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EARNINGS 2018 Press release Madrid, February 28th, 2019 10 pages

## REPSOL'S NET INCOME REACHES 2.341 BILLION, THE HIGHEST IN EIGHT YEARS

- Net income increased 10% from the previous year to 2.341 billion euros, the highest in the last eight years.
- Adjusted net income, which specifically measures the performance of the company's businesses, grew 10% to 2.352 billion euros. EBITDA rose to 7.513 billion euros, a 12% increase.
- billion euros The highest income in eight years
- The earnings reflect the strength of the company's businesses as well as its flexibility, adaptability and preparedness for any scenario. During this period, Repsol increased value-generation and enhanced its position as a multi-energy provider.
- **7.513** billion euros a 12% increase
- The Upstream unit (Exploration and Production) doubled its 2017 earnings to reach 1.325 billion euros, bolstered by implemented efficiency measures, higher volumes and the relative improvement in international prices.
- kboe/d 3% increase in production
- Hydrocarbon production (gas and oil) increased by 3% to 715,000 barrels of oil equivalent per day. This growth was supported by the start-up of projects in Algeria, Trinidad and Tobago, the United Kingdom, Peru and Malaysia, as well as the connection of new wells in Marcellus (United States) and the acquisition of Visund in Norway.
- dollars
- The Downstream unit's earnings (Refining, Chemicals, Marketing, Lubricants, LPG, Trading & Gas and Repsol Electricidad y Gas) totaled 1.583 billion euros, with improved performance in Marketing, LPG and Trading & Gas. The refining margin was in line with that of last year, and is among the best in Europe.

One of the best refining margin indicators in Europe











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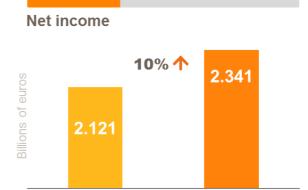
The company updated its strategy last June after meeting the objectives of the 2016-2020 Strategic Plan two years ahead of schedule. The update is based on three pillars: an increase in shareholder compensation, profitable growth in the Upstream and Downstream units, and the development of new businesses connected to the energy transition.

Advancement as a multi-energy provider

- Significant steps were taken during the year to consolidate the low-emissions businesses, supporting Repsol's commitment to becoming a leading global multi-energy provider.
- **2,952** MW Total installed generation capacity
- In November, Repsol completed the purchase of Viesgo's non-regulated, low-emissions electricity generation assets as well as its distributor, to become a relevant player in the Spanish generation market, with a total installed capacity of 2,952 MW and plans for a further 289 MW.
- 45% Reduction of net debt
- Repsol is implementing a digitalization program throughout the company, which will generate one billion euros in 2022 from new revenue and the optimization of investments and expenses.
- During the period, net debt fell 45% to 3.439 billion euros.

Repsol posted net income of 2.341 billion euros in 2018, a 10% increase from the 2.121 billion earned in 2017 and the highest in eight years. This was achieved with average Brent oil prices at 71 dollars per barrel last year, compared with more than 111 dollars in 2011.

Adjusted net income, which specifically measures the progress of Repsol's businesses, also increased 10% to 2.352 billion euros, exceeding the 2.131 billion recorded in the previous year.



2017

In addition to the strength of its businesses, these results reflect Repsol's adaptability and innovation—particularly following the implementation of the efficiency program in recent years—as well as its flexibility to incorporate and develop new capabilities. All of this has allowed the company to increase value

generation while simultaneously playing a more active role as a multi-energy provider.

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The company's integrated business model allowed it to take full advantage of improved oil prices - Brent was 32% higher than in 2017 – although they remained far from their historic highs. In contrast, the Henry Hub gas benchmark averaged a price similar to last year.

The company increased its EBITDA by 12% to 7.513 billion euros

In this context, the Upstream unit doubled its earnings to 1.325 billion euros, continuing the positive trend of previous years. The increase in production and rising oil prices were integral to this positive performance, as were the efficiency measures and digitalization programs, which continue to demonstrate their effectiveness.

The Downstream unit earned 1.583 billion euros, with improved performance from the commercial businesses, Marketing and LPG (liquefied petroleum gas), and positive results from Trading & Gas. The Chemicals unit was affected by a worsening international environment, maintenance shutdowns at some industrial facilities, which also affected refining, and the weakness of the dollar against the euro.

The company's EBITDA increased to 7.513 billion euros, 12% higher than the 6.723 billion in the previous year.

The Group's positive business performance, along with the sale of its stake in Naturgy Energy Group, led to a 45% fall in net debt to 3.439 billion euros, compared with the 6.267 billion at the end of 2017. Meanwhile, liquidity rose to 8.742 billion euros by late December.

Repsol has an installed generation capacity of 2,952 MW, and projects in place for an additional 289 MW

Repsol updated its 2020 strategy last June, after meeting the objectives of the 2016-2020 Strategic Plan two years ahead of schedule. This update is based on three pillars: increasing shareholder compensation, fostering profitable growth in the Upstream and Downstream units, and developing new businesses connected to the energy transition.

In that respect, Repsol reached an agreement in June 2018 to purchase Viesgo's non-regulated, low-emissions electricity generation businesses and its gas and electricity distributor, including 750,000 customers. With this acquisition, which was completed on November 2<sup>nd</sup>, Repsol strengthened its position as a multi-energy operator, achieving a total installed capacity of 2,952 MW (2,352 MW from this transaction and 600 MW from its existing cogeneration plants).

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In the third quarter, the company also acquired the Valdesolar photovoltaic project planned in the Valdecaballeros (Badajoz, Spain), which is in the administrative permitting phase. The project will have an installed generation capacity of 264 MW. With these additions, Repsol will have achieved more than 70% of its strategic objective for a low-emissions generation capacity of 4,500 MW by 2025.

With the existing projects, Repsol will have achieved more than 70% of its strategic objective for lowemissions generation capacity In October, the company also secured financing for the construction of one of the largest floating offshore wind farms in the world, located off the coast of Portugal with an installed capacity of 25 MW.

During the year, Repsol raised shareholder compensation to 0.9 euros/share, an increase of 15%. Additionally, it achieved a reduction in share capital through the cancellation of own shares by an amount equivalent to the shares issued in 2018 through the scrip dividends, resulting in increased earnings per share.

The company plans to raise the dividend to one euro per share in 2020, with a total repurchase of the shares issued in the Repsol Flexible Dividend program. All of this positions its shareholder compensation among the highest in the sector.

Repsol's positive performance was reflected in the company's improved credit rating. In October, Fitch upgraded the outlook for Repsol to "positive" with a long-term credit rating of BBB. In early December, Moody's announced a rating upgrade to Baa1 with a "stable" outlook, and a few days later S&P Global Ratings upgraded its outlook to "positive" and confirmed the long-term credit rating of BBB.

Moody's announced an upgrade of Repsol's credit rating to Baa1, and S&P Global Ratings and Fitch revised their outlooks to "positive"

Repsol continued to advance its digitalization program,

which is being implemented throughout the organization and will increase cash flow by one billion euros in 2022, both through new income and the optimization of investments and expenses. It will also offer higher-safety processes, contribute to emissions reduction and promote circular economy initiatives.



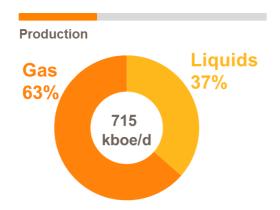
## Upstream: doubles earnings and increases production

The Upstream unit's adjusted net income reached 1.325 billion euros, an increase of 110% over the 632 million earned in 2017.

The company's portfolio management and the implementation of efficiency and digitalization programs boosted the unit's earnings. An increase of 3% in production and improved realization prices were integral to this positive performance.

The Upstream unit increased its earnings by 110% to 1.325 billion euros

In terms of international benchmarks for raw materials, Brent oil increased its average price by 32% compared to the previous year, with an average annual price of 71 dollars per barrel. It reached a high of 86 dollars per barrel in October, but decreased significantly through the end of the year, falling to around 50 dollars per barrel. Henry Hub maintained an average of 3.1 dollars per million Btu, similar to the 2017 price.



Repsol's output reached an average of 715,000 barrels of oil equivalent per day (boe/d), a 3% increase over the previous year. Gas represented 63% of production, and liquids the remaining 37%.

This increase was largely made possible by the start-up of projects including Reggane (Algeria), Juniper and TROC (Trinidad and Tobago), Monarb (United Kingdom), Kinabalu and Bunga Pakma (Malaysia) and Sagari (Peru), as well as the acquisition of the Visund field (Norway), the

connection of new wells in Marcellus (United States) and an increased contribution from Libya.

These were complemented by the development of projects throughout the year that provide significant value and guarantee the sustained growth of the Upstream unit. In Brazil, the company obtained the declaration of commerciality for the Entorno de Sapinhoá, which borders the highly productive Sapinhoá block in the country's prolific pre-salt region.

In Bolivia, the contract for the exploration and production of hydrocarbons in the Iñiguazú field was approved. This field is adjacent to the Caipipendi area, where Repsol already operates the Margarita-Huacaya field—the largest in Bolivia, producing 19 million cubic meters of gas per day.

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In Norway, the company acquired in 2018 7.7% of the Visund field and at the beginning of 2019 obtained a 7.65% stake in the Mikkel field. These transactions have allowed Repsol to increase production levels in the country by 45% to 32,000 barrels of oil equivalent per day. In March of last year, the Yme field redevelopment project was approved, and in August the Gudrun field consortium—which includes Repsol—announced the discovery of gas and oil.

In 2018, Repsol began development of the Buckskin project in the Gulf of Mexico (United States), with production projected to begin in the second half of this year.



Average production increased by 3% to 715,000 boe/d

The company installed the Angelin platform in Trinidad and Tobago, which began producing gas at the end of February of 2019. Two new offshore gas projects were also authorized in the country: Cassia and Matapal. Additionally, the company approved the first stage of development of Akacias in Colombia's CPO-9 block. It was also granted new exploration licenses in Mexico, Brazil, Norway, Greece, Indonesia, Bulgaria and the United States specifically in the state of Alaska, where Repsol has made significant hydrocarbon discoveries.

Upstream investments increased to 1.973 billion euros during the year, of which 70% was allocated to project development and 21% to exploration.

## Downstream: innovative projects and expansion

The Downstream unit posted an adjusted net income of 1.583 billion euros in 2018, compared with 1.877 billion in the previous year.

The Refining and Chemicals units were affected throughout the year by a worsening international environment and the weakness of the dollar against the euro. They were also influenced by shutdowns for maintenance and improvements at the Puertollano (Spain), Tarragona (Spain) and Sines (Portugal) industrial complexes. These improvements enabled Repsol to remain among the industry leaders in Europe, thanks to gains in efficiency, productivity and innovation.

The Trading & Gas, LPG and Marketing units improved their results in comparison to 2017

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The refining margin indicator was 6.7 dollars per barrel, similar to its 2017 value of 6.8 dollars per barrel. A significant development in refining was the inauguration of new gasoline desulfurization units at the La Pampilla refinery (Peru) in November. These units, in which 741 million dollars have been invested, will allow Repsol to produce more environmentally-sustainable and higher-quality products.

The Trading & Gas unit increased its earnings in comparison to 2017, as did the LPG unit, driven by higher sales in the Spanish market.

The Marketing unit also improved its performance, with higher earnings in Direct Sales and Aviation. During 2018, the company continued working to bring new value to its customers and to offer products and services that meet their needs. To this end, it strengthened its partnerships with prestigious companies such as El Corte Inglés, with which it is developing an expansion plan to open 1,000 Supercor Stop & Go stores at Repsol service stations in the next three years.

The new units at the La Pampilla refinery (Peru) allow for more sustainable and higher-quality products

This project complements Repsol's 70% share in the Kiklin digital platform, through which the company is developing its Waylet mobile app: a universal payment app that has more than a million registered users. In addition to Repsol's network of service stations, the app can be used at many other points of sale, thanks to 2,400 signed agreements.

Repsol also launched its new car-sharing service, WiBLE, in partnership with Kia. The service began operating in Madrid in July with 500 vehicles and has already reached 70,000 customers to date.

Repsol has launched WiBLE, a car-sharing service that already has 70,000 users

Furthermore, in accordance with its commitment to gas as an essential resource for the energy transition, Repsol signed an agreement with Venture Global LNG for the supply of one million metric tons per year of LNG (liquefied natural gas) for 20 years.

In March, the company launched a project in Mexico through which it aims to achieve an 8-10% share in the Mexican service station market within the next five years. Repsol has already opened more than 180 service stations in the country and has signed contracts to reach 240. It has also agreed to participate in three infrastructural projects, which will add more than 750,000 barrels of total storage capacity.

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Also in Mexico, Repsol began producing lubricants locally through an agreement with Mexican company Bardahl. This, the largest transaction ever carried out by the company in this unit, is a key milestone to continue with the internationalization of the business, aiming to double sales volume to 300,000 metric tons in 2021, of which 70% will be outside Spain.

Repsol also acquired the Puma Energy service stations in Peru, an operation that increased sales volume in the country by 10%.

The company has more than 180 service stations open in Mexico and contracts to reach 240

The company invested 1.831 billion euros in the Downstream unit in 2018, compared to 805 million euros in 2017. This significant increase was driven by a commitment to new businesses, innovation and expansion of the unit.



#### Repsol earnings by segment (1)

Million euros	2017 <sup>(2</sup> )	2018	Variation
Upstream	632	1,325	
Downstream	1,877	1,583	
Corporate and others	[378]	(556)	
ADJUSTED NET INCOME	2,131	2,352	10.4%
ADJUSTED NET INCOME Inventory effect	<b>2,131</b>	<b>2,352</b> [68]	10.4%
			10.4%

### Key business figures (1)

	2017	2018	Variation
Oil and gas production (kboe/d)	695	715	3%
Crude processed (Mtoe)	47.4	46.6	[1.6%]
Sales of oil products (kt)	51,836	51,766	[0.1%]
Sales of petrochemical products (kt)	2,855	2,610	[8.6%]
LPG sales (kt)	1,375	1,330	[3.2%]

<sup>(1)</sup> The earnings for each segment and the main figures include those from joint ventures or other managed companies operated as such, in accordance with the percentage of interest held by the Group, considering its operational and economic metrics in the same manner and with the same detail as for fully consolidated companies.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes the necessary modifications to the financial statements of 2017 related to the sale of the stake in Naturgy Energy Group, S.A.

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# Average 2018 production by geographical area (Barrels of oil equivalent per day)

Europe, Africa & Brazil	165 kboe/d
Latin America & Caribbean	295 kboe/d
North America	175 kboe/d
Asia & Russia	80 kboe/d
TOTAL PRODUCTION	715 kboe/d

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Unless the law requires it, Repsol does not undertake to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements even if new data is published or new facts are produced.

Any of the resources mentioned do not to date constitute proved resources and will be recognized as such when they meet the formal criteria required by the "SPE/WPC/AAPG/SPEE Petroleum Resources Management System" (SPE-PRMS) (SPE – Society of Petroleum Engineers).

In October 2015, the European Securities Markets Authority (ESMA) published its Guidelines on Alternative Performance Measures (APMs). The guidelines apply to regulated information published on or after 3 July 2016. The information and breakdowns relative to the APMs used in this press release are included in Annex I "Alternative Performance Measures" of the Management Report corresponding to the fiscal year 2018 and the Repsol website.

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