

CAMPOFRIO FOOD GROUP

UNAUDITED INTERIM SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30th SEPTEMBER 2012

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INTRODUCTION

In November 2009, CAMPOFRIO FOOD GROUP, S.A. (the "Company"), incorporated as a public limited company (*sociedad anónima*) under the laws of Spain, issued € 500 million aggregate principal amount of its 8.250% Senior Notes due 2016 (the "Notes") at a price of 99.365%. The Company will pay interest on the Notes semi-annually on each April 30 and October 31, commencing April 30, 2010. Prior to October 31, 2013, the Company will be entitled, at its option, to redeem all or a portion of the Notes by paying relevant "make-whole" premium. At any time on or after October 31, 2013, the Company may redeem all or part of the Notes by paying a specified premium to the holders. In addition, prior to October 31, 2013, the Company may redeem at its option up to 35% of the Notes with the net proceeds from certain equity offerings. If the Company undergo a change of control or sell certain of its assets, it may be required to make an offer to purchase the Notes. In the event of certain developments affecting taxation, the Company may redeem all, but not less than all, of the Notes. The Company may from time to time seek to retire or purchase our outstanding debt through cash purchases and/or exchanges for equity securities, in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases or exchanges, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, the Company's liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

The Notes are senior debt of Campofrio Food Group and will rank *pari passu* in right of payment to all of Campofrio Food Group's existing and future senior indebtedness. The Notes are guaranteed on a senior basis by certain of our subsidiaries.

The Notes are admitted to listing on the Official List of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and for trading on the Euro MTF market.

The Notes and the Guarantees have not been, and will not be, registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "U.S. Securities Act"). The Notes may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, except to qualified institutional buyers in reliance on the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144A under the U.S. Securities Act ("Rule 144A") and to certain persons in offshore transactions in reliance on Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act ("Regulation S"). You are hereby notified that sellers of the Notes may be relying on the exemption from the provisions of Section 5 of the U.S. Securities Act provided by Rule 144A.

Following the issuance of the Notes, the Company redeemed all of its U.S Private Placement notes, prepaid all of its LBO facilities (multicurrency credit facilities with a limit of €415 million, arranged by Citigroup Global Markets Ltd and Royal Bank of Scotland plc.) and repaid all short-term borrowings under various lines of credit.

This Unaudited Selected Consolidated Financial Information is provided to the holders of the Notes pursuant to Section "Description of the notes - Reports (2)" of the indenture.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

Campofrio Food Group (In Thousands of Euros)

	Nine month ended September 30,				
	2012			2011	
	Actual (unaudited)	% of total oper. revenue	Actual (unaudited) (restated)	% of total oper. revenues	
Operating revenues					
Net sales and services	1,393,327	97.8%	1,318,495	97.2%	
Increase in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	17,726	1.2%	27,883	2.1%	
Capitalized expenses on Company's work on assets	4,854	0.3%	2,990	0.2%	
Other operating revenue	9,166	0.6%	6,871	0.5%	
<u>Total operating revenues</u>	1,425,073	100.0%	1,356,239	100.0%	
Operating expenses					
Consumption of goods and other external charges	(780,289)	(54.8%)	(737,075)	(54.3%)	
Employee benefits expense	(258,305)	(18.1 %) (3.2%) (19. 6%)	(245,905) (42,161) (254,521)	(18.1%)	
Depreciation and amortization Other operating expenses	(45,055)			(3.1%)	
	(279,436)			(18. 8%)	
Changes in trade provisions	(1,675)	(0.1%)	(2,242)	(0.2%)	
<u>Total operating expenses</u>	(1,364,760)	(95.8 %)	(1,281,904)	(94.5%)	
Operating profit	60,313	4.2%	74,335	5.5%	
Financial expenses, net	(42,101)	(3.0%)	(39,519)	(2.9%)	
Other results	(5,540)	(0.4%)	(2,322)	(0.2%)	
Profit before tax	12,672	0.5%	32,494	2,4%	
Income taxes	(4,890)	(0.3 %)	(6,691)	(0.5 %)	
Profit for the period from continuing operations	7,782	0.5%	25,803	1.9%	
Profit & (Loss) after tax for the period from discontinued operations	(3,052)	(0.2%)	(14,188)	(1.0%)	
Profit for the period	4,730	(0.3%)	11,615	0.9%	
Non-controlling interests			-	-	
Attributable to equity holders of the parent company	4,730	(0.3%)	11,615	0.9%	

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

Campofrio Food Group (In Thousands of Euros)

	Three month ended September 30,				
	2012		2011		
	Actual (unaudited)	% of total oper. revenue	Actual (unaudited) (restated)	% of total oper. revenues	
Operating revenues	-				
Net sales and services	482,964	100.1%	483,615	98.3%	
Increase in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	(5,942)	(1.2%)	5,062	1.1%	
Capitalized expenses on Company's work on assets	1,310	0.2%	1,060	0.2%	
Other operating revenue	4,315	0.9%	2,097	0.4%	
<u>Total operating revenues</u>	482,647	100.0%	491,834	100.0%	
Operating expenses					
Consumption of goods and other external charges	(263,556)	(54.6%)	(270,666)	(55.0 %)	
Employee benefits expense	(83,252)	(17.2 %)	(80,747)	(16.4 %)	
Depreciation and amortization	(15,060)	(3.1%)	(14,683)	(3.0%)	
Other operating expenses	(95,213)	(19.7 %)	(94,014)	(19.1%)	
Changes in trade provisions	(738)	(0.2%)	(775)	(0.2%)	
<u>Total operating expenses</u>	(457,819)	(94.9%)	(460,885)	(93.7 %)	
Operating profit	24,828	5.1%	30,949	6.3%	
Financial expenses, net	(13,929)	(2.9 %)	(14,440)	(2.9 %)	
Other results	(2,855)	(0.6%)	(382)	(0.1%)	
Profit before tax	8,044	1.7%	16,127	3.3%	
Income taxes	(4,134)	(0.9%)	(5,497)	(1.1%)	
Profit for the period from continuing operations	3,910	0.8%	10,630	2.2%	
Profit & (Loss) after tax for the period from discontinued operations	(137)	0.0%	(2,511)	(0.5 %)	
Profit for the period	3,773	0.8%	8,119	1.7%	
Non-controlling interests			-	-	
Attributable to equity holders of the parent company	3,773	0.8%	8,119	1.7%	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Campofrio Food Group (In Thousands of Euros)

	Consolidated statement of financial position		
	Sep 30, 2012	Sep 30, 2011	
	Actual (unaudited)	Actual (unaudited)	
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Property, plant and equipment	561,315	625,113	
Goodwill	456,373	457,937	
Other intangible assets	268,912	267,591	
Non-current financial assets	14,802	6,519	
Investments accounted for under the equity method	28,432	28,156	
Deferred tax assets	118,778	83,540	
Other non-current assets	-	177	
Total non-current assets	<u>1,448,612</u>	1,469,033	
Inventories	355,290	374,688	
Trade and other receivables	210,280	212,238	
Other current financial assets	343	1,039	
Other current assets	8,892	6,510	
Cash and cash equivalents	157,748	128,137	
Total current assets	<u>732,553</u>	<u>722,612</u>	
Assets classified as held for sale and discontinued operations	<u>4,366</u>	<u>736</u>	
TOTAL ASSETS	2,185,531	2,192,381	
TOTAL ASSETS	2,103,531	2,172,301	
EQUITY AND LIABILITES			
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	580,515	645,541	
Equity attributable to minority interests	<u>-</u>	-	
Equity	<u>580,515</u>	645,541	
Debentures	490,148	487,811	
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	90,502	100,372	
Other financial liabilities	4,268	4,441	
Deferred tax liabilities	168,453	176,985	
Other non-current liabilities	17,878	18,067	
Provisions	109,338	66,818	
Total non-current liabilities	880,587	854,49 <u>4</u>	
Debentures	17,188	17,188	
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	32,462	19,910	
Trade and other payables	573,147	576,343	
Other financial liabilities	6,058	757	
Creditor for income tax	6,130	964	
Provisions	28,500	4,605	
Other current liabilities	60,776	72,564	
Total current liabilities	<u>724,261</u>	<u>692,331</u>	
Liabilities associated to operations on sale or	170	-	
<u>discontinued</u>	<u>168</u>	<u>15</u>	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	2,185,531	2,192,381	

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Campofrio Food Group

(In Thousands of Euros)

usunus 0, Lui 03)	Nine month e	ended Sep 30,
	2012	2011
	Actual (unaudited)	Actual (unaudited)
Operating flows before changes in working capital	101,770	111,645
Changes in working capital	2,079	36,541
Cash flows from operating activities	103,849	148,186
Net interest expenses	(28,275)	(24,545)
Provision and pensions payment	(18,415)	(7,560)
Income tax paid	(9,609)	(8,880)
Other collection and payments	3,385	2,986
Net cash flows from operating activities	50,935	110,187
Investments in property, plant and equipment	(37,317)	(33,571)
Investment in Group companies	(1,970)	(28,741)
Other cash flows from investing operations, net	3,854	4,679
Net cash flows from investing activities	(35,433)	(57,633)
Changes in current financial assets and liabilities	6,674	(51,649)
Changes in non-current financial assets and liabilities	-	(24,320)
Purchase of non-controlling interest	-	(5,755)
Purchase of treasury shares and Dividend payments	(3,845)	(11,967)
Net cash flows from financing activities	2,829	(93,691)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	18,331	(41,137)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	139,417	169,274
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	157,748	128,137
	Three month	ended Sep 30,
	2012	2011
	Actual	Actual
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Operating flows before changes in working capital	34,651	45,129
Changes in working capital	4,701	7,551
Cash flows from operating activities Net interest expenses	20.252	
Net interest expenses	39,352 (1,635)	52,680
	(1,635)	52,680 (808)
Provision and pensions payment	(1,635) (3,415)	52,680 (808) (3,374)
Provision and pensions payment Income tax paid	(1,635) (3,415) (3,477)	52,680 (808) (3,374) (3,508)
Provision and pensions payment Income tax paid Other collection and payments	(1,635) (3,415) (3,477) 3,385	52,680 (808) (3,374)
Provision and pensions payment Income tax paid Other collection and payments Net cash flows from operating activities Investments in property, plant and equipment	(1,635) (3,415) (3,477)	52,680 (808) (3,374) (3,508) (1,294)
Provision and pensions payment Income tax paid Other collection and payments Net cash flows from operating activities Investments in property, plant and equipment Investment in Group companies	(1,635) (3,415) (3,477) 3,385 34,210 (14,706)	52,680 (808) (3,374) (3,508) (1,294) 43,696 (11,089)
Provision and pensions payment Income tax paid Other collection and payments Net cash flows from operating activities Investments in property, plant and equipment Investment in Group companies Other cash flows from investing operations, net	(1,635) (3,415) (3,477) 3,385 34,210 (14,706)	52,680 (808) (3,374) (3,508) (1,294) 43,696 (11,089) - 1,110
Provision and pensions payment Income tax paid Other collection and payments Net cash flows from operating activities Investments in property, plant and equipment Investment in Group companies Other cash flows from investing operations, net Net cash flows from investing activities	(1,635) (3,415) (3,477) 3,385 34,210 (14,706) - 3,084 (11,622)	52,680 (808) (3,374) (3,508) (1,294) 43,696 (11,089) - 1,110 (9,979)
Provision and pensions payment Income tax paid Other collection and payments Net cash flows from operating activities Investments in property, plant and equipment Investment in Group companies Other cash flows from investing operations, net Net cash flows from investing activities Changes in current financial assets and liabilities	(1,635) (3,415) (3,477) 3,385 34,210 (14,706)	52,680 (808) (3,374) (3,508) (1,294) 43,696 (11,089)
Provision and pensions payment Income tax paid Other collection and payments Net cash flows from operating activities Investments in property, plant and equipment Investment in Group companies Other cash flows from investing operations, net Net cash flows from investing activities Changes in current financial assets and liabilities Changes in non-current financial assets and liabilities	(1,635) (3,415) (3,477) 3,385 34,210 (14,706) - 3,084 (11,622)	52,680 (808) (3,374) (3,508) (1,294) 43,696 (11,089) - 1,110 (9,979)
Provision and pensions payment Income tax paid Other collection and payments Net cash flows from operating activities Investments in property, plant and equipment Investment in Group companies Other cash flows from investing operations, net Net cash flows from investing activities Changes in current financial assets and liabilities Changes in non-current financial assets and liabilities Purchase of non-controlling interest	(1,635) (3,415) (3,477) 3,385 34,210 (14,706) - 3,084 (11,622) 1,453	52,680 (808) (3,374) (3,508) (1,294) 43,696 (11,089) - 1,110 (9,979) (12,688)
Provision and pensions payment Income tax paid Other collection and payments Net cash flows from operating activities Investments in property, plant and equipment Investment in Group companies Other cash flows from investing operations, net Net cash flows from investing activities Changes in current financial assets and liabilities Changes in non-current financial assets and liabilities Purchase of non-controlling interest Purchase of treasury shares and Dividend payments	(1,635) (3,415) (3,477) 3,385 34,210 (14,706) - 3,084 (11,622)	52,680 (808) (3,374) (3,508) (1,294) 43,696 (11,089) - 1,110 (9,979) (12,688) - (11,984)
Provision and pensions payment Income tax paid Other collection and payments Net cash flows from operating activities Investments in property, plant and equipment Investment in Group companies Other cash flows from investing operations, net Net cash flows from investing activities Changes in current financial assets and liabilities Changes in non-current financial assets and liabilities Purchase of non-controlling interest Purchase of treasury shares and Dividend payments Net cash flows from financing activities	(1,635) (3,415) (3,477) 3,385 34,210 (14,706) - 3,084 (11,622) 1,453 - (2,621) (1,168)	52,680 (808) (3,374) (3,508) (1,294) 43,696 (11,089) - 1,110 (9,979) (12,688) - (11,984) (24,672)
Provision and pensions payment Income tax paid Other collection and payments Net cash flows from operating activities Investments in property, plant and equipment Investment in Group companies Other cash flows from investing operations, net Net cash flows from investing activities Changes in current financial assets and liabilities Changes in non-current financial assets and liabilities Purchase of non-controlling interest Purchase of treasury shares and Dividend payments Net cash flows from financing activities Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,635) (3,415) (3,477) 3,385 34,210 (14,706) 	52,680 (808) (3,374) (3,508) (1,294) 43,696 (11,089) - 1,110 (9,979) (12,688) - (11,984) (24,672)
Provision and pensions payment Income tax paid Other collection and payments Net cash flows from operating activities Investments in property, plant and equipment Investment in Group companies Other cash flows from investing operations, net Net cash flows from investing activities Changes in current financial assets and liabilities Changes in non-current financial assets and liabilities Purchase of non-controlling interest Purchase of treasury shares and Dividend payments Net cash flows from financing activities	(1,635) (3,415) (3,477) 3,385 34,210 (14,706) - 3,084 (11,622) 1,453 - (2,621) (1,168)	52,680 (808) (3,374) (3,508) (1,294) 43,696 (11,089) - 1,110 (9,979) (12,688) - (11,984) (24,672)

OTHER SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Campofrio Food Group

(In Thousands of Euros)

Conciliation from Profit for the period to EBITDA

<u>normalized</u>	Nine month ended September 30,			
	2012	2011		
-	Actual (unaudited)	Actual (unaudited) (restated)		
Profit for the period Attributable to equity holders of the parent company	4,730	11,615		
Profit for the period Attributable to Non-controlling interests	-	-		
Profit & (Loss) after tax for the period from discontinued operations	3,052	14,188		
Income taxes	4,890	6,691		
Other results	5,540	2,322		
Financial expenses, net	42,101	39,519		
Impairment of assets	-	-		
Depreciation and amortization	45,055	42,161		
<u>EBITDA</u>	<u>105,368</u>	<u>116,496</u>		
<u>Total Adjustments</u>	(1,437)	<u>961</u>		
EBITDA (normalized)	<u>103,931</u>	<u>117,457</u>		

Conciliation from Profit for the period to EBITDA

<u>normalized</u>	Three month ended September 30,			
	2012	2011		
	Actual (unaudited)	Actual (unaudited) (restated)		
Profit for the period Attributable to equity holders of the parent company	3,773	8,119		
Profit for the period Attributable to Non-controlling interests	-	-		
Profit & (Loss) after tax for the period from discontinued operations	138	2,511		
Income taxes	4,133	5,497		
Other results	2,855	382		
Financial expenses, net	13,929	14,440		
Impairment of assets	-	-		
Depreciation and amortization	15,060	14,683		
<u>EBITDA</u>	<u>39,888</u>	<u>45,632</u>		
Total Adjustments	(1,477)	<u>768</u>		
EBITDA (normalized)	<u>38,411</u>	<u>46,400</u>		

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Corporate Information

Campofrio Food Group, S.A. (the "Company"), with registered office at Avda. de Europa, Parque Empresarial La Moraleja in Alcobendas (Madrid), was incorporated as a private limited company in Spain on September 1, 1944, under the registered name Conservera Campofrío, S.A. On June 26, 1996, the Company's name was changed to Campofrío Alimentación, S.A. and on December 30, 2008, it changed to its current name, Campofrio Food Group, S.A.

Campofrio Food Group, S.A. is the parent of a group of companies consolidated under the full and equity consolidation methods.

The Company manufactures and sells products mainly for human consumption. The principal activities of the parent company and the group companies are to manufacture, sell and distribute processed and canned meat and derivatives from pork, poultry and beef by-products and other food products.

The Company operates throughout Spain with factories in Burgos, Villaverde (Madrid), Torrijos (Toledo), Ólvega (Soria), Torrente (Valencia) and Trujillo (Cáceres), and through its investments in Portugal, Belgium, France, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, United Kingdom, USA and Romania.

On January 13, 2011, the Parent signed a share purchase-sale agreement with the entities holding 100% of the share capital of the Italian company Cesare Fiorucci S.p.A, which is the parent of several companies, all of which make up the "Cesare Fiorucci Group" ("Fiorucci"). The transaction was subject to meeting certain suspensive conditions, which included, amongst others, approval or failure to oppose the agreement by the Competition Authorities. Finally, on April 4, 2011 the transaction was signed by the parties after obtaining authorization from the Competition Authorities for its execution and after fulfilling agreed conditions.

During the first quarter of 2012, the group signed an agreement to engage, together with Foxlease, in a Joint Venture on which it holds 49% of the share capital. For the constitution of this Joint Venture, the group contributed with its cooked ham business in France, ran by one of its French subsidiaries, Jean Caby SAS. As of March, 2012, the group proceeded to derecognize Jean Caby assets and liabilities from Group consolidated financial statements, and, as part of a Joint Venture, it is now integrated into the consolidated financial statements as an Equity Investee.

Basis of preparation

The amounts of the consolidated income, balance sheet and cash flow statement, were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, adopted by the European Union (the "IFRS-EU"), in conformity with EU Regulation no. 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and Council. The rest of information and disclosures that are necessary in financial statements elaborated under IFRS-EU are not included since they are not applicable for the purpose of this document.

In any case, this selected financial information here presented and the explanatory notes should be read in conjunction with the unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the sixmonth period ended June 30, 2012 and the Campofrío Food Group, S.A. and subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Statements and Consolidated Management Report for the year ended December 31, 2011 and 2010.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union ("IFRS-EU") in conformity with Regulation (EC) no. 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

The discussion and analysis of our historical results of operations and financial conditions are based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS-EU. The preparation of our consolidated financial statements requires us to apply accounting methods and policies that are based on difficult or subjective judgments, estimates based on past experience and assumptions determined to be reasonable and realistic based on the related circumstances. The application of these estimates and assumptions affects the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of income and

expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates given the uncertainty surrounding the assumptions and conditions upon which the estimates are based.

Detailed information regarding the Company's accounting policies is provided in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Comparison of information

During 2011, as stated in "Corporate Information" above, the Group acquired Cesare Fiorucci Group. The contribution of Fiorucci is reflected only in the nine month period ended December 31, 2011 Consolidated Income Statement and Consolidated Cash-flow Statement. Due to the complexity to elaborate full comparable information and as it is not requested under IFRS, no restatements has been done to 2011 financial information in this document presented. Nevertheless, where applicable, the comparison is made disaggregating Fiorucci Group 2012 Income Statement from the Group Consolidated Income Statement.

At December 31, 2011 the Group's parent classified all its assets and liabilities related to the cooked ham business in France, run by the French subsidiary Jean Caby SAS, as non-current assets and liabilities held for sale, following its decision to discontinue this activity and actively engage in its sale, which finally was carried out in March 2012. The parent also decided to suspend its pig breeding and fattening activity in Spain, carried out by the subsidiary La Montanera S.A. The results from the activity of both companies for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 have been reclassified to "Net loss for the period from discontinued operations" (see Corporate Information section regarding cooked ham business in France). The separate income statement for the nine month period ended September 30, 2011 has also been restated to reflect this same reclassification.

This selected financial information could contain non-IFRS-EU measures and ratios, including EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, net debt and leverage and coverage ratios that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, IFRS-EU. We present non-IFRS-EU measures because we believe that they and similar measures are widely used by certain investors, securities analysts and other interested parties as supplemental measures of performance and liquidity. The non-IFRS-EU measures may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies and have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our operating results as reported under IFRS-EU. Non-IFRS-EU measures and ratios such as EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, net debt and leverage and coverage ratios are not measurements of our performance or liquidity under IFRS-EU and should not be considered as alternatives to operating profit or profit for the year or any other performance measures derived in accordance with IFRS-EU or any other generally accepted accounting principles or as alternatives to cash flow from operating, investing or financing activities.

Discontinued Operations

On December 31, 2011 the parent reclassified all its asset and liabilities related to the French cooked business and its breeding and fattening activities in Spain as "Assets and liabilities held for sales and discontinued operations", following its decision to discontinue those activities. Consequently, on the separate profit and loss statement, operation results from these activities have been reclassified as "net loss after tax from discontinued operations" both for the period ended in September 30, 2012 and 2011 (see Corporate Information section regarding cooked ham business in France).

Operating Segment Reporting

Results are presented in accordance with following strategic reporting segments:

- Southern Europe: includes mainly operating activities managed in Spain, Portugal & Italy.
- Northern Europe: includes operating activities managed primarily in France, the Netherlands, Belgium & Germany.
- Other: includes mainly corporate monitoring and supervising activities and operating activities managed in USA.

Note: Elimination in Net Sales and Services segment reporting refers to the elimination of inter-segment sales (i.e.: sales between Southern and Northern Europe) eliminated at consolidated level. Segment information is presented net of intra-segment sales (i.e.: sales between Spain and Portugal)

In order to reflect comparable business performance with full cost allocations, corporate operating expenses have been allocated across the different segments. Prior year information has been restated for comparison purposes.

Net Financial Debt, Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following chart sets forth the Company's debt position as of September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011.

NET FINANCIAL DEBT	Nine month ended September 30		
	2012	2011	
Non-current financial debt			
Debentures	490,148	487,811	
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	90,502	100,372	
Other financial liabilities	4,118	4,538	
Financial derivative instruments	150	(97)	
Current financial debt			
Debentures	17,188	17,188	
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	32,462	19,910	
Other financial liabilities	6,059	756	
Current financial assets			
Other current financial assets	(343)	(1,039)	
Cash and cash equivalents	(157,748)	(128,137)	
<u>Total Net Financial Debt</u>	<u>482,536</u>	<u>501,302</u>	

Our present debt structure consists of the Notes issued in 2009 which account for $\[\in \]$ 490.1 million and a Senior Term Loan Facility amounting to $\[\in \]$ 100.0 million drawn down in April 2011 to partially refinance the outstanding debt of Cesare Fiorucci S.p.A. our recently acquired Italian subsidiary, while the rest of its debt and the equity payment were funded out of our cash. As a result, our total debt is practically long-term. After having early unwound all the remaining derivatives last year, there is not any remaining exposure in this regard. The rest of the debt items (i.e. leasing ...) are of negligible value in the context of the Company's balance sheet.

Net financial debt of €482.5 million as of September 30, 2012 is €19.0 million circa lower than at the end of September 2011 showing our capacity to generate positive cash flow after funding our selective investments and projects.

The Company's liquidity position remains very solid and amounting to €350.0 million at the end of September 2012, consisting of €157.7 million in cash and cash equivalents, which are €30.0 million circa more than on September 30, 2011, and €192.0 million of fully available bank lines. In addition, Fiorucci is contributing €20.0 million of uncommitted bank lines. The Company keeps focused on enhancing its cash management and working capital operations

The following tables set forth the situation of the Company's two main financing sources as of September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011.

<u>Debentures</u>	Consolidated position at			
	30/09/2012	30/09/2011		
Non-current debentures	490,148	487,811		
Current debentures	17,188	17,188		
Principal	-	-		
Accrued interest	17,188	17,188		
<u>Total debentures</u>	<u>507,336</u>	<u>504,999</u>		

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	Consolidated position at			
	30/09/2012	30/09/2011		
Bank loans and credit facilities	119,018	115,969		
Credit lines	119,018	115,969		
Multicurrency credit line	-	-		
Discounted bills payable	2,103	1,255		
Interest payable	1,843	3,058		
<u>Total</u>	<u>122,964</u>	120,282		

The following table sets forth the situation of the Company's current and non-current other financial liabilities as of September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011.

Other financial liabilities	Consolidated position at 30/09/2012			Consolidated position at 30/09/2011		
	Non- current	Current	Total	Non-current	Current	Total
Financial leases	1,385	643	2,028	1,651	684	2,335
Other financial liabilities	2,733	5,415	8,148	2,887	73	2,960
Derivatives	150	-	150	(97)	-	(97)
<u>Total</u>	4,268	<u>6,058</u>	<u>10,326</u>	<u>4,441</u>	<u>757</u>	<u>5,198</u>

The following table sets forth the situation of the Company's financial derivatives as of September 30, 2012 and 2011.

Fair value situation	Fair v	Fair value at		value at September 2012 Outs			anding notional principal		
	30/09/2012	31/12/2011	Notional	2012	2013	2015			
Cash flow hedge	(150)	97	9,454	9,454					
Derivatives held for trading	-	-	-	_	-	-			
Swaps	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Reverse swaps	-	-	-	-	-	-			
<u>Total</u>	<u>(150)</u>	<u>97</u>							

Except for certain foreign exchange derivatives contracts to hedge our non-material foreign exchange exposure in sterling pounds the company does not have any additional derivatives.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview

Campofrio Food Group is the largest European producer of processed meat products based on net sales. Its products, which are sold under well established and leading brands, cover a broad range of processed meat categories, including cooked ham, dry sausages, dry ham, hot dogs, poultry products, cold cuts and pâtés. The Company was founded in 1944 in Burgos, Spain and has expanded to achieve a direct presence in eight European countries, Spain, France, Portugal, The Netherlands, Belgium, Italy, Romania Germany and the United States, and sales in over 80 countries worldwide through independent distributors. The Company's market leading brands include *Campofrío* and *Navidul* in Spain, *Aoste, Justin Bridou* and *Cochonou* in France, *Nobre* in Portugal, *Marcassou* in Belgium, *Stegeman* in The Netherlands and *Fiorucci* in Italy. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2012, the Company had Net Sales and Services and Reported EBITDA of €1,393.3 million and €105.4 million, respectively. It generates most of its revenues in Europe. The Company is headquartered in Madrid, Spain and its shares have been listed on the Madrid stock exchange since 1988 and on the Barcelona stock exchange since 1990, and are now traded under the symbol "CFG". As of September 30, 2012, the Company had a market capitalization of € 595.9 million.

The Company is primarily engaged in the production and sale of processed meat products with a focus on cooked ham, dry sausages, dry ham, hot dogs and poultry products. The Company sources meat primarily from third party suppliers which it monitors on a regular basis to ensure that high-quality and hygienic standards are maintained. The meat is then processed in one, or a combination, of our 30 facilities and the final products are sold directly to customers, which include some of the largest retailers in Europe, including Carrefour, Ahold, Auchan, Delhaize, Casino and Lidl, as well as directly or through wholesalers to a large number of food service specialists and traditional retail outlets. As a result of its strong relationships with retail and food specialist customers, the Company has also developed a strong private label or retailer brand business.

Factors Affecting Our Results of Operations

Raw Material Prices

	Nine month ended September 30,			% Increase (decreas	
Pig carcass average price	2010	2011	2012	2011 vs.	2012 vs.
	((price in €/kg	2010	2011	
Spain Mercolleida	1.46	1.59	1.70	8.5	7.2
France MPB	1.30	1.43	1.58	10.7	10.4
Netherlands Monfoort	1.35	1.45	1.64	7.3	13.1
Belgium Danis	1.26	1.35	1.53	6.5	13.9
Germany AIM	1.41	1.50	1.68	6.5	12.1
Denmark DC	1.25	1.34	1.48	7.0	11.0

In the EU27 basin, the 2012/13 grain production will reach 271 million (-5.1%), with increased plantings (+1%) offset by lower average yields (-6%).

Corn yields accounted for the most significant part of the decrease in key producing countries (Italy, Hungary, and Romania). The lack of precipitations in late summer and early fall stymied the yield potential and production is forecasted to drop -19% against 2011. Wheat production decreased -4%. The output exceeded last year's levels in France, but ended below year ago levels in United Kingdom, Poland, and Spain.

Grain prices keep trading near their record levels in international markets, influenced by the EU27 situation as well as the drop in US corn and soybean harvest. The "Corn Belt" drought led to corn and soybean production down by -15% and -12% respectively, affecting global grain trade flows. Year to date, EU27 wheat, barley and corn prices have risen 5% to 10%, and more than 30% for soybean meal. All 3 raw materials are key components of the feed ration for pork and poultry.

The historically high grain prices in Europe keeps reducing the profitability of pig producers in Europe. Hence, EU pork farmers are expected to manage their losses by further lowering sow herds (-3.1% in Dec 2010 survey, -4.8% in May-June 2011 survey, -3.4% in December 2011) in the coming quarter. These decisions impact pork meat output with a 10 to 12 months delayed effect. The recently released Spring/Summer 2012 EU27 pig population survey has shed more light on future pork meat output: the drop of -3.0% in May-June 2012 solidifies the trend initiated more than 18 months ago.

During the first 9 months in 2012, EU27 pork production decreased -1.6%, with significant variability witnessed among the main European countries. While the output dropped in Germany (-1.0%), France (-2.2%), the Netherlands (-1.4%), Denmark (-5.9%), and Poland (-25.4%), it was partially offset by improvements in Spain (+3.3%), Italy (+2.6%) and United Kingdom (+3.0%). During the period ranging from mid-July 2012 to end of September, European slaughter levels and weights dropped more than anticipated (-3.0 to -5.0%) but have since then recuperated their expected levels.

Last year, EU27 countries exported record quantities of pork meat to third countries, due to a combination of robust demand from Asia (China, South Korea, Japan and the Philippines) and favourable trade conditions (currencies, relative prices in US and Brazil). Exports grew +18.8% above the levels of 2010, reaching 3.19 million tons. During the first 8 months in 2012, EU27 shipments to third countries slowed down to +1.1%. They are expected to end the year with lower levels than the previous year. For the same period, China demand is up +9% and overall Asian demand stable at -0.2% on lower demand from Japan and South Korea. For the second consecutive year, China remains the largest client of EU27 trade bloc. In parallel, European neighbour countries (Croatia, Belarus, Ukraine) have more than offset the drop from Russia (-8%, that confirms its gradual move towards increased self-sufficiency).

Overall, EU pig carcass prices keep trading at their highest levels in the last 15 years. Their evolution reflects the heterogeneous supply conditions in the main producer countries. As of the end of the third quarter of 2012, the pork quotation rose only 7.2% in Spain, while in the rest of Europe it displayed increases from +10.5% to 13.9%.

The value of hams decreased -0.1% to -3.2% despite the rise in pig carcass quotations. As a result, the ham to pig price ratios are at the lowest level in the last 15 years, a sign of consumers switching to cuts with lower relative value (penalizing hams and loins). On the other hand, shoulders rose from +7% to +22.1%, bellies from +9.8% in Belgium to 13% in Germany, and +18.3% in Spain. Fat, jowls, trimmings, after surging in the second half of 2011, remain very expensive on an historical basis. For example, backfat increased from +41% in Spain to +53% in France.

At the end of the third quarter of 2012, European chicken carcass prices increased slightly but remained close to their record levels from the previous year. Year to date, they are trading +1.4%, +8.7%, +2.4% and +0.3% respectively in France, UK, Spain and Poland. In all the main EU producer country, production increased as a consequence of the record 2011 prices, but the situation is now reversing with the record feed costs. Exports to third countries are still increasing (+2.6%) boosted by higher demand from Ukraine, South Africa and Benin and reached 926,523 metric tons. EU27 poultry imports dropped slightly compared the same period last year (542,043 tons, down -3.1%).

The pork and chicken meat market trends stated above affected Campofrio Food Group raw material costs only indirectly. First, the Company purchases pork and poultry cuts in different proportions, each one following its own supply and demand dynamics. During the first 9 months in 2012, the average meat price purchased by the Company increased +2.8% versus year ago levels. Second, and more importantly, the cost of goods sold of long-cycle products (cured products) reflects evolutions in raw material prices with a lag time which can vary between 6 and 24 months.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 and the nine month period ended September, 2011

Operating Revenues

The following table sets forth a detailed breakdown of our operating revenues for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011.

Operating	********
Operaning	revenues

erating revenues	Nine month ended September 30,				
	201	2	2011		
	Actual (unaudited)	% of total oper. revenues	Actual (unaudited) (restated)	% of total oper. revenues	
Net sales and services	1,393,327	97.8%	1,318,495	97.2%	
% increase in Net Sales and Services	5.7%				
Increase in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	17,726	1,2%	27,883	2,1%	
Capitalized expenses on Company's fixed assets	4,854	0.4%	2,990	0.2%	
Other operating revenue	9,166	0.6%	6,871	0.5%	
Total operating revenues	1,425,073	100,0%	1,356,239	<u>100.0%</u>	
% increase in total operating revenues	5.1%				

Operating revenues increased by 5.1% to €1,425.1 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 from €1,356.2 million for the same period of 2011. Net sales increased by 5.7% to €1,393.3 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2011 from €1,318.5 million in the same period of 2011, increase mainly attributable to Fiorucci integration to the Group since April 2011. Without considering Fiorucci contribution in the first quarter of 2012, total net sales and services increased by 1.3%. Capitalized expenses on Company's fixed assets increased by 62,3% to €4.9 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 from €3.0 million for the same period of 2011, increase attributable to the new ERP project.

Operating Expenses

The following table sets forth a detailed breakdown of operating expenses for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011

Operating expenses	Nine month ended September 30,					
	2012		2011			
	Actual (audited)	% of total oper. revenues	Actual (audited) (restated)	% of total oper. revenues		
Consumption of goods and other external charges	(780,289)	(54.8%)	(737,075)	(54. 3%)		
Employee benefits expense	(258,305)	(18.1%)	(245,905)	(18.1%)		
Depreciation and amortization	(45,055)	(3.2%)	(42,161)	(3.1%)		
Other operating expenses	(279,436)	(19.6%)	(254,521)	(18.8%)		
Changes in trade provisions	(1,675)	(0.1%)	(2,242)	(0.2%)		
Total operating expenses	(1,364,760)	(95.8%)	(1,281,904)	(94.5%)		
% increase in total operating expenses	6.5%					

Operating expenses increased by 6.5% to €1,364.8 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 from €1,281.9 million for the same period of 2011. Operating expenses constituted 95.8% and 94.5% of total operating revenues for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increase in total operating expenses was primarily attributable to Fiorucci Group integration to the Consolidated Income Statement since April 2011. Without considering Fiorucci contribution to the first quarter 2012, the increase in the periods under comparison is reduced to a 2.0%.

Consumption of Goods and Other External Charges

Consumption of goods and other external charges increased by 5.9% to €780.3 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 from €737.1 million for the same period of 2011. Consumption of goods and other external charges constituted 54.8% and 54.3% in percentage of total operating revenues for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. If considered together with the increase in inventories of finished goods and work in progress included in Operating Revenues, net consumptions of goods and other external charges increased by 7.5%. Without considering Fiorucci contribution in the first quarter 2012, this increase is reduced to a 2.0% increase derived from higher raw material prices during the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 versus the same period of 2011.

Employee Benefits Expenses

Employee benefits expenses increased by 5.0% to €258.3 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 from €245.9 million for the same period of 2011. Excluding Fiorucci contribution to the first quarter of 2012, employee benefit expenses increased by 0.5% impacted by cost reduction programmes initialized on late 2011. Employee benefits expenses constituted 18.1% in percentage total operating revenues for both periods under comparison.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization increased by 6.9% to €45.1 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 from €42.2 million for the same period of 2011. Depreciation and amortization represented 3.2% and 3.1% in percentage total operating revenues for 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Other Operating Expenses

Other operating expenses increased by 9.8% to €279.4 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 from €254.5 million for the same period of 2011. Without considering Fiorucci contribution to the first quarter of 2012, the increase is reduced to a 4.1% increase, explained by higher marketing expenses and utilities cost.

Finance and Tax Expenses

Finance Revenue and Finance Costs

Net finance cost has increased by €2.6 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012, from €39.5 million in the same period 2011 to €42.1 million in 2012 mainly due to our acquisition in Italy in April 2011 which has been financed with cash and a new bank facility.

Income Tax Expenses

Income tax amounted to €4.9 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012, compared to €6.7 million in the same period of 2011. The 38.6% effective tax rate in 2012 is hardly comparable to the 20.6% for the same period in 2011 due to different consolidation perimeters, as well as to certain changes in the applicable tax regulations in some of the countries where the Company operates.

Result from Discontinued Operations

For the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, Results from Discontinued Operations amounted \in 3.1 million loss and \in 14.2 million loss, respectively. Results from Discontinued Operation are comprised mainly of our French cooked business after tax net results (see Corporate information).

Profit (Loss) for the Period

Profit (Loss) for the Period amounted €4.7 million gain in the nine month period ended September 30, 2012, compared to a €11.6 million gain in the same period of 2011.

Operating Segment Reporting

	Nine month ended September 30,						
et sales and services	2012	2	2011				
	Actual (unaudited)	% of total	Actual (unaudited) (restated)	% of total			
Southern Europe ¹	815,009	58.5%	747,433	56.7%			
Northern Europe ²	591,199	42.5%	573,664	43.5%			
Other ³	39,706	2.8%	19,755	1.5%			
Eliminations ⁴	(52,587)	(3.8%)	(22,357)	(1.7%)			
Total net sales and services	1,393,327	100,0%	1,318,495	100,0%			

	Time month ended September 30,					
EBITDA (normalized)	2012	2	2011			
	Actual (unaudited)	% of total	Actual (unaudited) (restated)	% of total		
Southern Europe ¹	56,188	54.1%	61,563	52.4%		
Northern Europe ²	43,643	42.0%	57,197	48,7%		
Other ³	4,100	3.9%	(1,303)	(1.1%)		
Total EBITDA	<u>103,931</u>	<u>100,0%</u>	<u>117,457</u>	<u>100,0 %</u>		
% EBITDA normalized margin over Net Sales						
Southern Europe	6,9%		8,2%			
Northern Europe	7,4%		10.0%			
Other	10,3%		(6,6)%			
Total EBITDA	<u>7.5%</u>		<u>8.9 %</u>			

Nine month ended Sentember 30.

Southern Europe

Net sales in Southern Europe increased by 9.0% to €815.0 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 from €747.4 million for the same period last year. This increase is to a certain extent attributable to Fiorucci Group which was incorporated to the Group in April 2011 (consolidated income statement figures only include Fiorucci group for the six month period ended September 30, 2011 compared to the full nine month period ended September 30, 2012). For comparison purposes, excluding Fiorucci contribution in the three month period ended March 31, 2011, net sales growth is 1.7% for the period under comparison, which has been achieved in a context of challenging macroeconomic conditions as a result of the focus pricing actions, innovation and mix improvements.

Normalized EBITDA amounted €56.2 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 compared to €61.6 million for the same period last year, a reduction of 8.7% on last year in spite of top line growth in part due meat and other cost inflation including utilities cost (taxes and inflation).

Normalized EBITDA margin over net sales for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 was 6.9% showing a decrease over previous period of 134 basis points, although this is mainly due to the lower margins in Fiorucci and Nobre. Normalized EBITDA margin excluding the contribution of Fiorucci to the first quarter 2012, EBITDA reduction is –91bp. Pricing/value actions and value creation via innovation, brand building and improved mix, together with continuous improvement from global sourcing (European meat platform) and other productivity measures, to counteract inflation in meat and other costs.

Northern Europe

Net Sales in Northern Europe increased by 3.1% to €591.2 million in the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 from €573.7 million in the same period last year. Growth is driven by focus on brand building pricing actions and improved mix.

The Normalized EBITDA for nine month period ended September 30, 2012 of €43.6 is €13.6 million lower than the same period last year. Margin over net sales for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 was 7.4% showing a decrease over previous period of 259 basis points.

Although in 2012 inflation in hams and shoulders are slowing down, other cuts (especially those used in dry sausages) are still going up, and due to the product mix Northern Europe (especially France) was more affected by this than Southern Europe. The impact of materials price increases was partially compensated by results of pricing/value actions and focus on value creation via innovation, brand building

¹ Southern Europe includes operating activities mainly managed in Spain, Portugal and Italy from April 2011, including our fresh meat operations.

² Northern Europe includes operating activities managed primarily in France, the Netherlands, Belgium and Germany.

³ Other includes operating activities managed in the USA and corporate activities.

⁴ Intercompany sales between segments which are eliminated during consolidation.

and improved mix, together with continuous improvement from global sourcing (European meat platform) and other productivity measures.

Other

The "Other" segment mainly refers to corporate costs in the headquarters and business in USA which made excellent progress with product innovation and gaining important new accounts, and performance in health and snacking strategic growth platforms.

Cash Flow

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

For the nine month period ended September 30, 2012, cash flow from operating activities amounted to €50.9 million versus €110.2 million for the same period in 2011. This variance was primarily attributable to changes in working capital.

Cash Used in Investing Activities

For the nine month period ended September 30, 2012, cash flow from investing activities amounted to a negative €35.4 million, compared to a negative €57.6 million for the same period in 2011. Capital Expenditures amounted to €37.3 million in the nine month period ended September 30, 2012 and €33.6 million in the same period last year due to the strategic investment program and new ERP deployment. Investment in Group in 2011 showed net cash impact related to the acquisition of Fiorucci.

Cash Flow from Financing Activities

For the nine month period ended September 30, 2012, cash flow from financing activities amounted to a €2.8 million compared to a negative €93.7 million for the same period last year. The cash flow from financing activities for the nine month period ended September 30, 2011 included payments related to the purchase of the remaining minority interests in Jamones Burgaleses (Spain), the financing raised and repaid in connection to the acquisition of Fiorucci, payments related to the cancellation of derivatives, dividends paid and purchase of treasury shares.

Comparison of the three month period ended September 30, 2012 and the three month period ended September 30, 2011

Operating Revenues

The following table sets forth a detailed breakdown of our operating revenues for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011.

Operating revenues	Three month ended September 30,				
	201	2	2011		
	Actual (unaudited)	% of total oper. revenues	Actual (unaudited)	% of total oper. revenues	
Net sales and services	482,964	100,1%	483,615	98.3%	
% increase in Net Sales and Services	-0.1%				
Increase in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	(5,942)	(1.2%)	5,062	1.0%	
Capitalized expenses on Company's fixed assets	1,310	0.2%	1,060	0.3%	
Other operating revenue	4,315	0.9%	2,097	0.4%	
Total operating revenues	482,647	100.0%	491,834	100.0%	
% increase in total operating revenues	-1.9%				

Operating revenues decreased by 1.9% to €482.6 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 from €491.8 million for the same period in 2011. Net sales remained flat between periods under comparison, amounting €483.0 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2012

and €483.6 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2011. The increase in "Capitalized expenses on Company's fixed assets" is mainly related the new ERP developments which rollout face has started in several subsidiaries.

Operating Expenses

The following table sets forth a detailed breakdown of operating expenses for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011

Operating expenses	Three month ended September 30,				
	2012		201	1	
	Actual (unaudited)	% of total oper. revenues	Actual (unaudited)	% of total oper. revenues	
Consumption of goods and other external charges	(263,556)	(54.6%)	(270,666)	(55.0%)	
Employee benefits expense	(83,252)	(17.2%)	(80,747)	(16.4%)	
Depreciation and amortization	(15,060)	(3.1%)	(14,683)	(3.0%)	
Other operating expenses	(95,213)	(19.7%)	(94,014)	(19.1%)	
Changes in trade provisions	(738)	(0.2%)	(775)	(0.2%)	
Total operating expenses	(457,819)	(94.9%)	(460,885)	(93.7%)	
% increase in total operating expenses	(0.7%)				

Operating expenses decreased by 0.7% to 0.7% to 0.7% million for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 from 0.7% million for the same period in 2011. Operating expenses constituted 94.9% and 93.7% of total operating revenues for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, respectively.

Consumption of Goods and Other External Charges

Consumption of goods and other external charges decreased by 2.6% to €263.6 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 from €270.7 million for the same period in 2011. Consumption of goods and other external charges constituted 54.6% and 55.0% in percentage of total operating revenues for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, respectively. If considered together with the increase in inventories of finished goods and work in progress in Operating Revenues, net consumptions of goods and other external charges increased by 1.5%.

Employee Benefits Expenses

Employee benefits expenses increased by 3.1% to €83.3 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 from €80.7 million for the same period in 2011.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization increase by 2.6% to €15.1 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 from €14.7 for the same period in 2011. Depreciation and amortization represented 3.1% and 3.0% in percentage total operating revenues for 2012 and 2011, respectably.

Other Operating Expenses

Other operating expenses increased by 1.3% to €95.2 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 from €94.0 million for the same period of prior year. The increase is related to higher marketing expenses and utilities cost.

Finance and Tax Expenses

Finance Revenue and Finance Costs

Net finance cost decreased by 0.5 million in the third quarter from 14.4 million in 2011 to 13.9 million in 2012.

Income Tax

Income tax amounted to $\$ 4.1 million loss for the three month period ended September 30, 2012, and $\$ 5.5 million loss for the three month period ended September 30, 2011. The 51.4% effective tax rate in 2012 is hardly comparable to the 34.1% for the same period in 2011 due to different consolidation perimeters, as well as to certain changes in the applicable tax regulations in some of the countries where the Company operates.

Result from Discontinued Operations

For the three month period ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, Results from Discontinued Operations amounted 0.1 million loss and 2.5 million loss, respectively. Results from Discontinued Operation in 2011 are comprised mainly of our French cooked business and the Romanian Operations (see Corporate information).

Profit for the Period

For the three month period ended September 30, 2012, the profit for the period amounted €3.8 million compared to €8.1 million for the same period in 2011.

Operating Segment Reporting

Three month ended September 30, Net sales and services 2012 2011 Actual Actual (unaudited) % of total (restated) (unaudited) % of total Southern Europe 1 282,329 58.5% 285,649 59.1% Northern Europe ² 42.0% 202,842 197,301 40.8% Other³ 15,186 3,1% 10,469 2.1% Eliminations 4 (17,393)(3.6%)(9,804)(2.0%)Total net sales and services 482,964 100,0% <u>483,615</u> 100,0%

	Three month ended September 30,					
EBITDA (normalized)	2012	2	2011			
	Actual (unaudited)	% of total	Actual (unaudited) (restated)	% of total		
Southern Europe ¹	19,955	51.9%	24,928	53.7%		
Northern Europe ²	16,914	44,0%	21,633	46,6%		
Other ³	1,543	4.1%	(160)	(0.3 %)		
Total EBITDA	<u>38,412</u>	<u>100,0%</u>	<u>46,401</u>	<u>100,0 %</u>		
% EBITDA normalized margin over Net Sales						
Southern Europe	7.1%		8.7%			
Northern Europe	8,3%		11.0%			
Other	10,2%		(1.5%)			
<u>Total EBITDA</u>	8.0%		9.6%			

¹ Southern Europe includes operating activities mainly managed in Spain, Portugal and Italy, including our fresh meat operations.

² Northern Europe includes operating activities managed primarily in France, the Netherlands, Belgium and Germany.

³ Other includes operating activities managed in the USA and corporate activities.

⁴ Intercompany sales between segments which are eliminated during consolidation.

Southern Europe

Net sales in Southern Europe decreased by 1.2% to €282.3 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 from €285.6 million for the same period last year.

Normalized EBITDA in Southern Europe decreased by €5.0 million to €20.0 million in the three month period ended September 30, 2012 from €24.9 million in the same period last year.

Margin over net sales for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 was 7.1% showing a decrease over previous period of 166 basis points, mainly due to the lower margins in Fiorucci.

Northern Europe

Net Sales in Northern Europe increase by 2.8% to €202.8 million in the three month period ended September 30, 2012 from €197.3 million in the same period last year. Economically motivated changes in consumer preferences towards lower value products were compensated by focus on brand building innovation to maintain sales levels in a difficult economic climate.

Normalized EBITDA in Northern Europe decreased €4.7 million to €16.9 million in the three month period ended September 30, 2012, from €21.6 in the same period last year.

Normalized EBITDA margin over net sales for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 was 8.3% showing a decrease over previous period of 263 basis points. Although in 2012 raw material prices inflation related to hams and shoulders are slowing down, other cuts (especially those used in dry sausages) are still going up, and due to the product mix Northern Europe was more affected by this than Southern Europe. The impact of materials price increase was partially compensated by results of pricing/value actions and focus on value creation via innovation and brand building, together with continuous improvement from global sourcing (European meat platform) and other productivity measures

Other

The "Other" segment mainly refers to corporate costs in the headquarters and business in USA which is making good progress with product innovation and gaining important new accounts. In the three month period ended 3' September 2012, the American business has increased its quarterly net sales figure by 45% and more than doubled its EBITDA compared to the same period in 2011.

Cash Flow

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

For the three month period ended September 30, 2012, cash flow from operating activities amounted to $\[\le \]$ 34.2 million versus $\[\le \]$ 43.7 million for the same period in 2011. This variance was primarily attributable to lower EBITDA performance.

Cash Used in Investing Activities

For the three month period ended September 30, 2012, cash flow from investing activities amounted to a negative \in 11.6 million, compared to a negative \in 10.0 million for the same period in 2011. Capital Expenditures amounted to \in 14.7 million in the three month period ended September 30, 2012 and \in 11.1 million in the same period last year due to the strategic investment program and new ERP deployment.

Cash Flow from Financing Activities

For the three month period ended September 30, 2012, cash flow from financing activities amounted to a negative $\[mathebox{\in} 1.2\]$ million compared to a negative $\[mathebox{\in} 24.7\]$ million for the same period last year. The cash flow from financing activities for the three month period ended September 30, 2011 included payments related to the cancellation of derivatives, dividends paid and purchase of treasury shares.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Campofrio Food Group's ambition to become one of Europe's leading food companies is driven by a strategy which reflects current and anticipated consumer preferences and customer requirements. Based on these trends, the Group continues to adapt to the evolving market requirements. In this regard, Campofrio Food Group also announced with its FY 2011 results, an important increase in its investments for the future. This program includes new investments in marketing, product and technologies development, channel and geographic expansion, productivity and customer service. The company anticipates funding this program, which is expected to be deployed over the next 3 years, from its operating cash flow.

ANNEXE A – EXPLANATION OF INCOME STATEMENT ITEMS

Operating Revenues

Operating revenues consist of net sales and services, increases in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, capitalized expenses of company work on assets and other operating revenues.

Net Sales and Services

Our net sales and services consists primarily of the sales of dry, cooked and other meats products, after deduction of rebates and off invoice discounts.

Increase in Inventories of Finished Goods and Work in Progress

Increase in inventories of finished goods and work in progress includes the positive variation between the closing and opening value of finished products and work in progress.

Capitalized Expenses of Company Work on Assets

Capitalized expenses of Company work on assets includes personnel costs for staff engaged in facility development and construction and personnel expenses in connection with tangible and intangible assets. Capitalized staff costs are added to the carrying amount for the related asset in property, plant and equipment and amortized over their useful life.

Other Operating Revenues

Other operating revenues include other income not related to our core activities, such as capital grants release and operating grants.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses consist of decrease in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, consumption of goods and other external charges, employee benefits expense, depreciation and amortization, changes in trade provisions and other operating expenses.

Decrease in Inventories of Finished Goods and Work in Progress

Decrease in inventories of finished goods and work in progress includes the negative variation between the closing and opening value of finished products and work in progress.

Consumption of Goods and Other External Charges

Consumption of goods and other external charges includes primary purchases of raw material, mainly meats, and other product components such as packaging, spices and other auxiliary materials. This item also includes the stock variation of such materials.

Employee Benefits Expense

Employee benefits expense includes wages and salaries, dismissal indemnities, social security costs and other employee benefits such as health and life insurance.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization includes property, plant and equipment depreciation charges, amortization of other intangible assets with definitive useful life, such as operating software. Costs of property, plant and equipment in use are depreciated on a straight-line basis at annual rates based on the estimated useful life of the assets.

Changes in Trade Provisions

Changes in trade provisions include mainly changes in trade allowances and reversal from doubtful debtors. Also accounted for in this line item generally, are specific, non-recurring items that are not related to our ordinary business activities.

Other Operating Expenses

Other operating expenses include all other operating expenses, including services expenses, transport cost, utilities, energies, advertising, marketing and general expenses.

EBIT

EBIT is equal to operating revenues less operating expenses.

Net Finance Cost

Net finance cost includes finance revenue and finance costs. Finance revenue consists of income on loans and other marketable securities, other interest and similar income, exchange rate gains and changes in fair value of financial instruments. Finance cost consists of interest bearing loans and borrowings, other finance costs and exchange losses.

Income on Loans and other Marketable Securities

Income on loans and other marketable securities consists principally of interest from deposits.

Exchange Rate Gains and Losses

This item includes gains and losses from the variation on financial liabilities denominated in US dollars, which is partially offset by the existing cash flow hedge accounting, and also includes, to a lesser extent gains and losses from the trading generated by accounts payable and receivables denominated in currencies other than euro.

Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Change in fair value of financial instruments includes gains and losses from the variation in the fair value of financial instruments that do not qualify for cash flow hedge accounting.

Impairment of Assets

Impairment of assets includes losses recognized when the recoverable amount of non current-assets is lower than their carrying value. The recoverable value is defined as the higher of the net fair market value or the value in use of each non-current asset.

Share of Profit (Losses) of Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method

Results of companies accounted for using the equity method include investments in associates over which we exercise significant influence but which are neither subsidiaries nor jointly controlled entities. Investments are measured initially at acquisition cost, subsequently adjusted for changes to each company's equity, taking into consideration the percentage of ownership and any impairment.

Income Taxes

Income taxes consist of current tax payable on the taxable profit for the year and deferred tax. The corporate tax rate in Spain was 35% in 2006, 32.5% in 2007 and 30% in 2008.

Profit (loss) from Discontinued Operations

Profit (loss) from discontinued operations represents profit or loss for the year attributable to discontinued operations.