

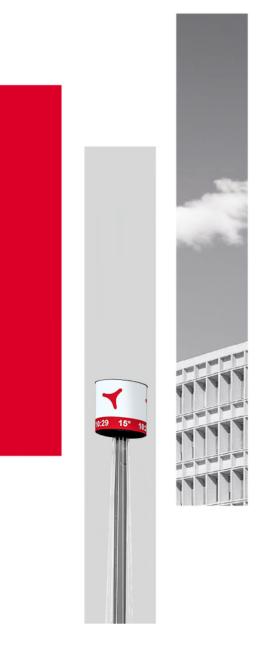
Mr. FRANCISCO JOSÉ ARREGUI LABORDA, Secretary of the Board of Directors of GRUPO CATALANA OCCIDENTE, S.A.,

CERTIFIES THAT:

The documents submitted to the Spanish Securities Market Commission, which include the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements ("Estados Financieros Intermedios Consolidados") and the Interim Consolidated Management Report ("Informe de Gestión Intermedio Consolidado") corresponding to the first semester of 2021 as well as the External Auditor's Report of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A., have been originally issued in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy between the Spanish and English versions, the former shall prevail.

In Witness Whereof, I issue this certificate in Madrid on July 29, 2021.

Mr. Francisco José Arregui Laborda



2021 Quarterly Report 6M2021 Grupo Catalana Occidente S.A.

Catalana Occidente

Table of contents



01. Keys of the period 6M2021	3
Key financial figures	.4
Business diversification	
Outlook and challenges for 2021	7
Group Performance in 6M2021	8
GCO shares and dividends	9
Market environment1	10
Group actions against COVID-19	11

02. Business performance in 6M2021	12
Traditional business	13
Credit insurance business	16
Investments and funds under management	18
Capital management	20
Sustainability	21

03. Annexes
About Grupo Catalana Occidente
Additional information for credit insurance
Expenses and commissions
Financial result
Non-recurring result
Balance sheet
Corporate structure
Board of Directors
Calendar and contact
Glossary
Legal note



01

Keys of the period 6M2021

Key financial figures

In the first half of the year, the Group's turnover and profit increased compared to the previous year

Growth

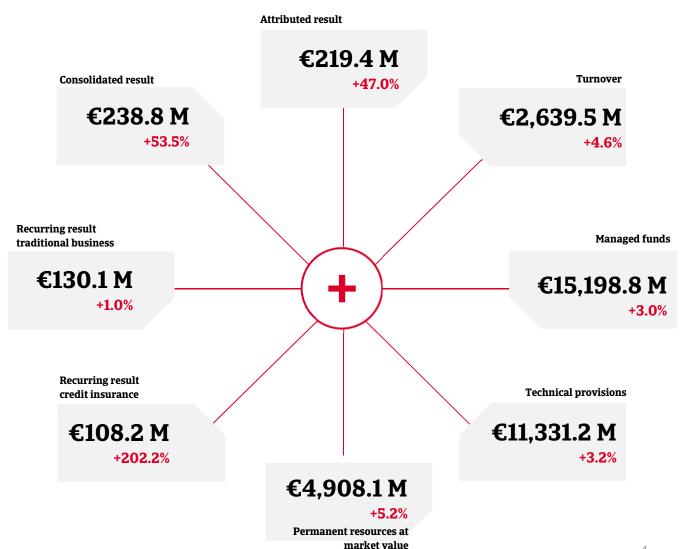
• Increase of 4.6% in turnover.

Profitability

- Increase of 47.0% in the attributed result, with €219.4 million.
- Improvement in recurrent earnings in the traditional • business and in the credit insurance business, which continues to be exposed to the performance of COVID-19:
 - -+1.0% in the traditional business. with \in 130.1 million.
 - -+202.2% in the credit insurance business, with €108.2 million
- Combined ratio:
 - 87.9% in traditional business (non-life).
 - 60.5% in the credit insurance business (gross).
- Commitment to shareholders: first dividend for the 2021 financial year of €20.0 million, an increase of 5% over the first dividend of the previous financial year.

Solvency

The Solvency II ratio at the close of 2020 for the • Group is 216%.



			(figures in € mi	
y financial figures	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M202
GROWTH				
Turnover	2,522.4	2,639.5	4.6%	4,559.
- Traditional business	1,499.0	1,525.7	1.8%	2,720
- Credit insurance business	1,023.4	1,113.8	8.8%	1,839
PROFITABILITY				
Consolidated result	155.6	238.8	53.5%	270
- Traditional business	128.8	130.1	1.0%	238
- Credit insurance business	35.8	108.2	202.2%	50
- Non-recurring	-9.0	0.5		-18
Attributed result	149.3	219.4	47.0%	262
Combined traditional business ratio	88.4%	87.9%	-0.5	88.6
Combined gross ratio credit insurance	94.3%	60.5%	-33.8	94.
Dividend per share				0.8
Pay-out				40.4
Share price	20.5	32.6	58.8%	29
PER	7.48	11.8		13.
ROE				7.3
NON-FINANCIAL DATA				
Number of employees	7,394	7,311	-1.1%	7,38
Number of offices	1,490	1,464	-1.7%	
Number of intermediaries	17,076	17,052	-0.1%	17,04

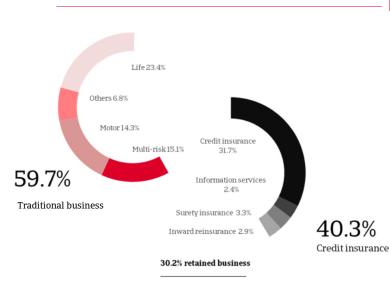
	12M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21
SOLVENCY			
Permanent resources at market value	4,663.4	4,908.1	5.2%
Technical provisions	10,982.5	11,331.2	3.2%
Managed funds	14,758.9	15,198.8	3.0%

5

Business di 12M2020

diversification

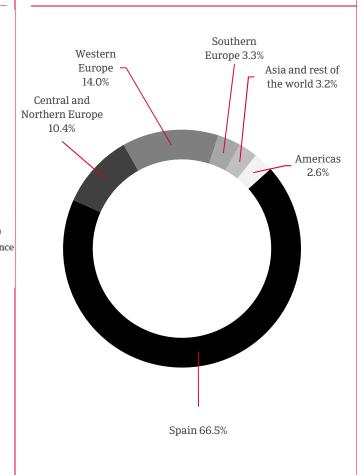
Grupo Catalana Occidente has a balanced and diversified portfolio.



In the traditional business (59.4% of the total turnover), the Group carries out its activity through the entities Catalana Occidente, Plus Ultra Seguros, Seguros Bilbao and NorteHispana Seguros, guaranteeing a balanced and diverse implementation. In credit insurance business (30.2% of the total turnover in terms of retained business), the Crédito y Caución brand gives it a leadership position in the Spanish market, while the Atradius brand gives it an international dimension and leadership.

Global presence

The Group is present in over 50 countries and has a significant presence in Spain.





Grupo Catalana Occidente obtains 66.5% of its income from the Spanish domestic market, where it holds the fifth position, through the brands Seguros Catalana Occidente, Plus Ultra Seguros, Seguros Bilbao, NorteHispana Seguros, and Crédito y Caución.

In the credit insurance business, through the brands Atradius and Atradius Re, the Group is present in over 50 countries and holds the second position on a global scale.

Outlook and challenges for 2021

The effect of the COVID-19 health crisis caused a substantial downturn in the economy in 2020, from which some recovery is expected during the financial year 2021.

Despite this, there is still uncertainty about the way out of the health and economic crisis, which will be marked by the actions taken in the face of future outbreaks and the pace of vaccination. The forecast for Spain will follow this overall trend.

In relation to the management of the COVID-19 crisis, the Group activated the contingency and continuity protocol in March 2020 with the onset of the pandemic. Despite the impact on the technical result of credit insurance, there has been no disruptive impact on traditional business. In addition, the investment impact of the crisis in the financial markets has been minimised.

Specifically, the Group set up a Contingency Committee to ensure, as a matter of priority, the safety of all its employees and associates and the continuity of the business. Its tasks can be summarised as follows:

• To guarantee the protection of employees, in coordination with the Prevention Service, and the continuity of doing their job.

- To guarantee the stability of the systems and the maintenance of the operations in a crisis context of with a 100% demand of teleworking positions.
- To organise and apply the stages of the Contingency Plan referring to the continuity of the business.

In the current context, the financial information presented includes the Group's best estimate of the main factors affected by the COVID-19 health crisis: the parameters of claims, the effectiveness of the monetary and fiscal policy measures taken, and the agreements established with the various European governments in order to maintain the volume of insured commercial transactions in the credit insurance business.

Milestone 2020	2021 Guidelines
Growth	
 Turnover: €4,559.5 million Increased positioning in the health sector thanks to the incorporation of the Antares business. Increase of the insured offer. 	 To promote the development of distribution networks that improve the participation of intermediaries and promote strategic products. Continuous improvement of products and processes. Adaptation of supply to new market trends. New customer interaction capabilities. Advances in digitalization.
Profitability	
 The consolidated result amounted to €270.1 million. Excellent combined ratio of the traditional business 88.6% (does not include Health and Funeral). 	 Improved underwriting. Increase the technical and financial result. Unification of Group systems. Group service concentration. Evolution of the Contact Centre and Claims Centres. Connectivity and individualization of the offer for brokers.
Solvency	
 The solvency ratio at the end of 2020 is 216%. AM Best : A Excellent with a stable outlook on the main entities in the traditional and credit insurance business. Moody's: A2 with a stable outlook for the main credit insurers. 	 HR Management: people, talent and productivity. Analysis of flexible work models and teleworking. Boost in the field of Sustainability. Adaptation to IFRS 17.

Evolution of the Group in 6M2021

The Group's attributable profit was €219.4 million and turnover increased by 4.6%.

The Group's results were impacted in the traditional business by the meteorological events that occurred in Spain in the first quarter, mainly affecting the multi-risk business. The credit insurance business continues to be exposed to the evolution of the COVID-19 health crisis, but its results improved notably thanks to the risk management actions carried out.

Turnover increased by 4.6%, reflecting the sustained growth in traditional business and the increase in credit insurance business. The technical result, with €257.7 million, is up 46.2% due to the recovery of the credit insurance business.

The financial result contributes €46.2 million to reach €304.2 million profit before tax. Taxes represent €65.4 million, 21.5% on the profit. Consolidated income amounted to €238.8 million, an increase of 53.5%.

For further information, see annexes

			(figure	es in € million)
Income statement	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20 -21	12M2020
Written premiums	2,438.9	2,554.7	4.7%	4,426.4
Income from information	83.5	84.8	1.6%	133.1
Turnover	2,522.4	2,639.5	4.6%	4,559.5
Technical cost	1,489.3	1438.6	-3.4%	2,917.8
% on total income from insurance	64.5%	60.6%		63.9%
Commissions	277.8	292.3	5.2%	560.6
% on total income from insurance	12.0%	12.3%		12.3%
Expenses	364.0	386.0	6.0%	749.5
% on total income from insurance	15.8%	16.3%		16.4%
Technical result	176.3	257.7	46.2%	339.8
% on total income from insurance	7.6%	10.9%		7.4%
Financial result	17.9	46.2		28.2
% on total income from insurance	0.8%	2.0%		0.7%
Result of non-technical non-financial account	-2.7	-11.8		-14.1
% on total income from insurance	-0.1%	-0.5%		-0.3%
Result from compl. activities Credit insurance and funeral business	8.8	12.2		6.4
% on total income from insurance	0.4%	0.5%		0.1%
Profit before tax	200.3	304.2	51.9 %	364.6
% on total net income	8.7%	12.8%		8.0%
Taxes	44.7	65.4		94.5
% taxes	22.3%	21.5%		25.9%
Consolidated result	155.6	238.8	53.5%	270.1
Result attributable to minorities	6.3	19.4		7.8
Attributed result	149.3	219.4	47.0%	262.3
% on total income from insurance	6.5%	9.2%		5.7%

Results by business lines	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020
Recurring results traditional business	128.8	130.1	1.0%	238.6
Recurring results from credit insurance business	35.8	108.2	202.2%	50.4
Non-recurring result	-9.0	0.5		-18.9

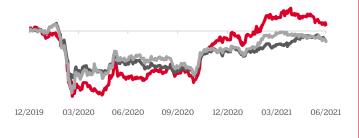
GCO shares and dividends

Share performance

"Shares in Grupo Catalana Occidente end the first half at €32.6/share

In this period the share price increased by 11.7%, above the reference index of the Spanish market.

Share performance since the end of 2019



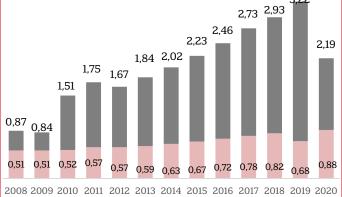
Grupo Catalana Occidente 🛛 IBEX 35 💷 EurStoxx Insurance

The average recommendation of the analysts is to "purchase" the share with a target price of \notin 38.4/share (max. \notin 40.5/share and min. \notin 35.0/share).

Dividends

Following the Regulators' recommendations reducing the total dividend for 2019, the Group resumes its dividend policy.

Commitment to the shareholder. 5% increase in the first dividend for2021 with regards to the same dividend for the previous year.



Dividend per share

Profit per share

Active relationship with the financial market

Grupo Catalana Occidente maintains a smooth and close relationship with the financial market, offering specific communication channels

During the first semester, the Group transmitted its value proposition to the financial markets through the annual retransmission of the results published (on the website, in English and Spanish) and by holding roadshows in different European countries, as well as participating in virtual forums/conferences.

Share price			
(euro per share)	6M2020	6M2021	12M2020
Period start	31.85	29.15	31.15
Minimum	16.20	27.80	16.20
Maximum	32.05	36.35	32.05
Period closure	20.50	32.55	29.15
Average	23.32	32.83	23.24

Profitability (YTD)	6M2020	6M2021	TACC 2002 - 6M21
GCO	-34.19%	11.66%	12.56%
Ibex 35	-24.27%	9.26%	2.07%
EuroStoxx Insurance	-22.58%	6.74%	3.15%

Other data (in euros)	6M2020	6M2021	12M2020
Number of shares	120,000,000	120,000,000	120,000,000
Nominal value of the share	0.30	0.30	0.30
Average daily subscription (number of shares)	71,452	63,484	73,334
Average daily subscription (euro)	1,566,213	2,101,273	1,653,784

2021 macroeconomic environment

2020 saw an unprecedented drastic slump in the global economy due to the COVID-19 pandemic (-3.3%).
2021 Upward reviews to expected growth by +6.0% (perspectives of the last revision of April are maintained).

United States GDP +7.0% GDP 2021e (+6.4%)

- Contraction of investment and exports.
- Unemployment estimated at 6.1%

Eurozone GDP +4.6% 2021e (+4.4%)

- Eurozone GDP +4.6% 2021e (+4.4%)
- Tensions over health crisis management and vaccination.
- Estimated 100.1% public debt
- Unemployment estimated at 10.4%

United Kingdom GDP +7.0% 2021e (+5.3%)

- Depreciation of the pound against the euro
- Drop in exports of more than 50%
- Estimated 107.0% public debt

Asia Pacific +7.5% GDP 2021e (+8.6%)

China:

- Sharp drop in industrial production
- Collapse of direct investment

South America +5.8% GDP 2021e (+4.6%)

- Worsening financial conditions
- Weak external demand

Spain GDP +6.2% 2021e (+6.4%)

- Strong impact on the economy due to the important weight of tourism
- Expected deficit of 8.6%
- Estimated 120.1% public debt
- Unemployment estimated at 16%

International Monetary Fund. July 2021 review compared to April 2021 estimate

Fixed income

Widespread measures to inject liquidity and credit support in the economy. Minimum interest rates

Interest rates				
6M2021 (%)	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
Spain	-0.5	-0.2	-0.1	0.4
Germany	-0.6	-0.6	-0.5	-0.2
United States	0.1	0.3	0.5	1.5

Source: Bloomberg at the close of June 2021

Variable income

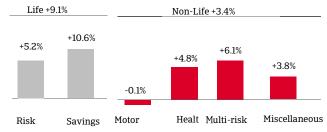
Recovery of the stock market indices affected by the health crisis.

	6M2021	%Chg.
Ibex35	8,821.2	+9.3%
EuroStoxx Insurance	278.9	+6.4%
Eurostoxx50	4,064.3	+14.4%
Dow Jones	34,633.5	+13.1%

Sectoral environment

The insurance sector in Spain grows by 5.5% in turnover, due to the accelerated growth of life premiums.

Performance of turnover



Source: ICEA at the close of June 2021

Insurance group ranking performance 6M2021 (compared to closing 2020)

Group	Position	Market share
VidaCaixa	=	12.3%
Mapfre	=	11.9%
Grupo Mutua Madrileña	=	9.2%
Allianz	\uparrow 1	5.5%
Grupo Catalana Occidente	↓ 1	5.2%
Zurich	\uparrow 1	4.7%
Grupo Axa	\downarrow 1	4.6%
Generali	=	4.0%
Grupo Helvetia (Helvetia + Caser)	↑ 1	3.2%
Santalucía	\downarrow 1	3.2%

Source: ICEA at the close of June 2021

Group actions against COVID-19

Grupo Catalana Occidente has promoted a plan of measures to support all its stakeholders and strengthen their confidence in the face of the COVID-19 health crisis.

The main measures that have been carried out could be divided into five groups:

Employee protection and operational support. Our employees are our most valuable asset and this has been a priority in the face of the current health crisis.

- To ensure employee protection and work continuity: teleworking implemented for all our employees.
- Rethinking of processes to maintain operational support under extreme conditions.

Maintenance of customer service. The Group emphasizes its vocation of service to the customer in order to attend to the needs at a time like the present.

- Continuity in the relationship with the customer through telematic means.
- Continuity in customer service for loss adjustments, repairs, agency offices, etc... Successful implementation of undertaking loss adjustments by video

Measures aimed at the traditional business. Flexibility in payment of receipts, instalments and deferment.

- Flexibility in payment of receipts, instalments and deferment.
- Adaptation of prices according to the circumstances of the risk and the customer,

- 24-hour medical guidance by telephone for any insured party, video consultation of medical staff and before cyber-risk protection in teleworking.
- The video consultation service for Cosalud Asistencia Sanitaria and Cosalud Reembolso policyholders has been incorporated, which allows medical attention to be received without the need to travel, by those doctors and centres within the Cosalud medical team that have adhered to this functionality.
- Cover has been extended to our policyholders in teleworking situations in cyber-risk insurance.

Measures aimed at the credit insurance business.

- Flexibility in payment of receipts, instalments and deferment.
- Flexibility in the period of declaration of nonpayment, extending it by 30 days.
- Agreements with different Governments to support business continuity through credit insurance.

Measures to support society.

- Participation with UNESPA in a fund to protect healthcare and nursing home staff dealing with COVID-19.
- The Fundación Jesús Serra collaborates with Save the Children and supports the CSIC for research in a future vaccine.
- Support to the innovation programme to overcome the health challenges caused: Beat the Vid.

Support measures for suppliers and associates.

• €20 million was earmarked to advance the invoicing of the Group's suppliers affected by the coronavirus in Spain, in order to help them cope with the liquidity problems they may have suffered as a result of the business stoppage caused by the pandemic.

The impact of COVID-19 on individual business results can be found on pages 13-16 for traditional business and pages 16-17 for credit insurance business. We also report impacts on investments: see page 18.

In addition, page 25 lists the agreements made with the various governments in the credit insurance business.



02

Business performance in 6M2021

Traditional business

The positive evolution continues with growth of 1.8% in turnover and 1.0% in recurring profit.

Turnover increased by 1.8% at the close of June 2021 to €1,525.7 million. The growth of 4.5% in multi-risk and 5.1% in others should be highlighted.

The technical result increased 1.1%, supported by Non-Life business. The non-life technical result provides €99.5 million and grows 6.1%, thanks to the improvement of 0.5 percentage points of the combined ratio to 87.9%. Technical cost declined 0.6 p.p. while fees and expenses increase by 0.1 p.p.. In turn, the Life business reduced its technical result by 10.6% to €36.3 million.

The financial result, with €36.8 million, is reduced by 5.7%. Complementary activities provide €2.8 million from the funeral insurance business.

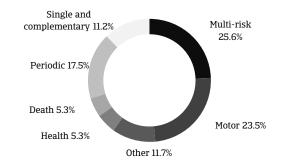
Recurring profit after tax has increased 1.0% reaching €130.1 million. During the year there have been negative nonrecurring results for a value of $\in 2.6$ million; consequently, the total result is of \in 127.5 million, increasing by 5.7%.

For further information, see annexes.

			(figi	ures in € million)
Traditional business	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020
Written premiums	1,499.0	1,525.7	1.8%	2,720.4
Recurring premiums	1,350.8	1,374.9	1.8%	2,415.5
Technical result	134.3	135.8	1.1%	265.4
% on earned premiums	10.1%	10.0%		9.8%
Financial result	34.8	36.8	5.7%	51.8
% on earned premiums	2.6%	2.7%		2.1%
Non-technical result	-8.0	-8.7		-16.3
Complementary act. (Funeral B.)	3.2	2.8	-12.5%	4.6
Company income tax	-35.5	-36.6		-66.8
Recurring result	128.8	130.1	1.0%	238.6
Non-recurring result	-8.2	-2.6		-10.3
Total result	120.6	127.5	5.7%	228.3
Earned premiums	1,334.4	1,359.6	1.9%	2,710.1

Distribution by business (TAM)

Combined ratio



commissions

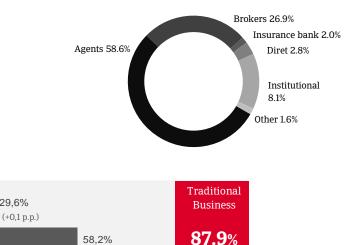
+ expenses

Technical cost

29,6%

(-0,6 p.p.)

Distribution channels



(-0.5 p.p.)

Multi-risk

Growth in turnover of 4.5% to €384.7 million. The combined ratio has increased by 3.2 percentage point to 90.7%. This increase is due to an increase in the frequency of claims due to greater use of the home and a peak fire claim in March. The weather events that occurred in January (storms Filomena and Hortensia) have had a similar impact to the Gloria event of the previous year.

COVID-19 impact: change in the casuistry of claims received as a result of the increased use of the home in comparison to 2020, when the lockdown was after the second half of March.

Motor

Decrease in turnover of 2.6% with \notin 342.2 million. The combined ratio improved 5 p.p. to 85.8%, with a lower claims ratio due to a lower frequency of claims.

.

_

COVID-19 impact: despite the fact that the frequency of claims began to normalise in the last months of the half-year, the technical cost fell by 6.1 p.p., in comparison with the first half of 2020, when the mobility restrictions came after the second half of March.

	(figures in € million)			
Multi-risk	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020
Written premiums	368.1	384.7	4.5%	686.9
% Technical cost	53.7%	56.9%	3.2	55.0%
% Commissions	21.2%	21.2%	0.0	20.9%
% expenses	12.6%	12.5%	-0.1	13.1%
% Combined ratio	87.5%	90.7 %	3.2	89.0%
Technical result after expenses	41.5	32.3	-22.2%	74.5
% on earned premiums	12.6%	9.3%		11.1%
Earned premiums	331.8	345.7	4.2%	676.1

	(figures in € million)				
Motor	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020	
Written premiums	351.3	342.2	-2.6 %	653.8	
% Technical cost	67.9%	61.8%	-6.1	66.5%	
% Commissions	11.1%	11.3%	0.2	11.2%	
% expenses	12.3%	12.7%	0.4	12.7%	
% Combined ratio	91.3%	85.8%	-5.5	90.3%	
Technical result after expenses	28.2	45.9	62.8%	63.4	
% on earned premiums	8.7%	14.2%		9.7%	
Earned premiums	325.5	323.4	-0.6%	655.5	

Miscellaneous

Growth in turnover of 5.1% to \notin 183.8 million. The combined ratio was 86.3%, an increase of 1.7 p.p. due to an increase in the technical cost and of the fees, which was partly offset by the reduction in expenses.

COVID-19 impact: lower turnover in branches related to economic activity (Civil Liability, Accidents...), offset by higher commercial activity.

Т	ifo	
_ L	шe	

The life business performed favourably with a turnover

of 615.0 million. The combined ratio reduced by 1.8 percentage points to 81.4% in the life funeral business

COVID-19 Impact: Reduction of the combined ratio in the healthcare business by 0.7 p.p. to 90.0%.

Miscellaneous	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020
Written premiums	174.9	183.8	5.1%	312.2
% Technical cost	51.2%	53.7%	2.5	51.0%
% Commissions	18.9%	19.8%	0.9	19.0%
% expenses	14.3%	12.8%	-1.5	14.3%
% Combined ratio	84.6%	86.3%	1.7	84.4%
Technical result after expenses	24.1	21.3	-11.6%	48.9
% on earned premiums	15.4%	13.7%		15.4%
Earned premiums	153.7	155.4	1.1%	312.4

(figures in € million)

	(ligures in e i			
Life	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020
Life insurance turnover	604.7	615.0	1.7%	1,067.5
Health	126.4	127.9	1.2%	142.8
Funeral	73.7	75.4	2.3%	143.3
Periodic premiums	256.4	260.9	1.8%	476.5
Single premiums	148.2	150.8	1.8%	304.9
Pension plan contributions	29.7	27.1	-8.8%	71.8
Net contributions to investment funds	3.6	1.7	-52.8%	1.3
Technical result after expenses	40.6	36.3	-10.6%	74.2
% on earned premiums	7.3%	6.8%		7.0%
Technical-financial result	54.9	54.1	-1.5%	95.3
% on earned premiums	10.5%	10.1%		8.9%
Earned premiums	523.4	535.1	2.2%	1,066.1
igures in € million)				

Credit insurance business

Growth in net insurance income of 4.3% with recurring income of €108.2 million

In the credit insurance business, the volume of business increased (premiums invoiced plus information income), at a rate of 8.8%, as a result of the strong underwriting activity of new policies, although this increase is tempered by the accrual of income on the premium acquired. As a result, the Group increased its net income (earned premiums plus information income) by 4.3% to €1,015.0 million.

In Spain and Portugal, the Group's earned premiums decreased slightly. In the rest of the European markets, they increased by an average of 6.5%, with the growth in Central and Northern Europe standing out with 13.0%.

In turn, income from information has increased by 1.6%, contributing €84.8 million.

The Group has increased its risk exposure (TPE) by 6.9% compared to the end of 2020. This is due to the fact that after adjusting the risks during the previous year, in 2021 the levels begin to recover while maintaining a cautious selection of it. Europe represents 73.0% of total exposure.

For further information, see annexes.





The technical result after credit insurance expenses amounted to \notin 401.3 million, \notin 346.2 million more than in the same period of the previous financial year, which was heavily impacted by the COVID-19 health crisis. The effectiveness of the implementation of the risk management measures will lead to a stabilisation of margins in the second half of 2020 and an improvement in the first half of 2021.

The gross combined ratio was 60.5%. Having closed the 2020 financial year with a prudent level of provisions that continues to be maintained at the close of the first half, the inflow of claims is lower than expected. As a result of these improved expectations, reinsurers also earn an additional profit. Specifically, the result granted to reinsurance increased to &278.6 million, of which &196.3 million correspond to governmental agreements.

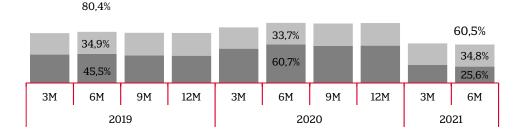
The financial result is lower than in the same period of the previous year mainly due to exchange rate differences which were very favourable in the previous year. The result of the complementary activities is ≤ 9.5 million.

Consequently, the recurring result is positioned at €108.2 million, up 202.2% from the first half of 2020. During the year there were non-recurring profits of €3.1 million. In total, this business contributed a result of €111.3 million.

COVID-19 Impact: Re-pricing of risks and adaptation of risk appetite. Finalisation of reinsurance agreements with European governments (Annexes).

	(figures in € million)				
Credit insurance business	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020	
Earned premiums	889.7	930.2	4.6%	1,727.4	
Income from information	83.5	84.8	1.6%	133.1	
Credit insurance income	973.2	1,015.0	4.3 %	1,860.5	
Technical result after expenses	55.1	401.3	628.3%	109.3	
% on income	5.7%	39.5%		5.9%	
Reinsurance result	-13.1	-278.6		-28.1	
Reinsurance transfer ratio	47.4%	58.3%		52.1%	
Net technical result	42.1	122.7	191.4%	81.2	
% on income	4.3%	12.1%		4.4%	
Financial result	6.9	4.6	-33.3%	5.1	
% on income	0.7%	0.5%		0.3%	
Result from complementary activities	5.7	9.5	66.7%	1.8	
Company income tax	-16.0	-26.4		-34.8	
Adjustments	-2.8	-2.1		-2.9	
Recurring result	35.8	108.2	202.2%	50.4	
Non-recurring result	-0.8	3.1		-8.6	
Total result	35.0	111.3	218.0 %	41.8	

Performance of the gross combined ratio



■ Technical cost ■ Commissions + expenses

94.3%

For further information, see annexes.

Investments and funds under management

The investment operations, focused on traditional assets, have been characterised by prudence and diversification

The Group manages funds amounting to €15,198.8 million, €439.9 million more than in the previous year.

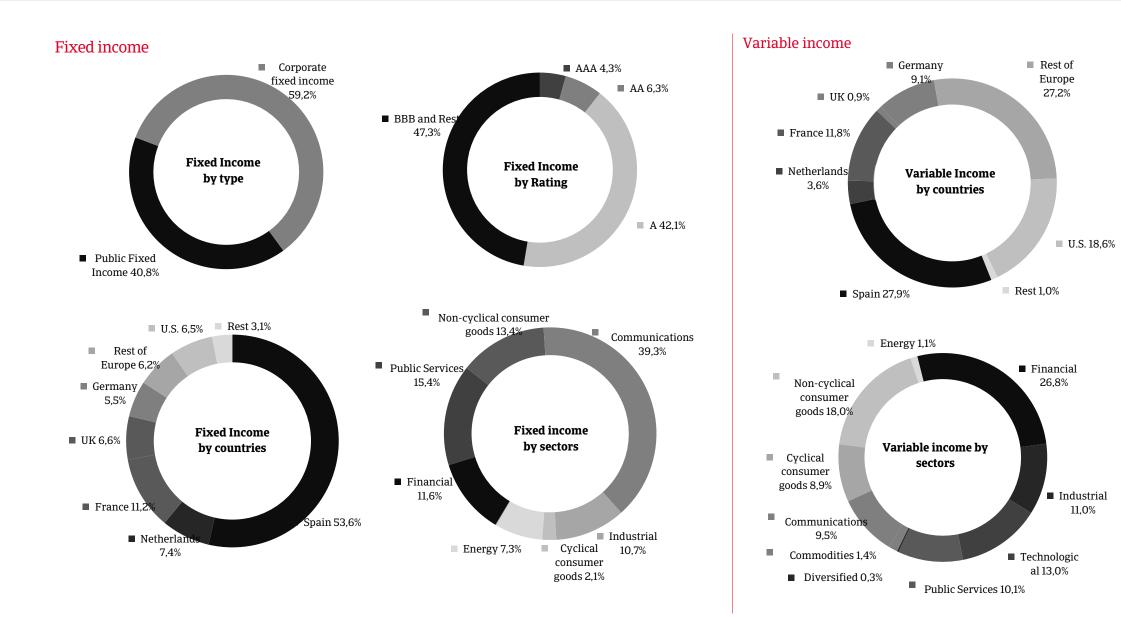
Fixed-income investment represents 54.0% of the total portfolio, standing at <7,428.1 million. The distribution of the rating in the portfolio is shown graphically below. At the close of the first quarter, 52.7% of the portfolio is rated A or higher. The duration of the portfolio at the end of June is 4.25 years and profitability at 1.90%.

	(figures in € million)			
Investments and Funds under management	12M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	% on Inv. R. Co.
Properties	1,735.4	1,744.8	0.5%	12.7%
Fixed income	7,604.1	7,428.1	-2.3%	54.0%
Variable income	1,656.4	1,954.2	18.0%	14.2%
Deposits with credit institutions	573.4	606.4	5.8%	4.4%
Other investments	229.2	237.6	3.7%	1.7%
Cash and monetary assets	1,535.5	1,682.2	9.6%	12.2%
Investment in investee companies	85.2	93.1	9.3%	0.7%
Total investments, risk to entity	13,419.2	13,746.5	2.4%	100.0%
Investments on behalf of policyholders	618.4	684.7	10.7%	5.0%
Pension plans and investment funds	721.3	767.6	6.4%	5.6%
Total investments, risk to policy holders	1,339.7	1,452.3	8.4%	
Investments and Funds under management	14,758.9	15,198.8	3.0%	

Variable income represents 12.7% of the portfolio and is increased by 0.5%, reflecting the greater revaluation of the financial market. The investment portfolio is widely diversified and focused on high-capitalisation securities, mainly in the Spanish market (27.9%) and the rest of the European market (52.6%), which show attractive dividend returns.

The Group maintains a liquidity position in deposits at credit institutions of €606.4 million, mainly at Banco Santander and BBVA, and a significant level of cash of €1,682.2 million.

COVID-19 Impact: Recovery of valuations to pre-COVID-19 levels.



Capital management

Grupo Catalana Occidente manages its capital with the goal of maximising value for all its interest groups, maintaining a solid position through obtaining long-term results and a prudent policy for remunerating shareholders.

	Capitalisation €3,498 M	High quality of own funds 95% Tier1	Solvency II ratio at 216%	Strength for rating A	
--	----------------------------	---	------------------------------	-----------------------	--

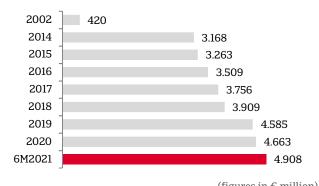
Capital management at the Group is governed by the following principles:

- Ensure that Group and its companies have sufficient capitalisation to meet their financial obligations, even as they face extraordinary events.
- Manage the capital adequacy of the Group and its companies, taking into account the economic and accounting outlook and capital requirements.
- Optimise the capital structure through efficient allocation of resources between entities, ensuring financial flexibility and properly remunerating shareholders.

No significant changes have ocurred in risk management with respect to the 2020 financial statements. For more information, consult the report on the financial and solvency situation (SFCR) available on the Group's website.

Capital performance

At the end of June, the Group's capital increased by 5.2%, supported by the results.



(figures in	€ miiiion)
Permanent resources at market value on 31/12/2020	4,663.4
Net equity on 01/01/2021	3,937.6
(+) Consolidated results	238.8
(+) Dividends paid	-87.7
(+) Change in valuation adjustments	89.6
(+) Other changes	2.1
Total net equity on 30/06/2021	4,180.4
Subordinated debt	200.8
Permanent resources at 30/06/2021	4,381.2
Capital gains not included in balance sheet	
(properties)	526.9
Permanent resources at market value on 30/06/2021	4,908.1

Market movements have led to an increase in the value of investments, with a positive impact of \notin 89.6 million. Dividends have also been paid, amounting to \notin 87.7 million, thus reducing net equity by the same amount.

Credit rating

In February 2021, Moody's affirmed the 'A2' rating of the operating entities in the credit insurance business under the Atradius brand, upgrading the outlook to stable. The confirmation of this rating reflects Moody's confidence in the strength of the Atradius brand, even in situations of economic uncertainty such as that generated by COVID-19. This is due to Atradius' dynamic risk exposure management, its strong economic capitalisation and its solid positioning as the second largest global credit insurance player.

In turn, in July 2021, A.M. Best confirmed the financial strength rating of A (excellent) with a stable outlook for the Group's main operating entities, both in traditional business and credit insurance business. This rating reflects the solid balance sheet strength, excellent operating results and appropriate capitalization of the Group's main operating entities. Furthermore, it considers that exposure to natural disasters is limited, thanks to the existence of a national coverage system (Consorcio de Compensación de Seguros).

	A.M. Best	Moody's
Seguros Catalana	'A' stable (FSR)	
Occidente	'a+' stable (ICR)	
Seguros Bilbao	'A' stable (FSR)	
	'a+' stable (ICR)	
Plus Ultra Seguros	'A' stable (FSR)	
	'a+' stable (ICR)	
Atradius Crédito y	'A' stable (FSR)	'A2' stable (IFS)
Caución Seg Reas	'a+' stable (ICR)	AL Stable (II'S)
Atradius Reinsurance DAC	'A' stable (FSR)	'A2' stable (IFS)
Allaulus Reinsulairce DAG	'a+' stable (ICR)	AL Stable (II-5)
Atradius Trade Credit	'A' stable (FSR)	'A2' stable (IFS)
Insurance, Inc.	'a+' stable (ICR)	
Atradius Seguros de	'A' stable (FSR)	
Crédito, S.A.	'a+' stable (ICR)	

Sustainability

For Grupo Catalana Occidente, sustainability is the voluntary commitment to integrate risks and responsible management of economic, social and environmental issues into its strategy, to promote ethical behaviour with our stakeholders, to rigorously apply the principles of good governance and to contribute to the well-being of society through the creation of sustainable social value.

Social value is the result of focusing our activity not only on obtaining good financial results but also on favouring the welfare of the stakeholders to which the group's entities respond. This value becomes sustainable when it is integrated into the business strategy not only in the short term but also in the medium and long term.

This commitment is materialised through our Sustainability Policy and the Sustainability Master Plan 2020-2023.

Sustainability policy

In January 2021, the Board of Directors approved the Sustainability Policy of Grupo Catalana Occidente. which replaces the former Corporate Responsibility Policy in force until then.

This document establishes the reference framework for the Group and the Entities that comprise it to develop and promote socially responsible behaviour. It includes the general principles of action in the area of sustainability, as well as specific sustainability goals pursued by the Group.

The new Sustainability Policy aims to respond to an increasingly demanding European and national regulatory framework, which includes the United Nations 2030 Agenda, the Paris Agreement of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, the European Green Pact and the European Strategy for decarbonisation to 2050.

Externally, it strengthens its commitment to the United Nations Global Compact Principles, the United Nations Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI), the Principles for Sustainable Insurance (PSI) and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

Internally, the Policy is the key instrument to strengthen the Group's commitment to sustainability and lays the foundations on which to develop the Sustainability Master Plan.

Sustainability Master Plan

The Sustainability Master Plan is the main instrument through which Grupo Catalana Occidente develops and implements its sustainability strategy. In 2020, the Group updated its materiality study with the aim of identifying issues relevant to the Group and its stakeholders. Based on the new list of material issues. a new Sustainability Master Plan was established for the period 2020-2023, which replaces the previous Corporate Responsibility Master Plan 2019-2021.

Issues identified as material to the Group

- Customer experience .
- Data protection and cvbersecuritv
- Innovation •

•

- Corporate governance
- Ethics and transparency
 - Risk management Responsible
- investment.
- Responsible products •
- Climate change and •

Sustainability Master Plan 2020-2023



The Sustainability Master Plan has been structured by identifying three fundamental areas of development: excellence in service, positive contribution and trust; and a transversal area of transparency common to these areas: dissemination and reporting. Within each axis, specific lines of action have been established with the aim of creating value in a sustainable manner, with actions for their development, those responsible for their execution, the scope of the action and indicators for their monitoring.

Among the main actions carried out during the first half of 2021 are the adaptation to the regulations on the disclosure of sustainability information and on Taxonomy, publishing the Sustainability Report 2020 verified and in accordance with GRI standards, including sustainability risks in the SFCR report according to the supervision priorities published by the ESMA, continuing to collaborate with our main alliances and organisations of reference in the field (such as the PRI. PSI. Global Compact. ODS and UNESPA. among others) and making progress in the study of more sustainable and innovative solutions.

In economic performance, no significant changes have ocurred in environmental and social management and R+D with respect to the 2020 financial statements. No significant changes have occurred with regards to the average period of payment with respect to the 2020 financial statements.

21

- Attracting. • developing and
- retaining talent
- Quality employment . Health and safety
- Management of service providers
- Commitment to Society
- Development of local communities





About Grupo Catalana Occidente

Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. is a limited company that does not directly practise in the insurance business, but that is the head of a group of dependent entities that are principally engaged in insurance activities.

The registered office of Grupo Catalana Occidente is in Paseo de la Castellana 4, Madrid (Spain) and its website is: <u>www.grupocatalanaoccidente.com</u>

The Group is subject to the standards and regulations of the insurance entities that operate in Spain. The Directorate General of Insurance and Pension Funds as leading supervisor of the College of Supervisors (hereinafter 'DGSFP') performs the functions of supervision in the field of insurance and reinsurance, insurance mediation, capitalisation and pension funds. The DGSFP is located in Madrid (Spain) in Paseo de la Castellana, 44 and its website is: www.dgfsp.mineco.es

Insurance specialist



- Over 150 years of experience
- Complete offer Sustainable and socially responsible model



Closeness – global presence

- Distribution of intermediaries
- Over 17,400 intermediaries
- Over 7,350 employees
- Over 1,600 offices
- Over 50 countries

Solid financial structure

Listed on the Stock exchange
"A" Rating

Stable, committed

shareholders



Technical rigour

- Excellent combined ratio
- Strict cost control
 - 1999-2020: profits multiplied by 10
- Diversified and prudent investment portfolio

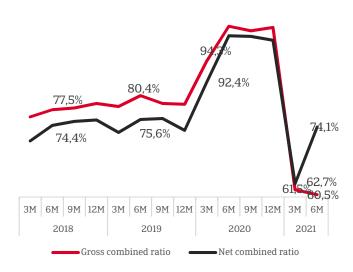
0/ 01- -

0/ ----

Additional information of the credit insurance

Combined ratio breakdown	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M202 0
% Gross technical cost	60.7%	25.6%	-35.1	58.6%
% Gross commissions + expenses	33.7%	34.8%	1.1	35.5%
% Gross combined ratio	94.3%	60.5%	-33.8	94.1%
% Net technical cost	59.4%	41.4%	-18.0	55.9%
% Net commissions + expenses	33.0%	32.6%	-0.4	35.6%
% Net combined ratio	92.4%	74.1%	-18.3	91.5%

Combined gross and net ratio evolution.



Cumulative risk by country	2017	2018	2019	2020	6M 2021	% Chg. 20-21	% total
Spain and Portugal	98,714	99,453	98,739	79,231	82,551	4.2%	12.6%
Germany	86,430	90,599	93,024	93,568	100,092	7.0%	15.2%
Australia and Asia	84,233	92,222	95,595	84,153	89,070	5.8%	13.6%
The Americas	73,188	75,773	81,269	71,765	77,565	8.1%	11.8%
Eastern Europe	59,253	63,935	68,595	64,630	70,555	9.2%	10.7%
United Kingdom	43,537	44,989	51,019	46,339	50,056	8.0%	7.6%
France	49,326	51,866	48,407	45,239	48,491	7.2%	7.4%
Italy	42,242	44,263	43,661	42,001	44,720	6.5%	6.8%
Nordic and Baltic countries	28,738	30,525	31,748	30,779	33,027	7.3%	5.0%
The Netherlands	27,636	29,650	30,392	29,875	32,214	7.8%	4.9%
Belgium and Luxembourg	16,701	17,285	17,444	16,959	18,022	6.3%	2.7%
Rest of the world	12,830	12,842	12,627	10,011	10,673	6.6%	1.6%
Total	622,829	653,404	672,520	614,549	657,035	6.9 %	100.0%

Cumulative risk by sector	2017	2018	2019	2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	% on total
Electronics	74,476	77,433	82,858	73,189	78,027	6.6%	11.9%
Chemicals	82,783	86,479	87,466	82,804	88,576	7.0%	13.5%
Durable consumer goods	68,442	69,881	73,145	69,071	73,410	6.3%	11.2%
Metals	63,419	68,424	72,285	61,597	68,605	11.4%	10.4%
Food	58,608	63,001	64,587	63,860	67,526	5.7%	10.3%
Transport	56,930	60,461	61,128	53,098	56,114	5.7%	8.5%
Construction	46,896	49,773	51,495	47,072	50,746	7.8%	7.7%
Machinery	37,137	39,972	41,225	39,635	42,587	7.4%	6.5%
Agriculture	33,318	33,876	33,954	29,845	32,081	7.5%	4.9%
Construction materials	27,058	28,359	29,389	29,345	31,997	9.0%	4.9%
Services	26,994	27,837	27,109	23,346	23,649	1.3%	3.6%
Textiles	20,562	20,324	19,660	15,404	15,625	1.4%	2.4%
Paper	13,929	14,525	15,065	13,151	14,216	8.1%	2.2%
Finance	12,277	13,058	13,156	13,131	13,876	5.7%	2.1%
Total	622,829	653,404	672,520	614,549	657,035	6.9 %	100.0%

Agreements adopted in the credit insurance business

The government reinsurance arrangements are part of an overall package of measures and aim to ensure that sufficient liquidity is available in the market. All contracts apply to direct business (gross reinsurance).

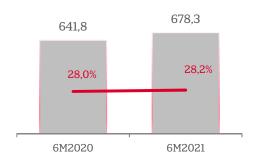
The contracts signed bring positive results to the Group as the ratio of claims in the countries covered deteriorates further. At the close of the first half of the year, the assignment of premiums net of commissions was higher than the claims assigned, and the result of these contracts was a loss of €196.3 million.

Agreement signed *	Main features	Conditions 2020	Renewal conditions H1 2021	Premiums granted 20	Premiums granted 21
Germany	<u>Guarantee contracts similar to proportional reinsurance.</u> Cover for risks underwritten between 1 January and 31 December 2020 (excluding claims reported before 1 March 2020).	65% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. No commissions	90% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. With commissions.	€103.9 M	€74.0M
Belgium	Instalment contract by tranches according to the claim ratio. Cover for risks underwritten between 1 January and 31 December 2020 (excluding claims reported before 27 March 2020).	Depending on the claims ratio, between 50% and 90% of premiums and claims are ceded. With commissions.	Depending on the claims ratio, between 50% and 90% of premiums and claims are ceded. With commissions.	€18.2 million	€9.7M
The Netherlands	<u>Proportional reinsurance agreement.</u> Cover for insured risks underwritten between 1 January and 31 December 2020 (excluding claims reported before 29 February 2020).	90% of premiums and claims from new policyholders. 100% of premiums and 90% of claims of the insured in the portfolio. The government assumes all costs.	90% of premiums and claims from new policyholders. 90% of premiums and 90% of claims of the insured in the portfolio. The government assumes all costs.	€102.6M	€52.8M
Denmark	<u>Guarantee contracts similar to proportional reinsurance.</u> Cover for risks underwritten between 1 January and 31 December 2020 (excluding claims reported before 01 March 2020).	65% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. No commissions	58.5% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. No commissions	€21.0M	€8.3M
Luxembourg	Instalment contract by tranches according to the claim ratio. Cover for risks underwritten between 1 January and 31 December 2020 (excluding claims reported before 01 March 2020).	Depending on the claims ratio, between 50% and 90% of premiums and claims are ceded. With commissions.	Depending on the claims ratio, between 50% and 90% of premiums and claims are ceded. With commissions.	€0.9M	€0M
France	Reinsurance contract with a performance similar to that of the quota share with certain particularities depending on the quality of the risks assumed. Coverage of risks underwritten between 16 March and 31 December 2020.	75% of the premiums. 75% of the claims. With commissions.	75% of the premiums. 75% of the claims. With commissions.	€42.8M	€5.3M
United Kingdom	<u>Guarantee contracts similar to proportional reinsurance.</u> Coverage of risks underwritten between 1 April and 31 December 2020.	100% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. No commissions	90% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. With commissions.	€78.6M	€51.0M
Norway	<u>Instalment contract part.</u> Cover for risks underwritten between 1 January and 31 December 2020 (excluding claims reported before 12 March 2020).	65% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. No commissions	58.5% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. No commissions	€5.0M	€2.2.
Spain	Reinsurance contract in addition to that underwritten in the private market. Premiums and Claims from 1 October 2020 to 30 June 2021.	31% of the premiums. 31% of the claims. With commissions.	42% of the premiums. 42% of the claims. With commissions.	€7.6M	€53.1M
Italy	<u>Proportional reinsurance agreement.</u> Coverage of risks underwritten between 19 May to 31 December 2020.	90% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. With commissions.	90% of the premiums. 90% of the claims. With commissions.	€32.9 M	€29.6M

*The measure is for trade credit originated by insured persons operating in the country with a signed agreement and covers debtors from inside and outside that country. The average commission is 30% All agreements were renewed until 30 June 2021. No new renewals have been agreed.

Expenses and commissions

	(figures in €					
Expenses and commissions	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020		
Traditional business	151.0	151.1	0.1%	312.6		
Credit insurance	212.3	233.3	9.9%	433.7		
Non-recurring expenses	0.7	1.6		3.8		
Total expenses	364.0	386.0	6.0%	750.1		
Commissions	277.8	292.3	5.2%	558.6		
Total expenses and commissions	641.8	678.3	5.7%	1,308.6		
% expenses and commissions without recurring premiums	28.0%	28.2%		28.5%		



Financial result

(figures in € millio						
Financial result	6M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21	12M2020		
Financial income	101.4	99.9	-1.5%	182.7		
Exchange Differences	-0.1	-0.3		0.0		
Subsidiary companies	0.3	1.0		1.8		
Interest applied to life	-66.8	-63.9	-4.3%	-132.7		
Traditional business	34.8	36.8	5.7 %	51.8		
% on earned premiums	2.6%	2.7%		1.9%		
Financial income	7.5	4.7	-37.3%	13.5		
Exchange Differences	7.5	0.4		5.5		
Subsidiary companies	0.3	7.9		2.9		
Interest subordinated	-8.3	-8.4		-16.9		
debt	-0.5	-0.4		-10.5		
Credit insurance	6.9	4.6	-33.3%	5.1		
% on net income from	0.7%	0.5%		0.3%		
insurance	0.770	0.3/0		0.5%		
Intra-group interest	-0.6	-0.2		-0.9		
adjustment	-0.0	-0.2		-0.5		
Adjusted credit	6.3	4.4		4.2		
insurance	0.5	4.4		4.4		
Recurring financial	41.1	41.2	0.2%	60.3		
% on total Group Income	1.8%	1.7%		1.3%		
Non-Recurring	-23.2	5.0		-27.8		
financial	-63.6	5.0		-61.0		
Financial result	17.9	46.2		28.2		

The recurring financial result has been mainly affected by the result of the subsidiaries.

The non-recurring financial result includes the impairment and realisation of losses on equity as a result of the fall in markets related to the COVID-19 crisis.

Non-recurring result

		(figures in € million)			
Non-recurring result	6M2020	6M2021	12M2020		
Financial	-23.1	0.9	-22.1		
Expenses and others	8.5	-1.6	6.1		
Taxes	6.4	-1.9	5.7		
Non-recurring from traditional business	-8.2	-2.6	-10.3		
Financial	-0.1	4.1	-5.7		
Expenses and others	-0.2	0.0	-3.8		
Taxes	-0.5	-1.0	0.9		
Non-recurring from credit insurance	-0.8	3.1	-8.6		
Net non-recurring result	-9.0	0.5	-18.9		

Subsequent events

There are no significant subsequent events as described in note 8 to the condensed consolidated half-year financial statements.

Balance sheet

The assets of Grupo Catalana Occidente stood at €18,073.6 million.

The Catalana Occidente Group closed the first half of 2021 with assets of \leq 18,073.6 million, a decrease of 4.1% since the beginning of the year.

The main items that explain this increase are:

- Technical provisions, with an extra €348.8 million.
- €398.4 million in investments.

Note that the item "cash" does not fully reflect the Group's liquidity position as investments in deposits and money market funds are included in Financial Investments (See Investments and Funds under Management table).

Likewise, it should be remembered that Grupo Catalana Occidente does not account for the surplus value of its property, so they appear at the amortised cost value and not at market value.

		(figures in €				
Assets	12M2020	6M2021	% Chg. 20-21			
Intangible assets and property, plant and machinery	1,440.1	1,433.4	-0.5%			
Investments	13,066.4	13,464.7	3.0%			
Property investments	692.9	700.4	1.1%			
Financial investments	10,895.6	11,167.8	2.5%			
Cash and short-term assets	1,478.0	1,596.5	8.0%			
Reinsurance share in technical provisions	1,108.1	1,130.9	2.1%			
Other assets	1,753.2	2,044.5	16.6%			
Deferred tax assets	271.9	242.3	-10.9%			
Credits	971.0	1,186.3	22.2%			
Other assets	510.3	615.9	20.7%			
Total assets	17,367.7	18,073.6	4.1%			

Net liabilities and equity12M202Permanent resources4,138Net equity3,937Parent company3,578Minority interests358Subordinated liabilities200Technical provisions10,982Other liabilities2,247Other provisions2,344Deposits received on buying reinsurance58Deferred tax liabilities488Debts969			% Chg.
Net equity3,937Parent company3,578Minority interests358Subordinated liabilities200Technical provisions10,982Other liabilities2,247Other provisions2,34Deposits received on buying reinsurance58Deferred tax liabilities488Debts969	20	6M2021	20-21
Parent company3,578Minority interests358Subordinated liabilities200Technical provisions10,982Other liabilities2,247Other provisions234Deposits received on buying reinsurance58Deferred tax liabilities488Debts969	.3	4,381.2	5.9%
Minority interests358Subordinated liabilities200Technical provisions10,982Other liabilities2,247Other provisions234Deposits received on buying reinsurance58Deferred tax liabilities488Debts969	.6	4,180.4	6.2 %
Subordinated liabilities200Technical provisions10,982Other liabilities2,247Other provisions234Deposits received on buying reinsurance58Deferred tax liabilities488Debts969	.9	3,798.1	6.1%
Technical provisions10,982Other liabilities2,247Other provisions234Deposits received on buying reinsurance58Deferred tax liabilities488Debts969	3.7	382.3	6.6%
Other liabilities2,247Other provisions234Deposits received on buying reinsurance58Deferred tax liabilities488Debts969	.7	200.8	0.0%
Other provisions234Deposits received on buying reinsurance58Deferred tax liabilities488Debts969	.5	11,331.2	3.2%
Deposits received on buying reinsurance58Deferred tax liabilities488Debts969	.0	2,361.1	5.1%
Deferred tax liabilities 488 Debts 969	.6	216.8	-7.6%
Debts 969	.3	61.0	4.6%
Debto	.8	467.0	-4.5%
405	.8	1,180.8	21.8%
Other liabilities 495	5.5	435.7	-12.1%
Total net liabilities and equity 17,367	'.7	18,073.6	4.1%

Corporate structure

Grupo Catalana Occidente is made up of 50 companies, mostly involved in the insurance business. The parent company is Grupo Catalana Occidente S.A. (with corporate address at Paseo de la Castellana 4, 28046 Madrid), which directly and indirectly administers and manages the investments of all different entities that make up the Group.

All of these have their own structure and organisational network, independent from the other insurance companies in the Group. From an organisational point of view they have a structure with centralisation and decentralisation of operations, with the following service centres: two underwriting centres, six claims centres, an administrative accounting centre and a call centre.

INSURANCE COMPANIES	COMPLEMENTARY INSURANCE COMPANIES	INVESTMENT COMPANIES
Crédito e Grantias Brazil		
Atradius Rus Credit Insurance Crédito y Caución Seguradora de	Graydon	
Atradius Seguros de Crédito México	Iberinform International	Atradius Finance
Atradius ATCI	Atradius Information Services	Atradius Participations Holding
Atradius Re	Atradius Dutch State Business	Atradius NV
Atradius Crédito y Caución	Atradius Collections	Grupo Compañía Española Crédito y Caución
	Grupo Asistea	
	GCO Contact Centre	
	Prepersa	
	GCO Tecnología y Servicios	
	Cosalud Servicios	
	CO Capital Ag. Valores	GCO Activos Inmobiliarios
	Inversions Catalana Occident	Hercasol SICAV
GCO Re	Bilbao Telemark	Sogesco
Plus Ultra Seguros	Previsora Bilbaina Agencia de Seguros	Bilbao Hipotecaria
NorteHispana Seguros	S. Órbita	Catoc SICAV
Seguros Bilbao	Bilbao Vida	GCO Gestora de Pensiones
Seguros Catalana Occidente	Tecniseguros	GCO Gestión de Activos
Main entities		

Traditional business

Credit insurance business

Board of Directors

Grupo Catalana Occidente has a Board of Directors that applies the principles of good governance with transparency and rigour.

The Board of Directors is the maximum management authority in Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. The Board delegates ordinary management in the management team and concentrates its activity on the supervision function which mainly includes:

- Strategic responsibility: direct the policies of the Group.
- Supervision responsibility: control the management events.
- Communication responsibility: serve as a link between shareholders.

Among other issues, the Board of Directors is responsible for the approval of the strategic plan, the annual objectives and budgets, the investment and finance policy and the policies of corporate governance, sustainability and risk control and management.

Its operation and actions are regulated by the Articles of Association and in the Regulations of the Board of Directors (available on the Group's website).

æ

The Board of Directors annually approves the corporate governance report and the report on remuneration for the members of the Board of Directors corresponding to each year, following the guidelines established by the regulations in relation to the transparency of listed entities, and which is later submitted to a vote in the General Shareholders Meeting.

Board of Directors

Chairman

* José María Serra Farré

Chief Executive Officer * José Ignacio Álvarez Juste

Members

richibers

Jorge Enrich Izard Enrique Giró Godó ** Juan Ignacio Guerrero Gilabert Federico Halpern Blasco ** Francisco Javier Pérez Farguell

Maria Assumpta Soler Serra Alberto Thiebaut Estrada

Fernando Villavecchia Obregón

Deputy non-board member secretary

Joaquín Guallar Pérez

*Executive directors **Independent

Audit Committee

Chairman

Juan Ignacio Guerrero Gilabert

Members

Francisco Javier Pérez Farguell Lacanuda Consell, S.L.

The curriculums are available on the Group's website

For further information about the governance system, see SFCR

Appointments and Remunerations Committee

Chairman

Members

Francisco Javier Pérez Farguell

Juan Ignacio Guerrero Gilabert Alberto Thiebaut Estrada

Secretary Director

Vice-chairman * Hugo Serra Calderón

* Francisco J. Arregui Laborda

Jorge Enrich Serra

Jusal, S.L. José M.ª Juncadella Sala

Lacanuda Consell, S.L. Carlos Halpern Serra

Gestión de Activos y Valores S.L. Álvaro Juncadella de Pallejá

Calendar and contact

January	February	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
	25 Results 12M2020		29 Results 6M2021			29 Results 6M2021			28 Results 9M2021		
	25 Presentation of results 12M2020 16.30		30 Presentation of results 6M2021 11.30			29 Presentation of results 6M2021 16.30			28 Presentation of results 9M2021 16.30		
			29 General Shareholders' Meeting 2020								
	Interim dividend 2020			Complementary dividend 2020		Interim dividend 2021			Interim dividend 2021		

Catalana Occidente

www.grupocatalanaoccidente.com

App para iPad disponible en App Store: Grupo Catalana Occidente Financial Reports



Shareholder services +34 935 820 667 accionistas@catalanaoccidente.com

www.grupocatalanaoccidente.com

Glossary

Item	Definition	Formulation
Technical result	Result of the insurance activity	Technical result = (premiums accrued from direct insurance + premiums accrued from reinsurance accepted + information services and commissions) – Technical cost – Participation in benefits and return premiums - Net operating expenses - Other technical expenses
Reinsurance result	Result due to transferring business to the reinsurer or accepting business from other entities.	Reinsurance result = Result of Inward Re + Result of ceded reinsurance
Financial result	Result of the financial investments.	Financial result = income from financial assets (coupons, dividends, actions) - financial expenses (commissions and other expenses) + result of subsidiary companies - interest accrued on the debt - interest paid to the insured parties of the life insurance business
Technical/financial result	Result of the insurance activity, including the financial result. This result is particularly relevant for Life insurance.	Technical/financial result = Technical result + Financial result
Result of non-technical non-financial account	Income and expenses that cannot be assigned to the technical or financial results.	Result of non-technical non-financial account = Income - expenses that cannot be assigned to the technical or financial results.
Result of credit insurance complementary activities	Result of activities that cannot be assigned to the purely insurance business. Mainly distinguishes the activities of: • Information services • Recoveries • Management of the export account of the Dutch state.	Result of credit insurance complementary activities = income - expenses
Recurring result	Result of the entity's regular activity	Recurring result = technical/financial result + non-technical account result - taxes, all resulting from normal activity
Non-recurring result	Extraordinary or atypical movements that may undermine the analysis of the income statement. These are classified depending on their nature (technical, expenses and financial) and by business type (traditional and credit insurance)	Non-recurring result = technical/financial result + non-technical account result - taxes, all resulting from extraordinary or atypical activity

Turnover	Turnover is the Group's business volume.	Turnover = Premiums invoiced + Income from information
	It includes premiums that the Group generates in each of the business lines and the income from services pertaining to the credit insurance.	Premiums invoiced = premiums issued from direct insurance + premiums from accepted reinsurance
Managed funds	Amount of the financial and property assets managed by the Group	Managed funds = Financial and property assets entity risk + Financial and property assets policyholder risk + Managed pension funds Managed funds = fixed income + variable income + properties + deposits in credit entities + treasury + investee companies
Financial strength	This shows the debt and solvency situation. This is principally measured through the debt ratio, the interest coverage ratio and the credit rating.	Debt ratio = Net equity + Debt / Debt Interest coverage ratio = result before taxes / Interest
Technical cost	Direct costs of accident coverage. See claims.	Technical cost = claims in the year, net of reinsurance + variation of other technical provisions, net of reinsurance
Dividend yield	The profitability per dividend or dividend yield shows the relationship existing between the dividends distributed in the previous year with the value of the average share. Indicator used to value the shares of an entity.	Dividend yield = dividend paid in the year per share / value of the price of the average share.
Modified duration	Sensitivity of the value of the assets to movements in interest rates	Modified duration = Represents an approximation of the value of the percentage variation in the value of the financial assets for each percentage point (100 basic points) of variation in the interest rates.
Expenses	The general expenses include the costs incurred for management of the business, excluding those that can be assigned to claims.	Expenses = personnel expenses + commercial expenses + various expenses and services (allowance, training, management rewards, material and other office expenses, leases, external services, etc.)
Permanence index	This measures the customer's expectations of continuing with the entity Scale from less than 1 year to over 5 years	Permanence index= how long do you think that you will remain a customer?
Company satisfaction index	This measures the general satisfaction of the customer with the entity Scale from 1 to 10	Overall satisfaction index = (Satisfied – dissatisfied) / respondents Satisfied responses with result from 7 to 10 Dissatisfied responses with result from 1 to 4

Service satisfaction index	This measures the evaluation of the service received Scale from 1 to 10	Service satisfaction index = (Satisfied – dissatisfied) / respondents Satisfied responses with result from 7 to 10 Dissatisfied responses with result from 1 to 4
Income from insurance	Measures the income directly derived from the activities of insurance and information services	Income from insurance = premiums accrued from direct insurance + premiums accrued fro accepted reinsurance + information services and commissions
Investments in associated / subsidiary entities	Non-dependant entities where the Group has significant influence	Investments in associated / subsidiary entities = accounting value of the economic investment
Net Promoter Score NPS	This measures the degree of customer loyalty with the entity	Net Promoter score = Would you recommend the company to family and friends? = (promoters- critics)/ respondents Promoters: responses with result equal to 9 or 10 Critics: responses with result from 1 to 6
Pay out	Ratio that indicates the part of the result distributed among investors through dividends	Pay out = (Total dividend/ Result of the year attributable to the parent company) $x 100$
Price Earnings Ratio PER	The price-earnings ratio or PER measures the relationship between the price or value of the entity and the results. Its value expresses what the market pays for each monetary unit of results. It is representative of the entity's capacity to generate results.	PER = Closing market price of the share / Profit for the year attributable to the parent company year-on-year (in case of quarterly closing) per share
Ex. single premiums	Total premiums without considering non-periodic premiums in the Life business	Ex. single premiums = Invoiced premiums - single premiums in the life business
Technical provisions	Amount of the obligations assumed that are derived from insurance and reinsurance contracts.	
Combined ratio	Indicator that measures the technical profitability of the Non Life insurances.	Combined ratio = Ratio of claims + ratio of expenses
Net combined ratio	Indicator that measures the technical profitability of the non life insurances net of the reinsurance effect	Net combined ratio = Net ratio of claims + net ratio of expenses
Expenses ratio	Ratio that reflects the part of the income from premiums dedicated to expenses.	Expenses ratio = Expenses from operation / Income from insurance
Net expenses ratio	Ratio that reflects the part of the income from premiums dedicated to expenses, net of the reinsurance effect	Net expenses ratio = (Net expenses from reinsurance operation) / (premiums attributed to direct business and accepted reinsurance + information services and commissions)

Claims ratio	Business indicator, consisting of the proportion between claims and earned premiums.	Claims ratio = Claims / Income from insurance
Net claims ratio	Business indicator, consisting of the proportion between claims and earned premiums, net of the reinsurance effect.	Net claims ratio= Claims in the year, net of reinsurance / (premiums attributed to direct business and accepted reinsurance + information services and commissions)
Permanent resources	Resources that can be included in own funds.	Permanent resources = Total net equity + subordinated liabilities
Permanent resources at market value	Resources that can be included in own funds at market value	Permanent resources at market value = Total net equity + subordinated liabilities + capital gains associated to properties for own use + capital gains associated to property investments
Resources transferred to the company	Amount that the Group returns to the main stakeholders.	Resources transferred to the company = claims paid + taxes + commissions + personnel expenses + dividends
Return On Equity ROE	Financial profitability or rate of return Measures the performance of the capital	ROE = (Result of the year. Attributable to the parent company) / (Equity attributable to the shareholders of the parent company at year-end)) $x 100$
Claims	See technical cost. Economic evaluation of claims.	Claims = Payments made from direct insurance + Variation of the provision for services of direct insurance + expenses attributable to services
Total Potential Exposure TPE	This is the potential exposure to risk, also "cumulative risk".Credit insurance business term	TPE = the sum of the credit risks underwritten by the Group for each buyer

Legal note

This document has been prepared by Grupo Catalana Occidente exclusively for use in the presentation of results. The forward-looking statements or predictions that may be contained in this document do not constitute, by their very nature, guarantees of future compliance, as they are subject to risks, uncertainties and other relevant factors, which may result in the developments and final results differing materially from those stated on these pages. Among these factors, we can highlight the following: performance of the insurance sector and of the overall economic situation in the countries where the entity operates; modifications to the legal framework; changes in monetary policy; pressure from the competition; changes in trends upon which the mortality and morbidity tables are based which affect the insurance activity in the areas of life and health; frequency and severity of the claims subject to coverage, both in the scope of the insurance activity and of general insurance such as life; fluctuation of the interest rates and the exchange rates; risks associated to the use of derived products; effect of future acquisitions.

Grupo Catalana Occidente is not obliged to periodically revise the content of this document in order to adapt it to events or circumstances posterior to this presentation.

The statements of this declaration must be taken into account by all people or entities that may have to adopt decisions or make or publish opinions relative to securities issued by the Company and, in particular, by the analysts and investors that use this document.



04

Consolidated annual accounts

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AT 30 JUNE 2021 AND 31 December 2020 (Notes 1 & 2)

	1		(Figu	res in € thousand)
ASSETS	30.06.2021		31.12.20	20 (*)
1. Cash and other equivalent liquid assets		1.596.549		1.477.975
2. Financial Assets held for trading (Note 6.c.)		-		-
3. Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 6.c.)		651.104		585.341
a) Equity instruments	35		49	
b) Debt securities	-			
c) Investments held for the benefit of policyholders who bear the investment risk	651.069		585.292	
d) Loans	-		-	
e) Deposits with credit institutions			_	
4. Available-for-sale financial assets (Note 6.c.)		10.009.041		9.862.441
a) Equity instruments	2.164.186	101000.041	1.834.453	0.002.441
b) Debt securities	7.381.671		7.554.910	
c) Loans	-		-	
d) Bank deposits	463.184		473.078	
e) Other	-		-	
5. Loans and receivables (Note 6.c.)		1.493.654		1.249.224
a) Loans and other financial assets	380.818	11400.004	329.531	1.2-10.22-1
b) Receivables	1.079.170		886.604	
 c) Investments held for the benefit of policyholders who bear the risk 	33.666		33.089	
 Held-to-maturity investments 	00.000	_	00.000	-
7. Hedging derivatives		_		-
 Reinsurer's share of technical provisions (Note 6.e) 		1.130.939		1.108.067
 Property, plant and equipment and investment property 		1.140.198		1.138.895
a) Property, plant and equipment (Note 6.a.)	439.785		446.019	
b) Investment property (Note 6.a.)	700.413		692.876	
10. Intangible fixed assets (Note 6.b)	100.110	993.597	002.070	994.051
a) Goodwill (Note 6.b.1.)	802.980	000.007	801.972	004.001
b) Policy portfolio acquisition costs	299		319	
c) Other intangible assets	190.318		191.760	
 Investment in entities accounted for using the equity method (Note 6.d.) 		93.141		85.183
12. Tax assets		349.470		356.292
a) Current tax assets	107.145		84.347	
b) Deferred tax assets	242.325		271.945	
13. Other assets		615.861		510.267
14. Assets held for sale		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS		18.073.554		17.367.736

(*) Presented solely and exclusively for comparison purposes. See Note 2.e. to the Explanatory Notes.

The accompanying Notes 1 to 8 are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at 30 June 2021.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AT 30 JUNE 2021 AND 31 December 2020 (Notes 1 & 2)

NET LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	30.06.2	021	31.12.20	20 (*)
TOTAL LIABILITIES		13.893.118		13.430.117
1. Financial liabilities held for trading		-		
Other financial liabilities at fair value with changes in profit and loss		-		
Debits and payables		1.328.238		1.181.78
a) Subordinated liabilities (Note 6.f.)	200.789		200.704	
b) Other payables	1.127.449		981.079	
4. Hedging derivatives		-		
5. Technical provisions (Note 6.e.)		11.331.199		10.982.46
a) For unearned premiums	1.573.688		1.323.100	
b) For unexpired risks	2.659		2.659	
c) For life insurance				
- Provision for unearned premiums and unexpired risks	48.644		27.451	
- Mathematical provision	5.819.596		5.851.522	
- Provision for life insurance where the investment risk is borne by policyholders	684.548		618.746	
d) For claims	3.055.608		3.014.609	
e) For policyholder dividends and return premiums	35.845		40.688	
f) Other technical provisions	110.611		103.687	
6. Non-technical provisions		216.753		234.59
7. Tax liabilities		581.265	10.010	535.76
a) Current tax liabilities	114.310		46.949	
b) Deferred tax liabilities	466.955		488.816	
8. Other Liabilities 9. Liabilities linked to assets held for sale		435.663		495.50
Liabilities linked to assets held for sale		-		
TOTAL NET EQUITY		4.180.436	_	3.937.61
Equity		2.992.912		2.855.39
1. Capital		36.000		36.00
2. Share Premium Account		1.533		1.53
3. Reserves		2.759.209		2.617.18
 Less: Shares and holdings in own equity (Note 6.k) 		23.262		23.53
5. Earnings from previous years		-		
6. Other contributions from members		-		
7. Profit or loss for the year attributable to the parent company		219.432		262.33
a) Consolidated profit or loss	238.847		270.132	
b) Profit or loss attributable to minority interests	19.415		7.801	
8. Less: Interim Dividend		-		38.11
9. Other net equity instruments		-		
Other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity		805.212		723.50
 Items not reclassified in the profit for the period 		-		
2. Items that can be reclassified after the profit for the period		805.212		723.50
a) Available-for-sale financial assets	1.020.628		995.976	
b) Hedging transactions	-		-	
c) Exchange differences	(30.869)		(38.488)	
d) Correction of accounting mismatches	(181.276)		(230.066)	
 e) Entities accounted for using the equity method f) Other adjustments 	(3.271) -		(3.914) -	
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PARENT (Note 6.h.)		3.798.124		3.578.90
MINORITY INTERESTS (Note 6.h.)		382.312		358.71
. Other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity		3.505		(3.04
2. Other		378.807		361.76
TOTAL NET EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		18.073.554		17.367.73

(*) Presented solely and exclusively for comparison purposes. See Note 2.e. to the Explanatory Notes.

The accompanying Notes 1 to 8 are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at 30 June 2021.

(Figures in € thousand)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED IN 30 June 2021 AND 2020 (Notes 1 and 2)

	1st Half-Year 2021	(Figures in € thousar 1st Half-Year 2020 (*)
1. Earned premiums for the year, not of reinsurance	1.298.729	1.368.592
 Earned premiums for the year, net of reinsurance Income from property, plant and equipment and investments 	69.259	80.268
3. Other technical income	145.666	144.262
4. Claims incurred in the year, net of reinsurance		
	(722.241)	(830.050)
5. Change in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance	(6.766)	(5.583)
6. Provision for policyholder dividends and return premiums	(83)	(26.068)
7. Net operating expenses	(448.592)	(477.817)
 8. Other technical expenses 9. Expenses arising from property, plant and equipment and investments 	(4.602) (41.057)	(1.864) (76.275)
) NON-LIFE RESULT	290.313	175.465
10. Earned premiums for the year, net of reinsurance	385.814	377.365
11. Income from property, plant and equipment and investments	104.733	105.242
12. Income from investments assigned to insurance policies in which policyholders bear the	101.100	100.212
investment risk	48.213	17.955
13. Other technical income	3.363	3.057
14. Claims incurred in the year, net of reinsurance	(396.142)	(367.243)
15. Change in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance	(33.876)	24.381
-	. ,	(14.563)
16. Provision for policyholder dividends and return premiums	(8.926)	, ,
17. Net operating expenses	(38.259)	(36.394)
18. Other technical expenses	(1.441)	(1.385)
19. Expenses arising from property, plant and equipment and investments	(21.537)	(30.755)
20. Expenses of investments assigned to insurance policies in which policyholders bear the investment risk	(9.665)	(52.029)
) LIFE INSURANCE RESULT	32.277	25.631
) RESULT ON TECHNICAL ACCOUNT	322.590	201.096
21. Income from property,plant and equipment and investments	(1.880)	(2.239)
22. Negative goodwill	(1.000)	(2.239)
5 5	- (11.054)	- (2.521)
23. Expenses arising from property, plant and equipment and investments 24. Other income	(11.054)	(2.521)
	20.200	31.657
25. Other expenses	(25.611)	(27.651)
) PROFIT BEFORE TAX	304.245	200.342
26. Income tax	(65.398)	(44.767)
) PROFIT FOR THE YEAR FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS	238.847	155.575
27. Profit for the year from discontinued operations net of taxes	-	
) CONSOLIDATED PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	238.847	155.575
a) Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	219.432	149.279
b) Profit attributable to minority interests	19.415	6.296
		(figures in Euro
PROFIT PER SHARE (Note 4.b)		
Basic	1,8601	1,2661
	.,	.,_001

(*) Presented solely and exclusively for comparison purposes. Unaudited balances. See Note 2.e. to the Explanatory Notes.

The accompanying Notes 1 to 8 are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Profit and Loss Account for the six month period ended on 30 June 2021.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2021 AND 2020 (Notes 1 & 2)

	1st Half-Year 2021	(Figures in € thous 1st Half-Year 2020 (*)
A) CONSOLIDATED PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	238.847	155.575
B) OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME - ITEMS NOT RECLASSIFIED IN THE PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	5.096	(4)
1. Actuarial Gains/(losses) on long term remuneration to personnel	8.172	(5)
2. Share in other comprehensive income recognised by investments in joint ventures and associates	-	-
3. Other income and expenses not reclassified in the profit for the period	-	-
4. Tax effect	(3.076)	1
C) OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME - ITEMS THAT CAN BE RECLASSIFIED AFTER THE PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	88.258	(215.254)
1. Available-for-sale financial assets	28.231	(244.413)
a) Valuation gains/(losses)	30.623	(261.531)
b) Amounts transferred to the income statement	(2.392)	17.118
c) Other reclassifications	-	-
2. Cash flow hedges:	-	-
 a) Valuation gains/(losses) b) Amounts transferred to the income statement 		-
c) Amounts transferred to the initial carrying amount of hedged items		-
d) Other reclassifications	-	-
3. Hedges of net investments in foreign operations:	-	-
a) Valuation gains/(losses)	-	-
b) Amounts transferred to the income statement	-	-
c) Other reclassifications	-	-
4. Exchange differences:	9.192	(18.358)
a) Valuation gains/(losses)	9.192	(18.358)
 b) Amounts transferred to the income statement c) Other reclassifications 		-
5. Correction of accounting mismatches:	66.186	(4.753)
a) Valuation gains/(losses)	66.186	
b) Amounts transferred to the income statement	- 00.100	(4.753)
c) Other reclassifications	-	-
6. Assets held for sale:	-	-
a) Valuation gains/(losses)	-	-
b) Amounts transferred to the income statement	-	-
c) Other reclassifications	-	-
7. Share in other comprehensive income recognised by	735	(4.653)
investments in joint ventures and associates	705	
 a) Valuation gains/(losses) b) Amounts transferred to the income statement 	735	(4.653)
c) Other reclassifications	-	-
8. Other income and expenses that can be reclassified		
after the profit for the period	-	-
9. Tax effect	(16.086)	56.923
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR (A + B + C)	332.201	(59.683)
a) Attributable to equity holders of the parent	305.376	(54.959)
b) Attributable to minority interests	26.825	(4.724)

(*) Presented solely and exclusively for comparison purposes. Unaudited balances. See Note 2.e. to the Explanatory Notes.

The accompanying Notes 1 to 8 are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Recognised Income and Expense for the six month period ended on 30 June 2021.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED ON 30 June 2021, 31 December 2020 AND 30 June 2020 (Notes 1 & 2)

		Equity a	ttributable to equity	holders of the parent	company			
	Equity				Other			
	Capital or mutual fund	Share premium and Reserves	Treasury shares and participation units	Profit for the year attributable to the parent company	(Interim Dividends)	comprehensive income and accumulated in equity	Minority interests	Total net equity
Closing balance at 31 December 2019 (*)	36.000	2.322.527	(22.000)	385.937	(38.112)	792.792	374.039	3.851.18
Adjustment for changes in accounting policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adjustment for errors	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Opening balance adjusted to 1 January 2020	36.000	2.322.527	(22.000)	385.937	(38.112)	792.792	374.039	3.851.18
I. Total recognised income/(expense), first half-year 2020	-	(2)	-	149.279	-	(204.236)	(4.724)	(59.683
II. Operations with shareholders or owners	-	-	(1.539)	-	(62.454)	-	(3.619)	(67.612
1. Capital increases/(decreases)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2. Conversion of financial liabilities into equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3. Dividend distribution (See Note 4.a)	-	-	-		(62.454)	-	(3.619)	(66.073
4. Transactions with treasury shares or holdings (net) (Note 6.k)	-	-	(1.539)	-	-	-	-	(1.539
5. Increases (decreases) due to business combinations	_	-		-	-		_	(
6. Other transactions with members or shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
III. Other changes in equity		302.556		(385.937)	81.510		76	(1.795
1. Share-based payments		-	_	(000.001)	01.010			(1.100
2. Transfers between equity components		304.427		(385.937)	81.510			
3. Other changes		(1.871)	_	(000.007)	01.010		76	(1.795
Closing balance at 30 June 2020 (*)	36.000	2.625.081	(23.539)	149.279	(19.056)	588.556	365.772	3.722.093
		2.0201001	(20.000)		(101000)			0.122.000
Adjustment for changes in accounting policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adjustment for errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Opening balance adjusted	36.000	2.625.081	(23.539)	149.279	(19.056)	588.556	365.772	3.722.093
I. Total recognised income/(expense), second half-year 2020	-	(5.695)	-	113.052	-	134.952	5.873	248.182
II. Operations with shareholders or owners	-	-	-	-	(19.056)	-	(12.857)	(31.913
1. Capital increases/(decreases)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2. Conversion of financial liabilities into equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3. Dividend distribution	-	-	-	-	(19.056)	-	(12.857)	(31.913
Transactions with treasury shares or holdings (net) (Note 6.k)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Increases (decreases) due to business combinations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
6. Other transactions with members or shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
III. Other changes in equity	-	(672)	-	-	-	-	(71)	(743
1. Share-based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2. Transfers between equity components	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3. Other changes	-	(672)	-	-	-	-	(71)	(743
Closing balance at 31 December 2020 (*)	36.000	2.618.714	(23.539)	262.331	(38.112)	723.508	358.717	3.937.619
Adjustment for changes in accounting policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adjustment for errors	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Opening balance adjusted to 1 January 2021	36.000	2.618.714	(23.539)	262.331	(38.112)	723.508	358.717	3.937.61
I. Total recognised income/(expense), first half-year 2021	-	4.240	-	219.432	-	81.704	26.825	332.201
II. Operations with shareholders or owners	-	(20.004)	277	-	(67.740)	-	(3.268)	(90.735
1. Capital increases/(decreases)	-	-	-			-		
2. Conversion of financial liabilities into equity	-	-	-		-	-	-	
3. Dividend distribution (See Note 4.a)		(20.004)	-	-	(67.740)		(3.268)	(91.012
4. Transactions with treasury shares or holdings (net) (Note 6.k)	-	-	277	-	-	-	-	277
5. Increases (decreases) due to business combinations	_	-		-	-		_	
6. Other transactions with members or shareholders		-	-	-	-		_	
III. Other changes in equity	_	157.792	-	(262.331)	105.852	-	38	1.351
1. Share-based payments	_				-		-	
2. Transfers between equity components	_	156.479		(262.331)	105.852		_	
		1.313		(202.001)	100.002		38	1.351
3. Other changes	-			-				1.551

(*) Presented solely and exclusively for comparison purposes. See Note 2.e. to the Explanatory Notes. The accompanying Notes 1 to 8 are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Total Equity for the six month period ended on 30 June 2021.

ABRIDGED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS GENERATED IN THE SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 June 2021 AND 2020 (DIRECT METHOD) (Notes 1 and 2)

	1st Half-Year 2021	(Figures in € thousa 1st Half-Year 2020 (*)
() CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (1+2+3)	348.381	565.412
1. Insurance activities:	530.062	572.149
(+) Cash received from insurance activities	2.976.379	2.885.782
(-) Cash paid in insurance activities	(2.446.317)	(2.313.633)
2. Other operating activities:	(151.976)	53.180
(+) Cash received from other operating activities	236.818	522.568
(-) Cash paid in other operating activities	(388.794)	(469.388)
3. Income tax refunded/(paid)	(29.705)	(59.917)
8) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (1 + 2)	(153.444)	(411.287)
1. Cash received from investing activities:	1.342.575	1.253.020
(+) Property, plant and equipment	313	289
(+) Investment property	12.676	12.244
	12.070	12.244
(+) Intangible assets		-
(+) Financial instruments	1.187.058	970.162
(+) Investments in equity instruments	-	-
(+) Subsidiaries and other business units	-	-
(+) Interest received	81.486	88.931
(+) Dividends received	34.999	26.243
(+) Other cash received in relation to investing activities	26.043	155.151
2. Payments from investment activities:	(1.496.019)	(1.664.307)
(-) Property, plant and equipment	(21.334)	(6.450)
(-) Investment property (Note 6.a.)	(10.299)	(8.971)
(-) Intangible assets	(27.204)	(31.203)
(-) Financial instruments	(1.342.041)	(1.417.143)
(-) Investments in equity instruments	(1.342.041)	(1.417.143)
	(1.992)	-
(-) Subsidiaries and other business units (Note 1.b)	(1.882)	(2)
(-) Other cash paid in relation to investing activities	(93.259)	(200.538)
C) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1 + 2)	(77.374)	(54.657)
1. Cash received from financing activities:	277	2.484
(+) Subordinated liabilities	_	-
(+) Cash received from issue of equity instruments and capital increase		-
(+) Assessments received and contributions from members or mutual members		
(+) Disposal of treasury shares (6.k)	277	2.484
(+) Other cash received in relation to financing activities	211	2.404
	(77.054)	(57 4 44)
2. Cash paid in investing activities:	(77.651)	(57.141)
(-) Dividends to shareholders (Note 4.a)	(67.740)	(43.398)
(-) Interest paid	(5.922)	(5.983)
(-) Subordinated liabilities	-	-
(-) Cash paid for return of contributions to shareholders	-	-
(-) Assessments paid and return of contributions to members or mutual members	-	-
(-) Acquisition of treasury shares (6.k)	-	(4.023)
(-) Other cash paid in relation to financing activities	(3.989)	(3.737)
D) EFFECT OF CHANGES IN EXCHANGE RATES	1.011	(1.355)
E) NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A + B + C + D)	118.574	98.113
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE START OF THE PERIOD	1.477.975	1.354.740
G) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD (E+F)	1.596.549	1.452.853
COMPONENTS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	1st Half-Year 2021	1st Half-Year 2020 (*)
(+) Cash	1.486.009	1.449.533
 (+) Other financial assets (-) Less : Bank overdrafts repayable on demand 	110.540	3.320

(*) Presented solely and exclusively for comparison purposes. Unaudited balances. See Note 2.e. to the Explanatory Notes. The accompanying Notes 1 to 8 are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow for the six month period ended on 30 June 2021.

Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. and Subsidiaries (Grupo Catalana Occidente)

Explanatory notes to the condensed consolidated half-year financial statements that correspond to the six-month period ending on 30 June 2021

1. General information on the Group and its business

1.a) Introduction

Grupo Catalana Occidente, Sociedad Anónima (hereafter, "the parent company") is a private entity subject to Spanish laws and regulations for insurance groups. The parent company is not directly involved in insurance activity, this is performed by companies of the Group which have the corresponding legal authority. These companies, together with the parent company and the other companies that carry out business complementary to the insurance or investment business, comprise Grupo Catalana Occidente (hereafter, "the Group").

The Articles of Association of the parent company and other public information about the group can be accessed at <u>www.grupocatalanaoccidente.com</u> and at the company's registered offices, Paseo de la Castellana 4, Madrid (Spain).

The 2020 consolidated annual financial statements of the Group were approved by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting, which was held on 29 April 2021.

1.b) Grupo Catalana Occidente

Annexes I and II of the consolidated annual financial statements corresponding to the year ended 31 December 2020, provide relevant information on the companies of the Group that were consolidated on that date and those valued by the equity method.

Below is a summary of the main operations in the six-month period ending on 30 June 2021:

1.b.1) Acquisition of 100% of Funeraria Aranguren, S.L.

On 2 November 2020, Grupo Catalana Occidente, through its investee Funerarias Bilbaína y La Auxiliadora, S.L., reached an agreement to acquire 100% of the shares of Aguirre y García de Andoin, S.L. (hereinafter "Funeraria Aranguren") for €1,770 thousand.

After having obtained the corresponding authorisation for the transfer and acquisition of the shares from the National Markets and Competition Commission on 27 January 2021, the execution of the sale and purchase agreement was formalised on 8 February 2021.

Finally, the price paid by Funerarias Bilbaína and La Auxiliadora, S.L. was $\leq 1,882$ thousand, corresponding to the initially agreed price of $\leq 1,770$ thousand, adjusted by the difference between the net financial debt at 7 February 2021 (the closest closing date to the transaction) and the net financial debt estimated in the contract. All of this consideration was paid in cash.

Provisional accounting for the business mergers

The effective takeover date was 8 February 2021, the date on which the execution of the sales contract was formalized.

The Group has valued the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed at fair value on the date of the combination, pursuant to International Financial Reporting Standard 3 (IFRS 3).

For this, the Group has performed a Purchase Price Allocation (PPA) analysis in order to determine the fair value of Funeraria Aranguren's assets and liabilities at 7 February 2021. The accounting regulations stipulates a period of one year during which the valuation of assets and liabilities acquired is not final, wherefore the valuations carried out are the best available estimate on the date of preparation of these financial statements and they are in any case interim.

The amount of the consideration paid amounts to €1,882 thousand, which corresponds to the acquisition price on the date of the business combination.

The fair value of the assets identified net of liabilities amounts to €874 thousand. In the exercise of the PPA, no intangible assets of the acquired entity have been recognised.

Expenses incurred in the transaction amounted to €202 thousand and were recorded in the consolidated profit and loss account.

The operation has generated goodwill of €1,008 thousand (see Note 6.b.1)).

1.c) Updating the risk environment

The risks arising from the COVID-19 pandemic crisis have been mitigated, by activating the contingency and continuity protocol. Specifically, in 2020 the Group set up a Contingency Committee to ensure, as a matter of priority, the safety of all employees and collaborators and the continuity of the business maintaining the service to our customers. Its tasks can be summarised as follows:

- To guarantee the protection of employees, in coordination with the Prevention Service, and the continuity of doing their job.
- To guarantee the stability of the systems and the maintenance of the operations in a crisis context of with a 100% demand of teleworking positions.
- To organise and apply the stages of the Contingency Plan referring to the continuity of the business.
- To prepare communications to the entire Group, both to employees and to commercial networks and customers.

In addition, since the start of the pandemic, the impact on COVID-19's results and solvency has been monitored and analysed, not only taking into account the information in force but also adapting the possible adverse scenarios to the increase in the loss ratio of the credit business and the fall in the financial markets. Since the beginning of the pandemic and in all future scenarios analysed, the Group's solvency ratio has been and is expected to be well above the Group's approved risk appetite.

1.c.1) Technical risks of the traditional business

The COVID-19 crisis has not significantly impacted traditional business risks.

The main sensitivities of the Group in the traditional business (to interest rates and the increase in claims) do not differ from those indicated in Note 4.b.A to the consolidated financial statements for 2020. In view of the above, no additional sensitivity scenarios have been carried out in the traditional business since the first half results have remained at the usual levels and no disruptive impact is expected.

1.c.2) Credit insurance and Bonding risk.

Now that the economic situation resulting from the pandemic crisis is returning to normal, the current loss ratio in the lending business is at a very low level, although the level of bad debts and defaults will continue to be monitored throughout the second half of the year.

In response to this crisis, the Group took various actions to mitigate these risks: restrictive underwriting measures, risk mitigation actions taken selectively to protect our customers, and through the agreements established by the various European governments (see Note 4.b.B of the notes to the consolidated financial statements for 2020).

In 2020 the Group signed agreements in the form of reinsurance schemes under EU state aid rules with Denmark, Germany, Norway, Belgium, France, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, the United Kingdom, Italy and Spain and extended until 30 June 2021 the governance arrangements in Denmark, Germany, Norway, Belgium, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, the United Kingdom and Spain. After the expiry of the agreements until 30 June 2021, no renewal of the agreements has taken place.

The joint impacts of these measures on these half-yearly financial statements are as follows:

- Balance sheet: debts (net of credits) for reinsurance operations amount to €144,923 thousand at 30 June 2021 (€195,371 thousand at 31 December 2020) and the reinsurance share of technical provisions amounts to €151,716 thousand (€224,233 thousand at 31 December 2020).
- Income statement: loss of €196,344 thousand (€8,403 thousand in the first half of 2020), consisting of €285,925 thousand as imputed premiums from ceded reinsurance, €6,583 thousand as claims from ceded reinsurance and €96,164 thousand as commissions from ceded reinsurance.

In a scenario of low entry of claims, largely driven by support measures for the economy by different governments, we have increased our estimates of future claims due to risks underwritten until 30 June 2021, over those that would correspond to a normal entry captured by our technical provisioning models, given the uncertainty about the duration and intensity of these support measures.

Furthermore, this low claims scenario that we have had in the first half of 2021 increases the possibility of positive run-off in the second half of the year, impacting the result of the reinsurance ceded from governmental agreements. The Group has captured the likely impact in the assignment to these agreements at 30 June 2021, based on various possible scenarios of entry of claims that may occur in the second half of the year.

The Group monitors exposures by counterparty, sector and country through a single database (Symphony) that contains details of the majority of credit insurance policies and credit limits and all customers with whom the Group has exposure to default risk. Most policies, both new business and renewals, are priced according to a structured system based on the risks, costs and outlook assigned by the Group according to country, sector and buyer credit ratings.

All customers with whom the Group has significant exposure are reviewed annually, although on a continuous basis information concerning defaults, both from companies and from individuals, is received. An indication of the sensitivity to the expected ultimate number of claims would be as follows: if the estimated ultimate number of claims during the most recent six months of risk were to change by 10%, the claims provisions would change by €34 million (€35 million in financial year 2020), gross of reinsurance: The technical provisions of the credit insurance business are considered reasonable and in line with the Group's accounting levels and policies at 30 June 2021.

The Group is exposed to the concentration risk by purchaser and by country and sector of the purchaser. Concentration risk is controlled and monitored through what is known as Total Potential Exposure (TPE). The TPE is a higher credit limit approximate to the real exposure with individual purchasers.

On a portfolio level, the real exposure tends to be in the range of 10% to 30% of the TPE, without taking into account that the customers also have their own withholdings. Each policy stipulates the maximum discretional

limit permitted and, for the majority of policies, this is not more than €20 thousand per buyer. This illustrates that the TPE is an absolute measure of exposure and that, in aggregate, the actual exposure will be much lower.

The distribution of the TPE by country, sector and buyer group at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 is detailed below:

Buyer's country	Of which	TPE to 30/06/2021 Millions of euros	TPE to 31/12/2020 Millions of euros
Denmark, Finland, Norway, Netherlands,	The Netherlands	32,214	29,875
Sweden, Baltic Countries	Other	33,027	30,779
Austria, Czech Republic, Germany, Greece,	Germany	100,092	93,568
Hungary, Poland, Slovakia, Switzerland	Other	70,555	64,630
	United Kingdom	45,332	42,033
UK, North America, Australia, Asia and Others	Ireland	4,723	4,306
	USA and Canada	57,435	54,188
	Mexico and Central America	10,313	9,030
	Brazil	9,817	8,546
	Asia and Australia	89,070	84,153
	Other	10,673	10,011
Southern Europe	France	48,491	45,239
-	Italy	44,720	42,001
	Spain and Portugal	82,551	79,231
	Belgium and Luxembourg	18,022	16,959
Total		657,035	614,549

Industrial sector	TPE to 30/06/2021 Millions of euros	TPE to 31/12/2020 Millions of euros
Durable consumer goods	73,410	69,071
Metals	68,605	61,597
Electronics	78,027	73,189
Construction	50,746	47,073
Chemicals	88,576	82,804
Transport	56,114	53,098
Machinery	42,587	39,635
Food	67,529	63,860
Construction Materials	31,997	29,345
Services	23,649	23,346
Textiles	15,625	15,404
Finance	13,873	13,131
Agriculture	32,081	29,845
Paper	14,216	13,151
Total	657,035	614,549

Grouping by number of buyers	TPE to 30/06/2021 Millions of euros	TPE to 31/12/2020 Millions of euros
0 - 20	344,424	322,137
20 - 100	114,244	103,940
100 - 250	72,741	69,176
250 - 500	52,214	50,378
500 – 1,000	39,819	34,522
Over 1,000	33,593	34,396
Total	657,035	614,549

1.c.3) Financial market risks

The Group's investment policy approved by the Board of Directors has not changed substantially due to the impact of COVID-19.

The economic situation generated by the pandemic has had a very significant impact on financial markets, especially on equity markets, which suffered significant falls in the first half of 2020. During the second half of 2020 and the first half of 2021, the gradual recovery of economic activity and advances in vaccine development and, subsequently, in vaccination programmes, have allowed a recovery in most stock exchanges to prepandemic levels.

The Group has monitored its exposure to the various risks, specifically:

- The evolution of the positions held in liquidity has been monitored, although the levels of cash held minimise any impact in this regard.
- Credit exposure to certain sectors that could be particularly affected by the impact of the pandemic (tourism, restaurants, airlines, among others) has been monitored. It is important to note that there is no material investments in any of them. Additionally, the portfolio diversification controls in place would mitigate any risk in this regard.
- In relation to investments in variable income, as in the case of fixed-income investments, the exposure to certain securities that might be particularly affected in the future by the impact of the economic crisis

arising from COVID-19 has been analysed in detail. It is important to note that no significant exposure is maintained in sectors such as airlines, tourism or catering.

With regards to the main sensitivities performed by the Group for the financial market risks, we can highlight:

- Fixed Income: An increase in the curve of 100bps represents +8.2% solvency ratio whereas a decrease in the curve of 100 bps represents -9% in solvency ratio.
- Variable Income: A decrease in the variable income of the stock market of -10% represents +2.9% solvency ratio whereas a decrease in the variable income of -25% represents +1.5% in solvency ratio.
- Properties: A decrease in value of 5% of the property value implies -1.7% of the solvency ratio.
- A combined decrease of 10% in the variable income value and of 5% in the properties implies an increase of +1.1% of the Group's solvency ratio.

The breakdown of financial assets at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 according to the inputs used is as follows (in € thousand):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total at 30 June 2021
Financial assets held for trading	-	-	-	-
Derivatives	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	651,104	-	-	651,104
Financial Investments in Equity	-	-	-	-
Investment funds shares/units	35	-	-	35
Debt securities	-	-	-	-
Investments held for the benefit of policyholders who bear				
the investment risk	651,069	-	-	651,069
Available-for-Sale financial assets	9,279,194	495,761	234,086	10,009,041
Financial Investments in Equity	1,462,605	-	79,766	1,542,371
Investment funds shares/units	467,495	-	154,320	621,815
Debt securities	7,349,094	32,577	-	7,381,671
Loans	-	-	-	-
Deposits with credit institutions	-	463,184	-	463,184
Total at 30 June 2021	9,930,298	495,761	234,086	10,660,145

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total at 31 December 2020
Financial assets held for trading	-	-	-	-
Derivatives	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	585,341	-	-	585,341
Financial Investments in Equity	-	-	-	-
Investment funds shares/units	49	-	-	49
Debt securities	-			-
Investments held for the benefit of policyholders who				
bear the investment risk	585,292	-	-	585,292
Available-for-Sale financial assets	9,225,213	507,502	129,726	9,862,441
Financial Investments in Equity	1,283,901	-	18,042	1,301,943
Investment funds shares/units	420,826	-	111,684	532,510
Debt securities	7,520,486	34,424	-	7,554,910
Loans	-	-	-	-
Deposits with credit institutions	-	473,078	-	473,078
Total at 31 December 2020	9,810,554	507,502	129,726	10,447,782

At 30 June 2021, financial instruments at fair value classified in Level 3 represent 1.93% of financial assets (1.11% at 31 December 2020).

The measurement techniques used to recognise and measure financial assets have not changed with respect to those used in the consolidated financial statements for 2020 (see Note 3.b.3 to the consolidated financial statements for 2020).

The Group carries out a periodic review of the existing portfolio in order to analyse whether it is necessary to change the classification of any of the existing assets. As a result of this review, a number of financial instruments have been reclassified from one valuation level to another in the first half of 2021 (in thousands of Euros):

	From	Level 1
	to	Level 3
Available-for-Sale financial assets		
Investment funds shares/units		26,874
Total at 30 June 2021		26,874

The amount of financial instruments that have been transferred between the different valuation levels during the first f of the 2021 financial year is not significant with respect to the total financial investment portfolio, and they do not reflect changes in the measurement method of these instruments with respect to the previous financial year.

In addition, below is a breakdown of the movement in financial assets classified in Level 3 (in € thousand):

.

	Available-for ass (A	Total	
	Financial Investments in Equity	Investment funds shares/units	Total
Net book value on 1 January 2020	-	-	-
Purchases	-	-	-
Sales and amortisations	-	-	-
Reclassifications and transfers	-	-	-
Changes in value against reserves	-	-	-
Changes in value against results	-	-	-
Effect of changes on the exchange rates	-	-	-
Changes in loss due to value impairment Net book value on 30 June 2020	-	-	-
Net book value on 30 June 2020	-	-	-
Purchases	20	88,654	88,674
Sales and amortisations	(695)	(25,810)	(26,505)
Reclassifications and transfers	20,605	48,315	68,920
Changes in value against reserves	(1,888)	525	(1,363)
Changes in value against results	-	-	
Effect of changes on the exchange rates	-	-	-
Changes in loss due to value impairment	-	-	-
Net book value on 1 January 2021	18,042	111,684	129,726
Purchases	67,998	16,058	84,056
Sales and amortisations	(298)	(57)	(355)
Reclassifications and transfers	-	26,874	26,874
Changes in value against reserves	(5,976)	(239)	(6,215)
Changes in value against results	-	-	-
Effect of changes on the exchange rates	-	-	-
Changes in loss due to value impairment	_	-	-
Net book value on 30 June 2021	79,766	154,320	234,086

In order to obtain the fair value of the equity assets classified in Level 3, for whose measurement there are no directly observable market data, alternative techniques are used, based mainly on quotations provided by brokers or market contributors. The Group has assessed that small changes in the assumptions used in these valuation models would involve no substantial changes in the values obtained.

The credit ratings of fixed-income issuers at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are detailed below (amounts in € thousand):

	30/06/2021				31/12/2020			
Rating	Public fixed income	Private fixed income	Total Fixed income	% Fixed income	Public fixed income	Private fixed income	Total Fixed income	% Fixed income
AAA	273,187	42,739	315,926	4.28%	246,365	34,042	280,407	3.71%
AA	327,313	135,295	462,608	6.27%	336,226	193,737	529,963	7.01%
to	2,061,146	1,045,271	3,106,417	42.08%	2,340,954	1,006,715	3,347,669	44.31%
BBB	334,726	2,939,048	3,273,774	44.35%	337,184	2,938,005	3,275,189	43.35%
Other	-	209,473	209,473	2.84%	5,924	102,777	108,701	1.44%
No rating	12,163	1,310	13,473	0.18%	6,449	6,532	12,981	0.17%
Total	3,008,535	4,373,136	7,381,671	100.00%	3,273,102	4,281,808	7,554,910	100.00%

As an investment management criterion, risk diversification measures by sector are also taken into account (amounts in € thousand):

30/06/2021					31/12/2020				
Sector	Equity instruments	%	Representative debt values	%	Equity instruments	%	Representative debt values	%	
Communications	151,476	7.00%	496,025	6.72%	124,609	6.79%	483,491	6.40%	
Cyclical consumer goods	142,777	6.60%	657,254	8.90%	123,570	6.74%	670,486	8.87%	
Non-cyclical consumer goods	286,907	13.26%	572,687	7.76%	216,785	11.82%	539,642	7.14%	
Energy	17,105	0.79%	99,440	1.35%	12,564	0.68%	96,705	1.28%	
Financial	428,694	19.81%	1,679,057	22.74%	343,682	18.73%	1,703,347	22.55%	
Industrial	176,328	8.15%	458,752	6.21%	155,164	8.46%	344,586	4.56%	
Technological	207,000	9.56%	91,486	1.24%	170,411	9.29%	89,521	1.18%	
Public Services	161,146	7.44%	312,701	4.24%	165,082	9.00%	350,707	4.64%	
Diversified	4,070	0.19%	3,510	0.05%	3,484	0.19%	1,937	0.03%	
Commodities	22,000	1.02%	2,225	0.03%	18,785	1.02%	2,653	0.04%	
Governance	-	-	3,008,534	40.76%	-	-	3,271,835	43.31%	
Others (*)	566,718	26.18%	-	-	500,366	27.28%	-	-	
Total	2,164,221	100.00%	7,381,671	100.00%	1,834,502	100.00%	7,554,910	100.00%	

(*) Includes mutual funds.

1.c.4) Other risks

Of the other risks identified, the Group considers that they have not significantly changed due to the impact of COVID-19.

It should also be noted that the Group's directors and management are constantly monitoring the evolution of the situation in order to successfully address any possible impacts, both financial and non-financial, that may arise.

1.c.5) Internal Control

The control activities of the Group take place under a framework of: (i) suitable segregation of tasks and responsibilities both between the personnel and between the functions carried out, (ii) suitable structure of powers and capacities for the performance of operations linked to critical processes, establishing a system of limits adjusted to the same, (iii) authorisations prior to the assumption of risks, global guidelines for information security, understanding this to be the preservation of confidentiality, integrity and availability of the information and of the systems that process it from any threat, risk or damage that may be suffered in accordance with their importance to the Group and (iv) existence of the mechanisms necessary to guarantee the continuity of the business. The existence of these mechanisms has allowed the Group to continue operating in the extreme situation due to COVID-19 without incurring significant operational losses beyond the IT-related costs incurred, without calling into question the going concern principle.

2. Basis of presentation of the abridged consolidated half-year financial statements

2.a) Applicable regulations

Pursuant to Regulation (EC) no, 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and Council of 19 July 2002 all companies subject to the Legislation of a member state of the European Union, and whose shares are traded on a regulated securities market of any member state, must publish their consolidated annual financial statements, as from 1 January 2005, in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (hereafter IFRS) previously adopted by the European Union.

The Group's 2020 consolidated annual financial statements were produced by the Board of Directors of the parent company at its meeting held on 25 February 2021, in accordance with the stipulations of the IFRS approved by the European Union applying the principles of consolidation, accounting policies, and appraisal criteria, as described in Notes 2 and 3 of the Notes to these Consolidated Financial Statements, in such a way that they represent a true and fair view of the equity and financial situation of the Group on 31 December 2020 and the results of its operations, changes in equity and consolidated cash flows produced in 2020.

These condensed consolidated half-year financial statements (hereinafter the half-year financial statements) are presented according to IAS 34 – *Interim Financial Information* and were produced by the Board of Directors on 29 July 2021, as established by the provisions of article 12 of Royal Decree (Real Decreto, hereafter "RD") 1362/2007 and taking into account the provisions of CNMV Circular 3/2018 of 28 June.

Pursuant to IAS 34, the Group has produced the half-yearly financial statements exclusively in order to update the content of the latest consolidated annual financial statements, emphasising the new activities, events and circumstances occurred during the half-year and not duplicating the information previously published in the last consolidated annual financial statements. In view of the foregoing, and in order to provide an adequate understanding of the information included in these abridged consolidated half-year financial statements, they should be read together with the 2020 consolidated annual financial statements of the Group.

The accounting policies and methods used in the production of these half-year financial statements has not changed significantly compared with those used in the consolidated annual financial statements of 2020.

2.b) New accounting principles and policies used in the abridged consolidated financial statements of the Group

2.b.1) New standards, modifications and interpretations adopted in 2021

New accounting standards and/or amendments have come into force during the first half of 2021 that the Group has, therefore, taken into consideration when preparing the abridged consolidated half-year financial statements.

• Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7 Reform of Reference Interest Rates: The amendments provide temporary and limited exceptions to the hedge accounting requirements of IAS 39 and IFRS 9 so that companies can continue to meet the requirements, based on the assumption that existing reference interest rates are not altered by the reform of the interbank offer rate. The amendments apply to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021.

There are no accounting principles or measurement bases that have a material effect on the condensed consolidated financial statements for the first half of 2021 that have not been applied in their preparation.

2.b.2) Current standards, amendments and interpretations not adopted

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement

The effective date of IFRS 9 was 1 January 2018. The Group, however, has taken into account the application of the Deferral Approach provided for the insurance sector to postpone the application of IFRS 9 until the date of

effective entry of IFRS 17, (see Note 2.b.3). The Group can apply the temporary exemption of IFRS 9 provided that its activities are predominantly connected to insurance, as described in paragraph 20D of the IFRS 4, on the date of annual presentation which is immediately prior to 1 April 2016 (i.e. Upon close of 31 December 2015).

The Group complies with said requirement in virtue of the fact that the amount of the liabilities that arise from contracts within the scope of IFRS 4 is significant in comparison with the total amount of all liabilities. The percentage of the total amount of the liabilities connected to insurance (with regards to the total amount of all liabilities) is greater than 80% and the Group is not involved in significant activity that is not connected to insurance.

It is expected that the new requirements of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17 (which is developed in the next section) may have a significant impact on the amounts registered in the financial statements of the Group when they enter into force and the Administrators are currently quantifying said potential impact.

2.b.3) Standards and interpretations issued not in force

During the first half of 2021 there are no standards and interpretations already adopted by the European Union whose effective date is later than the date of the consolidated summarised financial statements.

At the date these abridged consolidated half-year financial accounts were authorised for release, the following are the most significant standards and interpretations that had been published by the IASB but had not yet come into force, either because their effective date was after the date of the consolidated financial statements, or because they have not yet been adopted by the European Union (only the most significant are included):

New standards, amendments and int	erprefations	Mandatory application for periods beginning as from
Approved for use in the European Un	ion:	
Amendments and/or interpretations		
Annual improvements to IFRS: 2018 - 2020 cycle	Minor amendments affecting IFRS 1, IFRS 9, IFRS 1 IAS 41.	6 and 1 January 2022
Amendment to IFRS 3: Reference to Conceptual Framework	IFRS 3 is updated to align the definitions of asset liabilities in a business combination with those cont in the conceptual framework.	
Amendment to IAS 16: Tangible fixed assets - Income obtained before intended use.	It is prohibited to deduct from the cost of an its property, plant and equipment any revenue from the of items produced while the entity is preparing the for its intended use.	le sale 1 January 2022
Amendment to IAS 37 Onerous contracts - Cost of fulfilling a contract.	It explains that the direct cost of performing a co comprises the incremental costs of performing contract and an allocation of other costs that directly to the performance of contracts. It clarifie before making a separate provision for an on contract, an entity shall recognise any impairment that has occurred on the assets used to fulfil the con- rather than on the assets dedicated to that contract.	g that relate s that 1 January 2022 it loss ntract,

Mandatory application for periods beginning as from

Not approved for use in the European Union:

New rules		
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	It replaces IFRS 4 and sets out the principles for recording, measuring, presenting and disclosing insurance contracts in order for an entity to provide relevant and reliable information to enable users of the information to determine the effect of contracts on financial statements.	1 January 2023 (*)
Amendments and/or interpretations		
Amendment to IFRS 16: Leases - Leasehold improvements	Amendment to extend the deadline for application of the practical expedient of IFRS 16 provided for leasehold improvements related to COVID-19.	1 April 2021 (**)
Amendment to IAS 1: Classification of liabilities as current or non-current	Presentation of financial statements - Classification of liabilities as current or non-current	1 January 2023
Amendment to IAS 1: Breakdown of accounting policies	It enables entities to properly identify material accounting policy information that should be disclosed in the financial statements.	1 January 2023
Amendment to IAS 8 Definition of accounting estimate	Amendments and clarifications on what should be understood as a change in accounting estimate.	1 January 2023
Amendment to IAS 12 Deferred taxes arising from assets and liabilities resulting from a single transaction	Clarifications on how entities should record deferred tax arising on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations.	1 January 2023
Amendment to IFRS 10 and IAS 28: Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its affiliate or joint venture	Clarify the accounting treatment of the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associates and joint ventures, which will depend on whether the non-monetary assets sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture constitute a "business". The investor recognises the full gain or loss when the non- monetary assets constitute a 'business'. If the assets do not meet the definition of business, the investor recognises the gain or loss to the extent of the interests of other investors. The amendments apply only when an investor sells or contributes assets to its associate or joint venture.	(***)

(*) ISAB decided on 17 April 2020 to postpone the effective date of the Standard by one year, from 1 January 2022 to 1 January 2023

(**) The endorsement process by the European Union is still pending completion.

(***) Originally, these amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 were prospective and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. However, at the end of 2015, the IASB took the decision to postpone the effective date of these amendments (without setting a new specific date), as a broader review is being planned that could result in simplifying the accounting for these transactions and other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

The Group has not made plans for the anticipated application of the aforementioned standards and interpretations and in any case their application will be subject to consideration by the Group upon approval, if applicable, by the European Union.

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

This standard replaces IFRS 4, a standard that permits continued use of the local accounting practices and that has led to insurance contracts being accounted for in a different manner among jurisdictions. This standard establishes the principles for registration, presentation and breakdown of the insurance contracts with the objective of the entity providing relevant and reliable information that allows the users of the financial information to determine the effect that these contracts have on the entity's financial statements.

The implementation of IFRS 17 will imply undertaking consistent accounting for all insurance contracts based on an evaluation model that will use calculation hypotheses updated at each close date (such as the type of discount, actuarial hypotheses, and regarding other financial variables). The effects of the changes on the previous hypotheses can be recognised both in the income statement and the equity, depending on their nature and on whether said changes are associated to the provision of a service that has already taken place or not, or imply reclassification among the components of the liability of registered insurance. The income or expenses can be fully registered in the income statement or in the equity.

For all contracts that are not onerous, the entities will recognise a profit margin in the profit and loss account (called "contractual service margin") throughout the period during which the entity provides the service. However, if at the time of initial recognition or during the period when the entity provides the service, the contract is onerous, the entity must recognise the loss in the profit and loss account immediately.

On 26 June 2019, the IASB published a Draft Proposal for Amendments to IFRS 17 for public consultation. The objective of the amendments is to continue to support their implementation, alleviating the concerns and challenges raised about the implementation of the standard by the actors affected by it. In this sense, one of the amendments included in this Draft refers to the deferral of the date of entry into force of the standard. IFRS 17 will be applicable in annual periods that begin on 1 January 2023 (date of first application), although the presentation of comparative information is obligatory (transition date of 1 January 2022).

The proposed amendments are only designed to minimize the risk of disruption to the implementation currently under way. On 25 June 2020, the IASB published the Final Amendments to IFRS 17.

With regard to the implementation of the standard, the Group has continued the project to adapt to the new regulatory framework for IFRS 17 insurance contracts initiated in September 2017, working this year on the complete analysis of impacts, which seeks to obtain modelisation of the balance and income statement under IFRS 17, with the objective of establishing, in a preliminary manner, the set of policies and principles for assessment of implementation of the standard, as well as the adaptation of the IT infrastructure to respond to the new regulatory requirements. The main objective is to carry out the necessary preparatory work for the implementation of IFRS 17, in such a way as to guarantee its compliance on the date of the first application, and evaluate the potential impacts, both quantitative and qualitative, with sufficient notice for the purposes of adapting their management as well as to align the requirements of this regulation with IFRS 9.

2.c) Estimates

The consolidated results, and the determination of the consolidated equity are sensitive to the accounting principles and policies, the appraisal criteria and the estimates used by the Board of Directors of the parent company in the production of the abridged consolidated half-year financial statements. The main accounting principles and policies and valuation criteria applied in preparing these consolidated condensed interim financial statements are the same as those indicated in Note 3 of the report for the consolidated financial statements for 2020.

In turn, in preparing the half-year financial statements, judgements and estimates made by the Board and the management board of the parent company, and consolidated companies, have been used to quantify certain assets and liabilities, revenues, expenses and commitments registered by those companies. These estimates are the same as those disclosed in Note 2.c) of the notes to the consolidated annual accounts for 2020.

Although the estimates were made on the basis of the best information available, it is possible that future events may make it necessary to change these estimates (upwards or downwards) at year-end 2021 or in subsequent years, which would be done prospectively by recognising the effects of the change in estimate in the consolidated financial statements.

During the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 no significant changes were made to the estimates made in the first half of 2020, nor from those carried out at the end of 2020, except from that indicated in these abridged consolidated half-year financial statements.

2.d) Contingent assets and liabilities

Notes 11 and 15 of the Notes to the Annual Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group corresponding to the year ending 31 December 2020 provide information on the contingent assets and liabilities on that date. During the first six months of 2021, no significant changes have occurred in the contingent assets and liabilities of the Group (see Note 6.i.).

2.e) Comparison of information

The information contained in these abridged consolidated half-yearly financial statements as of 31 December 2020 and 30 June 2020 is presented for comparison purposes only and exclusively with the information as of 30 June 2021.

2.f) Seasonability of the transactions of the Group

Given the activities that the companies of the Group carry out, their transactions are not marked by a strongly cyclical or seasonal character. For this reason, no specific disclosures have been included in these explanatory notes to the abridged consolidated financial statements that correspond to the six-month period ending on 30 June 2021.

2.g) Relative Importance

When determining the information to be divulged on the different items of the financial statements or other topics, the Group, in accordance with IAS 34, has considered the relative importance in terms of the abridged consolidated financial statements of the first half-year.

3. Financial information by segment

3.a) Income and Technical Costs Per Segment

The insurance companies belonging to Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. operate in the following business lines: Life, Credit, Surety, Accident, Sickness, Health, Motor, Marine, Lake and River Transport (hull), Aircraft, Freight, Fire and Natural Disasters, Other damage to property (combined Agricultural Insurance, Theft and other), Liability (in vehicles, aircraft, marine, inland transport, arising from nuclear or other risks), various monetary Losses, Legal Defence, Assistance and Funeral. The Group considers all of the branches it operates in to be traditional business except for the branches of Credit and Bonding, which is included within the credit insurance business.

IFRS 8 – Segment Reporting confirms the principles governing the preparation of financial information by business lines and geographical area.

Segment information is presented according to the control, monitoring and internal management of the Group's insurance activities and results and is prepared for all the insurance lines and sub-lines which the Group operates, taking the Group's structure and organisation into account. The Board of Directors of Grupo Catalana Occidente is the highest body in terms of making operational decisions to define the operating segments.

The Group has defined as the main segments those corresponding to the 'Traditional business' and the 'Credit insurance business'.

Pursuant to the requirements of IAS 34, below are the ordinary revenues and results of the main lines of business according the previous definition of the Group, related to the first half year of 2021, as well as the same information on the same period of the previous year:

	Ordinary	Revenues	Profit before tax		
Business Segment	1st Half-Year 2021	1st Half-Year 2020	1st Half-Year 2021	1st Half-Year 2020	
Traditional business					
Non-life (*)	1,112,849	1,092,582	148,587	120,145	
Life (*)	415,109	407,658	32,277	25,632	
Other activities	20,200	31,657	(18,345)	(753)	
Credit insurance business (*)	994,244	920,828	141,726	55,318	
Total	2,542,402	2,452,725	304,245	200,342	

(*) Ordinary income from non-life, life and credit insurance business includes premiums earned from direct insurance and other technical income, respectively.

In addition to the volume of ordinary income, the Group has managed payments to pension plans and investment funds, not reflected in the abridged consolidated profit and loss account, amounting to &28,771 thousand during the period (&33,210 thousand in the previous equivalent period).

In accordance with the requirements of IAS 34, below are details of the measurement of the assets and liabilities of the main business segments, according to the previous definition made by the Group, relating to the first half of the financial year 2021, as well as the same information relating to the comparative period of the previous year:

	30/06/2021			31/12/2020			
ASSETS	Traditional business	Credit insurance business	TOTAL	Traditional business	Credit insurance business	TOTAL	
Cash and other equivalent liquid assets	1,104,453	492,096	1,596,549	1,053,234	424,741	1,477,975	
Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	651,104	-	651,104	585,341	-	585,341	
Available-for-Sale financial assets	7,304,983	2,704,058	10,009,041	7,292,170	2,570,271	9,862,441	
Loans and receivables	1,895,255	(401,601)	1,493,654	1,832,199	(582,975)	1,249,224	
Reinsurer's share of technical provisions	152,947	977,992	1,130,939	132,426	975,641	1,108,067	
Property, plant and equipment and investment property	951,324	188,874	1,140,198	949,289	189,606	1,138,895	
Intangible fixed assets	396,174	597,423	993,597	395,592	598,459	994,051	
Shareholdings in group companies and associates	11,640	81,501	93,141	10,827	74,356	85,183	
Tax assets	245,265	104,205	349,470	268,438	87,854	356,292	
Other assets	177,680	438,181	615,861	157,117	353,150	510,267	
TOTAL ASSETS	12,890,825	5,182,729	18,073,554	12,676,633	4,691,103	17,367,736	

	30/06/2021			31/12/2020		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Traditional business	Credit insurance business	TOTAL	Traditional business	Credit insurance business	TOTAL
Debts and items payable	335,989	992,249	1,328,238	319,427	862,356	1,181,783
Technical provisions	8,866,958	2,464,241	11,331,199	8,673,186	2,309,276	10,982,462
Non technical provisions	83,904	132,849	216,753	89,228	145,371	234,599
Tax liabilities	429,774	151,491	581,265	417,145	118,620	535,765
Other liabilities	300,830	134,833	435,663	366,406	129,102	495,508
Net equity	2,873,370	1,307,066	4,180,436	2,811,241	1,126,378	3,937,619
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	12,890,825	5,182,729	18,073,554	12,676,633	4,691,103	17,367,736

3.b) Premiums by geographical area

The distribution of earned net reinsurance premiums for the first half of the 2021 financial year, as well as the same information relating to the comparative period of the previous financial year, is as follows:

	Earned premiums in the period, net of reinsurance per geographical area							a
		1st Half-	Year 2021			1st Half-	Year 2020	
Geographical Area	Tradition	al business	Credit		Traditional	business	Credit	
	Non- Life	Life	insurance business	TOTAL	Non-Life	Life	insurance business	TOTAL
Domestic market	895,911	383,877	47,253	1,327,041	886,550	375,680	94,640	1,356,870
International market								
a) European Union								
a.1) Euro zone	6,493	-	186,817	193,310	6,654	-	228,306	234,960
a.2) Non-Euro zone	5	-	37,225	37,230	9	-	30,152	30,161
b) Other	7,770	1,937	117,255	126,962	7,336	1,685	114,945	123,966
Total	910,179	385,814	388,550	1,684,543	900,549	377,365	468,043	1,745,957

4. Dividends paid and earnings per share

4.a) Dividends paid by the parent company

The dividends agreed by the parent company during the first six months of 2021 and 2020 and their payment date are shown below:

Government Body	Date of Agreement	Date of Payment	Type of Dividend	Per share in euros	Total (Thousand euros)			
Board of Directors	28/01/2021	10/02/2021	3rd Interim Dividend 2020	0.1588	19,056			
Annual General Meeting	29/04/2021	12/05/2021	Supplementary 2020	0.4057	48,684			
Board of Directors	23/06/2021	07/07/2021	Dividend charged to reserves	0.1667	20,004			
	1st Half-Year Total 2021							

Government Body	Date of Agreement	Date of Payment	Type of Dividend	Per share in euros	Total (Thousand euros)		
Board of Directors	30/01/2020	12/02/2020	3rd Interim Dividend 2019	0.1588	19,056		
Annual General Meeting	22/04/2020	13/05/2020	4 th . Interim Dividend 2019	0.2029	24,342		
Board of Directors	23/06/2020	01/07/2020	1st Interim Dividend 2020	0.1588	19,056		
1st Half-Year Total 2020							

The provisional financial statements produced by the parent company in accordance with the legal requirements, declaring the existence of sufficient resources to distribute the interim dividends, are as follows:

	Thousand euros					
	30 January 2020	22 April 2020	23 June 2020	28 January 2021		
Sum of available and realisable assets	147,465	187,113	133,292	418,932		
Amount of payable liabilities (*)	40,994	46,112	52,346	37,295		
Estimated surplus liquidity	106,471	141,001	80,946	381,637		

(*) Includes the interim dividend proposed on each date

The completed dividend payouts broken down in the table above, comply with the requirements and limitations established by the current legal framework and Articles of Association.

According to 2019 profit distribution, on 22 April 2020 and pursuant to Articles 40.6.a and 41.3 of Royal Decree Law 8/2020, of 17 March, on urgent extraordinary measures to deal with the economic and social impact of COVID-19, and within the framework of the recommendations of the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority and the DGSFP, in their respective notes of 2 and 8 April 2020, in relation to the distribution generated by COVID-19, the Board of Directors of the parent company agreed to withdraw the proposal for the distribution of profits included in the consolidated annual accounts for 2019, taking into account both the

recommendations of the supervisors and the principle of prudence and business discretion that should govern the actions of the Board of Directors, especially in the face of an unprecedented health crisis.

At the same Board meeting, it was agreed to distribute a fourth interim dividend out of 2019 profits of €0.2029 per share, which was paid on 13 May 2020.

4.b) Earnings per share in continued and discontinued activities

The earnings per share are determined by dividing the net result attributable to the Group by the weighted average of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, excluding the average number of treasury shares held over that time.

The earnings per share of continuing and discontinued operations on 30 June 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	1st Half-Year 2021	1st Half-Year 2020
From continued and discontinued operations:		
Net profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company (€ thousand)	219,432	149,279
Weighted average number of shares issued (Thousands of shares)	120,000	120,000
Less: Weighted treasury shares (thousands of shares) (*)	(2,035)	(2,095)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (Thousands of shares)	117,965	117,905
Earnings per share (Euros)	1.86	1.27
From discontinued operations: Net profit attributable to equity holders of the parent from discontinued operations (thousand euro)	-	-
Earnings per share (Euros)	1.86	1.27

(*) Refers to treasury shares held in treasury stock for the different periods.

As there are no stock options, warrants or other equivalent instruments that might cause a potential dilutive effect on the shares of the parent, the earnings per share figure is the same as the diluted earnings per share in the different periods presented.

5. Remuneration and other benefits of the Board of Directors and Senior Staff of the parent company

Note 20.b) of the Notes to the Annual Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group which correspond to year end 31 December 2020, explains the remuneration and other benefits paid to the members of the Board of Directors of the parent company of the companies in 2020.

The General Meeting of Shareholders held on 29 April 2021 agreed on the remuneration for all directors, in their capacity as such, for the financial year 2021, established the allowances for attending Board meetings, the maximum annual amount of remuneration for all directors, in their capacity as such, for the financial year 2021 and submitted the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration in the financial year 2020 to the consultative vote of the General Meeting.

Below is a summary of the most important information on the remuneration and benefits that corresponds to the six-month period ending on 30 June 2021 and 2020:

Remuneration to members of the Board of Directors

	€ thousand				
Members of the Board of Directors	1st Half-Year 2021	1st Half-Year 2020			
Concept-					
Wages	909	902			
Variable cash remuneration	-	-			
Remuneration due to being a Board member	355	375			
Share-based remuneration systems	-	-			
Severance payments	-	-			
Long-term savings systems	97	97			
Other items	86	79			
	1,447	1,453			

In addition, deferred variable remuneration not consolidated amounts to €111 thousand.

The Board of Directors of the parent company is made up of 13 individual members, 12 men and 1 woman, and 3 corporate members, represented physically by 3 men.

Remuneration of members of the senior management, excluding members of the Board of Directors

	€ thousand		
Senior Management	1st Half-Year 2021	1st Half-Year 2020	
Total remuneration received by senior management	1,298	1,230	

In addition, deferred variable remuneration not consolidated amounts to €353 thousand.

In the production of these Interim condensed consolidated financial statements, and the effects of the above table, 7 people were considered as senior executives at 30 June 2021 (7 people at 30 June 2020).

On 30 June 2021 and 2020 there have been no advances or loans granted by the Parent company to the members of the Board of Directors, nor have any liabilities been incurred by these members as security.

6. Information on certain items of the abridged consolidated financial statements

6.a) Property Investments and owner occupied property.

The disclosure by type of items that make up the balance of this segment and sub segment of the abridged consolidated income statement, on 30 June 2021 is as follows (in \in thousand):

Details of Net Book Value on 30 June 2021:					
	Owner- Occupied Property	Property investments, third party use			
Cost at 30 June 2021	289,560	860,291			
Accumulated Depreciation at 30 June 2021	(80,402)	(153,770)			
Impairment losses	(7,251)	(6,108)			
Net carrying amount at 30 June 2021	201,907	700,413			
Market value	346,939	1,082,318			
Unrealised gains on 30 June 2021	145,032	381,905			

The breakdown at 31 December 2020 is as follows (in thousands of euros):

	Owner- Occupied Property	Property investments, third party use			
Cost at 31 December 2020 Accumulated Depreciation at 31 December	294,338	843,521			
2020	(79,332)	(145,500)			
Impairment losses	(7,352)	(5,145)			
Net book value at 31 December 2020	207,654	692,876			
Market value	353,721	1,071,931			
Unrealised gains at 31 December 2020	146,067	379,055			

Details of Net Book Value on 31 December 2020:

On 30 June 2021, the Group holds full ownership of these properties, None of the properties are affected by a guarantee of any type.

On 31 July 2019, Grupo Catalana Occidente Activos Inmobiliarios S.L. (buyer, hereinafter 'GCO Activos Inmobiliarios') entered into an agreement with Inmobiliaria de Edificios Industriales, S.L. (seller), whereby the latter acquired a plot of land located in the industrial sector of the "Mas Duran - Cantabria - Cantabria" partial plan. (seller), whereby the latter acquired a plot of land located in the industrial sector of the "Mas Duran - Cantabria - Cantabria" partial plan. (seller), whereby the latter acquired a plot of land located in the industrial sector of the "Mas Duran - Can Feu" partial plan in San Quirze del Vallés, in order to build an industrial building on it. This agreement was subject to a condition precedent until the seller complied with the conditions for the acquisition of the land and the granting of a building permit. Under this contract GCO Activos Inmobiliarios disbursed €1,920 thousand which were recorded as advances on other tangible fixed assets. During 2020 €3,614 thousand were additionally disbursed as advances as a result of meeting the milestones established in the contract. On 20 January 2021 the contract for the purchase and sale of the property was signed, derecognising the advances and recognising the aforementioned property as investment property in the amount of €5,361 thousand.

On 8 November 2019, Bilbao Compañía Anónima de Seguros y Reaseguros, S.A. (hereinafter 'Seguros Bilbao'), entered into a private sale and purchase agreement with Metrovacesa Promoción y Arrendamiento, S.A. for the future construction of a building at calle Foresta 8 (Madrid) subject to a condition precedent. Under this contract, Seguros Bilbao paid €6,497 thousand relating to 15% of the purchase price, which was recognised as an advance on other property, plant and equipment. In addition, in 2020, €4,331 thousand were paid, corresponding to 10%

of the purchase price. As of 31 December 2020, the building permit was obtained and construction started in January 2021, which is progressing normally and according to schedule.

In addition, on 18 June 2021, Seguros Bilbao acquired a property in Sant Cugat del Vallés (Barcelona) for €1,694 thousand, which has been recognised as investment property.

The Group has no other commitments to acquire new properties.

During the first six months of 2021, impairment losses of €985 thousand were recognised on investment property (no impairment losses were recognised on property, plant and equipment or investment property in the first half of 2020).

The market value of buildings for own use has been obtained from valuation reports carried out by independent experts. The generally used valuation methods correspond to the methodology established in the Order ECO/805/2003, of March 27, partially modified by Order EHA 3011/2007, of 4 October: the method of comparison, the method of cost, the residual abbreviated method and the method of income update, depending on the characteristics of the asset to be valued.

These valuations correspond to Level 2 and Level 3 of the hierarchy of fair value established by *IFRS 13 Valuation of the fair value*, depending on whether said value is determined depending on variables observed in the market or on estimates where a significant variable is not based on observable market data, respectively.

The market value of the investment property has been obtained in accordance with the valuation methods described in the previous section on owner-occupied property. In addition, the market value of investment property for non-insurance companies has been obtained from valuations under RICS standards, based on the rental update method and comparable market methods.

Furthermore, on 30 June 2021, the balance corresponding to the tangible assets of own use includes €237,878 thousand for furniture and installations, equipment for data processing and improvements in own buildings, among others.

6.b) Intangible fixed assets

The Group has goodwill on consolidation of \in 802,980 thousand at 30 June 2021, together with other intangible assets of \in 190,617 thousand, mainly comprising internally generated software from Atradius N.V. amounting to \in 101,905 thousand and intangible assets arising from the Plus Ultra acquisition cost allocation processes. Currently, the net book value of the Plus Ultra brand and distribution network amounts to \in 13,650 thousand and \in 11,298 thousand, respectively, and the net book value of the Antares policy portfolio amounts to \in 25,025 thousand.

6.b.1) Goodwill

The breakdown of the goodwill in the consolidated balance sheet, listed according to originating undertaking is as follows:

	€ thousand	
CGU	30/06/2021	31/12/2020
Fully consolidated companies:		
Atradius N.V.	461,634	461,634
Plus Ultra Seguros Generales y Vida, S.A. de Seguros y Reaseguros	123,002	123,002
Bilbao, Compañía Anónima de Seguros y Reaseguros, S.A.	94,398	94,398
Nortehispana de Seguros y Reaseguros, S.A.	38,396	38,396
Seguros Catalana Occidente, S.A. de Seguros y Reaseguros	23,086	23,086
Asistea Servicios Integrales S.L.U (*)	41,049	40,041
Graydon Holding N.V.	17,920	17,920
Grupo Catalana Occidente Activos Inmobiliarios, S.L.	3,255	3,255
Other	240	240
Gross Total	802,980	801,972
Less: Impairment losses	-	-
Net book value	802,980	801,972

(*) The increase in 2021 was €1,008 thousand and is due to the incorporation of Funeraria Aranguren (see Note 1.b.1).

The Group continuously evaluates whether there are any signs that the value of the consolidation goodwill could have been impaired, based on internal and external factors that imply an adverse incidence in the same.

During the first six months of 2021 there have been no impairment losses that affect goodwill on consolidation. The Group has reviewed goodwill on consolidation for impairment and concluded that there is no indication of impairment.

6.c) Financial investments

The breakdown of the Group's financial assets is as follows, without taking into account holdings in entities accounted for using the equity method, as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020, presented by nature and categories for valuation purposes:

					€ thousand
Investments classified by category of financial asset and by type	Financial Assets held for trading (HFT)	Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (RVPL)	Available-for- Sale financial assets (AFS)	Loans and receivables (LR):	Total at 30 June 2021
FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS:	-	651,104	10,009,041	414,484	11,074,629
Equity Instruments					
- Financial investments in capital	-	-	1.542.371	-	1,542,371
- Stakes in mutual funds	-	35	621,815	-	621,850
Debt securities	-	-	7,381,671	-	7,381,671
Derivatives	-	-	-	-	-
Hybrid instruments	-	-	-	-	-
Investments on behalf of policyholders					
assuming the investment risk	-	651,069	-	33,666	684,735
Loans	-	-	-	205,217	205,217
Other financial assets	-	-	-	10,207	10,207
Deposits with credit institutions	-	-	463,184	143,241	606,425
Deposits for accepted					
reinsurance	-	-	-	22,153	22,153
RECEIVABLES:	-	-	-	1,079,170	1,079,170
Credits for direct insurance					
and coinsurance	-	-	-	482,103	482,103
Receivables arising from reinsurance					
operations	-	-	-	65,534	65,534
Other receivables	-	-	-	531,533	531,533
Total net	-	651,104	10,009,041	1,493,654	12,153,799

	1	1			t mousanu
Investments classified by category of financial asset and by type	Financial Assets held for trading (HFT)	Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (RVPL)	Available-for- Sale financial assets (AFS)	Loans and receivables (LR):	Total at 31 December 2020
FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS:	-	585,341	9,862,441	362,620	10,810,402
Equity Instruments					
- Financial investments in capital	-	-	1,301,943	-	1,301,943
- Stakes in mutual funds	-	49	532,510	-	532,559
Debt securities	-	-	7,554,910	-	7,554,910
Derivatives	-	-	-	-	-
Hybrid instruments	-	-	-	-	-
Investments on behalf of policyholders					
assuming the investment risk	-	585,292	-	33,089	618,381
Loans	-	-	-	195,034	195,034
Other financial assets	-	-	-	10,143	10,143
Deposits with credit institutions	-	-	473,078	100,347	573,425
Deposits for accepted					
reinsurance	-	-	-	24,007	24,007
RECEIVABLES:	-	-	-	886,604	886,604
Credits for direct insurance					
and coinsurance	-	_	-	358,952	358,952
Receivables arising from reinsurance				000,000	000,000
operations	-	-	-	74,853	74,853
Other receivables	-	-	-	452,799	452,799
Total net	-	585,341	9,862,441	1,249,224	11,697,006

The Group values its financial investments at fair value, except for loans and receivables, which do not differ significantly from their carrying amount.

During the first six months of 2021, impairment losses have been recognised in an amount of \in 6,736 thousand, mainly in equity instruments. In the first half of 2020, impairment losses amounting to \in 6,740 thousand were recognised, mainly on equity instruments.

Most of the revaluations recognised with a payment or charge to reserves and the abridged consolidated profit and loss account, net of the corresponding tax effect and the involvement of external partners, have occurred through financial instruments traded on organised markets (Level 1 fair value). The remaining amount has originated financial instruments whose fair value was calculated using valuation techniques based on observable market data directly or indirectly (Level 2 fair value).

€ thousand

6.d) Investments accounted for using the equity method (equity-accounted associates)

The composition and movements during the first six months of 2021 of those investments in the capital of companies over which the Group exercises significant influence is as follows:

	€ thousand						
Company	Balances at 31 December 2020	Consolidation perimeter inputs and outputs	Increases due to non-distributed profit for the year	Other valuation changes	Impairment losses	Balances at 30 June 2021	
Asitur Asistencia, S.A.	7,252	-	844	(661)	-	7,435	
Calboquer, S.L.	119	-	(5)	(4)	-	110	
Gesiuris Asset Management, S.G.I.I.C., S.A. (1)	3,976	-	124	26	-	4,126	
MB Corredors d'Assegurances, S.A.	35	-	10	-	-	45	
Inversiones Credere, S.A.	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CLAL Credit Insurance Ltd. (2) (4)	15,969	-	802	303	-	17,074	
Compañía de Seguros de Crédito Continental S.A. (3) (4)	42,480	-	3,980	(538)	-	45,922	
The Lebanese Credit Insurer S.A.L. (4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Credit Guarantee Insurance Corporation of Africa Limited (4)	15,352	-	2,183	894	-	18,429	
TOTAL	85,183	-	7,938	20	-	93,141	

(1) Includes goodwill totalling €1,836 thousand.

(2) CLAL includes goodwill totalling €2,127 thousand.

(3) CSC Continental includes goodwill of €11,366 thousand.

(4) Participated through the company Atradius N.V.

At 30 June 2021, the Group has reviewed the goodwill embedded in the equity investments in associates for indications of impairment and concluded that there are no indications of impairment.

6.e) Technical provisions

A breakdown of the provisions established at 30 June 2021 and their movements respect to the year ended 31 December 2020 are shown below together with Reinsurers' participation.

Provision	Balances on 31/12/2020	Variation in profit and loss account	Change in exchange rate	Consolidation adjustments	Balances on 30/06/2021
Technical Provisions:					
Unearned premiums	1,323,100	240,497	10,107	(16)	1,573,688
Provision for unexpired risks	2,659	-	-	-	2,659
Life insurance:					
- Provision for unearned premiums.	27,451	21,193	-	-	48,644
- Mathematical provision	5,851,522	(31,926)	-	-	5,819,596
- For life insurance where the	618,746	65,802	-	-	684,548
risk is borne by policyholders					
Claims provision	3,014,609	13,873	11,999	(*) 15,127	3,055,608
Policyholder benefit share and return	40,688	(4,843)	-	-	35,845
premiums					
Other technical provisions	103,687	6,766	-	158	110,611
	10,982,462	311,362	22,106	15,269	11,331,199
Reinsurer's share of technical					
provisions (transferred):					
Provision for unearned premiums.	229,355	26,287	2,971	(16)	258,597
Life insurance provision:					
- Provision for unearned premiums.	1,451	3,331	-	-	4,782
- Mathematical provision	-	-	-	-	-
Claims provision	876,729	(37,036)	6,155	(*) 21,022	866,870
Other technical provisions	532	-	-	158	690
	1,108,067	(7,418)	9,126	21,164	1,130,939

(**) The most relevant adjustment corresponds to the activation of collections in the credit insurance business. In the calculation of the impact on the profit and loss account, these collections are counted within the change of the technical provision of benefits. For the purposes of inclusion on the balance sheet, collections are presented separately from the technical provision of benefits.

The movement of the provision for profit sharing from the mathematical provision has not been significant in the first half of 2021, in the same way as the previous year.

6.f) Subordinated liabilities

Subordinated liabilities include the subordinated debt emissions issued by Atradius Finance B.V. and Atradius Reinsurance DAC, subsidiaries of Atradius N.V.

On 23 September 2014, Atradius Finance B.V. issued subordinated bonds for a nominal aggregate amount of €250,000 thousand with a maturity of 30 years, which may be re-purchased beginning on the tenth year, on a quarterly basis. The bonds are irrevocably, unconditionally and subordinately guaranteed by Atradius N.V., a Group company. During the first 10 years, bonds have a fixed nominal annual interest rate of 5.250%, payable in annual instalments and, from that date, they will have a nominal variable interest rate of Euribor 3 months plus 5.031%, payable quarterly in arrears. The bonds are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

On the date of issue, Plus Ultra issued \notin 40,000 thousand for the aforementioned subordinated bonds. Later, during the year 2016, Seguros Catalana Occidente and Seguros Bilbao underwrote 11,291 thousand euros and 2,000 thousand euros of nominal value, respectively. In addition, during the year 2017, Seguros Catalana Occidente and Seguros Bilbao issued \notin 2,000 thousand and \notin 1,000 thousand of nominal value, respectively. These operations have been eliminated in the consolidation process.

On 20 April 2016, Atradius Reinsurance DAC received a subordinated loan, mainly from the subsidiaries of the Group, for the nominal amount of €75,000 thousand with a maturity of 10 years, which would be repurchased from the fifth year, on an annual basis. The loan has a fixed interest rate of 5.0% payable annually by instalments until the maturity date. No repurchase of this loan was made during the first half of 2021.

The lenders in the Group are Seguros Bilbao, Seguros Catalana Occidente and Nortehispana, having granted \notin 40,000 thousand, \notin 23,000 thousand and \notin 6,000 thousand, respectively, for the above-mentioned subordinated loan, which have been eliminated in consolidation.

On 30 June 2021, the Group estimates the fair value of 100% of the subordinated liabilities at \leq 368,023 thousand, based on binding quotations from independent experts, which correspond to Level 2 in the hierarchy of fair value established in *IFRS 13 Assessment of the fair value*. During the first six months of 2021, interest for subordinated liabilities in an amount of \leq 8,438 thousand were paid.

6.g) Provisions for liabilities and charges

Besides the stipulations noted in Note 6.i) and the risks that correspond to the nature of the insurance business which are duly valued and included, where necessary, in the claims provisions, the Group has no significant claims, lawsuits or court processes which individually imply damage or that may affect the half-yearly financial statements as well as contingent liabilities that could involve the Group in law suits or involve the imposition of sanctions or penalties with a significant effect on the company's Equity (see Note 2.d.).

6.h) Net equity

6.h.1) Capital

The parent company's subscribed capital, on 30 June 2021, stands at €36,000 thousand consisting of 120,000,000 fully subscribed and paid in book entry shares of 0.30 euros par value each represented in bookentry form. All shares have the same rights, and the parent company may issue shares without voting rights.

The shareholders owning 10% or more of the parent company's share capital on 30 June 2021 were as follows:

	Percentage of stake
Corporación Catalana Occidente, S.A.	29.40%
La Previsión 96, S.A.	25.00%

The percentage shareholding of the previous shareholders remains unchanged from the percentage as at 31 December 2020, except as indicated below. The company Inoc, S.A., which holds 100% of Corporación Catalana Occidente, S.A. and 72.25% of La Previsión 96, S.A., directly and indirectly holds 55.01% of the parent company and belongs to a group whose parent is CO Sociedad de Gestión y Participación, S.A.

On 28 June 2021, the deed of merger by absorption of Corporación Catalana Occidente, S.A. by Inoc, S.A. was executed and filed with the Madrid Mercantile Registry on 30 June 2021 (is currently pending registration). Once the aforementioned merger has been registered, Inoc, S.A. will continue to hold directly and indirectly the aforementioned 55.01% of the parent company, although from this percentage it will go from directly holding 7.55% to 36.95%.

6.h.2) Reserves and Other reserves for changes in accounting criteria

The abridged consolidated statement of changes in equity, attached to this half-year financial statement, includes details of the balances of the reserves for accumulated retained earnings at the start of financial year 2020 and on 30 June 2021 as well as the movements produced during the periods and the reconciliations between the amounts for each class of equity and for each class of reserves, informing separately on each movement that is produced.

6.i) Tax position

The calculation of the expense for profit tax in the first half 2021 is based on the best estimate of the average tax rate that will be applicable on the expected result of the year 2021. To do so, the amounts calculated for the tax expense for the current interim period may be adjusted in later periods should the annual interest rate estimates change.

On 2 January 2019, Plus Ultra and Grupo Catalana Occidente received communication of the start of proceedings for audit and investigation of a partial character. In particular, the inspection is designed to check the tax deductible financial goodwill regarding the Corporate Tax of Plus Ultra (years 2014 and 2015) and the individual corporation tax of the same, as a subsidiary of the tax consolidation group where the parent company is Grupo Catalana Occidente (years 2016 and 2017).

In this sense, in the past, the Tax Authority already inspected this same concept and, at the opening of 2019, Plus Ultra has opened a number of contentious-administrative proceedings against the records of inspection: (i) in relation to the goodwill deducted in 2005 to 2010, the Company had filed a contentious-administrative appeal with the Spanish National Appellate Court ("AN") against the decision of the Central Economic Administrative Tribunal ("TEAC") of 13 January 2016, amounting to €4,021 thousand; and (ii) in relation to the goodwill deducted in 2011 to 2013, the Company is awaiting a ruling from the TEAC, which amounts to €2,022 thousand.

On 19 December 2019, the AN issued a judgement, the content of which was made known to Plus Ultra on 27 January 2020. In that judgement, the AN upheld the Company's claims, confirming that the total amount of goodwill for accounting purposes is tax deductible for the purposes of determining the taxable income for income tax purposes for 2007, 2008, 2009 and 2010. On 2 June 2020, the AN declares the previous sentence to be final and the Administration is notified for its execution and compliance.

As a result of the foregoing, the Group has recognised a provision of €11,419 thousand under "Tax Liabilities" in the consolidated balance sheet, relating to the risk associated with this contingency from 2007 to the present day. During the first half of 2020, the Group has recognised the aforementioned amount as income under the heading 'Other non-technical income' in the income statement for the period, thereby cancelling this provision.

On the other hand, the Tax Agency notified Atradius Crédito y Caución, S.A. de Seguros y Reaseguros (hereinafter 'Atradius Crédito y Caución') of a Settlement Agreement issued on 30 September 2020, for a total of €1,789 thousand due to discrepancies regarding the quantification of the deduction for the development of innovation and development activities applied in 2013 and 2014. This settlement was paid and was the object of an Economic-Administrative Claim, presented in due time and form. In addition, the Tax Agency opened a penalty proceeding against Atradius Crédito y Caución for a total of €734 thousand. On 19 May 2021, Atradius Crédito y Caución filed a writ of economic-administrative claim against the penalty imposed by the Tax Agency.

On 20 November 2020, the tax authorities notified Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A., in its capacity as the parent company of the consolidated tax group, of the commencement of partial tax audits limited to the verification of the tax credit for international double taxation applied in 2016, 2017 and 2018 by Seguros Catalana Occidente, S.A. de Seguros y Reaseguros. Consequently, the statute of limitations period for the aforementioned years of the consolidated group has been interrupted once again.

On the other hand, as a result of possible varying interpretations of applicable tax legislation for the years subject to inspection, contingent tax liabilities might result, which cannot be objectively quantified. However, the Directors of the parent company believe that the tax debt, if any, that could eventually materialise, would not

have a material effect on the interim financial statements (see Note 11.f of the consolidated annual statements of financial year 2020).

6.j) Related-party transactions

"Related parties" to the Group, in addition to subsidiaries and associates, are considered to be the "key personnel" of the Group's management (members of the Board of Directors and the General Managers, together with their close family members), as well as shareholders who can directly or indirectly, exercise control over the Group. In the first half of 2021 there were no new transactions with related parties.

Operations between companies of the consolidated Group

During the first half of financial year 2021, there have been no relevant operations between companies in the Group that have not been eliminated in the process of producing the consolidated financial statements and that do not form part of the normal business of the Group.

All the significant reciprocal translations have been duly eliminated in the process of consolidation.

6.k) Shares and holdings in own equity

The balance of this subheading, which is the result of deducting the equity attributable to the shareholders of the parent company from the consolidated balance sheet on 30 June 2021 and on 31 December 2020, in accordance with the reporting requirements established by IAS 32, which corresponds to the shares of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. property of the consolidated subsidiary Sociedad Gestión Catalana Occidente, S.A. These shares are reflected in its acquisition cost.

The total of Group shares owned by the company of the subsidiary Sociedad Gestión Catalana Occidente, S.A. on 30 June 2021 represents 1.68% of the capital issued as of that date (1.70% as of 31 December 2020). These shares are available-for-sale in order to safeguard liquidity. There are no more Grupo Catalana Occidente S.A. shares held by other Group companies or third parties that operate on their behalf. Additionally, on 30 June 2021, neither the parent company, nor the companies of the Group held obligations based on the payment of shares of the parent company.

The development in the movement of acquisitions and sales made during the first half of 2021 and the comparative period of the previous year is as follows:

	€ thou		
	Cost of acquisition	Book Value	Number of shares
Balance at 1.1.20	22,000	629	2,095,017
Additions (*)	2,177	6	19,238
Withdrawals (*)	(638)	(22)	(71,731)
Balance at 30.6.20	23,539	613	2,042,524
Additions	-	-	-
Withdrawals	-	-	-
Balance at 1.1.21	23,539	613	2,042,524
Additions	-	-	-
Withdrawals (*)	(277)	(7)	(24,009)
Balance at 30.6.21	23,262	606	2,018,515

(*) Purchases and sales made by Sociedad Gestión Catalana Occidente, S.A.

7. Other Information

The average number of full-time employees (or equivalent) of the parent company and subsidiaries as of 30 June 2021 and 2020, broken down by gender, is as follows:

	Number of people	
	30/06/2021	30/06/2020
Men	3,858	3,925
Women	3,453	3,469
Total	7,311	7,394

8. Subsequent events

After the close of the six-month period until the date of preparation of these abridged consolidated financial statements have not produced facts that affect them significantly that are not already explained in the other notes thereto.



05

Auditors' opinion



Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. and subsidiaries

Report on limited review of condensed consolidated interim financial statements June 30, 2021 Interim consolidated managements' Report



Report on limited review of condensed interim consolidated financial statements

This version of our report is a free translation from the original, which was prepared in Spanish. All possible care has been taken to ensure that the translation is an accurate representation of the original. However, in all matters of interpretation of information, views or opinions, the original language version of our report takes precedence over this translation.

To the shareholders of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A.:

Introduction

We have performed a limited review of the accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements (hereinafter, the interim financial statements) of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. (hereinafter, "the parent company") and its subsidiaries (hereinafter, "the group"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021, and the income statement, statement of other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and related notes, all condensed and consolidated, for the six months period then ended. The parent company's directors are responsible for the preparation of these interim financial statements in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", as adopted by the European Union, for the preparation of condensed interim financial information, as provided in Article 12 of Royal Decree 1362/2007. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our limited review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our limited review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A limited review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A limited review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with legislation governing the audit practice in Spain and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these interim financial statements.

Conclusion

Based on our limited review, that cannot be considered as an audit, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements for the six months period ended June 30, 2021 have not been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", as adopted by the European Union, for the preparation of condensed interim financial statements, as provided in Article 12 of Royal Decree 1362/2007.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores, S.L., Torre PwC, P^o de la Castellana 259 B, 28046 Madrid, España Tel.: +34 915 684 400 / +34 902 021 111, Fax: +34 915 685 400, www.pwc.es



Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 2, in which it is mentioned that these interim financial statements do not include all the information required of complete consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union, therefore the accompanying interim financial statements should be read together with the consolidated annual accounts of the group for the year ended December 31, 2020. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Matters

Interim consolidated management's Report

The accompanying interim consolidated management's Report for the six months period ended June 30, 2021 contains the explanations which the parent company's directors consider appropriate regarding the principal events of this period and their impact on the interim financial statements presented, of which it does not form part, as well as the information required under the provisions of Article 15 of Royal Decree 1362/2007. We have verified that the accounting information contained in this directors' Report is in agreement with that of the interim financial statements for the six months period ended June 30, 2021. Our work is limited to checking the interim consolidated management's Report in accordance with the scope mentioned in this paragraph and does not include a review of information other than that obtained from Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. and its subsidiaries' accounting records.

Preparation of this review report

This report has been prepared at the request of the Board of Directors in relation to the publication of the half-yearly financial report required by Article 119 of Royal Legislative Decree 4/2015 of 23 October, approving the revised text of the Securities Market Law developed by the Royal Decree 1362/2007, of 19 October.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores, S.L.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS AUDITORES, S.L.

Original in Spanish signed by Ana Isabel Peláez Morón

July 29, 2021

www.grupocatalanaoccidente.com For further information, please contact: analistas@catalanaoccidente.com +34 91 566 13 02

