# **Annual Corporate Governance Report**

of Listed Companies

2022





### **ISSUER IDENTIFICATION DETAILS**

YEAR END-DATE: 09-30-2022

Tax Identification No. A01011253

Company Name: SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE ENERGY, S.A.

Registered Office: PARQUE TECNOLÓGICO DE BIZKAIA, EDIFICIO 222, 48170 ZAMUDIO (BIZKAIA)

### NOTICE:

i)The present document is a translation of a duly approved document in Spanish- language, and it is only provided for informational purposes. Shall a discrepancy between the present translation and the original document in Spanish-language appear, the text of the original Spanish-language document shall always prevail.

ii) Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this Annual Corporate Governance Report may not adjust precisely to the numbers or total amounts, or to those provided in other related documents and percentages may not precisely reflect absolute figures

# A. OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

A.1. Complete the following table on share capital and the attributed voting rights, including those corresponding to shares with a loyalty vote as of the closing date of the year, where appropriate:

Indicate whether company By-Laws contain the provision of double loyalty voting:

No X

Yes General Shareholders' Meeting approval date:

Minimum period of uninterrupted ownership required by the bylaws:

Indicate whether the company has awarded votes for loyalty:

No X

Yes

Date of the last modificate of the shade capital	ion Share capital are	Number of shares	Number of voting rights (not including additional loyalty- attributed votes)	Number of additional attributed voting rights corresponding to shares with a loyalty vote	Total number of voting rights, including additional loyalty-attributed votes
04-03-201	7 115,794,374.94	681,143,382	681,143,382	0	681,143,382

Number of shares registered in the special register pending the expiry of the loyalty period:

Indicate whether there are different classes of shares with different associated rights:

	Yes	Yes □		
Class	Number of shares	Par value	Number of voting rights	Rights and obligations conferred

A.2. List the company's significant direct and indirect shareholders at year end, including directors with a significant shareholding:

Name or company name of shareholder	% of voting attached t shares (inc votes for le	to the luding	% of voti through instru	financial	% of total voting rights	From the number or rights att to the st indicate, appropria additional attributorresporthe shares loyalty	f voting ributed nares, where ate, the I votes ated ading to s with a
	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect	_	Direct	Indirect
SIEMENS ENERGY AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT	0.000	67.071	0.000	0.000	67.071	0.000	0.000
BLACKROCK INC	0.000	3.576	0.000	0.033	3.609	0.000	0.000
NORGES BANK	1.751	0.000	0.030	0.00	1.781	0.000	0.000
BPCE, S.A.	0.000	1.026	0.000	0.000	1.026	0.000	0.000
PAUL J. GLAZER	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.012	1.012	0.000	0.000
Name or company name of the indirect owner	Name or company name of the direct owner	% of voting rights attached to the shares (including votes for	ri th fin	f voting ights rough ancial uments	% of total voting rights	num voting attrib the s indi wh appro the ad	he total ber of g rights uted to hares, cate, here priate, ditional
	SIEMENS	loyalty)				corres to the with a	ites buted bonding shares loyalty bte
SIEMENS ENERGY AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT	SIEMENS ENERGY GLOBAL GMBH & CO. KG (formerly named Siemens Gas & Power GmbH & Co. KG)	loyalty) 67.071		0.00	67.071	corres to the with a	buted ponding shares loyalty

	Blackrock Inc				
BPCE, S.A.	NATIXIS, S.A.	1.026	0.000	1.026	0.000
PAUL J. GLAZER	A number of entities under the control of Paul J. glazer	0.000	1.012	1.012	0.000

Indicate the most significant changes in the shareholder structure during the year:

### Most significant movements

On 30 September 2022, two shareholders held more than 3% of SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE ENERGY's (hereinafter "SIEMENS GAMESA", the "Company" or "SGRE") total share capital (which is the threshold generally provided under Spanish regulations for a significant holding in a listed company to be disclosed), SIEMENS ENERGY AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT (67.071%), and BLACKROCK INC. (3.609%).

Notwithstanding, pursuant to article 30.6 of Royal Decree 1362/2007, in the case of a takeover bid for shares, the shareholders of the affected company that acquire securities that attribute voting rights must notify the National Securities Market Commission of said acquisition when the proportion of voting rights in his possession reaches or exceeds 1%. Therefore, NORGES BANK, BPCE, S.A., and PAUL J.GLAZER communicated to the CNMV that they exceeded the 1% threshold holding by September 30, 2022 1.781%, 1.026%, and 1.012% of the voting rights respectively, The full detail of the movements communicated is available in the CNMV's website: http://www.cnmv.es

A.3. Give details of the participation at the close of the financial year of the members of the board of directors who are holders of voting rights attributed to shares of the company or through financial instruments, whatever the percentage, excluding the directors who have been identified in Section A.2 above:

Name or company name of director	attrib shares (	ng rights uted to (including y votes)	through	ting rights n financial uments	% of total voting rights	of vot attribu shares w appropr of the votes corresp the sha	he total % ing rights ited to the s, indicate, where riate, the % additional attributed bonding to ares with a lity vote
	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect		Direct	Indirect
Eickholt, Joche	n 0.000.	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.000
Total	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total	percentaç	ge of voting	rights held	by the Board	d of Directors	0.000	

### **Observations**

Mr Jochen Eickholt holds 850 shares of the Company as of September 30, 2022.

The shareholders acting at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders ("AGM") of SGRE held on March 17, 2021 approved a Long-Term Incentive Plan for the period 2021-2023 (hereinafter, the LTI 2021-23 or the "LTI Plan"), which includes the delivery of Company shares linked to the achievement of certain strategic objectives, directed to the

CEO, among others. In relation to the aforementioned LTI 2021-23, the Board of Directors assigned to the CEO Mr Jochen Eickholt 70,846 stock awards for the FY2022 cycle.

Under the LTI Plan, the amount of stock awards just means the potential maximum number of shares to be awarded to the CEO in case of maximum achievement of all objectives established for such cycles, but it does not imply in any case that all or part of them will be awarded. The number of shares to be finally awarded, where applicable, will be calculated on the basis of the level of effective achievement of the objectives established for each relevant cycle.

After the end of financial year 2022, Mr Jochen Eickholt stated his intention to tender his shares in the voluntary tender offer commenced by Siemens Energy Global GmbH & Co. KG for all of the shares representing the share capital of Siemens Gamesa not already owned by it. See Section H for more information about the voluntary tender offer.

### Breakdown of the indirect holding:

Name or company name of director	Name or company name of the direct owner	% voting rights attributed to shares (including loyalty votes)	% of voting rights through financial instruments	% of total voting rights	From the total % or voting rights attributed to the shares, indicate, where appropriate the % of the additional votes attributed corresponding to the shares with a loyalty vote
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

List the total percentage of voting rights represented on the board:

### Total percentage of voting rights held by the Board of Directors

A.4. If applicable, indicate any family, commercial, contractual or corporate relationships that exist among significant shareholders to the extent that they are known to the company, unless they are insignificant or arise in the ordinary course of business, with the exception of those reported in Section A.6:

Name or company name of related party	Nature of relationship	Brief description
N/A	N/A	N/A

A.5. If applicable, indicate any commercial, contractual or corporate relationships that exist between significant shareholders and the company and/or its group, unless they are insignificant or arise in the ordinary course of business:

Name or company name of related party	Nature of relationship	Brief description
N/A	N/A	N/A

### **Observations**

The contractual relationships that exist between the significant shareholder and SGRE and/or its group (understood as the group of companies where SGRE is the parent company, the "SIEMENS GAMESA Group", the "SGRE Group" or the "Group") arise in the ordinary course of business and are not included in this section A.5. View section D.2. for more detail.

A.6. Unless insignificant for both parties, describe the relationships that exist between significant shareholders, shareholders represented on the Board and directors or their representatives in the case of directors that are legal persons.

Explain, if applicable, how the significant shareholders are represented. Specifically, indicate those directors appointed to represent significant shareholders, those whose appointment was proposed by significant shareholders, or who are linked to significant shareholders and/or companies in their group, specifying the nature of such relationships or ties.

Shareholders with significant interests are represented on the Board of Directors through proprietary non-executive Directors.

The Board of Directors of SGRE is currently made up of the following proprietary directors, all of them representing Siemens Energy AG:

- Ms. Maria Ferraro, appointed on an interim basis (co-option) by the Board of Directors on May 5, 2020 at the proposal of Siemens AG to replace Mr. Michael Sen, her appointment having been ratified and the director having been reelected for the bylaw-mandated term at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on July 22, 2020. Ms. Maria Ferraro is member of the Managing Board of Siemens Energy AG and member of the Managing Board of Siemens Energy Management GmbH.
- Ms. Mariel von Schumann, originally appointed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on October 25, 2016 at the proposal of Siemens AG, her appointment becoming effective on April 3, 2017. At the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 17, 2021, Ms. Mariel von Schumann was re-elected as proprietary director for the bylaw-mandated term.
- Mr. Miguel Angel López Borrego, appointed on an interim basis (co-option) by the Board of Directors on October 16, 2018 effective December 1, 2018 at the proposal of Siemens AG to replace Ms. Rosa María García García, his appointment having been ratified and the director having been re-elected for the bylaw-mandated term at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 27, 2019.
- Mr. André Clark appointed on an interim basis (co-option) by the Board of Directors on February 18, 2022 effective March 1, 2022 at the proposal of Siemens Energy to fill in the vacancy following the re-categorization of Mr Jochen Eickholt as executive director, his appointment having been ratified and the director having been re-elected for the bylaw-mandated term at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 24, 2022.
- -Dr.- Ing. Christian Bruch appointed on an interim basis (co-option) by the Board of Directors on June 24, 2022 at the proposal of Siemens Energy to replace Mr Tim Dawidowsky. The appointment will be submitted for ratification at the next General Meeting of Shareholders.
- After the financial year 2022 closing, the director Mr. Miguel Angel Lopez presented, on November 17, 2022, his voluntary resignation as member of the Board of Directors and consequently to his position as Chairman, being replaced on the position of director by Mr. Anton J. Steiger as proprietary non-executive director and being replaced by Dr.- Ing. Christian Bruch as Chairman of the Board of Directors.

In particular, mention the existence, identity and post of any directors of the listed company, or their representatives, who are in turn members or representatives of members of the Board of Directors of companies that hold significant shareholdings in the listed company or in group companies of these significant shareholders.

Name or company name of related director or representative

Name or company name of related significant shareholder

Company name of the group company of the significant shareholder

Description of relationship/post

Bruch, Christian	SIEMENS ENERGY AG		Chairman of the Managing Board and Chief Executive Officer
Bruch, Christian	SIEMENS ENERGY AG	Siemens Energy Management GmbH	Chairman of the Managing Board and Chief Executive Officer
Bruch, Christian	SIEMENS ENERGY AG		Chief Sustainability Officer
Ferraro, Maria	SIEMENS ENERGY AG		Member of the Managing Board
Ferraro, Maria	SIEMENS ENERGY AG		Chief Financial Officer
Ferraro, Maria	SIEMENS ENERGY AG	Siemens Energy Management GmbH	Member of the Managing Board
Ferraro, Maria	SIEMENS ENERGY AG	Siemens Energy Management GmbH	Chief Financial Officer
Ferraro, Maria	SIEMENS ENERGY AG		Chief Inclusion and Diversity Officer
Clark, André	SIEMENS ENERGY AG	Siemens Energy Brasil Ltda.	General Manager
Clark, André	SIEMENS ENERGY AG		Senior Vice President for the Latin America Hub
Clark, André	SIEMENS ENERGY AG		Latam VP of Industrial Applications Division

### Observations

### Additionally:

- Mr. Tim Oliver Holt, member of the Board of Directors of SIEMENS GAMESA until the date of his resignation on December 31, 2021 was member of the Boards of Directors of Siemens Energy AG, Siemens Ltd. India, Siemens Energy Management GmbH, Siemens Energy W.L.L. Qatar, and Siemens Energy Saudi Arabia, as well as Chairman of the Board of Directors of Siemens Energy Inc. USA, and member of the Board of Trustees of Siemens Foundation US.
- Mr. Tim Dawidowsky, member of the Board of Directors of SIEMENS GAMESA until the date of his resignation on May 4, 2022, was Senior Vice President of Project Excellence of Siemens Energy Global GmbH & Co. K.G.
- A.7. Indicate whether the company has been notified of any shareholders' agreements that may affect it, in accordance with the provisions of Articles 530 and 531 of the Spanish Companies Act. If so, describe them briefly and list the shareholders bound by the agreement:

Parties to the	% of share		
shareholders' agreement	capital concerned	Brief description of the agreement	Expiry date of the agreement, if any

Indicate whether the company is aware of any concerted actions among its shareholders. If so, provide a brief description:

ship Structure			
	Yes □	No X	
Parties to the concerted action	% of share capital concerned	Brief description concerted acti	
If any of the aforementioned agrindicate this expressly:	reements or concerted a	actions have been ame	nded or terminated during th
	individual or company cle 5 of the Securities M		rcise control over the com
	Yes X	No □	
	Obser	<i>v</i> ations	
The significant shareholder SIEN of SGRE and therefore may exe	MENS ENERGY AG indirections of the later of	ectly owns shares repre- er in accordance with Ar	senting 67.071% of the share ticle 5 of the Securities Marke
A.9. Complete the following At the close of the year.	_	f the company's treas	ury shares:
Number of direct shares	Number of in	direct shares (*)	Total percentage of sha capital
320,602		0	0.047
Observations  After the end of financial year 2 shares in the voluntary tender or representing the share capital or	offer commenced by Sier	mens Energy Global Gr	

N/A

Explain any significant changes during the year:

N/A

Total:

### **Explain significant changes**

A.10. Provide a detailed description of the conditions and terms of the authority given to the Board of Directors to issue, repurchase, or dispose of treasury shares.

Trading in treasury shares was last authorized at SGRE's 2020 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders ("AGM"). The Company's AGM held on July 22, 2020, on item thirteen of its agenda, authorized the Board of Directors to acquire treasury shares of the Company. The authorization granted (see verbatim of the AGM resolution below) allows the acquisition of treasury shares provided that the shares held at any point in time do not exceed the legal limit provided for under the Spanish Companies Act (currently, 10% of SGRE's share capital). The authorization further requires that acquisitions are made at a price that is not lower than the nominal value of the shares and does not exceed the trading price in the market at the time the purchase order is placed. The authorization has been granted for five years (i.e. until July 22, 2025).

As of 30 September 2022, SGRE and its subsidiaries held 320,602 treasury shares representing 0.047% of the share capital at that date (compared to 1,075985 shares at 30 September 2021 representing 0.158% of SGRE's share capital).

Verbatim excerpt of the resolution adopted by the 2020 AGM regarding treasury shares:

"Pursuant to the provisions of sections 146 and 509 of the Corporate Enterprises Act, to expressly authorise the Board of Directors, with express power of substitution, to engage in the derivative acquisition of shares of Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy, Sociedad Anónima ("Siemens Gamesa" or the "Company"), on the following terms:

- (a) Acquisitions may be made directly by the Company or by any of its subsidiaries upon the same terms of this resolution.
- (b) Acquisitions shall be made through purchase/sale, swap or any other transaction allowed by law.
- (c) Acquisitions may be made at any time up to the maximum amount allowed by law.
- (d) Acquisitions may not be made at a price below the nominal value of the shares or above the listing price of the shares on the market and at the time the purchase order is entered.
- (e) This authorisation is granted for a period of five years from the adoption of this resolution.
- (f) The acquisition of shares, including shares previously acquired by the Company or by a person acting in their own name but on the Company's behalf and held thereby, may not have the effect of reducing net assets below the amount of share capital plus reserves restricted by law or the by-laws, all as provided in letter b) of section 146.1 of the Corporate Enterprises Act.

It is expressly stated for the record that shares acquired as a result of this authorisation may be used for subsequent disposal or retirement as well as the application of the remuneration systems contemplated in the third paragraph of letter a) of section 146.1 of the Corporate Enterprises Act, as well as for the implementation of programmes encouraging participation in the capital of the Company, such as, for example, dividend reinvestment plans, loyalty bonds or other similar instruments.

In particular, within the framework of this authorisation to acquire own shares, the Board of Directors may approve the implementation of an own share buyback programme addressed to all shareholders in accordance with article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on market abuse and Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 2016/1052 of 8 March 2016 supplementing the Regulation on market abuse with regard to regulatory technical standards for the conditions applicable to buy-back programmes and stabilisation measures, or pursuant to another mechanism with a similar purpose. Said programme may be used for any of the ends provided by applicable legal provisions, including a subsequent reduction in the share capital of the Company through the retirement of the acquired shares, following approval by the shareholders at a general meeting of shareholders held after the completion of the relevant programme.

The resolution revokes and deprives of effect, to the extent of the unused amount, the authorisation for the derivative acquisition of own shares granted to the Board of Directors by the shareholders at the General Meeting of Shareholders held on 8 May 2015."

ership Structure	
A.11. Estimated float:	
	%
Estimated float	25.454
Observed:  The free float is calculated by deducting the capital direct and treasury stock by the total amount of share capital as	tly or indirectly owned by significant shareholders, director
nature) placed on the transfer of shares a indicate the existence of any type of rest through acquisition of its shares on the ma	ns (articles of incorporation, legislative or of any of and/or any restrictions on voting rights. In particu triction that may inhibit a takeover of the compa arket, as well as such regimes for prior authorisat der sector regulations, to acquisitions or transfers
Yes □	No X
Description of	of restrictions
There are no restrictions.	
A.13. Indicate whether the general sharehold neutralise a takeover bid by virtue of the pro-	ders' meeting has resolved to adopt measures ovisions of Law 6/2007.
Yes □	No X
If so, explain the measures approved and the terms under	er which such limitations would cease to apply:
Explain the measures approved and the terms u	nder which such limitations would cease to apply
No resolution has been adopted by the AGM in this respe-	ect.
A.14. Indicate whether the company has issued	d shares that are not traded on a regulated EU mar

### Indicate the various share classes

The Company's shares are listed on the Spanish stock exchanges of Madrid, Barcelona, Bilbao and Valencia with trading symbol SGRE, and through the Spanish Stock Exchange Interconnection System (Continuous Market). The Company has not issued shares that are not traded on a regulated EU market. All the shares in SGRE's share capital are of the same class and series and confer the same political and economic rights. There are no different voting rights for any shareholder. There are no shares that do not represent capital.

**General Shareholders' Meeting** 

## B. GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

B.1. Indicate whether there are any differences between the minimum quorum regime established by the Spanish Companies Act for General Shareholders' Meetings and the quorum set by the company, and if so give details: Yes □ No X % quorum different from that established in Article % quorum different from that established in 193 of the Spanish Article 194 of the Spanish Companies Act for **Companies Act for general** special resolutions matters **Quorum required at 1st** N/A N/A call Quorum required at 2nd N/A N/A call **Description of differences** There are no differences. B.2. Indicate whether there are any differences between the company's manner of adopting corporate resolutions and the regime provided in the Spanish Companies Act and, if so, give details: Yes □ No X Describe how it is different from the regime provided in the Spanish Companies Act. Qualified majority other than that set

forth in Article 201.2 of the Spanish

Companies Act for matters referred to

in Article 194.1 of this Act

Other matters requiring a

qualified majority

### **General Shareholders' Meeting**

% established by the company	N/A	N/A
for the adoption of resolutions	14/7 (	14// (

### Describe the differences

There are no differences.

B.3. Indicate the rules for amending the company's articles of incorporation. In particular, indicate the majorities required for amendment of the articles of incorporation and any provisions in place to protect shareholders' rights in the event of amendments to the articles of incorporation.

The General Meeting of Shareholders (GMS) has the authority to approve any amendment of the By-Laws except for the change in the location of the registered office within Spain which may be decided by the Board of Directors.

The amendment of the By-Laws of SGRE is governed by the provisions of: (i) Articles 285 to 290 of the Spanish Companies Act; (ii) Articles 14.h) and 18 of its By-Laws and (iii) Articles 6.1.i), 26, and 31.4 of its Regulations for the General Meeting of Shareholders. The majorities required are regulated in Articles 26 of SGRE's By-Laws and Article 32 of its Regulations for the General Meeting of Shareholders which replicate those determined by the Spanish Companies Act.

The Board of Directors or, where appropriate, the shareholders who have drafted a proposed amendment to the By-Laws must write it out completely, in addition to a report justifying it; and provide them to shareholders at the time of the GSM to debate proposed amendment is announced.

The GMS notice must clearly state the items to be amended as well as the rights of all shareholders to examine the full text of a proposed amendment and the related report at SGRE's registered office, and order these documents delivered or sent to them free of charge.

If shareholders are convened to debate amendments to the By-Laws, the quorum on first call will be constituted if 50% of subscribed share capital with voting rights is present. If a sufficient quorum cannot be constituted, the general meeting will be held on second call, where 25% of subscribed share capital with voting rights must be present.

When less than 50% of subscribed share capital with voting rights are present, resolutions on amendments to the By-Laws can only be validly adopted if two-thirds of shareholders attending the meeting in person or by proxy vote for them. However, when 50% or more of subscribed share capital with voting rights is present, resolutions may validly pass with an absolute majority.

Resolutions to amend the By-Laws that involve new obligations for shareholders must be accepted by those affected.

B.4. Give details of attendance at General Shareholders' Meetings held during the reporting year and the two previous years:

### Attendance data % distance voting % physical % present by **Date of General Meeting** Total Electronic presence proxy Other voting 03-24-2022 0.27 86.62 0.00 0.00 86.89 Of which float: 0.27 0.00 16.40 16.13 0.00 0.00 0.31 89.69 0.00 90.00 03-17-2021 0.3119.19 0.00 0.00 19.50 Of which float: 0.63 86.92 0.00 0.00 87.55 07-22-2020

Of which float:	0.63	19.85	0.00	0.00	20.48
	Obs	servations			
The free-float percentages had belonging to significant shareh to the AGM) and directors par by the total number of shares interests deposited into omnibus ubtracted from the shares presignificant shareholder at the CA the AGM held on March 24 and five (91,405) shares, used and twenty three (123) shares	nolders (according to the ticipating at each AGM outstanding on the days accounts (that are nesent in person and by Company's AGM.  2022, thirty three shad the electronic absent	te last communication I, according to the intended the Meeting is hoot in the name of the proxy, as the Compareholders, holding a ee voting platform, a	n about the stake formation availal eld. For these put holders of said e pany was aware of total of ninety of	e held made to ble on the attourposes, signi- equity interests of the particip	four hundi
B.5. Indicate whether an was not approved b	ny point on the agen by the shareholders t		Shareholders' N	Meetings du	ring the y
	Yes □	N	οX		
	n the agenda not app		will be explained in	% votes aga	
) If the non-approval of the point w aced in the "% votes against" colu B.6. Indicate whether t	ras for a reason other thar mn.	the votes against, this	any restriction	n the text part a	and "N/A" w
) If the non-approval of the point w aced in the "% votes against" colu B.6. Indicate whether t	ras for a reason other than mn.	o the votes against, this poration contain areholders' Meetin	any restriction	n the text part a	and "N/A" w
) If the non-approval of the point w laced in the "% votes against" colu B.6. Indicate whether the number of shares to	ras for a reason other than mn. he articles of incor o attend General Sha	n the votes against, this poration contain areholders' Meetin	any restriction gs, or to vote r	n the text part a	and "N/A" v
) If the non-approval of the point waced in the "% votes against" columber of shares to Number of shares	ras for a reason other than mn. he articles of incor o attend General Sha Yes □	poration contain areholders' Meetin	any restriction gs, or to vote r	n the text part a	and "N/A" w
Dif the non-approval of the point water aced in the "% votes against" columns.  B.6. Indicate whether the number of shares to the Number of shares.  Number of shares.  B.7. Indicate whether it law, entailing an ace.	ras for a reason other than mn.  he articles of incor o attend General Sha Yes   required to attend G ares required for voti	poration contain areholders' Meetin Note the remotely  d that certain deciper contribution to a	any restriction gs, or to vote r  o X  isions, other thanother compa	s requiring emotely:  an those es	and "N/A" w
Dif the non-approval of the point waced in the "% votes against" columber.  B.6. Indicate whether the number of shares to the Number of shares.  Number of shares.  B.7. Indicate whether it law, entailing an accother similar corporates.	ras for a reason other than mn.  he articles of incor o attend General Shares required to attend General Gener	poration contain areholders' Meetin Notes and Meetings  eneral Meetings  ing remotely  d that certain deciper contribution to a st be submitted fo	any restriction gs, or to vote r  o X  isions, other thanother compa	s requiring emotely:  an those es	and "N/A" w
Dif the non-approval of the point waced in the "% votes against" columber.  B.6. Indicate whether the number of shares to the Number of shares.  Number of shares.  B.7. Indicate whether it law, entailing an accother similar corporates.	ras for a reason other than mn.  he articles of incor o attend General Shares required to attend General states are required for voting that been established equisition, disposal or attended to the rate transactions multiples.	poration contain areholders' Meetin Notes and Meetings eneral Meetings ng remotely d that certain deciper contribution to a set be submitted fo	any restriction gs, or to vote ro X  isions, other thanother compar approval to the	s requiring emotely:  an those es	and "N/A" w a minim tablished tial asset harehold

B.8. Indicate the address and manner of access on the company's website to information on corporate governance and other information regarding General Shareholders' Meetings that must be made available to shareholders through the company website.

Our corporate website is regulated in Article 48 of the By-Laws and includes information on corporate governance as required by law. In particular, (i) the key internal regulations of SGRE (By-Laws, Rules and regulations of the board and its consultative committees, Rules and regulations for the general meeting, etc.); (ii) information on the Board of Directors and its committees as well as directors' professional biographies (iii) information on general shareholder meetings, and (iv) communications to Spanish CNMV (IPs and OIRs). The corporate website also contains other information of interest for shareholders and investors and news relating to the Company's activities.

### General Shareholders' Meeting

The address of our information on corporate governance is: https://www.siemensgamesa.com/en-int/investors-and-shareholders (It is included for reference purposes only. The content of our corporate website is not incorporated by reference in this report or otherwise considered part of it).

As to mandatory content, the Company seeks to continuously improve accessibility for users, particularly shareholders and investors, and this content is kept permanently updated pursuant to applicable law. Our corporate website enables an effective communication with shareholders and all our stakeholders. Its design enables SGRE to be transparent and improves the experience of users in obtaining quality information about SGRE and its Group.

Access to information on corporate governance is provided on the home page of the corporate website. This access is located in the upper part of the page under the title "Investors and shareholders" (accessible at https://www.siemensgamesa.com/en-int/investors-and-shareholders), where there is a drop-down list of sections. These sections can also be accessed directly at their respective addresses:

- https://www.siemensgamesa.com/en-int/investors-and-shareholders/share-and-dividend
- https://www.siemensgamesa.com/en-int/investors-and-shareholders/financial-information
- https://www.siemensgamesa.com/en-int/investors-and-shareholders/corporate-governance
- https://www.siemensgamesa.com/en-int/investors-and-shareholders/communications-to-the-cnmv
- https://www.siemensgamesa.com/en-int/investors-and-shareholders/financial-information/ratings
- https://www.siemensgamesa.com/en-int/investors-and-shareholders/financial-information/esg-ratings

Access to section "Investors and shareholders" is also available at the bottom of the website's home page.

# C. STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY'S ADMINISTRATION

### C.1. Board of Directors

C.1.1. Maximum and minimum number of directors established in the articles of incorporation and the number set by the general meeting:

Maximum number of directors	15
Minimum number of directors	5
Number of directors set by the general meeting	10

### **Observations**

On 30 September 2022, the Board of Directors was made up of ten (10) members. SGRE By-Laws allow for a Board of Directors with a minimum of five (5) and a maximum of fifteen (15) members. The AGM held on July 22, 2020 resolved to set the number of members of the Board of Directors at ten. The profile and professional background of SGRE directors is available in its corporate website (see also section C.1.3 of this report).

### C.1.2. Complete the following table on Board members:

Name or company name of director	Representative	Category of director	Position on the Board	Date first appointed	Date of last appointment	Election procedure
López Borrego, Miguel Angel		External Proprietary	Chairman	12-01-2018	03-27-2019	General Meeting
Eickholt, Jochen		Executive	Chief Executive Officer and Vice Chairman	01-01-2022	03-24-2022	General Meeting
Bruch, Christian		External Proprietary	Director	06-24-2022	06-24-2022	Board of Directors co- option
Ferraro, Maria		External Proprietary	Director	05-05-2020	07-22-2020	General Meeting
Hernández García, Gloria		Independent	Director	05-12-2015	03-27-2019	General Meeting

von Heynitz, Harald	Independent	Director	02-10-2020	07-22-2020	General Meeting
Clark, André	External Proprietary	Director	03-01-2022	03-24-2022	General Meeting
Krämmer, Rudolf	Independent	Director	02-20-2019	03-27-2019	General Meeting
Belil, Francisco	Independent	Director	02-18-2022	03-24-2022	General Meeting
von Schumann, Mariel	External Proprietary	Director	04-03-2017	03-17-2021	General Meeting
Total nur	nber of directors			10	

Indicate any cessations, whether through resignation or by resolution of the general meeting, that have taken place in the Board of Directors during the reporting period:

Name or company name of director	Category of the director at the time of cessation	Date of last appointment	Date of cessation	Specialized committees of which he/she was a member	Indicate whether the director left before the end of his or her term of office
Holt, Tim Oliver	External Proprietary	07-22-2020	12-31-2021	Delegated Executive Committee	Yes
Rosenfeld, Klaus	Independent	03-17-2021	02-18-2022	Appointments and Remunerations Committee	Yes
Nauen, Andreas	Executive	07-22-2020	02-28-2022	Delegated Executive Committee	Yes
Dawidowsky, Tim	External Proprietary	03-17-2021	05-04-2022		Yes

Reason for cessation when this occurs before the end of the term of office and other observations; information on whether the director has sent a letter to the remaining members of the board and, in the case of cessation of non-executive directors, explanation or opinion of the director dismissed by the general meeting

The director Mr. Tim Oliver Holt presented on November 23, 2021, his voluntary resignation, with effectiveness as of end of 31st December 2021, as member of the Board of Directors of the Company and consequently as vice chairman and as member of the Delegated Executive Committee. This was due to internal re-assignment of tasks within Siemens Energy group.

The director Mr. Andreas Nauen presented on February 2, 2022, his irrevocable resignation as member of the Board of Directors and of the Delegated Executive Committee. His resignation, having been acknowledged by the Board of Directors, would be effective from the end of 28 February 2022.

The director Mr. Klaus Rosenfeld was appointed as member of the Supervisory Board of the company Vitesco Group AG, a German company listed on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange. Acknowledging his over-boarding situation as per SIEMENS GAMESA's corporate governance framework (director in more than 3 listed companies), Mr. Rosenfeld communicated his resignation as SGRE director with effects on the close of SGRE's AGM 2022, or earlier if the Board considered it appropriate, with Mr. Rosenfeld resignation being finally effective on February 18, 2022.

The director Mr. Tim Dawidowsky presented on May 4, 2022, his voluntary resignation as member of the Board of Directors. Said resignation was motivated by his appointment as Chief Operations Officer (COO) of Siemens Gamesa, joining the executive management of the Company.

Finally after the financial year 2022 closing, the director Mr. Miguel Angel Lopez presented, on November 17, 2022, his voluntary resignation as member of the Board of Directors and consequently to his position as Chairman. The reasons for said resignation are detailed in the letter attached to the communication of Other Relevant Information sent to the CNMV on November 17, 2022 and which is available on its website www.cnmv.es.

C.1.3. Complete the following tables on the members of the Board and their categories:

### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Name or company name of director	Post in organisation chart of the company	Profile
		Born in Lage (Germany), he currently holds the position of Chief Executive Officer, Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors and Member of the Delegated Executive Committee of SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE ENERGY, S.A.
		He studied Electrical Engineering (Diplom-Ingenieur) at the RWTH Aachen University (Germany) and at the Imperial College of Science, Technology and Medicine in London (UK), and he has a Doctorate (Doctor of Engineering) at the Fraunhofer Institute for Production Technology (IPT) in Aachen (Germany).
Eickholt, Jochen	Chief Executive Officer	He has been with Siemens since 1999, holding several executive positions throughout the organization including Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of Siemens Elektropřístroje s.r.o. (Czech Republic), CEO of Siemens Home and Office Communications (2006-2009), CEO of Rail Automation Business Unit for Industry Sector (2009-2011), CEO of Rail Automation Business Unit for Infrastructure & Cities Sector (2011-2012) and CEO of Rail Systems Division for Infrastructure & Cities Sector (2012-2014). He was the CEO of the Mobility Division of Siemens AG (2014-2017) before he took over the role of Head of Siemens Alstom Integration Management (2017-2018) and most recently he served as the Chairman and Managing Partner of Siemens Portfolio Companies (2018-2020).
		Until February 2022 he was member of the Managing Board of Siemens Energy AG and member of the Managing Board of Siemens Energy Management GmbH, and responsible for the Generation and Industrial Applications businesses and for Asia-Pacific and China, and he was also Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors of EthosEnergy Group Ltd., U.K.
Total numbe	er of executive directors	1
Perc	entage of Board	10.00
	EXTERNAL PRO	PRIETARY DIRECTORS
Name or company name of director	Name or company name of the significant shareholder represented by the director or that nominated the director	Profile
López Borrego, Miguel	SIEMENS ENERGY AG	Born in Frankfurt am Main (Germany) but of Spanish nationality, he holds the position of Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Delegated Executive Committee of SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE ENERGY, S.A.
Angel		Graduated in Business Administration Dipl. by the Berufsakademie Mannheim, Dipl. Betriebswirt (Germany) and MBA by the University of Toronto (Canada).

He currently holds the position as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Siemens, S.A. (Spain) as well as member of the Board of Directors of Siemens Rail Automation S.A.U., member of the Board of Directors of Siemens, S.A. (Portugal), member of the Advisory Board of Siemens Healthineers, S.L.U. and since March 2021 as member of the Supervisory Board and of the Audit Committee of NORMA Group SE. In addition to this, he is also vice president of the Managing Board of the Deutsche Handelskammer für Spanien (German Chamber of Commerce for Spain) and member of the Business Advisory Council of CEOE (Confederation of employers and industries of Spain).

His professional career started as plant controller in VDO AG. Afterwards he was appointed Chief Financial Officer of VDO Instrumentos in Spain and of VDO's global Instruments Division. Within the Siemens Group he held the position as Chief Financial Officer of the Interior & Infotainment Business Unit of Siemens VDO AG, of the Low Voltage Controls & Distribution Business Unit in the Siemens Automation & Drives group, of the Industry Automation Division, of Siemens' Industry Sector, until in 2014 he was appointed CFO of Siemens Digital Factory Division. In 2017 he held the position of CFO of Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy.

Throughout his entire professional career, he held different positions on various boards of directors around the world. As an example, he has served on Primetals Technologies' Board of Directors in Austria and Great Britain; Valeo Siemens eAutomotive or several positions in China and in other countries such as France and Portugal.

Born in Düsseldorf (Germany), holds the position of Member of the Board of Directors of SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE ENERGY, S.A.

He studied Mechanical Engineering (Diplom-Ingenieur) at the Leibniz University Hannover (Germany) and at the University of Strathclyde (Glasgow, United Kingdom), and he has a Doctorate (Doctor of Engineering) at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology of Zurich (ETH) (Switzerland).

Dr.-Ing. Christian Bruch is currently President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Sustainability Officer of Siemens Energy AG, and President and Chief Executive Officer of Siemens Energy Management GmbH. He is also member of the Supervisory Board of Lenzing AG (Austria).

He started his professional career in the RWE group in 2000, but he has developed most of his career in the Linde group (2004-2020), where he held various positions in different divisions including several management positions in the Gases division (2004-2009), Head of product area Air Separation Plants (Engineering division) (2009-2013), member of the Board of Directors of the Engineering division (2013-2015), member of the Executive Board of Linde AG, responsible for the Engineering division and for the Corporate and Support Function Technology & Innovation, Digitalization (2015-2018) and speaker of the Executive Board of Linde AG and Executive Vice President and CEO Linde Engineering in Linde plc (Dublin, Ireland) (2019-2020).

Born in Hamilton (Canada), she currently holds the position of Member of the Board of Directors and Member of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee of SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE ENERGY, S.A.

She holds a degree in Accounting from Brock University (Canada), and she is also a certified accountant by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants.

Ms. Ferraro currently holds the position of Member of the Managing

Board and CFO (Chief Financial Officer) of Siemens Energy AG and of Siemens Energy Management GmbH. She is also independent Director of Capgemini since May 2022.

She previously held the post as CFO of Siemens Digital Industries

Bruch, Christian

SIEMENS ENERGY AG

Ferraro, Maria

SIEMENS ENERGY AG

and CDO (Chief Diversity Officer) of Siemens AG. Throughout her professional career she also held various positions within the Siemens group related to the accounting, controlling or finance departments, including CFO of Siemens UK or CFO of Siemens Canada.Ms. Maria Ferraro is member of the Advisory Board of the Technical University of Munich

Born in São Paulo (Brazil), he currently holds the position of Member of the Board of Directors and of the Delegated Executive Committee of SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE ENERGY, S.A.

He holds a Degree in Chemical Engineering from São Paulo University (Escola Politecnica) (Brazil) and a Master on Business Administration with majors in Finance and Operations Management in the New York University (Leonard N. Stern School of Business) (USA).

Currently he holds the position as General Manager of Siemens Energy Brazil, Senior Vice President for the Latin America Hub of Siemens Energy, Latam VP of Industrial Applications Division and Chairman of the Regional Board of Siemens Gamesa (Windpower). He is also a member of the Board of Trustees of the Siemens Foundation in Brazil.

Until joining Siemens group in 2017, he held various positions in different companies related to the construction and infrastructure sectors, such as, Construções e Comércio Camargo Correa or Acciona Infraestructuras S.Á. Previously he also worked in Strategy Consultancy in Strategy&/PwC and in the Pulp and Paper Industry in Votoranim Group.

Simultaneously to his positions within Siemens group, Mr Clark serves as Board member of Comerc Participações and member of the extended Board of the Brazil Institute for Oil and Gas (IBP). He is also Board member of the Brazil China Business Council, Board member of the German-Brazilian Chamber of Commerce, Board member of the Business Council for Brazil, Russia, India and China (CEBRICS), Board member of the Latin American Business Council (CEAL), member of the Advisory Board of the Brazilian Business Council for Sustainable Development (CBEDS), Vice Chairman of the Advisory Council of the Brazilian Infraestructure Associaton (ABDIB),member of the Supervisory Council of the International Chamber of Commerce of Brazil, member of the Advisory Board of the Brazilian Center for International Relations (CEBRI), and member of the national board for Foreign Trade (CONEX)

Ms. von Schumann holds the position of Member of the Board of Directors and of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee of SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE ENERGY, S.A.

Born in Brussels (Belgium), she graduated from ICHEC University of Brussels (Bachelor in Economics and Business Administration and Management), and from EAP-ESCP Europe with a master's in International Business Administration and Management. She completed a number of postgraduate programs, among others at INSEAD and LBS, as well as a Corporate Governance Certificate from the Deutsche Börse.

Throughout her professional career, she has held various management posts in Product Management, Mergers and Acquisitions, Strategy and Investor Relations. At Siemens AG, she served as Head of Investor Relations until October 2013 and held the posts as Chief of Staff and Head of Governance & Markets until July 2019. She has also been on the Board of Directors for Siemens India and a member of the Board of Trustees of the Siemens Foundation (Siemens Stiftung). Since February 2021 she is on the Supervisory Board of Verti Versicherung AG, and since July 2022 in the Supervisory Board of Agora Strategy Group.

Total number of proprietary directors

5

Clark, André

SIEMENS ENERGY AG

von Schumann, Mariel

SIEMENS ENERGY AG

Percentage of	Board	50.00	
EXTERNAL INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS			
Name or company name of director		Profile	
	Born in Madrid, she holds the Compliance and Related RENEWABLE ENERGY, S.A	position of non-executive Director and member of the Audit Party Transactions Committee of SIEMENS GAMES	
	She studied at the Complute Economic Sciences with a sp	ense University of Madrid, where she obtained a degree ecialty in Economic Theory.	
	NORTEGAS ENERGIA GRU	ive Director and Chairwoman of the Audit Committee of PO, S.L.U., non-executive Director and Chairwoman of the hiciativas, S.L.U. and non-executive Director of Distribuidor, S.A. (DIA).	
Hernández García, Gloria	S.A., managing the treasury of control, the investor relations She was member of the Strankinter of Linea Directa As Global Services. Before joinin	9, she held the post as Chief Financial Officer of Bankinte of the bank, the balance sheet risks, the solvency, the budge and the preparation of the financial information of the Group beering Committee of Bankinter, S.A., Director on behalf eguradora, S.A., Bankinter Consumer Finance and Bankinter Bankinter, S.A., she served for over seven years as the Chie Pastor, S.A. and Director, on behalf of Banco Pastor, equity company.	
	leave, and as such she wo Directorate General of the Tro	is Commercial Technician and State Economist on personarked until 2003 in different public posts connected to the easury and Financial Policy, where she also held the positionary. She also was nata Director of the CNMV and the Bank of	
		ational experience by being, among others, a representative ees of the European Union and Director of the subsidiary of	
	Chairman of the Audit, Compl	ne holds the position of Member of the Board of Director ance and Related Party Transactions Committee and Member of SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABL	
	Administration, he is admitted	rsity of Munich (Germany) with a degree in Busines since 29 years as tax consultant (Steuerberater) and certifies prüfer) in Germany. He is also a certified public accountant AICPA since 26 years.	
von Heynitz, Harald	as a member of managem experience in accounting, auc for KPMG in Munich and Nev he served large publicly listed Linde, as Audit Lead Partner held different leadership pos Partner for Siemens from 200 Germany from 2004 to 2007	n own practice since January 2020. In March 2020 he started ent of WTS Advisory GmbH, Munich. He has extensively grown of the has extensively financial and business advisory and worked for 33 years of York. In 1999 he became partner and throughout his careful companies in Germany including Siemens, Airbus Group, and and/or Global client Lead Partner. During the last 15 years histons within KPMG, among others, he was the Lead Aucton 1 to 2004, Partner in charge of the Audit function for Souther and member of the KPMG Europe LLP Board from 2007 und to you help the same properties of Fluences SA.	
	Member of the Delegated Ex Related Party Transactions	r), he holds the position of Member of the Board of Director recutive Committee, Member of the Audit, Compliance are Committee and Chairman of the Appointments are SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE ENERGY, S.A.	
Krämmer, Rudolf	Administration, he is admitted	rsity of Munich (Germany) with a degree in Busines I since more than 25 years as tax consultant (Steuerberate It (Wirtschaftsprüfer) in Germany.	
		experience in accounting, auditing, financial and busines st 15 years for Arthur Andersen and Andersen Consulting	

	Munich Chicago Moscow and St	. Petersburg, the last six years as partner in different
	leadership positions. In 2002 he joi on significant publicly listed comp	ned EY Germany as partner and was lead audit partner anies in Germany including Siemens AG. Overall, he ost 10 years as member of the managing board.
	Currently he is registered in own pr	actice and engaged in voluntary work in his community.
	He is member of the supervisory bo	pard of Ärzte ohne Grenzen, Deutsche Sektion e.V.
		ne position of Member of the Board of Directors and of ions Committee of SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE
		n the Universidad Politécnica in Barcelona (Spain) and University of Pittsburgh (PA, U.S.) and INSEAD
	non-profit organizations and busine the Bertelsmann Foundation, Presid of the Princesa de Girona Fou	Board of Directors and Advisory Committees of several iss associations. More precisely, he is Vice President at dent of the Delegate Committee of the Board of Trustees undation, Vice President of the CEDE Foundation is yes Ejecutivos), Trustee at DKV Integralia Foundation ors of Patrimonio Nacional (Spain).
Belil, Francisco	for more than 20 years several re Germany and Spain, such as Direc Bayer Group in Spain, Chief Exect for Bayer Group in the Iberia Reg among others, as Vice President ar Southwest Europe Region of Siem	s professional career in the Bayer Group, where he held sponsibilities inside the company in the U.S., Mexico, tor of the Bayer Group in Mexico, Technical Director of tive Officer of Bayer Hispania and highest responsible jion. Later, he joined the Siemens Group and served, at CEO for Siemens Spain (2006-2008) and CEO for the lens Group (2008-2011). He was also Chairman of the nien (German Chamber of Commerce for Spain) and of lemical Industries).
	Directors. He has been Chairman	erved, as an independent director, in several Board of of the Audit and Control Committee and member of the Corporate Governance Committee of Naturgy (2015-Directors of Uriach (2012-2021).
Total number of inde	pendent directors	4
Percentage of Board		

Indicate whether any director classified as independent receives from the company or any company in its group any amount or benefit other than remuneration as a director, or has or has had a business relationship with the company or any company in its group during the past year, whether in his or her own name or as a significant shareholder, director or senior executive of a company that has or has had such a relationship.

If so, include a reasoned statement by the Board explaining why it believes that the director in question can perform his or her duties as an independent director.

Name or company name of director	Description of the relationship	Reasoned statement
N/A	N/A	N/A

### **OTHER EXTERNAL DIRECTORS**

Identify the other external directors, indicate the reasons why they cannot be considered either proprietary or independent, and detail their ties with the company or its management or shareholders:

Name or company name of director	Reasons	Company, manager or shareholder to which or to whom the director is related	Profile
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total number of o	other external dire	ctors	0
Percentage of Board			0.00

Indicate any changes that have occurred during the period in each director's category:

Name or company name of director	Date of change	Previous category	Current category
Eickholt, Jochen	03-01-2022	Proprietary	Executive

C.1.4. Complete the following table with information relating to the number of female directors at the close of the past four years, as well as the category of each:

	Number of female directors			% of total directors for each category				
	Year n	Year n-1	Year n-2	Year n-3	Year n	Year n-1	Year n-2	Year n-3
Executive	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Proprietary	2	2	2	2	40.00%	40.00%	40.0%	33.33%
Independent	1	1	1	1	25.00%	25.00%	25.00%	20.00%
Other external	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total	3	3	3	3	30.00%	30.00%	30.00%	23.08%

C.1.5. Indicate whether the company has diversity policies in relation to its Board of Directors on such questions as age, gender, disability, education and professional experience. Small and medium-sized enterprises, in accordance with the definition set out in the Spanish Auditing Act, will have to report at least the policy that they have implemented in relation to gender diversity.

Yes X No □ Partial policies □

If so, describe these diversity policies, their objectives, the measures and the way in which they have been applied and their results over the year. Also indicate the specific measures adopted by the Board of Directors and the appointments and remunerations committee to achieve a balanced and diverse presence of directors.

If the company does not apply a diversity policy, explain the reasons why.

### Description of policies, objectives, measures and how they have been applied, and results achieved

The composition of the Board of Directors is a key element of SGRE's Corporate Governance system. A diverse Board of Directors is essential to ensure its effectiveness in a more complex, innovation-driven environment. Embracing a diversity of thinking, competencies, and backgrounds bring all together with it new viewpoints, and perspectives to a boardroom and leads ultimately to greater innovation and better decision making.

SGRE seeks a solid balance of technical skills, experiences and perspectives in its Board and it is formed by a committed, balanced and diverse group of people with a combination of capacities and experiences relevant to define and execute SGRE's strategy in an evolving market environment (see skills and diversity matrix below).

SGRE's "Board of Directors Diversity and Director Selection Policy" (available in SGRE's corporate website), which governs the selection and suitability assessment of directors, promotes diversity within the Board of Directors, including diversity of gender, culture, geographic origin, knowledge and experience with no implicit bias that may entail discrimination of any kind, and particularly that might hinder the selection of female directors.

The Regulations of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee (Art. 7.4) and of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee (Art. 15.2) also promote equal diversity principles (also available in the corporate website). The Appointments and Remunerations Committee, which has a critical role in the process of selecting and assessing candidates to directors, must oversee that the selection procedures: (i) do not suffer from implicit bias that might involve any discrimination and, in particular, that might hinder the selection of female directors, and (ii) favor the diversity of the members of the Board of Directors, particularly as regards gender, professional experience, age, competencies, personal skills and sector knowledge, international experience or geographical origin (pursuant to Art. 7.4 of its Regulations). Same applies to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee which, pursuant to Art. 15 of its Regulations, must seek diversity in its composition, particularly regarding gender, career experience, skills, sector-specific knowledge and geographical origin. With regard to age, there are no age limits for directors or for any position in the Board, including the Chairman and the CEO.

Regarding more specifically to gender equality, the Board of Directors and the Appointments and Remunerations Committee are aware of the importance of fostering equal opportunities between men and women. SGRE "Board of Directors Diversity and Director Selection Policy" promotes a selection of directors that includes a sufficient number of female board members to have a balanced presence of women and men. The Board already replaced the target for the minority gender (women) from 30% in 2020, already achieved, to a new ambitioned gender equality target of at least 40% by 2022 without falling below 30% during the period until 2022. Female representation in SGRE Board (30%) is above the average for listed companies in Spain (standing at 29.30% in 2021 according to the CNMV Annual Corporate Governance Report).

### **Board of Directors skills and diversity matrix**

The board's skills and diversity matrix reflects the balance of the knowledge, skills, qualifications, diversity and experience required to pursue SGRE's long-term strategy, showing our commitment to transparency in this matter. Assisted by the external consultant PricewaterhouseCoopers, SGRE has reviewed the skill and diversity matrix during 2022 updating it to the new composition of the Board of Directors.

The board's skills and diversity matrix included here below, separates the skills in two groups, general and specific, with reference to the degree of coverage of each of them by each director, and by the Board of Directors as a whole.

Together with the section related to skills, there is another section related to diversity in relation to geographical origin or international studies, women, and independence of the members of the Board of Directors.

Capacities and experiences	Director 1	Director 2	Director 3	Director 4	Director 5	Director 6	Director 7	Director 8	Director 9	Director 10
A. General										
Administration, senior management and Corporate Governance (100%)	<b>\</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Sectorial experience incl. Engineering and Manufacturing (50%)	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						<b>√</b>
International capacity or experience in SGRE main markets (100%)	<b>√</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Experience and expertise in strategy (100%)	<b>/</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>\</b>
Accounting Audit and Risk Management incl. internal Controls (80%)	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Institutional, regulatory and legal/corporate governance (50%)					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
B. Specific										
Digitization and Information Technologies (60%)	<b>/</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>V</b>			<b>√</b>	
Human resources, culture, talent and remuneration systems (80%)	<b>√</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>V</b>	<b>\</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>\</b>
Corporate social responsibility and sustainable development (60%)			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

### Geographical origin or international studies:

80% of the directors have geographical origin or international education in Europe, 90% in North America or the United Kingdom, 10% in Latam and 20% in APAC.

### Women:

Currently, the Board has 3 women, that make up 30% of members of the Board.

### Independence:

When it comes to tenure, 70% of Board Directors have been in office between 0 and 4 years and 30% have been between 5 and 8 years.

C.1.6. Describe the measures, if any, agreed upon by the appointments committee to ensure that selection procedures do not contain hidden biases which impede the selection of female directors and that the company deliberately seeks and includes women who meet the target professional profile among potential candidates, making it possible to achieve a balance between men and women. Also indicate whether these measures include encouraging the company to have a significant number of female senior executives:

### **Explanation of measures**

As indicated in section C.1.5 above, the Policy and the Regulations of SGRE governing bodies promote diversity within the Board and the respective committees. During financial year 2022, SGRE has continued to put great emphasis on ensuring a diverse composition in the Board and its committees.

The Board of Directors' Diversity and Director Selection Policy established as one of its objectives the foster of diversity and its Article 4 reads as follows: "The Company is aware that diversity within the organization, including its Board of Directors, is a key element within its strategy and to achieve its objectives. For this purpose, and as indicated in previous section 2, the director selection process shall promote diversity and to this end candidates, whose appointment shall promote the directors having different genders, cultures, age, geographic origins, experience, skills, etc., shall be evaluated and selection practices that might be considered to be discriminatory in these terms shall be avoided. In particular the Company sets its ambition that the number of female directors represent at least 40% of the total members of the Board of Directors by 2022 without falling below 30% during such period".

The purpose of this Policy is to ensure that the proposed appointments of directors of SGRE are based on a prior analysis of the needs of the Board of Directors and ensure a diversity of skills, knowledge, experience, origin, nationality, age and gender within the composition thereof.

From the analysis of SGRE's corporate governance rules, it may be clearly inferred that SGRE deliberately seeks to include women with the appropriate professional profile among potential candidates, and so did in the selection process to cover the vacancy left by the independent director Mr. Klaus Rosenfeld, in which two female candidates were shortlisted. As indicated in section C.1.5 above, SGRE had 30% of female members in the Board of Directors as September 30, 2022.

During financial year 2022, SGRE has kept stable the number of women holding top management positions and has increased by 9% the proportion of women holding senior management positions and by 6% the proportion of women holding middle management positions and proportions are expected to grow in accordance with the application of best working practices.

Moreover, the Equal Opportunities procedure approved in June 2021 is a formal statement that establishes SGRE's commitment to equality and zero tolerance against direct or indirect discrimination due to any protected characteristic, which has the effect of void or alter the equality of opportunities or treatment in employment. The Company seeks that all employment decisions are based on merit and the legitimate business needs of the organization and establishes principles so that all aspects related to employment are designed to guarantee equal treatment and a fair comparison of all persons. In this regard, the Company is committed to creating opportunities in which women can participate under equal conditions, but also actions specifically aimed at increasing women's access to management positions. To encourage applications from women and increase the number of women eligible for promotion, all necessary measures will be taken to create an environment conducive to the selection, promotion and career development of women in the company. The development of policies that allow our staff to better reconcile professional and family commitments should contribute to this process. In our recruitment and promotion processes, we will require that, wherever possible, candidate lists provide a satisfactory and gender-balanced selection of the most suitable candidates. In appointments to management positions, a final list of candidates balanced between men and women will always be required and, in principle, priority will be given to women if it is verified, after carrying out the corresponding evaluations, that the candidates have the same merits and competencies.

SGRE continues to strive forward gender balance and broader diversity and for the third consecutive year it has been included in Bloomberg Gender Equality Index 2022. In April 2022, SGRE's Diversity & Inclusion Strategy for FY23-FY24 was presented to the Appointments and Remunerations Committee. The referred strategy defines our vision and aspirations in relation to diversity, equality and inclusion- Becoming leaders in diversity and inclusion in the renewable energy sector, which means that our diverse workforce reflects society, our customer base and the communities we serve; our culture is inclusive and welcomes different perspectives; and our leaders are responsible and promote diversity and inclusion. By embracing diversity across all spectrums, including, but not limited to, gender and gender identity, ethnicity, religion, age, disability, nationality, family or marital status, or sexual orientation, SGRE is a stronger company. The Board has also approved an update of the Diversity and Inclusion Policy (publicly available in the corporate website) which establishes the principles of diversity and inclusion that must apply within the company in order to strengthen corporate ethics.

If in spite of any measures adopted there are few or no female directors or top managers, explain the reasons for this:

### Explanation of reasons N/A

C.1.7. Explain the conclusions of the appointments committee regarding verification of compliance with the policy aimed at promoting an appropriate composition of the Board of Directors.

The conclusions of the verification of compliance with the "Board of Directors Diversity and Director Selection Policy" during 2022 financial year carried out by the Appointments and Remunerations Committee are the following:

- The Appointments and Remunerations Committee confirms that the Company's processes for the ratification and re-election of directors complied during financial year 2022 with the requirements imposed by law and the Corporate Governance Rules of SIEMENS GAMESA, as well as the recommendations of the Good Governance Code.
- The Appointments and Remunerations Committee has expressly verified that the process of re-electing candidates for director during financial year 2022 complied with the "Board of Directors Diversity and Director Selection Policy of Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy, S.A." which last version was approved by the Board of Directors on September 22, 2022.
- The Board of Directors of SIEMENS GAMESA as a company with a high level of internationalisation, has members with different geographical and national origins, who also have a wide variety of personal qualifications, knowledge and professional experience, which reflects the Company's clear commitment to diversity in the composition of its management decision-making body. The background and professional profile of the directors appointed during 2022 is a good evidence of such commitment as different areas as technical, financial, corporate governance, human resources are covered.
- With respect to gender diversity in the composition of the Board of Directors, within its continued commitment to improving the application of the good governance standards, principles and rules regarding the selection of directors, SIEMENS GAMESA will promote that such selection processes take into account the recommendations of the Good Governance Code regarding diversity.
- In this sense, until September 30, 2022 the company has maintained a 30% female composition in the Board of Directors, as established in the Policy. The company will continue striving towards achieving the percentage to 40% but doing that before the end of 2022 seems challenging.
- C.1.8. If applicable, explain the reasons for the appointment of any proprietary directors at the request of shareholders with less than a 3% equity interest:

Name or company name of shareholder	Reason
N/A	N/A

Indicate whether the Board has declined any formal requests for presence on the Board from shareholders whose equity interest is equal to or greater than that of others at whose request proprietary directors have been appointed. If so, explain why the requests were not granted:

Name or company name of shareholder Explanation	Yes □	No X
	Name or company name of shareholder	Explanation

C.1.9. Indicate the powers, if any, delegated by the Board of Directors, including those relating to the option of issuing or re-purchasing shares, to directors or Board committees:

2022, unanimously agreed, following a favorable report from the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, to ratify the delegation of powers to Mr. Jochen Eickholt as CEO, in the eventhat the shareholders at the AGM to be held on March 24, 202 decide to ratify the Board's resolution to appoint Mr. Jochen Eickholt, Jochen  Eickholt, Jochen  Eickholt, Jochen  Eickholt as a director on an interim basis (co-option) and to re-elee him for the bylaw-mandated term of four years within the catego of Executive Director; delegating to him all the powers which according to the law and the By-laws correspond to the Board Directors, except those which cannot be delegated pursuant to the law and the By-laws. The AGM of SGRE held on March 24, 202 approved the aforementioned ratification and re-election of Meickholt and he accepted his appointment and the ratification of the delegation of powers on the same date.  The Board of Directors of SGRE unanimously agreed on August 2020 to activate its Delegated Executive Committee which has been delegated part of the powers of the Board of Director excluding amongst other those which may not be legally delegate or the ones that cannot be delegated under the provisions of the By-Laws and of the Regulations of the Board of Directors. See the second of the Board of Directors.	Name or company name of director or committee	Brief description
Delegated Executive Committee  Delegated Executive Committee  Delegated Executive Committee  2020 to activate its Delegated Executive Committee which have been delegated part of the powers of the Board of Director excluding amongst other those which may not be legally delegated or the ones that cannot be delegated under the provisions of the By-Laws and of the Regulations of the Board of Directors. See the Regulations of the Delegated Executive Committee for further than the provision of the Delegated Executive Committee which have been delegated part of the powers of the Board of Director excluding amongst other those which may not be legally delegated or the ones that cannot be delegated under the provisions of the Board of Directors.	Eickholt, Jochen	The Board of Directors of SGRE, in its meeting held on March 2d 2022, unanimously agreed, following a favorable report from the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, to ratify the delegation of powers to Mr. Jochen Eickholt as CEO, in the every that the shareholders at the AGM to be held on March 2d, 202 decide to ratify the Board's resolution to appoint Mr. Jochen Eickholt as a director on an interim basis (co-option) and to re-elect him for the bylaw-mandated term of four years within the categor of Executive Director; delegating to him all the powers which according to the law and the By-laws correspond to the Board of Directors, except those which cannot be delegated pursuant to the law and the By-laws. The AGM of SGRE held on March 2d, 202 approved the aforementioned ratification and re-election of M Eickholt and he accepted his appointment and the ratification of the delegation of powers on the same date.
	Delegated Executive Committee	The Board of Directors of SGRE unanimously agreed on August 2020 to activate its Delegated Executive Committee which had been delegated part of the powers of the Board of Director excluding amongst other those which may not be legally delegated or the ones that cannot be delegated under the provisions of the By-Laws and of the Regulations of the Board of Directors. See the Regulations of the Delegated Executive Committee for further detail on the specific functions delegated into this Committee.

C.1.10. Identify any members of the Board who are also directors, representatives of directors or managers in other companies forming part of the listed company's group:

discontinue its Delegated Executive Committee, revoking its delegated powers.

Name or company name of director	Company name of the group entity	Position	Does the director have executive powers?
Clark, André	Siemens Gamesa Energia Renovável Ltda.	Chairman of the Regional Board	No

C.1.11. List the positions of director, administrator or representative thereof, held by directors or representatives of directors who are members of the company's board of directors in other entities, whether or not they are listed companies.

Identity of the director or representative	Company name of the listed or non-listed entity	Position
	NORMA Group SE	Member of the Supervisory Board and Member of the Audit Committee
Lopez, Miguel Angel	Cámara de Comercio Alemana en España	Member of the Managing Board (until June 2022) and Vicepresident of the Managing Board since (June 2022)
	Siemens, S.A. (Spain)	Chairman of the Board of Directors and CEO

	Siemens Rail Automation S.A.U.	Member of the Board of Directo
	Siemens S.A. (Portugal)	Member of the Board of Directo
	Siemens Healthineers, S.L.U.	Member of the Advisory Board
	CEOE	Member of the Business Adviso Council
	Siemens Energy, A.G.	President of the Managing Board Chief Executive Officer
Bruch, Christian	Siemens Energy Management GmbH	Chairman of the Managing and C Executive Officer
	Lenzing A.G.	Member of the Supervisory Boa
Krämmer, Rudolf	Ärzte ohne Grenzen, Deutsche Sektion, eV	Member of the Supervisory Boa
von Schumann, Mariel	Verti Versicherung AG	Member of the Supervisory Boa
von Schumann, maner	Agora Strategy Group	Member of the Supervisory Boa
	Siemens Energy AG	Member of the Managing Boar
	Siemens Energy management GmbH	Member of the Managing Boar
Ferraro, Maria	Technical University of Munich	Member of the Advisory Board
	Capgemini SE	Member of the Board of Directors member of the Audit & Risk Committee
	Comerc Paticipaçoes S.A.	Member of the Board of Directo
	Siemens Energy Brasil Ltda.	President of BR operations
	Siemens Foundation in Brazil	Member of the Board of Truster
	Brazil China Business Council	Member of the Board of Directo
Clark, André	Brazil Institute for Oil and Gas (IBP)	Member of the extended Board Directors
	German-Brazilian Chamber of Commerce	Member of the Board of Directo
	Business Council for Brazil, Russia, India and China (CEBRICS)	Member of the Board of Directo
	Latin American Business Council (CEAL)	Member of the Board of Director

	Brazilan Infraestructure Association (ABDIB)	Vice Chairman of the Advisory Coun
	International Chamber of Commerce of Brazil	Member of the Supervisory Counci
	Brazilian Centar for International Relations (CEBRI)	Member of the Advisory Board
	Foreign Trade (CONEX)	Member of the National Board
	DISTRIBUIDORA INTERNACIONAL DE ALIMENTACIÓN, S.A. (DÍA)	Member of the Board of Directors ar member of the Audit and Compliand Committee
Hernandez, Gloria	Nortegas Energía Grupo, S.L.U.	Member of the Board of Directors ar Chairwoman of the Audit Committe
	Parkia Iniciativas, S.L.U.	Member of the Board of Directors ar Chairwoman of the Audit Committe
von Heynitz, Harald	Fluence Energy, Inc.	Member of the Board of Directors ar member of the Audit Committee, of t Compensation Committee and of th Nominating & Corporate Governance Committee
	Bertelsmann Foundation	Vice President
	Princesa de Girona Foundation	President of the Board of Trustees a of its Delegate Committee
Belil, Francisco	CEDE Foundation (Confederación Española de Directivos y Ejecutivos)	Vice President of the Board of Trustees
	DKV Integralia Foundation	Trustee
	Patrimonio Nacional (Spain)	Member of the Board of Directors

### **Observations**

Mr. Miguel Angel Lopez resigned, in July 2022, as Chairman of the board of Directors of Siemens Holdings S.L.U.

Mr. Jochen Eickholt resigned in February 2022 as member of the Managing Board of Siemens Energy AG, member of the Managing Board of Siemens Energy Management GmbH, responsible for the Generation & Industrial Application Business and for Asia-Pacific and China of Siemens Energy AG, and Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors of EthosEnergy Group Ltd. UK.

Mr. Andreas Nauen, member of the Board of directors of SIEMENS GAMESA until the date of his resignation on February 2, 2022, was member of the Supervisory Board and member of the Nomination Committee of NKT A/S and Chairman of the Board of Directors of WindEurope VZW/ABSL.

Mr. Klaus Rosenfeld, member of the Board of Directors of SIEMENS GAMESA until the date of his resignation on February 18, 2022 was Chief Executive Officer of Schaeffler AG, member of the Supervisory Board and member of the Audit Committee of Continental AG, member of the Board of Directors of Schaeffler India Ltd. (until October 2021), Member of the Supervisory Board of Vitesco Technologies Group AG, and member of the Chairmanship of the Federation of German Industries.

Mr. Tim Oliver Holt, member of the Board of Directors of SIEMENS GAMESA until the date of his resignation on December 31, 2021 was member of the Boards of Directors of Siemens Energy AG, Siemens Ltd. India, Siemens Energy Management GmbH, Siemens Energy W.L.L. Qatar, and Siemens Energy W.L.L. Qatar, as well as Chairman

of the Board of Directors of Siemens Energy Inc. USA, member of the Board of Trustees of Siemens Foundation US., and member of the Board of Directors of the Atlantic Council.

Indicate, where appropriate, the other remunerated activities of the directors or directors' representatives, whatever their nature, other than those indicated in the previous table.

Identity of the director or representative	Other paid activies
von Heynitz, Harald	Management Member of WTS Advisory GmbH, Munich.
von Schumann, Mariel	Member of the Advisory Board of Up2Invest

### **Observations**

C.1.12. Indicate whether the company has established rules on the maximum number of company boards on which its directors may sit, explaining if necessary and identifying where this is regulated, if applicable:

Yes X No □

### Explanation of the rules and identification of the document where this is regulated

Article 10 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors of SGRE rules on the maximum number of companies' boards its directors may be a part of, which establishes that directors cannot act in the position of director of more than three companies whose shares are traded in domestic or foreign securities markets. Directorships in listed companies that are part of the group of the parent company of SIEMENS GAMESA shall not be taken into account for these purposes.

C.1.13. Indicate the remuneration received by the Board of Directors as a whole for the following items:

Remuneration accruing in favour of the Board of Directors in the financial year (thousands of euros)	5,805
Funds accumulated by current directors for long-term savings systems with consolidated economic rights (thousands of euros)	0
Funds accumulated by current directors for long-term savings systems with unconsolidated economic rights (thousands of euros)	426
Pension rights accumulated by former directors (thousands of euros)	0

### **Observations**

In addition to the information provided above it shall be mentioned that:

a) Pursuant to articles 45.3 and 45.6 of the By-Laws of SGRE and as agreed by virtue of the fifteenth resolution of the agenda of the 2015 AGM, the remuneration of the Company to all non-executive directors as fixed annual remuneration and allowances for their dedication and attendance does not exceed the maximum amount of

three million euro (€3,000,000) as established by the cited AGM, as such consideration is compatible with and independent from the remuneration received by executive directors.

- b) The remuneration of the Board of Directors includes, according to the 2022 Annual Report on Remunerations of the members of the Board, the amounts of, among others, the following recognized concepts for the previous CEO, Mr. Andreas Nauen, during the financial year 2022: severance pay, no advance notice, the non-competition clause, use of company car, housing costs and moving costs implemented at his departure from the Company. Further detail on remuneration of members of the Board of Directors can be found in the 2022 Annual Report on Remunerations available on the corporate website (<a href="www.siemensgamesa.com">www.siemensgamesa.com</a>).
- c) The information included in this section differs from Note 19 of the Individual Report and Note 30 of the Consolidated Report, which form part of the financial statements for financial year 2022, as this section includes as remuneration the value of the shares to be delivered in cash to the former CEO (32,146 shares valued €576 thousand) under the Cycle FY2020 of the Long Term Incentive Plan 2018-2020 whilst in the financial statements such cash payment for the shares value is not considered as Compensation received until its effective delivery date. The Board of Directors of SIEMENS GAMESA has decided, on November 9, 2022, to settle Cycle FY20 in cash instead of shares in consideration of the possible delisting of SIEMENS GAMESA in the context of the announced takeover bid.

As indicated above, the cash settlement has not been paid to their beneficiaries yet. According to the Plan Regulations, it must be paid within sixty (60) calendar days from the 29 of November 2022, date on which the Company's Board of Directors has authorised for issuance the financial statements for financial year 2022, and it is subject to the applicable withholding tax, to the clawback and to the application of the rest of the conditions (continue being employed by the Group at the delivery date, except in certain cases of termination of the relationship (good leaver).

In the absence of the share price on the delivery date as the cash value of the shares of the FY2020 Cycle have not yet been delivered, in order to calculate it for this report purposes, we have taken as a reference the average daily closing price of the 20 trading days prior to the end date of the Cycle FY2020 (September 30, 2022) and the 20 trading days following that date. This price was Euro 17.93 per share. According to the Plan Regulations, this is the criteria used to measure the fulfilment of the Relative Total Shareholder Return ratio ("TSR") objective for Cycle FY2020.

Likewise, during financial year 2022, the former CEO has received the shares corresponding to the Cycle FY2019 of the Long Term Incentive Plan, which were to be delivered in this financial year. Therefore, this compensation is included in the Financial Statements (amounting €725 thousand) and not in the detailed amount under this section, because it was reported in the Annual Remunerations Report of financial year 2021, according to the instructions of the CNMV's official report, as the measurement term ended on September 30, 2021.

C.1.14. Identify members of top management who are not also executive directors and indicate their total remuneration accrued during the year:

Name or company name	Position(s)
Bartl, Jürgen	General Secretary
Becker, Marc	CEO Offshore Business Unit
Gutiérrez, Juan	CEO Service Business Unit
Immink, Marc	Internal Audit Director
The position is vacant as of the September 30, 2022	CEO Onshore Business Unit
Puente, Beatriz	Chief Financial Officer
Dawidowsky, Tim	Chief Operations Officer

14%
7.750

### **Observations**

The list above refers to those people who are qualified as top managers according to SGRE's Corporate Governance framework, which does not necessarily imply a special labour relationship under Spanish Labor Law (RD 1382/1985).

The remuneration of the Top Management includes the remuneration corresponding to those who have been part of the Top Management during part or the whole financial year (including those in acting role). This includes the amount of severance pay and the amount due to a non-competition clause accrued by two top managers due to termination of their labor relationship

During financial year 2022 two top managers left SGRE:

- Mr. Christoph Wollny, former Chief Operations Officer stepped down from his role on December 23, 2021, being replaced by Mr. Tim Dawidowsky who assumed the position on May 5, 2022.
- Mr. Lars Bondo Krogsgaard, former CEO of Onshore Business Unit, stepped down from his role on September 22, 2022. Since such date the CEO, Mr. Jochen Eickholt, is acting as interim CEO Onshore until the appointment of the new CEO of said unit is effective.

The information included in this section differs from Note 20 of the Individual Report and Note 31 of the Consolidated Report, which form part of the financial statements for financial year 2022, as this section includes as remuneration payment of the value of the shares to be delivered in cash to the Top Management (valued in €1,097 thousand) under the Cycle FY2020 of the Long Term Incentive Plan 2018-2020 whilst in the financial statements such shares are not considered as Compensation received until its effective delivery date. The Board of Directors of SIEMENS GAMESA has decided, on November 9, 2022, to settle Cycle FY20 in cash instead of shares in consideration of the possible delisting of SIEMENS GAMESA in the context of the announced takeover bid.

As indicated above, the cash settlement has not been paid to their beneficiaries yet. According to the Plan Regulations, it must be paid within sixty (60) calendar days from the 29 of November 2022, date on which the Company's Board of Directors has authorised for issuance the financial statements for financial year 2022, and it is subject to the applicable withholding tax, to the clawback and to the application of the rest of the conditions (continue being employed by the Group at the delivery date, except in certain cases of termination of the relationship (Good Leaver).

In the absence of the share price on the delivery date as the cash value of the shares of the FY2020 Cycle has not yet been delivered, in order to calculate it for this report purposes, we have taken as a reference the average daily closing price of the 20 trading days prior to the end date of the Cycle FY2020 (September 30, 2022) and the 20 trading days following that date. This price was Euro 17.93 per share. According to the Plan Regulations, this is the criteria used to measure the fulfilment of the Relative Total Shareholder Return ratio ("TSR") objective for Cycle FY2020.

Likewise, during financial year 2022, the Top Management has received the shares corresponding to the Cycle FY2019 of the Long Term Incentive Plan, which were to be delivered in this financial year, Therefore, this compensation is included in the Financial Statements (amounting €1,151 thousand) and not in the detailed amount under this section, because it was reported in financial year 2021, according to the instructions of the CNMV's official report, as the measurement term ended on September 30, 2021.

C.1.15. Indicate whether the Board regulations were amended during the year:

Yes X No □

### Description of amendment(s)

The Board of Directors approved on May 4, 2022 the amendment of its Regulations to: (i) Align the Regulations to the text of the By-laws whose last modification has been approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 24, 2022 to adapt them to Law 5/2021, of April 12, promoting the long-term involvement of shareholders in

listed companies.; and (ii) Introduce some adjustments from a purely technical and wording nature in order to maintain consistency with the referred By-laws and rest of Corporate Governance Rules of the Company.

C.1.16. Specify the procedures for selection, appointment, re-election and removal of directors. List the competent bodies, steps to follow and criteria applied in each procedure.

SGRE directors are appointed for four-year terms. Each appointment, reelection and ratification is submitted to a separate vote at the GSM.

Our internal "Board of Directors Diversity and Director Selection Policy" sets standards for selecting and appointing candidates ensuring that the proposed appointments of directors of SGRE are based on a prior analysis of the needs of the Board of Directors and ensure a diversity of skills, knowledge, experience, origin, nationality, age and gender within the composition thereof.

Shareholders appoint and re-elect directors at the GSM. If directors step down during the term of office, the board of directors may provisionally designate another director by co-option until the GSM confirms or revokes the appointment at the earliest subsequent meeting.

The Appointments and Remunerations Committee must issue a report and a reasoned opinion in advance of any proposal the board will make to shareholders to appoint, re-elect and ratify any category of director, as well as in advance of any board resolution about co-option.

Proposals must include a duly substantiated report prepared by the board containing an assessment of the qualifications, experience and merits of the proposed candidate. Re-election and ratification proposals will provide an assessment of the work and dedication to the position during the last period in which the proposed director held office. If the board disregards the nomination committee's opinion, it must explain its decision and record its reasons in meeting minutes.

It falls upon the Appointments and Remunerations Committee to propose the independent directors, as well as to report upon the proposals relating to the other categories of directors (proprietary or other external).

SGRE directors must have renowned reputation, credibility, solvency, competence and experience. Furthermore, the selection of candidates should seek a proper balance within the Board of Directors as a whole that enriches decision-making and the contribution of different viewpoints to the debate on the issues within its purview.

For more details, see section C.1.3 of this report and the 'Board skills and diversity matrix' in section C.1.5.

Directors shall cease to hold office when the term for which they were appointed ends (unless they are re-elected); when the general meeting so resolves; or when they resign.

The Regulations of the Board of Directors (Art. 16) provide a number of cases where directors must tender their resignation to the Board and formally resign if the Board, following a report from the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, deems it appropriate. These are, in general, cases that may adversely affect to the Board's functioning or to SGRE's goodstanding and reputation and, in particular, if they find themselves in any of the circumstances of ineligibility or prohibition provided by law. Proprietary non-executive directors must also tender their resignation when the shareholder they represent sells off its equity holding or revokes its representation into the relevant director.

The Board of Directors may propose the removal of an independent director before the term of his/her office only based on justified grounds to be assessed by the Board following the proposal from the Appointments and Remunerations Committee.

When a director ceases to hold office prior to the end of his or her term (i.e. by general meeting resolution or by resignation), the director shall sufficiently explain the reasons for the resignation or, in the event of non-executive directors, their opinion on the reasons for their cessation in office by the GSM general meeting in a letter to the other board members. In addition, when deemed relevant for investors, SGRE will publicly disclose the cessation in office, including sufficient information on the director's reasons or circumstances provided by the director.

Finally, succession planning for the Chair of the Board and the CEO is key to SGRE. The Appointments and Remunerations Committee and the Board prioritize succession planning of these key positions, with sound and appropriate plans in place that are regularly revisited.

C.1.17. Explain to what extent the annual evaluation of the Board has given rise to significant changes in its internal organization and in the procedures applicable to its activities:

### Description of amendment(s)

The governance bodies of SGRE are continuously improving their corporate governance systems, identifying key actions that contribute to the improvement of the operation and effectiveness of the Board of Directors and its committees.

The most important advances that the Company has achieved during financial year 2022 are the following:

- As to attendance, the overall attendance has improved compared with FY21.
- The Board of Directors held a two days Strategy Offsite on 9 and 10 December 2021.
- The Board of Directors and its Committees have made significant progress towards reducing length and complexity of the presentations as well as the coordination between the reports prepared by BUs and operational areas.
- The Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions and the Appointments and Remunerations Committee have carried out a half-year review of their annual work plan.
- The Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee has improved the analysis of the Environment Social & Governance ("ESG") topics, developing an ESG dashboard to make data easy to understand. Likewise, it has enhanced the ERM process.
- Succession planning continues being a priority and the Board of Directors has reviewed the Company's succession plan for top managerial roles and has reviewed the succession protocol for the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer.
- The Appointments and Remunerations Committee reviewed best practices in corporate's culture.
- As to skills development, the board promotes its directors' continued development through an annual Board training program defined at the beginning of each financial year with contents the Board chooses based on four key areas: (i) Strategy and supervision, (ii) Risks, (iii) Corporate Governance and remuneration, and (iv) Social Responsibility and sustainability. The Committees define also their annual training programs where contents are defined based on the specific competences of the relevant governing bodies. SGRE reports the training activities conducted within the year in its "Annual activities report of the Board of Directors and of its committees" which is provided as part of the documentation for the General Shareholders' Meeting.

Describe the evaluation process and the areas evaluated by the Board of Directors with or without the help of an external advisor, regarding the functioning and composition of the Board and its committees and any other area or aspect that has been evaluated.

### Description of the evaluation process and areas evaluated

The Board of Directors of SGRE evaluates its performance on an annual basis. Thus, on August, 1, 2022 the Board of Directors approved the commencement of the process of evaluation of the Board of Directors itself, of the Delegated Executive Committee, of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee, of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee and of the Chair of the Board of Directors.

The evaluation process, which has included the analysis of 178 indicators, has covered the following areas: (i) composition of the bodies, (ii) operation thereof, (iii) development of skills and performance of duties, and (iv) relations with other bodies. These areas have been analyzed from 3 perspectives: (i) compliance with internal rules and with applicable regulations; (ii) analysis of future trends in corporate governance; and finally, (iii) level of compliance with the improvement areas identified in the previous year's assessment processes. During this assessment, all directors have answered to an extensive questionnaire.

The process concluded at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 9, November 2022, with the approval of the results of the evaluation and the Action Plan for financial year 2023.

The conclusions of the evaluation process show a high degree of compliance with the indicators reviewed and that the operation of the Company's governance bodies continued to improve during the financial year.

The Action Plan 2023 deriving from the evaluation process focuses on certain operational aspects and on further advancing best practices, and includes among other actions, an increase of diversity and a balanced composition within the Board, further enhance relationship between ExCo and the Board by providing more opportunities to interact, and further improve the meetings' documentation.

C.1.18. Provide details, for years in which the evaluation was carried out with the help of an external advisor, of the business relationships that the external advisor or company in its group maintains with the company or any company in its group.

The annual assessment has been carried out internally this year without the assistance of external advisors.

C.1.19. Indicate the cases in which directors are obliged to resign.

The Regulations of the Board of Directors (Art. 16) provide a number of cases where directors must tender their resignation to the Board and formally resign if the Board, following a report from the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, deems it appropriate. These cases are:

- "Concerning Proprietary Directors, whenever these or the shareholder they represent cease to be the owners of significant stocks in the Company, as well as when such shareholders revoke representation.
- Concerning Executive Directors, when they are removed from the executive positions associated with their
  appointment as Director and, in all cases, whenever the Board of Directors considers it necessary.
- Concerning Non-executive Directors, when they join the management of the Company or of any of the companies in the Group.
- When, due to circumstances beyond their control, they are involved in cases of incompatibility or prohibition as set forth by law or the Corporate Governance Standards.
- Whenever they are brought to trial for a supposedly criminal act or a court ruling is passed against them to
  open a trial for any of the offenses set forth in the provisions of the Capital Company Act related to the
  prohibitions on being a Director, or whenever they are involved in a sanction for a serious or very serious
  offense brought by supervisory authorities.
- Whenever they are issued a serious warning by the Board of Directors or are sanctioned for a serious or very serious offense by a public authority for having breached their duties as Directors in the Company.
- Whenever their continuity on the Board of Directors could put the Company's interests at risk, or whenever the reasons for their appointment have ceased to exist.
- When, due to acts attributable to the Director acting in his/her capacity as such, cause significant damage to the Company's assets, or the reputation of the Company, or result in the loss of the business and professional reputation and credibility required for being a Director of the Company.
- When there are situations that affect them, whether or not related to their conduct within the Company itself, that might harm the good standing or reputation of the Company and its Group."

The resignation provisions set forth under a) d) f) and g) above shall not apply when the Board of Directors believes that there are reasons that justify the director's continuance in office, without prejudice to the effect that the new supervening circumstances may have on the classification of the director.

C.1.20.	C.1.20. Are qualified majorities other than those established by law required for any particular kind of decision			
	Yes X	No □		
If so, de	scribe the differences.			

### **Description of differences**

The Regulations of the Board of Directors (article 4.4) requires at least a two-third majority of the members of the Board of Directors to approve any amendments thereto (save for amendments compulsory by law, in which case a simple majority of the votes present or represented at the meeting will be required to adopt the resolution).

Article 18.3 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors stipulates that in case the position of Chair of the Board of Directors is held by an Executive Director, "removal from the position of this director will require the absolute majority of the members of the Board of Directors." Likewise, pursuant to article 23.4 of the Regulations of the Board of directors, any resolution on the continuity or dissolution of the Delegated Executive committee itself shall be adopted, as the case may be, by absolute majority of the present and represented votes at the meeting.

C.1.21. Explain whether there are any specific requirements, other than those relating to directors, for being appointed as chairman of the Board of Directors.

	Yes □	No X	
	Description	of requirements	
Do not exist.			
C.1.22. Indicate whether the art directors:	icles of incorporation	or Board regulations establish any	limit as to the age of
	Yes □	No X	
		A	ge limit
С	hairman		N/A
Mana	ging director		N/A
[	Director		N/A
	er than those require :	on or the Board regulations establied by law or any other additional requ	-
	Yes □	No X	
Additional requirements and/o	r maximum number (	of years of office	N/A

C.1.24. Indicate whether the articles of incorporation or Board regulations establish specific rules for appointing other directors as proxy to vote in Board meetings, if so the procedure for doing so and, in particular, the maximum number of proxies that a director may hold, as well as whether any limit has been established regarding the categories of director to whom votes may be delegated beyond the limits imposed by law. If so, briefly describe these rules.

Article 25.3 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors states that "the directors must attend the meetings that are held. However, directors may cast their vote in writing or delegate in writing their representation to another director, specifically for each meeting, and the number of representations that each director can receive is not limited. Non-executive directors may only delegate representation to another Non-executive director."

For the purposes of delegating votes, each time a meeting of the Board of Directors is convened, the specific proxy award model for that meeting is made available to the directors so that they can confer their representation and, where applicable, voting instructions if deemed necessary by the represented director are included. All aforementioned is in compliance with article 32.2 of the By-laws of SGRE which states that "any Director may cast his/her vote in writing or confer his/her representation to another Director, specifically for each meeting. Non-executive Directors may only do so to another Non-executive Director."

C.1.25. Indicate the number of meetings held by the Board of Directors during the year. Also indicate, if applicable, the number of times the Board met without the chairman being present. Meetings where the chairman gave specific proxy instructions are to be counted as attended.

Number of Board meetings	18
Number of Board meetings held without the chairman's presence	0

#### **Observations**

Indicate the number of meetings held by the coordinating director with the other directors, where there was neither attendance nor representation of any executive director:

Number of meetings	0

Indicate the number of meetings held by each Board committee during the year:

Number of meetings held by the Delegated Executive Committee	14
Number of meetings held by the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee	23
Number of meetings held by the Appointments and Remunerations Committee	12

C.1.26. Indicate the number of meetings held by the Board of Directors during the year with member attendance data:

Number of meetings at which at least 80% of the directors were present in person	18
Attendance in person as a % of total votes during the year	96.00%
Number of meetings with attendance in person or proxies given with specific instructions, by all directors	14
Votes cast in person and by proxies with specific instructions, as a % of total votes during the year	97.71%

Observations				
	Board of Directors	Delegated Executive Committee	Audit, Compliance, and Related Party Transactions Committee	Appointments and Remunerations Committee
Mr. Miguel Angel Lopez	18/18	14/14	-	-
Mr. Andreas Nauen	9/9	6/6	-	-
Ms. Gloria Hernandez	18/18	-	23/23	-
Ms. Maria Ferraro	14/16	-	20/20	-
Mr. Klaus Rosenfeld	7/9	-	-	6/6
Mr. Tim Dawidowsky	12/12	-	-	-
Ms. Mariel von Schumann	18/18	-	-	12/12
Mr. Rudolf Krämmer	16/18	14/14	21/23	11/12

Mr. Tim Oliver Holt	4/5	3/3	-	-
Mr. Harald von Heynitz	18/18	-	23/23	12/12
Mr. Jochen Eickholt	13/13	10/11	-	-
Mr. Francisco Belil	9/9	-	-	6/6
Mr. André Clark	8/8	8/8	-	-
Mr. Christian Bruch	4/4	-	-	-

During financial year, two meetings of the board of directors were held in which the proprietary directors declared that they were in a situation of potential conflict of interest. In these cases, for the purpose of accounting for the attendance of the affected directors:

- The proprietary directors who attended the corresponding meetings, were considered for the purpose of establishing a quorum and announced that they would be absent from the rest of the session, considering that they could be involved in a potential conflict of interest, have been considered as attendees.
- The proprietary directors who declared in advance to the Chairman and the Secretary their intention not to participate in these board sessions have not been considered as attending nor absent.
- C.1.27. Indicate whether the individual and consolidated financial statements submitted to the Board for issue are certified in advance:

Yes X No □

Identify, if applicable, the person(s) who certified the individual and consolidated financial statements of the company for issue by the Board:

Name	Position	
Eickholt, Jochen	CEO	
Puente, Beatriz	Chief Financial Officer	
Dawidowsky, Tim	Chief Operating Officer	
Serrano, Julio	Accounting Reporting and Controlling Director	

#### **Observations**

The SGRE's Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and as adopted by the European Union.

To ensure the external financial reporting is conducted in a proper manner and to avoid or identify material misstatements therein with reasonable assurance, an accounting-related internal control system called Internal Controls over Financial Reporting (ICFR) is established, which is based on the internationally recognized "Internal Control-Integrated Framework" developed by COSO.

According to SGRE's internal certification processes, the responsible people for financial information in the different areas of the Company (including Managing Directors and Heads of Accounting of fully consolidated companies) sign a Quarterly Internal Certification for their area of responsibility, providing confirmation among others for the following topics: i) confirmation of the representations in the Representation Letter to the auditor, ii) correctness and completeness of financial reporting and related disclosures, iii) Quarterly bank account attestation, iv) Compliance with internal regulations, v) Completeness of internal certifications, vi) Independence of external auditor and vii) Adherence to the Business Conduct Guidelines. These Quarterly Internal Certifications are the basis for SGRE's Group CEO, COO, CFO and Head of Accounting to confirm the Group Consolidated Financial Statements.

C.1.28. Explain the mechanisms, if any, established by the Board of Directors to ensure that the financial statements it presents to the General Shareholders' Meeting are prepared in accordance with accounting regulations.

The Board of Directors, through the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee has a crucial role in the supervision of the process of preparing the financial information of the Company.

Therefore, the work of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee deals with the following main topics:

#### A) Audit of accounts

Article 6 of the Regulations of The Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee gives the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee the following powers, among others, in relation to the audit of accounts:

- "e) Serve as a channel of communication between the Board of Directors and the auditor, ensuring that the Board of Directors holds an annual meeting with the auditor to be informed on the work carried out, the evolution of the accounting position and the risks,
- f) Requests from the auditor on a regular basis information about the audit plan and its implementation and any other matters related to the audit process, as well as all other communications provided for in the current audit legislation.
- g) Assess the results of each audit and the management team's response to its recommendations.

*(…)* 

i) Oversee the content of audit reports before they are issued and, where applicable, the content of limited review reports on interim statements, trying that said content and the opinions expressed therein regarding the annual financial statements are issued by the auditor clearly, precisely and without limitations or exceptions and, should any exist, explaining them to the shareholders. In this sense, the Committee shall oversee the main findings of the audit work in conjunction with the auditor and, if necessary, propose adequate measures to the Board of Directors in order to remove the impairments found by the auditor."

It should also be noted that the External Auditor appeared before the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee on several occasions during the financial year ended on September 30, 2022:

- on November 3, 2021 in connection with the Q4 and full year 2021 results.
- on November 22, 2021 in connection with the audit of the annual accounts for financial year 2021 and non-audit services provided by the auditor.
- on January 31, 2022 in connection with the review of the financial information for the first quarter of financial year 2022.
- on February 11, 2022 in connection with the presentation of its Management Letter Comments.
- on May 3, 2022 in connection with the limited audit review of the half-yearly financial statements at March 31, 2022 and Non-Audit Services provided by auditor during Q1 and Q2 of FY22
- on June 13, 2022 in connection with the audit plan for the FY22
- on July 29, 2022, Limited review of the Financial Information for the third quarter as of 30 June 2022.

The audit reports on the individual and consolidated annual accounts authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors have historically been issued without qualifications, as set forth in the information contained in the corporate website and in the information on SGRE contained in the website of the CNMV.

#### B) Supervision of the process of preparation and presentation of the mandatory financial information

It should also be noted that article 8 of said Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee describes the following principal functions of said Committee regarding the process for preparing economic/financial information:

"a) Oversee the process of preparation and submission and clarity and integrity of the annual accounts and of the rest of economic and financial information relating to the Company and its consolidated Group, as well as oversee the correct consolidation perimeter of such Group, and raise the recommendations or proposals to the Board of Directors that may deem appropriate in this sense. The Committee shall perform its duty of overseeing continuously and, on an ad-hoc basis, when requested by the Board of Directors,

- b) Oversee that all periodic economic and financial information (Half-Yearly Financial Reports and the quarterly management statements) is issued under the same accounting criteria as the annual financial information and, for this purpose and where appropriate, propose to the Board of Directors that the auditor perform a limited review thereof.
- c) Oversee compliance with legal requirements and the correct application of generally accepted accounting principles and inform the Board of any significant changes in accounting criteria.
- d) Oversee the reasons why the Company should disclose in its public reporting certain alternative performance measures, instead of the metrics defined directly by accounting standards, the extent to which such alternative performance measures provide useful information to investors and the degree of compliance with the best practices and international recommendations in this respect.
- e) Be informed of the significant adjustments identified by the auditor or arising from the Internal Audit Department's reviews, and management's position on such adjustments.
- f) Address, respond to and properly take account of any requests or demands issued, in the current or in previous years, by the supervisory authority of financial reporting to ensure that the type of incident previously identified in such demands does not recur in the financial statements.
- g) Oversee on a quarterly basis that the financial information published on the corporate website of the Company is regularly updated and matches the information authorized by the Board of Directors and published on the National Securities Market Commission website. Following the oversight, if the Committee is not satisfied with any aspect, it shall notify such aspect to the Board of Directors through its secretary."

In turn, article 7.3 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors provide that the following competencies correspond to the Board of Directors:

"iv. Overseeing the transparency and accuracy of the information provided by the Company and approving the financial information which, as a result of its status as listed on the stock exchange, should be published regularly."

#### C) Supervision of the efficiency of the internal control of the Company

Article 10 of the referred Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Parties Transactions Committee includes the key functions of the aforementioned Committee regarding the internal control and risk management systems:

- "a) Receive regular reports from management on the functioning of existing systems and on the conclusions of any tests conducted on such systems by internal auditors or any other professional specifically engaged for this purpose, and on any significant internal control shortfall detected by the statutory auditor in the course of its statutory auditing work. As a result of this oversight the Committee may raise recommendations or proposals to the Board of Directors.
- b) Oversee, at least on an annual basis, all risk policies and propose amendments thereof or the adoption of new policies to the Board of Directors.
- c) Oversee that policies on the control and management of risks identify or determine at least:
- i. The different types of financial and non-financial risks (financial, operational, strategic and compliance) affecting the Company and its Group, including financial or economic risks, contingent liabilities and other off-balance sheet risks
- ii. The levels of risk that the Company and the Siemens Gamesa Group deem acceptable in accordance with the Corporate Governance Standards.
- iii. The planned measures to mitigate the impact of identified risks, should they materialize.
- iv. The information and internal control systems used to control and manage risks.
- d) Oversee, at least on an annual basis, the key financial and non-financial risks and the level of tolerance established.
- e) Oversee that the Risk Department participates in defining the risk strategy, in the correct functioning and effectiveness of the control systems and in mitigating the risks detected.
- f) Hold, at least on an annual basis, a meeting with the officers heading up business units of the Group in order to explain the business trends and the related risks.
- g) Generally, oversee that the internal control policies and systems are effectively applied in practice by receiving reports from internal control and internal audit officers and from the executive management, reaching conclusions on the standard of confidence and reliability provided by the system, coupled with proposed improvements."

In turn, article 7.3 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors provide that the following competencies correspond to the Board of Directors:

- "iii. Overseeing the internal information and control systems."
- **D) Internal Audit Supervision** and in particular, according to Article 7 of the referred Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee:
- "a) Oversee the activities of the Internal Audit Department, which shall report functionally to the Committee.
- b) Ensure the independence and effectiveness of the Internal Audit Department of the Company and its Group.
- c) Approve the direction and annual plan of the Internal Audit Department, ensuring that it exercises its powers proactively and that its activities are mainly focused on significant risks to the Company and its Group (including reputational risks).
- d) Propose to the Board of Directors the budget for the Internal Audit Department, overseeing that both the Internal Audit Department and its personnel have sufficient resources, encompassing (internal and external) human resources and financial and technological resources, to carry out its work.
- e) Approve the objectives of the Internal Audit Director and assess the performance of the Internal Audit Department, for which the Committee shall seek the opinion of the chief executive officer.

The conclusions of the assessment shall be notified to the Internal Audit Department and to the Chairman of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee to be taken into account for the purpose of determining the variable components of the annual remuneration.

- f) Receive regular information on the activities carried out by the Internal Audit Department of Siemens Gamesa and the companies of its Group and, particularly, on the implementation of the annual work plan, any issues found and an annual report, which shall include a summary of the activities carried out and reports issued over the year with the recommendations and action plans as well as the level of compliance with the recommendations made by the Internal Audit Department in its reports,
- g) Oversee, in view of the corresponding Internal Audt Department reports, that Senior Management bears in mind the conclusions and recommendations of such reports."

One of the main purposes of the reports prepared for the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee is to bring to light any aspects that might involve qualifications in the audit report of SGRE and its Group, making any appropriate recommendations in order to avoid them. Said reports are submitted to the full Board of Directors prior to the approval of the financial information.

As included later in section F ("Internal Risk Management and Control Systems related to the process of publishing financial information (ICFR)") in this Annual Corporate Governance Report 2022, SGRE has a proper Internal Risk Management and Control system related to the process of publishing financial information (ICFRS).

C.1.29. Is the secretary of the Board also a director?

Yes □ No X

If the secretary is not a director, complete the following table:

Name or company name of the secretary	Representative
Garcia Fuente, Juan Antonio	N/A

- C.1.30. Indicate the specific mechanisms established by the company to safeguard the independence of the external auditors, and any mechanisms to safeguard the independence of financial analysts, investment banks and rating agencies, including how legal provisions have been implemented in practice.
- 1. Mechanisms to preserve the independence of the auditor:

SGRE has established a procedure for this purpose, called "Protection of auditor independence (Non-audit services)", which allows it to:

- Align the independence policies of SGRE and Siemens Energy AG about the External Auditor's services in accordance with the requirements defined by the European Union and endorsed by regulatory bodies in Spain and Germany.
- Ensure that the policy and the limits for accepting or not accepting non-audit services are aligned also at group level with Siemens Energy AG.
- Requests for services included in the pre-approved list exceeding € 5K are subject to review and approval by SGRE's Director of Internal Audit, who, prior to giving approval, must confirm that the services are acceptable and included in the pre-approved list after a statement by the external auditor to the effect that said services are permissible under all applicable independence rules and standards. These services must subsequently be approved by Siemens Energy AG for amounts over EUR 25K. SIEMENS GAMESA's Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee to approve non-audit services twice per year.

In this regard, different approval levels are classified, specified (if there is a list of services) and defined both by the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee and by other departments, for the services provided by the external auditor:

- · Audit services.
- Non-audit services:
  - -Other verification services:
    - Reasonably related to the audit (pre-approved list).
    - Not reasonably related to the audit (individualized approval).
  - -Prohibited services:
    - Tax services.
    - Other services.

SGRE's Internal Audit Department is responsible for maintaining a register of non-audit services as obtained by the External Auditor throughout the financial year, including the amounts and the percentage of the total fees received for audit services during such financial year.

External Auditor's Non-audit Services fees provided to SGRE may not exceed 30% of the External Auditor's total fees for all Audit Services provided to SGRE worldwide during the applicable financial year. However, if there is a convincing reason to hire the External Auditor for the provision of non-audit services beyond the aforementioned limit, and so long as it falls within the applicable limit under the law, said provision will be possible following individual approval by the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee.

Article 34 of the Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee of SGRE, and section 4 of the Statutory Auditor Hiring Policy govern the relations of said Committee with the External Auditor. The full texts are available at www.siemensgamesa.com.

2. Mechanisms to preserve the independence of financial analysts, investment banks and rating agencies:

SGRE regulates this matter in its "Policy on communication of economic-financial, non-financial and corporate information via media, social media or other channels and regarding contacts and relations with shareholders, institutional investors and proxy advisors", which current version was approved by resolution of the Board of Directors on September 22, 2022, which establishes that the general principles are those of transparency, accuracy, equal treatment, promotion of ongoing information, collaboration, taking advantage of new technologies, and compliance with the provisions of law and the Corporate Governance Rules, as well as with the principles of cooperation and transparency with competent authorities, regulatory bodies and government administrations.

By application of said principles, the provision of information to financial market participants and the presentation of results and of other relevant documents issued by the Company are carried out simultaneously for all of them after submission thereof to the CNMV, always in the strictest compliance with securities market regulations.

Specifically, in compliance with the CNMV's Recommendations of December 22, 2005 on informational meetings with analysts, institutional investors and other securities market professionals, SGRE announces the meetings with analysts and investors related to quarterly and annual earnings releases and capital markets days, at least seven calendar days in advance, indicating the date and time at which the meeting is scheduled to be held and any technical means (teleconference, webcast) which any interested party can use to follow the meeting in real time.

The documentation supporting the meeting is made available on the Company's website (www.siemensgamesa.com) before the beginning thereof. Finally, a recorded broadcast of the meeting is made available to investors for one month on the Company's website.

Furthermore, road shows are periodically carried out in the most significant countries and financial markets, where individual and group meetings are held with all these market players. Their independence is protected by the existence of a contact person specifically assigned to them, who ensures objective, equal and non-discriminatory treatment.

Finally, the Company has various channels of communication and service to analysts and investors:

- E-mail on the corporate website (info\_accionista@siemensgamesa.com for minority shareholders and irsg@siemensgamesa.com for institutional shareholders and financial analysts).
- Telephone line for shareholder information (+34 944 20 93 18) and direct lines to the members of the Investor Relations team.
- Periodic publications, information relating to quarterly results, corporate transactions, business prospects and any event material for the evolution of the market value of the company.
- Live and recorded broadcasts of presentations.
- Mailing of press releases.
- Participation on industry events.
- C.1.31. Indicate whether the company changed its external auditor during the year. If so, identify the incoming and outgoing auditors:

Yes □ No X

#### **Observations**

The GSM held on March 24, 2022, approved, under item nine of the agenda to re-elect Ernst & Young, Sociedad Limitada as statutory auditor of Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy, Sociedad Anónima and of its consolidated Group, providing audit services during the financial year running between October 1, 2021 and September 30, 2022.

If there were any disagreements with the outgoing auditor, explain their content:

Yes □ No X

#### **Explanation of disagreements**

N/A

C.1.32. Indicate whether the audit firm performs any non-audit work for the company and/or its Group and, if so, state the amount of fees it received for such work and express this amount as a percentage of the total fees invoiced to the company and/or its Group for audit work:

Yes X No □

	Company	Group Companies	Total
Amount invoiced for non-audit services (thousands of euros)	200	170	370
Amount invoiced for non-audit work/Amount for audit work (in %)	5.41	2.01	7.42

#### **Observations**

The audit related fees such as "other attest services" and "other audit related attest services" have been considered as non-audit fees.

C.1.33. Indicate whether the auditors' report on the financial statements for the preceding year contains a qualified opinion or reservations. If so, indicate the reasons given to shareholders at the general meeting by the chairman of the audit committee to explain the content and extent of the qualified opinion or reservations.

Yes □ No X

Explanation of the reasons and direct link to the document made available to the shareholders at the time that the general meeting was called in relation to this matter

N/A

C.1.34. Indicate the number of consecutive years for which the current audit firm has been auditing the company's individual and/or consolidated financial statements. Also, indicate the number of years audited by the current audit firm as a percentage of the total number of years in which the financial statements have been audited:

	Individual	Consolidated
Number of consecutive years	9	9
	Individual	Consolidated
Number of years audited by the current audit firm/number of years in which the company has been audited (in %)	28.16%	28.16%

C.1.35. Indicate whether there is a procedure for directors to be sure of having the information necessary to prepare the meetings of the governing bodies with sufficient time; provide details if applicable:

Yes X

No □

#### Details of the procedure

The call to convene the meetings of the Board of Directors is made at least six business days in advance, including the meeting agenda and best efforts are made so that the relevant information for the meeting is accompanied with the aforementioned advance of six business days. Exceptionally, information may be provided with a minimum period of at least three business days, the Board of Directors not being able to make a decision if such information has not been made available to the Directors with the aforementioned advance notice. The Directors may exceptionally adopt a decision even if the information was not made available within the aforementioned period if they consider it beneficial and no Director opposes it.

On a similar sense, the call to meetings of the Delegated Executive Committee, the Audit, Compliance, and Related Party Transactions Committee or the Appointments and Remunerations Committee *except* in the case of emergency meetings, is issued at least three days in advance and includes the agenda of the meeting.

SGRE's internal regulations set also that directors can receive external experts' support for the developments of their functions. It is so established under article 36 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors, article 24 of the Regulations of the Delegated Executive Committee, article 37 of the Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions, and article 27 of the Regulations of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee.

For supporting the procedures described above, the directors access to the documentation through a secure and efficient software tool named *Diligent Boards* tool where they can review the information deemed appropriate for preparation of the meetings of the Board of Directors and the committees thereof in accordance with each agenda. Directors have access to the call to the meetings, documentation uploaded concerning the Items of the agenda, as well as the minutes of the proceeding session.

C.1.36. Indicate whether the company has established rules obliging directors to inform the Board of any circumstances, whether or not related to their actions in the company itself, that might harm the company's standing and reputation, tendering their resignation where appropriate. If so, provide details:

Yes X No □

#### **Explain the rules**

Directors must tender their resignation to the Board of Directors and formalize it, if the Board of Directors sees fit in the following cases:

- When, due to circumstances beyond their control, they are involved in cases of incompatibility or prohibition as set forth by law or the Corporate Governance Standards.
- Whenever they are brought to trial for a supposedly criminal act or a court ruling is passed against them to open a trial for any of the offenses set forth in the provisions of the Capital Company Act related to the prohibitions on being a director, or whenever they are involved in a sanction for a serious or very serious offense brought by supervisory authorities.
- Whenever they are issued a serious warning by the Board of directors or are sanctioned for a serious
  or very serious offense by a public authority for having breached their duties as directors in the
  Company.
- Whenever their continuity on the Board of Directors could put the Company's interests at risk.
- When, due to acts attributable to the director acting in his/her capacity as such, cause significant damage to the Company's assets, or the reputation of the Company, or result in the loss of the business and professional reputation and credibility required for being a Director of the Company.
- When there are situations that affect them, whether or not related to their conduct within the Company itself, that might harm the good standing or reputation of the Company and its Group.

Directors must inform the Company of any legal, administrative or any other type of proceedings that are filed against the director, and which, due to their significance or characteristics, may negatively affect the reputation of the Company. Particularly, directors must promptly inform the Company, through the Chairman, if he/she is accused in any criminal proceeding and of the occurrence of any significant procedural steps in such proceedings.

In this case, the Board of Directors, following the report by the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, will examine the case as soon as possible, and take the measures it considers the most appropriate regarding the interests of the Company, such as opening an internal investigation, requesting the resignation of the director or proposing the removal thereof.

The Company shall report the adoption of said measures in the Annual Corporate Governance Report, unless there are special circumstances that justify not doing so, which must be recorded in the minutes of the Board.

C.1.37. Indicate whether, apart from such special circumstances as may have arisen and been duly minuted, the Board of Directors has been notified or has otherwise become aware of any situation affecting a director, whether or not related to his or her actions in the company itself, that might harm the company's standing and reputation:

Yes □ No X

Director's name	Nature of the situation	Observations
N/A	N/A	N/A

Indicate whether the Board of Directors has examined the case. If so, explain with reasons whether, given the specific circumstances, it has adopted any measure, such as opening an internal enquiry, requesting the director's resignation or proposing his or her dismissal.

Indicate also whether the Board decision was backed up by a report from the nomination committee.

	Yes □	No 🗆
Decision/Action taken		Reasoned explanation
N/A		N/A

C.1.38. Detail any material agreements entered into by the company that come into force, are modified or are terminated in the event of a change in control of the company following a public takeover bid, and their effects.

According to the terms of the framework agreement dated December 21, 2011 (significant event 155308) (as amended on February 5, 2021) between IBERDROLA, S.A. and the subsidiary of SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE ENERGY, S.A. (SIEMENS GAMESA), SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE ENERGY EOLICA, S.L Sole Shareholder Company, a change of control in SIEMENS GAMESA will permit IBERDROLA, S.A. to terminate the framework agreement, with a two months prior notice period since the date when IBERDROLA receives the communication from SIEMENS GAMESA evidencing change of control event, and neither party may make any claims subsequently.

On June 17, 2016, effective April 3, 2017, SIEMENS GAMESA and Siemens AG signed a strategic alliance agreement, featuring a strategic supply contract (the "2017 Strategic Supply Agreement") by virtue of which Siemens AG became the strategic supplier of gearboxes, segments, and other products and services offered by SIEMENS Group. In anticipation of the Spin-Off (as defined below), in relation to which either party would be entitled to terminate the 2017 Strategic Supply Agreement, on May 20, 2020 entered into an Extension and Amendment Agreement to the 2017 Strategic Supply Agreement (which entered into force on the date of the Spin-Off) setting out a fixed contractual term of 4 years (+1 optional).

On August 1, 2018 (as amended), SIEMENS GAMESA and Siemens AG entered into an external services agreement for procurement area by virtue of which, during an initial period of 1 year for sourcing services, and 2 years for other procurement services, SIEMENS GAMESA Group shall benefit from the collective negotiation strength. Such agreement states that upon Siemens AG ceasing to be the mayor shareholder of SIEMENS GAMESA, either party would be entitled to terminate the agreement with a 3 months prior notice. Siemens AG ceased to be the mayor shareholder of SIEMENS GAMESA on September 25, 2020, without any party having exercised this termination right. This contract terminated upon closing of financial year 2022.

On May 30, 2018 (as amended on December 19, 2019 and extended until December 19, 2025) SIEMENS GAMESA executed a Syndicated Multi-Currency Term and Revolving Credit Facility with a group of domestic and international banks (Significant Event 266275). In the event that any person or group of persons in a concerted manner (a) hold, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of the share capital of SIEMENS GAMESA; or (b) have the right to appoint the majority of members of the Board of Directors, and therefore exercise control over the Company, each of the participating financial entities may negotiate in good faith for a period of 30 days the maintenance of its commitments derived from the contract. In the event that an agreement is not reached, the financial entity(ies) in question may cancel all or part of the commitments acquired and require full or partial prepayment of their participation in the financing.

On May 20, 2020, SIEMENS GAMESA and Siemens Energy AG ("SEAG") signed a Framework Agreement which entered into force on the date of the consummation and legal effectiveness of the Spin-Off (i.e. the separation by Siemens AG of its worldwide energy business through carve-out measures). The Framework Agreement sets out (i) certain rights and obligations and related matters concerning the relationship of the parties after the Spin-Off; (ii) certain principles applicable to the provision of services between SIEMENS GAMESA and Siemens AG after the merger; and (iii) includes mandatory items to be complied with by SIEMENS GAMESA for the purposes of meeting and complying with Siemens Energy Group Requirements. The Framework Agreement contains a termination event whereby it may be terminated by the Parties at such time that SEAG ceases to be a Controlling shareholder in SIEMENS GAMESA whereby Control is defined as SEAG holding the majority of voting rights in SIEMENS GAMESA or having the right to appoint the majority of its board members.

On May 20, 2020, SIEMENS GAMESA and Siemens AG entered into a licensing agreement ("Licensing Agreement") pursuant to which SIEMENS GAMESA is entitled to use the "Siemens" brand subject to certain conditions. This Licensing Agreement entered into force on the date of the Spin-Off. According to the Licensing Agreement, SIEMENS GAMESA and certain of its subsidiaries (by way of sub-licenses that SIEMENS GAMESA may grant under the Licensing Agreement subject to certain conditions) shall be granted the exclusive right to use the combination "Siemens Gamesa" in their corporate names (provided SIEMENS GAMESA and the respective subsidiaries conduct only such business activities covered by the Licensing Agreement) and as corporate and product brand, as well as "SGRE" as an abbreviation of the corporate name. The Licensing Agreement has an initial term of ten years and can

be extended. Siemens AG has the right to terminate the Licensing Agreement in a number of instances, including if SEAG loses control over SIEMENS GAMESA.

On August 13, 2020, SIEMENS GAMESA and SIEMENS AG entered into a preferential financing agreement (the "Financing Agreement") which provides a framework in which both parties collaborate in the development and execution of financing solutions – through Siemens Financial Services ("SFS") and related Financing Entities – towards clients which use technology and/or services from SIEMENS GAMESA. SIEMENS AG has the right to terminate the Financing Agreement under several circumstances, among others if SEAG has no longer the control over SIEMENS GAMESA or if SIEMENS ENERGY's stake owned by SIEMENS AG falls under 25%.

On November 27, 2020, SIEMENS GAMESA and Siemens Energy Global GmbH & Co KG entered into a cooperation agreement for procurement area by virtue of which during an initial term of two years, both parties will execute cooperation activities in procurement area by means of the information sharing. That agreement will remain in force while Siemens Energy Global GmbH & Co KG is majority shareholder of SIEMENS GAMESA. In case of change of control, any of both parties shall be entitled to terminate the contract immediately,

On May 11, 2022, Gamesa Electric SAU and Siemens Aktiengesellschaft Smart Infrastructure Electrification and Automation SI EA entered into a master purchase agreement by virtue of which the conditions that will govern the supply of photovoltaic inverters by part of Gamesa Electric to the companies of Siemens AG. Said agreement includes a clause that empowers Siemens AG to terminate the contract early in the event that Gamesa Electric undergoes a change of control.

Finally, it shall be pointed out that as it is customary for large electricity supply infrastructure projects, there are contracts with clients which regulate a supposed change in control, thereby providing each reciprocal power to terminate them should such a situation arise, especially in cases in which the new controlling party is the other party's competitor.

C.1.39. Identify individually as regards directors, and in aggregate form in other cases, and provide details of any agreements between the company and its directors, executives or employees containing indemnity or golden parachute clauses in the event of resignation or dismissal without due cause or termination of employment as a result of a takeover bid or any other type of transaction.

#### **Number of beneficiaries**

89

#### Type of beneficiary

#### Description of the agreement

CEO, Top Management, Managers, and Employees. **CEO** (1 agreement): The CEO, as executive director and in compliance with the "Policy of remuneration of directors" approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 17, 2021, has a one-year fixed salary severance pay.

**Top management (5 agreements)**: The policy currently applied by the Company to the Top Management recognizes the right to receive a severance pay equal to one year of fixed remuneration in case of termination of the relationship provided that it is not a result of a breach attributable thereto or solely to the desire thereof.

Managers and Employees (81 agreements): The agreements with managers and employees of SGRE do not contain, as a general rule, specific severance payment clauses, so in case of termination of the labor relationship the general rule established under labor law shall apply. However, the Company has specific severance payment clauses agreed with some managers and employees. The severance payment amount is generally fixed depending on seniority and the remuneration and professional conditions of each of them and the reason for the termination of the manager or employee. A lot of these agreements have been agreed in jurisdictions where this severance pay is a common labor market practice. The warranty clauses of these agreements are lower than one-year fixed salary in 75% of cases.

Indicate whether, beyond the cases established by legislation, these agreements have to be communicated and/or authorised by the governing bodies of the company or its Group. If so, specify the procedures, the cases concerned and the nature of the bodies responsible for their approval or communication:

	<b>Board of Directors</b>	General Sharehol	ders' Meeting
Body authorising the clauses	х		
		YES	NO
Are these clauses notified to the Gene	Х		

#### **Observations**

In relation to the information provided regarding the CEO it shall be pointed out that his contract, and as included in the Annual Report about the Remunerations of the Members of the Board, provides for a post-contractual non-competition obligation for a term of 1 year, which is remunerated with the payment of one year of his fixed remuneration payable 50% upon termination and the other 50% after the passage of six months from termination. Therefore, the total severance pay is aligned with best practices and in fulfillment of Recommendation 64 of the Good Governance Code of Listed Companies.

It is also mentioned that the Board of Directors must authorize the clauses related to the CEO and Top Management but not those related to the rest of beneficiaries.

Finally, it is pointed out that the information about these clauses is notified to the General Meeting of Shareholders with the Annual Corporate Governance Report, the Annual Report on Remunerations of Directors, and the Board of Directors Diversity and Director Selection Policy available to the shareholders when the meeting is called.

#### C.2. Committees of the Board of Directors

C.2.1. Provide details of all committees of the Board of Directors, their members, and the proportion of executive, proprietary, independent and other external directors forming them:

#### **DELEGATED EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**

Name	Position	Category
López Borrego, Miguel Angel	Chairman	Proprietary
Eickholt, Jochen	Member	Executive
Clark, André	Member	Proprietary
Krämmer, Rudolf	Member	Independent
% of executive directors		25%
% of proprietary directors		50%
% of independent directors		25%
% of other external directors		0%

#### **Observations**

Mr. Juan Antonio García Fuente holds the position of Secretary non-member of the Delegated Executive Committee.

Furthermore, the changes occurring within the Delegated Executive Committee during the financial year are described below:

At its meeting of November 23, 2021, in accordance with notice of Other Relevant Information (*Otra Información Relevante*) (with registration number 12864) sent to the CNMV on November 23, 2021, the Board of Directors approved the interim appointment (co-option), upon a proposal from the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, and with effects on January 1, 2022, of Mr. Jochen Eickholt as proprietary Director and also approved the appointment of Mr. Jochen Eickholt as a new member of the Delegated Executive Committee.

Likewise, at its meeting of March 24, 2022, in accordance with notice of Other Relevant Information (*Otra Información Relevante*) (with registration number 15140) sent to the CNMV on March 24, 2022, the Board of Directors approved the appointment of Mr. André Clark as a new member of the Delegated Executive Committee.

Finally, after the closing of the financial year 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company adopted, on November 9, 2022, the decision to discontinue its Delegated Executive Committee, revoking its delegated powers, leaving without effects its Regulations, and removing, consequently, its members in the position of members of said Committee, maintaining their positions as members of the Board of Directors and, where appropriate, of the rest of the advisory Committees.

Explain the functions delegated or assigned to this committee, other than those that have already been described in Section C.1.9 and describe the rules and procedures for its organisation and functioning. For each of these functions, briefly describe its most important actions during the year and how it has exercised in practice each of the functions assigned to it by law, in the articles of incorporation or in other corporate resolutions.

#### Duties:

The Delegated Executive Committee shall not be delegated with all the powers of the Board of Directors but only with the powers specifically delegated to it by the Board of Directors. In particular, the Committee will have the functions contemplated in Chapter II of the Regulations of the Delegated Executive Committee, approved by resolution of the

Board of Directors dated November 4, 2020, except those which cannot be delegated by law or the By-Laws at any given time.

Articles 5 to 7 of Chapter II of said Regulations of the Delegated Executive Committee establish the functions of this Committee. The full texts of the internal rules of the Company are available at www.siemensgamesa.com.

The main duties of the Delegated Executive Committee relate to monitoring and supervision of budgetary matters, business performance, corporate transactions, strategic matters and capital and liquidity as well as to preliminary analyze the proposals to the Board of Directors regarding its reserved matters. Moreover, the Delegated Executive Committee has decision-making powers in relation to such matters and mandates delegated by the Board of Directors.

#### Composition:

- a) The Committee shall comprise a minimum of four and a maximum of eight directors, at least two of whom must be non-executive and at least one independent.
- b) The Board of Directors on its own initiative based on a report from the Appointments and Remunerations Committee or at the proposal thereof, shall establish the number of members.
- c) The Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company shall form part of the Committee.
- d) Members of the Committee shall be appointed and removed by the Board of Directors.
- e)The members of the Committee shall be appointed for a maximum term of four years and can be re-elected one or more times for terms of equal duration.
- f) The appointment of the Committee members and the permanent delegation of powers thereto shall be made by the Board of Directors with the favorable vote of at least two-thirds of its members. Their re-election shall be carried out at the time, in the form and with the number decided by the Board of Directors, in accordance with the rules envisaged in the Corporate Governance Standards.
- g) The Committee shall be chaired by the Chairman of the Board of Directors.
- h)In his absence, one of the vice chairmen of the Board of Directors member of the Committee (if any) shall act as the Chairman and, in their absence, the director that the Committee designates at the meeting in question from among the attending members shall act as the chair.
- i) The Committee's secretary shall be the secretary of the Board of Directors and, failing this, one of its vice secretaries and, failing all of them, the director that the Committee designates at the meeting in question from among the attending members shall act as the secretary.
- j) Members of the Committee shall no longer hold their office when they cease to be directors of the Company or by resolution of the Board of Directors.

#### **Functioning:**

- a) The Committee shall meet as often as necessary to perform its duties, at least once a month, after the Chairman convenes the meeting. Meetings shall also be held whenever at least two of the members so request.
- b) The Chairman shall convene the Committee, in any case, whenever the Board of Directors so requests, and shall in any event ensure that the meetings are held sufficiently in advance of meetings of the Board of Directors, especially when matters to be decided by the Board of Directors are to be discussed.
- c) The call to convene, except in the case of emergency meetings, shall be issued at least three business days in advance and include the agenda of the meeting.
- d) It will not be necessary to convene the Committee when all members are present and unanimously agree to hold a meeting.
- e)Resolutions shall be adopted by the absolute majority of members present at the meeting.
- f) If there is an even number of Committee members and the outcome of the voting is a draw, the Chairman, or the person standing in for him at the meeting in question, shall have the casting vote.

#### Most important activities:

During financial year 2022, the Delegated Executive Committee has held fourteen meetings, having been informed of all matters that are within its purview, and in this context, has satisfactorily performed the duties assigned thereto by law, the By-Laws, the Regulations of the Board of Directors and its own Regulations governing its organization and operation. Its most important activities during the financial year are included in the annual activities report of the Delegated Executive Committee, which is made available to the shareholders on the corporate website on occasion of the call to the General Meeting of Shareholders

#### AUDIT, COMPLIANCE AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS COMMITTEE

Name	Position	Category
von Heynitz, Harald	Chairman	Independent
Ferraro, Maria	Member	Proprietary
Hernández García, Gloria	Member	Independent
Krämmer, Rudolf	Member	Independent
% of proprietary directors		25%
% of independent directors		75%
% of other external directors		0%

#### **Observations**

It is also stated that Mr. Juan Antonio García Fuente holds the position of Secretary non-member of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee.

During financial year 2022, there have been no changes within the composition of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee.

Explain the functions assigned to this committee, including where applicable those that are additional to those prescribed by law, and describe the rules and procedures for its organisation and functioning. For each of these functions, briefly describe its most important actions during the year and how it has exercised in practice each of the functions assigned to it by law, in the articles of incorporation or in other corporate resolutions.

#### **Duties**:

The Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee of SGRE is a permanent internal body of the Board of Directors for information and consultation, entrusted with informing, advising and making recommendations.

Articles 5 to 14 of Chapter II of the Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee, establish the functions of this Committee. The full texts of the internal rules of the Company are available at www.siemensgamesa.com.

The functions of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee mainly relate to oversight of the Company's internal audit, review of the systems for internal control of the preparation of economic/financial and non-financial information, the audit of accounts, related party transactions and regulatory compliance upon the terms set forth in its regulations.

#### Composition:

a) The Committee shall comprise a minimum of three (3) and a maximum of five (5) non-executive directors, a majority of whom must be independent directors, appointed for a maximum term of four (4) years by the Board of Directors,

upon a proposal from the Appointments and Remunerations Committee and can be re-elected one or more times for terms of equal duration.

b) The Board shall encourage the diversity of composition, especially in relation to gender, career experience, skills, sector-specific knowledge and geographical origin, and that at least one of the independent directors is appointed as accounting and audit expert taking into account his or her knowledge and experience in accounting, auditing and risk management.

Without prejudice to the foregoing, the Board of Directors and the Appointments and Remunerations Committee shall endeavor to ensure that the members of the Committee as a whole, and especially its chair, have the expertise, qualifications and experience appropriate for the duties they are called upon to perform in the area of accounting, auditing and risk management, both financial and non-financial.

- c) The Committee shall choose its Chair from among the independent directors, for a maximum term of 4 years, at the end of which the director holding the position cannot be re-elected as Chair until the term of one year has elapsed from ceasing to hold this office; and a Secretary thereof, who is not required necessarily to be a director.
- d)The members shall no longer hold their office: a) when they cease to be non-executive directors of the Company; b) when independent directors lose that office, if this means the number of independent directors on the Committee is less than the majority; and c) when agreed on by the Board of Directors.
- e) Members of the Committee that are re-elected as directors of the Company shall continue to serve on the Committee unless the Board of Directors decides otherwise.

#### Functioning:

- a)The Committee shall meet as often as necessary to perform its duties, at the Chair's behest and, in any case, the Committee shall have a minimum of four annual meetings. Meetings shall also be held whenever two of the members so request.
- b) The Committee shall be validly constituted when more than half of its members are present or represented at the meeting.
- c) Agreements shall be adopted by the absolute majority of members in attendance in person or by proxy at the meeting. In the event of a tie, the Chairman will have the casting vote.
- d) When the issues to be dealt with during the Committee meetings directly affect some of its members or individuals related thereto and, in general, when this member enters into a conflict of interest, he/she must leave the meeting until the decision is made, being removed from the number of members of the Committee, to calculate the quorum and majorities related to the item in question.

#### Most important activities:

During financial year 2022, the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee has held twenty three meetings, having been informed of all matters that are within its purview, and in this context has satisfactorily performed the duties assigned thereto by law, the By-Laws, the Regulations of the Board of Directors and its own Regulations governing its organization and operation. Its most important activities during the financial year are included in the annual activities report of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee, which is made available to the shareholders on the corporate website on occasion of the call to the General Meeting of Shareholders.

Identify the directors who are members of the audit committee and have been appointed taking into account their knowledge and experience in accounting or audit matters, or both, and state the date on which the Chairperson of this committee was appointed.

Names of directors with experience	von Heynitz, Harald
	Ferraro, Maria
	Hernández García, Gloria
	Krämmer, Rudolf
Date of appointment of the chairperson	February 12, 2020

#### APPOINTMENTS AND REMUNERATIONS COMMITTEE

Name	Position	Category
Krämmer, Rudolf	Chairman	Independent
Belil, Francisco,	Member	Independent
von Heynitz, Harald	Member	Independent
von Schumann, Mariel	Member	Proprietary
% of proprietary directors		25%
% of independent directors		75%
% of other external directors		0%

#### **Observations**

It should also be pointed out that Mr. Salvador Espinosa de los Monteros Garde holds the position of Secretary non-member of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee.

Furthermore, the changes occurring within the Appointments and Remunerations Committee during the financial year are described below:

At its meeting of February 18, 2022 and in accordance with Notice of Other Relevant Information (Otra Información Relevante) (with registration number 14126) sent to the CNMV on February 18, 2022 the Board of Directors approved the appointment on an interim basis (co-option), upon a proposal from the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, of Mr. Francisco Belil as a new member of the Board of Directors, and also approved, upon a proposal from the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, the appointment of Mr. Francisco Belil as a new member of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee. At the General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 24, 2022, the shareholders ratified the appointment of Mr. Francisco Belil and approved his re-election as an independent director.

Explain the functions assigned to this committee, including where applicable those that are additional to those prescribed by law, and describe the rules and procedures for its organisation and functioning. For each of these functions, briefly describe its most important actions during the year and how it has exercised in practice each of the functions assigned to it by law, in the articles of incorporation or in other corporate resolutions.

#### Functions:

This committee is a permanent internal body of the Board of Directors, without executive duties, for information and consultation, entrusted with informing, advising and making recommendations on matters within its purview.

Articles 5 to 9 of Chapter II of the Regulations of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee establish the functions of this Committee. In particular, this committee has the essential function of supervising the composition and functioning as well as the evaluation of the Board of Directors, its committees and its members, and the remuneration of the Board of Directors and of the Top Management of the Company.

The full texts of the internal rules of the Company are available at www.siemensgamesa.com.

#### Composition:

a) The Committee shall comprise a minimum of three (3) and a maximum of five (5) Non-Executive directors, at least two of whom must be independent directors, appointed for a maximum term of four (4) years by the Board of Directors, upon a proposal from the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, and may be re-elected one or more times for terms of equal duration.

b) The Committee chooses its Chair from among the independent directors and a Secretary, who is not required necessarily to be a director.

- c) The members shall no longer hold their office: a) when they cease to be non-executive directors of the Company; b) when independent directors lose that office, if this means the number of independent directors on the Committee is less than two; and c) when agreed on by the Board of Directors.
- d) Members of the Committee that are re-elected as directors of the Company shall continue to serve on the Committee unless the Board of Directors decides otherwise.

#### Functioning:

- a) The Committee shall meet as often as necessary to perform its duties, at the Chairman's behest, at least three times per year. Meetings shall also be held whenever at least two of the members so request.
- b)The Committee shall be validly constituted when more than half of its members are present or represented at the meeting.
- c) Resolutions shall be adopted by the absolute majority of members present at the meeting. In the event of a tie, the Chairman will have the casting vote.
- d) When the issues to be dealt with during the Committee meetings directly affect some of its members or individuals related thereto and, in general, when this member enters into a conflict of interest, he/she must leave the meeting until the decision is made, being removed from the number of members of the Committee, to calculate the quorum and majorities related to the item in question.

#### Most important activities:

During financial year 2022, the Appointments and Remunerations Committee has held twelve meetings, having been informed of all matters that are within its purview, and in this context has satisfactorily performed the duties assigned thereto by law, the By-Laws, the Regulations of the Board of Directors and its own Regulations governing its organization and operation. Its most important activities during the financial year are included in the annual activities report of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, which is made available to the shareholders on the corporate website on occasion of the call to the General Meeting of Shareholders.

C.2.2. Complete the following table with information regarding the number of female directors who were members of Board committees at the close of the past four years:

	Number of female directors							
	<del>-</del>	ear n nber %		ear n-1 mber %		ar n-2 nber %		ear n-3 mber %
Delegated Executive Committee	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%		N/A
Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee	2	50.00%	2	50.00%	2	50.00%	1	33.33%
Appointments and Remunerations Committee	1	25.00%	1	25.00%	1	25.00%	1	20.00%

C.2.3. Indicate, where applicable, the existence of any regulations governing Board committees, where these regulations are to be found, and any amendments made to them during the year. Also indicate whether any annual reports on the activities of each committee have been voluntarily prepared.

#### **Delegated Executive Committee**

The Delegated Executive Committee is governed by the By-Laws, the Regulations of the Board of Directors, and its own Regulations of the Delegated Executive Committee, which are available to interested parties on the Company's website (www.siemensgamesa.com).

The Regulations of the Delegated Executive Committee were approved by resolution of the Company's Board of Directors dated November 4, 2020.

The text of the Regulations of the Delegated Executive Committee has been available in subsection "Committees of the Board" of the section "Corporate Governance" within "Investors and Shareholders" heading of the Company's website (www.siemensgamesa.com) until November 9, 2022, when the Board of Directors approved to discontinue the committee.

#### Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee

The Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee is governed by the By-Laws, the Regulations of the Board of Directors and its own Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee, which are available to interested parties on the Company's website (www.siemensgamesa.com).

The Regulations of the Audit and Compliance Committee were approved by the Company's Board of Directors on September 29, 2004 and were subsequently amended on October 21, 2008; April 15, 2011; January 20, 2012; March 24, 2015; and February 22, 2017.

On April 4, 2017, the Board of Directors approved a revised version of said Regulations and changed the name of the Committee to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee.

The Company's Board of Directors approved an amendment of the restated text of said Regulations on March 23, 2018 and endorsed a restated text on July 26, 2018.

Moreover, the Company's Board of Directors endorsed new restated texts of the Regulations on February 19, 2020, and August 5, 2020. The first of the aforementioned amendments of the Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee, carried out during 2020 financial year was executed in order to establish that the Chair of the Committee shall have the casting vote in the event of a tie; and the second was executed in order to eliminate the restriction which impeded the members of the Delegated Executive Committee to be on the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee.

In 2021, the Company's Board of Directors endorsed new consolidated texts of the Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee, by resolutions dated November 27, 2020 and June 14, 2021 amending the articles referred to its functions, composition and functioning, and relations with other bodies in accordance with the new Recommendations of the Good Governance Code for Listed Companies, as well as those articles regarding related party transactions, in accordance with the modifications included by the Law 5/2021, April 12, to the Spanish Companies Act.

Finally, during financial year 2022, the Company's Board of Directors endorsed the current new consolidated text of the Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee, by resolution dated May 4, 2022 in order to align the Regulations to the Internal Audit Charter of SGRE which (a) establishes the SGRE Internal Audit activity's position within the organization; and (b) defines the scope of internal audit activities, and also to introduce a new article regarding the Risk Management and Internal Control Department, covering the relations between the Committee and this Department.

The current text of the Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee is available in subsection "Committees of the Board" of the section "Corporate Governance" within "Investors and Shareholders" heading of the Company's website (www.siemensgamesa.com).

#### Appointments and Remunerations Committee

The Appointments and Remunerations Committee is governed by the By-Laws, the Regulations of the Board of Directors and its own Regulations of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, which are available to interested parties on the Company's website (www.siemensgamesa.com).

The Regulations of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee were approved by the Company's Board of Directors on April 4, 2017 and subsequent amendments thereof were endorsed by the Board of Directors on July 26, 2018 and July 29, 2019.

Likewise, during financial year 2021, the Company's Board of Directors endorsed new consolidated texts of the Regulations of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, by resolutions dated November 27, 2020 and April 30, 2021, amending the articles referred to its functions in accordance with the new Recommendations of the Good Governance Code for Listed Companies as well as articles related to the condition of directors and their individual

remuneration, in accordance with the modifications included by the Law 5/2021, of April 12, to the Spanish Companies Act.

Finally, during financial year 2022, the Company's Board of Directors endorsed new consolidated text of the Regulations of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee, by resolution dated May 4, 2022, Introducing the casting vote of the Chairman in case of a tie.

The current text of the Regulations of the Appointments and Remunerations Committee is available in subsection "Committees of the Board" of the section "Corporate Governance" within "Investors and Shareholders" heading of the Company's website (www.siemensgamesa.com).

## D. RELATED PARTY AND INTRAGROUP TRANSACTIONS

D.1. Explain, where appropriate, the procedure and competent bodies relating to the approval of transactions with related and intragroup parties, indicating the criteria and general internal rules of the entity that regulate the abstention obligations of the affected director or shareholders. Detail the internal information and periodic control procedures established by the Company in relation to those related-party transactions whose approval has been delegated by the Board of Directors.

Article 33 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors and the Policy regarding Related Party Transactions with Directors, Significant Shareholders and Other Related Persons of Siemen Gamesa, approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on June 14, 2021 (the "Policy"), regulate the related party transactions of the Company.

The Policy is included in the Corporate Governance Rules of SIEMENS GAMESA and is available on the corporate website (<a href="https://www.siemensgamesa.com">www.siemensgamesa.com</a>).

According to Article 33.1 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors and to the Policy, related party transactions shall be deemed to be those transactions by the Company or its subsidiaries with Directors, shareholders holding 10% or more of the Company's voting rights or who are represented on the Company's Board of Directors, or with any other persons who should be considered related parties according to the International Accounting Standards adopted pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of July 19, 2002 on the application of international accounting standards ("Related Party Transactions").

However, the following shall not be considered Related Party Transactions: (i) transactions between the Company and its direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries; (ii) transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries or companies in which it holds an interest, provided that no party related to the Company has interests in said subsidiaries or companies in which the Company holds an interest; (iii) approval by the Board of the terms and conditions of contracts to be entered into between the Company and any Director who is to perform executive duties, including the CEO, or Top Managers, as well as the determination by the Board of the amounts or specific remuneration to be paid under said contracts, without prejudice to the duty of the affected Director to abstain as specified in Section 249.3 of the Spanish Companies Act.

The Board of Directors, with the support of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee shall endeavor to ensure that Related Party Transactions are performed in accordance with the Company's corporate interest and at arms'-length basis. The Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee shall endeavor to ensure the transparency of the process and observance of the principle of equal treatment of shareholders in the same conditions and applicable legal provisions.

The approval of Related Party Transactions in an amount or value equal to or greater than 10% of the total asset items according to the last annual consolidated balance sheet approved by the AGM shall be within the purview of the shareholders acting at a General Meeting of Shareholders (values reflected in the latest consolidated annual financial statements). If a General Meeting is called to decide on a Related Party Transaction, the affected shareholder shall be deprived of the right to vote except in those cases in which the proposed resolution has been approved by the Board of Directors with a majority of the independent Directors not voting against the proposal. However, when appropriate, the rule on the reversal of the burden of proof provided for in Section 190.3 of the Spanish Companies Act shall apply.

The approval of Related Party Transactions in an amount below 10% of the total asset items according to the last annual consolidated balance sheet approved by the AGM shall be within the purview of the Board of Directors, which may not delegate this power (except as specified in Article 33.4 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors). The affected Director or the Director representing or related to the affected shareholder must abstain from participating in the deliberation and vote on the corresponding resolution pursuant to Section 228.c) of the Spanish Companies Act.

However, Directors who represent or are related to the parent company on the Board of Directors of SIEMENS GAMESA shall not be required to abstain, although in such cases, if their vote has been decisive for the adoption of the resolution, the rule of reversal of the burden of proof shall apply on terms similar to those specified in Section 190.3 of the Spanish Companies Act.

The approval of a Related Party Transaction by the shareholders at a General Meeting or by the Board must be the subject of a prior report of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee. In its report, the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee must assess whether the transaction is fair and reasonable from the viewpoint of the Company and, if applicable, of shareholders other than the related party, and must disclose the assumptions upon which the evaluation is based and the methods used. The affected Directors may not participate in the preparation of the report.

However, the Board of Directors has resolved to delegate approval of the following Related Party Transactions to the CEO:

- a) transactions between companies forming part of the Group that are carried out within the ordinary course of business (which shall include transactions arising out of the implementation of a framework agreement or contract) and on arm's-length basis, provided that they need not be considered strategic or extraordinary transactions due to their high amount, special characteristics or tax risk, in which case they may not be delegated; and
- b) transactions that are conducted under contracts whose terms and conditions are standardized and apply on an across-the-board basis to a large number of customers, are conducted at prices or rates established on a general basis by the party acting as supplier of the goods or services in question, and whose amount does not exceed 0.5 per cent of the Company's net revenue.

The approval of said Related Party Transactions shall not require a prior report of the Audit Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee unless they must be published in accordance with the applicable legal provisions.

However, according to the Policy, the delegation to the CEO shall not include:

- Annual or multiannual component pricing agreements entered into in the framework of the Strategic Supply Agreement with Siemens Energy AG.
- b) Those Related Party Transactions which its approval may be delegated to the CEO but that must be published in accordance with the applicable legal provisions.
- c) Such Related Party Transactions as the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee may freely determine based on the scope, amount or special characteristics thereof and taking into consideration the recommendations of the internal audit function.
- d) Those transactions that by decision of the Board of Directors are to be approved by the Board of Directors or the Delegated Executive Committee.

Related Party Transactions that do not need to be approved by the Board of Directors must be approved in accordance with the Company's Related Party Transactions Policy by the CEO. To be able to do this, the CEO should have established the processes and controls necessary to ensure that the Related Party Transaction approved by him are examined as thorough as the ones which need approval by the Board of Directors.

In order to allow the Board of Directors, the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee and the management bodies to duly monitor and oversee alignment with the principles and rules established in the Policy, all Related Party Transactions that do not require approval by the Board of Directors under the Policy must be reported to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee with the frequency determined by it. Unless the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee sets out a different period, reporting shall be on a half-yearly basis, coinciding with the submission by SIEMENS GAMESA of its half-yearly financial statements. The information shall include a rationale for the selection of the supplier, if applicable, and the references used, with a breakdown thereof in relation to the different types of Related Party Transactions provided for in the Policy that do not require approval by the Board of Directors. The Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee shall verify the fairness and transparency of said transactions and, if applicable, compliance with the criteria applicable to the exceptions set out in the Policy. The Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee relies on the support of the Company's internal audit function for the performance of this work. In light of these reports, the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions be more frequent or that certain transactions be reported to the Board of Directors for approval prior to being carried out.

To receive support in the performance of its duties, the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee may, whenever it deems appropriate, request an independent expert report on any Related Party Transaction.

It shall be also pointed out that paragraph b) of article 13 of the Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee states that the referred Committee shall have the following function: "report, prior to their authorization by the Board of Directors or the General Shareholders' Meeting, as appropriate, any operations or transactions that could represent conflicts of interests:

- (i) with the Company and companies of its Group;
- (ii) with directors of the Company and the Group and their related parties;
- (iii) with shareholders that have a holding of 10% or more or are represented on the Board of Directors and their related parties;
- (iv) with senior management and other managers, except if those other managers are part of any company of the Group that has created an audit committee, in which case that committee will be in charge of elaborating the corresponding report, having to inform the Committee; as well as
- (v) any other transaction with persons considered related parties for purposes of the Spanish Companies Act.

The Committee can rely on the corresponding advice of the business units or corporate functions of the Company, including the legal department, in order to issue said report, and may also request outside advice if it so deems necessary.

The Committee need not issue a report if it is not required pursuant to the provisions of law or of the Corporate Governance Rules. In particular, the prior report of the Committee will not be necessary with regards to related party transactions whose approval may be delegated under the provisions of the Regulations of the Board of Directors although the Committee will be involved in the internal reporting and control procedure established by the Board of Directors in relation with such related party transactions".

Finally, it shall be pointed out that additional information about Related Party Transactions is included and available in the Financial Statements, this Annual Corporate Governance Report, Report on the Annual Activities of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee, and in the Report of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee on Related Party Transactions, all available in the corporate website (<a href="https://www.siemensgamesa.com">www.siemensgamesa.com</a>).

D.2. Give individual details of operations that are significant due to their amount or of importance due to their subject matter carried out between the company or its subsidiaries and shareholders holding 10% or more of the voting rights or who are represented on the board of directors of the company, indicating which has been the competent body for its approval and if any affected shareholder or director has abstained. In the event that the board of directors has responsibility, indicate if the proposed resolution has been approved by the board without a vote against the majority of the independents:

Name or company name of the shareholde r or any of its subsidiarie s	% Shareholdin g	Name or company name of the company or entity within its group	Nature of the relationshi p	Type of operation and other information n required for its evaluation	Amount (thousand s of euros)	Approvin g body	Identity of the significant shareholde r or director who has abstained	The proposal to the AGM, if applicable, has been approved by the board without a vote against the majority of independents
Siemens Energy	67.071%	Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy, Inc.	Contractual	Reception of services	9,615	Board of Directors	Proprietary Directors of Siemens Energy	N/A
Siemens Energy	67.071%	Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Eolica, S.L.	Contractual	Purchases of goods finished or not	3,952	Board of Directors	Proprietary Directors of Siemens Energy	N/A
Siemens Energy	67.071%	Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy S.A.S.	Contractual	Purchases of goods finished or not	6,271	Board of Directors	Proprietary Directors of Siemens Energy	N/A

Siemens Energy	67.071%	Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy B.V.	Contractual	Reception of services	2,018	Board of Directors	Proprietary Directors of Siemens Energy	N/A
Siemens Energy	67.071%	Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Limited	Contractual	Reception of services	3,256	Board of Directors	Proprietary Directors of Siemens Energy	N/A
Siemens Energy	67.071%	Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy A/S	Contractual	Purchases of goods finished or not	27,271	Board of Directors	Proprietary Directors of Siemens Energy	N/A
Siemens Energy	67.071%	Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy A/S	Contractual	Reception of services	27,994	Board of Directors	Proprietary Directors of Siemens Energy	N/A
Siemens Energy	67.071%	Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy S.A.	Contractual	Reception of services	4,673	Board of Directors	Proprietary Directors of Siemens Energy	N/A
Siemens Energy	67.071%	Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Egypt LLC	Contractual	Reception of services	1,402	Board of Directors	Proprietary Directors of Siemens Energy	N/A
Siemens Energy	67.071%	Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy GmbH & Co. KG	Contractual	Reception of services	40,238	Board of Directors	Proprietary Directors of Siemens Energy	N/A
Siemens Energy	67.071%	Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Latam, S.L.	Contractual	Sales of goods finished or not	2,026	Board of Directors	Proprietary Directors of Siemens Energy	N/A

#### **Observations**

For the purposes of the present section D.2 only the transactions of an amount over €1,000 thousand are considered as significant. Likewise, the Related Party Transactions of the same type between the same SIEMENS GAMESA Group company and the same significant shareholder are included in this table on an aggregated basis.

The information in this section is consistent with Note 29 of the Consolidated Report which is part of the 2022 Consolidated Financial Statements of financial year 2022.

Regarding the total amount related to "Purchases and services received" of Siemens Energy Group, the difference between the amounts in Note 29 of the Consolidated Report (€133,959thousand) and this section (€126,690thousand) relate only to the fact that in this section only material transactions above 1,000 thousand euros have been considered. The amount of the transactions related to "Purchases and services received" of Siemens Energy Group included in Note 29 but not included in this section for not being material amounts to €7,269thousand.

Regarding the total amount related to "Sales and services rendered" to Siemens Energy Group, the difference between the amounts in Note 29 of the Consolidated Report (€2,368 thousand) and this section (€2,026 thousand) relate only to the fact that in this section only material transactions above 1,000 thousand euros have been considered. The amount of the transactions related to "Sales and services rendered" to Siemens Energy Group included in Note 29 but not included in this section for not being material amounts to €342 thousand.

D.3. Give individual details of the operations that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter carried out by the company or its subsidiaries with the administrators or managers of the company, including those operations carried out with entities that the administrator or manager controls or controls jointly, indicating the competent body for its approval and if any affected shareholder or director has abstained. In the event that the board of directors has responsibility, indicate if the proposed resolution has been approved by the board without a vote against the majority of the independents:

Name or company name of the Directors or Managers or their controlled entities or under joint control	Name or company name of the company or entity within this group	Relationship	Nature of the relationship and other information required for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)	Approving body	Identity of the significant shareholder or director who has abstained	The proposal to the AGM, if applicable, has been approved by the board without a vote against the majority of independents
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0			

#### **Observations**

D.4. Report individually on intra-group transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter that have been undertaken by the Company with its parent company or with other entities belonging to the parent's Group, including subsidiaries of the listed Company, except where no other related party of the listed Company has interests in these subsidiaries or that they are fully owned, directly or indirectly, by the listed Company.

In any case, report any intragroup transaction conducted with entities established in countries or territories considered as tax havens:

Company name of the entity within the Group	Brief description of the transaction	Amount (thousands of euro)
N/A	N/A	0

#### **Observations**

SGRE Group companies established in countries or territories considered to be non-cooperative jurisdictions for tax purposes (formerly named "tax havens") for being included in the list of the Decree Law 1080/1991 of July 5, 1991, and which do not fulfill the requirements to be excluded of such qualification, are operating companies and all transactions carried out by them are exclusively ordinary business activities. The table below includes the list of such companies.

SGRE has not concluded any transaction with its subsidiaries established in countries or territories that are considered non-cooperative jurisdictions.

The transactions within the SGRE Group carried out by subsidiaries of SGRE with entities established in countries or territories that are considered non-cooperative jurisdiction for tax purposes are all transactions carried out in the ordinary course of business and are eliminated within the process of drawing up the consolidated financial statements, with the detail described below.

At the end of the financial year 2022, the only two entities of SGRE Group resident in non-cooperative jurisdictions in accordance with Spanish regulations are Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy, Ltd. (Mauritius) - 100% interest and incorporated on February 5, 2015 - and the branch Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Eólica SL, Jordan branch (Jordan) - incorporated on January 12, 2016 -. Both entities' main activity is the performance of wind turbine maintenance services for third-party clients who own wind farms located in said jurisdictions. The turnover of these entities compared to the total turnover of SGRE Group is not significant (EUR 0.5 million -Mauritius- and EUR 2.7million -Jordan- out of a total amount of EUR 9,814 million in the 2022 consolidated financial statements).

The income obtained by such entities is subject to the Corporate Income Tax at a nominal tax rate of 15% (Mauritius) and 20% (Jordan). In the case of Jordan, as it is a permanent establishment of a Spanish entity located in a non-cooperative

jurisdiction for tax purposes, the profits are also included in the tax base in Spain. Therefore, the ownership of these entities does not provide any tax advantage to SGRE Group.

Company name of the entity in its  Group	Brief description of the transaction	Report (thousands of euros)
Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Limited (Mauritius)	Intercompany financing interest	2
Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Limited (Mauritius)	Intercompany sales and services rendering	40
Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Eolica S.L. (Jordan)	Intercompany sales and services rendering	400

D.5. Give individual details of the operations that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter carried out by the Company or its subsidiaries with other related parties pursuant to the International Accounting Standards adopted by the EU, which have not been reported in previous sections.

Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction	Amount (thousands of euro)
Siemens AG	Warranties and guarantees paid by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy GmbH & Co. KG	3,845
Siemens AG	Warranties and guarantees paid by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Pty Ltd	3,148
Siemens AG	Purchases of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Eolica, S.L.	10,659
Siemens A/S	Purchases of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy A/S	8,618
Siemens AG	Warranties and guarantees paid by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy B.V.	1,747
Siemens Financial Services Ltd.	Reception of services by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Limited	1,654
Siemens AG	Warranties and guarantees paid by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Limited	3,157
Siemens plc	Reception of services by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Limited	14,444
Siemens Corporation	Reception of services by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy, Inc.	1,468
Siemens AG	Purchases of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy, Inc.	3,923
Siemens A/S	Purchases of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy A/S	7,162
Siemens Industry Software A/S	Licencing agreements by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy A/S	5,821

Reception of services by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy A/S	1,328
Reception of services by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy S.A.	4,672
Reception of services by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Innovation & Technology, S.L.	4,919
Purchases of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Energia Renovável Ltda.	2,797
Purchases of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Energia Renovável Ltda.	4,052
Purchases of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy GmbH & Co. KG	1,814
Purchases of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Technology (China) Co., Ltd.	3,041
Sales of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy GmbH & Co. KG	35,771
Sales of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy AB	33,538
Sales of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Limited	17,856
Sales of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy AS	9,469
	Reception of services by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy S.A.  Reception of services by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Innovation & Technology, S.L.  Purchases of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Energia Renovável Ltda.  Purchases of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Energia Renovável Ltda.  Purchases of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy GmbH & Co. KG  Purchases of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Technology (China) Co., Ltd.  Sales of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy GmbH & Co. KG  Sales of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy GmbH & Co. KG  Sales of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Limited  Sales of finished goods or not by Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy Limited

#### **Observations**

For the purposes of the present section D.5 only the transactions above €1,000 thousand are considered as significant.

The information in this section D.5 is consistent with Note 29 of the Consolidated Report which is part of the Consolidated Financial Statements of financial year 2022.

In Note 29, the total amount of the transactions included in "Purchases and services received" of all related parties is €330,710 thousand, of which €133,959 thousand are with Siemens Energy Group (differences explained in section D.2), €99,536 thousand are with Siemens Group, €82,485 thousand are with Windar and €14,730 thousand are with Schaeffler. Therefore, the total amount included in Note 20 of transactions with Siemens Group, with Windar and with Schaeffler is €196,751 thousand. The difference between the amount in Note 29 of transactions with Siemens Group, with Windar and with Schaeffler (€196,751 thousand) with the total amount of the transactions with "other related parties" disclosed in this section D.5 (€88,269 thousand) amounts €108,482 thousand and is due to the combined effect of the following factors: (i) Windar Renovables, S.L. and its Group is considered a related party to SGRE according to the International Accounting Standards but is not considered as a related party under Article 529 *vicies* of the Spanish Companies Act. Therefore, the transactions with Windar Group (€82,485 thousand) are considered in Note 20 but not in this section D.5; (ii) Schaeffler is no longer a related party since February 18, 2022 and transactions with Schaeffler Group (€14,730 thousand) are not considered in this section D.5; and (iii) the remaining €11,267 thousand is due to transactions with Siemens Group not reaching the materiality threshold of €1,000 thousand have not been considered in this section D.5.

In Note 29, the total amount of the transactions included in "Sales and services rendered" of all related parties is €99,724 thousand, of which €2,368 thousand are with Siemens Energy Group (differences explained in section D.2), €255 thousand are with Siemens Group, €88 thousand are with Windar and €97,013 thousand are with "other related parties". Therefore, the total amount included in Note 29 of transactions with Siemens Group, with Windar and with "other related parties" is €97,356 thousand. For the same reasons explained above, the difference between the amount in Note 29 (€97,356 thousand) and the total amount of the transactions included in this section D.5 (€96,634 thousand) is €722 thousand of which: (i) €88 thousand euros correspond to transactions carried out with the Group

of Windar Renovables, S.L. not considered in this section; and (ii) the remaining  $\in$ 634 thousand is due to transactions not reaching the materiality threshold of  $\in$ 1,000 thousand ( $\in$ 255 thousand correspond to transactions with Siemens Group and  $\in$ 379 thousand correspond to transactions with other related parties).

D.6. Give details of the mechanisms in place to detect, determine and resolve potential conflicts of interest between the company and/or its Group and its directors, top management, significant shareholders or other associated parties.

a) Possible conflicts of interest between the Company and/or its Group, and its Directors:

Article 31 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors regulates the conflicts of interest between the Company or any other company within its Group and its Directors. Article 31.1 defines the situations in which a Director has a conflict of interest. According to Article 31.2, persons shall be considered related to a Director as specified by law.

The following sections in this Article regulate the mechanisms for resolving situations of conflict of interest. In particular, Article 31.3 and Article 31.4 establish that any Director who incur in a situation of conflict of interest or who notices the possibility thereof shall notify it to the Board, by means of its Chairman, and shall abstain from attending and participating in the deliberations, voting, decision-making and execution of operations and matters affected by the conflict. The votes of Directors affected by the conflict and who must abstain will not be taken into account for calculating the required majority of votes to adopt a resolution. However, in intra-group related party transactions, Directors who represent or are related to the parent company shall not be required to abstain, although in such cases, if their vote has been decisive for the adoption of the resolution, the rule of reversal of the burden of proof shall apply on terms similar to those specified in Section 190.3 of the Spanish Companies Act.

Article 31.5 of the Regulations of the Board clarifies that "in unique cases, the Board of Directors or the General Shareholders' Meeting, as appropriate and in accordance with the terms provided by law, may waive the prohibitions arising from the duty to avoid conflicts of interest".

Article 31.6 specifies that "the waiver shall be preceded by the corresponding report of (a) the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee regarding the operation subject to a possible conflict of interest, in which it will propose the adoption of a related specific resolution, or (b) the Appointments and Remuneration Committee regarding the waiver of fulfillment of contract duties".

Article 31.7 states that "the Chairman of the Board of Directors must include the transaction and the conflict of interest in question on the agenda of the next corresponding meeting of the Board of Directors so that it may adopt a resolution as soon as possible regarding the issue, on the basis of the report drawn up by the corresponding Committee, deciding to approve or not the transaction, or the alternative that may have been proposed, as well as the specific measures to be adopted."

Finally, Article 31.8 and 31.9 state that the Annual Corporate Governance Report shall include conflict-of-interest situations involving Directors or their related persons, and that the report of the annual financial Statements will include information about any operations carried out by Directors or their related persons that have been authorized by the Board of Directors, as well as any other existing conflict of interest pursuant to the provisions of current legislation during the financial year of the financial statements.

b) Possible conflicts of interest between the Company and/or its Group, and its managers:

The Senior Management of the Company and/or of the companies constituting the SGRE Group, as well as any professional of the Company and/or of the companies constituting the referred Group who, by undertaking his/her activity in areas related to the securities markets or having regular, recurring access to Privileged Information, are classified as Affected Persons (as defined in article 6 of SGRE's Internal Regulations for Conduct in the Securities Markets (RIC)) by the Ethics and Compliance Division, will be subject to the Internal Regulations for Conduct in the Securities Markets, which most recently revised version was approved on September 25, 2019.

In this regard, according to article 20 of the RIC, managers and professionals considered to be Affected Persons must immediately inform either their supervisor or senior manager or the Ethics and Compliance Division of situations that could potentially give rise to a conflict of interest and keep such bodies permanently up to date with regard to said situations. Any concerns regarding the actual existence of a conflict of interest must be addressed with the Ethics and Compliance Division.

c) Possible conflicts of interest derived from transactions between the Company and/or its Group with directors and significant shareholders:

Article 33 of the Regulations of the Board and the "Policy regarding Related Party Transactions with Directors, Significant Shareholders and Other Related Persons of Siemens Gamesa" regulate the transactions of the Company and its Group with Directors and shareholders, which content is detailed in Section D.1, so we refer to the same. In any case, the full text of the Regulations of the Board of Directors and of the "Policy regarding Related Party Transactions with Directors, Significant Shareholders and Other Related Persons of Siemens Gamesa" is available on the corporate website (<a href="www.siemensgamesa.com">www.siemensgamesa.com</a>).

d) Relationships of the directors and/or significant shareholders with companies of the Group:

Article 37 of the Regulations of the Board states that "the obligations of the Directors of the Company and of the shareholders that own a significant stake which are referred to in this Chapter will be understood as applicable, analogically, regarding their possible relations with companies of the Group."

The Business Conduct Guidelines of the Company approved by the Board on September 12, 2018, dedicate a paragraph to conflict of interest which is applicable to all Group professionals regardless of their hierarchical position.

D.7. Indicate whether the company is controlled by another entity in the meaning of Article 42 of the Commercial Code, whether listed or not, and whether it has, directly or through any of its subsidiaries, business relationships with said entity or any of its subsidiaries (other than the listed company) or carries out activities related to those of any of them.

Yes X No □

The significant shareholder SIEMENS ENERGY AG owns indirectly 67.071% of the share capital of SIEMENS GAMESA and therefore can exercise control over it according to article 42 of the Commerce Code. The Company has five external proprietary Directors in the Board of Directors.

Indicate whether the respective areas of activity and any business relationships between the listed company or its subsidiaries and the parent company or its subsidiaries have been defined publicly and precisely:

Yes X No

Report covering the respective areas of activity and any business relationships between the listed company or its subsidiaries and the parent company or its subsidiaries, and identify where these aspects have been publicly reported

The information related to the business relationships between SIEMENS GAMESA and SIEMENS ENERGY AG is included in the Note 29 of the Consolidated Financial Statements of financial year 2022, and it is also described in the Framework Agreement between SIEMENS GAMESA and SIEMENS ENERGY AG, available in the corporate website.

Identify the mechanisms in place to resolve potential conflicts of interest between the parent of the listed company and the other group companies:

#### Mechanisms for resolving possible conflicts of interest

Pursuant to the provisions of Article 31 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors, the Director or related persons to him/her shall take the necessary measures to avoid incurring in situations of conflicts of interest, particularly refraining from undertaking the conducts stipulated in current legislation. Any Director who finds himself/herself in a situation of conflict of interest or who notices the possibility thereof, shall notify it to the Board of Directors, by means of the Chairman, and shall abstain from attending and participating in the deliberations, voting, decision-making and execution of operations and matters affected by the conflict. The votes of Directors affected by the conflict and who must abstain will not be taken into account for calculating the required majority of votes to adopt a resolution. However, in intra-group related party transactions, Directors who represent or are related to the parent company shall not be required to abstain, although in such cases, if their vote has been decisive for the adoption of the resolution, the rule of reversal of the burden of proof shall apply on terms similar to those specified in Section 190.3 of the Spanish Companies Act.

# E. RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

E.1. Explain the scope of the company's financial and non-financial Risk Management and Control System, including tax risk.

SIEMENS GAMESA has a **Risk Control and Management System** that is part of our internal framework that we call **ERM** (Enterprise Risk Management) and which is covered by the **Corporate Governance** rules. ERM is taken into account at the highest level, based on the guidelines established in the Regulations of the Board of Directors (Arts. 6 and 7) and in the Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee (Arts. 5, 9 and 10) and also based on internationally recognized methods (COSO 2017 and ISO 31000:2018).

The Risk Control and Management System within ERM are promoted by the Board of Directors and Top Management and implemented throughout the organization. SIEMENS GAMESA has an Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) and Internal Control (IC) department that reports to the Chief Financial Officer. This function regularly reports to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee. The company's Risk Control and Management system is managed with the support of a "RIC" (Risk and Internal Control) tool.

The **General Risk Control and Management Policy**, which establishes the foundations and general context for the key elements of ERM that are summarized below, is the foundation for these systems.

The general risk management process classifies risks in five categories:

- Strategic: Risks that are directly influenced by strategic decisions, arise from long-term strategies or relate to top-level objectives.
- Operational: Risks resulting from day-to-day activities and relating to the effectiveness and efficiency of the Company's operations, including performance and profitability targets.
- Financial: Risks resulting from financial transactions and from non-compliance with tax, accounting and/or reporting requirements.
- Compliance: Risks resulting from non-compliance with the Business Conduct Guidelines or legal, contractual or regulatory requirements.
- Climate: Risks arising from transition to lower-carbon economy or physical impacts of climate change (following the TCFD recommendations).

The ERM process is a continuous cycle intended to proactively manage business risks. It is based on six phases:

- **Identify:** Aims to identify significant risks and opportunities (R/Os) that could adversely or positively impact the achievement of the Company's strategic, operational, financial and compliance objectives. The identification of R/Os is a continuous process for which everyone is responsible in their day-to-day work. It is based on top-down and bottom-up approaches throughout the organization, represented by corporate, business-unit and regional **R/O-maps** supported by specific risk management systems and the necessary consistency between micro- and macro-risk.
- Evaluate: Evaluate and prioritize the identified R/Os in order to focus management attention and resources on the most important ones. All identified R/Os are evaluated based on their impact on the organization and the probability of occurrence, taking into account a three-year time period and different perspectives, including effects on business objectives, reputation, regulation, top management time and financial matters. Considering that some climate related risks may have implications beyond the three years' time horizon, the mid-term (3 to 5 years) and long-term (5 to 30 years) have been introduced. ERM is based on net risk, taking into account residual risks and opportunities after the implementation of existing control and mitigation measures.
- **Respond**: Focuses on the definition, approval and implementation of response plans to manage identified risks by selecting one of our general risk response strategies (avoid, transfer, accept and mitigate). Our general response strategy in relation to opportunities is to seize or take advantage of the most significant ones.

- Monitor: Deals with appropriate controls and continuous supervision to permit timely notification of significant changes in the R/O situation, of progress on Key Risk Indicators and of response plans.
- Report and scale: Focuses on the standardized and structured reporting of identified R/Os. This process provides comprehensive information about risks and opportunities including the actions to mitigate risks to take advantage of opportunities to management.
- Continuous improvement: Risk management in SIEMENS GAMESA's ERM evolves based on the application of the principle of continuous improvement, audits, self-assessments, benchmarking, etc., and is based on reviews of the effectiveness of the ERM process and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements in order to ensure sustainability.

### E.2. Identify the bodies within the company responsible for preparing and executing the financial and non-financial Risk Management and Control System, including tax risk.

The Board of Directors, as Company's main decision, supervision and control body, approves the investments, transactions or operations that, due to their high amount or special characteristics, are strategic or entail special fiscal risk, as well as those with directors, shareholders or related parties in the terms established by law or the Corporate Governance Standards, unless their approval corresponds to the General Shareholders' Meeting. It is also responsible for establishing the general policies and strategies, including the General Risk Control and Management Policy and the Company's tax strategy. Further it is overseeing the execution of these policies and the related control and internal reporting systems.

The Company's Risk Control and Management Systems are applied by means of an organization structured into four levels of defence:

#### 1º. Ownership of risk control

As owner of the top risks, among other aspects, the Executive Committee (ExCo) is responsible for:

- Ensuring and promoting compliance with relevant legal requirements and internal policies.
- Applying the General Risk Control and Management Policy and the R/O management strategy as a basis for the R/O management process.
- Ensuring that risk management and control is integrated into business and decision-making processes.
- Defining and proposing the approval of the specific numerical values for the risk limits listed in the specific policies and/or in the annually established targets.
- Reporting to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee on all Company-related issues relating to strategy, planning, business development, risk management, compliance and climate.

**Business unit directorates**: Each business unit, as the owner of the R/Os for its unit, performs a function at this level similar to that of the Executive Committee.

**Regional Executive Committees:** As owners of the regional R/Os, they perform a function at this level similar to that of the Executive Committee.

**Financial Directorate**: As established in the Investment and Finance Policy, it centralizes the management of finance-related risks for the entire SIEMENS GAMESA Group.

**Tax Department**: Reporting to the Financial Department, it ensures compliance with the tax policy, reporting to the control and supervisory bodies on the tax standards and policies applied during the financial year and on the control of tax risks of the entire Group.

#### 2º. Monitoring and compliance

- Risk and Internal Control Department (RIC): Integrated within the Financial Department, it ensures that the executive team evaluates all matters relating to the Company's risks, including operational, technological, strategic, financial, legal, social, environmental, political and reputational risks and that the Executive team designs and executes mitigation plans for all high and major risks.
- The RIC department is also responsible for the process to test the effectiveness of the internal control systems.
- Ethics and Compliance Directorate: Reports functionally to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee of the Board of Directors, and is in charge of applying the Business Conduct Guidelines and

the Internal Regulations for Conduct in the Securities Markets, as well as supervising the implementation of and compliance with the Crime Prevention and Anti-Fraud Policy and Handbooks.

#### 3º. Independent assurance

Internal Audit under direct reporting to the Board of Directors' Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee reports to said committee and to the CEO, and is responsible for informing, advising and directly reporting on the following matters, among others:

- The Company's application of generally accepted accounting principles, as well as any significant accounting change in relation thereto.
- Risks associated with the balance sheet and with functional areas of activity, with the existing identification, measurement and control relating thereto.
- The Company's transactions with third parties if they involve a conflict of interest or are transactions with related parties.
- Financial information that is regularly or periodically issued to investors and market agents and to securities market regulatory bodies.
- Adequacy and effectiveness of internal control systems.
- Inform and advise the Committee on audit matters of a technical nature.
- Report on the material findings of its audits that occur in the execution of its annual work plan and submit an activity report at the end of each year.
- Information within its purview to be included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report prior to approval by the Board of Directors.

#### 4º. Oversight

The Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee supports the Board of Directors in the oversight of the system and reports to the Board of Directors about the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems.

The Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee shall have the following key duties related to internal control and risk management systems:

- a) Receive regular reports from management regarding the functioning of existing systems and regarding the results of any tests conducted on such systems by internal auditors or any other professional specifically engaged for this purpose, and about any significant internal control shortfall detected by the auditor in the course of its statutory auditing work. As a result of this supervision, the Committee may raise recommendations or proposals to the Board of Directors.
- b) Oversee, at least on an annual basis, all risk policies and propose amendments thereof or the adoption of new policies to the Board of Directors.
- c) Oversee that policies related to the control and management of risks identify or determine at least:
  - i. The different types of financial and non-financial risks (financial, operational, strategic, compliance and climate) affecting the Company and its Group, including financial or economic risks, contingent liabilities and other off-balance sheet risks.
  - ii. The levels of risk that the Company and the SIEMENS GAMESA Group deem acceptable in accordance with the Corporate Governance Standards.
  - iii. The planned measures to mitigate the impact of identified risks, should they materialize.
  - iv. The information and internal control systems used to control and manage risks.
- d) Oversee, at least on an annual basis, the key financial and non-financial risks and the level of tolerance established.
- e) Oversee that the Risk Department participates in defining the risk strategy, in the correct functioning and effectiveness of the control systems and in mitigating the risks detected
- f) Hold, at least on an annual basis, a meeting with the officers heading up business units of the Group in order to explain the business trends and the related risks.

g) Generally oversee that the internal control policies and systems are affectively applied in practice by receiving reports from internal control and internal audit officers and from the executive management, reaching conclusions on the standard of confidence and reliability provided by the system, coupled with proposed improvements.

The Board of Directors approves the policies from which the risk levels derive that the SIEMENS GAMESA Group considers acceptable and Key Risk Indicators thresholds, which are aimed at maximizing and protecting the economic value of SIEMENS GAMESA within controlled variability.

E.3. Indicate the main financial and non-financial risks, including tax risks, as well as those deriving from corruption (with the scope of these risks as set out in Royal Decree Law 18/2017), to the extent that these are significant and may affect the achievement of business objectives.

In deploying its strategic and operational planning, SIEMENS GAMESA faces various risks inherent to the sector and the countries in which it operates. These risks can affect the achievement of business objectives.

Generally, risk is defined as a potential loss caused by an event (or a series of events) that may adversely affect the achievement of the business objectives of a company, for which reason the Risk Control and Management Systems are clearly linked to the strategic planning process and the setting of the Company's objectives.

We set out below a brief summary of the principal risks that could affect the achievement of business objectives and that have been monitored in 2022.

#### **Strategic**

- Industry and SIEMENS GAMESA operations that may be affected by **infectious diseases**, **health crises**, and particularly the recent **Covid-19** pandemic, both locally and globally.
- Pressure on contribution margin and on MW volumes, due to factors like changes in governmental political decisions, the cost of wind power compared to other sources of energy, and changes in the business model towards auctions in an increasing number of countries and strategic moves of other competitors in the market.
- The complexity of SIEMENS GAMESA's business requires the need of having high and diversified skilled employees. Therefore there is a risk of not attracting or retaining the required needed talent
- As a result of geographic diversification and the extensive base of customers and suppliers, SIEMENS GAMESA is exposed to "country risk", which is understood as the environment in which socio-political and security conditions may affect the local interests of SIEMENS GAMESA. Processes like, trade wars, post Brexit relationship between UK and the EU, the Russia-Ukraine war, the China-Taiwan conflict and potential risks from doing business in countries under embargoes or sanctions are also a risk for the Company.
- Reputational Risk due to performing business in certain countries, restructuring activities or related to the sustainability of the Group.

#### **Operational and Technological**

- Operational risks relating to the launch of **new products**, the set-up of our supply chain including make or buy decisions, ramp-up processes and **the quality of our products and services.**
- Risks relating to the **commitments made** in certain contracts with customers, suppliers or other stakeholders that could end up affecting cash flow or balance sheet provisions.
- Risk that the cost reduction processes for some products do not occur as quickly as required to offset the pressure on prices.
- Due to the complexity of the projects managed by SIEMENS GAMESA, with short deadlines and complex specifications and sometimes within difficult geographical environments, there is a **risk in project execution** that could lead to additional project cost and, hence, negative deviations in the project margins.
- Cyberattack risks: Like many other multinational companies, SIEMENS GAMESA is exposed to the growing threat of increasingly professionalised cybercrime, within an environment of continued improvement of information technology systems.
- Supply chain risks, due to the existence of critical components and services that could cause delays or cost increases in the production of SIEMENS GAMESA wind turbines or the execution of its construction projects.

• Market price risks: SIEMENS GAMESA is exposed to risks relating to fluctuations in the prices of raw materials, as well as duties on the import of specific products in some countries that could affect supply chain costs.

#### **Financial**

- · Risks relating to the needs of the wind market with respect to third party guarantees and insurances.
- Risks that could affect the strength of the balance sheet, the amount and structure of working capital, results (including the continuous improvement of costs), cash flows, leverage and liquidity, including significant strategic and/or operational issues that could entail impairments of assets
- Exchange rate risk: SIEMENS GAMESA engages in transactions with international counterparties in the ordinary course of its business that give rise to collections and payments in currencies other than the Euro and future cash flows of entities of the SIEMENS GAMESA Group in currencies other than their functional currency, for which reason it is exposed to risks of changes in exchange rates.
- Interest rate risk: the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument fluctuate as a result of changes in interest rates. The risk occurs each time the interest terms for financial assets and liabilities are different. SIEMENS GAMESA uses external sources to finance a portion of its operations. Variable rate loans expose the Group to interest rate risks, while fixed rate loans expose the Group to the risk of interest rates at fair value. Variable rates are mainly linked to EURIBOR.
- Inflation risk: continuous inflation increase might impact the company in several manners like cost increases in supplies, labor costs and interest rates.
- Tax risks arising from local and/or global requirements and direct or indirect taxation.
- Risk related to the implementation of new systems and changes in responsibilities (including outsourcings) as part of the continuous growth and digitalization in the Company

#### Compliance

- Risk of occurrence of severe and/or fatal accidents with the additional effects of delays, damage to employees, subcontractors, assets and reputational damage, caused by, among other things, the high risk profile of some works, potential failures in the processes of selection, monitoring and qualification of contractors, and work in emerging market environments with a less mature culture in relation to safety, health and environmental standards.
- Risk of regulatory uncertainty and compliance with applicable legal and contractual requirements (including the data protection act), compliance with contractual obligations, as well compliance of possible sanctions, intellectual property rights, and controlling the risk of crimes being committed, such as fraud and corruption (including bribery, extortion, embezzlement, influence peddling and misappropriation of assets).

The Management Report of the Annual Report for financial year 2021 includes additional details regarding some of the risks associated with the activities of SIEMENS GAMESA.

#### Climate

- Climate change might generate heavy rains and floods, which potentially could affect certain Company's assets.
- Increase in the demand of environmental and sustainability requirements.
  - E.4. Indicate whether the entity has risk tolerance levels, including for tax risk.

Top Management establishes and Board of Directors approves the key risk indicators based on quantitative (indicators) or qualitative variables, allowing it to set the amount of risk that it is prepared to assume to achieve its objectives.

SIEMENS GAMESA uses 3 levels of risk tolerance: "risk acceptance", "risk monitoring" and "risk escalation". Tolerance is regularly updated, at least each time changes are made to the strategy and/or policies.

SIEMENS GAMESA essentially has 3 complementary ways of establishing risk tolerance levels:

- 1) By means of regularly reviewing specific policies and internal regulations, particularly including the following:
- General Risk Control and Management Policy
- Corporate Tax Policy

- Investment and Finance Policy (exchange rate, credit and interest rate risks)
- Health, Safety and Environmental Policy (health and safety, respect for the environment, quality and energy efficiency)
- Business Conduct Guidelines
- Crime Prevention and Anti-Fraud Policy
- Cybersecurity Policy
- 2) The setting of objectives on an annual basis or based on strategic regularity, for indicators that are used to monitor certain risks. These indicators include:
- EBIT pre PPA&IRR, cash conversion, net financial debt, CAPEX and working capital
- MW sold and new orders
- Sustainability
- Cyberattacks
- Frequency and severity index in relation to Health & Safety
- 3) A risk is considered to exceed tolerance and to require mitigation plans when it is rated as major or high as per the RIC methodology. This assessment is based on the use of various perspectives on impact according to a number of criteria combined with the probability of occurrence.

For a particular risk identified and assessed as major or high and for which a risk policy and/or limit has also been exceeded or breached, or if it is anticipated that it could be exceeded or breached, such mitigation actions must be implemented as necessary to reduce the risk below its tolerance threshold.

Once the risks (including tax-related risks) threatening achievement of objectives have been identified, the risk owners or those delegated thereby, with the support of the RIC Department and other support functions, make an assessment thereof and manage the plans for their mitigation.

E.5. Indicate which financial and non-financial risks, including tax risks, have materialized during the year.

The risk factors that have materialized during 2022 in the countries and markets in which SIEMENS GAMESA has done business have had an adverse impact on the Group's financial results, the most significant being increase of raw material prices, inflation increase, launch of new products, ramp-up costs, supply chain disruptions and, project execution.

It is noteworthy that activities in 2023 will be subject to the continuation of these same risk factors in the development of the wind market. The Group also expects to face uncertainties arising from the Ukraine-Russia conflict related to embargoes, sanctions and energy prices.

E.6. Explain the response and oversight plans for the company's main risks, including tax risks, as well as the procedures followed by the company in order to ensure that the Board of Directors responds to any new challenges that arise.

The specific response and supervision actions that apply to significant risks (including tax risks) that are regularly reported to the Board of Directors and to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee (whether or not they have occurred) include:

#### Strategic

- Creation of a multidisciplinary team that establishes health and safety protocols (including protective equipment and testing), analyses and manages the supply chain, project execution and the inclusion of new clauses in contracts that mitigate pandemic risk and commodity risk.
- Development of new business opportunities, entry into new countries, and cost reduction programmes at all segments (Service, WTGs) to mitigate the risk of pressure on the margin and the risk of losing volume.
- SIEMENS GAMESA monitors the employee satisfaction through surveys, performs succession plans for all its key positions to grant that all positions are covered with right skilled employees and promotes the professional career of its employees with many activities including among other mentoring programs
- The possible effects of specific drops in business due to "country risk" are mitigated with a balanced diversification of sales in other countries/regions, diversification in the supply chain and a Security Model that ensures the continuity and security of the business, of people and of assets in the countries in which the Company does business, using early alerts and contingency and emergency plans.

### Risk Management and Control Systems

• SGRE continuously reviews it compliance with all contracts and laws where it operates and takes ESG as a high priority. The ESG department continuously monitors the ESG situation

### Operational

- New products and production centres are regularly monitored to ensure that both cost and quality are fulfilled as expected.
- Commitments to customers suppliers or any kind of stakeholders are regularly monitored, and negotiation and product reassignment alternatives are sought.
- There is an ongoing reduction in costs through specific goal-based programmes deployed in all regions and controlled by the corporation, seeking to improve profitability in terms of cost of energy and gross margin.
- A project has been created using a multidisciplinary team to pursue best practices in order to obtain excellence in project execution. The Company also analyses its projects on a recurring basis and has defined controls within the Internal Control System to monitor the management thereof.
- A multidisciplinary Security Committee leads and continuously improves our Information Security Model that is working on preventing and mitigating the external threats of cyberattacks.
- We implemented a second source supply strategy to mitigate supply chain risks and signed long-term agreements with suppliers of critical components to ensure their availability.
- Market risk relating to the price of raw materials is mitigated in some cases by using derivatives, as well as through negotiations, including indexation of raw material pricing in sales agreements, a search for secondary sources of supply, and even the redesign of some components.

### **Financial**

- Risks relating to the needs of the wind market regarding third party guarantees are mitigated by improving the financial strength of the Company to further obtain investment grade ratings, as well as through negotiation with customers.
- Balance sheet risks are prevented / mitigated by continuously monitoring cash flows and significant business issues that could lead to impairments of assets. Monitoring includes (among other things) the existence of procedures that specify exactly when a triggering event occurred which requires a so-called impairment test that could result in an impairment. Regarding financial leverage, the company continuously monitors its ratios and decides if changes in its capital structure are needed.
- Various actions are taken to reduce exposure to foreign exchange rate risk, including: increase in local content, hedging through the use of derivative financial instruments, monitoring of exposure to fluctuations while ensuring compliance with the Group's hedging policy that requires a minimum level of hedging, including the analysis of currency sensitivity.
- The allocation of external financing between variable and fixed rates is constantly analysed in order to optimise exposure to interest rates, and derivative financial instruments are used to reduce interest rate risk.
- The inflation risk is covered through second sourcing of suppliers, cost out measures, fixed interest rates and use of derivatives for variable rates, and continuous people management (including negotiations with unions)
- Tax risks are controlled with various mechanisms established within the Tax Risk Control and Analysis Framework, including regularly reporting to the management and supervisory bodies of the Company on compliance with good tax practices; application of the Corporate Tax Policy; and specific monitoring of compliance with legal requirements on tax matters by region.
- The possible risks coming from migrations to new systems or from reorganizations and outsourcings is covered through specific corporate functions management (including IT) and its continuous reporting to the top management. The actions include among others reviews of project status, performance indicators and resource needs.

### Compliance

• The risk of serious and fatal accidents is mitigated through various actions, including: strengthening of the zero tolerance policy; specific emergency plans for each serious accident; global prevention plans for the regions with the worst results; preventive health & safety actions prior to commencing operations in a new country; health & safety plans for subcontractors and continuous training.

### Risk Management and Control Systems

• SIEMENS GAMESA has a Handbook and Systems for monitoring regulatory changes and crime prevention in accordance with the legal requirements and risks associated to the Company's activities in the principal regions in which it does business. This include the corresponding specific detection and prevention controls of such risks with special focus on all forms of corruption (including bribery, extortion, embezzlement, influence peddling and misappropriation of assets).

### Climate

- SIEMENS GAMESA is carbon neutral since end of 2019, its core business is the renewable energy sector and assets are safeguarded by the Real Estate department The Company does also perform scenario analysis on different climate change scenarios to prepare itself for such potential climate risk situations
- SGRE continuously reviews its compliance with the environment rules and regulations and takes ESG as a high priority. The Health Safety & Environment ("HSE") department and the ESG departments continuously monitor the environmental and ESG situation

Additional information regarding response plans and supervision is enclosed in the Management Report included in the Annual Report and in the Consolidated Financial Statements of 2022.

Continuous supervision and monitoring processes are also developed to ensure an appropriate response to the principal risks of the Company, including the following:

- Control by the heads of the business units, the regions and the Executive Committee regarding the evolution of Risks & Opportunities ("R/O") maps and mitigation plans.
- Reports to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee of the Board of Directors regarding changes in the R/O maps by the head of RIC, and additionally individually by the R/O owners to deal with significant risks and opportunities.
- Insurance of operational third-party risks, with annual update and review of coverages.
- External management system certifications pursuant to ISO 45001, ISO 14001 and ISO9001.
- · Aenor certificate in UNE 19602 standard related to the tax compliance management system.
- Internal certifications by Management to the effect that the ERM process, as part of the risk and internal control system, is implemented and guarantees that significant risks and opportunities are being effectively managed.
- Evaluations, including independent evaluations, by Management, by the internal audit department and by external review of the effectiveness of the risk management systems.
- · Regular training sessions for managers and senior managers regarding ERM Policy and Methodology.
- · Internal audits of significant risks by the Internal Audit Department.

### F. INTERNAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND **CONTROL SYSTEMS** RELATING TO THE PROCESS OF PUBLISHING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (ICFR)

Describe the mechanisms forming your company's Internal Control over Financial Reporting (ICFR) system.

### F.1. The entity's control environment

Report on at least the following, describing their principal features:

F.1.1. The bodies and/or departments that are responsible for: (i) the existence and maintenance of an adequate and effective ICFR system; (ii) its implementation; and (iii) its supervision.

According to section 4.b of Article 529.quaterdecies of the **Spanish Companies Act**, and without prejudice to the other duties stipulated in the By-Laws or in compliance with them in addition to those set out in the board of directors' regulations, the **audit committee** shall have, as a minimum, the following duties: to oversee the effectiveness of the company's internal controls, internal audit and risk management systems, including the tax risks as well as to discuss with the external auditor any significant weaknesses in the internal control system detected in the course of the audit, without compromising its independence. To this end, and where appropriate, recommendations or proposals may be submitted to the Board of Directors and the corresponding time frame for follow-up activities.

According to Article 33.5.g of SIEMENS GAMESA's By-Laws, the **Board of Directors** has among its competencies "preparing the financial statements and the report on individual management of the Company and consolidated management reports with its subsidiaries, as well as the proposed allocation of earnings for approval, where applicable, by the Shareholders' General Meeting". Likewise, as established by Article 7.3a) of

the Regulations of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors has, among others, the competency of overseeing the internal information and control systems and the transparency and accuracy of the information provided by the Company and approving the financial information which, as a result of its status as listed on the stock exchange, should be published regularly.

The Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee establish that it is within the responsibilities of said Committee to oversee the effectiveness of the Company's internal control system, the risk management system, including tax risks and oversight of the process of preparing and filing the regulated financial information.

In relation to the powers relating to the process of preparing the economic and financial information, the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee performs the following functions, among others, as defined in Article 8 of the Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee:

- Oversee the process of preparation and submission and the clarity and integrity of economic and financial
  information relating to the Company and its consolidated Group, as well as the correct definition of the
  perimeter of such Group, and raise the recommendations or proposals to the Board of Directors that may
  deem appropriate in this sense. The Committee shall perform its duty of overseeing continuously and, on
  an ad-hoc basis, when requested by the Board of Directors.
- Oversee that all periodic economic and financial information (Half-Yearly Financial Reports and the
  quarterly management statements) is formulated under the same accounting criteria as the annual financial
  information and, for this purpose and where appropriate, propose to the Board of Directors that the auditor
  perform a limited review thereof.
- Oversee compliance with legal requirements and the correct application of generally accepted accounting principles and inform the Board of any significant changes in accounting criteria.
- Oversee the reasons why the Company should disclose in its public reporting certain alternative
  performance measures, instead of the metrics defined directly by accounting standards, the extent to which
  such alternative performance measures provide useful information to investors and the degree of
  compliance with the best practices and international recommendations in this respect.
- Be informed of the significant adjustments identified by the auditor or arising from Internal Audit reviews, and management's position on such adjustments.
- Address, respond to and properly take account of any requests or demands issued, in the current or in
  previous years, by the supervisory authority of financial reporting to ensure that the type of incident
  previously identified in such demands does not recur in the financial statements.
- Oversee on a quarterly basis that the financial information published on the corporate website of the Company is regularly updated and matches the information authorized by the Board of Directors and published on the National Securities Market Commission website. Following the oversight, if the Committee is not satisfied with any aspect, it shall notify such aspect to the Board of Directors through its secretary.

In relation to the internal control and risk management systems, as defined in Article 10 of said Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee:

- Receive regular reports from management on the functioning of existing systems and on the conclusions
  of any tests conducted on such systems by internal auditors or any other professional specifically engaged
  for this purpose, and on any significant internal control shortfall detected by the statutory auditor in the
  course of its statutory auditing work. As a result of this oversight the Committee may raise
  recommendations or proposals to the Board of Directors.
- Oversee, at least on an annual basis, all risk policies and propose amendments thereof or the adoption of new policies to the Board of Directors.
- Oversee that policies on the control and management of risks identify or determine at least:
  - i. The different types of financial and non-financial risks (financial, operational, strategic, and compliance) affecting the Company and its Group, including financial or economic risks, contingent liabilities and other off-balance sheet risks.
  - ii. The levels of risk that the Company and the SIEMENS GAMESA Group deem acceptable in accordance with the Corporate Governance Standards.
  - iii. The planned measures to mitigate the impact of identified risks, should they materialize.
  - iv. The information and internal control systems used to control and manage risks.

- Oversee, at least on an annual basis, the key financial and non-financial risks and the level of tolerance established.
- Oversee that the Risk department participates in defining the risk strategy, in the correct functioning and
  effectiveness of the control systems and in mitigating the risks detected.
- Hold, at least on an annual basis, a meeting with the officers heading up business units of the Group in order to explain the business trends and the related risks.
- Generally, oversee that the internal control policies and systems are effectively applied in practice by
  receiving reports from internal control and internal audit officers and from the executive management
  reaching conclusions on the standard of confidence and reliability provided by the system, coupled with
  proposed improvements.

The Management of SIEMENS GAMESA Group is responsible through its Risk and Internal Control department (reporting to the CFO) for the design, implementation and maintenance of Internal Control. The Risk and Internal Control ("RIC") function regularly reports to the Audit, Compliance, Related Party Transaction Committee including on the overall status of the Internal Control system, non-ICFR and ICFR specific content. The Group's internal control system is managed through a company-wide platform called "SAP GRC (Governance Risk and Compliance).

The Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee, is supported by the Company's Internal Audit department, which functionally reports to the Audit Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee and by executing its annual work plan reinforces controls related to the reliability of the financial information.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group's internal control system considers the core elements of COSO 'Internal Control – Integrated Framework' (2013) – the most broadly accepted control framework. The framework defines the elements of a control system and sets the benchmark for evaluating the effectiveness of the internal control system.

- F.1.2. Indicate whether the following exist, especially in relation to the drawing up of financial information:
  - Departments and/or mechanisms in charge of: (i) the design and review of the organisational structure; (ii) clear definition of lines of responsibility and authority with an appropriate distribution of tasks and functions; and (iii) ensuring that adequate procedures exist for their proper dissemination throughout the entity.

In relation to the definition of the organizational structure, the regulations of the **Board of Directors** establish that the **Appointments and Remuneration Committee** must inform the Board of Directors of the proposals for appointment and removal of Top Management and must also report on the remuneration conditions and terms and conditions of the employment contracts thereof prior to their approval by the Board of Directors.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group's **Executive Committee** is responsible for defining, designing and reviewing the organizational structure. It assigns functions and tasks, ensuring appropriate segregation of duties and that the areas of the various departments are coordinated to achieve the Company's objectives.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group has clearly defined lines of authority and responsibility for purposes of preparing the financial information. The **CFO organization** has the main responsibility for preparing the financial information. The CFO organization is responsible for the existence and proper dissemination within SIEMENS GAMESA Group of the internal policies and procedures that are necessary to ensure reliability in the process of preparing the financial information. The CFO organization also plans the key dates and reviews to be carried out by each responsible department. Additionally, the Risk & Internal Control department (reporting to the CFO) is responsible for the existence and proper dissemination within the Group of the Internal Control policies and procedures.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group has financial organizational structures that are adapted to the local needs of each region in which it operates, led by a **Managing Director Administration & Finance of the legal entities** whose duties include the following responsibilities:

- Compliance with local law & regulations
- Financial (IFRS & local GAAP) & local tax reporting: "Clean books & records"
- Internal Controls, including quarterly attestation of financials (certification letter)

Specifically, and as regards to ICFR, the existing organizational structure has resources for the proper functioning thereof, with centralized guidelines that are controlled and overseen at central SIEMENS GAMESA

Group level and with local-level implementation in each region with the aim to ensure a harmonized execution of the processes considered key for the Company.

• Code of conduct, the body approving this, degree of dissemination and instruction, principles and values covered (stating whether there is specific mention of record keeping and preparation of financial information), body charged with analyzing breaches and proposing corrective actions and sanctions.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group has its own Business Conduct Guidelines, the current version of which was approved by its Board of Directors on September 12, 2018. The Business Conduct Guidelines define SIEMENS GAMESA Group's attitude in relation to the conduct of a responsible business and describe how SIEMENS GAMESA Group fulfils its responsibilities as a company, i.e. as an employer, in its markets, in society and towards the environment. This Business Conduct Guidelines are available both on the corporate website and on the internal intranet since a specific company-wide communication by the Chief Executive Officer.

Regarding its financial information, SIEMENS GAMESA Group is committed to transparent, clear, truthful, complete and consistent reporting to investors, employees, customers, institutions and governmental agencies.

More specifically, the Business Conduct Guidelines state that as an international company, SIEMENS GAMESA Group is committed to accurate and truthful reporting to investors, employees, customers, business partners, the public and all government agencies. SIEMENS GAMESA Group follows all applicable laws, regulations, standards and practices.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group ensures that its books and records are kept completely, accurately and truthfully, are prepared in time and in accordance with the applicable rules and standards (IFRS) and comply with the internal Financial Reporting Guidelines and follow internal control processes.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group provides correct and complete information for financial reporting purposes.

Whistleblower channel allowing notifications to the audit committee of irregularities of a financial and
accounting nature, in addition to potential breaches of the code of conduct and unlawful activities
undertaken in the organization, indicating whether this channel is confidential and whether anonymous
notifications can be made, protecting the rights of the whistleblower and the person reported.

Among other aspects and in relation to the Business Conduct Guidelines, the Compliance department, which reports functionally to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee, is responsible for resolving doubts that may arise and for receiving any queries or complaints via the established channels that are referred to in the Business Conduct Guidelines for actions that are unethical, lack integrity or conflict with the principles included therein.

In accordance with the provisions of the Business Conduct Guidelines and of Article 11.g of the Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee with respect to its duties relating to the Corporate Governance function, SIEMENS GAMESA Group has developed a Compliance Integrity Hotline that allows its internal and external stakeholders to report confidentially or anonymously any potentially significant irregularities that relate to financial or accounting irregularities that they discover within the Company.

The Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee is responsible for establishing and overseeing the Compliance Integrity Hotline which SIEMENS GAMESA Group manages through its Compliance department according to the conditions and powers set forth in the Compliance Handbook, which form part of the internal regulations and which sets out its operation and conditions for use, access, scope and other aspects.

As established in Articles 12.b and 12.c of the Regulations of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee, the Compliance department has the duty of assessing and reporting on the level of compliance with the Business Conduct Guidelines; it will submit such reports to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee with information on suggestions, concerns, proposals and breaches.

It is for the Compliance department, upon receipt of a complaint that satisfies a series of requirements and minimum content, to decide whether it is appropriate to process or file such complaint.

If there is evidence of an infringement of the Business Conduct Guidelines, a confidential case file will be opened, and such actions as deemed necessary may be commenced, particularly interviews with the parties involved, witnesses or third parties considered capable of providing useful information and collection of such paper or electronic documents as required. Assistance may also be obtained from other areas of the Company if deemed suitable, as well as from independent experts (establishing an investigative team).

Upon conclusion of the complaint procedure, the investigative team will prepare a report that will contain at least a description of the context of the investigation, its findings, the legal advice on such findings and the actions to rectify the problem.

The **Disciplinary Committee** (comprising the representatives of the Financial, Legal, Compliance and Human Resources departments) is responsible for establishing relevant disciplinary measures for cases of breach of the Business Conduct Guidelines which are proportionate to the severity of said breaches.

If the Compliance department finds evidence of unlawful conduct when processing the case and preparing the report, it will inform the Legal department to assess whether competent legal or administrative authorities must be informed.

• Training and periodic refresher programmes for personnel involved in the preparation and revision of financial information, as well as in the assessment of the ICFR system, covering at least accounting standards, auditing, internal control and risk management.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group has staff recruitment procedures and processes in place to identify and define selection and recruitment process milestones ensuring that new employees are qualified to perform the responsibilities associated with their position.

A main line of action for the SIEMENS GAMESA Group is managing employee knowhow through the identification, development and retention of the required talent and knowhow, in addition to ensuring the proper transfer thereof.

In this context, SIEMENS GAMESA Group has processes and tools to determine the level of performance and development needs for the people who make up its organization.

The staff directly and indirectly responsible for actions in the financial and accounting area have been subject to previously established selection and recruitment processes, and moreover, their training needs have been analyzed in internal development processes. They have the necessary professional qualifications and expertise to perform their duties, both in terms of applicable accounting standards and internal control-related principles. These staff are kept continuously up to date with applicable regulatory requirements.

Specifically, the Compliance department provides various training sessions on the Business Conduct Guidelines and the Whistle-blower channel. Also, the Risks & Internal control function in regards of the assessment of the ICFR system, conducts specific training and/or refreshing sessions among the selected assessors.

### F.2. Assessment of risks in financial reporting

Report on at least the following:

- F.2.1. The main characteristics of the risk identification process, including risks of error and fraud, as regards:
  - Whether the process exists and is documented.

The Company's Internal Control System including Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (ICFR) are based on the international standards established by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO").

All entities are classified into 'High', 'Medium' or 'Low' importance. This categorization primarily reflects the financial importance of the entities to SIEMENS GAMESA Group based on quantitative aspects such as previous and forecast entity revenue, income before taxes, total assets, but also based on other qualitative aspects. The whole Internal Controls setup requires a related assessment process based on the set of centrally defined Control Objectives.

Also, as part of the account scoping, significant accounts and disclosures are defined based on quantitative and qualitative criteria. Each significant account and disclosure are then linked to at least one applicable ICFR Control Objective.

Global Process Owners formulate "Control Objectives" as essentials of the Governance Framework (including Internal Controls over Financial Reporting (ICFR) and other High-risk areas). Those centrally defined Control Objectives form the basis for the annual assessments.

The overall set of Control Objectives is applicable to all entities (incl. affiliates) and subject to different degrees of assessment on a risk-based approach. To determine the minimum Assessment Approach required for each

Control Objective, Global Process Owners consider the categorization of entities (High-Medium-Low), as well as their judgment of other qualitative aspects of the underlying control requirement.

There are three different Assessment Approaches:

- Detailed Assessment (DA): Detailed Assessment requires that Key Controls addressing Control Objectives are identified and documented. A Test of Design (ToD) and a Test of Operating Effectiveness (ToE) must be performed for each identified Key Control by SIEMENS GAMESA Group individuals who are independent from the control operation and who have no vested interest in the outcome of the assessment (i.e. independent Assessors). Control Objectives are rated as 'achieved' or 'not achieved' based on the outcome of the ToD and the ToE of the related Key Controls, 'control gap deficiencies' and ad-hoc deficiencies', if any.
- Self-Assessment (SA): Unlike a Detailed Assessment, a Self-Assessment can be performed by SIEMENS
  GAMESA Group individuals who are responsible for or perform the activities addressing the Control
  Objective. The Self-Assessment Approach requires the Assessor to provide an assessment as to whether
  the Control Objective is achieved, supported by a rationale describing the activities performed by the entity
  providing assurance that this is the case.
- No Specific Assessment Required (NSAR): No Specific Assessment Required releases an entity from the
  obligation to conduct, document and report a formal assessment. However, entity management ensures
  that these Control Objectives are complied with by executing adequate control activities and reporting any
  related deficiencies of which they are aware.

Each of the different Assessment Approaches provides distinctive levels of assurance. The minimum Assessment Approach stipulated by the Global Process Owners reflects the level of assurance required for each Control Objective, based on the entity category taking into account the potential risk exposure and corresponding level of effort required to complete the assessment. The scope of activities to be performed by each entity is different, depending on the entity's impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements of SIEMENS GAMESA Group, including the size and specific risks associated with an entity.

The basis of the Internal Control System is embedded within the Risk Control Framework (RCF) which provides a clear and consistent set of Control Objectives (COs) assisting management and staff to appropriately control the areas for which they are responsible. The Risk Control Framework has been developed as a single source and reference point for global Control Objectives resulting from relevant risks deriving from the key business processes. Control Objectives are structured into four categories: Strategic, Operations, Financial and Compliance, on the basis of the established COSO 2017 framework. This allows the organization to break down its control environment into manageable aspects and to work towards achieving its overall purpose. Control Objectives included in the RCF form the basis for the annual assessments.

The Internal Control system over Financial Reporting (ICFR) is embedded in the RCF and is a subset of control objectives specifically addressed to oversee financial reporting. The purpose of this financial reporting-related internal control system is to ensure that financial information preparation and reporting is conducted in a proper manner in order to prevent or identify material misstatements therein with reasonable assurance. ICFR is based on the internationally recognized 'Internal Control – Integrated Framework' developed by COSO and because of its importance, it receives a more detailed level of review by increasing the level of assessment required.

The key outputs of the SIEMENS GAMESA Group Internal Control System are:

• SIEMENS GAMESA Group's 'In Control' Statement.

The SIEMENS GAMESA Group 'In Control' Statement provides assurance, although not absolute assurance, that the organization's key risks are being adequately managed, for example that assets are safeguarded, financial reporting is reliable, and laws and regulations are complied with. The SIEMENS GAMESA Group 'In Control' Statement is supported by 'In Control' Certifications from the entities reporting to the organizational level issuing the 'In Control' Statement of SIEMENS GAMESA Group.

Quarterly Internal Certification

CEO, COO, CFO and Head of Accounting of SIEMENS GAMESA Group certify that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit and loss of the Group and the Group Management Report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the financial position of the Group.

To support the CEO, COO, CFO and Head of Accounting's external certification, a Quarterly Internal Certification process has been implemented. The result of the Quarterly Internal Certification Process is

reported to CEO, COO, CFO and Head of Accounting and, if necessary, the Audit Committee of SIEMENS GAMESA Group is informed of any irregularities in the Internal Certification process.

A fraud risk assessment is a principle stipulated by the COSO framework. Every SIEMENS GAMESA Group entity in ICFR scope must assess its susceptibility to fraud through a fraud risk assessment involving appropriate levels of management such as ICFR team, experienced Accounting Managers, and the entities Managing Directors. While the extent of activities required for the evaluation of fraud risks depends on the size and complexity of a company's operations and financial reporting environment, management recognizes that the risk of material misstatement due to fraud exists in any organization, regardless of size or type.

The ICFR system of SIEMENS GAMESA Group includes programs and controls to prevent and detect fraud. Therefore, the documentation and evaluation of an entity must cover activities specifically intended to address the risks of fraud that have at least a reasonably possible likelihood of having a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group has set up different activities to prevent and detect fraud by addressing the following elements:

- · Creating a culture of honesty and high ethics;
- Evaluating antifraud processes and controls; and
- Developing an appropriate oversight process.
- Whether the process covers all the objectives of financial reporting (existence and occurrence; completeness; valuation; presentation; disclosure and comparability; and rights and obligations), whether it is updated and if so, how often.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group is responsible for the fair presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements that reflect the nature and operations of the entity. In representing that the Consolidated Financial Statements are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, management implicitly or explicitly makes assertions regarding the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of information in the Consolidated Financial Statements. Each Significant Account or Disclosure can be linked to one or more relevant assertions.

To be able to state the effectiveness of ICFR it is necessary that through a set of Key Controls all relevant financial statement assertions per Significant Account or Disclosure are covered. Assertions are classified according to the following categories:

- Existence or Occurrence (E/O) assets, liabilities and ownership interests exist at a specific date and recorded transactions represent events that actually occurred during a certain period;
- Completeness (C) all transactions and other events that occurred during a specific period and should
  have been recognized in that period have, in fact, been recorded. There are no unrecorded assets,
  liabilities, transactions or events or undisclosed items (applicable to balance sheet and revenue and
  expense accounts and possibly disclosures);
- Rights and Obligations (R&O) the entity holds or controls the rights to assets, and liabilities are the
  obligations of the entity (applicable to balance sheet accounts);
- Valuation or Assignment (V/A) asset, liability, equity, revenue and expense components are recorded by appropriate amounts in conformity with SIEMENS GAMESA Financial Reporting Guidelines (FRG) that are in line with IFRS. Transactions are mathematically correct and appropriately summarized and recorded in the entity's books and records;
- Presentation and Disclosure (P&D) financial information and disclosures in the statements are properly classified, described clearly and disclosed, in accordance with the SIEMENS GAMESA FRGs.
- The existence of a process for identifying the scope of consolidation, taking into account, among other factors, the possible existence of complex corporate structures or special purpose vehicles.

In accordance with the recommendations of the Good Governance Code for Listed Companies, Article 7.3.b.iv of the Regulations of the Board of Directors establishes the power to approve the creation or purchase of stocks in special-purpose entities or entities in countries or territories that are considered tax havens as well as any other transaction or operation of a comparable complexity, according to applicable law.

Additionally, and in this context, the SIEMENS GAMESA Group's Corporate Tax Policy states that in carrying out its activities, SIEMENS GAMESA Group shall follow the principles of an orderly and diligent tax policy that materializes in the commitment to:

- Avoiding the use of artificial and/or opaque structures for tax purposes, with the latter understood as those
  used to keep the competent Tax Authorities from knowing the final party responsible for the activities or
  the ultimate owner of the property or rights involved.
- Not organizing or acquiring companies residing in tax havens in order to avoid tax obligations.

The SIEMENS GAMESA Group also maintains a continuously updated record of all the legal entities that sets forth all the equity interests it directly or indirectly holds, whatever the nature thereof, including if applicable shell companies and special-purpose entities.

For purposes of identifying the scope of consolidation, in accordance with the standards established in international accounting regulations, the Company maintains and regularly updates a database containing all the companies that make up the SIEMENS GAMESA Group.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group has an established process within the Financial Accounting & Controlling department that ensures the necessary flow of approvals in relation to changes in the scope of consolidation and updates to the database of companies. The scope of consolidation is monitored as part of the consolidation process and within the established internal control over the financial reporting system.

 Whether the process takes into account the effects of other types of risk (operational, technological, financial, legal, tax, reputational, environmental, etc.) to the extent that they affect the financial statements.

The Risk Control Framework (RCF) is the central reference point for all Control Objectives resulting from risks within the the key business processes and forms the basis for the Internal Control process. At the highest level the RCF is structured based on four categories of the COSO 2017 framework: Strategic, Operations, Financial and Compliance.

Furthermore, there is an Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) system implemented which is further defined in Section E of this report.

The governing body within the company that supervises the process.

The process is ultimately overseen by the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee, which is supported by the Internal Audit department in the performance of its duties.

### F.3. Control activities

Report on whether the company has at least the following, describing their main characteristics:

F.3.1. Review and authorization procedures for financial information and a description of the ICFR, to be disclosed to the securities markets, indicating those responsible, as well as documentation describing the flow of activity and controls (including those relating to the risk of fraud) of the various types of transactions which may materially affect the financial statements, including accounting closing procedures and the specific review of significant judgements, estimates, valuations and projections.

The Board of Directors is the highest-level body responsible for overseeing the preparation and the formulation of the financial statements of the SIEMENS GAMESA Group that are submitted for approval to the AGM.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group sends information to the securities market on a quarterly basis. The Financial Accounting & Controlling department prepares said information, carrying out a series of control activities during the accounting close in order to ensure the reliability of the financial information. These controls are included within the "Consolidation and Financial Close" process in SIEMENS GAMESA Group's ICFR model.

On a monthly basis, Financial Accounting & Controlling department provides the various departments involved in the accounting closing process with plans and guidelines so that each department can prepare the financial information, as well as the date on which it must be reported.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group's financial statements are subject to the following review levels:

- Review by Financial Accounting & Controlling department.
- Oversight by the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee.
- Approval by the Board of Directors (half-yearly and annual).

The annual accounts and interim financial statements summarized on a half-yearly basis are also subject to audit and limited review, respectively, by the statutory auditor.

As mentioned previously, on a quarterly basis, there is an internal certification process throughout SIEMENS GAMESA's Group. The Management of the different organizational levels and legal entities, backed by the confirmations from the business units' management as well as the management of the companies of the SIEMENS GAMESA Group, confirm a) the accuracy of the financial data disclosed to Corporate Management, b) regulatory and legal compliance, c) certification of the bank accounts and d) independence vis-à-vis the external auditor of SIEMENS GAMESA Group.

Also as mentioned previously, there is an assessment of the design and operational effectiveness of the implemented Internal Control System and the ICFR at the end of each financial year. The Management of the different organizational levels and legal entities, backed by the management of the companies of the SIEMENS GAMESA Group, confirms through signing the yearly 'In Control' Certification the fulfilment of its responsibility to establish and maintain an effective internal control system and ICFR. Reports are produced on the effectiveness of the internal control systems, including the addressed deficiencies that could hinder the achievement or development of the key business objectives or those with a material impact on the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared based on a reporting calendar and delivery dates that are known to all the participants in the process, taking into account the legally established deadlines.

Judgements, estimates, valuations and relevant forecasts are made at different levels of the organization, are escalated to a higher organization level as appropriate, and are integral part of the quarterly financial statements that are confirmed by the Managing Directors and Head of Accounting of the legal entities as well as by the responsible BU management.

F.3.2. Internal IT control policies and procedures (access security, control of changes, system operation, operational continuity and segregation of duties, among others) which support significant processes within the company relating to the preparation and publication of financial information.

IT controls are processes and procedures that provide reasonable assurance that the information technology used by SIEMENS GAMESA Group operates as intended and that data are reliable. IT General Controls (ITGCs) provide the foundation for reliance on data, reports, automated controls, and other system functionality underlying business processes. The security, integrity, and reliability of financial information relies on proper security configuration, access controls, change management, and operational controls. ICFR IT General Controls (ITGC) are pervasive controls that predominantly serve as the foundation for related IT Application Controls (ITAC) or Manual IT Dependent Controls (MITDC).

SIEMENS GAMESA Group considers information technology to be one of its most important assets to properly and efficiently provide its services and to comply with corporate objectives and laws, thus establishing ITGCs as a fundamental objective to ensure that the information processed is accurate, is only available to those who need it and is not disclosed without authorization.

Specifically, and within the scope of the Internal Control System including Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting (ICFR), SIEMENS GAMESA Group has designed and implemented an ITGC framework that is comprised of the following control activities:

- Security configuration: The key attributes of the security configuration are appropriately implemented, following Company security standards. Exceptions to the security configuration are approved by the system owner and are documented. Password and authentication parameters have been set in accordance with Company security standards.
- Access Control: A user access management process is documented, approved and implemented and
  covers the procedure for granting, changing and removing access to all users, including end-users,
  privileged users and system administrators. The use of users with administrative or privileged rights follows
  an authorization process and is appropriately restricted by limiting access to the minimum practical number
  of users.
- Segregation of Duties (SoD): An Authorization Concept has been defined, documented and implemented
  for all ICFR relevant applications, considering restriction on usage of system standard profiles, roles and
  users as well as privileged accounts, emergency users and shared/unpersonalized users. A Segregation
  of Duties (SoD) matrix has been defined for all relevant processes/roles, based on the Authorization
  Concept. SoD is monitored and conflicting access is dealt with. A review of all user authorizations to verify
  the adequacy of access rights based on job responsibilities is conducted and documented regularly.

- Change management: A defined and documented IT Change Management process has been formally
  approved and implemented. All changes impacting ICFR relevant applications are requested, authorized,
  tested, implemented, approved and documented following the change management process. Traceability
  of the whole change management process is ensured for all changes. The productive system is locked
  against direct modifications (when technically feasible) and access to the production environment is
  appropriately restricted.
- Back up: A Backup Concept has been defined, documented and implemented for all ICFR relevant
  applications, considering the data to be backed up, the frequency and retention period, responsibilities
  and authorizations, creation of logs, etc. A process is in place to monitor that data is regularly backed-up
  and failures/deviations are dealt with.
- Operational monitoring and scheduled processing: A guideline regarding system logging and monitoring (critical activities, including administrators and operators) has been defined for all ICFR relevant applications. Audit logs are produced and kept for an agreed period. Deviations from scheduled processing are monitored and followed up.
- F.3.3. Internal control policies and procedures for overseeing the management of activities subcontracted to third parties, as well as of those aspects of assessment, calculation or valuation entrusted to independent experts, which may materially affect financial statements.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group sub-contracts the performance of certain routine transaction processing activities with an impact on financial information (e.g. accounts payable, payroll, invoice records) to internal shared service centers or external/Group service providers. In the cases in which this sub-contracting occurs, it is backed by a services agreement on fully competitive terms that clearly indicates the service provided and the means that the provider, internal, external or Group will use to provide the services, reasonably guaranteeing the technical expertise, and competence of the sub-contracted party.

In any case, the outsourced activities are mainly different administrative processes in offices and subsidiary companies that are supported by a services agreement that clearly states the service provided and the means that the qualified external professional provider will use to provide the services, reasonably ensuring the technical qualifications, and competence of the sub-contracted party. SIEMENS GAMESA Group's Internal Control System including Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (ICFR) defines control activities for activities outsourced to third parties.

There is also an internal procedure for the procurement of services that establishes the requirement for certain levels of approval depending on the transaction value.

Such services are procured by the Heads of the corresponding functions, reasonably ensuring the competence and technical and legal qualifications of the sub-contracted parties, with the evaluations, calculations or appraisals conducted by external parties being reviewed if applicable.

### F.4. Information and communication

Report on whether the company has at least the following, describing their main characteristics:

F.4.1. A specifically assigned function for defining and updating accounting policies (accounting policy area or department) and resolving doubts or conflicts arising from their interpretation, maintaining a free flow of information to those responsible for operations in the organization, as well as an up-to-date accounting policy manual distributed to the business units through which the Company operates.

The Financial Accounting & Controlling department is responsible for identifying, defining, updating and communicating the accounting policies that affect SIEMENS GAMESA Group, as well as for responding to accounting queries that may be raised by subsidiaries or the various geographic areas and business units. In this context, it maintains a close relationship with management of the various geographical areas and business units.

The Financial Accounting & Controlling department is also responsible for reporting to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee and/or to any other corresponding body on specific aspects of accounting standards, the results of the application thereof and their impact on the financial statements.

The Company has an accounting manual that determines and explains the rules for preparing the financial information and how said rules should be applied to the Company's specific operations. This document is regularly updated and significant potential changes or updates are communicated to the companies to which they are applicable.

In case the application of accounting standards is particularly complex, the conclusion of the accounting analysis undertaken is communicated to the external auditors that are asked for their position with respect to the conclusion reached.

The accounting policies applied by the SIEMENS GAMESA Group are described in its annual accounts and are consistent with those applicable under current rules.

In the case of regulatory changes linked to financial reporting that have an impact on the Financial Statements, the Financial Accounting & Controlling department is responsible for reviewing, analyzing and updating the accounting rules as well as for supervising the adoption of new standards or revisions from the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and those standards, changes and interpretations that have yet to come into force. The Financial Controlling & Accounting department is also responsible for communicating changes or updates to the Company's departments and the subsidiaries.

F.4.2. Mechanisms for capturing and preparing financial information in standardized formats for application and use by all units of the entity or group, and support its main financial statements and notes, as well as disclosures concerning ICFR.

There is a centralized process for consolidating and preparing the financial information. The financial statements reported by the Group's subsidiaries in the established formats, as well as the rest of the financial information required to follow the Financial Reporting Guidelines.

The SIEMENS GAMESA Group uses a software tool that collects the individual financial statements and facilitates the process of consolidating and preparing the financial information. This tool allows the centralization within a single system of all the information resulting from the accounting of the individual companies belonging to the Group.

In this context, the Consolidation and Reporting department establishes a centralized quarterly, half-yearly and annual close plan which distributes to each of the groups and sub-groups the appropriate instructions in relation to the scope of work required, key reporting dates, standard documentation to be sent and deadlines for receipt and communication. Among other aspects, the instructions include a reporting/ consolidation package, preliminary close, inter-company invoicing, physical inventories, inter-group balance confirmation and reconciliations, final close and pending items.

The content of the aforementioned reporting is regularly reviewed in order to respond to the appropriate breakdown requirements in the annual accounts.

ICFR is a subset of the overall internal control system and is managed through a company-wide platform called SAP GRC (Governance, risk and compliance).

### F.5. Supervision of the functioning of the system

Report on at least thefollowing, describing their principal features:

F.5.1. The activities of the audit committee in overseeing ICFR as well as whether there is an internal audit function one of the responsibilities of which is to provide support to the committee in its task of supervising the internal control system, including ICFR. Additionally, describe the scope of ICFR assessment made during the year and the procedure through which the person responsible for performing the assessment communicates its results, whether the company has an action plan detailing possible corrective measures, and whether their impact on financial reporting has been considered.

There is a regular communication between the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee, Top Management, the Head of the RIC, the Head of Internal Audit and the Statutory Auditors, so that the Board of Directors' Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee has the information necessary to perform its duties relating to the oversight of the Internal Control System including Internal Control over Financial Reporting (ICFR).

Specifically, the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee has performed the following Internal Control over Financial Reporting (ICFR) oversight activities, among others, during the financial year:

Oversee the preparation of the Group's annual accounts and the periodic quarterly and half-yearly financial
information that the Board of Directors must provide to the capital markets and to the related regulators.
Further oversee the compliance with legal requirements and the proper application of generally accepted
accounting principles in the preparation of the financial statements.

- As part of its work supervising the Internal Audit department, it has approved the annual audit plan and the IA budget that underpins the internal and external resources of the department.
- It has analyzed the External Auditors' audit plan, which includes the audit objectives based on the assessment of financial reporting risks, as well as the main areas of interest or significant transactions subject to the audit during the financial year.
- Together with the external auditors and Internal Audit, it has reviewed any internal control weaknesses
  identified in the course of the various audits and review tasks.

The Internal Control department reports on the overall Internal Control system to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee after completion of the Assessment.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group has an Internal Audit department whose powers include supporting the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transaction Committee, among others, in its work of overseeing the internal control system. The SIEMENS GAMESA Head if Internal Audit functionally reports to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transaction Committee and disciplinarily to the SIEMENS GAMESA Group CEO. This reporting relationship is intended to promote the independence needed to fulfill its responsibilities, comprehensive audit coverage and appropriate coordination with other activities of management and SIEMENS GAMESA Groups independent External Auditor.

In order to enable this supervision of the internal control system, the Internal Audit department responds to the requirements of the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transaction Committee in the performance of its duties, participating regularly and whenever required in the meetings of the Board of Directors' Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee.

The audit function provides assurance to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee on the worldwide business operations and processes of SIEMENS GAMESA Group, by independently and objectively evaluating and reporting on SIEMENS GAMESA Group's effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems, and the adherence to SIEMENS GAMESA Group's compliance policies in a systematic and regular manner.

The annual internal audit plan presented and approved by the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transaction Committee includes the performance of control reviews (including ICFRs) and establishing review priorities based on the identified risks.

The Internal Audit department has performed audits for certain significant risks in accordance with its Annual Audit Plan 2022 and has provided the corresponding reports where appropriate to the Executive Committee and to the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee.

F.5.2. Whether there is a discussion procedure whereby the auditor (as defined in the Spanish Technical Audit Standards), the internal auditor and other experts can report to senior management and the audit committee or directors of the company any significant weaknesses in internal control identified during the review of the annual financial statements or any others they have been assigned. Additionally, state whether an action plan is available for correcting or mitigating any weaknesses detected.

The Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee holds regular meetings with the external and internal auditors, the CFO, and the Head of RIC in order to discuss any relevant aspect and, if applicable, examine significant internal control deficiencies that have been identified.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group's annual accounts and the periodic financial information that the Board of Directors must supply to the markets and to the supervisory bodies thereof are reviewed at the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transaction Committee meetings with the statutory auditors, monitoring compliance with legal requirements and the proper application of generally accepted accounting principles in the preparation thereof.

Remediation actions have been defined and are being implemented for Internal Control deficiencies identified during the year according to the mitigation plan.

### F.6. Other relevant information

There is no other material and relevant information with respect to the Internal Control system including Internal Control over Financial Reporting (ICFR) that has not been included in this report.

### F.7. External auditor's report

### Report:

F.7.1. Whether the ICFR information sent to the markets has been subjected to review by the external auditor, in which case the entity should include the corresponding report as an attachment. If not, reasons why should be given.

SIEMENS GAMESA Group has requested the external auditor to issue a report reviewing the information relating to the ICFR included in this section F of the Annual Corporate Governance Report for financial year 2022.

# G. DEGREE OF COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE RECOMMENDATIONS

Specify the company's degree of compliance with recommendations of the Good Governance Code for Listed Companies.

In the event that a recommendation is not followed or only partially followed, a detailed explanation of the reasons must be included so that shareholders, investors and the market in general have enough information to assess the company's conduct. General explanations are not acceptable.

### Observations 1. That the articles of incorporation of listed companies should not limit the maximum number of votes that may be cast by one shareholder or contain other restrictions that hinder the takeover of control of the company through the acquisition of its shares on the market. Complies X Explain 2. That when the listed company is controlled by another entity in the meaning of Article 42 of the Commercial Code, whether listed or not, and has, directly or through its subsidiaries, business relations with said entity or any of its subsidiaries (other than the listed company) or carries out activities related to those of any of them it should make accurate public disclosures on: a) The respective areas of activity and possible business relationships between the listed company or its subsidiaries and the parent company or its subsidiaries. b) The mechanisms in place to resolve any conflicts of interest that may arise. Complies X Complies partially □ Explain □ Not Applicable □

3.	That, during the ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting, as a complement to the distribution of written annual corporate governance report, the chairman of the Board of Directors should infoshareholders orally, in sufficient detail, of the most significant aspects of the company's corpor governance, and in particular:			rectors should inform	
	a) Changes that have	occurred since the	last General Shareh	olders' Meeting.	
	b) Specific reasons v Code of Corporate Go				commendations of the
	Complies X	C	omplies partially		Explain □
4.	shareholders and ins and with proxy adviso treatment to similarly	stitutional investors, ors that complies in situated sharehold ormation on how it h	within the framewo all aspects with rule ers. And that the co	rk of their involve es against market a mpany should pul	on and contact with ment in the company, abuse and gives equal blish this policy on its ng the contact persons
	other types of regula communication of eco as it may consider ap	ited information, the onomic-financial, no opropriate (communi	company should a n-financial and corp cation media, socia	Iso have a genera orate information t I networks or othe	inside information and al policy regarding the hrough such channels or channels) that helps et, investors and other
	Complies X	Comp	lies partially □	Ex	plain □
5.		s allowing the issue	of shares or conv	ertible securities	eting any proposal for with the exclusion of gation.
		mptive rights, the co			vertible securities with e reports referred to by
	Complies X	Comp	ies partially □	Exp	olain □
6.		ıblish them on their	website with sufficie		a legal obligation or General Shareholders'
	a) Report on the audi	tor's independence.			
	b) Reports on the workings of the audit and nomination and remuneration committees.				
	c) Report by the audit	committee on relat	ed party transaction	s.	
	Complies X	Comp	ies partially □	Ехр	lain □
7.	That the company sh Shareholders' Meetin		ıl time, through its	website, the proce	edings of the General
	by means of data tr	ansmission and ev	en, in the case of	large-caps and to	n and casting of votes the extent that it is be conducted by such
	Complies X	Compl	ies partially	Ехр	lain □
8.					mitted to the General s. And that in cases in

which the auditor has included a qualification or reservation in its audit report, the chairman of the audit committee should clearly explain to the general meeting the opinion of the audit committee on

	its content and scope, ma the meeting is called, alon			areholders at the time when
	Complies X	Complies p	artially	Explain □
9.		ership, the right of attend	dance at the General S	rements and procedures for Shareholders' Meetings, and
	And that such requirement rights in a non-discriminate		note attendance and	the exercise of shareholder
	Complies X	Complies pa	artially	Explain □
10.				nt to complete the agenda or ders' Meeting, the company
	a) Should immediately dis-	tribute such complement	ary points and new pr	oposals for resolutions.
		items and alternative pro		with the necessary changes n in the same terms as those
	•	ed by the Board of Direct	-	oply the same voting rules to ular, assumptions or default
	d) That after the General alternative proposals be c		a breakdown of the	voting on said additions o
	Complies □	Complies partially X	Explain □	Not Applicable □
	Explanation:			
	The Company's Internal Reg	ulations complies with section	ons a), b) and d) of the R	ecommendation.
	GAMESA, which states the system for voting proposals f	system for determining the from the Board of Directors r	meaning of the votes e egarding items included	of Shareholders of SIEMENS stablishes a different deduction on the agenda than for voting or sulated by the Board of Directors
11.	That if the company intershould establish in advance			al Shareholders' Meeting, it policy should be stable.
	Complies □	Complies partially □	Explain □	Not Applicable X
12.	criterion, treating all simila	arly situated shareholders derstood to mean the pur	s equally and being gu suit of a profitable and	urpose and independence of iided by the best interests of I sustainable business in the of the business.
	and conducting itself on to practices, it should seek to	the basis of good faith, or oreconcile its own comp s, clients and other stake	ethics and a respect f any interests, when a holders that may be at	vith applicable law and rules or commonly accepted best opropriate, with the interests fected, as well as the impact the environment.
	Complies X	Complies pa	artially	Explain □
13.	That the Board of Director collegial manner, which m			ts duties effectively and in a d fifteen members.
		Complies X	Explain □	

- 14. That the Board of Directors should approve a policy aimed at favouring an appropriate composition of the Board that:
  - a) is concrete and verifiable;
  - b) Ensures that proposals for appointment or re-election are based upon a prior analysis of the skills required by the Board of Directors; and
  - c) favours diversity of knowledge, experience, age and gender. For these purposes, it is considered that the measures that encourage the company to have a significant number of female senior executives favour gender diversity.

The results of the prior analysis of the skills required by the Board of Directors be contained in the supporting report from the nomination committee published upon calling the General Shareholders' Meeting to which the ratification, appointment or re-election of each director is submitted.

The nomination committee will annually verify compliance with this policy and explain its findings in the annual corporate governance report.

Complies X Complies partially 

Explain

15. That proprietary and independent directors should constitute a substantial majority of the Board of Directors and that the number of executive directors be kept to a minimum, taking into account the complexity of the corporate group and the percentage of equity participation of executive directors.

And that the number of female directors should represent at least 40% of the members of the Board of Directors before the end of 2022 and thereafter, and no less 30% prior to that date.

Complies X Complies partially 

Explain

16. That the number of proprietary directors as a percentage of the total number of non-executive directors not be greater than the proportion of the company's share capital represented by those directors and the rest of the capital.

This criterion may be relaxed:

- a) In large-cap companies where very few shareholdings are legally considered significant.
- b) In the case of companies where a plurality of shareholders is represented on the Board of Directors without ties among them.

Complies X Explain

17. That the number of independent directors should represent at least half of the total number of directors.

That, however, when the company does not have a high level of market capitalisation or in the event that it is a large-cap company with one shareholder or a group of shareholders acting in concert who together control more than 30% of the company's share capital, the number of independent directors should represent at least one third of the total number of directors.

Complies X Explain

- 18. That companies should publish the following information on its directors on their website, and keep it up to date:
  - a) Professional profile and biography.
  - b) Any other Boards to which the directors belong, regardless of whether or not the companies are listed, as well as any other remunerated activities engaged in, regardless of type.
  - c) Category of directorship, indicating, in the case of individuals who represent significant shareholders, the shareholder that they represent or to which they are connected.
  - d) Date of their first appointment as a director of the company's Board of Directors, and any subsequent re-elections.
  - e) Company shares and share options that they own.

Complies X Complies partially 

Explain

19.	That the annual corporate governance report, after verification by the nomination committee, should explain the reasons for the appointment of any proprietary directors at the proposal of shareholders whose holding is less than 3%. It should also explain, if applicable, why formal requests from shareholders for presence on the Board were not honoured, when their shareholding was equal to or exceeded that of other shareholders whose proposal for proprietary directors was honoured.			
	Complies □	Complies partially □	Explain □	Not Applicable X
20.	the shareholder they rep proportional fashion, in th	representing significant sha resent disposes of its entire ne event that said shareholde number of proprietary direct	shareholding. They arreduces its percentage	should also resign, in a
	Complies X	Complies partially □	Explain	Not Applicable □
21.	21. That the board of directors should not propose the dismissal of any independent director before the completion of the director's term provided for in the articles of incorporation unless the Board of Directors finds just cause and a prior report has been prepared by the nomination committee Specifically, just cause is considered to exist if the director takes on new duties or commits to new obligations that would interfere with his or her ability to dedicate the time necessary for attention the duties inherent to his or her post as a director, fails to complete the tasks inherent to his or her post, or is affected by any of the circumstances which would cause the loss of independent status accordance with applicable law.			ion unless the Board of nomination committee. uties or commits to new ecessary for attention to ks inherent to his or her
	merger or other similar company, provided that s	dent directors may also be porporate transaction entailing uch changes in the structure ion criterion provided in Reco	g a change in the sha of the Board are the re	eholder structure of the
		Complies X	Explain □	
22.	where appropriate, resign not related to their action reputation, and in particular	establish rules requiring that a from their posts, when circus as in the company itself, and lar requiring them to inform the for defendants, as well as of he	umstances arise which which may harm the which may harm the which may criming the Board of any criming the same which was a second control of the same which will be same which will be same which will be same with the same will be same with the same which will be same which will be same with the same which will be same with the same which will be same which will be same which will be same which will be same which which will be same which which will be same	affect them, whether or company's standing and nal proceedings in which
	mentioned above, it must circumstances, decide, be or not any measure must director to resign or propo the annual corporate gove also be noted in the mi	nformed or becomes aware in investigate the case as quick ased on a report from the non tobe adopted, such as the opposing that he or she be dismisternance report, unless there an utes. This without prejudice, at the time when the correst	kly as possible and, d nination and remunera pening of an internal ised. And that these ever any special reasons e to the information	epending on the specific tion committee, whether investigation, asking the vents must be reported in not to do so, which must that the company must
	Complies X	Complies partia	ılly 🗆	Explain □
23.	Board of Directors to be directors and directors w	express their opposition whe against the company's inter ho are unaffected by a poten olders not represented on the	ests. This particularly tial conflict of interes	applies to independent
	director has serious rese	oard of Directors makes sign ervations, the director should s to resign, explain the reason	draw the appropriate	conclusions and, in the
	This recommendation also director.	o applies to the secretary of t	he Board of Directors,	even if he or she is not a
	Complies X	Complies partially □	Explain □	Not Applicable □

24.	That whenever, due to resignation or resolution of the General Shareholders' Meeting, a director leaves before the completion of his or her term of office, the director should explain the reasons for this decision, or in the case of non-executive directors, their opinion of the reasons for cessation, in a letter addressed to all members of the Board of Directors.			
	as it is relevant to inv		publish the cess	rate governance report, insofar ation as quickly as possible, lirector.
	Complies X	Complies partially □	Explain 🗆	Not Applicable □
25.		nmittee should make sure the perly perform their duties.	at non-executive d	irectors have sufficient time
	And that the Board regularizations may sit.	lations establish the maximu	m number of com	pany Boards on which
	Complies X	Complies par	tially □	Explain □
26.	least eight times per yea	ar, following a schedule of da	tes and agendas e	ively perform its duties, and at established at the beginning of s that do not originally appear
	Complies X	Complies par	tially □	Explain □
27.				I be quantified in the annual director appoint a proxy with
	Complies X	Complies par	tially □	Explain □
28.	regarding the direction	in which the company is hea	aded and said cor	osal or, in the case of directors, neerns are not resolved by the at the request of the director
	Complies X	Complies partially □	Explain □	Not Applicable □
29.				appropriate advice in order to ternal advice at the company's
	Complies X	Complies par	tially □	Explain □
30.	That without regard to the knowledge necessary for directors to complete their duties, companie make refresher courses available to them when circumstances make this advisable.			
	Complies X	Explain □		Not Applicable □
31.	. That the agendas of board meetings should clearly indicate those matters on which the Board of Directors is to make a decision or adopt a resolution so that the directors may study or gather a relevant information ahead of time.			
	resolution before the Bo	ard of Directors which do no	t appear on the ag	urgent matters for decision or enda, prior express agreement shall be duly recorded in the
	Complies X	Complies par	tially	Explain □
32.		lically informed of changes in and rating agencies of the co		d of the opinions of significant oup.
	Complies X	Complies par	tially □	Explain □

33.	That the chairman, as the person responsible for the efficient workings of the Board of Directors, in addition to carrying out the duties assigned by law and the articles of incorporation, should prepare and submit to the Board of Directors a schedule of dates and matters to be considered; organise and coordinate the periodic evaluation of the Board as well as, if applicable, the chief executive of the company, should be responsible for leading the Board and the effectiveness of its work; ensuring that sufficient time is devoted to considering strategic issues, and approve and supervise refreshed courses for each director when circumstances make this advisable.			
	Complies X	Complies pa	rtially □	Explain □
34.	confer upon him or her of Directors in the abseconcerns of non-execut their points of view and	ordinating director, the article the following powers in addit nce of the chairman and depoive directors; to liaise with in- respond to their concerns, in pany; and to coordinate a suc	ion to those conferred uty chairmen, should vestors and sharehold particular as those co	d by law: to chair the Board there be any; to reflect the ders in order to understand oncerns relate to corporate
	Complies X	Complies partially □	Explain □	Not Applicable □
35.	and decisions of the B	e Board of Directors should oard of Directors take into a n this Good Governance Cod	account such recomm	mendations regarding good
		Complies X	Explain □	
36.		ctors meet in plenary sessiony deficiencies detected in th		dopt, where appropriate, an
	a) The quality and efficiency of the Board of Directors' work.			
	b) The workings and composition of its committees.			
	c) Diversity in the composition and skills of the Board of Directors.			
	d) Performance of the chairman of the Board of Directors and of the chief executive officer of the company.			the chief executive officer of
	e) Performance various Board	and input of each director, properties	paying special attenti	on to those in charge of the
	<del>-</del>	evaluation of the various comemselves as a starting point see.		
		oard of Directors will rely for dence shall be verified by the		
		between the external advise any within its group must b		
	The process and the area Complies	as evaluated must be describ Complies par		orate governance report. Explain □
	Explanation:			
	The evaluation of the curre	nt CEO was excluded this year o	lue to his appointment o	n March 1, 2022.
37.		utive committee, it must condependent, and its secretary		
	Complies X	Complies partially □	Explain □	Not Applicable □
38.		tors must always be aware of and that all members of the outive committee.		

Complies X

Complies partially  $\square$ 

Not Applicable

Explain

39.		, .	•	appointed in consideration of ent issues, both financial and
	Complies X	Complies p	artially	Explain □
40.	function, which ensures	•	nal control systems	in charge of the internal audit operate correctly, and which ittee.
	Complies X	Complies p	artially 🗆	Explain □
41.	work plan to the audit on its execution, include	committee, for approval by t	hat committee or by tions of scope, the	ion should present an annua the Board, reporting directly results and monitoring of its
	Complies X	Complies partially □	Explain □	Not Applicable □

- 42. That in addition to the provisions of applicable law, the audit committee should be responsible for the following:
  - 1. With regard to information systems and internal control:
    - a) Supervising and evaluating the process of preparation and the completeness of the financial and non-financial information, as well as the control and management systems for financial and non-financial risk relating to the company and, if applicable, the group including operational, technological, legal, social, environmental, political and reputational risk, or risk related to corruption reviewing compliance with regulatory requirements, the appropriate delimitation of the scope of consolidation and the correct application of accounting criteria.
    - b) Ensuring the independence of the unit charged with the internal audit function; proposing the selection, appointment and dismissal of the head of internal audit; proposing the budget for this service; approving or proposing its orientation and annual work plans for approval by the Board, making sure that its activity is focused primarily on material risks (including reputational risk); receiving periodic information on its activities; and verifying that senior management takes into account the conclusions and recommendations of its reports.
    - c) Establishing and supervising a mechanism that allows employees and other persons related to the company, such as directors, shareholders, suppliers, contractors or subcontractors, to report any potentially serious irregularities, especially those of a financial or accounting nature, that they observe in the company or its group. This mechanism must guarantee confidentiality and in any case provide for cases in which the communications can be made anonymously, respecting the rights of the whistleblower and the person reported.
    - d) Generally ensuring that internal control policies and systems are effectively applied in practice.
  - 2. With regard to the external auditor:
    - a) In the event that the external auditor resigns, examining the circumstances leading to such resignation.
    - b) Ensuring that the remuneration paid to the external auditor for its work does not compromise the quality of the work or the auditor's independence.
    - c) Making sure that the company informs the CNMV of the change of auditor, along with a statement on any differences that arose with the outgoing auditor and, if applicable, the contents thereof.
    - d) Ensuring that the external auditor holds an annual meeting with the Board of Directors in plenary session in order to make a report regarding the tasks performed and the development of the company's accounting situation and risks.
    - e) Ensuring that the company and the external auditor comply with applicable rules regarding the provision of services other than auditing, limits on the concentration of the auditor's business, and, in general, all other rules regarding auditors' independence.

Complies X Complies partially  $\square$  Explain  $\square$ 

95

43.				ee or manager of the compar er member of management.	ıy,
	Complies X	Complies pa	artially	Explain □	
44.	company in order to perfo	orm an analysis and draw	up a prior report to	ctural changes planned by the Board of Directors on the board of Directors on the exchange ratio involved.	
	Complies X	Complies partially $\square$	Explain □	Not Applicable □	
45.	That the risk management	and control policy identif	y or determine, as	a minimum:	
	social, environmental, po	litical and reputational r	isks and risks rela	perational, technological, legating to corruption) which the ingent liabilities and other o	he
				hich will include a specialise siders it to be appropriate.	ed
	c) The level of risk that the	company considers to b	e acceptable.		
	d) Measures in place to mi materialise.	itigate the impact of the ri	sks identified in the	event that they should	
	e) Internal control and aforementioned risks, incl			r to control and manage leet risks.	he
	Complies X	Complies pa	artially □	Explain □	
46.	of the Board of Directors,	an internal risk control a	nd management fu	ole, of a specialised committenction should exist, performely charged with the following	ed
	a) Ensuring the proper fu they adequately identify, r			ystems and, in particular, th ng the company.	at
	b) Actively participating i management.	n drawing up the risk st	rategy and in impo	rtant decisions regarding ri	sk
	c) Ensuring that the risk m policy laid down by the Bo		ystems adequately	mitigate risks as defined by t	he
	Complies X	Complies p	artially □	Explain □	
47.	committee and the remune	ration committee if they ar nd experience appropriate	e separate – care be to the functions that	ommittee – or of the nominati e taken to ensure that they ha they are called upon to perfor	ve
	Complies X	Complies pa	artially	Explain □	
48.	That large-cap companies	have separate nominatio	n and remuneration	committees	
	Complies □	Explain X		Not Applicable □	
	Explanation:				
	independent, following the r	ecommendations of the Goo	od Governance Code	s, from which four are qualified of Listed Companies. Most of the MESA (composed of four member)	the

hold the qualification as independent. Three of the four independent members of the Board of Directors belong to this Committee. In case it was decided to divide into two different committees the current Appointments and

Remunerations Committee, the composition of both committees would be almost identical.

49. That the nomination committee consult with the chairman of the Board of Directors and the chief executive of the company, especially in relation to matters concerning executive directors. And that any director be able to ask the nomination committee to consider potential candidates that he or she considers suitable to fill a vacancy on the Board of Directors. Complies X Complies partially Explain 50. That the remuneration committee exercise its functions independently and that, in addition to the functions assigned to it by law, it should be responsible for the following: a) Proposing the basic conditions of employment for senior management to the Board of Directors. b) Verifying compliance with the company's remuneration policy. c) Periodically reviewing the remuneration policy applied to directors and senior managers, including share-based remuneration systems and their application, as well as ensuring that their individual remuneration is proportional to that received by the company's other directors and senior managers. d) Making sure that potential conflicts of interest do not undermine the independence of external advice given to the committee. e) Verifying the information on remuneration of directors and senior managers contained in the various corporate documents, including the annual report on director remuneration. Complies partially Explain Complies X 51. That the remuneration committee should consult with the chairman and the chief executive of the company, especially on matters relating to executive directors and senior management. Complies X Complies partially Explain 52. That the rules regarding the composition and workings of the supervision and control committees should appear in the regulations of the Board of Directors and that they should be consistent with those applying to legally mandatory committees in accordance with the foregoing recommendations, including: a) That they be composed exclusively of non-executive directors, with a majority of independent directors. b) That their chairpersons be independent directors. c) That the Board of Directors select members of these committees taking into account their knowledge, skills and experience and the duties of each committee; discuss their proposals and reports; and require them to render account of their activities and of the work performed in the first plenary session of the Board of Directors held after each committee meeting. d) That the committees be allowed to avail themselves of outside advice when they consider it necessary to perform their duties. e) That their meetings be recorded and the minutes be made available to all directors. Complies X Complies partially Explain Not Applicable

53. That verification of compliance with the company's policies and rules on environmental, social and corporate governance matters, and with the internal codes of conduct be assigned to one or divided among more than one committee of the Board of Directors, which may be the audit committee, the nomination committee, a specialised committee on sustainability or corporate social responsibility or such other specialised committee as the Board of Directors, in the exercise of its powers of self-organisation, may have decided to create. And that such committee be composed exclusively of non-executive directors, with a majority of these being independent directors, and that the minimum functions indicated in the next recommendation be specifically assigned to it.

Complies X Complies partially 

Explain

- 54. That the minimum functions referred to in the foregoing recommendation are the following:
  - a) Monitoring of compliance with the company's internal codes of conduct and corporate governance rules, also ensuring that the corporate culture is aligned with its purpose and values.
  - b) Monitoring the application of the general policy on communication of economic and financial information, non-financial and corporate information and communication with shareholders and investors, proxy advisors and other stakeholders. The manner in which the entity communicates and handles relations with small and medium-sized shareholders must also be monitored.
  - c) The periodic evaluation and review of the company's corporate governance system, and environmental and social policy, with a view to ensuring that they fulfil their purposes of promoting the interests of society and take account, as appropriate, of the legitimate interests of other stakeholders.
  - d) Supervision of the company's environmental and social practices to ensure they are in alignment with the established strategy and policy.
  - e) Supervision and evaluation of the way in which relations with the various stakeholders are handled.

Complies X Complies partially 

Explain

- 55. That environmental and social sustainability policies should identify and include at least the following:
  - a) The principles, commitments, objectives and strategy relating to shareholders, employees, clients, suppliers, social issues, the environment, diversity, tax responsibility, respect for human rights, and the prevention of corruption and other unlawful conduct
  - b) Means or systems for monitoring compliance with these policies, their associated risks, and management.
  - c) Mechanisms for supervising non-financial risk, including that relating to ethical aspects and aspects of business conduct.
  - d) Channels of communication, participation and dialogue with stakeholders.
  - e) Responsible communication practices that impede the manipulation of data and protect integrity and honour.

Complies X Complies partially 

Explain 

Explain

56. That director remuneration be sufficient in order to attract and retain directors who meet the desired professional profile and to adequately compensate them for the dedication, qualifications and responsibility demanded of their posts, while not being so excessive as to compromise the independent judgement of non-executive directors.

Complies X Explain

57. That only executive directors should receive variable remuneration linked to corporate results and personal performance, as well as remuneration in the form of shares, options or rights to shares or instruments referenced to the share price and long-term savings plans such as pension plans, retirement schemes or other provident schemes.

Consideration may be given to delivering shares to non-executive directors as remuneration providing this is conditional upon their holding them until they cease to be directors. The foregoing shall not apply to shares that the director may need to sell in order to meet the costs related to their acquisition.

Complies X Complies partially 

Explain

58. That as regards variable remuneration, remuneration policies should incorporate the necessary limits and technical safeguards to ensure that such remuneration is in line with the professional performance of its beneficiaries and not based solely on general developments in the markets or in the sector in which the company operates, or other similar circumstances.

And, in particular, variable remuneration components:

		risk incurred to achieve a given	-	a and that such criteria take	
	b) Promote the sustainability of the company and include non-financial criteria that are geared towards creating long term value, such as compliance with the company's rules and internal operating procedures and with its risk management and control policies.				
	allow remuneration contribution to t	balancing the attainment of shon of continuous performance on the sustainable creation of value associated only with one-or	over a period long end alue, such that the	ough to be able to assess its elements used to measure	
	Complies X	Complies partially □	Explain □	Not Applicable □	
59.	previously established include in their annual	the variable remuneration comed performance or other concal report on director remuneration depending on the nature ar	ditions have effective ion the criteria for the	ely been met. Entities must time required and methods	
	the payment of a por	mpanies consider the inclusior tion of variable remuneration of to occur prior to the payment of	components that wou	ld imply their total or partial	
	Complies X	Complies partially	Explain □	Not Applicable □	
60.		elated to company results shou I auditor's report and that woul			
	Complies X	Complies partially □	Explain □	Not Applicable □	
61.	-	on of executive directors' variab struments referenced to the sh		nked to the delivery of	
	Complies X	Complies partially □	Explain □	Not Applicable □	
62.	That once shares or options or financial instruments have been allocated under remuneration schemes, executive directors be prohibited from transferring ownership or exercising options or rights until a term of at least three years has elapsed.				
	An exception is made in cases where the director has, at the time of the transfer or exercise of options or rights, a net economic exposure to changes in the share price for a market value equivalent to at least twice the amount of his or her fixed annual remuneration through the ownership of shares, options or other financial instruments.				
	The forgoing shall not apply to shares that the director may need to sell in order to meet the costs related to their acquisition or, following a favourable assessment by the nomination and remuneration committee, to deal with such extraordinary situations as may arise and so require.				
	Complies X	Complies partially □	Explain □	Not Applicable □	
63.	reimbursement of th	rangements should include ne variable remuneration com performance conditions or whe inaccurate.	ponents in the even	t that payment was not in	
	Complies X	Complies partially □	Explain □	Not Applicable □	
64.	annual remuneration	entract termination should not e and should not be paid until the busly established criteria or cor	e company has been a		

For the purposes of this recommendation, payments for contractual termination will be considered to include any payments the accrual of which or the obligation to pay which arises as a consequence of or on the occasion of the termination of the contractual relationship between the director and the company, including amounts not previously vested of long-term savings schemes and amounts paid

by virtue of post-contractual non-competition agreements.

Complies X Complies partially  $\square$  Explain  $\square$  Not Applicable  $\square$ 

## H. FURTHER INFORMATION OF INTEREST

1. If there is any significant aspect regarding corporate governance in the company or other companies in the group that has not been included in other sections of this report, but which it is necessary to include in order to provide a more comprehensible and reasoned picture of the structure and governance practices in the company or its group, describe them briefly below.

On May 21, 2022 Siemens Energy Global GmbH & Co. KG (hereinafter, "SIEMENS ENERGY or the "Bidder") communicated its decision to launch a voluntary takeover bid over the entirety of the shares representing the issued capital of SIEMENS GAMESA not already owned by the bidder offering the holders of SIEMENS GAMESA 's shares EUR 18.05 per each share in cash, being requested its authorization to the Spanish National Securities Market Commission (hereinafter, "CNMV") on May 31, 2022. The terms and conditions of such request are available in the "Other Relevant Information" section of the CNMV website.

On November 7, 2022, the CNMV has authorized the voluntary takeover bid for the shares of SIEMENS GAMESA submitted by SIEMENS ENERGY on May 31, 2022, and accepted for processing at the CNMV on June 16, 2022, as the terms are deemed to comply with applicable regulations and the content of the prospectus, and its annexes are considered sufficient. All of that, pursuant to the provisions of Article 17 of Spanish Royal Decree 1066/2007, of July 27, on takeover bids.

The bid is aimed at 100% of the share capital of SIEMENS GAMESA, excluding 67,07% of the shares, which belong to SIEMENS ENERGY and which are immobilised. Thus, the bid effectively covers the acquisition of 224,291,499 SIEMENS GAMESA shares, representing 32.93% of its share capital.

The acceptance period of the bid is of 36 calendar days, counted from the trading day following the date of the announcement of the offer by SIEMENS ENERGY, and started on November 8, 2022.

At its meeting held on November 17, 2022, the Board of Directors of SIEMENS GAMESA issued a favourable opinion on the voluntary tender offer commenced by the Bidder with the unanimous vote of the four independent directors. The remaining directors, being SIEMENS ENERGY's proprietary directors and the executive director, adhered to the decision adopted by the independent directors in order to form the joint opinion of the Board of Directors. Without prejudice to the foregoing, the report includes the representations and statements of opinion and intentions regarding the Offer required from all of the directors of Siemens Gamesa on an individual basis as set out by article 24 of Royal Decree 1066/2007. In this meeting, the Board of Directors approved by unanimous vote of its members, the report in relation to the offer for all of the shares representing the share capital of SIEMENS GAMESA not already owned by the Bidder. This report is issued under article 134.4 of the consolidated text of the Spanish Securities Market Law, approved by Royal Legislative Decree 4/2015 of 23 October and article 24 of Royal Decree 1066/2007 of 27 July, on the regulation of takeover bids for securities. The report incorporates as Annexes the fairness opinions issued by KPMG and Morgan Stanley, addressed exclusively to the Board of Directors, on the fairness, from a financial point of view, on the date of issuance of the opinion, of the price of the offer to be paid to the shareholders of SIEMENS GAMESA, tendering their shares in the Offer, other than the Bidder or its affiliates or related or concerned parties.

Following the closing of the transaction, SIEMENS ENERGY intends to pursue a delisting of SIEMENS GAMESA from the Bilbao, Madrid, Barcelona, and Valencia Stock exchanges, where it currently trades as a member of the IBEX 35.

Linked to the above, as communicated to the CNMV on May 21, 2022, through Other Relevant Information notice number 16386, taking into account that the Bidder is a significant shareholder of the Company with representation in its governing body, the Board of Directors approved the constitution of a Committee for the

- monitoring of the Offer, comprising solely the independent directors Ms. Gloria Hernández, Mr. Francisco Belil, Mr. Harald von Heynitz and Mr. Rudolf Krämmer, tasked with monitoring the appropriate and fairness of the voluntary takeover bid until it becomes effective.
- 2. This section may also be used to provide any other information, explanation or clarification relating to previous sections of the report, so long as it is relevant and not repetitive.
  - Specifically, indicate whether the company is subject to any corporate governance legislation other than that of Spain and, if so, include any information required under this legislation that differs from the data required in this report.
- 3. The company may also indicate whether it has voluntarily subscribed to other ethical or best practice codes, whether international, sector-based, or other. In such case, name the code in question and the date on which the company subscribed to it. Specific mention must be made as to whether the company adheres to the Code of Good Tax Practices of 20 July 2010.
  - SIEMENS GAMESA has adhered voluntarily to various codes of ethics or codes of practice, these being the following:
  - a) "United Nations Global Compact", which is promoted by the United Nations and its goal is the commitment and support to promote the ten principles of human and labor rights, environmental protection and the fight against corruption. SIEMENS GAMESA voluntarily acceded, as of February 2, 2005, and annually publishes a Progress Report (COP) of review of compliance with these principles.
  - b) "Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)", which is promoted by the NGO Global Reporting Initiative. Its goal is to create an environment for the exchange of transparent and reliable information on sustainability through the development of an application framework common to all kinds of organizations. SIEMENS GAMESA acceded voluntarily as of December 14, 2005.
  - c) "Caring for Climate: The business leadership platform", promoted as an initiative of the UN Global Compact. Its goal is the involvement of businesses and governments in taking action on climate change, energy efficiency, reduction of emissions of greenhouse gases (GHGs) and positive collaboration with other public and private institutions. SIEMENS GAMESA acceded voluntarily as of June 18, 2007.
  - d) "Women empowerment principles", established by the UN Global Compact and UN Women, are a set of principles on how to promote gender equality and the women's empowerment in the workplace, marketplace and community. They represent a primary vehicle for corporate compliance on gender equality dimensions of the 2030 agenda and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. SIEMENS GAMESA acceded voluntarily as of December 22, 2010.
  - e) "European Diversity Charter", is an initiative by the European Commission to foster diversity and inclusion as well as to develop and implement related policies. By signing this Charter, SIEMENS GAMESA voluntarily commits to (i) include the principles on equal opportunities and respect for diversity among the values of the company; (ii) move forward in the construction of a diverse workforce promoting the inclusion of people with different profiles (regardless of their gender, sexual orientation, race, nationality, ethnic origin, religion, beliefs, age, disability, etc.); (iii) avoid any kind of discrimination (either direct or indirect) in the workplace; (iv) establish mechanisms to allow the harmonization of the work life with the family and personal life of all the employees. SIEMENS GAMESA acceded voluntarily to the "Diversity Charter" in Spain, one of the 26 charters in Europe on behalf of the other European venues as of November 3, 2014.
  - f) "Paris Pledge for Action", an inclusive initiative from the French presidency of the COP21 managed by the University of Cambridge Institute for Sustainability Leadership (CISL) that invites companies, regions, cities and investors to join together and take action to further the results of the ONU's Paris Agreement on Climate Change. Over 400 companies, 150 cities and regions, and 120 investors have currently joined this initiative. SIEMENS GAMESA voluntarily adhered to this initiative on December 4, 2015.
  - g) "Science Based Targets initiative" (SBTi), a joint international initiative of the Carbon Disclosure Project, the United Nations Global Compact, the World Resources Institute, the World Wide Fund for Nature and the We Mean Business coalition, with the aim of reducing carbon emissions in a measurable manner and to a sufficient level to meet the objective of not exceeding 2 degrees Celsius of global warming established in the Paris Climate Agreement. SIEMENS GAMESA voluntarily joined this initiative on September 12, 2018. In August 2020, the Science Based Targets initiative verified that SIEMENS GAMESA's emission reduction strategy is aligned with what climate science says is required to meet the 1.5°C trajectory.
  - h) "Global Framework Agreement on Social Responsibility", driven by the global union federation IndustriAll, promotes best labor, social and environmental practices. By signing, SIEMENS GAMESA pledged to adhere to

the United Nation's core human rights as well as fundamental labor conventions concerning freedom of association and collective bargaining, forced labor, child labor and exploitation and discrimination, to treat unions positively and commit to constructively cooperate with workers and their representatives, as well as to promote the implementation of this agreement among its suppliers, subcontractors and business partners. The first Global Framework Agreement was signed by former Gamesa in 2015. The new agreement was signed by IndustriAll, Spanish trade unions and SIEMENS GAMESA's representatives on November 26, 2019, and remains the only one of its kind in the renewable energy industry.

- i) "Business Ambition for 1.5°C Our Only Future", a campaign led by the Science Based Targets initiative in partnership with the UN Global Compact and the We Mean Business coalition, calling on companies to commit to ambitious emissions reduction targets through the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) to hold off some of the worst climate impacts, and avoid irreversible damage to our societies, economies and the natural world. SIEMENS GAMESA reaffirmed its commitment to meet the United Nation's climate targets by signing the pledge during COP25 in Madrid on December 11, 2019.
- j) "Target Gender Equality", is a gender equality accelerator program for participating companies of the UN Global Compact. The program is to help companies setting and reaching ambitious corporate targets for women's representation and leadership, starting with Board and Executive Management levels. Companies participating in Target Gender Equality can deepen the implementation of the UN's Women's Empowerment Principles and strengthen their contribution to Sustainable Development Goal 5.5, which calls for equal women representation, participation and leadership in business globally. SIEMENS GAMESA voluntarily joined the program on July 24, 2020. SIEMENS GAMESA has participated in the first edition of the same and has established ambitious business objectives to have a female representation of 25% of the general staff and 25% of women in management positions by 2025, as well as to adopt measures to address the barriers that hinder gender equality in the organization.
- k) "Teleworking Charter" ("Charter del Teletrabajo"), initiative of the Foundation Más familia in cooperation with the Social Rights and 2030 Agenda Ministry of the Spanish Government, is a commitment letter that the companies and institutions voluntarily sign in order to promote a clear commitment with the culture of work flexibility and teleworking; the respect for environment, diversity and inclusion and the recognition of and education on the benefits of a flexible culture. SIEMENS GAMESA acceded voluntarily on April 20, 2021.
- I) "Business Network for the LGTBI Diversity and Inclusion" ("Red Empresarial por la Diversidad e Inclusión LGTBI"), is a non-profit association that brings together more than 100 companies committed to promote an inclusive and respectful atmosphere regarding LGTBI people. SIEMENS GAMESA voluntarily joined the association on October 1, 2020.
- m) "Call to Action for Shipping Decarbonization", an initiative developed by the "Getting to Zero Coalition", launched in conjunction with the UN General Assembly. The initiative calls for action for shipping decarbonization and collaboration across the maritime ecosystem, including with governments and international regulators. SIEMENS GAMESA voluntarily joined this call for action on Wednesday, September 22, 2021.
- n) "UN Standards of Conduct for Business -Tackling Discrimination against LGBTI People". It is a set of global standards to support the business community in tackling discrimination against lesbian, gay, bi, trans and intersex people. Produced in partnership with the Institute for Human Rights and Business and launched in 2017, these standards build on the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. They reflect the input of hundreds of companies across diverse sectors, featuring case studies and best practices. SIEMENS GAMESA is committed to complying with these 5 standards: a) Respect the human rights of their LGBTI workers, customers and members of the public; b) Eliminate workplace discrimination against LGBTI employees and other LGBTI people with whom the business engages; c) Provide support to LGBTI staff at work; d) Prevent discrimination and related abuses against LGBTI customers, suppliers and distributors, and insist that business partners do the same; and e) Stand up for the human rights of LGBTI people in the communities where they do business. SIEMENS GAMESA voluntarily adhered to this initiative on August 3, 2022.
- o) "SteelZero", a global initiative developed by the "Climate Group" in collaboration with "ResponsibleSteel". The aim of the SteelZero initiative is to indicate the collective purchasing power of the members to signal the need for low-carbon steel in order to support the transition to a net zero steel industry. SIEMENS GAMESA voluntarily joined the initiative on June 2, 2022.
- p) "Global Wind Energy Manifesto for COP27", initiative developed by "Global Wind Energy Council". The aim of the manifesto is to call on policymakers, financial institutions and other stakeholders to ensure the targets for deployment of wind power to reach the 1.5°C target. SIEMENS GAMESA voluntary joined this call for action on September 19, 2022.

In relation to the Code of Good Tax Practices of July 20, 2010, it is stated that the Board of Directors of SIEMENS GAMESA approved its adherence thereto at its meeting of February 22, 2017, and on March 21, 2017 the Company was officially included in the list of companies adhering to the Code of Good Tax Practices. Furthermore, in compliance with the provisions of the Annex to said Code and of the Proposal for reinforcing good tax transparency practices among companies adhering to the Code of Good Tax Practices, in September, 2022 SIEMENS GAMESA voluntarily chose to submit to the Spanish Tax Authority (*Agencia Estatal de Administración Tributaria*), as part of its relationship of cooperation, the "Annual Tax Transparency Report" for the financial year running between October 1, 2020 and September 30, 2021. In the report, among others, the Company has informed that, in February 2020, SIEMENS GAMESA received the Certificate on the Spanish standard on tax compliance UNE 19602 from AENOR (well-known independent certifying firm) certifying SIEMENS GAMESA's tax compliance management system, particularly applicable in the context of the management and tax risks control systems.

Regarding the "Annual Tax Transparency Report" for the financial year running between October 1, 2019 and September 30, 2020 (filed in September, 2021), the Company met Spanish Tax Authority representatives on October 21, 2021 in order to analyze its content, confirming the suitability of all the information submitted and thanking the willingness, collaboration and transparency of the entity.

This Annual Corporate Governance Report was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on November 29, 2022.

Indicate whether any director voted against or abstained from approving this report.

Yes □	No X	
Name or company name of the member of the Board of Directors who has not voted for the approval of this report	Reasons (against, abstention, non- attendance)	Explain the reasons

Auditor's report on the "Information related to the Internal Control Over the Financial Reporting (ICFR)" of SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE ENERGY, S.A. for the year-ended 2022





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### AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INFORMATION RELATING TO THE INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING (ICFR)

(Translation of a report originally issued in Spanish. in the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

To the Directors of SIEMENS GAMESA RENEWABLE ENERGY, S.A.,

At the request of the Board of Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy, S.A. (parent company) and subsidiaries (the Group), and in accordance with our proposal dated October 11, 2022, we applied certain procedures to the "Information related to the Internal Control Over the Financial Reporting (ICFR)" included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report (Section F, pages 79 a 92) of Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy, S.A. for the fiscal year 2022, which summarizes the Group's internal control procedures in relation to annual consolidated financial information.

The Board of Directors is responsible for taking appropriate measures to reasonably ensure the implementation, maintenance, supervision, and improvement of a correct internal control system, as well as preparing and establishing the content of all the related accompanying ICFR data.

It is worth noting that, apart from the quality of design and operability of the Group's internal control system as a far as annual consolidated financial information is concerned, it only provides a reasonable, rather than absolute, degree of security regarding its objectives due to the inherent limitations to the internal control system as a whole.

Throughout the course of our audit work on the consolidated financial statements, and in conformity with Technical Auditing Standards, the sole purpose of our evaluation of the Group's internal control system was to establish the scope, nature, and timing of the audit procedures performed on its consolidated financial statements. Therefore, our internal control assessment performed for the audit of the aforementioned consolidated financial statements was not sufficiently extensive to enable us to express a specific opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over the regulated consolidated annual financial information.

For the purpose of issuing this report, we exclusively applied the specific procedures described below and indicated in the Guidelines on the Auditors' report relating to information on the Internal Control over Financial Reporting on Listed Companies, published by the Spanish National Securities Market Commission on its website, which establishes the work to be performed, the minimum scope thereof and the content of this report. Given that the scope of the abovementioned procedures performed was limited and substantially less than that of an audit carried out in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, we have not expressed an opinion regarding its efficacy, design, or operational effectiveness regarding the Group's consolidated financial data described in the accompanying ICFR information for the year 2022. Consequently, had we applied additional procedures to those established by the Guidelines mentioned above or had we carried out an audit or a review of the internal control over the regulated annual financial reporting information, other matters have been disclosed which would have been reported to you.



Likewise, since this special engagement does not constitute an audit of the financial statements or a review in accordance with the Spanish Audit Law, we do not express an audit opinion in the terms provided for therein.

The following procedures were applied:

- 1. Read and understand the information prepared by the Group in relation to the ICFR which is provided in the Annual Corporate Governance Report disclosure information included in the Managements' Report- and assess whether such information addresses all the required information which will follow the minimum content detailed in section F, relating to the description of the ICFR, as per the IAGC model established by CNMV Circular n° 3/2013 dated June 12, 2013, and subsequent modifications, being the last one Circular n° 3/2021 dated September 28, 2021 (hereinafter, the CNMV Circulars).
- 2. Make inquiries of personnel in charge of preparing the information described in point 1 above in order to: (i) obtain an understanding of its preparation process; (ii) obtain information making it possible to evaluate whether the terminology employed is in line with reference framework definitions (iii) gather information regarding whether the described control procedures are implemented and functioning within the Group.
- 3. Review the explanatory documentation supporting the information described in section 1 above, which should basically include everything directly provided to those in charge of preparing the descriptive ICFR information. This documentation includes reports prepared by the Internal Audit Department, senior management, and other internal and external experts in their role supporting the Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee.
- 4. Compare the information contained in section 1 above with the Group's ICFR knowledge obtained as a result of performing the procedures within the framework of auditing the financial statements.
- 5. Read the minutes of the Board Meetings, Audit, Compliance and Related Party Transactions Committee meetings, and other Group committees in order to evaluate the consistency between issues related to the ICFR and information discussed in section 1.
- 6. Obtain the representation letter related to the work performed, duly signed by those responsible for preparing and authorizing the information discussed in section 1.

As a result of the procedures applied on the ICFR-related information, no inconsistencies or incidents have come to our attention which might affect it.



This report was prepared exclusively within the framework of the requirements of article 540 of the consolidated text of the Spanish Companies Act and the CNMV Circulars, related to the description of the ICFR in the Corporate Governance Report.

ERNST & YOUNG, S.L.
(Signed on the original version in Spanish)
Miguel Mijangos Oleaga

November 30, 2022