In 2022, no cases of corruption have been detected. In 2022, no claims for anti-competitive behavior have been received. The Neinor Homes Code of Ethics and the Anti-Corruption, Fraud and Bribery Policy prohibit any type of contribution to political parties and/or political representatives. In 2022, no breaches of the Code of Ethics have been identified in relation to these aspects.

GRI STANDARDS	CONTENT	Page localitation or direct answer
CORPORATE REPUTATION		
GRI 415 : Public Policy 2016	415-1 Political contributions	P. 75 Neinor Homes does not accept any contributions to political parties and/or representatives, as established in its Code of Ethic and its Anti-Corruption, Fraud and Bribery Policy.
TRANSPARENCY AND CORPORATE F	REPORTING	
GRI 3 : Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	P. 4, 6, 14, 16, 184-187
PROMOTION OF SUSTAINABLE DWE	LLINGS	
GRI 3 : Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	P. 43-46, 97, 98 103, 104, 105-107
HOUSING ACCESIBILITY		
GRI 3 : Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	P. 35, 35, 27- 31, 88, 108
GRI 416: Customer Health	416-1 Assessment of the health and safety impacts of products and service categories.	P4 , 8, 47, 77, 81-85
and Safety 2016	416-2 Incidents of non-compliance concerning the health and safety impacts of products and services.	P. 86
INNOVATION STRATEGY		
GRI 3 : Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	P. 43, 108-118
OCCUPATIONA HEALTH AND SAFETY	(
GRI 3 : Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	P.134, 135 y 136
GRI 403 : Occupational Health and Safety 2018	403-1, 403-2, 403-3, 403-4, 403-5, 403-6, 403-7, 403-9	P.135 y 136
LEADERSHIP AND SECTORIAL INFLUE	NCE WITH GGI	
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	P. 33, 42,47 -48,64, 175-177
CUSTOMER SERVICE		
GRI 3 : Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	P.81 -86
MANAGEMENT OF HUMAN CAPITAL		
GRI 3 : Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	P. 136-137
GRI 405 : Diversity and Equal Opportunity 2016	405-1 Diversity of governance bodies and employees	P.127
Opportunity 2010	405-2 Ratio of basic salary and remuneration of women to men	P. 124-127
GRI 404: Training	404-1 Average hours of training per year per employee	P. 9 y 131
and education 2016	404-2 Programs for upgrading employee skills and transition assisstance programs	P. 129-131
GRI 406: Non-Discrimination 2016	406-1 Incidents of discrimination adn corrective actions taken	P.124, 125 y 132-134



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Neinor Homes, S.A.

Independent Verification Report of the Consolidated Statement of Non-Financial Information of Neinor Homes, S.A. and Subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2023



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Translation of a report originally issued in Spanish based on our work performed in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain. In the event of a discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.

INDEPENDENT VERIFICATION REPORT OF THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF NEINOR HOMES, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE YEAR 2023

To Neinor Homes S.A., shareholders:

In accordance with article 49 of the Commercial Code we have carried out the verification, with the scope of limited security, of the consolidated Statement of Non-Financial Information (hereinafter NFIS) corresponding to the annual year ended December 31, 2023, of Neinor Homes, S.A. and subsidiaries (hereinafter Neinor Homes Group) that is part of the consolidated Management Report attached of Neinor Homes Group.

The content of the NFIS includes additional information to that required by current commercial regulations on non-financial information that has not been the subject of our verification work. In this sense, our work has been limited exclusively to the verification of the information identified in sections "14. GRI Content" and "11. Sustainable financing and compliance with the European taxonomy" included in the NFIS attached.

Responsibility of the Directors

The formulation of the NFIS included in the Neinor Homes Group Management Report, as well as its content, is the responsibility of the Group Directors. The NFIS has been prepared in accordance with the contents contained in the current commercial regulations and following the criteria of the Sustainability Reporting Standards of the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI standards) selected as well as those other criteria described according to what is mentioned for each matter in sections "14. GRI Content" and "11. Sustainable financing and compliance with the European taxonomy" of the NFIS.

This responsibility also includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control deemed necessary to enable the NFIS to be free from material incorrectness, due to fraud or error.

Neinor Homes, S.A. Directors are also responsible for defining, implementing, adapting and maintaining the management systems from which the necessary information is obtained for the preparation of the NFIS.

Our independence and quality control

We have complied with the independence and other ethics requirements of the Code of Ethics for Accounting Professionals issued by the International Ethics Standards Council for Accounting Professionals (IESBA) which is based on the fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and diligence, confidentiality and professional behavior.

Our firm applies the international quality standards in force and maintains, accordingly, a global quality control system that includes documented policies and procedures relating to compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory provisions.

The work team has been formed by professionals who are experts in reviews of Non-Financial Information and, specifically, in economic, social and environmental performance information.

Our responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our conclusions in an independent limited safety verification report based on the work done.

We have carried out our work in accordance with the requirements set out in the Revised International Assurance Assignment Standard 3000 in force, "Assurance Assignments Other Than Auditing or Review of Historical Financial Information" (Revised NIEA 3000) issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB) of the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) and with the Action Guide on Audit verification assignments of the Status of Accountants Non-Financial Information issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Spain.

In a limited assurance engagement the procedures carried out vary in their nature and time of realization, and have a smaller extension, than those carried out in a reasonable assurance engagement and, therefore, the assurance obtained is substantially lower.

Our work has consisted of the formulation of questions to the Management, as well as to the various Neinor Homes Group units that have participated in the elaboration of the NFIS, in the review of the processes to collect and validate the information presented in the NFIS and in the application of certain analytical procedures and sample review tests described below:

- Meetings with Neinor Homes Group staff to learn about the business model, policies and management approaches applied, the main risks related to these issues and obtain the necessary information for external review.
- Analysis of the scope, relevance and integrity of the contents included in the NFIS of the year 2023 based on the materiality analysis carried out by Neinor Homes Group and described in section "13. About this report", considering contents required in the commercial regulations in force.
- Analysis of the processes to collect and validate the data presented in the NFIS of the year 2023.
- Review of the information related to the risks, policies and management approaches applied in relation to the material aspects presented in the NFIS of the year 2023.
- Verification, by means of tests, based on the selection of a sample, of the information related to the
 contents included in the NFIS of the year 2023 and its adequate compilation from the data provided
 by the sources of information of Neinor Homes Group.
- Obtaining a letter of statements from the Directors and the Management.

Conclusion

Based on the procedures carried out in our verification and the evidence we have obtained, no aspect has been revealed that makes us believe that the NFIS of Neinor Homes Group corresponding to the annual year ended 31 December, 2023 has not been prepared, in all its significant aspects, in accordance with the contents contained in the current commercial regulations and following the criteria of the GRI standards selected as well as those other criteria described according to what is mentioned for each subject identified in sections "14. GRI Content" and "11. Sustainable financing and compliance with the European taxonomy" included in the NFIS.

Emphasis of matter

Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment establishes the obligation to disclose information on how and to what extent an undertaking's activities are associated with economic activities aligned in relation to the climate change mitigation and climate change adaptation objectives for the first time for 2022, in addition to the information referring to eligible activities required in 2021. Neinor Homes Group is not obliged to disclose the above information, although it voluntarily included it for the first time in 2022 in section "11. Sustainable financing and compliance with the European taxonomy" included in the NFIS, not having extended the disclosed information for 2023 to the rest of the objectives required by the aforementioned regulation, so it is a voluntary although partial inclusion of the sustainability indicators proposed by the Taxonomy Regulation for 2023 and in this context it must be interpreted. Additionally, information was included in relation to which the directors of Neinor Homes Group have opted to apply the criteria which, in their opinion, best enables them to comply with these obligations and which are defined in section "11. Sustainable financing and compliance with the European taxonomy" of the NFIS. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Use and distribution

This report has been prepared in response to the requirement established in the commercial regulations in force in Spain, so it may not be suitable for other purposes and jurisdictions.

DELOITTE/S.L.

Alicia Izaga

February 21, 2024